DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Faculty of Engineering and Technology, SRM

DESIGN PROJECT PROPOSAL FORM

Project Title : Wideband spectrum sensing using subnyquist techniques for Cognitive Radio Networks

Supervisor/Guide : Mr. M.Aravindan

Assistant Professor

Electronics and Communication Department

Team Members : 1. Pushkar Sharma (Reg No.- RA1411004010442)

2. Siddhant Chawla (Reg No.- RA1411004010497)

3. Abhishek Sengupta (Reg No.- RA1411004010499)

Background/Literature Review:

This paper presents the design proposal for detecting the unoccupied band in a wideband RF spectrum using the compressive sensing with subnyquist techniques for cognitive radio networks.

References:

- 1. Advances on Spectrum Sensing for Cognitive Radio Networks: Theory and Applications Abdelmohsen Ali, Student Member, IEEE, and Walaa Hamouda, Senior Member, IEEE
- 2. Tianyi Xiong, Student Member, IEEE, Hongbin Li, Senior Member, IEEE, Peihan Qi, and Zan Li, Senior Member, IEEE- "Pre-Decision for Wideband Spectrum Sensing with Sub-Nyquist Sampling"

Objective:

To determine the unoccupied RF band by using wideband sensing and to use them in wireless communication to prevent spectral wastage.

Requirements:

1) Matlab R2017a

Technical Requirements:

Engineering standards and realistic constraints in these areas:

Area	Codes & Standards / Realistic Constraints			
Economic	Targeted to reduce Spectral Wastage and hence helps in economic			
	sustainability.			
Environmental	This project is not expected to entail any particular environment			
	consequences.			
Social	This project aims for making wireless communications more			
	efficient, hence leads to the betterment of the society.			
Ethical	This project is not expected to entail ethical constraints.			
Health and Safety	This project is not expected to entail health and safety constraints			
	except in the use of lead-bearing solder in its assembly.			
Manufacturability	This project must be easily replicated. This requires complete			
	schematics, complete and documented code listings, and use of the			
	MATLAB (R2017a) software available in the networking Lab.			
Sustainability	The Project uses only code listings in MATLAB and hence the			
	software can be reused.			

Realistic Constraints:

- 1)Sparsity levels may change. A primary user can occupy a band at any time. So unwanted changes in the signal level can occur.
- 2)If Channel State Information (CSI) is not known, then the presence of Primary Users cannot be detected.

Deliverables:

1)Wideband spectrum sensing will be executed and the result whether the primary user is presented or not in the spectrum will be shown in MATLAB

Standards Referred/used:

1)GSM (IEEE 802.21)

GSM (Global System for Mobile communication) is a digital mobile telephony system that is widely used in Europe and other parts of the world. GSM uses a variation of time division multiple access (TDMA) and is the most widely used of the three digital wireless telephony technologies (TDMA, GSM, and CDMA)

2)WiMAX (IEEE 802.16e)

4G is the fourth generation of broadband cellular network technology, succeeding 3G. A 4G system must provide capabilities defined by ITU in IMT Advanced. Potential and current applications include amended mobile web access, IP telephony, gaming services, high-definition mobile TV, video conferencing, and 3D television.

Abstract:

Cognitive radio(CR) communications have recently emerged as a reliable and effective solution due to underutilization problem in the given radio spectrum. Nowadays Cognitive radio networks are extensively used because of their ability to produce reliable and efficient service. Spectrum sensing provides the essential information to enable this interweave communications in which primary and secondary users are not allowed to access the medium concurrently. In this project, we will be implementing a model that can be used to sense the unused RF bands by measuring their energy levels using power spectral density techniques. We will be using wideband sensing techniques that uses sub nyquist frequencies (frequencies that are below the Nyquist frequency). In this way we can detect the unused spectrum and hence reduce spectral wastage and improve spectral efficiency by accommodating the licensed secondary users.

Additional Requirements:

(Multidisciplinary tasks – Mechanical, instrumentation, electrical, Computational /IT involved)

This project involves software works in Matlab R2017a version.

Other Department	Utilised for	Remarks
Basic Sciences		
Mechanical Engineering		
Instrumentation and Control Engineering		
Electrical and Electronics Engineering		
Computational/IT	Matlab R2017a	
Biomedical Engineering		
Purchase Section		
Maintenance Department		
Desktop publications	Report	

ABET Design Project Summary

Project	Objective of	Realistic	Standards to be	Multidisciplinary
Title	the Project	constraints	referred/followed	tasks involved
	-	imposed		
Wideband	To determine	1)Sparsity	1)GSM (IEEE	1)Computational
spectrum	the unoccupied	levels may	802.21)	and IT field for
sensing	band by using	change . A		MATLAB
using sub	wideband	primary user	2)WiMAX (IEEE	2)Desktop
Nyquist	sensing and	can occupy a	802.16e)	publication for
techniques	cognitive radio	band at any		report.
for	and to use	time. So		
cognitive	them in	unwanted		
radio	wireless	changes in the		
networks	communication	signal level can		
	to prevent	occur.		
	spectral	2) Channel		
	wastage.	State		
	_	Information		
		should be		
		known		