Department of Mathematics School of Advanced Sciences Fall Semester 2022-2023 Continuous Assessment Test - I (November 2022)

Course Code: BMAT101L Max. Time: 90 minutes

Slot: D1+TD1

Course Title: Calculus Max. Marks: 50

Answer all the questions (Each question carries 10 marks)

- 1. Using the first and second derivative tests and discuss the monotonicity, relative extrema, concavity and the points of inflection of $f(x) = \frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} x$
- 2. (a) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by the curves $y = \sqrt{x-2}$, y = x-2 about the line x = 3
 - (b) Verify Lagrange's Mean value theorem for the function $f(x) = x^2 3x + 5$ on [1,4].
- 3. (a) Find the area of the region enclosed by the curves $y = \sin x$ and $y = \cos x$ on $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}](2 \sqrt{2})$
 - (b) Verify Rolle's theorem for the function $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}$ on [-1,1].
- 4. (a) If $u = x \log xy$, where $x^3 + y^3 + 3xy = 1$ then find $\frac{du}{dx} \log yy + 1 + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{3\pi^2 + 3y}{3y^2 + 3x}\right)$ (b) If $u = e^{xyz}$, show that $\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x \partial y \partial z} = (1 + 3xyz + x^2y^2z^2)e^{xyz}$.
- 5. Verify the functional dependence of the functions u = 4x + 2y z, v = x + 8y 10z, w = x 2y + 3z. If they are functionally dependent find the relation between them.