House Price Prediction

Project Report

Submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirement

For

MCA

Under the guidance

Of

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MCA- 4rd Semester

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Integrated Academy of Management and Technology, Ghaziabad

Major Project –KCA 451 MCA

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not have been possible to complete this Major Project (KCA 451) in short period of time
without his/her kind encouragement and valuable guidance.

Date:

Signature

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FORM

Project Name: "House Price Prediction System" Date:.....

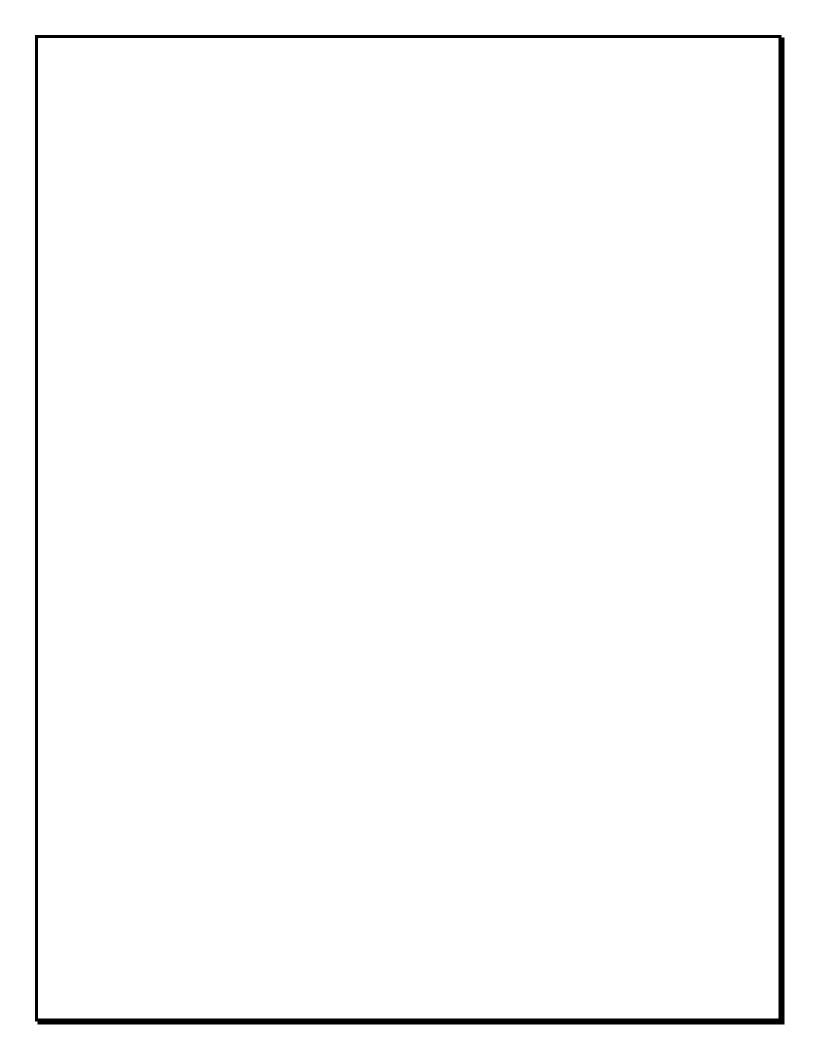
Sr. No.	Name of Team Member	Role	Task and
			Responsibilities
	Abhishek	Project Lead	Preparing Dataset
1			Data Preprocessing
			Model Creation
			Developing Backend
			Documentation
	Abhishek Sehgar	Frontend Development	> Frontend
2	-	_	Development using
			HTML, CSS and
			JavaScript

	1. Abhishek:	Signature		••••
2.	Abhishek Sehg	ar: Signature		
Signature of the Proje	ect Guide:		.Date:	

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATED WORK

This is to certify that this project entitled "House Price Prediction" submitted in partial fullfillment of the degree of MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (MCA) to the Integrated Academic of Management and Technology Institutions, AKTU Lucknow done by Mr. **Abhishek** Roll No.**2101130140003** is an is an authentic work carried out by him under my guidance. The matter embodied in this project work has not been submitted earlier for award of any degree or diploma to the best of my knowledge and belief.

•••••	•••••
Signature of the Student:	Signature of the Project Guide
Date:	Date:
Name and Address of the student:	Name, Designation of Project Guide
Abhishek Dhaulana Hapur, U.P. 245301	
Roll No 2101130140003	



Abstract

- House Price forecasting is an important topic of real estate. The literature attempts to derive useful knowledge from historical data of property market.
- Machine learning techniques are applied to analyze historical property transaction in India (Bangaluru) to discover useful models for house buyers and seller.
- Revealed is the high discrepancy between house prices in the most expensive and most affordable suburbs in the city of Bangaluru.
- Moreover, experiments demonstrate that the Multiple Linear Regression that is based on mean squared error measurement is a competitive approach.

