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Name :							
Roll No. : .	•••••	•••••					
Invigilator'	s Signature :						
	CS/B.Tech (ME) 2009	/SEM-5/ME-504/2009-10					
	TECHNOLOGY OF	MACHINING					
Time Allott	ed: 3 Hours	Full Marks: 70					
	The figures in the margin i	ndicate full marks.					
Candidat	es are required to give their as far as pro	answers in their own words acticable.					
	GROUP – (Multiple Choice Typ						
1. Choos	se the correct alternatives f	For the following: $10 \times 1 = 10$					
	i) Both the cutting motion and feed motion are imparted to the cutting tool in						
а	a) lathe for turning						
b) milling machine						
c) vertical boring machin	e					
d) horizontal boring mach	nine.					

ii) The workpiece is reciprocated for cutting motion in

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a) shaping machine

- b) planing machine
- c) slotting machine
- d) cylindrical grinding machine.

- iii) Gear-teeth of internal spur gears can be produced in
 - a) milling machine
 - b) shaping machine
 - c) gear shaping machine
 - d) gear hobbing machine.
- iv) Jigs and Fixtures are justifiably used in machine shops for
 - a) piece production
- b) batch production
- c) mass production
- d) all of these.
- v) Through cylindrical holes can be originated in solid bodies by machining in
 - a) drilling machine
- b) boring machine
- c) broaching machine
- d) slotting machine.
- vi) If 't' is the thickness of underformed chip in mm 'Φ' is the side cutting edge angle of the single point tool and 's' is the feed in mm/rev, then
 - a) $t = s.\sin\Phi$
- b) $s = t.\sin\Phi$
- c) $t = s.\cos\Phi$
- d) $s = t \cdot \cos \Phi$.
- vii) Back Rack angle of a single point tool
 - a) by which the face of the tool is inclined sideways
 - b) by which the face of the tool is inclined towards back
 - c) by which the face of the tool is inclined with the flank
 - d) none of these.

viii)	Too	l wear in carbide tool ta	kes p	lace due to				
	a)	diffusion	b)	adhesion				
	c)	abrasion	d)	all of these	.			
ix)	Chi	p formation in turning a	steel	bar is basi	cally a			
	a)	simple shearing proces	ss					
	b)	tearing process						
	c)	plastic deformation pr	ocess.					
x)	Crite	Criterion of tool-life in HSS tool is						
	a)	flank wear						
	b)	crater wear						
	c)	fixed volume of chip re	mova	1				
	d)	increase in power cons	umpt	ion by 20%	•			
GROUP – B (Short Answer Type Questions)								
		Answer any three of t			2 v 5	= 15		
2. (a)	Wha	t is the effect of chip th		_				
	angle	e?	ickiic	ss rado on	siicai į	$2\frac{1}{2}$		
w(h)	Co	manta albania di Siri		_				
(b)	Com	pute shear strain for or	thogo	nal cutting.		$2\frac{1}{2}$		
3. (a)	What deter	t is the principle mining shear plane an	of M gle in	ferchant's orthogonal	model cutting	for		
						$2\frac{1}{2}$		
(b)	Disti	nguish between shapin	g and	planing.		$2\frac{1}{2}$		
4. (a)		are the conditions fa	voura	able for Bu	ilt-up I	•		
* .						$2\frac{1}{2}$		
* b)	How	are ploughing forces de	termi	ned?	•	$2\frac{1}{2}$		
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- 5. (a) Explain the different mechanisms of tool wear? $2\frac{1}{2}$
 - What are the desirable properties of cutting tool materials? $2\frac{1}{2}$
- 6. (a) How is the abrasive selected for a grinding operation ? $2\frac{1}{2}$
- b) What is the specification of a grinding wheel for grinding steel C-40 ? $2\frac{1}{2}$

GROUP – C (Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 7. Describe briefly with the help of suitable sketches the methods of production of external screw threads by rolling different types of dies.
- 8. a) The following observations were made during orthogonal cutting of an aluminium alloy: thickness of uncut chip (t) = 0·18 mm, width of uncut chip (b) = 4·0 mm, length of uncut chip (l) = 165 mm, length of the chip (l_c) = 45 mm, width of the chip (b_c) = 4·5 mm, μ = 0·75, τ = 245 N/mm², V = 35 m/min, α = 20°, Calculate:
 - i) Cutting force
 - ii) Feed force
 - iii) Power consumption.

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- b) During shaping (like single point machining/turning) a steel plate at feed, 0.20 mm/stroke and depth 4 mm by a tool of $\lambda = \gamma = 0^{\circ}$ and $\varphi = 90^{\circ}$ P_z and P_X were found (measured by dynamometer) to be 800 N and 400 N respectively. Chip thickness a_2 is 0.4 mm. From the aforesaid conditions and using Merchant's circle diagram, determine the yield shear strength of the work material in the machining condition?
- Sketch a HSS twist drill to show principal geometrical specifications.
- 9. a) A cast-iron surface 300 mm long and 180 mm wide is to be machined on a shaper with cutting-to-return ratio of 3:2. Cutting speed, feed and clearance are 24 m/min, 2 mm/double stroke and 30 mm respectively. The available ram strokes on the shaper are 28, 40, 60 and 90 strokes/min. If the depth of cut is 3.5 mm, determine
 - i) Time required machining the surface
 - ii) Material removal rate.

What are the basic elements or components of jigs and fixtures?

What are the different methods of application of cutting fluid?

- 10. (a) Explain the bar feeding mechanism used in Turret & Capstan lathe.
 - (b) What is 'centreless grinding'? Explain the operation with a neat sketch.
 - What is the meaning of the term 'vehicle' used in lapping? With the aid of a sketch, show the principle of superfinishing.

 5 + 5 + 5
- Define tool wear. Explain in brief about the basic mechanism of wear formation. Write the principal types of wear accruing in the cutting tool (with a neat sketch). 1 + 2 + 2
 - b) Explain how tool life is affected by tool geometry. 3
 - c) The following data were recorded while turning a mild steel rod on a lathe:

Cutting speed = 30 m/min, feed rate = 0.25 mm/rev, depth of cut = 2.0, tool life = 90 minutes.

The following tool life equation is given by the equation $VT^{0.12} f^{0.7} t^{0.3} = C$. If the cutting speed is increased by 25%, what will be the effect on tool life?

What do you understand by machinability rating?

Name one method of it.

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- 12. a) A 2-start external square thread of 10 mm pitch and outside diameter of 62 mm is to be cut on a centre lathe which has a 6 mm pitch lead screw. Calculate
 - i) Depth of thread to give a clearance of 0.12 mm
 - ii) Lead to the thread
 - iii) Gear ratio.

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- b) Distinguish between mass production and batch production.
- What is piece production? How does it differ from batch production?
- 13. a) Calculate the time required to mill a slot of 350 mm × 30 mm in a mild steel workpiece of 350 mm length with a side and face milling cutter of 120 mm diameter, 30 mm wide and having 20 teeth. The depth of cut is 6 mm, the feed per tooth is 0·1 mm and cutting speed is 34 m/min. Assume overtravel distance of 5 mm.
 - b) Obtain indexing for 51 divisions.

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What is honing and lapping?