	Utech
Name:	
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Invigilator's Signature :	

CHEMICAL PROCESS TECHNOLOGY - I

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

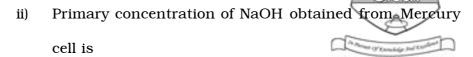
(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- - a) Pure NH₃
 - b) Co-product NH₄ HCO₃
 - c) Co-product NH₄ Cl
 - d) None of these.

5208 [Turn over



- a) 10 14%
- b) 45 50%
- c) 30 35%
- d) none of these.
- iii) Contaminated arsenic is removed from molten sulphur by the treatment of
 - a) Caustic soda
- b) Caustic potash
- c) Milk of lime
- d) none of these.
- iv) In DCDA process of $\rm H_2~SO_4~$ manufacturing unit, maximum conversion to $\rm SO_3~$ from $\rm ~SO_2~$ can be achieved up to
 - a) 50.5%

b) 70.7%

c) 85·5%

- d) 99·7%.
- v) What material is mixed with finally produced red phosphorus to stabilize it?
 - a) CaO

b) MgO

c) Al₂ O₃

d) SiO_2 .

- How much residence time is required to ensure 98% vi) conversion in the reactor for manufacturing of phosphoric acid from rock phosphate and ${\rm H_2\ SO_4}$ $\,$ as raw materials?
 - 1 3 hrs. a)
- b) 4 6 hrs.
- 7 10 hrs. c)
- d) None of these.
- Glazing is an important operation for vii)
 - glass products a)
- b) ceramic bricks
- whitewares c)
- d) plastic products.
- viii) Rate of hardening of cement can be improved by varying the proportions of
 - a) $C_4 AF : C_3 A$ b) $C_3 S : C_2 S$
 - c) $C_4 AF : C_2 S$ d) $C_3 A : C_3 S$.
- Percentage of P_2 O_5 present in triple superphosphate ix)

is

- 16 20%a)
- b) 21 - 32%
- 33 41% c)
- d) 42 50%.



- x) Which phosphate-salt of calcium is water soluble?
 - a) Ca₃ PO₄
- b) $Ca_2 H_2 PO_4$
- c) CaH₄ PO₄
- d) CaHPO₄.
- xi) Ground-wood pulp is used for the production of
 - a) newsprint
- b) book paper
- c) bond paper
- d) wrapping paper.
- xii) Which component is used in paints to prevent cracking of paint-skin?
 - a) Binder
- b) Thinner

c) Drier

d) Plasticizer.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. In the light of the reaction

$$SO_2(g) + \frac{1}{2}O_2(g) = SO_3(g)$$
; $\Delta H = -23$ kcal at 25°C.,

Explain the statement:

"In two-stage catalytic converter, it is advisable to run the reaction at higher temperature in the first stage and at lower temperature in the second stage."

5208

- 3. What are the different raw materials used in pulp and paper industry?
- 4. a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of dual process over Solvay process for manufacture of soda ash?
 - b) Why higher temperature ($40^{\circ}\text{C} 50^{\circ}\text{C}$) is maintained at middle than at bottom and top ($20^{\circ}\text{C} 25^{\circ}\text{C}$) of carbonating tower ? 3+2
- 5. Describe the physico-chemical principle involved in the production of ammonia by Haber process.
- 6. What are the engineering problems associated in membrane and mercury cells for production of chlorine and caustic soda by electrolytic process?

GROUP - C

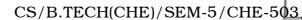
(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. Describe with neat flow diagram the production technology of urea by Montecatini total recycle process. How can you limit formation of Biuret in such process?

- 8. a) Discuss the role of heat exchangers and acid coolers in the sulphuric acid manufacturing plant.
 - b) With the help of a flow sheet diagram, describe the method of manufacture of sulphuric acid by contact process. 5 + 10
- 9. a) Describe with a neat flow sheet diagram the manufacture of phosphoric acid by wet process using strong sulphuric acid.
 - b) "Why are oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen, sulphur and carbon kept strictly below 5 ppm in the intlet gas to ammonia reactor." Explain.
- 10. Describe the manufacturing process of soda ash by Solvay process with a neat process flow diagram and mark the modification done in the modified Solvay process.

5208 6



- 11. Write short notes in any three of the following: 3
 - a) Recovery of chemicals in Kraft process
 - b) Manufacturing process of uranium, a nuclear fuel
 - c) Annealing process of glass materials
 - d) Prilling process for the manufacture of ammonium nitrate
 - e) Role of particle size of pigments and suspension stability of paints.

5208 7 [Turn over