Intorduction

- House is one of the basic needs for a person and their prices vary from place to place depending on available amenities like parking place, locality, no_of_sqrft, bath, bhk etc.
- Buying a home is one of the biggest and most important choices for a family as they put all of their funds into investment and cover them over time with loans.
- In this project, we will implement a Bangalore House Price Prediction model using a Machine Learning Algorithm(Multiple Linear Regression) using Python Language.
- This model predicts the price of Bangalore's house with the help of few parameters like availability, size, total square feet, bath, location etc.
- Our model can be used by both house sellers and house buyers.
- For a user, employing a House Price system is one of the ways to reach the house price information that interests him.
- Bangaluru House price dataset is used to create the model.
 We are using Machine Learning Algorithm to create a predictive model.
- Multiple Linear Regression Algorithm is used to train and test the model in our project and predict the House price.
- Python is widely used for House Price Prediction.

Purpose of a recommendation system

There is a user viewpoint here: to easily and quickly find information of House Price in Bangulure save user's time.

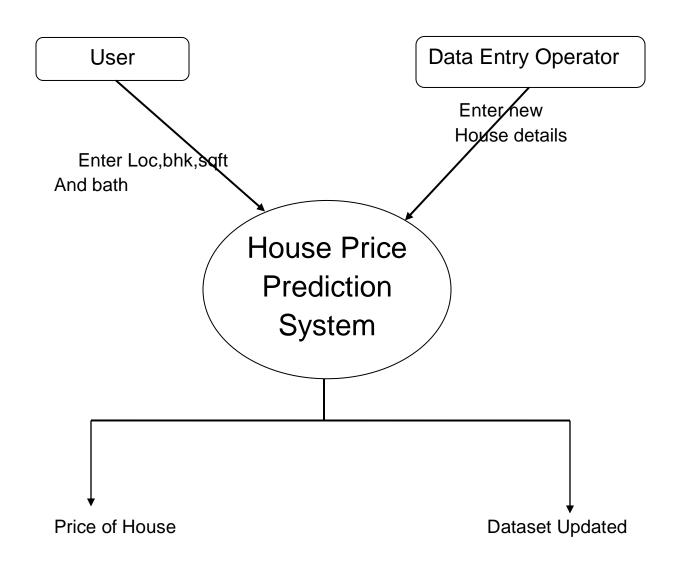
There is a viewpoint of the owner of the House: to add value to the service, gain new users, increase sales of House though providing valuable price to user.

PREDICTING HOUSE PRICES IN BENGALURU

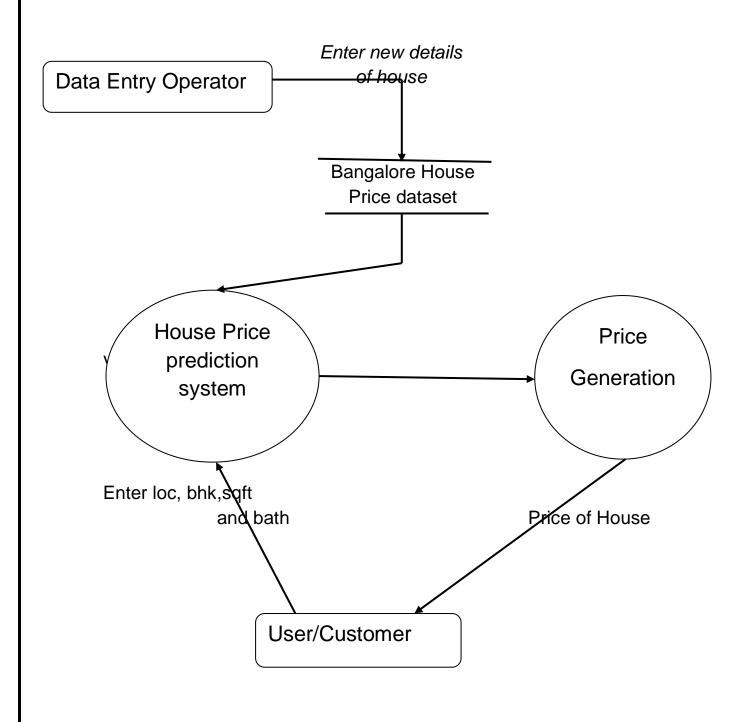


Data Flow Diagram(DFD)

