

Final Assessment Test - November/December 2023

Course: BMAT201L - Complex Variables and Linear Algebra

Class NBR(s): 2069 /2071 / 2072 / 2073 / 2074 / 2075 /

2076 / 2077 / 2078 / 2279 / 2080 / 2081 /2082 /2083 /

2084 / 2085 / 2086 / 2087 / 2088 / 2089 / 2090

Slot: C2+TC2+TCC2

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100

KEEPING MOBILE PHONE/SMART WATCH, EVEN IN "OFF" POSITION, IS TREATED AS EXAM MALPRACTICE Answer any TEN Questions

(10 X 10 = 100 Marks)

- Show that $\psi = x^2 y^2 3x 2y + 2xy$ can represent the stream function of an incompressible fluid flow. Also find the corresponding velocity potential ϕ and hence the complex potential $f(z) = \varphi + i\psi$.
- Find the analytic function w = u + iv, if $2u 3v = 3y^2 4xy 3x^2 + 3y 2x$, and f(0) = 0. Hence find u.
- 3. Find the image of the triangular region in the z-plane bounded by the lines $x=0,\ y=0$ and x+y=1 under the mapping (i) w=2z (ii) $w=e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}z$.
 - 4. Find the bilinear transformation that maps the points $z_1=0$, $z_2=1$, $z_3=\infty$ into the points $w_1=i$, $w_2=-1$, $w_3=-i$ and also find its invariant points.
- Find the Laurent's series expansion of the function $f(z) = \frac{z}{(z-1)(z-3)}$ which are valid in the range (i) 0 < |z-1| < 2 (ii) |z-1| > 2.
- 6. Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{x \sin x}{(x^2+1)(x^2+4)} dx$, by contour integration.
- 7. Find the basis and dimension of row space, column space and null space of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 & -3 & 9 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 3 \\ -2 & -4 & 1 & -9 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 & 6 & -6 \end{bmatrix}.$$

8. Let $G: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear mapping defined by

$$G(x; y; z) = (x - y + 2z; 2x + y; -x - 2y + 2z)$$

Find a basis and the dimension of (f) the image of G, (fi) the kernel of G.

9. Let $T: R^3 \to R^2$ be the linear transformation defined by T(x; y; z) = (3x + 2y - 4z; x - 5y + 3z) Find $[T]^{\beta}_{\alpha}$, for $\alpha = \{(1, 1, 1), (1, 1, 0), (1, 0, 0)\}$ and $\beta = \{(1, 3), (2, 5)\}$.