Evoked potentials

Simulation

- 1. Simulate a signal model to understand the need for ensemble averaging of neural data in an evoked potential based study
- 2. Use sampling rate of 1000 Hz, 200+ trials of a known signal superimposed with random (white) noise of specified amplitude
- 3. Use ensemble averaging to obtain the evoked potential
- 4. Were you able to retrieve the original signal?
- 5. How does the number of epochs affect the quality of the retrieved signal?
- 6. Increase the noise amplitude and redo 3–5 and answer the questions.
- 7. Jitter the signals in each epoch by a known time (randomly sampled between -3 to 3 ms) and show how latency jitter alters the ensemble averaged evoked potential.

Optional

 Implement a latency-jitter correction algorithm and implement on the simulated signal to reliably retrieve the signal

Real EP data

- 1. Use epData.txt for this exercise
- 2. Sampling frequency = 3200 Hz; First stimulus at 0 ms and inter-stimulus interval is 160 ms
- 3. Epoch the data and plot them and comment
 - a. Is any pattern visible on a line plot?
 - b. How about an image plot of the M*N matrix? Is any pattern visible now?
 - c. Plot the ensemble average on top of the individual epoch and look for possible similarities in the raw traces of epochs.
- 4. How does the quality of the ensemble average vary with the number of epochs?
- 5. Now plot the probability density functions of the original signal epochs, noise epochs, combined epochs (signal+noise) and the ensemble averaged signals. What is the pattern you see?

Optional

Calculate the SNR of the ensemble average and plot it against the number of epochs used

Data credits: IMT-LiU