

FEED BACK AMPLIFIERS

Tutorials

(III) & (IV)

An amplifier has a voltage gain of 40. The amplifier is now modified to provide a 10% negative feedback in series with the input. Calculate (i) voltage gain with feedback (ii) amount of feedback in dB (iii) loop gain.

Openloop voltage gain, $A = 40$

Feed back ratio $\beta = 10\% \text{ or } 0.1$.

(i) voltage gain with feedback

$$A_f = \frac{A}{1 + \beta A} = \frac{40}{1 + 0.1 \times 40} = 8$$

(ii) Amount of feedback in dB

$$\begin{aligned} &= 20 \log_{10} \left| \frac{1}{1 + \beta A} \right| = 20 \log_{10} \left| \frac{1}{1 + 40 \times 0.1} \right| \\ &= 20 \log_{10} 0.2 = -13.98 \end{aligned}$$

(iii) loop gain $= \beta A = 40 \times 0.1 = 4$

2) An amplifier has a mid-frequency gain of 100 and a bandwidth of 200 kHz

(i) what will be the new bandwidth and gain, if ~~10~~ 5% negative feedback is introduced?

(ii) what should be the amount of feedback, if the bandwidth is to be restricted to 1 MHz

Mid-Frequency gain $A = 100$

Bandwidth without feedback, $BW = 200 \text{ kHz}$

Feed back ratio, $\beta = 5\% = 0.05$

(i) Bandwidth with feedback

$$BW_f = (1 + \beta A) \times BW$$

$$= (1 + 0.05 \times 100) \times 200 \text{ kHz} = 1200 \text{ kHz} @ 1.2 \text{ MHz}$$

Gain with feedback

$$A_f = \frac{A}{1 + \beta A} = \frac{100}{1 + 0.05 \times 100} = 16.67$$

Feed back ratio to restrict the bandwidth to $1 \text{ MHz} @ 1000 \text{ kHz}$

$$\beta = \frac{\frac{BW_f}{BW} - 1}{A} = \frac{\frac{1000}{200} - 1}{100}$$

$$= 0.04 \text{ or } 4\%$$