

Silicon Institute of Technology

Silicon Hills, Bhubaneswar | An Autonomous Institute |

1st Semester B.Tech. End Term Examination 2019-2020 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-I(18BS1T01)

Full Marks: 60 Duration: 03:00 1 Answer All a Draw the graph of f(x)=|x+5|. 1 Find the curvature of y=2x+5. 1 Find the order and degree of $\sqrt{y^{//} + y} = \sqrt[3]{y^{/} + 4y}$. Solve y' = -y/x, y(1)=1. Find the Wronskian of the bases x^4 , x4lnx? Solve $y^{//} = y^{/}$. Define Linearly dependent and linearly independent with suitable examples. Show that the vectors (1, 1, 1), (2, 3, 1) and (3, 4, 2) are linearly dependent vectors. Identify the type of matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 4i & 0 & i \\ 0 & i & 0 \\ i & 0 & 4i \end{bmatrix}$. 1 j Define trace of a matrix. 1 2 Answer any Two ^a Find all the asymptotes of $x^3+y^3-3xy=0$. 2.5 b Draw the graph of f(x) = 2 + |x + 1|2.5 Find the radius of the curvature of $y^2 = 12x$ at (3,6). 2.5 d Find all the asymptotes of $r \log \theta = a$. 2.5 3 Answer any Two a Solve $y' + ky = e^{-kx}$. 2.5 b Test for exactness and solve $(2x + e^x \sin y) dx + e^x \cos y dy = 0$ where $y(0) = \frac{\pi}{2}$ 2.5 Solve the linear equation $y'+y \cos x=\sin 2x$, $y(\pi)=0$. 2.5 d Solve $y'+1=e^{x+y}$ 2.5 4 Answer any Two ^a Are the functions f(x) = x|x| and $g(x) = x^2$ are linearly independent over the interval [-1, 1]? 2.5 Show the work. b Solve xy'' + y' = 0. 2.5 c Find a second-order homogeneous linear differential equation which has $\cos 2\pi x$, $\sin 2\pi x$ are 2.5 solutions? [P. T. O.]

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	d Solve $x^2y'' + xy' + 9y = 0, y(1) = 2, y'(1) = 0.$	2.5
5	Answer any Two	
	a Verify whether the vectors (-1, 5,0), (16, 8, -3) and (-64, 56, 9) are LI or LD?	2.5
	b Using Gauss elimination solve	2.5
	4x - 8y + 3z = 16, $-x + 2y - 5z = -21$, $3x - 6y + z = 7$	
	(- 0 0)	2.5
	Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ -6 & 42 & 24 & 54 \\ 21 & -21 & 0 & -15 \end{pmatrix}$.	
	(2.2.2)	2.5
	Find A ⁻¹ by Gauss Jordan elimination method where A= $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$	
6	Answer any Two	
	^a Prove that the determinant of an orthogonal matrix is ± 1 .	2.5
	b $\left[\begin{array}{cc} \frac{1}{2} & i\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} \end{array}\right]$	2.5
	Find the eigenvalues for the unitary matrix $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & i\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} \\ i\sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} & \frac{1}{2} \end{vmatrix}$.	
	c [0.96 -0.28]	2.5
	Show that $\begin{bmatrix} 0.96 & -0.28 \\ 0.28 & 0.96 \end{bmatrix}$ forms an orthonormal system.	
	d Find the spectrum of $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -4 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	2.5
	Find the spectrum of $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	
7	Answer any One	
	Find all asymptotes of the curve $y^3+3xy^2-x^2y-3x^3+y^2-2xy+3x^2+4y+5=0$	5
	b Show that $3\sqrt{3}/2$ is the least value of ρ for y=logx.	5
8	Answer any One	
	Solve $2\sin y^2 dx + xy\cos y^2 dy = 0, y(2) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}$.	5
	b Solve the Bernoulli equation $xy^{1/3} + 2y = 3x^3y^{4/3}$.	5
9	Answer any One	
	a Solve $(x^2D^2 + 3xD + 1)y = 0, y(1) = 3, y/(1) = -4$	5
	b Solve $4x^2y^{1/2} + 8xy^2 - 3y = 7x^2 - 15x^3$.	5

10 Answer any One

a Solve the given system of linear equations for all its solutions.

$$x_2 - 3x_3 + x_4 = 0$$

$$2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 = 0$$

$$2x_1-3x_2+4x_4=0$$

b

Find the inverse of the given matrix using Gauss Jordan elimination
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -5 \\ 15 & 1 & -5 \\ 5 & 4 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

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11 Answer any One

^a Find all the eigenvalues and eigenvector corresponding to the largest eigenvalue of

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$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 5 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

b Find a matrix P such that $P^{-1}AP$ will be a diagonal matrix with eigenvalues of A in the diagonal

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$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$