

DMatrix and SparseMatrix C++ classes

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Contents

1	DMatrix and SparseMatrix classes	1
1.1	Introduction	1
1.2	License	1
1.3	Installing the library	1
1.4	Examples of use	2
2	Class Index	3
2.1	Class List	3
3	Class Documentation	5
3.1	alist Struct Reference	5
3.2	cilist Struct Reference	6
3.3	cllist Struct Reference	7
3.4	complex Struct Reference	8
3.5	DMatrix Class Reference	9
3.5.1	Detailed Description	27
3.5.2	Constructor & Destructor Documentation	28
3.5.2.1	DMatrix	28
3.5.2.2	DMatrix	28
3.5.2.3	DMatrix	28
3.5.2.4	DMatrix	28
3.5.2.5	DMatrix	28
3.5.3	Member Function Documentation	29
3.5.3.1	Allocate	29
3.5.3.2	AllocateAuxArr	29
3.5.3.3	assign	29
3.5.3.4	AssignmentToColonReference	29
3.5.3.5	AssignmentToColonReference	30
3.5.3.6	colMult	30

3.5.3.7	Column	30
3.5.3.8	compMat	30
3.5.3.9	DeAllocate	31
3.5.3.10	DeAllocateAuxArr	31
3.5.3.11	diag	31
3.5.3.12	elem	31
3.5.3.13	elem	31
3.5.3.14	element	32
3.5.3.15	FillWithZeros	32
3.5.3.16	find	32
3.5.3.17	find	32
3.5.3.18	Fprint	33
3.5.3.19	geta	33
3.5.3.20	getatype	33
3.5.3.21	GetAuxPr	33
3.5.3.22	GetConstPr	33
3.5.3.23	getm	34
3.5.3.24	getm	34
3.5.3.25	GetMType	34
3.5.3.26	getn	34
3.5.3.27	getn	34
3.5.3.28	GetNoCols	34
3.5.3.29	GetNoCols	35
3.5.3.30	GetNoRows	35
3.5.3.31	GetNoRows	35
3.5.3.32	GetPr	35
3.5.3.33	GetReferencedDMatrixPointer	35
3.5.3.34	input_matrix	35
3.5.3.35	isEmpty	36
3.5.3.36	isThereError	36
3.5.3.37	isVector	36
3.5.3.38	Load	36
3.5.3.39	MemCpyArray	36
3.5.3.40	mpow	36
3.5.3.41	operator!=	37
3.5.3.42	operator!=	37

3.5.3.43	operator%	37
3.5.3.44	operator&	38
3.5.3.45	operator&&	38
3.5.3.46	operator()	38
3.5.3.47	operator()	38
3.5.3.48	operator()	39
3.5.3.49	operator()	39
3.5.3.50	operator()	39
3.5.3.51	operator()	40
3.5.3.52	operator()	40
3.5.3.53	operator()	40
3.5.3.54	operator()	40
3.5.3.55	operator()	41
3.5.3.56	operator()	41
3.5.3.57	operator()	41
3.5.3.58	operator()	41
3.5.3.59	operator()	42
3.5.3.60	operator()	42
3.5.3.61	operator()	42
3.5.3.62	operator*	42
3.5.3.63	operator*	43
3.5.3.64	operator*=	43
3.5.3.65	operator*=	43
3.5.3.66	operator+	43
3.5.3.67	operator+	44
3.5.3.68	operator+=	44
3.5.3.69	operator-	44
3.5.3.70	operator-	44
3.5.3.71	operator-=	44
3.5.3.72	operator/	45
3.5.3.73	operator/	45
3.5.3.74	operator/=	45
3.5.3.75	operator<	46
3.5.3.76	operator<	46
3.5.3.77	operator<=	46
3.5.3.78	operator<=	46

3.5.3.79	<code>operator=</code>	47
3.5.3.80	<code>operator=</code>	47
3.5.3.81	<code>operator=</code>	47
3.5.3.82	<code>operator==</code>	47
3.5.3.83	<code>operator==</code>	48
3.5.3.84	<code>operator></code>	48
3.5.3.85	<code>operator></code>	48
3.5.3.86	<code>operator>=</code>	49
3.5.3.87	<code>operator>=</code>	49
3.5.3.88	<code>operator^</code>	49
3.5.3.89	<code>operator </code>	49
3.5.3.90	<code>operator </code>	50
3.5.3.91	<code>Print</code>	50
3.5.3.92	<code>PrintInfo</code>	50
3.5.3.93	<code>random_gaussian</code>	50
3.5.3.94	<code>random_uniform</code>	51
3.5.3.95	<code>Read</code>	51
3.5.3.96	<code>Resize</code>	51
3.5.3.97	<code>Row</code>	51
3.5.3.98	<code>rowMult</code>	51
3.5.3.99	<code>Save</code>	52
3.5.3.100	<code>SetColIndexPointer</code>	52
3.5.3.101	<code>SetColumn</code>	52
3.5.3.102	<code>SetMType</code>	52
3.5.3.103	<code>SetPrintLevel</code>	53
3.5.3.104	<code>SetReferencedDMatrixPointer</code>	53
3.5.3.105	<code>SetRow</code>	53
3.5.3.106	<code>SetRowIndexPointer</code>	53
3.5.3.107	<code>SetSubMatrix</code>	54
3.5.3.108	<code>sub_matrix</code>	54
3.5.3.109	<code>SwapColumns</code>	54
3.5.3.110	<code>SwapRows</code>	54
3.5.3.111	<code>Transpose</code>	55
3.5.4	<code>Friends And Related Function Documentation</code>	55
3.5.4.1	<code>Abs</code>	55
3.5.4.2	<code>any</code>	55

3.5.4.3	Chol	55
3.5.4.4	CholeskyDecomp	56
3.5.4.5	CholeskyRoot	56
3.5.4.6	CholeskySolution	56
3.5.4.7	CholFSolve	57
3.5.4.8	CholSolve	57
3.5.4.9	colon	57
3.5.4.10	colon	57
3.5.4.11	colon	58
3.5.4.12	colon	58
3.5.4.13	colon	58
3.5.4.14	cond	58
3.5.4.15	cos	59
3.5.4.16	cosh	59
3.5.4.17	cov	59
3.5.4.18	cov	59
3.5.4.19	cross	60
3.5.4.20	crossProduct	60
3.5.4.21	det	60
3.5.4.22	diag	61
3.5.4.23	dot	61
3.5.4.24	dotProduct	61
3.5.4.25	eig	61
3.5.4.26	elemDivision	62
3.5.4.27	elemProduct	62
3.5.4.28	enorm	62
3.5.4.29	error_message	62
3.5.4.30	exp	63
3.5.4.31	expm	63
3.5.4.32	eye	63
3.5.4.33	eye	63
3.5.4.34	find	64
3.5.4.35	Fnorm	64
3.5.4.36	identity	64
3.5.4.37	identity	64
3.5.4.38	InfNorm	65

3.5.4.39	inv	65
3.5.4.40	isSymmetric	65
3.5.4.41	kronProduct	65
3.5.4.42	length	66
3.5.4.43	linspace	66
3.5.4.44	log	66
3.5.4.45	LQ	66
3.5.4.46	LSMNSolve	67
3.5.4.47	LU	67
3.5.4.48	LUFSSolve	67
3.5.4.49	LUSolve	67
3.5.4.50	MatrixSign	68
3.5.4.51	Max	68
3.5.4.52	MaxAbs	68
3.5.4.53	mean	69
3.5.4.54	Min	69
3.5.4.55	MinAbs	69
3.5.4.56	mpow	69
3.5.4.57	norm	70
3.5.4.58	null	70
3.5.4.59	ones	70
3.5.4.60	operator*	70
3.5.4.61	operator-	71
3.5.4.62	orth	71
3.5.4.63	pinv	71
3.5.4.64	prod	71
3.5.4.65	Product	72
3.5.4.66	ProductT	72
3.5.4.67	QR	72
3.5.4.68	QRFSolve	72
3.5.4.69	QRSolve	73
3.5.4.70	randn	73
3.5.4.71	randu	73
3.5.4.72	rank	74
3.5.4.73	rcond	74
3.5.4.74	reshape	74

3.5.4.75	schur	74
3.5.4.76	sin	75
3.5.4.77	sinh	75
3.5.4.78	sort	75
3.5.4.79	sort	75
3.5.4.80	Sqrt	76
3.5.4.81	Std	76
3.5.4.82	sum	76
3.5.4.83	SVD	76
3.5.4.84	SVDSolve	77
3.5.4.85	tan	77
3.5.4.86	tanh	77
3.5.4.87	toc	78
3.5.4.88	TProduct	78
3.5.4.89	TProductT	78
3.5.4.90	tra	78
3.5.4.91	trace	79
3.5.4.92	triu	79
3.5.4.93	var	79
3.5.4.94	vec	79
3.5.4.95	zeros	80
3.5.5	Member Data Documentation	80
3.5.5.1	atype	80
3.5.5.2	mtype	80
3.6	doublecomplex Struct Reference	81
3.7	ErrorHandler Class Reference	82
3.7.1	Detailed Description	82
3.7.2	Constructor & Destructor Documentation	82
3.7.2.1	ErrorHandler	82
3.8	icilist Struct Reference	83
3.9	InitializeDMatrixClass Class Reference	84
3.9.1	Detailed Description	84
3.10	inlist Struct Reference	85
3.11	Multitype Union Reference	86
3.12	Namelist Struct Reference	87
3.13	olist Struct Reference	88

3.14 Vardesc Struct Reference	89
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Chapter 1

DMatrix and SparseMatrix classes

1.1 Introduction

The author developed the main features of the [DMatrix](#) class between 1994 and 1999. The class makes extensive use of operator overloading in order to facilitate the implementation in C++ of complicated matrix expressions, and it has interfaces to a number of LAPACK routines. In 2008, the class has been tested with current compilers, its functionality was expanded, and the code was published under the GNU Lesser General Public License. The class at present is restricted to dense and real matrices. In 2008, the `SparseMatrix` class was added to the library to incorporate basic sparse matrix functionality. The `SparseMatrix` class offers interfaces to some functions available in the `CXSpase` and `LUSOL` libraries.

The library should compile without problems with the following C++ compilers: GNU C++ version 4.X and Microsoft Visual Studio 2005.

1.2 License

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1.3 Installing the library

See the `INSTALL` file.

1.4 Examples of use

See the source code in the examples directory.

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

alist	5
cilst	6
cllist	7
complex	8
DMatrix (DMatrix class)	9
doublecomplex	81
ErrorHandler (ErrorHandler class)	82
icilst	83
InitializeDMatrixClass (InitializeDMatrixClass class)	84
inlist	85
Multitype	86
Namelist	87
olist	88
Vardesc	89

Chapter 3

Class Documentation

3.1 alist Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- flag **aerr**
- ftmint **aunit**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.2 cilist Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- flag **cierr**
- ftntint **ciunit**
- flag **ciend**
- char * **cifmt**
- ftntint **cirec**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.3 cllist Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- flag **cerr**
- ftmint **cunit**
- char * **csta**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.4 complex Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- real **r**
- real **i**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.5 DMatrix Class Reference