Level-0 DFD:-



Level-1 DFD :-



SYSTEM SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION (SRS)

Below are the requirements used for House Price prediction System

System Requirement

- Jupyter Notebook
- Pycharm
- Web Browser

Windows-Based Requirements

- Dual-core 64-bit processor
- 8 GB of memory
- Up to 24 GB of internal storage (Jupyter Notebook: 2.5GB+1GB for caches,)
- Windows 10, Windows 8.1 Update, Windows 8, and Windows 7.1

Library Requirements for Project

- Pandas (Accessing and modifying Datasets)
- Numpy (Creating Multidimensional array)
- Matplotlib(Data Visualization)
- Sklearn(Selecting, building and testing the Multiple Linear Regression model)
- Flask(For Server Side Programming)

<u>Code</u>

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib
matplotlib.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(20,10)
df1=pd.read_csv('Bengaluru_House_Data.csv')
df1.head()
```

[74]: df	f1	.head()								
[74]:		area_type	availability	location	size	society	total_sqft	bath	balcony	price
0)	Super built-up Area	19-Dec	Electronic City Phase II	2 BHK	Coomee	1056	2.0	1.0	39.07
1		Plot Area	Ready To Move	Chikka Tirupathi	4 Bedroom	Theanmp	2600	5.0	3.0	120.00
2		Built-up Area	Ready To Move	Uttarahalli	3 BHK	NaN	1440	2.0	3.0	62.00
3	}	Super built-up Area	Ready To Move	Lingadheeranahalli	3 BHK	Soiewre	1521	3.0	1.0	95.00
4	ļ	Super built-up Area	Ready To Move	Kothanur	2 BHK	NaN	1200	2.0	1.0	51.00

.shape df1

```
In [4]: df1.shape
Out[4]: (13320, 9)

Activate Wi
```

df1.groupby('area_type')['area_type'].agg('count')

```
In [76]: df1.groupby('area_type')['area_type'].agg('count')

Out[76]: area_type

Built-up Area 2418

Carpet Area 87

Plot Area 2025

Super built-up Area 8790

Name: area_type, dtype: int64
```

df2=df1.drop(['area_type','availability','society',
'balcony'],axis='columns')
df2.head()

```
In [6]: df2=df1.drop(['area_type','availability','society','balcony'],axis='columns')
Out[6]:
                       location
                                    size total_sqft bath price
          0 Electronic City Phase II
                                             1056 2.0 39.07
                                  2 BHK
                  Chikka Tirupathi 4 Bedroom
                                             2600 5.0 120.00
                      Uttarahalli
                                             1440 2.0 62.00
                                  3 BHK
               Lingadheeranahalli
                                  3 BHK
                                             1521 3.0 95.00
                       Kothanur
                                  2 BHK
                                             1200 2.0 51.00
```

df2.isnull().sum()

df3.shape

```
In [9]: df3.shape
                     Out[9]: (13246, 5)
df3.head()
                   In [10]: df3.head()
                   Out[10]:
                                         location
                                                    size total_sqft bath price
                             0 Electronic City Phase II 2 BHK
                                                           1056 2.0 39.07
                                    Chikka Tirupathi 4 Bedroom
                                                           2600 5.0 120.00
                                        Uttarahalli
                                                  3 BHK
                                                          1440 2.0 62.00
                             3 Lingadheeranahalli
                                                          1521 3.0 95.00
                                                  3 BHK
                                        Kothanur 2 BHK
                                                          1200 2.0 51.00
```

df3['size'].unique()

```
df3['bhk']=df3['size'].apply(lambda x:
int(x.split(' ')[0]))
df3.head()
```

```
In [79]: df3.head()
                    Out[79]:
                                          location
                                                     size total_sqft bath price bhk
                              0 Electronic City Phase II
                                                   2 BHK
                                                                   2.0 39.07
                                                             1056
                                     Chikka Tirupathi 4 Bedroom
                                                             2600
                                                                   5.0 120.00
                                         Uttarahalli
                                                   3 BHK
                                                             1440 2.0 62.00
                                   Lingadheeranahalli
                                                   3 BHK
                                                             1521 3.0 95.00
                                                                                                                                     Ac
                                         Kothanur
                                                             1200 2.0 51.00 2
df3['bhk'].unique()
                In [81]: df3['bhk'].unique()
                Out[81]: array([ 2, 4, 3, 6, 1, 8, 7, 5, 11, 9, 27, 10, 19, 16, 43, 14, 12,
                            13, 18], dtype=int64)
df3[df3.bhk>20]
                  In [82]: df3[df3.bhk>20]
                  Out[82]:
                                         location
                                                    size total_sqft bath price bhk
                                                           8000 27.0 230.0 27
                           1718 2Electronic City Phase II
                                                  27 BHK
                           4684
                                       Munnekollal 43 Bedroom
                                                           2400 40.0 660.0 43
df3.total sqft.unique()
                      In [83]: df3.total_sqft.unique()
                      Out[83]: array(['1056', '2600', '1440', ..., '1133 - 1384', '774', '4689'],
                                       dtype=object)
```

df3.head()

