

ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2024 – 25

1ST Year (1ST Sem) B.Tech.

MATHEMATICS I

Duration: 3:00 hrs

Max Marks: 100

Note: - Attempt all questions. All Questions carry equal marks. In case of any ambiguity or missing data, the same may be assumed and state the assumption made in the answer.

Q 1.	Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)
a)	(i) Verify Rolle's theorem for the function $f(x) = \sin x + \cos x - 1$ in $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$. (5 marks)
(ii)	If $z = x \cdot \log(x + r) - r$, where $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$, prove that $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = \frac{1}{x+r}.$ (5 marks)
b)	(i) Express $x^4 + 3x^3 - 8x + 20$ in powers of $(x + 1)$ using Taylor's theorem. (5 marks)
(ii)	Find the area of the greatest rectangle that can be inscribed in an ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$. (5 marks)
c)	If $u = ax^2 + by^2 + cz^2$ where $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ and $lx + my + nz = 0$, prove that the stationary values of u satisfy the equation $\frac{l^2}{a-u} + \frac{m^2}{b-u} + \frac{n^2}{c-u} = 0$. (10 marks)
Q 2.	Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)
a)	(i) Find the volume if the area of the loop of $y^2 = x^2(x + 4)$ is revolved about x -axis. (5 marks)
(ii)	Evaluate $\iint y \, dx \, dy$ over the area bounded by the parabolas $y^2 = 4x$ and $x^2 = 4y$. (5 marks)
b)	Solve $\int_0^1 \int_x^{\sqrt{2-x^2}} \frac{x \, dy \, dx}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$ by Changing the order of integration. (10 marks)
c)	Show that $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} \, dx \times \int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+x^4}} = \frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{2}}$. (10 marks)
Q 3.	Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)
a)	(i) Find the constants m and n such that the surface $mx^2 - 2nyz = (m + 4)x$ will be orthogonal to the surface $4x^2y + z^3 = 4$ at the point $(1, -1, 2)$. (5 marks)
(ii)	Prove that $(y^2 - z^2 + 3yz - 2x)i + (3xz + 2xy)j + (3xy - 2xz + 2z)k$ is solenoidal. (5 marks)
b)	The vector field $\vec{F} = x^2i + zj + yzk$ is defined over the volume of the cuboid given by $0 \leq x \leq a$, $0 \leq y \leq b$, $0 \leq z \leq c$ enclosing the surface S . Evaluate the surface integral $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} \, dS$. (10 marks)
c)	Verify Green theorem for $\int_C \{ (3x^2 - 8y^2)dx + (4y - 6xy)dy \}$ where C is the boundary of the region bounded by $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $x + y = 1$. (10 marks)
Q 4.	Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)
a)	(i) Prove that the intersection of any two vector subspaces of a vector space is a subspace. (5 marks)
(ii)	Show that the vectors $(1, 3, 2)$, $(1, -7, -8)$ & $(2, 1, -1)$ of $V_3(F)$ are linearly dependent. (5 marks)
b)	Explain the concept of basis of a vector space. If $S = \{\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \dots, \alpha_n\}$ is the basis of a vector space $V(F)$, then show that each element of V is uniquely expressed as a linear combination of elements of S . (10 marks)
c)	Prove that the set $V = \{(a, b) : a, b \in R\}$ is a vector space with respect to the compositions of addition and scalar multiplication defined as under $(a, b) + (c, d) = (a + c, b + d)$ and $k(a, b) = (ka, kb)$. (10 marks)

Q 5.	<p>Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)</p> <p>a) (i) Find the rank of the following matrices A by reducing it into the normal form where</p> $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & -2 & 6 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$ <p>(ii) Test the consistency of the system of linear equations and hence find the solution $x + 2y - z = 3$, $3x - y + 2z = 1$, $2x - 2y + 3z = 2$, and $x - y + z = -1$ (5 marks)</p> <p>b) Calculate the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 & 4 \\ 5 & 7 & 5 \\ 4 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ (10 marks)</p> <p>c) Verify Cayley–Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ Hence find A^{-1}. (10 marks)</p>
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