MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL



Paper Code: GE3B-04 Mathematics for Computing UPID: 2510004

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks:70

The Figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidate are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Group-A (Very Short Answer Type Question)

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

1 Answer any ten of the following:

.if x=acost and y=bsint then
$$\frac{dy}{dx} =$$
 ______.

Fill in the blanks

$$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1}$$
 is not true when n=_____

What is the solution of xdy+ydx+xdx=0

If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 then $A^T = ?$

Fill in the blanks $\lim_{x \to a} \frac{\sin 2x}{3x} =$

(VII) the variance of 1,5,6 is

fill in the blanks

1. If $\sec \theta = 17/8$ and θ lies in 1st quadrant then $\csc \theta =$ _____

(IX) what is mutually exclusive events?

Fill in the blanks

If
$$P=\{1,2,3\}$$
, $Q==\{4,2,3\}$, then the set $=\{(x,y): (x,y) \in PXQ \text{ and } x \ge y\}$ is ______

Fill in blanks $\int tan^2xdx =$ _____

4 (XII) what is the integration factor of $(x^2+y^2+x)dx+xydy=0$

Group-B (Short Answer Type Question)

https://www.makaut.com

If
$$x=a+b\omega+c\omega^2y=a\omega+b\omega^2+c$$
, $z=a\omega^2+b+c\omega$,

Prove that
$$\frac{x^2}{yz} + \frac{y^2}{zx} + \frac{z^2}{xy} = 3$$

Evaluate
$$\int \frac{xe^x dx}{(1+x)^2}$$

[5]

Prove that
$$\cos \frac{\pi}{15} \cos \frac{2\pi}{15} \cos \frac{4\pi}{15} \cos \frac{8\pi}{15} = -\frac{1}{16}$$

[5]

[5]

Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 where x=asec² $\underline{\Theta}$,y=atan³ $\underline{\Theta}$

[5]

Evaluate
$$\lim_{x \to a} \frac{\sqrt{a+2x}-\sqrt{3x}}{\sqrt{3a+x}-2\sqrt{x}}$$
 (a $\neq 0$)

Group-C (Long Answer Type Question)

Answer any three of the following:

 $[15 \times 3 = 45]$

7. (a) evaluate the integral

[12]

Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{\sin(x-a)\sin(x-b)}$

(b) evaluate the integral

[3]

Evaluate the integral

$$\int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}} cosxlog \, \frac{1+x}{1-x} \, dx$$

[2]

(b) without using graph paper draw the graph of the function
$$f(x)=2x+1$$

[5]

[8]

Evaluate
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} (\sqrt{1+x+x^2}-x)$$

(a) solve

[8]

Solve xdy-ydx=
$$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx$$

(b) prove that

[7]

Prove that e^{x^2} is an integrating factor of the equation $(x^2+xy^4)dx+2y^3dy=0$

30. (a) find

[10]

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ where y=(sinx)^{cosx}+(cosx)^{sinx}

(b) find

[5]

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ where y=sin^mxcosⁿx

11. (a) prove that

[10]

Prove that
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a^2 & b^2 & c^2 \\ a^3 & b^3 & c^3 \end{vmatrix} = (b-c)(c-a)(a-b)(ab+bc+ca)$$

(b) find the value of a

[5]

Find the value of a in order that $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & a & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ is a singular matrix

*** END OF PAPER ***

https://www.makaut.com Whatsapp @ 9300930012 Send your old paper & get 10/-अपने पुराने पेपर्स क्षेजे और 10 रुपये पायें, Paytm or Google Pay से