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MATH242

Enrol. No. A230520448

[ST]

END SEMESTER EXAMINATION : APRIL-MAY 2022

APPLIED MATHEMATICS – IV

Time : 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks : 60

Note: Attempt questions from all sections as directed.
Use of Non Programmable Scientific calculator
& Probability Distribution table is allowed.

SECTION – A (24 Marks)

Attempt any **four** questions out of **five**.

Each question carries **06** marks.

1. Find the smallest positive root of the equation $x - e^{-x} = 0$ using Regula-Falsi method correct to three decimal places.

2. Solve the following system of equations by Gauss Seidal Method (three steps):

$$9x + 4y + z = -17,$$

$$x - 2y - 6z = 14,$$

$$x + 6y = 4$$

P.T.O.

3. The distance covered by an athlete for the 50 meter race is given in the following table :

Time (sec)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Distance (meter)	0	2.5	8.5	15.5	24.5	36.5	50

Determine the speed of the athlete at $t=5$ sec correct to two decimal places.

4. In a normal distribution 30.5% of items are under 42 and 6.5% are over 70. Find the mean and standard deviation of the distribution.
5. By the method of least square, fit a second degree parabola of the form $y = a + bx + cx^2$ in the given data :

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	1	4	10	17	30

SECTION - B (20 Marks)

Attempt any two questions out of three.

Each question carries 10 marks.

6. (a) Prove $\Delta = \frac{1}{2}\delta^2 + \delta\sqrt{1 + \frac{\delta^2}{4}}$ and $\mu^2 = 1 + \frac{\delta^2}{4}$. (5)

(b) Find a positive value of $(17)^{1/3}$ correct to four places of decimal by Newton Raphson method.

(5)

7. (a) Find the unique polynomial $P(x)$ of degree 2 such that :

$$P(1) = 1, P(3) = 27, P(4) = 64 \quad (5)$$

(b) Calculate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin x \, dx$ using Simpson's 3/8th rule by taking $h = \pi/18$.

(5)

8. (a) A continuous random variable has the probability density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} kx^2 e^{-x} & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Determine the constant k , mean and variance.

(5)

(b) Find out the kurtosis of the data given below :

Class interval	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40
Frequency	1	4	3	2

(5)

SECTION - C

(16 Marks)

(Compulsory)

9. (a) From the following data, find the number of students who obtained less than 45 marks :

Marks	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
No. of students	31	42	51	35	31

(8)

- (b) Using fourth order Runge Kutta method, find the approximate value of y for $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$, taking $h = 0.1$, if

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -y, \quad y(0) = 1. \quad (8)$$

(1300)

(219)