[DMatrix](#) class.

```
#include <dmatrixv.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- void [input_matrix](#) ()
Allows the user to enter the elements of a matrix using command line prompts.
- void [Print](#) (const char *text) const
Prints the elements of a [DMatrix](#) object.
- void [PrintInfo](#) (const char *text) const
Prints information about a [DMatrix](#) object.
- void [Read](#) (FILE *filex)
Reads the elements of a matrix from a file.
- void [Save](#) (const char *FileName)
Saves the elements of a matrix to a file.
- void [Load](#) (const char *FileName)
Reads the elements of a matrix from a file.
- void [Fprint](#) (FILE *filex)
Prints the elements of a matrix elements matrix to a file.
- void [FillWithZeros](#) (void)
Assigns a zero value to each element of a matrix.
- void [SwapRows](#) (int i, int j)
Swaps two rows of a matrix.
- void [SwapColumns](#) (int i, int j)
Swaps two columns of a matrix.
- void [Transpose](#) (void)
Transposes a matrix.
- void [diag](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &dd)
Assigns values to the diagonal elements of a matrix, while all off-diagonal elements are set to zero.
- void [SetColumn](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &Col, int icol)
Assigns values to a column of a matrix, while other columns are left untouched.
- void [SetRow](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &Row, int irow)
Assigns values to a row of a matrix, while other columns are left untouched.

- void `colMult` (long c, double x)
Multiplies the elements of a specified column of a matrix by a constant scalar value.
- void `rowMult` (long r, double x)
Multiplies the elements of a specified row of a matrix by a constant scalar value.
- `DMatrix` & `find` (`DMatrix` &I, `DMatrix` &J) const
Finds non-zero values of a matrix.
- `DMatrix` & `find` (int *I, int *J) const
Finds non-zero values of a matrix.
- `DMatrix` & `sub_matrix` (long r1, long r2, long c1, long c2) const
Extracts a specified sub-matrix from a matrix.
- void `SetSubMatrix` (long row, long col, const `DMatrix` &A)
Assigns the elements of a matrix object to a section of the calling object.
- long `getn` ()
Gets the number of rows from the calling object.
- long `getm` ()
Gets the number of columns from the calling object.
- long `getn` () const
Gets the number of rows from the calling object.
- long `getm` () const
Gets the number of columns from the calling object.
- long `GetNoRows` ()
Gets the number of rows from the calling object.
- long `GetNoRows` () const
Gets the number of rows from the calling object.
- long `GetNoCols` ()
Gets the number of columns from the calling object.
- long `GetNoCols` () const
Gets the number of columns from the calling object.
- double * `GetPr` ()
Gets the pointer to the array where the elements of the matrix are stored.
- double * `GetConstPr` () const
Gets a pointer to the array where the elements of the matrix are stored (for const objects).
- double * `geta` ()
Gets a pointer to the array where the elements of the matrix are stored.

- `int getatype ()`
Gets the type of element storage of a matrix.
- `int isEmpty ()`
Check if a matrix object is empty, if other words this method checks if the calling object has zero elements.
- `int isVector () const`
Check if a matrix object contains a row or column vector.
- `double element (long i, long j)`
Returns the value of a specified element of a matrix.
- `double & elem (long i, long j)`
Returns a reference to the specified element of a matrix.
- `double elem (long i, long j) const`
Returns the value of a specified element of a matrix.
- `DMatrix & Column (long icol) const`
Returns a [DMatrix](#) object containing a specified column of the calling object.
- `DMatrix & Row (long irow) const`
Returns a [DMatrix](#) object containing a specified row of the calling object.
- `DMatrix & mpow (int p)`
Computes and returns the integer power of a matrix.
- `DMatrix (void)`
Default constructor. Creates an empty matrix.
- `DMatrix (long Initn, long Initm)`
Constructor with dimensions. Creates a matrix with allocated storage given specified numbers of rows and columns.
- `DMatrix (long vDim, double *v, long Initn, long Initm)`
Constructor with dimensions using pre-allocated storage.
- `DMatrix (long Initn)`
Constructor with a single dimension, creates a column vector.
- `DMatrix (long Initn, long Initm, double a1, ...)`
Constructor using a variable list of element values.
- `DMatrix (const DMatrix &A)`
Copy constructor. Creates a new [DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions and element values as a given [DMatrix](#) object.
- `~DMatrix ()`
Destructor. Destroys a previously created [DMatrix](#) object and frees any allocated memory.

- void [Resize](#) (long nrow, long nncol)
Changes the number of rows and columns of an existing matrix. Allocates new memory if necessary. If the calling object uses preallocated memory and the requested size would exceed that memory, an error is thrown.
- void [assign](#) (long rows, long columns, double a11,...)
Assigns values to the elements of an existing [DMatrix](#) object using a variable list of values. Resizes the matrix if necessary.
- void [MemCpyArray](#) (double *aptr)
Copies values to the elements of a [DMatrix](#) object from an existing array. The number of elements of the [DMatrix](#) object is assumed to be the number of values to be copied.
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator+](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &rval) const
Matrix addition operator. The sizes of the matrices being added should be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator+=](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &rval)
Matrix addition and substitution operator. The sizes of the matrices being added should be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. The left hand side object elements are replaced with the result of the operation.
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator+](#) (double x) const
Adds a scalar real value to each element of the matrix. .
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator-=](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &rval)
Matrix subtraction and substitution operator. The sizes of the matrices being subtracted should be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. The left hand side object elements are replaced with the result of the operation.
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator-](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &rval) const
Matrix subtraction operator. The sizes of the matrices being subtracted should be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator-](#) (double x) const
Subtracts a scalar real value from each element of the matrix. .
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator*](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &rval) const
Matrix product operator. Returns the result of the matrix product of the calling object (left hand side of the operator) and the right hand side object. The inner dimensions of the objects being multiplied should be consistent, otherwise an error will be thrown.
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator*=](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &rval)
Matrix product operator with substitution. Computes the matrix product of the calling object (left hand side of the operator) and the right hand side object. The inner dimensions of the objects being multiplied should be consistent, otherwise an error will be thrown. The calling object is modified to store the results of the operation.
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator*](#) (double Arg) const
Computes the product of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) times a real scalar (right hand side value) and replaces the left hand side object with the result of the operation.
- [DMatrix](#) & [operator*=](#) (double Arg)

Computes the product of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) times a real scalar (right hand side value), and modifies the calling object to store the result of the operation.

- **DMatrix & operator/** (double Arg) const

Computes the division of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) by a real scalar (right hand side value).

- **DMatrix & operator/** (const **DMatrix** &rval) const

Computes the right division of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) by another matrix (right hand side value). This is conceptually equivalent to multiplying the left object by the inverse of the right hand side object but it is computed in a more efficient way. The dimensions of the matrices must be consistent, otherwise an error is returned. The right hand side object must be a square matrix.

- **DMatrix & operator%** (const **DMatrix** &rval) const

Computes the left division of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) by another matrix (right hand side value). This is conceptually equivalent to multiplying the inverse of the left object by the right hand side object but it is computed in a more efficient way. The dimensions of the matrices must be consistent, otherwise an error is returned. The left hand side object must be a square matrix.

- **DMatrix & operator/=** (double Arg)

Computes the division of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) by a real scalar (right hand side value) and modifies the left hand side object with the result of the operation.

- **DMatrix & operator=** (const **DMatrix** &rval)

Matrix assignment. The size of the left hand side object is modified if necessary, and the values of all real elements of the right hand side object are copied to the left hand side object.

- **DMatrix & operator=** (double val)

Matrix assignment to a scalar. The size of the left hand side object is modified to one row by one column if necessary, and the value of the right hand side argument is copied to the single element of the matrix. If the calling object is a "colon reference" matrix, then the right hand side value is copied to each element of the referenced array elements.

- **DMatrix & operator=** (const char *str)

Matrix assignment to a constant matrix defined as a character string using the bracket notation used in Matlab and Octave. The size of the left hand side object is modified if necessary. For example, the identity matrix of size two by two would be entered as "[1.0 0.0;0.0 1.0]".

- **DMatrix & operator||** (const **DMatrix** &B) const

Concatenates two matrices side by side. The dimensions number of rows of the matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. The number of columns of the resulting matrix is the addition of the number of columns of both matrices involved.

- **DMatrix & operator&&** (const **DMatrix** &B) const

Stacks the right hand side matrix below the left hand side matrix. The dimensions number of columns of the matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. The number of rows of the resulting matrix is the addition of the number of rows of both matrices involved.

- **DMatrix & operator^** (double x)

*Elementwise power operator. Returns a **DMatrix** object with the same dimensions of the calling object and each of its elements is computed as the corresponding element of the calling object to the power of the right hand side argument. Care must be taken when using this operator as the associations do not work in the same way as with the * operator. It is highly recommended to use parenthesis every time this operator is used. For example use it as follows: (A^x).*

- **DMatrix** & **operator&** (const **DMatrix** B) const

*Elementwise product operator. Returns a **DMatrix** object with the same dimensions of the calling objects and each of its elements is computed as the product of the corresponding elements of the calling object and the right hand side object. The dimensions of the calling objects must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. Care must be taken when using this operator as the associations do not work in the same way as with the * operator. It is highly recommended to use parenthesis every time this operator is used. For example use it as follows: (A&B).*

- **DMatrix** & **operator|** (const **DMatrix** B) const

*Elementwise division operator. Returns a **DMatrix** object with the same dimensions of the calling objects and each of its elements is computed as the of the corresponding element of the calling object by the corresponding element of the right hand side object. The dimensions of the calling objects must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. Care must be taken when using this operator as the associations do not work in the same way as with the / operator. It is highly recommended to use parenthesis every time this operator is used. For example use it as follows: (A|B).*

- double & **operator()** (long row, long col)

Matrix indexing. Returns a reference to the matrix element located at the position indicated by the row and column indices. Indices start from 1.

- double & **operator()** (long row, const char *end)

Matrix indexing. Returns a reference to the matrix element located at the position indicated by the row index and the last column. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of zero or negative indices. The matrix is resized if necessary.

- double & **operator()** (const char *end, long col)

Matrix indexing. Returns a reference to the matrix element located at the position indicated by the column index and the last row. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of a range violation.

- double **operator()** (long row, long col) const

Matrix indexing. Returns the value of the matrix element located at the position indicated by the row and column indices. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of a range violation.

- double **operator()** (long row, const char *end) const

Matrix indexing. Returns the value of the matrix element located at the position indicated by the row index and the last column. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of a range violation.

- double **operator()** (const char *end, long col) const

Matrix indexing. Returns the value of the matrix element located at the position indicated by the column index and the last row. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of a range violation.

- double & **operator()** (long index)

Single index matrix indexing. Returns a reference to the matrix element located at the linear position indicated by the index, assuming column major storage. The indexs start from 1. The matrix is resized if necessary. An error is thrown in case of zero or negative indices.

- double & **operator()** (const char *end)

Access to last linear element. Returns a reference to the last linear matrix element, assuming column major storage.

- double **operator()** (long k) const

Single index matrix indexing. Returns the value of the matrix element located at the linear position indicated by the index, assuming column major storage. The index starts from 1. An error is thrown in case of range error.

- `double operator() (const char *end) const`

Access to last linear element. Returns the value of the last linear matrix element, assuming column major storage.

- `DMatrix & operator> (double val) const`

Checks if each element of the `DMatrix` object on the left hand side is greater than the right hand side value. The result is a `DMatrix` object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

- `DMatrix & operator< (double val) const`

Checks if each element of the `DMatrix` object on the left hand side is lower than the right hand side value. The result is a `DMatrix` object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

- `DMatrix & operator>= (double val) const`

Checks if each element of the `DMatrix` object on the left hand side is greater or equal than the right hand side value. The result is a `DMatrix` object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

- `DMatrix & operator<= (double val) const`

Checks if each element of the `DMatrix` object on the left hand side is lower or equal than the right hand side value. The result is a `DMatrix` object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

- `DMatrix & operator== (double val) const`

Checks if each element of the `DMatrix` object on the left hand side is equal to the right hand side value. The result is a `DMatrix` object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

- `DMatrix & operator!= (double val) const`

Checks if each element of the `DMatrix` object on the left hand side is different from the right hand side value. The result is a `DMatrix` object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

- `DMatrix & operator> (const DMatrix &val) const`

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is greater than the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a `DMatrix` object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

- `DMatrix & operator< (const DMatrix &val) const`

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is lower than the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a `DMatrix` object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

- `DMatrix & operator>= (const DMatrix &val) const`

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is greater or equal than the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

- [DMatrix](#) & [operator<=](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &val) const

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is lower or equal than the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

- [DMatrix](#) & [operator==](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &val) const

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is equal to the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

- [DMatrix](#) & [operator!=](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &val) const

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is different from the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

- [DMatrix](#) & [operator\(\)](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &RowIndex, const [DMatrix](#) &ColIdx)

Submatrix extraction and referencing using arrays of indices.

- [DMatrix](#) & [operator\(\)](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &RowIndex)

Linear sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of indices assuming column-major storage.

- [DMatrix](#) & [operator\(\)](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &RowIndex, long col)

Sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of row indices for a given column.

- [DMatrix](#) & [operator\(\)](#) (long row, const [DMatrix](#) &ColIdx)

Sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of column indices for a given row.

- [DMatrix](#) & [operator\(\)](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &RowIndex, const char *end)

Sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of row indices for the last column of a matrix.

- [DMatrix](#) & [operator\(\)](#) (const char *end, const [DMatrix](#) &ColIdx)

Sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of column indices for the last column of a matrix.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [AllocateAuxArr](#) (void)

Allocates the array of auxiliary (temporary) objects used by the class.

- static void [DeAllocateAuxArr](#) (void)

De-allocates the array of auxiliary (temporary) objects previously allocated by [AllocateAuxArr](#)().

- static double [random_uniform](#) (void)

Returns a pseudo-random uniformly distributed number in the range [0,1].

- static double [random_gaussian](#) (void)

Returns a pseudo-random Gaussian distributed number with zero mean and unit variance.

- static [DMatrix](#) ** [GetAuxPr](#) (void)

Gets a pointer to the array of auxiliary objects.

- static int [isThereError](#) (void)

Checks if the error flag has been raised. If so, a 1 is returned, 0 otherwise.

- static void [SetPrintLevel](#) (int plevel)

Sets the print level.

- static int [PrintLevel](#) ()

- static double [GetEPS](#) ()

This function returns the machine numerical precision.

Protected Member Functions

- void [SetAuxFlag](#) (int arg)

Sets the value of auxFlag.

- int [GetAuxFlag](#) ()

Gets the value of auxFlag.

- void [Allocate](#) (long size)

Allocate memory to store matrix elements.

- void [DeAllocate](#) ()

De-allocate memory previously allocated with [DMatrix::Allocate\(\)](#).

- [DMatrix](#) & [compMat](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &m2, char op) const

Elementwise comparison of matrix elements.

- void [SetReferencedDMatrixPointer](#) ([DMatrix](#) *arg)

Sets the value of the referenced matrix pointer.

- [DMatrix](#) * [GetReferencedDMatrixPointer](#) ()

Gets the value of the referenced matrix pointer.

- void [SetRowIndexPointer](#) (const [DMatrix](#) *arg)

Sets the row index pointer.

- void [SetColIndexPointer](#) (const [DMatrix](#) *arg)

Sets the column index pointer.

- void [SetMType](#) (int arg)

Sets the type of matrix.

- `int GetMType ()`
Gets the type of matrix.
- `DMatrix & AssignmentToColonReference (const DMatrix &A)`
Assigns a matrix to the values pointed to by a colon reference matrix.
- `DMatrix & AssignmentToColonReference (double arg)`
Assigns a double value to each value pointed to by a colon reference matrix.

Static Protected Member Functions

- `static DMatrix * GetTempPr (int i)`
returns pointer to the i-th temporary object
- `static int GetMemberFlag ()`
Gets the memberFlag value from the object.
- `static void SetMemberFlag (int arg)`
Sets the memberFlag value.
- `static void ChkAuxArrays ()`
Checks the auxiliary objects.
- `static int GetNoAuxArr ()`
Gets the number of temporary objects.
- `static long GetDimAux ()`
Gets the dimensions of the array of temporary objects.
- `static int GetInitFlag ()`
Gets the value of initFlag.
- `static void SetInitFlag (int arg)`
Sets the value of initFlag.
- `static int GetAuxIndx ()`
Gets the current index of temporary objects.
- `static int IncrementAuxIndx ()`
Increments the index of temporary objects.
- `static int DecrementAuxIndx ()`
Decrements the index of temporary objects.
- `static void SetAuxIndx (int i)`
Sets the index of temporary objects.

- static void [SetDimAux](#) (long dd)
Sets the dimension of each object in the array of temporary objects.
- static void [SetNoAuxArr](#) (int nn)
Sets the number of auxiliary objects.
- static void [RiseErrorFlag](#) ()
Sets the errorFlag member to true.
- static clock_t [GetStartTicks](#) (void)
Gets the value of start_clock member.
- static void [SetStartTicks](#) (clock_t st)
Sets the value of start_clock member.

Protected Attributes

- double * [a](#)
Array of doubles to store matrix elements using column major storage.
- long [n](#)
Number of matrix rows.
- long [m](#)
Number of matrix columns.
- long [asize](#)
Number of allocated elements in a.
- int [atype](#)
- int [mtype](#)
- int [auxFlag](#)
Flag to indicate auxiliary (temporary) matrix flag = 1 if temporary matrix, 0 otherwise.
- int [allocated](#)
Flag to indicate that element storage has been allocated.
- [DMatrix](#) * [mt](#)
Referenced matrix pointer.
- const [DMatrix](#) * [rowIndx](#)
Row indices.
- const [DMatrix](#) * [colIndx](#)
Column indices.

Static Protected Attributes

- static [DMatrix](#) * [auxPr](#)
Array of Temporary matrices.
- static int [noAuxArr](#)
Number of auxiliary matrices.
- static long [dimAux](#)
Dimension of auxiliary arrays.
- static int [auxIndx](#)
Index of used auxiliary matrices.
- static int [memberFlag](#)
Member function flag to control resetting of auxIndx.
- static int [initFlag](#)
Flag to indicate aux arrays allocation.
- static const double [MACH_EPS](#)
Machine precision constant.
- static int [errorFlag](#)
Flag to indicate error condition.
- static int [print_level](#)
Print level flag, 1: output sent to stderr, 0: no output sent.
- static long [seed](#) []
current state of each stream
- static int [stream](#)
stream index for pseudo-random number generator
- static time_t [start_time](#)
variable to store start time after [tic\(\)](#) call.
- static clock_t [start_clock](#)
clock_t variable

Friends

- void [CholeskyDecomp](#) ([DMatrix](#) &A, int n, [DMatrix](#) &pM)
Cholesky decomposition of a matrix.
- void [CholeskySolution](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &A, int n, const [DMatrix](#) &pM, const [DMatrix](#) &bM, [DMatrix](#) &xM)
Cholesky solution using the Cholesky decomposition of a matrix.

- **DMatrix & operator-** (const **DMatrix** &A)
Matrix unary minus operator. Returns an object of the same dimensions as A but with changed element signs.
- **DMatrix & colon** (double i1, double increment, double i2)
*This function generates a **DMatrix** object with a vector starting from a given value, with given increments and ending in a given value.*
- **DMatrix & colon** (int i1, int increment, int i2)
*This function generates **DMatrix** object with a vector starting from a given value, with given increments and ending in a given value.*
- **DMatrix & colon** (int i1, int i2)
*This function generates **DMatrix** object with a vector starting from a given value, with unit increments, and ending in a given value.*
- **DMatrix & colon** (double i1, double i2)
*This function generates **DMatrix** object with a vector starting from a given value, with unit increments, and ending in a given value.*
- **DMatrix & colon** (void)
*This function generates a special **DMatrix** object with one row and one column which is understood by the indexing functions that take a **DMatrix** object as an argument to mean "all rows" or "all columns".*
- **int any** (const **DMatrix** &A)
*This function returns a 1 if any element of **DMatrix** object that is passed as argument is non-zero, otherwise it returns a zero.*
- **DMatrix & mpow** (**DMatrix** &A, int p)
This function calculates the integer matrix power.
- **DMatrix & operator*** (double r, const **DMatrix** &A)
This function multiplies a real number by a matrix.
- **DMatrix & tra** (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns the transpose of a given matrix.
- **DMatrix & inv** (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns the inverse of a given square matrix. If the argument is not a square matrix an error is thrown.
- **DMatrix & pinv** (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns the pseudo-inverse of a given rectangular matrix.
- **DMatrix & identity** (long n)
This function returns the identity matrix with a given number of rows and columns.
- **DMatrix & identity** (long n, long m)
This function returns a truncated identity matrix with specified numbers of rows and columns.

- [DMatrix](#) & [eye](#) (long [n](#))
This function returns the identity matrix with a given number of rows and columns.
- [DMatrix](#) & [eye](#) (long [n](#), long [m](#))
This function returns a truncated identity matrix with specified numbers of rows and columns.
- [DMatrix](#) & [zeros](#) (long [n](#), long [m](#))
This function returns a matrix full of zeros with specified numbers of rows and columns.
- [DMatrix](#) & [ones](#) (long [n](#), long [m](#))
This function returns a matrix full of ones with specified numbers of rows and columns.
- [DMatrix](#) & [expm](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
This function returns the exponential matrix of a given square matrix.
- [DMatrix](#) & [sin](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
This function returns a matrix with the sine of each element of the input matrix.
- [DMatrix](#) & [cos](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
This function returns a matrix with the cosine of each element of the input matrix.
- [DMatrix](#) & [tan](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
This function returns a matrix with the tangent of each element of the input matrix.
- [DMatrix](#) & [exp](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
This function returns a matrix with the natural exponential of each element of the input matrix.
- [DMatrix](#) & [sinh](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
This function returns a matrix with the hyperbolic sine of each element of the input matrix.
- [DMatrix](#) & [cosh](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
This function returns a matrix with the hyperbolic cosine of each element of the input matrix.
- [DMatrix](#) & [tanh](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
This function returns a matrix with the hyperbolic tangent of each element of the input matrix.
- [DMatrix](#) & [log](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
This function returns a matrix with the natural logarithm of each element of the input matrix.
- [DMatrix](#) & [diag](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#))
if [A](#) is a matrix this function extracts a column vector with the diagonal values of [A](#). If [A](#) is a vector this function returns a matrix having the elements of [A](#) in the diagonal
- [DMatrix](#) & [TProduct](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#), const [DMatrix](#) &[B](#))
This function returns the product of the first matrix transposed times the second matrix. The number of rows of both matrices must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.
- [DMatrix](#) & [ProductT](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &[A](#), const [DMatrix](#) &[B](#))
This function returns the product of the first matrix times the second matrix transposed. The number of columns of both matrices must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

- **DMatrix & TProductT** (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &B)
This function returns the product of the first matrix transposed times the second matrix transposed. The number of rows of the first matrix must be the same as the number of columns of the second matrix, otherwise an error is thrown.
- **DMatrix & Product** (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &B)
This function calculates the product of two matrices. The number of columns of the first matrix must be the same as the number of rows of the second matrix, otherwise an error is thrown.
- **DMatrix & LUSolve** (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &b)
Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using LU factorisation.
- **DMatrix & LUSolve** (const **DMatrix** &ALU, const **DMatrix** &b)
Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using LU factorisation using a previously found LU factors.
- **DMatrix & Cholve** (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &b)
Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using Cholesky factorisation.
- **DMatrix & Cholve** (const **DMatrix** &Achol, const **DMatrix** &b)
Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using Cholesky factorisation. The function uses a previously found Cholesky factorisation.
- **DMatrix & Chol** (const **DMatrix** &A)
Returns the Cholesky factorisation of a matrix A, which must be a positive definite symmetric matrix.
- **DMatrix & CholveRoot** (const **DMatrix** &A)
Returns the Cholesky root R of a given matrix A, such that $A=R'R$. A must be a positive definite symmetric matrix.
- **DMatrix & QRSolve** (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &b)
Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using QR factorisation. The number of rows of matrix A must be greater or equal than the number of columns.
- **DMatrix & QRSolve** (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &b)
Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using QR factorisation. The function uses a previously found QR factorisation.
- **DMatrix & QR** (const **DMatrix** &A)
Returns the QR factorisation of a matrix A. The number of rows of matrix A must be greater or equal than the number of columns.
- **DMatrix & LSMNSolve** (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &B)
This function solves overdetermined or underdetermined real linear systems $Ax = B$ using a QR or LQ factorization of A. It is assumed that matrix A has full rank. The function uses the LAPACK routine dgels.
- **DMatrix & LQ** (const **DMatrix** &A, **DMatrix** *Q)
Returns the LQ factorisation of a matrix A. The function uses the LAPACK routine dgelqf().
- **DMatrix & LU** (const **DMatrix** &A)
Returns the LU factorisation of a matrix A.

- **DMatrix & SVD** (const **DMatrix** &A, **DMatrix** *U=NULL, **DMatrix** *V=NULL)

Returns the singular value decomposition of a matrix $A = U' \text{diag}(s)V$, where vector s contains the singular values of A . The function uses the LAPACK routine `dgesvd()`.
- **DMatrix & orth** (const **DMatrix** &A)

This function returns Q , the orthonormal basis for the range of a matrix A , such that $QQ' = I$. The number of columns of Q is the rank of A .
- **DMatrix & null** (const **DMatrix** &A)

This function returns Z , the orthonormal basis for the null space of a matrix A , such that $ZZ' = I$ and $AZ = 0$. The number of columns of Z is the nullity of A .
- **DMatrix & SVDSolve** (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &B)

This function uses the LAPACK routine `dgels_()` to compute the minimum norm solution to a real linear least squares problem: Minimize $\|B - Ax\|_2$ using the singular value decomposition (SVD) of A . A is a rectangular matrix which may be rank-deficient.
- **DMatrix & schur** (const **DMatrix** &A, **DMatrix** *U=NULL)

This function computes and returns the Schur decomposition of a matrix A , such that $A = Q'UQ$, where U is an upper triangular matrix and Q is a unitary matrix. This function uses the LAPACK routine `dgees_()`.
- **DMatrix & eig** (const **DMatrix** &A, **DMatrix** *V=NULL)

This function computes the eigenvalues and (optionally) the eigenvectors of a matrix A . This function uses the LAPACK routines `dsyev_()` and `dgeev_()`.
- double **enorm** (const **DMatrix** &A)

This function computes and return the Euclidean norm of a matrix A , which is the square root of the sum of its squared elements.
- double **norm** (const **DMatrix** &A)

This function computes 2-norm of matrix A , which is computed as the maximum singular value of A .
- double **InfNorm** (const **DMatrix** &A)

This function computes infinity norm of matrix A , which is computed as the maximum absolute value row sum.
- double **Fnorm** (const **DMatrix** &A)

This function computes Frobenius norm of matrix A .
- **DMatrix & Abs** (const **DMatrix** &A)

This function computes and returns the element-wise absolute value of matrix A .
- double **Max** (const **DMatrix** &A, int *rindx=NULL, int *cindx=NULL)

This function finds and returns the element of matrix A with maximum value. It also returns the indices of such element. If more than one element has the same maximum value, the indices of the first element found when searching column by column is returned.
- double **MaxAbs** (const **DMatrix** &A, int *rindx=NULL, int *cindx=NULL)

This function finds and returns the element of matrix A with maximum absolute value. It also returns the indices of such element. If more than one element has the same maximum absolute value, the indices of the first element found when searching column by column is returned.

- double **Min** (const **DMatrix** &A, int *rindx=NULL, int *cindx=NULL)
This function finds and returns the element of matrix A with minimum value. It also returns the indices of such element. If more than one element has the same minimum value, the indices of the first element found when searching column by column is returned.
- double **MinAbs** (const **DMatrix** &A, int *rindx=NULL, int *cindx=NULL)
This function finds and returns the element of matrix A with minimum absolute value. It also returns the indices of such element. If more than one element has the same minimum absolute value, the indices of the first element found when searching column by column is returned.
- void **sort** (**DMatrix** &x, int indx[]=NULL)
This function sorts the input vector x in ascending order. Optionally, it also returns an integer array of sorted indices. If the input object is not a vector, then an error is thrown.
- void **sort** (**DMatrix** &x, **DMatrix** &indx)
*This function sorts the input vector x in ascending order. It also returns a **DMatrix** object with the sorted indices. If the input object is not a vector, then an error is thrown.*
- double **dotProduct** (const **DMatrix** &x, const **DMatrix** &y)
This function computes the dot product of two vectors. If any of the input arguments does not contain a vector, or if the vector lengths are not equal, an error is thrown.
- double **dot** (const **DMatrix** &x, const **DMatrix** &y)
This function computes the dot product of two vectors. If any of the input arguments does not contain a vector, or if the vector lengths are not equal, an error is thrown.
- **DMatrix** & **crossProduct** (const **DMatrix** &x, const **DMatrix** &y)
This function computes the cross product of two vectors. If any of the input arguments does not contain a vector, or if the length of any of the vectors is not 3, an error is thrown.
- **DMatrix** & **cross** (const **DMatrix** &x, const **DMatrix** &y)
This function computes the cross product of two vectors. If any of the input arguments does not contain a vector, or if the length of any of the vectors is not 3, an error is thrown.
- int **isSymmetric** (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function checks if the input matrix is symmetric. If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.
- double **cond** (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function calculates the 2-norm condition number of a matrix, which is the ratio of the maximum singular value to the minimum singular value of the matrix. A large condition number indicates a nearly singular matrix. If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.
