

## ODD SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2024 – 25

4<sup>th</sup> Year ( VII Sem) B.Tech.: Electronics & Communication Engg

## Digital Image Processing

Duration: 3:00 hrs

Max Marks: 100

*Note: - Attempt all questions. All Questions carry equal marks. In case of any ambiguity or missing data, the same may be assumed and state the assumption made in the answer.*

Q 1.	<p>Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)</p> <p>a) (i) List and describe the key steps involved in Digital Image Processing. (5 marks)</p> <p>(ii) What are the essential components of a Digital Image Processing system? (5 marks)</p> <p>b) What is Image Sampling and Quantization? Explain the significance of these processes in converting an analog image to a digital image. (10 marks)</p> <p>c) Describe the concept of pixel relationships. How do pixel relationships affect image processing algorithms like filtering or edge detection? (10 marks)</p>
Q 2.	<p>Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)</p> <p>a) (i) What are Gray Level Transformations in Digital Image Processing? Provide examples of different types of gray level transformations. (5 marks)</p> <p>(ii) Explain the concept of Histogram Processing in image enhancement. (5 marks)</p> <p>b) What is a Smoothing Filter in the Spatial Domain? How does it help in reducing noise in an image? (10 marks)</p> <p>c) What are Butterworth Filters in the frequency domain? Explain their characteristics and how they differ from ideal filters. (10 marks)</p>
Q 3.	<p>Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)</p> <p>a) (i) Describe the characteristics of Salt-and-Pepper noise and Gaussian noise. (5 marks)</p> <p>(ii) How does a Mean Filter work in image noise reduction, and what are its limitations? (5 marks)</p> <p>b) What is an Adaptive Filter in image processing? How does it differ from conventional filters, and what applications benefit from adaptive filtering? (10 marks)</p> <p>c) What is Inverse Filtering in image processing? Explain how it is used to restore an image affected by known degradation processes. (10 marks)</p>
Q 4.	<p>Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)</p> <p>a) (i) What is Point, Line, and Edge Detection in image segmentation? (5 marks)</p> <p>(ii) What is Segmentation Using Morphological Watersheds? (5 marks)</p> <p>b) Explain the concept of Thresholding in image segmentation. How does global and local thresholding differ, and when are they applied? (10 marks)</p> <p>c) How do edge detection techniques like the Sobel and Canny operators help in the segmentation process? Compare their effectiveness in detecting edges. (10 marks)</p>
Q 5.	<p>Answer any two parts of the following. (10x2= 20)</p> <p>a) (i) What is Inter-frame Redundancy in video coding? (5 marks)</p> <p>(ii) Explain Motion Estimation Techniques in video coding. (5 marks)</p> <p>b) What is the concept of Forward and Backward Motion Prediction in video coding? How do these techniques help in predicting motion between video frames? (10 marks)</p> <p>c) What is Temporal Segmentation in video processing? Explain the process of shot boundary detection and how it identifies hard-cuts and soft-cuts. (10 marks)</p>

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