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Invigilator's Signature :	

# CS / B.TECH ( EEE / ICE / EE (O) ) / SEM-4 / EC-401/ 2011 2011

#### ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

#### **GROUP - A**

### ( Multiple Choice Type Questions )

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$ 

- i) If input of an op-amp comparator is sine wave, output is
  - a) cosine wave
- b) spike wave
- c) ramp function
- d) square wave.
- ii) High frequency response of transistor amplifier falls due

to

- a) coupling capacitor at output
- b) coupling capacitor at input
- c) BJT's internal capacitance
- d) Skin effect.

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- iii) BJT operated as a switch in
  - a) active region
  - b) active and saturation region
  - c) active and cut off region
  - d) cut off and saturation region.
- iv) A push-pull amplifier balances out
  - a) odd harmonics
  - b) even harmonics
  - c) both odd as well as even harmonics
  - d) neither odd nor even harmonics.
- v) The AC load line is the same as the DC load line when the AC collector resistance equals the
  - a) DC emitter resistance
  - b) AC emitter resistance
  - c) DC collector resistance
  - d) supply voltage divided by collector current.
- vi) Transconductance indicates how effectively the input voltage controls the
  - a) Voltage gain
- b) Input resistance
- c) Supply voltage
- d) Output current.

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- vii) The kind of oscillator found in an electronic wristwatch is the
  - a) Armstrong
- b) Clapp
- c) Colpitts
- d) Quartz crystal.
- viii) Differential amplifier can be used to amplify
  - a) only AC signal (input)
  - b) only DC signal (input)
  - c) both AC and DC signals
  - d) none of these.
- ix) Heat sinks are used in power amplifier circuits primarily to increase
  - a) the output power
  - b) the voltage gain
  - c) collector dissipation rating of the transistor
  - d) dissipation of energy of free electrons.
- x) The input impedance is highest for
  - a) a CB amplifier
  - b) a CC amplifier
  - c) a CE amplifier.
- xi) The maximum efficiency of a push-pull class B power amplifier is
  - a) 60%

b) 78.5%

c) 33%

d) 55·5%.

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- xii) If the input of a Schmitt trigger is a saw tooth wave, the output is
  - a) sine wave
  - b) triangular wave
  - c) pulse waveform
  - d) without any change but amplified.
- xiii) To avoid false triggering of the NE 555 timer the RESET pm (Pin 4) is generally connected to
  - a) Pin 8

b) Pin 1

c) Pin 3

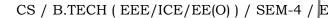
- d) no connector.
- xiv) In a logarithmic amplifier, the logarithmic effect of the input is obtained for
  - a) non-linear devices, line diode or transistor
  - b) negative feedback
  - c) the OP-Amp itself
  - d) the inverting input terminal.
- xv) The OP pulse width for a monostable multivibrator using IC 555 where internal resistance and capacitance are 20 k  $\Omega$  and 0·1  $\mu F$  is
  - a) 2.1 s

b) 2.5 ms

c) 2.2 µs

d) 2 ms.

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#### (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

- 2. Discuss the operation of a logarithmic amplifier with the help of a suitable diagram. Can it be used to multiply two signals ? If so, how?
- 3. Briefly explain the operation of a logarithmic amplifier circuit with block diagram.
- 4. What are the ideal characteristics of an operational amplifier? Explain the working of a current mirror circuit with suitable current equations.
- 5. Define stability factor of BJT and state its significance. Find an expression for stability factor for CE amplifier with fixed bias.
- 6. Draw the circuit diagram for an astable multivibrator using 555 timer IC. Derive the expression the frequency.

#### GROUP - C

#### (Long Answer Type Questions)

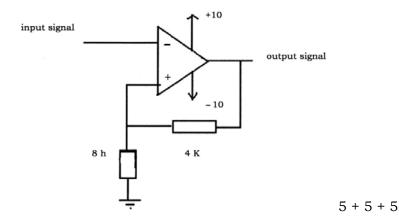
Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

7. What is a MOS capacitor? Explain the induction of current and conduction of current in an n-channel MOSFET with suitable characteristic curves. What are the shortcomings of small signal model in a MOSFET?

- 8. Explain a class *AB* push-pull amplifier. Derive the efficiency of class *B* amplifier. Explain a self-bias circuit and give the reason for naming self-bias.
- Sketch the circuit of Wien-bridge oscillator. Explain the principle of operation and find an expression for the frequency of oscillation.

Prove that the amplifier gain in a phase shift oscillator is at least 29 for sustained oscillation A phase shift oscillator using a transistor has the following parameter values :  $R_L=3\cdot 3~\mathrm{k}\Omega\,,\,R=5.6~\mathrm{k}\Omega\,\,\mathrm{and}\,\,C=.01~\mathrm{\mu F}.$ 

10. Draw the circuit of second order high passes filter & show that it blocks the low frequency and passes the high frequency. Find the upper & lower threshold voltage for circuit given below:



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- 11. Write short notes on any three of the following:
  - i) Logarithmic Amplifier
  - ii) Pulse width modulation using IC 555
  - iii) Wien-bridge oscillator
  - iv) Four basic feedback topologies
  - v) Three input average adder.

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