Problem D. Compare the Triplets

OS Linux

Alice and Bob each created one problem for HackerRank. A reviewer rates the two challenges, awarding points on a scale from 1 to 100 for three categories: problem clarity, originality, and difficulty.

The rating for Alice's challenge is the triplet a = (a[o], a[1], a[2]), and the rating for Bob's challenge is the triplet b = (b[o], b[1], b[2]).

The task is to find their *comparison points* by comparing a[o] with b[o], a[1] with b[1], and a[2] with b[2].

- If a[i] > b[i], then Alice is awarded 1 point.
- If a[i] < b[i], then Bob is awarded 1 point.
- If a[i] = b[i], then neither person receives a point.

Comparison points is the total points a person earned.

Given *a* and *b*, determine their respective comparison points.

Example

$$a = [1, 2, 3]$$

 $b = [3, 2, 1]$

- For elements *0*, Bob is awarded a point because *a*[*o*] .
- For the equal elements a[1] and b[1], no points are earned.
- Finally, for elements 2, a[2] > b[2] so Alice receives a point.

The return array is [1, 1] with Alice's score first and Bob's second.

Function Description

Complete the function compareTriplets in the editor below.

compareTriplets has the following parameter(s):

- int a[3]: Alice's challenge rating
- int b[3]: Bob's challenge rating

Return

• *int*[2]: Alice's score is in the first position, and Bob's score is in the second.

Input Format

The first line contains 3 space–separated integers, a[o], a[1], and a[2], the respective values in triplet a.

The second line contains 3 space–separated integers, b[o], b[1], and b[2], the respective values in triplet b.

Constraints

- $1 \le a[i] \le 100$
- $1 \le b[i] \le 100$

Input	Output
5 6 7 3 6 10	1 1

Explanation 0

In this example:

- a = (a[0], a[1], a[2]) = (5, 6, 7)
- b = (b[0], b[1], b[2]) = (3, 6, 10)

Now, let's compare each individual score:

- a[0] > b[0], so Alice receives 1 point.
- a[1] = b[1], so nobody receives a point.
- a[2] < b[2], so Bob receives 1 point.

Alice's comparison score is 1, and Bob's comparison score is 1. Thus, we return the array [1,1].

Input	Output
17 28 30 99 16 8	2 1

Explanation 1

Comparing the 0^{th} elements, 17 < 99 so Bob receives a point.

Comparing the $\mathbf{1}^{st}$ and $\mathbf{2}^{nd}$ elements, $\mathbf{28}>\mathbf{16}$ and $\mathbf{30}>\mathbf{8}$ so Alice receives two points. The return array is $[\mathbf{2},\mathbf{1}]$.