- double **rcond** (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function estimates the 1-norm reciprocal condition number of a matrix. The function uses the LAPACK function dgecon. If A is well conditioned, then rcond(A) is near 1. If A is badly conditioned, then rcond(A) is close to the machine numerical precision (very small). If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.
- int **rank** (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns an estimate of the rank of a matrix, which is the number of linearly independent rows or columns.

- **double** `det` (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns the determinant of a square matrix. If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.
- **double** `trace` (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns the trace of a square matrix. If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.
- **DMatrix** & `mean` (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns a row vector with the mean values of the columns of matrix A.
- **DMatrix** & `Std` (const **DMatrix** &A, int ntype=0)
This function returns a row vector with the standard deviation of each column of matrix A. If ntype is 0 (default) the result is normalised with (n-1), where n is the number of rows of A. Otherwise, the result is normalised with n.
- **DMatrix** & `cov` (const **DMatrix** &A, int ntype=0)
Computes the covariance matrix of a data matrix where the N rows correspond to samples and the M columns are variables. The result is returned as an M x M matrix. If ntype=0 (default) then the result is normalised with N-1. Otherwise, if ntype=1, the result is normalised with N.
- **DMatrix** & `cov` (**DMatrix** &X, **DMatrix** &Y, int ntype=0)
*Computes the covariance matrix of two vectors X and Y of dimension N. The result is returned as an 1 x 1 **DMatrix** object. If ntype=0 (default) then the result is normalised with N-1. Otherwise, if ntype=1, the result is normalised with N.*
- **DMatrix** & `var` (**DMatrix** &A, int ntype=0)
This function returns a row vector with the variance of each column of matrix A. If ntype is 0 (default) the result is normalised with (n-1), where n is the number of rows of A. Otherwise, the result is normalised with n.
- **DMatrix** & `sum` (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns a row vector with the sum of the elements of each column of matrix A.
- **DMatrix** & `prod` (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns a row vector with the product of the elements of each column of matrix A.
- **DMatrix** & `elemProduct` (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &B)
This function computes and returns the element-wise product of two matrices of the same dimensions. If the dimensions of the two input matrices are not the same, an error is thrown.
- **DMatrix** & `elemDivision` (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &B)
This function computes and returns the element-wise division of two matrices of the same dimensions. If the dimensions of the two input matrices are not the same, an error is thrown. The dimensions of the returned object are the same as the dimensions of the factors.
- **DMatrix** & `kronProduct` (const **DMatrix** &A, const **DMatrix** &B)
This function computes and returns the Kronecker product of two matrices. The row (column) dimension of the returned object is the product of the row (column) dimensions of both factors.
- **DMatrix** & `vec` (const **DMatrix** &A)
This function returns a column vector made by stacking the columns of a matrix one below the other from left to right.

- [DMatrix](#) & [MatrixSign](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &A)

This function returns a [DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions as the input matrix such that each of its elements is 1 if the corresponding value of the input matrix is positive, -1 if the corresponding value of the input matrix is negative, and 0 if the corresponding value of the input matrix is 0.
- [DMatrix](#) & [find](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &A)

This function returns a column vector with the linear indices of the non-zero elements of the input matrix A. The linear index is 1 for element (1,1) of the input matrix A, and [length](#)(A) for the (nrows,ncols) element of the input matrix A.
- [DMatrix](#) & [randu](#) (long n, long m)

This function returns an nxm matrix where each element is a uniform pseudo-random number in the range (0,1).
- [DMatrix](#) & [randn](#) (long n, long m)

This function returns an nxm matrix where each element is a Gaussian pseudo-random number in the range with zero mean and variance 1.
- [DMatrix](#) & [linspace](#) (double X1, double X2, long N)

This function returns a linearly spaced vector with N points between the values X1 and X2.
- void [error_message](#) (const char *input_text)

This function prints an error message and throws an exception to be handled by the [ErrorHandler](#) class.
- void [tic](#) (void)

This function, which is to be used in conjunction with function [toc](#)(), starts counting elapsed CPU time.
- double [toc](#) ()

This function, which is to be used in conjunction with function [tic](#)(), stops counting CPU time, and it prints and returns the elapsed time in seconds since the function [tic](#)() was called.
- [DMatrix](#) & [Sqrt](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &A)

This function computes the square root of each element of the input matrix A, and it returns a [DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions as the input matrix. If any element of the input matrix is negative, an error is thrown.
- [DMatrix](#) & [triu](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &A)

This function extracts and return the triangular upper part of the input matrix A. The returned object has the same dimensions as the input object.
- [DMatrix](#) & [reshape](#) ([DMatrix](#) &A, long N, long M)

*This function returns the N-by-M matrix whose elements are taken columnwise from the input matrix A. An error is thrown if A does not have N*M elements.*
- long [length](#) (const [DMatrix](#) &A)

This function returns the number of elements of a matrix A.

3.5.1 Detailed Description

[DMatrix](#) class. A C++ class for dense and real matrix and vector computations with interfaces to a number of LAPACK functions

3.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.5.2.1 `DMatrix::DMatrix (long Initn, long Initm)`

Constructor with dimensions. Creates a matrix with allocated storage given specified numbers of rows and columns.

Parameters:

Initn,: number of rows

Initm,: number of columns

3.5.2.2 `DMatrix::DMatrix (long vDim, double * v, long Initn, long Initm)`

Constructor with dimensions using pre-allocated storage.

Parameters:

vDim,: Allocated length of array *v*

v,: double array to be used as storage by the [DMatrix](#) object

Initn,: number of rows

Initm,: number of columns

3.5.2.3 `DMatrix::DMatrix (long Initn)`

Constructor with a single dimension, creates a column vector.

Parameters:

Initn,: number of rows

3.5.2.4 `DMatrix::DMatrix (long Initn, long Initm, double all, ...)`

Constructor using a variable list of element values.

Parameters:

Initn,: number of rows

Initm,: number of columns

all,: first element of list doubles, values are entered column by column

3.5.2.5 `DMatrix::DMatrix (const DMatrix & A)`

Copy constructor. Creates a new [DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions and element values as a given [DMatrix](#) object.

Parameters:

A,: [DMatrix](#) object to be copied

3.5.3 Member Function Documentation

3.5.3.1 void DMatrix::Allocate (long *size*) [protected]

Allocate memory to store matrix elements.

Parameters:

size number of double elements to allocate

Returns:

void

See also:

[DeAllocate\(\)](#)

3.5.3.2 static void DMatrix::AllocateAuxArr (void) [static]

Allocates the array of auxiliary (temporary) objects used by the class. Allocates a [DMatrix](#) array of size N_TEMP_OBJECTS. Each element is allocated a storage of size D_TEMP_OBJECTS. These two macros are given default values but may be changed by the user at compilation time. The purpose of the array of temporary objects is to store the intermediate objects resulting from single lines of code that call various operators and functions returning [DMatrix](#) objects. A simple example is as follows. Consider the C++ statement $D = A * B + C$; where A, B, C and D are [DMatrix](#) objects. This statement involves two temporary objects: one to store the result of $A * B$, and another one to store the result of $(A * B) + C$;

Returns:

void

3.5.3.3 void DMatrix::assign (long *rows*, long *columns*, double *all*, ...)

Assigns values to the elements of an existing [DMatrix](#) object using a variable list of values. Resizes the matrix if necessary.

Parameters:

rows,: number of rows

columns,: number of columns

all,: first element of the list of double arguments.

3.5.3.4 DMatrix& DMatrix::AssignmentToColonReference (double *arg*) [protected]

Assigns a double value to each value pointed to by a colon reference matrix.

Parameters:

arg is a double value to be assigned.

Returns:

reference to [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.3.5 DMatrix& DMatrix::AssignmentToColonReference (const DMatrix & A) [protected]

Assigns a matrix to the values pointed to by a colon reference matrix.

Parameters:

A [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

reference to [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.3.6 void DMatrix::colMult (long *c*, double *x*)

Multiplies the elements of a specified column of a matrix by a constant scalar value.

Parameters:

c,: index to the column that is to be changed

x,: scalar value

Returns:

void

3.5.3.7 DMatrix& DMatrix::Column (long *icol*) const

Returns a [DMatrix](#) object containing a specified column of the calling object.

Parameters:

icol,: column index (starting from 1)

Returns:

[DMatrix](#) object with the specified column

3.5.3.8 DMatrix& DMatrix::compMat (const DMatrix & *m2*, char *op*) const [protected]

Elementwise comparison of matrix elements.

Parameters:

m2 [DMatrix](#) object to be compared with the calling object.

op (char) indicates type of operator. Use 1 for >, 2 for >=, 3 for <, 4 for <=, 5 for ==, 6 for != comparisons

Returns:

A reference to a [DMatrix](#) object such that its elements are 1 if the comparison is true, 0 otherwise.

3.5.3.9 void DMatrix::DeAllocate () [protected]

De-allocate memory previously allocated with [DMatrix::Allocate\(\)](#).

Returns:

void

See also:

[Allocate\(\)](#)

3.5.3.10 static void DMatrix::DeAllocateAuxArr (void) [static]

De-allocates the array of auxiliary (temporary) objects previously allocated by [AllocateAuxArr\(\)](#).

Returns:

void

3.5.3.11 void DMatrix::diag (const DMatrix & dd)

Assigns values to the diagonal elements of a matrix, while all off-diagonal elements are set to zero. The dimensions of dd should be consistent with the dimensions of the calling object

Parameters:

dd,: reference to constant [DMatrix](#) object which should contain a vector with the desired diagonal elements

Returns:

void

3.5.3.12 double DMatrix::elem (long i, long j) const [inline]

Returns the value of a specified element of a matrix.

Parameters:

i,: row index (starting from 1)

j,: column index (starting from 1)

Returns:

double value

3.5.3.13 double& DMatrix::elem (long i, long j) [inline]

Returns a reference to the specified element of a matrix.

Parameters:

i,: row index (starting from 1)
j,: column index (starting from 1)

Returns:

double reference

3.5.3.14 double DMatrix::element (long *i*, long *j*)

Returns the value of a specified element of a matrix.

Parameters:

i,: row index (starting from 1)
j,: column index (starting from 1)

Returns:

double value

3.5.3.15 void DMatrix::FillWithZeros (void)

Assigns a zero value to each element of a matrix.

Returns:

void

3.5.3.16 DMatrix& DMatrix::find (int * *I*, int * *J*) const

Finds non-zero values of a matrix.

Parameters:

I,: C++ double array with the row index of each non-zero element
J,: C++ double array with the column index of each non-zero element

Returns:

[DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions as the calling object, and with elements which are 0 if the corresponding element of the calling object is 0, 1 otherwise.

3.5.3.17 DMatrix& DMatrix::find (DMatrix & *I*, DMatrix & *J*) const

Finds non-zero values of a matrix.

Parameters:

I,: [DMatrix](#) object with the row index of each non-zero element

J,: [DMatrix](#) object with the column index of each non-zero element

Returns:

[DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions as the calling object, and with elements which are 0 if the corresponding element of the calling object is 0, 1 otherwise.

3.5.3.18 void DMatrix::Fprint (FILE * *filex*)

Prints the elements of a matrix elements matrix to a file.

Parameters:

filex is a pointer to a file already opened using "fopen()".

Returns:

void

3.5.3.19 double* DMatrix::geta () [inline]

Gets a pointer to the array where the elements of the matrix are stored.

Returns:

double pointer

3.5.3.20 int DMatrix::getatype () [inline]

Gets the type of element storage of a matrix.

Returns:

int value: 0 if the array is allocated, 1 if the storage is done using a previously declared array of doubles.

3.5.3.21 static DMatrix DMatrix::GetAuxPr (void) [inline, static]**

Gets a pointer to the array of auxiliary objects.

Returns:

DMatrix** pointer

3.5.3.22 double* DMatrix::GetConstPr () const [inline]

Gets a pointer to the array where the elements of the matrix are stored (for const objects).

Returns:

double pointer

3.5.3.23 long DMatrix::getm () const [inline]

Gets the number of columns from the calling object.

Returns:

long value with the number of columns

3.5.3.24 long DMatrix::getm () [inline]

Gets the number of columns from the calling object.

Returns:

long value with the number of columns

3.5.3.25 int DMatrix::GetMType () [inline, protected]

Gets the type of matrix.

Returns:

int value

3.5.3.26 long DMatrix::getn () const [inline]

Gets the number of rows from the calling object.

Returns:

long value with the number of rows.

3.5.3.27 long DMatrix::getn () [inline]

Gets the number of rows from the calling object.

Returns:

long value with the number of rows.

3.5.3.28 long DMatrix::GetNoCols () const [inline]

Gets the number of columns from the calling object.

Returns:

long value with the number of columns

3.5.3.29 long DMatrix::GetNoCols () [inline]

Gets the number of columns from the calling object.

Returns:

long value with the number of columns

3.5.3.30 long DMatrix::GetNoRows () const [inline]

Gets the number of rows from the calling object.

Returns:

long value with the number of rows.

3.5.3.31 long DMatrix::GetNoRows () [inline]

Gets the number of rows from the calling object.

Returns:

long value with the number of rows.

3.5.3.32 double* DMatrix::GetPr () [inline]

Gets the pointer to the array where the elements of the matrix are stored.

Returns:

double pointer

3.5.3.33 DMatrix* DMatrix::GetReferencedDMatrixPointer () [inline, protected]

Gets the value of the referenced matrix pointer.

Returns:

pointer to [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.3.34 void DMatrix::input_matrix ()

Allows the user to enter the elements of a matrix using command line prompts.

Returns:

void

3.5.3.35 int DMatrix::isEmpty () [inline]

Check if a matrix object is empty, if other words this method checks if the calling object has zero elements.

Returns:

int value: 0 if calling object is not empty, 1 otherwise

3.5.3.36 static int DMatrix::isThereError (void) [inline, static]

Checks if the error flag has been raised. If so, a 1 is returned, 0 otherwise.

Returns:

int value

3.5.3.37 int DMatrix::isVector () const [inline]

Check if a matrix object contains a row or column vector.

Returns:

int value: 1 if calling object is a vector, 0 otherwise

3.5.3.38 void DMatrix::Load (const char * *FileName*)

Reads the elements of a matrix from a file. The calling object should have the appropriate number of rows and columns.

Parameters:

FileName is a string with the file name where the matrix elements are stored.

Returns:

void

3.5.3.39 void DMatrix::MemCpyArray (double * *aptr*)

Copies values to the elements of a [DMatrix](#) object from an existing array. The number of elements of the [DMatrix](#) object is assumed to be the number of values to be copied.

Parameters:

aptr,: pointer to the start of the array of doubles to be copied.

3.5.3.40 DMatrix& DMatrix::mpow (int *p*)

Computes and returns the integer power of a matrix.

Parameters:

p,: integer value, starting from 0

Returns:

[DMatrix](#) object with the result of the calculation

3.5.3.41 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator!= (const DMatrix & val) const

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is different from the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

val,: val: right hand side object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.42 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator!= (double val) const

Checks if each element of the [DMatrix](#) object on the left hand side is different from the right hand side value. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

Parameters:

val,: right hand side value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.43 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator% (const DMatrix & rval) const

Computes the left division of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) by another matrix (right hand side value). This is conceptually equivalent to multiplying the inverse of the left object by the right hand side object but it is computed in a more efficient way. The dimensions of the matrices must be consistent, otherwise an error is returned. The left hand side object must be a square matrix.

Parameters:

rval,: [DMatrix](#) object at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.44 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator& (const DMatrix *B*) const

Elementwise product operator. Returns a [DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions of the calling objects and each of its elements is computed as the product of the corresponding elements of the calling object and the right hand side object. The dimensions of the calling objects must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. Care must be taken when using this operator as the associations do not work in the same way as with the `*` operator. It is highly recommended to use parenthesis every time this operator is used. For example use it as follows: `(A&B)`.

