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Paper Code: BSC301 Mathematics-III (Differential Calculus) **UPID: 003445**

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

The Figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidate are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Group-A (Very Short Answer Type Question)

1. Answer any ten of the following:

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

Full Marks:70

- What is the area of the region bounded by x-axis, $y=e^{x}$, x=0, x=1
- What is the general form of clairaut's equation?
- (III) If a graph has 5 vertices and 7 edges, then what is the size of its adjacency matrix?
- (IV) On which region log(1+x) can be expanded in an infinite series?
- If for any

$$\overrightarrow{A}, \overrightarrow{\nabla} \overrightarrow{x} \overrightarrow{A} = 0$$
, then \overrightarrow{A} will be called as?

$$\int_{x=-1}^{1} \int_{y=-2}^{2} \int_{z=-3}^{3} xy^{2} z^{3} dx dy dz$$

(VII)
$$\int_{\mathcal{C}} y dx + x dy = p$$

 $\int_c y dx + x dy = p$ where c is given by $x = \cos heta, y = \sin heta, 0 \leq heta \leq \pi/2$, find value of p?

(VIII) Find the value of

$$\frac{1}{D^2+4}(\sin 2x)_2$$

- (IX) What is the eccentricity of the vertex of a graph having only one vertex?
- (X) What is the natue of the series

$$1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}} + \dots$$

- (XI) If f(x,y) = |x| + |y|, find the value of $f_x(0,0)$?
- (XII) If c is the circle $x^2+y^2=4$, find the value of

$$\int_c x^2 dx$$

Group-B (Short Answer Type Question)

Answer any three of the following

 $[5 \times 3 = 15]$

[5]

[5]

2. Test the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)^{n^2}$$

3. If $z=u^2+v^3$, where u=Sin xy and $v=y^2$, Find $\partial z = \frac{\partial z}{\partial z}$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$$
 and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$

$$e^{tan^{-1}x} = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^{-3}}{6} - \dots$$

4. Varify that, [5]

$$e^{tan^{-1}x} = 1 + x + \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{6} - .$$

5. Find [5] dy

$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 of the function $(siny)^x - (cosx)^y = 0$

6. Find the general and singular solution of [5] $y = 4xp - 16y^3p^2$

Group-C (Long Answer Type Question)

Answer any three of the following $[15 \times 3 = 45]$

(a) Test the convergence of the series whose nth term are [3] $(n^{\frac{1}{n}}-1)^n$

(b) Examine the convergence of $rac{1}{a}-rac{1}{a+b}+rac{1}{a+2b}-rac{1}{a+3b}+\ldots\ldots(a>0,b>0)$ [5] the series

[7] $sinx = 1 - \frac{(x - \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{2!} + \frac{(x - \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{4!} - \dots$

8. (a) If u=log r and [5] $r^2=x^2+y^2+z^2$ Prove that $r^2(rac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}+rac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}+rac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2})=1$

(b) Show that [5] $f(x,y)=3x^3+4x^2y-3xy^2-4y$, neither a maximum nor a minimum at (0,0)

(c) Determine the constant m so that the vector [5] $\overrightarrow{v} = (x+3y)\hat{i} + (y-2z)\hat{j} + (x+mz)\hat{k}_{is \text{ solenoidal}}$

9. (a) If $u_n=rac{3^n}{n+1}$, show that $[u_n]$ is monotonic increasing and bounded above, find its limit. [5]

[5]

(c) Examine the convergence of the series [5] $\sum u_n = u_n = rac{(n+1)(n+4)}{n(n+2)(n+5)}$

10. (a) If $u(x,y)=f(x^2+2yz, y^2+2zx)$, prove that [5] $(y^2-zx)\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}+(x^2-yz)\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}+(z^2-xy)\frac{\partial u}{\partial z}=0$

[5] $u= an^{-1}(rac{x^{5/2}+y^{5/2}}{\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y}})_{ ext{ show that}}xrac{\partial u}{\partial x}+yrac{\partial u}{\partial y}=sin2u$

(c) Show that the function $f(x,y)=4x^2y-y^2-8x^4$ has a maximum value at (0,0). [5]

11. (a) The given function [7] $f(x,y) = \frac{xy(x^2 - y^2)}{x^2 + y^2}, (x,y) \neq (0,0)$

= 0, (x,y)=(0,0)Find from definition fxy(0,0) and $f_{vx}(0,0)$

[3] $A=\pi h^2rac{sinlpha}{1-sinlpha}$ find dA, where h and lpha are independent variables

(c) If [5] $Jacobian \frac{\partial(f,g)}{\partial(x,y)}$ $f(x,y)=rac{x+y}{1-xy}$ and $g(x,y)= an^{-1}x+ an^{-1}y$