

**17EI3304**

(or)

9. a. With a neat block diagram, explain in detail about smart sensor. **8M**
- b. Illustrate the configuration of biosensor. **7M**

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**VR17**

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VELAGAPUDI RAMAKRISHNA  
**SIDDHARTHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE**  
(AUTONOMOUS)

II/IV B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH, 2021

Third Semester

**ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATION ENGINEERING**

17EI3304 SENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS

*Time: 3 hours*

*Max. Marks: 70*

*Part-A is compulsory*

*Answer One Question from each Unit of Part-B*

*Answer to any single question or its part shall be written at one place only*

**PART-A**

**10 x 1 = 10M**

1. a. Define the terms sensitivity and resolution.
- b. Why do you need calibration?
- c. What is loading effect?
- d. List out the salient features of active and passive.
- e. What are the different factors that affect the choice of a transducer?
- f. Give the principle of piezo electric phenomenon.
- g. Why do we need accelerometer?
- h. What are the applications of inductive transducer?
- i. List the applications of micro sensor.
- j. What is chemical sensor?

**PART-B****4 x 15 = 60M****UNIT-I**

2. a. Derive the response of a first order element to a unit step input. Calculate the magnitude of the response at a time equal to twice the time constant. **7M**
- b. The following 10 observations were recorded when measuring a voltage in volts. 41.7, 42.0, 41.8, 42.0, 42.1, 41.9, 42.5, 42.0, 41.9, 41.8. Evaluate **8M**
- i) Mean                      ii) Standard Deviation
- iii) Probable Error        iv) Mode
- (or)
3. a. A voltmeter reading 70V on its 100V range and an ammeter reading 80mA on its 150mA range are used to determine the power dissipated in a resistor. Both these instruments are guaranteed to be accurate within  $\pm 1.5\%$  at full scaled deflection. Determine the limiting error of the power. **7M**
- b. What is an error? Classify the errors in measurement and also describe the reasons and preventive measures for the same? **8M**

**UNIT-II**

4. a. Discuss the operation of potentiometer and its application as a displacement sensor. **8M**

- b. Describe the thermoelectric effects. **7M**

(or)

5. a. Define gauge factor of a strain gauge and derive the expression of gauge factor for metals and semiconductors? **8M**
- b. Explain the principle of any one of inductive transducer with necessary diagrams. **7M**

**UNIT-III**

6. a. Explain how displacement is measured using Flapper-Nozzle transducer? **8M**
- b. With neat schematic, explain the principle and working of photo electric tachometer. **7M**

(or)

7. a. Explain about electromagnetic tachometer. **7M**
- b. Explain how piezo electric accelerometers are helpful for measurement purpose? **8M**

**UNIT-IV**

8. Explain how the following sensors are useful for modern industrial applications
- a. IR Radiation sensor **8M**
- b. Ultrasonic sensor **7M**