Parameters:

B,: [DMatrix](#) object at the right hand side of the operator

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.45 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator&& (const DMatrix & *B*) const

Stacks the right hand side matrix below the left hand side matrix. The dimensions number of columns of the matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. The number of rows of the resulting matrix is the addition of the number of rows of both matrices involved.

Parameters:

B,: [DMatrix](#) object at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.46 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator() (const char * *end*, const DMatrix & *ColIndx*)

Sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of column indices for the last column of a matrix.

Parameters:

end is a character string containing the word "end".

ColIndx is a [DMatrix](#) array that contains column index values usually generated using the [colon\(\)](#) function.

Returns:

Reference to a [DMatrix](#) mtype 1 object that maps to the referenced elements of the calling object

3.5.3.47 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator() (const DMatrix & *RowIndx*, const char * *end*)

Sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of row indices for the last column of a matrix.

Parameters:

RowIndx is a [DMatrix](#) array that contains row index values usually generated using the [colon\(\)](#) function.

end is a character string containing the word "end".

Returns:

Reference to a [DMatrix](#) mtype 1 object that maps to the referenced elements of the calling object

3.5.3.48 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator() (long row, const DMatrix & ColIndx)

Sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of column indices for a given row.

Parameters:

row is a row index.

ColIndx is a [DMatrix](#) array that contains column index values usually generated using the [colon\(\)](#) function.

Returns:

Reference to a [DMatrix](#) mtype 1 object that maps to the referenced elements of the calling object

3.5.3.49 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator() (const DMatrix & RowIndx, long col)

Sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of row indices for a given column.

Parameters:

RowIndx is a [DMatrix](#) array that contains row index values usually generated using the [colon\(\)](#) function.

col is a column index

Returns:

Reference to a [DMatrix](#) mtype 1 object that maps to the referenced elements of the calling object

3.5.3.50 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator() (const DMatrix & RowIndx)

Linear sub-vector extraction and referencing using an array of indices assuming column-major storage.

Parameters:

RowIndx is a [DMatrix](#) array that contains row index values usually generated using the [colon\(\)](#) function.

Returns:

Reference to a [DMatrix](#) mtype 1 object that maps to the referenced elements of the calling object

3.5.3.51 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator() (const DMatrix & *RowIndx*, const DMatrix & *ColIndx*)

Submatrix extraction and referencing using arrays of indices.

Parameters:

RowIndx is a [DMatrix](#) array that contains row index values usually generated using the [colon\(\)](#) function.

ColIndx is a [DMatrix](#) array that contains column index values usually generated using the [colon\(\)](#) function.

Returns:

Reference to a [DMatrix](#) mtype 1 object that maps to the referenced elements of the calling object.

3.5.3.52 double DMatrix::operator() (const char * *end*) const

Access to last linear element. Returns the value of the last linear matrix element, assuming column major storage.

Parameters:

end,: Character string containing the word "end".

Returns:

value of the last matrix element.

3.5.3.53 double DMatrix::operator() (long *k*) const

Single index matrix indexing. Returns the value of the matrix element located at the linear position indicated by the index, assuming column major storage. The index starts from 1. An error is thrown in case of range error.

Parameters:

k,: index value

Returns:

Value of indexed matrix element.

3.5.3.54 double& DMatrix::operator() (const char * *end*)

Access to last linear element. Returns a reference to the last linear matrix element, assuming column major storage.

Parameters:

end,: Character string containing the word "end".

Returns:

reference to indexed matrix element.

3.5.3.55 double& DMatrix::operator() (long *index*)

Single index matrix indexing. Returns a reference to the matrix element located at the linear position indicated by the index, assuming column major storage. The indexes start from 1. The matrix is resized if necessary. An error is thrown in case of zero or negative indices.

Parameters:

index,: index value

Returns:

reference to indexed matrix element.

3.5.3.56 double DMatrix::operator() (const char * *end*, long *col*) const

Matrix indexing. Returns the value of the matrix element located at the position indicated by the column index and the last row. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of a range violation.

Parameters:

end,: Character string containing the word "end".

col,: Column index starting from 1.

Returns:

double value of the indexed matrix element.

3.5.3.57 double DMatrix::operator() (long *row*, const char * *end*) const

Matrix indexing. Returns the value of the matrix element located at the position indicated by the row index and the last column. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of a range violation.

Parameters:

row,: Row index starting from 1.

end,: Character string containing the word "end".

Returns:

double value of the indexed matrix element.

3.5.3.58 double DMatrix::operator() (long *row*, long *col*) const

Matrix indexing. Returns the value of the matrix element located at the position indicated by the row and column indices. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of a range violation.

Parameters:

row,: Row index starting from 1.

col,: Column index starting from 1.

Returns:

double value of the indexed element.

3.5.3.59 double& DMatrix::operator() (const char * *end*, long *col*)

Matrix indexing. Returns a reference to the matrix element located at the position indicated by the column index and the last row. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of a range violation.

Parameters:

end,: Character string containing the word "end".
col,: Column index starting from 1.

Returns:

Reference to the indexed matrix element.

3.5.3.60 double& DMatrix::operator() (long *row*, const char * *end*)

Matrix indexing. Returns a reference to the matrix element located at the position indicated by the row index and the last column. Indices start from 1. An error is thrown in case of zero or negative indices. The matrix is resized if necessary.

Parameters:

row,: Row index starting from 1.
end,: Character string containing the word "end".

Returns:

Reference to the indexed matrix element.

3.5.3.61 double& DMatrix::operator() (long *row*, long *col*)

Matrix indexing. Returns a reference to the matrix element located at the position indicated by the row and column indices. Indices start from 1.

Parameters:

row,: Row index starting from 1.
col,: Column index starting from 1.

Returns:

Reference to the indexed matrix element.

3.5.3.62 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator* (double *Arg*) const

Computes the product of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) times a real scalar (right hand side value) and replaces the left hand side object with the result of the operation.

Parameters:

Arg,: double value that will multiply each element of the matrix.

Returns:

Reference the calling [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.3.63 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator* (const DMatrix & rval) const

Matrix product operator. Returns the result of the matrix product of the calling object (left hand side of the operator) and the right hand side object. The inner dimensions of the objects being multiplied should be consistent, otherwise an error will be thrown.

Parameters:

rval,: matrix located at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.64 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator*= (double Arg)

Computes the product of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) times a real scalar (right hand side value), and modifies the calling object to store the result of the operation.

Parameters:

Arg,: double value that will multiply each element of the matrix.

Returns:

Reference to the calling [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.3.65 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator*= (const DMatrix & rval)

Matrix product operator with substitution. Computes the matrix product of the calling object (left hand side of the operator) and the right hand side object. The inner dimensions of the objects being multiplied should be consistent, otherwise an error will be thrown. The calling object is modified to store the results of the operation.

Parameters:

rval,: matrix located at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to the calling [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.3.66 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator+ (double x) const

Adds a scalar real value to each element of the matrix. .

Parameters:

x,: double value to be added

3.5.3.67 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator+ (const DMatrix & *rval*) const

Matrix addition operator. The sizes of the matrices being added should be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

rval,: matrix located at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.68 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator+= (const DMatrix & *rval*)

Matrix addition and substitution operator. The sizes of the matrices being added should be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. The left hand side object elements are replaced with the result of the operation.

Parameters:

rval,: matrix located right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to the calling object

3.5.3.69 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator- (double *x*) const

Subtracts a scalar real value from each element of the matrix. .

Parameters:

x,: double value to be subtracted

3.5.3.70 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator- (const DMatrix & *rval*) const

Matrix subtraction operator. The sizes of the matrices being subtracted should be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

rval,: matrix located at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.71 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator-= (const DMatrix & *rval*)

Matrix subtraction and substitution operator. The sizes of the matrices being subtracted should be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. The left hand side object elements are replaced with the result of the operation.

Parameters:

rval,: matrix located right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to the calling object

3.5.3.72 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator/ (const DMatrix & rval) const

Computes the right division of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) by another matrix (right hand side value). This is conceptually equivalent to multiplying the left object by the inverse of the right hand side object but it is computed in a more efficient way. The dimensions of the matrices must be consistent, otherwise an error is returned. The right hand side object must be a square matrix.

Parameters:

rval,: [DMatrix](#) object at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.73 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator/ (double Arg) const

Computes the division of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) by a real scalar (right hand side value).

Parameters:

Arg,: double value that will divide each element of the matrix.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.74 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator/= (double Arg)

Computes the division of a matrix (left hand side of the operator) by a real scalar (right hand side value) and modifies the left hand side object with the result of the operation.

Parameters:

Arg,: double value that will divide each element of the matrix.

Returns:

Reference to the calling object

3.5.3.75 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator< (const DMatrix & val) const

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is lower than the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

val,: val: right hand side object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.76 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator< (double val) const

Checks if each element of the [DMatrix](#) object on the left hand side is lower than the right hand side value. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

Parameters:

val,: right hand side value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.77 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator<= (const DMatrix & val) const

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is lower or equal than the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

val,: val: right hand side object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.78 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator<= (double val) const

Checks if each element of the [DMatrix](#) object on the left hand side is lower or equal than the right hand side value. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

Parameters:

val,: right hand side value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.79 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator= (const char * *str*)

Matrix assignment to a constant matrix defined as a character string using the bracket notation used in Matlab and Octave. The size of the left hand side object is modified if necessary. For example, the identity matrix of size two by two would be entered as "[1.0 0.0;0.0 1.0]".

Parameters:

str,: Character string containing the constant matrix defined using Matlab/Octave bracket notation.

Returns:

Reference to the calling object

3.5.3.80 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator= (double *val*)

Matrix assignment to a scalar. The size of the left hand side object is modified to one row by one column if necessary, and the value of the right hand side argument is copied to the single element of the matrix. If the calling object is a "colon reference" matrix, then the right hand side value is copied to each element of the referenced array elements.

Parameters:

val,: double value at the right hand side of the operator

Returns:

Reference to the calling object

3.5.3.81 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator= (const DMatrix & *rval*)

Matrix assignment. The size of the left hand side object is modified if necessary, and the values of all real elements of the right hand side object and copied to the left hand side object.

Parameters:

rval,: [DMatrix](#) object at the right hand side of the operator

Returns:

Reference to the calling object

3.5.3.82 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator==(const DMatrix & *val*) const

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is equal to the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

val,: val: right hand side object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.83 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator== (double *val*) const

Checks if each element of the [DMatrix](#) object on the left hand side is equal to the right hand side value. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

Parameters:

val,: right hand side value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.84 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator> (const DMatrix & *val*) const

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is greater than the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

val,: val: right hand side object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.85 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator> (double *val*) const

Checks if each element of the [DMatrix](#) object on the left hand side is greater than the right hand side value. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

Parameters:

val,: right hand side value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.86 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator>= (const DMatrix & val) const

Elementwise matrix comparison. Checks if each element of the matrix on the left hand side is greater or equal than the corresponding element of the right hand side matrix. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise. The dimensions of the two matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

val,: val: right hand side object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.87 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator>= (double val) const

Checks if each element of the [DMatrix](#) object on the left hand side is greater or equal than the right hand side value. The result is a [DMatrix](#) object where each element has the value of 1 if the corresponding comparison was true, 0 otherwise.

Parameters:

val,: right hand side value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.88 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator^ (double x)

Elementwise power operator. Returns a [DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions of the calling object and each of its elements is computed as the corresponding element of the calling object to the power of the right hand side argument. Care must be taken when using this operator as the associations do not work in the same way as with the * operator. It is highly recommended to use parenthesis every time this operator is used. For example use it as follows: (A^x).

Parameters:

x,: double argument at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.89 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator| (const DMatrix B) const

Elementwise division operator. Returns a [DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions of the calling objects and each of its elements is computed as the of the corresponding element of the calling object by the corresponding element of the right hand side object. The dimensions of the calling objects must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. Care must be taken when using this operator as the associations do not work in the same way as with the / operator. It is highly recommended to use parenthesis every time this operator is used. For example use it as follows: (A|B).

Parameters:

B,: [DMatrix](#) object at the right hand side of the operator

