

MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL

Paper Code: IT-705E

ADVANCE DATA COMMUNICATION AND CODING

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP -- A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following: $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - i) The multiplexing technique used in SONET is
 - a) WDM

b) TDM

c) FDM

- d) TWDM.
- ii) The normal shape of a GSM cell is
 - a) Circular

- b) Triangular
- c) Octagonal
- d) Hexagonal.

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iii)	In	Frequency	Spectrum	is	divided	into
	smaller spect	ra and is all	located to e	ach	ı user.	

a) TDMA

b) CDMA

c) FDMA

- d) FGMA.
- State whether True of False.
 - The cells of subdivisions of a geographical area are always hexagonal
 - (II) A land to mobile call originates through the Telephone exchange.
 - a) True, False
- b) False, True
- c) False, False
- d) True, True.
- v) are typically characterized by very small cells, especially in densely populated areas.
 - a) 2G system
- b) 3G system
- c) 2.5 G system
- d) 3.5 G system.
- vi) An antenna which attempts to direct all its energy in a particular direction is called as a
 - a) Directional Antenna
 - b) One to One Antenna
 - c) Propagation Antenna
 - d) Single Direction Antenna.

vii)	Which	mode	is	uscd	for	installing	networks	in
	wireless communication device characterist							

- Fixed and wired
- Mobile and wired
- Fixed and wired c)
- Mobile and wireless.

viii) What is the first passive satellite transponder?

Sun

Early Bird

Score

Moon.

inside communication satellites are Repeaters known as

- Transceivers
- Transponders
- **Transducers**
- TWT. d)

..... is a satellite that rotates around the earth X) in a low-altitude elliptical or circular pattern.

- Geosynchronous satellite
- Non-synchronous satellite
- Prograde satellite
- Retrograde satellite.

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- What is the frequency range of C-band?
 - 8.5 to 12.5 GHz
- 3.4 to 6.425 GHz
- 12.95 to 14.95 GHz d) 27.5 to 31 GHz.
- A satellite signal transmitted from a satellite transponder to earth's station is
 - Uplink

Downlink

Terrestrial

- Earth-bound.
- xiii) The earth area covered by a satellite radio beam is
 - Beam width
- b) Band width

Footprint

- d) Zone.
- xiv) The term "hand off" is associated with
 - digital communication
 - analog communication b)
 - cellular communication
 - satellite communication.
- As the height of a satellite orbit gets lower, the speed of the satellite

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increases

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- decreases
- remains the same
- none of these.

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GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

- State and prove Nyquist theorem.
- What is adaptive delta modulator? 3.
 - How does it overcome the problems of delta modulation? 3 + 2
- What is the effect of solar eclipse on a satellite?
- Write a short note on Regenerative repeater. 5.
- Derive the expression for C/N ratio in satellite communication.

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

 $3 \times 15 = 45$ Answer any three of the following.

- Draw and explain the architecture of GSM. 7. a)
 - Discuss GPRS location management procedure. b)
 - Explain the main function of HLR VLR and AUC in 5 + 5 + 5GSM system/
- Explain the forward and reverse link in CDMA 8. based IS 95 system.

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- Draw and explain GPRS network architecture. What are GPRS radio interfaces?
- What is near and far problem in CDMA based system? 7 + 6 + 2
- Write Kepler's law related to orbital period of satellite.
 - Why is the uplink frequency greater than downlink frequency? What are apogee and perigee of a satellite?
 - What is sub-satellite point? What is the difference between geo-synchronous ad geo-stationary orbits? 5 + 6 + 4
- Draw and explain PCM technique.
 - Draw and explain the block diagram for generation and detection of BPSK signal.
 - Given the data stream 1100010110.

Sketch the transmitted sequence of rectangular pulses for each of the following line codes:

- Unipolar NRZ
- Unipolar RZ
- (iii) Manchester
- (iv) Polar NRZ. 5 + 6 + 4

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11. Write short notes on any three of the following: 3×5

- a) SONET
- b) Transponder and polarization hopping
- c) QPSK
- d) Inter-Symbol Interference (ISI)
- e) Delta modulation.

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