

Code No: 151AF

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**B. Tech I Year I Semester Examinations, March/April - 2023****CHEMISTRY****(Common to EEE, CSE, IT, CSIT, ITE, CE(SE), CSE(CS), CSE(DS), CSE(N), CSD)****Time: 3 Hours****Max. Marks: 75****Note:** i) Question paper consists of Part A, Part B.

ii) Part A is compulsory, which carries 25 marks. In Part A, Answer all questions.

iii) In Part B, Answer any one question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub questions.

PART – A**(25 Marks)**

- 1.a) Define the term ligand. Give examples. [2]
- b) Calculate the bond order N_2 . [3]
- c) What is calgon conditioning? Write the reaction involved. [2]
- d) How many grams of $FeSO_4$ dissolved per litre gives 210.5 ppm of hardness. [3]
- e) Give two factors affecting the rate of corrosion. [2]
- f) What is electro less plating? Explain briefly. [3]
- g) How is aspirin synthesized? Write its applications. [2]
- h) What is optical activity? Write the number of Enantiomers possible for Lactic Acid. [3]
- i) What is the role of TMS(Tetramethylsilane) in NMR spectroscopy? [2]
- j) Methane does not absorb IR radiations. Why? [3]

PART - B**(50 Marks)**

- 2.a) Explain the crystal field splitting of d -orbital's in Square planar complexes.
- b) Draw and explain the π – molecular orbital's of Benzene molecule. [5+5]

OR

- 3.a) What is Crystal Field Theory? Write the salient features of CFT.
- b) Discuss the crystal field splitting of d -orbital's in tetrahedral complexe. [5+5]

- 4.a) Write the causes and effects and preventive methods for caustic Embrittlement in boiler feed water.
- b) Write the principle involved in Reverse osmosis? Explain the desalination of Brackish water by Reverse Osmosis method. [5+5]

OR

- 5.a) What are the specification of Potable water? Write two methods of disinfection of Drinking water.
- b) A water sample on analysis gave the following data.
 $CaSO_4 = 60 \text{ mg/l}$, $Mg(HCO_3)_2 = 74 \text{ mg/l}$, $CaCl_2 = 24 \text{ mg/l}$, $NaCl = 5 \text{ mg/l}$, $MgCl_2 = 20 \text{ mg/l}$. Calculate Temporary, Permanent and Total hardness in degree Clark units.

[5+5]

- 6.a) Explain with a neat diagram the construction and working of Calomel electrode.
b) What is cathodic protection? Discuss the sacrificial anodic method of protection of metals. [5+5]

OR

- 7.a) Describe the construction and working of Lithium ion battery.
b) Write the mechanism of electrochemical corrosion by taking the example rusting of iron. [5+5]

- 8.a) Explain the terms : Geometrical isomerism and Diastereomers with examples.
b) Discuss the mechanism of Markownikoff and anti Markownikoff's addition reaction of HBr to propene. [5+5]

OR

- 9.a) What is Grignard reagent? Discuss the mechanism of addition of Grignard reagent to on carbonyl compounds.
b) Discuss the reduction of carbonyl compounds by using LiAlH_4 and NaBH_4 reagents. [5+5]

- 10.a) Write the principle of UV-Visible spectroscopy. What type of compounds absorb UV- radiations? Give examples.
b) Write the stretching frequencies of the following functional groups in IR spectroscopy.
i) R-CHO ii) $\text{R-CH}_2\text{NH}_2$ iii) R-OH [5+5]

OR

- 11.a) How do you distinguish the following compounds, cis-stilbene and Trans stilbene Compounds by UV spectroscopy:
b) Write the principle of ^1H NMR spectroscopy. Write the important application of NMR spectroscopy. [5+5]

---ooOoo---