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.90 DMatrix& DMatrix::operator|| (const DMatrix & *B*) const

Concatenates two matrices side by side. The dimensions number of rows of the matrices involved must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown. The number of columns of the resulting matrix is the addition of the number of columns of both matrices involved.

Parameters:

B,: [DMatrix](#) object at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.3.91 void DMatrix::Print (const char * *text*) const

Prints the elements of a [DMatrix](#) object.

Parameters:

text is a string that serves as a prompt for the matrix being entered.

Returns:

void

3.5.3.92 void DMatrix::PrintInfo (const char * *text*) const

Prints information about a [DMatrix](#) object.

Parameters:

text is a a string that serves as a label for the matrix being printed.

Returns:

void

3.5.3.93 static double DMatrix::random_gaussian (void) [static]

Returns a pseudo-random Gaussian distributed number with zero mean and unit variance.

Returns:

double Gaussian pseudo-random value

3.5.3.94 static double DMatrix::random_uniform (void) [static]

Returns a pseudo-random uniformly distributed number in the range [0,1].

Returns:

double pseudo-random value in the range [0,1]

3.5.3.95 void DMatrix::Read (FILE **filex*)

Reads the elements of a matrix from a file. The file in question should contain the elements of the matrix row by row. The elements should be separated by spaces and each row should be separated by a new line. The calling object should have the appropriate number of rows and columns.

Parameters:

filex pointer to a file already opened using "fopen()".

Returns:

void

3.5.3.96 void DMatrix::Resize (long *nrow*, long *nncol*)

Changes the number of rows and columns of an existing matrix. Allocates new memory if necessary. If the calling object uses preallocated memory and the requested size would exceed that memory, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

nrow,: new number of rows

nncol,: new number of columns

3.5.3.97 DMatrix& DMatrix::Row (long *irow*) const

Returns a [DMatrix](#) object containing a specified row of the calling object.

Parameters:

irow,: row index (starting from 1)

Returns:

[DMatrix](#) object with the specified row

3.5.3.98 void DMatrix::rowMult (long *r*, double *x*)

Multiplies the elements of a specified row of a matrix by a constant scalar value.

Parameters:

r,: index to the row that is to be changed

x,: scalar value

Returns:

void

3.5.3.99 void DMatrix::Save (const char * *FileName*)

Saves the elements of a matrix to a file.

Parameters:

FileName is a string with the desired file name

Returns:

void

3.5.3.100 void DMatrix::SetColIndexPointer (const DMatrix * *arg*) [inline, protected]

Sets the column index pointer.

Parameters:

arg Pointer to [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

void

3.5.3.101 void DMatrix::SetColumn (const DMatrix & *Col*, int *icol*)

Assigns values to a column of a matrix, while other columns are left untouched.

Parameters:

Col,: reference to constant [DMatrix](#) object which should contain a vector with the desired column values

icol,: index to the column that is to be changed

Returns:

void

3.5.3.102 void DMatrix::SetMType (int *arg*) [protected]

Sets the type of matrix.

Parameters:

arg (int) should be 0 for a normal matrix, or 1 for a colon reference matrix

Returns:

void

3.5.3.103 static void DMatrix::SetPrintLevel (int *plevel*) [inline, static]

Sets the print level.

Parameters:

plevel desired print level

Returns:

void

3.5.3.104 void DMatrix::SetReferencedDMatrixPointer (DMatrix * *arg*) [inline, protected]

Sets the value of the referenced matrix pointer.

Parameters:

arg Pointer to [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

void

3.5.3.105 void DMatrix::SetRow (const DMatrix & *Row*, int *irow*)

Assigns values to a row of a matrix, while other columns are left untouched.

Parameters:

Row,: reference to constant [DMatrix](#) object which should contain a vector with the desired row values

irow,: index to the row that is to be changed

Returns:

void

3.5.3.106 void DMatrix::SetRowIndexPointer (const DMatrix * *arg*) [inline, protected]

Sets the row index pointer.

Parameters:

arg Pointer to [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

void

3.5.3.107 void DMatrix::SetSubMatrix (long *row*, long *col*, const DMatrix & *A*)

Assigns the elements of a matrix object to a section of the calling object.

Parameters:

row,: start of row range

col,: start of column range

A,: [DMatrix](#) object whose element values are to be copied into the calling object

Returns:

void

3.5.3.108 DMatrix& DMatrix::sub_matrix (long *r1*, long *r2*, long *c1*, long *c2*) const

Extracts a specified sub-matrix from a matrix.

Parameters:

r1,: start of row range

r2,: end of row range

c1,: start of column range

c2,: end of column range

Returns:

[DMatrix](#) object with the specified sub-matrix

3.5.3.109 void DMatrix::SwapColumns (int *i*, int *j*)

Swaps two columns of a matrix.

Parameters:

i,: first column index

j,: second column index.

Returns:

void

3.5.3.110 void DMatrix::SwapRows (int *i*, int *j*)

Swaps two rows of a matrix.

Parameters:

i,: first row index

j,: second row index.

Returns:

void

3.5.3.111 void DMatrix::Transpose (void)

Transposes a matrix.

Returns:

void

3.5.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

3.5.4.1 DMatrix& Abs (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function computes and returns the element-wise absolute value of matrix A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation.

3.5.4.2 int any (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a 1 if any element of [DMatrix](#) object that is passed as argument is non-zero, otherwise it returns a zero.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

an integer value which is either 1 or 0.

3.5.4.3 DMatrix& Chol (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

Returns the Cholesky factorisation of a matrix A, which must be a positive definite symmetric matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

See also:

[CholFSolve\(\)](#), [CholSolve\(\)](#)

3.5.4.4 void CholeskyDecomp (DMatrix & A, int *n*, DMatrix & *pM*) [friend]

Cholesky decomposition of a matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

n is the number of columns of the input matrix A.

pM (modified), is a [DMatrix](#) object which on output contains the Cholesky decomposition of input matrix a.

Returns:

void

See also:

[CholeskySolution\(\)](#)

3.5.4.5 DMatrix& CholeskyRoot (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

Returns the Cholesky root R of a given matrix A, such that $A=R'R$. A must be a positive definite symmetric matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.6 void CholeskySolution (const DMatrix & A, int *n*, const DMatrix & *pM*, const DMatrix & *bM*, DMatrix & *xM*) [friend]

Cholesky solution using the Cholesky decomposition of a matrix.

Parameters:

A [DMatrix](#) object

n is the number of columns of the input matrix A.

pM [DMatrix](#) object which on output contains the Cholesky decomposition of input matrix a.

bM [DMatrix](#) object with a vector of right-hand-side values

xM (modified) [DMatrix](#) object which on return contains the solution to the system of equations

Returns:

void

See also:

[CholeskyDecomp\(\)](#)

3.5.4.7 DMatrix& CholFSolve (const DMatrix & *Achol*, const DMatrix & *b*) [friend]

Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using Cholesky factorisation. The function uses a previously found Cholesky factorisation.

Parameters:

Achol is a [DMatrix](#) object resulting from a previous call to [Chol\(\)](#).

b is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation (the resulting vector *x*)

See also:

[CholFSolve\(\)](#), [Chol\(\)](#)

3.5.4.8 DMatrix& CholSolve (const DMatrix & *A*, const DMatrix & *b*) [friend]

Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using Cholesky factorisation.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

b is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation (the resulting vector *x*)

See also:

[CholFSolve\(\)](#), [Chol\(\)](#)

3.5.4.9 DMatrix& colon (void) [friend]

This function generates a special [DMatrix](#) object with one row and one column which is understood by the indexing functions that take a [DMatrix](#) object as an argument to mean "all rows" or "all columns".

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.4.10 DMatrix& colon (double *i1*, double *i2*) [friend]

This function generates [DMatrix](#) object with a vector starting from a given value, with unit increments, and ending in a given value.

Parameters:

i1 is the first value

i2 is the last value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.4.11 DMatrix& colon (int *i1*, int *i2*) [**friend**]

This function generates [DMatrix](#) object with a vector starting from a given value, with unit increments, and ending in a given value.

Parameters:

i1 is the first value

i2 is the last value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.4.12 DMatrix& colon (int *i1*, int *increment*, int *i2*) [**friend**]

This function generates [DMatrix](#) object with a vector starting from a given value, with given increments and ending in a given value.

Parameters:

i1 is the first value

increment is the increment

i2 is the last value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.4.13 DMatrix& colon (double *i1*, double *increment*, double *i2*) [**friend**]

This function generates a [DMatrix](#) object with a vector starting from a given value, with given increments and ending in a given value.

Parameters:

i1 is the first value

increment is the increment

i2 is the last value

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object

3.5.4.14 double cond (const DMatrix & *A*) [**friend**]

This function calculates the 2-norm condition number of a matrix, which is the ratio of the maximum singular value to the minimum singular value of the matrix. A large condition number indicates a nearly singular matrix. If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

the 2-norm condition number

3.5.4.15 DMatrix& cos (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a matrix with the cosine of each element of the input matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.16 DMatrix& cosh (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a matrix with the hyperbolic cosine of each element of the input matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.17 DMatrix& cov (DMatrix & X, DMatrix & Y, int ntype = 0) [friend]

Computes the covariance matrix of two vectors *X* and *Y* of dimension *N*. The result is returned as an 1 x 1 [DMatrix](#) object. If *ntype*=0 (default) then the result is normalised with *N*-1. Otherwise, if *ntype*=1, the result is normalised with *N*.

Parameters:

X is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Y is a [DMatrix](#) object

ntype is the type of normalization, 0 (default) or 1.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.18 DMatrix& cov (const DMatrix & A, int ntype = 0) [friend]

Computes the covariance matrix of a data matrix where the *N* rows correspond to samples and the *M* columns are variables. The result is returned as an *M* x *M* matrix. If *ntype*=0 (default) then the result is normalised with *N*-1. Otherwise, if *ntype*=1, the result is normalised with *N*.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

ntype is the type of normalization, 0 (default) or 1.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.19 DMatrix& cross (const DMatrix & x, const DMatrix & y) [friend]

This function computes the cross product of two vectors. If any of the input arguments does not contain a vector, or if the length of any of the vectors is not 3, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

x is a [DMatrix](#) object.

y is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

the value of the cross product of x and y .

3.5.4.20 DMatrix& crossProduct (const DMatrix & x, const DMatrix & y) [friend]

This function computes the cross product of two vectors. If any of the input arguments does not contain a vector, or if the length of any of the vectors is not 3, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

x is a [DMatrix](#) object.

y is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

the value of the cross product of x and y .

3.5.4.21 double det (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns the determinant of a square matrix. If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

the determinant of the matrix.

3.5.4.22 DMatrix& diag (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

if A is a matrix this function extracts a column vector with the diagonal values of A. If A is a vector this function returns a matrix having the elements of A in the diagonal

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.23 double dot (const DMatrix & x, const DMatrix & y) [friend]

This function computes the dot product of two vectors. If any of the input arguments does not contain a vector, or if the vector lengths are not equal, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

x is a [DMatrix](#) object.

y is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

the value of the dot product of x and y.

3.5.4.24 double dotProduct (const DMatrix & x, const DMatrix & y) [friend]

This function computes the dot product of two vectors. If any of the input arguments does not contain a vector, or if the vector lengths are not equal, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

x is a [DMatrix](#) object.

y is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

the value of the dot product of x and y.

3.5.4.25 DMatrix& eig (const DMatrix & A, DMatrix * V = NULL) [friend]

This function computes the eigenvalues and (optionally) the eigenvectors of a matrix A. This function uses the LAPACK routines dsyev_() and dgeev_.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

V is a pointer to a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the real part of the eigenvalues in the first column and the [complex](#) part of the eigenvalues in the second column.

3.5.4.26 DMatrix& elemDivision (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & B) [friend]

This function computes and returns the element-wise division of two matrices of the same dimensions. If the dimensions of the two input matrices are not the same, an error is thrown. The dimensions of the returned object are the same as the dimensions of the factors.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

B is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.27 DMatrix& elemProduct (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & B) [friend]

This function computes and returns the element-wise product of two matrices of the same dimensions. If the dimensions of the two input matrices are not the same, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

B is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.28 double enorm (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function computes and return the Euclidean norm of a matrix A, which is the square root of the sum of its squared elements.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

the value of the Euclidean norm.

3.5.4.29 void error_message (const char * *input_text*) [friend]

This function prints an error message and throws an exception to be handled by the [ErrorHandler](#) class.

Parameters:

input_text is the error message

Returns:

void

3.5.4.30 DMatrix& exp (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a matrix with the natural exponential of each element of the input matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.31 DMatrix& expm (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns the exponential matrix of a given square matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.32 DMatrix& eye (long n , long m) [friend]

This function returns a truncated identity matrix with specified numbers of rows and columns.

Parameters:

n is the desired number of rows

m is the desired number of columns

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.33 DMatrix& eye (long n) [friend]

This function returns the identity matrix with a given number of rows and columns.

Parameters:

n is the desired number of rows and columns

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.34 DMatrix& find (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a column vector with the linear indices of the non-zero elements of the input matrix A. The linear index is 1 for element (1,1) of the input matrix A, and length(A) for the (nrows,ncols) element of the input matrix A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.35 double Fnorm (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function computes Frobenius norm of matrix A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

the value of the Frobenius norm

3.5.4.36 DMatrix& identity (long *n*, long *m*) [friend]

This function returns a truncated identity matrix with specified numbers of rows and columns.

Parameters:

n is the desired number of rows

m is the desired number of columns

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.37 DMatrix& identity (long *n*) [friend]

This function returns the identity matrix with a given number of rows and columns.

Parameters:

n is the desired number of rows and columns

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.38 double InfNorm (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function computes infinity norm of matrix A, which is computed as the maximum absolute value row sum.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

the value of the infinity norm

3.5.4.39 DMatrix& inv (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns the inverse of a given square matrix. If the argument is not a square matrix an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.40 int isSymmetric (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function checks if the input matrix is symmetric. If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

1 if the input matrix is symmetric, 0 otherwise.

3.5.4.41 DMatrix& kronProduct (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & B) [friend]

This function computes and returns the Kronecker product of two matrices. The row (column) dimension of the returned object is the product of the row (column) dimensions of both factors.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

B is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.42 long length (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns the number of elements of a matrix A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

the number of elements of the input matrix.

3.5.4.43 DMatrix& linspace (double X1, double X2, long N) [friend]

