Restful API And Microservices with Python

Day 5

Day 5 - Overview

- Demo of User Management Service
- Security in REST APIs
- Authentication and logging in—part 1
- Logging in with Flask-JWT-Extended
- Generating JWT token
- Using the JWT token to access a protected resource
- Token expiry
- Testing from postman

Prerequisite

- VM with windows OS
- Python 3.8 or >
- Visual Studio Code Code Editor
- Postman
- GIT
 - https://github.com/saurav-samantray/flask-microservices-training/blob/main/slides/Setup%20GIT%20in%20your%20Local%20system.pdf
- Docker Not Mandatory for current training

Sync your fork for Day 5 activities

Follow the below document to sync your fork and update local repository.

https://github.com/saurav-samantray/flask-microservices-training/blob/main/slides/Setup%20GIT%20in%20your%20Local%20system.pdf

Local Setup for Day 5

- Navigate to the below folder
 c:/workspace/flask-microservices-training/day5
- Create a virtual environment and activate it python -m venv venv
 \venv\Scripts\activate
- Install the dependencies and start server
 pip install -r requirements.txt
 python server.py

Security in REST API

- API security is the protection of the integrity of APIs—both the ones you own and the ones you use. But what does that mean?
- Businesses use APIs to connect services and to transfer data. Broken, exposed, or hacked APIs are behind major data breaches. They expose sensitive medical, financial, and personal data for public consumption. That said, not all data is the same nor should be protected in the same way. How you approach API security will depend on what kind of data is being transferred.

Generating JWT token

```
@app.route("/api/login", methods=["POST"])

def login():
    email = request.json.get("email", None)
    password = request.json.get("password", None)

if email != "test@gmail.com" or password != "test":
        return {"msg": "Bad email or password"}, 401

access token = create access token(identity=email)
    return jsonify(access token=access token)
```

Accessing Protected Resource

```
@app.route("/api/protected", methods=["GET"])
@jwt_required()
def protected():
    # Access the identity of the current user with get jwt_identity
    current_user = get_jwt_identity()
    return jsonify(logged in as=current user), 200
```

Q and A