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| Invigilator's Signature : | |

CS/B.Tech (FT)/SEM-7/HU-702/2010-11 2010-11 ENGINEERING ECONOMICS

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following: $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - i) Elasticity of demand for a necessary good is
 - a) equal to one
 - b) greater than one
 - c) less than one
 - d) zero.
 - ii) A monopolist operates when
 - a) Price elasticity of demand > 1
 - b) Price elasticity of demand < 1
 - c) Price elasticity of demand = 1
 - d) Price elasticity of demand = 0.
 - iii) In order to control to the inflation, RBI
 - a) decreases CRR b) increases CRR
 - c) does not change CRR d) decreases SLR.

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CS/B.Tech (FT)/SEM-7/HU-702/2010-11 iv) NNP (Net National Product) is GDP - Depreciation b) GDP + Depreciation **GNP** + Depreciation d) GNP - Depreciation. c) When AC is minimum, AVC is v) diminishing a) b) increasing c) minimum d) equal to AC. If a change in all inputs leads to more than proportional vi) change in output, it is a case of a) increasing returns to scale b) decreasing returns to scale c) constant returns to scale variable returns to scale. d) If the cross elasticity of demand is negative then the commodities are Giffen Substitutes a) b) c) Complements d) Normal. viii) Supply curve is absent in Monopoly a) b) Perfect competition c) Monopolistic competition Oligopoly. d) ix) For two perfectly substitute goods an indifference curve is a) convex to the origin b) concave to the origin c) L-shaped d) straight line. x) The demand curve of the oligopolist has a kink because he expects

> competitor's uncertain behaviour competitor's certain behaviour

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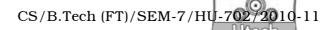
demand broken

none of these.

a)

b) c)

d)



GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

- $3 \times 5 = 15$
- 2. Why supply curve is upward rising and demand curve is downward sloping?
- 3. Define Ridgeline. Enumerate the economic region of production.
- 4. Define income elasticity of demand. What are the values of income elasticities for luxury and necessary goods?
- 5. Define the concept of GDP and GNP. Give example.
- 6. State the main features of perfect competition.

GROUP - C

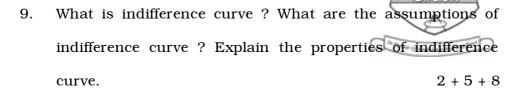
(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following.

- $3 \times 15 = 45$
- 7. What is demand and demand function? Explain geometrically the price-quantity relationship where demand curve is negatively sloped, vertical to the price axis and positively sloped. 5 + 10
- 8. What is elasticity of supply ? Prove that elasticity of supply varies from '0' to ' ∞ '. Explain the market equilibrium.

2 + 6 + 7

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- 10. a) Define the concept of liberalization of Indian economy.
 - b) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of privatization of Indian industries.5 + 10
- 11. Write short notes on any *two* of the following: $2 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$
 - a) Capital budgeting
 - b) Banking reforms in India
 - c) National income
 - d) Demand for costing.

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