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23 January, 10:52 pm

**VIT**Vellore Institute of Technology
(Deemed to be University under section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)**School of Electronics Engineering (SENSE)****CAT- I, Fall Semester 2018-19****B.Tech**

Course Name : Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology

Course Code : ECE1006

Time : 9:30 to 11 am (17/08/18)

Class No: VL2018191003461, VL2018191002820, VL2018191002586

Topic : EI

Faculty : Dr. Sakthi Swarrup J, Dr. Niroj Kumar Sahu, Dr. Muthu Raja S

Duration : 90 min.

Max. Marks: 50

Answer ALL the questions

Differentiate between insulator, semiconductor and conductor giving at least two [12]
examples of each type. Explain with proper diagram the formation of band in Silicon
(Si) crystal taking into the consideration of hybridization concept.

A) The electrons cannot exist inside the nucleus. Explain it by using quantum [2]
principles.

B) When does light behaves like a wave and when a particle? [2]

C) Calculate the de Broglie wavelength associated with an electron of energy 150
eV. Given: mass of electron $m = 9.1 \times 10^{-31}$ Kg, charge of electron is $q = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$

coulomb, and Planks constant $h = 6.62 \times 10^{-34}$ Joule-sec. [4]

Consider an electron trapped in a 1D deep potential well. Derive the expressions of [10]
the quantized energy states of the electron by solving Schrodinger's equation.

Explain the properties that make nanomaterials different from bulk? Discuss the [10]
change in optical and electronic properties with respect to particle size.

Differentiate between the basic particles in quantum statistics? Explain the [10]
difference in Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein's distribution using Pauli's exclusion
principle

Handwritten diagrams and equations for quantum mechanics problems:

- Diagram of a potential well with energy levels E_1, E_2, E_3 and wave functions ψ_1, ψ_2, ψ_3 .
- Equation: $\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$
- Equation: $\lambda = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2meV}}$
- Equation: $E = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$
- Equation: $m\lambda = \frac{h}{\lambda}$
- Equation: $\lambda = \frac{h}{mc}$