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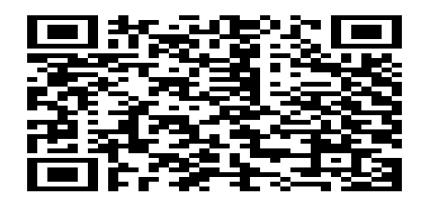
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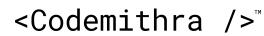




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QR code-





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## Pattern programming

## What you'll Learn



- Brief intro to pattern programming
- Benefits
- Approach
- Different patterns and programs







- On the basis of different designs/patterns using characters/numbers or combination of both
- Benefits
  - Enhances the **logical thinking** capabilities
- Prerequisites
  - Detailed understanding of control statements



## Categories



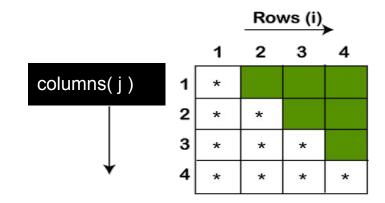
- Star patterns
- Number patterns
- Character patterns
- Combination of numbers and characters
- Examples of the designs
  - Right triangle, left triangle, pyramid, inverted triangle, etc..







- Draw the given pattern in the blocks to have a clear representation
- Get the logic with respect to the pattern
- Imply in the code using the control statements







```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Type1Program1 {
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("enter the row value");
        int row = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Triangled stars");
        for(int i = 1; i<=row; i++)</pre>
            for(int j = 1; j<=i; j++)
                System.out.print("*");
        System.out.println();
```





```
public class Type1Program2 {
                  public static void main(String[] args)
                       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                       System.out.println("enter the row value");
                       int num = sc.nextInt();
                       for(int i = 1; i<=num; i++)</pre>
                            for(int j= 1; j<=i;j++)</pre>
                                System.out.print(j);
                               System.out.println();
```





```
public class Type1Program3 {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
        System.out.println("enter the row value: ");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
        char ch = 'A'; // extra variable initialization inside the
outer for loop to retain the initial value in every row.
            for(int j=1;j<=i;j++)</pre>
                     System.out.print(ch++);//A
                      System.out.println();
```





```
public class Type1Program4 {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
        System.out.println("enter the row value: ");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        char ch='A';// extra variable initialization outside the
outer for
               loop to just print 'A' only once in the first row
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
            for(int j=1; j<=i; j++)
                System.out.print(ch++);
                System.out.println();
```





```
public class Type2Program1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("enter the row value");
         int num = sc.nextInt();
         int space = num-1;
         System.out.println("Triangled stars in the right side");
         for(int i = 1; i<=num; i++) {</pre>
              for(int k = 1; k<=space; k++)</pre>
                   System.out.print(" ");
              for(int j = 1; j<=i; j++) {
                   System.out.print("*");
                   System.out.println();
                   space--; }
          }}}
```





```
public class Type2Program2 {
public static void main(String[] args){| if( ((i==1 )|| (i==n)) && ((j==1) ||
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("enter the row
value");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        int ch1=1;
        char ch2 = 'A';
        int space = n-1;
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
             for(int k=1;k<=space;k++)</pre>
                System.out.print(" ");
```

```
for(int j=1;j<=i;j++){
(i==n))
    System.out.print("*");
else if((j==1) || (j==i))
System.out.print(ch2++);
else
System.out.print(ch1++);
            }//end of j loop
    space--;
    System.out.println();
        }}}
```





```
public class Type3Program1 {
    public static void main(String[] args){
         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
         System.out.println("enter the row value");
         int n=sc.nextInt();
         int st=1;
         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              for(int j=1;j<=st;j++)</pre>
                  System.out.print("*");
              System.out.println();
              if(i<=n/2)
                  st++;
              else
                  st--;} } }
```





```
public class Type4Program1 {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       int term = 6;
       for(int i = 1;i <= term;i++) {</pre>
              for(int j = term; j >= i; j--) {
                System.out.print("*");
              System.out.println();
```









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