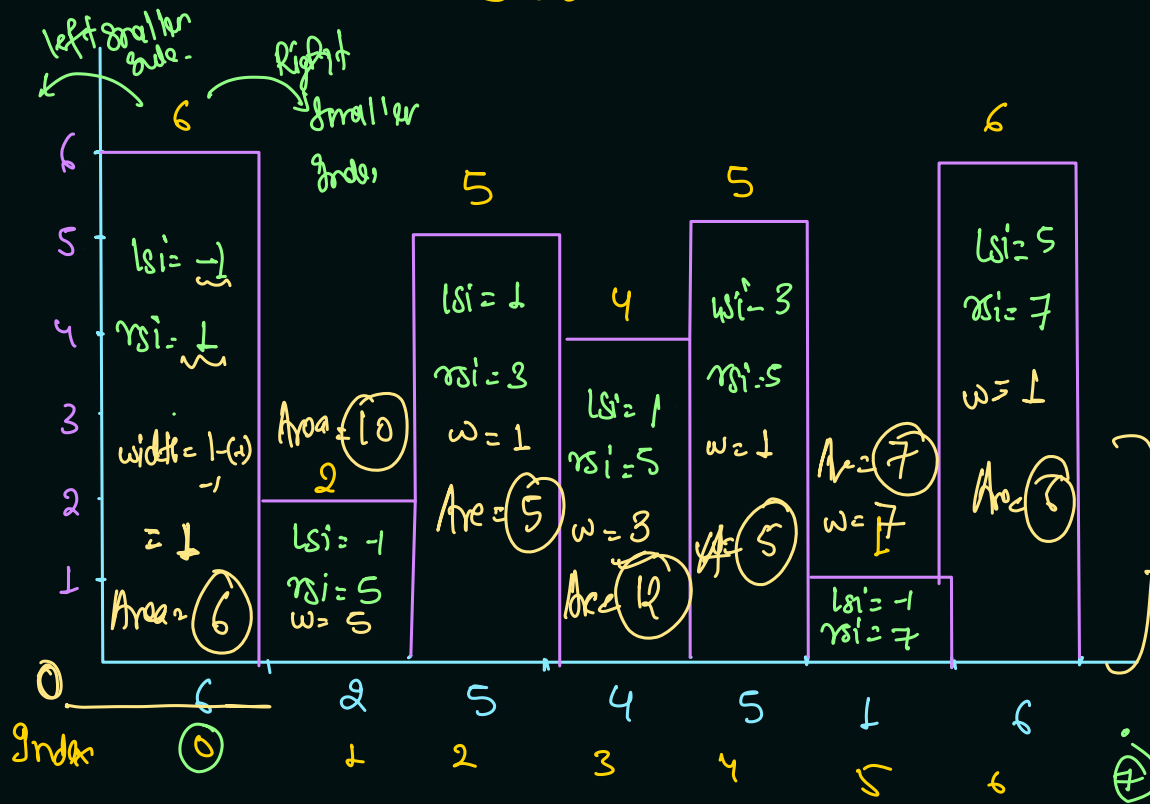


Largest Area Histogram:

Hint: next greater/smaller



consider any two histogram & find largest area.

max

$$\frac{1-5}{2-4} \rightarrow 5 \text{ sq. units}$$

$$2-4 \rightarrow 12 \text{ sq. unit}$$

Max Area = 19

Steps:

- left smaller index \rightarrow if not available then -1
- Right smaller index \rightarrow if not " " then -1
- find Area using width $[rsi - lsi - 1]$ & maximize Area

Maximal Rectangle

Hint: Largest Area Histogram

Longest Area Histogram
L.A.H.

1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	1	0

array

ht

Handwritten numbers 1 through 4, each shown in multiple styles (crossed out, underlined, circled) and a final row of the numbers themselves.

Maximise z

Pattern \rightarrow observation

→ pattern grasping →

word problem \rightarrow pattern extract

Dipromethin

Sliding window max:

window -

$k = 3$

max

Brute force $\rightarrow O(kn)$

optimise $\rightarrow O(n)$

$i \leq \text{length} - k$

length = 9

$i = 2 + 3$

array

9	7	2	4	6	8	2	1	5
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

i i i i i i i i i

ngrIndex

9*	5	3	4	5	9*	8	8	9*
----	---	---	---	---	----	---	---	----

9 7 6 8 8 8 5

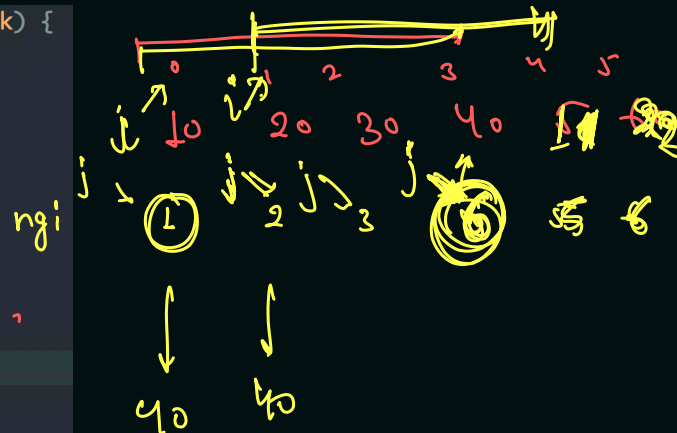
$(i + k > \text{ngr}[i])$
 $\hat{j} = \text{ngr}[i];$

```

public static void slidingWindowMax(int[] arr, int k) {
    int[] ngr = ngrIndex(arr);
    int j = 0;

    for(int i = 0; i <= arr.length - k; i++) {
        if(j < i) {
            j = i;
        }
        while(ngr[j] < i + k) {
            j = ngr[j];
        }
        System.out.println(arr[j]);
    }
}
    
```

width = 4



worst complexity $\rightarrow O(n)$

time complexity $\rightarrow O(n)$

To Solve: ① celebrity problem
② Merge overlapping Interval] Sunday.

Monday → Test] → [tree]

[Evaluation
Stack & Que] Min
max
Stack
Que
Ans