```
In [17]: df3.head()
              Out[17]:
                              location
                                      size total_sqft bath price bhk
                     0 Electronic City Phase II
                                     2 BHK
                                            1056 2.0 39.07 2
                          Chikka Tirupathi 4 Bedroom
                                            2600 5.0 120.00 4
                             Uttarahalli
                                     3 BHK
                                            1440 2.0 62.00 3
                         Lingadheeranahalli
                                     3 BHK
                                            1521 3.0 95.00 3
                              Kothanur
                                     2 BHK
                                            1200 2.0 51.00 2
def is float(x):
         try:
                 float(x)
         except:
                 return False
         return True
df3[~df3['total_sqft'].apply(is_float)].head(10)
      In [19]: df3[~df3['total_sqft'].apply(is_float)].head(10)
      Out[19]:
                        location
                                         total_sqft bath
                                                      price bhk
                                   size
               30
                        Yelahanka
                                 4 BHK
                                        2100 - 2850 4.0 186.000
               122
                         Hebbal
                                  4 BHK
                                        3067 - 8156
                                                4.0 477.000
               137 8th Phase JP Nagar
                                 2 BHK
                                         1042 - 1105 2.0 54.005
               165
                                 2 BHK
                                         1145 - 1340 2.0 43.490
                         Sarjapur
               188
                        KR Puram
                                 2 BHK
                                         1015 - 1540 2.0 56.800
               410
                         Kengeri
                                 1 BHK 34.46Sq. Meter
                                                 1.0
                                                    18.500
               549
                      Hennur Road
                                 2 BHK
                                         1195 - 1440
                                                2.0 63.770
               648
                         Arekere 9 Bedroom
                                         4125Perch
                                                 9.0 265.000
                                 2 BHK
               661
                        Yelahanka
                                        1120 - 1145 2.0 48.130
               672
                      Bettahalsoor 4 Bedroom
                                        3090 - 5002 4.0 445.000
def convert sqft to num(x):
        tokens=x.split(' ')
        if len(tokens) == 2:
                 return
(float(tokens[0])+float(tokens[1]))/2
```

```
try:
              return float(x)
       except:
              return None
df4=df3.copy()
df4['total_sqft']=df4['total_sqft'].apply(convert_s
qft to num)
df4.head()
  In [21]: df4=df3.copy()
         df4['total_sqft']=df4['total_sqft'].apply(convert_sqft_to_num)
         df4.head()
  Out[21]:
                   location
                           size total_sqft bath price bhk
          0 Electronic City Phase II
                          2 BHK 1056.0 2.0 39.07
               Chikka Tirupathi 4 Bedroom 2600.0 5.0 120.00
          2
                  Uttarahalli
                          3 BHK 1440.0 2.0 62.00
             Lingadheeranahalli
                          3 BHK 1521.0 3.0 95.00 3
                   Kothanur
                          2 BHK 1200.0 2.0 51.00 2
df4.size
    In [22]: df4.size
    Out[22]: 79476
df4=df4[df4.total_sqft.notnull()]
```

df4.head()

```
In [23]: df4=df4[df4.total_sqft.notnull()]
             df4.head()
    Out[23]:
                         location
                                    size total_sqft bath
                                                     price bhk
             0 Electronic City Phase II
                                   2 BHK
                                           1056.0 2.0 39.07
                    Chikka Tirupathi 4 Bedroom
                                          2600.0 5.0 120.00 4
                        Uttarahalli
                                   3 BHK
                                           1440.0 2.0 62.00 3
                  Lingadheeranahalli
                                   3 BHK
                                           1521.0 3.0 95.00 3
                         Kothanur
                                   2 BHK
                                          1200.0 2.0 51.00 2
df4.size
    In [24]: df4.size
   Out[24]: 78336
df5=df4.copy()
df5['price_per_sqft']=df5['price']*1000000/df5['tot
al_sqft']
df5.head()
    In [25]: # Feature Enginnering (Creating new variable called price_per_sqft)
             df5=df4.copy()
             df5['price_per_sqft']=df5['price']*1000000/df5['total_sqft']
             df5.head()
     Out[25]:
                         location
                                    size total_sqft bath price bhk price_per_sqft
              0 Electronic City Phase II
                                         1056.0 2.0 39.07 2 36998.106061
                                  2 BHK
                    Chikka Tirupathi 4 Bedroom
                                          2600.0 5.0 120.00 4 46153.846154
              2
                        Uttarahalli
                                  3 BHK
                                          1440.0 2.0 62.00 3 43055.555556
              3
                  Lingadheeranahalli
                                  3 BHK
                                          1521.0 3.0 95.00 3 62458.908613
                         Kothanur
                                  2 BHK
                                         1200.0 2.0 51.00 2 42500.000000
```

len(df5.location.unique())

