

**SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION : JULY, 2018**  
**DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

Time :3 Hrs

Maximum Marks :70

*Note: Attempt questions from all sections as directed.*

**Section - A : Attempt any Five questions out of Six . Each question carries 6 marks. [30 Marks]**

- Q1. Draw the overall structure of DBMS and explain its various components.
- Q2. Compare and contrast among the Candidate key, Primary key, Alternate key, Composite key & Foreign key with suitable example.
- Q3. How Normalization can be achieved? Explain the differences between BCNF & 3NF.
- Q4. Explain the differences between Cartesian-product and Natural-join operation with suitable example.
- Q5. What do you mean by Time Stamping Protocols for Concurrency Control. Explain multiversion scheme of concurrency control.
- Q6. Give a brief note on:  
(a) Relational Calculus (b) Data Mining

**Section B : Attempt any two questions out of three. Each question carries 10 marks. [20 Marks]**

- Q7. Construct an ER diagram for a Hospital with a set of patients and a set of medical doctors. Associate with each patient a log of the various tests and examination conducted.
- Q8. Explain the differences between Deadlock Prevention and Deadlock Avoidance? Discuss the immediate recovery technique in single user and multi user environments. What are the advantages and disadvantages of immediate update?
- Q9. Consider the following relation and FD set,  $R(A,B,C,D,E,F)$  and set  $F = \{ A \twoheadrightarrow B, C \twoheadrightarrow DF, AC \twoheadrightarrow E, D \twoheadrightarrow f \}$   
Determine the key(s) for relation. Normalize the relation upto third normal form and when Fourth normal form is violated. Why is it useful? Justify your answer.



- Q10. (I) Given the relation schema  $R=(A,B,C)$  and  $S=(D,E,F)$  and relation instance  $r(R)$  and  $s(S)$ . Give an expression in SQL to each of the following queries by appropriate example.
- (a)  $\Pi_B(r)$
  - (b)  $\sigma_{A>20}(r)$
  - (c)  $r * s$
  - (d)  $\Pi_{A,F}(\sigma_{C=E}(r * s))$

(10)

(II) Consider the relation given below:

Dealer (Dealer\_numbr, Dealer\_name, Address)

Part (Part\_no, Part\_name, color)

Assigned-to (Dealer\_no, Part\_no, cost)

Give an expression in Relational Algebra for the following queries:

- (a) Find the name of all dealers who supply 'Red' parts.
- (b) Find the name of all dealers who supply 'Yellow and Green' parts.

Also write the syntax and purpose of the following SQL commands:

sysdate(), to\_date(), dual table, to\_number, substr(), initcap()

(10)

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