[No. of Printed Pages - 4]

CHEM136

[ST]

Enrol. No.

END SEMESTER EXAMINATION: JAN. 2022

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt questions from all sections as directed. Use of Simple calculator is allowed.

SECTION - A

(24 Marks) Attempt any four questions out of five. Each question carries 06 marks.

- What is Dulong's formula? Calculate HCV and LCV 1. of a coal sample containing 84% C, 1.5% S, 0.6% N, 5.5% H and 8.4% O.
- 2. Give reasons: (i) Most absorption bands in the visible UV spectrum are very broad, (ii) Aniline shows a hypsochromic shift in acidic solution.
- 3. Explain with diagram the process of softening of water through cation exchange and anion exchange method.

P.T.O.

- 4. Give the instrumentation of UV spectrophotometer and explain the components in it. Comment on the role of conjugation in the wavelength of absorption with the help of examples.
- 5. (i) Discuss the preparation and properties of Nylon 6,6. (6)
 - (ii) Draw the structure of the monomer each of the following polymers:
 - (a) Nylon-6
 - (b) Bakelite

SECTION - B (20 Marks)

Attempt any two questions out of three.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 6. (a) What is boiler feed water? Explain the scale and sludge formation in boiler. (4)
 - (b) Write structure of EDTA and its reaction with calcium and magnesium? One liter of water sample has shown the following analysis: $Ca(HCO_3)_2 = 4.86 \text{ mg/l}$, $Mg(HCO_3)_2 = 5.84 \text{ mg/l}$, $CaSO_4 = 6.86 \text{ mg/l}$ and $MgSO_4 = 8.4 \text{ mg/l}$ Calculate temporary and permanent hardness in $CaCO_3$ equivalents.

- 7. (a) What is knocking and how can it be measured in terms of octane number? How can knocking be prevented? What is the antiknock value of iso-octane? (4)
 - (b) What is the volume of air required for the complete combustion of 1m³ of mixture containing 60 % of CH₄ and 40% of C₂H₆? (3)
 - (c) How is PMMA synthesized by free radical polymerization? (3)
- 8. (a) What are solid lubricants? Under what operating conditions are solid lubricants preferred? (2)
 - (b) (i) What is meant by wet corrosion?
 - (ii) What is a sacrificial anode and how does it function?
 - (iii) Welded joints are better than riveted joints.

 Why?

 (5)
 - (c) Define viscosity and viscosity index. How the viscosity of a lubricating oil improved? (3)

SECTION - C

(16 Marks)

(Compulsory)

- 9. (a) Explain the effects of the following factors on the rate of corrosion:
 - (i) The ration of anodic and cathodic areas
 - (ii) Nature of corrosion product (4)
 - (b) (i) What is meant by carbonate and non-carbonate hardness of water?
 - (ii) Explain Break point chlorination. (4)
 - (c) Describe proximate analysis. Signify its importance.

(4)

(d) Differentiate between thick film and thin film lubrication. (4)

...

 $[N_{0.\ of}$ PHYS13 [TZ] E Time: Note