```
Out[26]: 1298
df5.location=df5.location.apply(lambda x:
x.strip()) #Removing extra leading and trailing
spaces
location stats=df5['location'].value counts(ascendi
ng=False)
location stats
     In [27]: df5.location=df5.location.apply(lambda x: x.strip()) #Removing extra leading and trailing spaces
           location_stats=df5['location'].value_counts(ascending=False)
           location stats
     Out[27]: Whitefield
                                  518
           Sarjapur Road
                                  386
           Electronic City
                                  304
           Kanakpura Road
                                  260
           Thanisandra
           Williams Town
           Kenchanehalli R R Nagar
           Billamaranahalli
           KPC Layout
           4 Bedroom Farm House in Bagalur
           Name: location, Length: 1287, dtype: int64
location stats.values.sum()
   In [28]: location stats.values.sum()
   Out[28]: 13056
len(location stats[location stats<=10])</pre>
```

In [26]: len(df5.location.unique())

```
In [29]: len(location stats[location stats<=10])</pre>
  Out[29]: 1048
#Dimensional Reduction
#Any location having less than 10 data points
should be tagged as "other " location .
location stats less than 10=
location stats[location stats<=10]</pre>
location stats less than 10
   In [30]: #Dimensional Reduction
         #Any location having less than 10 data points should be tagged as "other " location .
         location_stats_less_than_10= location_stats[location_stats<=10]</pre>
         location stats less than 10
   Out[30]: Nagadevanahalli
         Thyagaraja Nagar
                                10
         Sector 1 HSR Layout
         Basapura
         Williams Town
         Kenchanehalli R R Nagar
         Billamaranahalli
         KPC Layout
         4 Bedroom Farm House in Bagalur
                                                                               Activate Windows
         Name: location, Length: 1048, dtype: int64
                                                                               Go to Settings to activate
len(df5.location.unique())
   In [31]: len(df5.location.unique())
   Out[31]: 1287
df5.location=df5.location.apply(lambda x: 'other'
if x in location stats less than 10 else x)
len(df5.location.unique())
```

```
In [32]: df5.location=df5.location.apply(lambda x: 'other' if x in location_stats_less_than_10 else x)
len(df5.location.unique())
Out[32]: 240
```

df5.head(10)

Out[33]:			-:	4-4-1 -	h -4h				
	_	location		total_sqft			DIIK	price_per_sqft	
	0	Electronic City Phase II	2 BHK	1056.0	2.0	39.07	2	36998.106061	
	1	Chikka Tirupathi	4 Bedroom	2600.0	5.0	120.00	4	46153.846154	
	2	Uttarahalli	3 BHK	1440.0	2.0	62.00	3	43055.555556	
	3	Lingadheeranahalli	3 BHK	1521.0	3.0	95.00	3	62458.908613	
	4	Kothanur	2 BHK	1200.0	2.0	51.00	2	42500.000000	
	5	Whitefield	2 BHK	1170.0	2.0	38.00	2	32478.632479	
	6	Old Airport Road	4 BHK	2732.0	4.0	204.00	4	74670.571010	
	7	Rajaji Nagar	4 BHK	3300.0	4.0	600.00	4	181818.181818	
	8	Marathahalli	3 BHK	1310.0	3.0	63.25	3	48282.442748	Activate Wind
	9	other	6 Bedroom	1020.0	6.0	370.00	6	362745.098039	Go to Settings to a

Outlier removal using business logicnormally square foot per bedroom is 300 (i.e. 2 bhk apartment is minimum 600 sqft. if you have fro example 400 sqft apartment with 2 bhk that seems suspicious and can be removed as an outlier. we will remove such outliers by keeping our minumum thresold per bhk to be 300 sqft.)

