

20BS1101

UNIT-IV

8. a. Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} - 3y = x^2 \log x$. 8M

b. Apply the method of variation of parameters to solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = x \cos x$. 7M

(or)

9. a. Solve the simultaneous equations, $\frac{dx}{dt} + 5x - 2y = t$,

$\frac{dy}{dt} + 2x + y = 0$ given that $x = y = 0$ when $t = 0$. 8M

b. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \sin x$ by the method of undetermined coefficients. 7M

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VELAGAPUDI RAMAKRISHNA
SIDDHARTHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(AUTONOMOUS)

I/IV B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JULY, 2021

First Semester

20BS1101 MATRICES AND DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Part-A is compulsory

Answer One Question from each Unit of Part-B

Answer to any single question or its part shall be written at one place only

PART-A

10 x 1 = 10M

1. a. Define the rank of a quadratic form.
b. Define unitary matrix and give one example.
c. If -2, 3 and 4 are the eigen values of a given matrix A then what is the value of det A?
d. State Lagrange's mean value theorem.
e. Write the formula for finding the curvature at any point P (x, y) on the curve $y = f(x)$.
f. State the condition for the differential equation $M(x, y) dx + N(x, y) dy = 0$ to be exact.
g. Find the integrating factor for $y(1 + xy)dx + x(1 - xy)dy = 0$.
h. Find the complementary function for the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = \sec 2x$
i. Write the general form of Legendre's linear differential equation.
j. Find Wronskian of e^{2x} and e^{-2x} .

PART-B

4 x 15 = 60M

UNIT-I

2. a. For what values of λ , the equations

$x + y + z = 1$, $x + 2y + 4z = \lambda$, $x + 4y + 10z = \lambda^2$ have a solution and solve them completely in each case. **8M**

- b. Find the eigen values and the corresponding eigen vectors of the

matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. **7M**

(or)

3. a. Examine the nature of the quadratic form

$3x^2 - 3y^2 - 5z^2 - 2xy - 6yz - 6xz$ by converting into canonical form and specify the matrix of transformation. **8M**

b. Show that $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & -3 \\ -2 & -4 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ satisfies its characteristic equation

and find A^{-1} . **7M**

UNIT-II

4. a. Using Maclaurin's series find the expansion of $\log_e(1+x)$. **8M**

- b. Using Lagrange's mean value theorem, show that

$$\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{1}{5\sqrt{3}} < \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) < \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{1}{8}. \quad \mathbf{7M}$$

(or)

5. a. Expand the function $f(x, y) = e^x \log(1+y)$ in terms of x and y up to third degree terms using Taylor's theorem. **8M**

- b. Show that the function $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 63(x+y) + 12xy$ has maximum at $(-7, -7)$ and minimum at $(3, 3)$. **7M**

UNIT-III

6. a. Solve $y^2 dx + (x^2 - xy - y^2) dy = 0$. **8M**

- b. Show that the system of rectangular hyperbolas $x^2 - y^2 = a^2$ and $xy = c^2$ are mutually orthogonal trajectories. **7M**

(or)

7. a. Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 8x^2 e^{2x} \sin 2x$. **8M**

- b. A body kept in air with temperature 25°C cools from 140°C to 80°C in 20 minutes. Find when the body cools down to 35°C . **7M**