This function returns a linearly spaced vector with N points between the values X1 and X2.

Parameters:

X1 is a real number

X2 is a real number

N is the desired length of the returned vector

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.44 DMatrix& log (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a matrix with the natural logarithm of each element of the input matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.45 DMatrix& LQ (const DMatrix & A, DMatrix * Q) [friend]

Returns the LQ factorisation of a matrix A. The function uses the LAPACK routine dgelqf_().

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Q is a pointer to a [DMatrix](#) object, which is modified on output to contain the Q factor of the decomposition.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the L factor of the decomposition.

3.5.4.46 DMatrix& LSMNSolve (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & B) [friend]

This function solves overdetermined or underdetermined real linear systems $Ax = B$ using a QR or LQ factorization of A. It is assumed that matrix A has full rank. The function uses the LAPACK routine dgels.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

B is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation (the resulting vector x)

3.5.4.47 DMatrix& LU (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

Returns the LU factorisation of a matrix A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

See also:

[LUSolve\(\)](#), [LUSolve\(\)](#)

3.5.4.48 DMatrix& LUSolve (const DMatrix & ALU, const DMatrix & b) [friend]

Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using LU factorisation using a previously found LU factors.

Parameters:

ALU is a [DMatrix](#) object resulting from a previous call to the [LU\(\)](#) function

b is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation (the resulting vector x)

See also:

[LU\(\)](#), [LUSolve\(\)](#)

3.5.4.49 DMatrix& LUSolve (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & b) [friend]

Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using LU factorisation.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

b is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation (the resulting vector x)

See also:

[LUSolve\(\)](#), [LU\(\)](#)

3.5.4.50 [DMatrix& MatrixSign \(const DMatrix & A\) \[friend\]](#)

This function returns a [DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions as the input matrix such that each of its elements is 1 if the corresponding value of the input matrix is positive, -1 if the corresponding value of the input matrix is negative, and 0 if the corresponding value of the input matrix is 0.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.51 [double Max \(const DMatrix & A, int * rindx = NULL, int * cindx = NULL\) \[friend\]](#)

This function finds and returns the element of matrix A with maximum value. It also returns the indices of such element. If more than one element has the same maximum value, the indices of the first element found when searching column by column is returned.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

$rindx$ is an optional pointer to an integer which is modified with the row index.

$cindx$ is an optional pointer to an integer which is modified with the column index.

Returns:

the value of the element with maximum value.

3.5.4.52 [double MaxAbs \(const DMatrix & A, int * rindx = NULL, int * cindx = NULL\) \[friend\]](#)

This function finds and returns the element of matrix A with maximum absolute value. It also returns the indices of such element. If more than one element has the same maximum absolute value, the indices of the first element found when searching column by column is returned.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

$rindx$ is a pointer to an integer which is modified with the row index.

$cindx$ is a pointer to an integer which is modified with the column index.

Returns:

the absolute value of the element with maximum absolute value.

3.5.4.53 DMatrix& mean (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a row vector with the mean values of the columns of matrix A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.54 double Min (const DMatrix & A, int * rindx = NULL, int * cindx = NULL) [friend]

This function finds and returns the element of matrix A with minimum value. It also returns the indices of such element. If more than one element has the same minimum value, the indices of the first element found when searching column by column is returned.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

rindx is a pointer to an integer which is modified with the row index.

cindx is a pointer to an integer which is modified with the column index.

Returns:

the absolute value of the element with minimum absolute value.

3.5.4.55 double MinAbs (const DMatrix & A, int * rindx = NULL, int * cindx = NULL) [friend]

This function finds and returns the element of matrix A with minimum absolute value. It also returns the indices of such element. If more than one element has the same minimum absolute value, the indices of the first element found when searching column by column is returned.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

rindx is a pointer to an integer which is modified with the row index.

cindx is a pointer to an integer which is modified with the column index.

Returns:

the absolute value of the element with minimum absolute value.

3.5.4.56 DMatrix& mpow (DMatrix & A, int p) [friend]

This function calculates the integer matrix power.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

p is an integer value which can be positive or negative

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.57 double norm (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function computes 2-norm of matrix A, which is computed as the maximum singular value of A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

the value of the 2-norm

3.5.4.58 DMatrix& null (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns Z, the orthonormal basis for the null space of a matrix A, such that $ZZ' = I$ and $AZ = 0$. The number of columns of Z is the nullity of A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.59 DMatrix& ones (long n, long m) [friend]

This function returns a matrix full of ones with specified numbers of rows and columns.

Parameters:

n is the desired number of rows

m is the desired number of columns

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.60 DMatrix& operator* (double r, const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function multiplies a real number by a matrix.

Parameters:

r is a double value

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.61 DMatrix& operator- (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

Matrix unary minus operator. Returns an object of the same dimensions as A but with changed element signs.

Parameters:

A , matrix located at the right hand side of the operator.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.62 DMatrix& orth (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns Q, the orthonormal basis for the range of a matrix A, such that $QQ' = I$. The number of columns of Q is the rank of A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.63 DMatrix& pinv (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns the pseudo-inverse of a given rectangular matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.64 DMatrix& prod (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a row vector with the product of the elements of each column of matrix A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.65 DMatrix& Product (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & B) [friend]

This function calculates the product of two matrices. The number of columns of the first matrix must be the same as the number of rows of the second matrix, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

B is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.66 DMatrix& ProductT (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & B) [friend]

This function returns the product of the first matrix times the second matrix transposed. The number of columns of both matrices must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

B is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.67 DMatrix& QR (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

Returns the QR factorisation of a matrix A. The number of rows of matrix A must be greater or equal than the number of columns.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

See also:

[QRFSolve\(\)](#), [QRSolve\(\)](#)

3.5.4.68 DMatrix& QRFSolve (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & b) [friend]

Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using QR factorisation. The function uses a previously found QR factorisation.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

b is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation (the resulting vector x)

See also:

[QRSolve\(\)](#), [QR\(\)](#)

3.5.4.69 DMatrix& QRSolve (const DMatrix & A , const DMatrix & b) [friend]

Solves the system of equations $Ax = b$ using QR factorisation. The number of rows of matrix A must be greater or equal than the number of columns.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

b is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation (the resulting vector x)

See also:

[QRFSolve\(\)](#), [QR\(\)](#)

3.5.4.70 DMatrix& randn (long n , long m) [friend]

This function returns an $n \times m$ matrix where each element is a Gaussian pseudo-random number in the range with zero mean and variance 1.

Parameters:

n is the desired number of rows of the returned matrix

m is the desired number of columns of the returned matrix

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.71 DMatrix& randu (long n , long m) [friend]

This function returns an $n \times m$ matrix where each element is a uniform pseudo-random number in the range (0,1).

Parameters:

n is the desired number of rows of the returned matrix

m is the desired number of columns of the returned matrix

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.72 `int rank (const DMatrix & A) [friend]`

This function returns an estimate of the rank of a matrix, which is the number of linearly independent rows or columns.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

the rank estimate.

3.5.4.73 `double rcond (const DMatrix & A) [friend]`

This function estimates the 1-norm reciprocal condition number of a matrix. The function uses the LAPACK function dgecon. if *A* is well conditioned, then `rcond(A)` is near 1. If *A* is badly conditioned, then `rcond(A)` is close to the machine numerical precision (very small). If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

the reciprocal condition number estimate

3.5.4.74 `DMatrix& reshape (DMatrix & A, long N, long M) [friend]`

This function returns the N-by-M matrix whose elements are taken columnwise from the input matrix *A*. An error is thrown if *A* does not have N*M elements.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

N is the desired number of rows of the reshaped matrix

M is the desired number of columns of the reshaped matrix

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.75 `DMatrix& schur (const DMatrix & A, DMatrix * U = NULL) [friend]`

This function computes and returns the Schur decomposition of a matrix *A*, such that $A = Q'UQ$, where *U* is an upper triangular matrix and *Q* is a unitary matrix. This function uses the LAPACK routine dgees_().

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

U is a pointer to a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the unitary matrix *Q*.

3.5.4.76 DMatrix& sin (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a matrix with the sine of each element of the input matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.77 DMatrix& sinh (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a matrix with the hyperbolic sine of each element of the input matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.78 void sort (DMatrix & x, DMatrix & indx) [friend]

This function sorts the input vector *x* in ascending order. It also returns a [DMatrix](#) object with the sorted indices. If the input object is not a vector, then an error is thrown.

Parameters:

x is a [DMatrix](#) object which upon input contains the unsorted vector and upon output contains the sorted vector.

indx is a [DMatrix](#) object which upon output contains the values of the sorted indices.

Returns:

void

3.5.4.79 void sort (DMatrix & x, int indx[] = NULL) [friend]

This function sorts the input vector *x* in ascending order. Optionally, it also returns an integer array of sorted indices. If the input object is not a vector, then an error is thrown.

Parameters:

x is a [DMatrix](#) object which upon input contains the unsorted vector and upon output contains the sorted vector.

indx is a pointer to the first element of the array of sorted indices.

Returns:

void

3.5.4.80 DMatrix& Sqrt (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function computes the square root of each element of the input matrix A, and it returns a [DMatrix](#) object with the same dimensions as the input matrix. If any element of the input matrix is negative, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.81 DMatrix& Std (const DMatrix & A, int ntype = 0) [friend]

This function returns a row vector with the standard deviation of each column of matrix A. If ntype is 0 (default) the result is normalised with (n-1), where n is the number of rows of A. Otherwise, the result is normalised with n.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

ntype is the type of normalization, 0 (default) or 1.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.82 DMatrix& sum (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a row vector with the sum of the elements of each column of matrix A.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.83 DMatrix& SVD (const DMatrix & A, DMatrix * U = NULL, DMatrix * V = NULL) [friend]

Returns the singular value decomposition of a matrix $A = U' \text{diag}(s) V$, where vector s contains the singular values of A. The function uses the LAPACK routine dgesvd_().

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

U is a pointer to a [DMatrix](#) object, which is modified on output to contain the U factor of the decomposition.

V is a pointer to a [DMatrix](#) object, which is modified on output to contain the V factor of the decomposition.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with a vector that contains the singular values of matrix A .

3.5.4.84 DMatrix& SVDsolve (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & B) [friend]

This function uses the LAPACK routine `dgels_()` to compute the minimum norm solution to a real linear least squares problem: Minimize $\|B - Ax\|_2$ using the singular value decomposition (SVD) of A . A is a rectangular matrix which may be rank-deficient.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

B is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation (the resulting vector x)

See also:

[SVD\(\)](#)

3.5.4.85 DMatrix& tan (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a matrix with the tangent of each element of the input matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.86 DMatrix& tanh (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a matrix with the hyperbolic tangent of each element of the input matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.87 double toc () [friend]

This function, which is to be used in conjunction with function [tic\(\)](#), stops counting CPU time, and it prints and returns the elapsed time in seconds since the function [tic\(\)](#) was called.

Returns:

the elapsed time in seconds.

3.5.4.88 DMatrix& TProduct (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & B) [friend]

This function returns the product of the first matrix transposed times the second matrix. The number of rows of both matrices must be the same, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

B is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.89 DMatrix& TProductT (const DMatrix & A, const DMatrix & B) [friend]

This function returns the product of the first matrix transposed times the second matrix transposed. The number of rows of the first matrix must be the same as the number of columns of the second matrix, otherwise an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

B is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.90 DMatrix& tra (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns the transpose of a given matrix.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.91 double trace (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns the trace of a square matrix. If the input matrix is not square, an error is thrown.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

the trace of the matrix.

3.5.4.92 DMatrix& triu (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function extracts and return the triangular upper part of the input matrix *A*. The returned object has the same dimensions as the input object.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.93 DMatrix& var (DMatrix & A, int ntype = 0) [friend]

This function returns a row vector with the variance of each column of matrix *A*. If *ntype* is 0 (default) the result is normalised with (n-1), where n is the number of rows of *A*. Otherwise, the result is normalised with n.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

ntype is the type of normalization, 0 (default) or 1.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.94 DMatrix& vec (const DMatrix & A) [friend]

This function returns a column vector made by stacking the columns of a matrix one below the other from left to right.

Parameters:

A is a [DMatrix](#) object.

Returns:

a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.4.95 DMatrix& zeros (long n , long m) [friend]

This function returns a matrix full of zeros with specified numbers of rows and columns.

Parameters:

- n is the desired number of rows
- m is the desired number of columns

Returns:

Reference to a temporary [DMatrix](#) object with the result of the operation

3.5.5 Member Data Documentation

3.5.5.1 int DMatrix::atype [protected]

Flag to indicate type of allocation. type = 0 : allocated matrix type = 1 : non-allocated matrix, uses predefined array for storage

3.5.5.2 int DMatrix::mtype [protected]

Flag to indicate type of matrix mtype = 0 : normal matrix mtype = 1 : colon - reference matrix

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- dmatrixv.h

3.6 doublecomplex Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- doublereal **r**
- doublereal **i**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.7 ErrorHandler Class Reference

[ErrorHandler](#) class.