```
df5[df5.total_sqft/df5.bhk<300].head()</pre>
```

```
In [34]: df5[df5.total_sqft/df5.bhk<300].head()</pre>
    Out[34]:
                        location
                                   size total_sqft bath price bhk price_per_sqft
                           other 6 Bedroom
                                         1020.0 6.0 370.0 6 362745.098039
              45
                      HSR Layout 8 Bedroom
                                          600.0 9.0 200.0
                                                          8 333333.333333
                    Murugeshpalya 6 Bedroom
                                         1407.0 4.0 150.0 6 106609.808102
              68 Devarachikkanahalli 8 Bedroom
                                         1350.0 7.0 85.0 8 62962.962963
              70
                           other 3 Bedroom
                                          500.0 3.0 100.0 3 200000.000000
df5.shape
    In [35]: df5.shape
    Out[35]: (13056, 7)
df6=df5[~(df5.total_sqft/df5.bhk<300)]</pre>
df6.shape
```

"Outlier removal using Standard deviation and Mean"

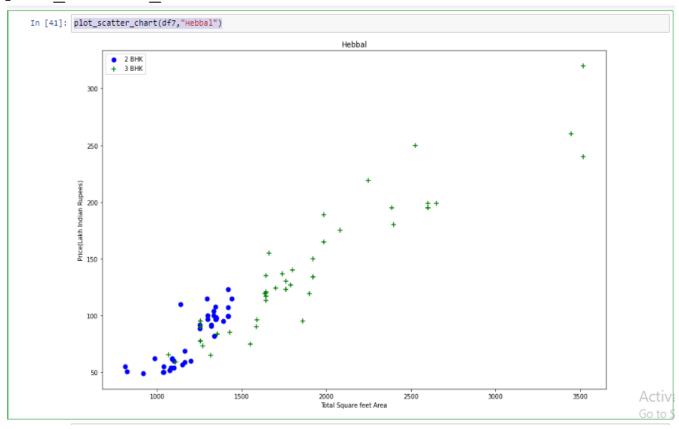
```
df6.price_per_sqft.describe()
```

Here we find that min price per sqft is 267 rs/sqft and max is 176470 rs/sqft this shows a wide variation in property prices. We should remove outliers per location using mean and one standard deviation.

Out[38]: (10146, 7)

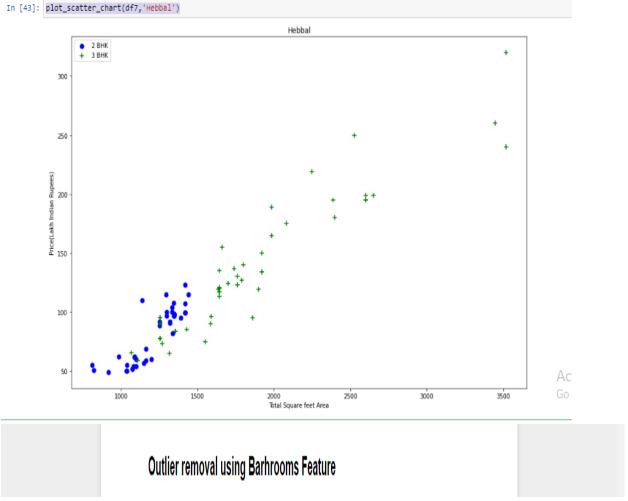
```
'''Let's check if for a given location how does the
2 bhk and 3 bhk property prices look like'''
def plot_scatter_chart(df,location):
    bhk2=df[(df.location==location)& (df.bhk==2)]
    bhk3=df[(df.location==location)& (df.bhk==3)]
    matplotlib.rcParams['figure.figsize']=(15,10)

plt.scatter(bhk2.total_sqft,bhk2.price,color='blue'
, label='2 BHK',s=50)
    plt.scatter(bhk3.total_sqft, bhk3.price,
marker='+',color='green',label='3 BHK',s=50)
    plt.xlabel("Total Square feet Area")
    plt.ylabel("Price(Lakh Indian Rupees)")
    plt.title(location)
    plt.legend()
plot_scatter_chart(df7,"Hebbal")
```



```
We should alos remove properties where for same
location, the price of (for example) 3 bhk is less
than 2 bhk (with same square ft area.). what we
will do is for a given location, we will build a
dictionary of stats per bhk, i.e.
# {
 '1':
      'mean': 400,
      'std': 2000,
      'count': 34
     },
     121:
       'mean': 4300,
       'std': 2300,
       'count': 22
     },
now we can remove those 2 BHK apartments whose
price per sqft is less than meaqn price per sqft of
1 BHK apartment
def remove bhk outliers(df):
    exclude indices = np.array([])
    for location, location of in
df.groupby('location'):
        bhk stats = \{\}
        for bhk, bhk df in
location df.groupby('bhk'):
            bhk stats[bhk] = {
                'mean':
np.mean(bhk df.price per sqft),
```

