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Paper Code : PEC-IT601B Distributed Systems UPID : 006590

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The Figures in the margin Indicate full marks.

Candidate are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Group-A (Very Short Answer Type Question)

Group-A (Very Short Answer Type Question)		
1. Answer	any ten of the following:	$[1 \times 10 = 10]$
(1)	What is data replication?	
(11)	What is minterm predicate?	
(111)	Define homogeneous distributed database.	
_(PV)	(IV) What is the maximum no of functional dependencies (trivial and non-trivial) of a relation R of degree ?	
_ (V)	Write the full form of OLAP.	
(VI)	What is data dictionary?	
(VII)	Provide a technique for recovery management.	
√ (VIII)	Edit of a data item in a transaction is done in which mode?	
(IX)	What are the attribute usage values?	
(X)	What do you mean by granularity?	
(XI)	What is the disadvantage of replication?	
(XII)	Who is responsible for ensuring correct execution of a transaction in the presence of failures?	
Group-B (Short Answer Type Question)		
	Answer any three of the following:	[5 x 3 = 15]
Z. Wha	at are the advantages and disadvantages of replication? What is auxiliary program?	[5]
,	te down the Dynamic query optimization methods with example.	[5]
		[5]
5. Explain distributed cost model with example.		[5]
	at is DDBMS ? What are the features of DDBMS ?	[5]
Group-C (Long Answer Type Question)		
	Answer any three of the following:	[15 x 3 = 45]
~ - 1		[8+4+3]
, Expl	ain the following in detail: very optimization issues in DDBs.	(,
ii. W	orld Wide Web Architecture and Protocols.	
iii. C	ata warehousing architectures.	
	t is flat transaction and nested transaction?	[4+6+5]
	uss about dirty-read, fuzzy read and phantom.	
	t is ACID in DDBMS?	pairs [15]
8. Brief	ly describe the various implementations of the process pairs concept. Comment on how process be useful in implementing a fault tolerant distributed DBMS.	pairs (15)
-	e down "Basic Timestamp Ordering Scheduler (BTO-SC) Algorithm".	[8+7]
	e down "Data Processor (DP) Algorithm" .	•
	uss different types of search strategies.	[6+4+5]
Wha	t is search space in distributed query optimization?	
	lify the following query, expressed in SQL, using idempotency rules:	
	CT ENO	
	/I ASG RE RESP = "Analyst"	
	NOT(PNO="P2" OR DUR=12)	
	PNO != "P2"	
AND	DUR=12	