```
#include <dmatrixv.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [ErrorHandler](#) (const string m)

A constructor which takes the error message as an argument and assigns it to error_message.

Public Attributes

- string [error_message](#)

A string of characters which contains the error message.

3.7.1 Detailed Description

[ErrorHandler](#) class. This is a C++ class intended to handle error conditions.

3.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.7.2.1 ErrorHandler::ErrorHandler (const string m)

A constructor which takes the error message as an argument and assigns it to error_message.

Parameters:

m is the error message string.

See also:

function [error_message\(\)](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [dmatrixv.h](#)

3.8 icilist Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- flag **icierr**
- char * **iciunit**
- flag **iciend**
- char * **icifmt**
- ftntint **icirlen**
- ftntint **icirnum**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.9 InitializeDMatrixClass Class Reference

[InitializeDMatrixClass](#) class.

```
#include <dmatrixv.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [InitializeDMatrixClass](#) ()

This is the default constructor which calls the function [DMatrix::AllocateAuxArr\(\)](#).

- [~InitializeDMatrixClass](#) ()

This is the destructor which calls the function [DMatrix::DeAllocateAuxArr\(\)](#).

3.9.1 Detailed Description

[InitializeDMatrixClass](#) class. This is a dummy C++ class intended to initialise the temporary objects of the [DMatrix](#) class.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [dmatrixv.h](#)

3.10 inlist Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- flag **inerr**
- ftntint **inunit**
- char * **infile**
- ftntlen **infilen**
- ftntint * **inex**
- ftntint * **inopen**
- ftntint * **innum**
- ftntint * **innamed**
- char * **inname**
- ftntlen **innamlen**
- char * **inacc**
- ftntlen **inacclen**
- char * **inseq**
- ftntlen **inseqlen**
- char * **indir**
- ftntlen **indirlen**
- char * **infmt**
- ftntlen **infmtlen**
- char * **inform**
- ftntint **informlen**
- char * **inunf**
- ftntlen **inunflen**
- ftntint * **inrecl**
- ftntint * **innrec**
- char * **inblank**
- ftntlen **inblanklen**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.11 Multitype Union Reference

Public Attributes

- integer1 **g**
- shortint **h**
- integer **i**
- real **r**
- doublereal **d**
- [complex](#) **c**
- [doublecomplex](#) **z**

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.12 Namelist Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- char * **name**
- [Vardesc](#) ** **vars**
- int **nvars**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.13 olist Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- flag **oerr**
- ftmint **ounit**
- char * **ofnm**
- ftmlen **ofnmlen**
- char * **osta**
- char * **oacc**
- char * **ofm**
- ftmint **orl**
- char * **oblnc**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

3.14 Vardesc Struct Reference

Public Attributes

- char * **name**
- char * **addr**
- ftlen * **dims**
- int **type**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- f2c.h

Index

- Abs
 - DMatrix, [55](#)
- alist, [5](#)
- Allocate
 - DMatrix, [29](#)
- AllocateAuxArr
 - DMatrix, [29](#)
- any
 - DMatrix, [55](#)
- assign
 - DMatrix, [29](#)
- AssignmentToColonReference
 - DMatrix, [29](#)
- atype
 - DMatrix, [80](#)
- Chol
 - DMatrix, [55](#)
- CholeskyDecomp
 - DMatrix, [55](#)
- CholeskyRoot
 - DMatrix, [56](#)
- CholeskySolution
 - DMatrix, [56](#)
- CholFSolve
 - DMatrix, [56](#)
- CholSolve
 - DMatrix, [57](#)
- cilist, [6](#)
- cclist, [7](#)
- colMult
 - DMatrix, [30](#)
- colon
 - DMatrix, [57](#), [58](#)
- Column
 - DMatrix, [30](#)
- complex, [8](#)
- compMat
 - DMatrix, [30](#)
- cond
 - DMatrix, [58](#)
- cos
 - DMatrix, [59](#)
- cosh
 - DMatrix, [59](#)
- cov
 - DMatrix, [59](#)
- cross
 - DMatrix, [60](#)
- crossProduct
 - DMatrix, [60](#)
- DeAllocate
 - DMatrix, [30](#)
- DeAllocateAuxArr
 - DMatrix, [31](#)
- det
 - DMatrix, [60](#)
- diag
 - DMatrix, [31](#), [60](#)
- DMatrix, [9](#)
 - Abs, [55](#)
 - Allocate, [29](#)
 - AllocateAuxArr, [29](#)
 - any, [55](#)
 - assign, [29](#)
 - AssignmentToColonReference, [29](#)
 - atype, [80](#)
 - Chol, [55](#)
 - CholeskyDecomp, [55](#)
 - CholeskyRoot, [56](#)
 - CholeskySolution, [56](#)
 - CholFSolve, [56](#)
 - CholSolve, [57](#)
 - colMult, [30](#)
 - colon, [57](#), [58](#)
 - Column, [30](#)
 - compMat, [30](#)
 - cond, [58](#)
 - cos, [59](#)
 - cosh, [59](#)
 - cov, [59](#)
 - cross, [60](#)
 - crossProduct, [60](#)
 - DeAllocate, [30](#)
 - DeAllocateAuxArr, [31](#)
 - det, [60](#)
 - diag, [31](#), [60](#)
 - DMatrix, [28](#)
 - dot, [61](#)

dotProduct, 61
eig, 61
elem, 31
elemDivision, 61
element, 32
elemProduct, 62
enorm, 62
error_message, 62
exp, 62
expm, 63
eye, 63
FillWithZeros, 32
find, 32, 63
Fnorm, 64
Fprint, 33
geta, 33
getatyp, 33
GetAuxPr, 33
GetConstPr, 33
getm, 33, 34
GetMType, 34
getn, 34
GetNoCols, 34
GetNoRows, 35
GetPr, 35
GetReferencedDMatrixPointer, 35
identity, 64
InfNorm, 64
input_matrix, 35
inv, 65
isEmpty, 35
isSymmetric, 65
isThereError, 36
isVector, 36
kronProduct, 65
length, 65
linspace, 66
Load, 36
log, 66
LQ, 66
LSMNSolve, 66
LU, 67
LUSolve, 67
LUSolve, 67
MatrixSign, 68
Max, 68
MaxAbs, 68
mean, 68
MemCpyArray, 36
Min, 69
MinAbs, 69
mpow, 36, 69
mtype, 80
norm, 70
null, 70
ones, 70
operator, \$50
operator<, 45, 46
operator<=, 46
operator>, 48
operator>=, 48, 49
operator*, 42, 70
operator*=, 43
operator^, 49
operator(), 38–42
operator+, 43
operator+=, 44
operator-, 44, 70
operator=, 44
operator/, 45
operator/=: 45
operator=, 47
operator==, 47, 48
operator%, 37
operator&, 37
operator&&, 38
orth, 71
pinv, 71
Print, 50
PrintInfo, 50
prod, 71
Product, 71
ProductT, 72
QR, 72
QRSolve, 72
QRSolve, 73
randn, 73
random_gaussian, 50
random_uniform, 50
randu, 73
rank, 73
rcond, 74
Read, 51
reshape, 74
Resize, 51
Row, 51
rowMult, 51
Save, 52
schur, 74
SetColIndexPointer, 52
SetColumn, 52
SetMType, 52
SetPrintLevel, 52
SetReferencedDMatrixPointer, 53
SetRow, 53
SetRowIndexPointer, 53
SetSubMatrix, 53
sin, 74

- sinh, [75](#)
- sort, [75](#)
- Sqrt, [75](#)
- Std, [76](#)
- sub_matrix, [54](#)
- sum, [76](#)
- SVD, [76](#)
- SVDSolve, [77](#)
- SwapColumns, [54](#)
- SwapRows, [54](#)
- tan, [77](#)
- tanh, [77](#)
- toc, [77](#)
- TProduct, [78](#)
- TProductT, [78](#)
- tra, [78](#)
- trace, [78](#)
- Transpose, [54](#)
- triu, [79](#)
- var, [79](#)
- vec, [79](#)
- zeros, [79](#)
- dot
 - DMatrix, [61](#)
- dotProduct
 - DMatrix, [61](#)
- doublecomplex, [81](#)
- eig
 - DMatrix, [61](#)
- elem
 - DMatrix, [31](#)
- elemDivision
 - DMatrix, [61](#)
- element
 - DMatrix, [32](#)
- elemProduct
 - DMatrix, [62](#)
- enorm
 - DMatrix, [62](#)
- error_message
 - DMatrix, [62](#)
- ErrorHandler, [82](#)
 - ErrorHandler, [82](#)
- exp
 - DMatrix, [62](#)
- expm
 - DMatrix, [63](#)
- eye
 - DMatrix, [63](#)
- FillWithZeros
 - DMatrix, [32](#)
- find
 - DMatrix, [32, 63](#)
- Fnorm
 - DMatrix, [64](#)
- Fprint
 - DMatrix, [33](#)
- geta
 - DMatrix, [33](#)
- getatype
 - DMatrix, [33](#)
- GetAuxPr
 - DMatrix, [33](#)
- GetConstPr
 - DMatrix, [33](#)
- getm
 - DMatrix, [33, 34](#)
- GetMType
 - DMatrix, [34](#)
- getn
 - DMatrix, [34](#)
- GetNoCols
 - DMatrix, [34](#)
- GetNoRows
 - DMatrix, [35](#)
- GetPr
 - DMatrix, [35](#)
- GetReferencedDMatrixPointer
 - DMatrix, [35](#)
- icilist, [83](#)
- identity
 - DMatrix, [64](#)
- InfNorm
 - DMatrix, [64](#)
- InitializeDMatrixClass, [84](#)
- inlist, [85](#)
- input_matrix
 - DMatrix, [35](#)
- inv
 - DMatrix, [65](#)
- isEmpty
 - DMatrix, [35](#)
- isSymmetric
 - DMatrix, [65](#)
- isThereError
 - DMatrix, [36](#)
- isVector
 - DMatrix, [36](#)
- kronProduct
 - DMatrix, [65](#)
- length
 - DMatrix, [65](#)

- linspace
 - DMatrix, 66
- Load
 - DMatrix, 36
- log
 - DMatrix, 66
- LQ
 - DMatrix, 66
- LSMNSolve
 - DMatrix, 66
- LU
 - DMatrix, 67
- LUFSolve
 - DMatrix, 67
- LUSolve
 - DMatrix, 67
- MatrixSign
 - DMatrix, 68
- Max
 - DMatrix, 68
- MaxAbs
 - DMatrix, 68
- mean
 - DMatrix, 68
- MemCpyArray
 - DMatrix, 36
- Min
 - DMatrix, 69
- MinAbs
 - DMatrix, 69
- mpow
 - DMatrix, 36, 69
- mtype
 - DMatrix, 80
- Multitype, 86
- Namelist, 87
- norm
 - DMatrix, 70
- null
 - DMatrix, 70
- olist, 88
- ones
 - DMatrix, 70
- operator, §50
- operator<
 - DMatrix, 45, 46
- operator<=
 - DMatrix, 46
- operator>
 - DMatrix, 48
- operator>=
 - DMatrix, 48, 49
- operator*
 - DMatrix, 42, 70
- operator*=
 - DMatrix, 43
- operator^
 - DMatrix, 49
- operator()
 - DMatrix, 38–42
- operator+
 - DMatrix, 43
- operator+=
 - DMatrix, 44
- operator-
 - DMatrix, 44, 70
- operator-=
 - DMatrix, 44
- operator/
 - DMatrix, 45
- operator/=
 - DMatrix, 45
- operator=
 - DMatrix, 47
- operator==
 - DMatrix, 47, 48
- operator%
 - DMatrix, 37
- operator&
 - DMatrix, 37
- operator&&
 - DMatrix, 38
- orth
 - DMatrix, 71
- pinv
 - DMatrix, 71
- Print
 - DMatrix, 50
- PrintInfo
 - DMatrix, 50
- prod
 - DMatrix, 71
- Product
 - DMatrix, 71
- ProductT
 - DMatrix, 72
- QR
 - DMatrix, 72
- QRFSolve
 - DMatrix, 72
- QRSolve
 - DMatrix, 73

randn
 DMatrix, [73](#)

random_gaussian
 DMatrix, [50](#)

random_uniform
 DMatrix, [50](#)

randu
 DMatrix, [73](#)

rank
 DMatrix, [73](#)

rcond
 DMatrix, [74](#)

Read
 DMatrix, [51](#)

reshape
 DMatrix, [74](#)

Resize
 DMatrix, [51](#)

Row
 DMatrix, [51](#)

rowMult
 DMatrix, [51](#)

Save
 DMatrix, [52](#)

schur
 DMatrix, [74](#)

SetColIndexPointer
 DMatrix, [52](#)

SetColumn
 DMatrix, [52](#)

SetMType
 DMatrix, [52](#)

SetPrintLevel
 DMatrix, [52](#)

SetReferencedDMatrixPointer
 DMatrix, [53](#)

SetRow
 DMatrix, [53](#)

SetRowIndexPointer
 DMatrix, [53](#)

SetSubMatrix
 DMatrix, [53](#)

sin
 DMatrix, [74](#)

sinh
 DMatrix, [75](#)

sort
 DMatrix, [75](#)

Sqrt
 DMatrix, [75](#)

Std
 DMatrix, [76](#)

sub_matrix
 DMatrix, [54](#)

sum
 DMatrix, [76](#)

SVD
 DMatrix, [76](#)

SVDSolve
 DMatrix, [77](#)

SwapColumns
 DMatrix, [54](#)

SwapRows
 DMatrix, [54](#)

tan
 DMatrix, [77](#)

tanh
 DMatrix, [77](#)

toc
 DMatrix, [77](#)

TProduct
 DMatrix, [78](#)

TProductT
 DMatrix, [78](#)

tra
 DMatrix, [78](#)

trace
 DMatrix, [78](#)

Transpose
 DMatrix, [54](#)

triu
 DMatrix, [79](#)

var
 DMatrix, [79](#)

Vardesc, [89](#)

vec
 DMatrix, [79](#)

zeros
 DMatrix, [79](#)