```
'std':
np.std(bhk df.price per sqft),
                 'count': bhk df.shape[0]
        for bhk, bhk df in
location df.groupby('bhk'):
             stats = bhk stats.get(bhk-1)
             if stats and stats['count']>5:
                 exclude indices =
np.append(exclude_indices,
bhk df[bhk df.price per sqft<(stats['mean'])].index</pre>
.values)
    return df.drop(exclude indices,axis='index')
df8 = remove bhk outliers(df7)
df8.shape
     df8.shape
  Out[42]: (7206, 7)
plot scatter chart(df7,'Hebbal')
```



df8.bath.unique()

```
In [44]: df8.bath.unique()
Out[44]: array([ 4., 3., 2., 5., 8., 1., 6., 7., 9., 12., 16., 13.])
```

df8[df8.bath>10]

It's more unusual to have 2 more bathrooms than number of bedrooms in a home df8[df8.bath>df8.bhk+2]

It's more unusual to have 2 more bathrooms than number of bedrooms in a home

In [46]: df8[df8.bath>df8.bhk+2]

Out[46]:

	location	size	total_sqft	bath	price	bhk	price_per_sqft
1611	Chikkabanavar	4 Bedroom	2460.0	7.0	80.0	4	32520.325203
5178	Nagasandra	4 Bedroom	7000.0	8.0	450.0	4	64285.714286
6635	Thanisandra	3 BHK	1808.0	6.0	116.0	3	64230.343300
8309	other	8 BHK	11338.0	9.0	1000.0	6	88198.976892

df9=df8[~(df8.bath>df8.bhk+2)]

df9.shape

```
In [47]: df9=df8[~(df8.bath>df8.bhk+2)] df9.shape

Out[47]: (7202, 7)

Actival
```

df9.head()

In [48]: df9.head() Out[48]: location size total_sqft bath price bhk price_per_sqft 0 1st Block Jayanagar 4 BHK 2850.0 4.0 428.0 4 150175.438596 1 1st Block Jayanagar 3 BHK 1630.0 3.0 194.0 3 119018.404908 2 1st Block Jayanagar 3 BHK 1875.0 2.0 235.0 3 125333.333333 3 1st Block Jayanagar 3 BHK 1200.0 2.0 130.0 3 108333.333333 4 1st Block Jayanagar 2 BHK 1235.0 2.0 148.0 2 119838.056680 #Remove size and price per sqft df10=df9.drop(['size','price per sqft'],axis='colum ns') df10.head() In [49]: #Remove size and price per saft df10=df9.drop(['size','price_per_sqft'],axis='columns') df10.head() Out[49]: location total_sqft bath price bhk 0 1st Block Jayanagar 2850.0 4.0 428.0 1 1st Block Jayanagar 1630.0 3.0 194.0 2 1st Block Jayanagar 1875.0 2.0 235.0 3 3 1st Block Jayanagar 1200.0 2.0 130.0 3 4 1st Block Jayanagar 1235.0 2.0 148.0 2 #One hot encoding technique dummies=pd.get dummies(df9.location)

dummies.head()

	<pre>dummies=pd.get_dummies(df9.location) dummies.head()</pre>																
Out[50]:		1st Block Jayanagar			2nd Stage Nagarbhavi	5th Block Hbr Layout	5th Phase JP Nagar	JP	JP	8th Phase JP Nagar	JP		Vishveshwarya Layout	Vishwapriya Layout	Vittasandra	Whitefield	Yelachenah
	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
	5 r	ows × 240 c	columns														
	+																

df11=pd.concat([df10,dummies],axis='columns')
df11.head()

1															
	location	total_sqft	bath	price	bhk	1st Block Jayanagar	1st Phase JP Nagar		2nd Stage Nagarbhavi	5th Block Hbr Layout	 Vishveshwarya Layout	Vishwapriya Layout	Vittasandra	Whitefield	Yelachenah
0	1st Block Jayanagar	2850.0	4.0	428.0	4	1	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	
1	1st Block Jayanagar	1630.0	3.0	194.0	3	1	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	
2	1st Block Jayanagar	1875.0	2.0	235.0	3	1	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	
3	1st Block Jayanagar	1200.0	2.0	130.0	3	1	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	
4	1st Block Jayanagar	1235.0	2.0	148.0	2	1	0	0	0	0	 0	0	0	0	

```
df12=df11.drop(['location'],axis='columns')
df12.head()
```

```
In [52]: df12=df11.drop(['location'],axis='columns')
         df12.head()
Out[52]:
                                                                                      Vishveshwarya Vishwapriya Vittasandra Whitefield Yelachenahalli
                                                      Phase 2nd Stage Block Phase
             total_sqft bath price bhk
                                                     Judicial Nagarbhavi
                                                                                             Layout
                                              Nagar
                                                     Layout
                                                                      Layout Nagar
          0 2850.0 4.0 428.0
                                                                                                 0
                                                                                                                                            0
                                                                                 0 ...
              1630.0 3.0 194.0
                                                                                 0 ...
          2 1875.0 2.0 235.0 3
                                                                                 0 ...
                                                                                                                                            0
              1200.0 2.0 130.0 3
                                                                                 0 ...
                                                                                                                       0
                                                                                                                                            0
              1235.0 2.0 148.0 2
                                                                                 0 ...
                                                                                                                                            0
         5 rows x 244 columns
```

df12.shape

```
In [53]: df12.shape
Out[53]: (7202, 244)
```

```
X=df12.drop(['price'],axis='columns')
X.head()
```

```
In [54]: X=df12.drop(['price'],axis='columns')
          X.head()
Out[54]:
                                                                                         Vishveshwarya Vishwapriya Vittasandra Whitefield Yelachenahall
                                                 Phase 2nd Stage Block Phase Phase
             total_sqft bath bhk
                                            JP Judicial Nagarbhavi
                                                                    Hbr
                                                                                                Layout
                                                                                                           Layout
                                          Nagar Layout
                                                                  Layout Nagar Nagar
               2850.0 4.0
               1630.0 3.0
               1875.0 2.0
                                                                                                                                   0
               1200.0 2.0
                                                                                                                0
                                                                                                                          0
               1235.0 2.0
                                                                                    0 ...
                                                                                                                          0
                                                                                                                                   0
         5 rows x 243 columns
```

X.shape

```
In [55]: X.shape
Out[55]: (7202, 243)
```

X.shape
Y=df12.price
Y.head()

from sklearn.model_selection import
train test split

```
X train, X test, Y train, Y test=
train test split(X,Y,test size=0.2,random state=10)
#Fit the dataframe to the Multiple Linear
Regression Model
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
lrg=LinearRegression()
lrg.fit(X train, Y train)
    In [58]: #Fit the dataframe to the Multiple Linear Regression Model
          from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
          lrg=LinearRegression()
          lrg.fit(X train,Y train)
    Out[58]: LinearRegression()
print("Train Score is", lrg.score(X train, Y train))
print("Test Score is ",lrg.score(X test,Y test))
  In [59]: print("Train Score is",lrg.score(X_train,Y_train))
        print("Test Score is ",lrg.score(X_test,Y_test))
        Train Score is 0.8637571987513117
        Test Score is 0.8241269340274284
def predict_price(location, sqft, bath, bhk):
     loc index=np.where(X.columns==location)[0][0]
     x=np.zeros(len(X.columns))
     x[0]=sqft
     x[1]=bath
     x[2]=bhk
     if loc index>=0:
          x[loc index]=1
     return lrg.predict([x])[0]
predict price('1st Phase JP Nagar',1000,2,2)
```

```
In [61]: predict_price('1st Phase JP Nagar',1000,2,2)
Out[61]: 84.03460631611608

predict_price('Vittasandra',1400,2,2)
In [69]: predict_price('Vittasandra',1400,2,2)
Out[69]: 77.39270954010772
```

Server Side Programming

Server.py file:-

```
from flask import Flask, request, jsonify
import util
app = Flask( name )
@app.route('/get location names', methods=['GET'])
def get location names():
    response = jsonify({
        'locations': util.get location names()
    })
    response.headers.add('Access-Control-Allow-
Origin', '*')
    return response
@app.route('/predict home price', methods=['GET',
'POST'])
def predict home price():
    total sqft = float(request.form['total sqft'])
    location = request.form['location']
    bhk = int(request.form['bhk'])
```

```
bath = int(request.form['bath'])
     response = jsonify({
           'estimated price':
util.get estimated price(location, total sqft, bhk, ba
th)
     })
     response.headers.add('Access-Control-Allow-
Origin', '*')
     return response
if name == " main ":
     print ("Starting Python Flask Server For Home
Price Prediction...")
     util.load saved artifacts()
     app.run()
 Run: 🦣 server
 C:\Users\Dell\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python38-32\python.exe E:/BHP/server/server.py
     Starting Python Flask Server For Home Price Prediction...
     loading saved artifacts...start
    loading saved artifacts...done
     * Serving Flask app 'server'
     * Debug mode: off
```

WARNING. This is a develonment server. No not use it in a production deployment. Use amprod

Util.py file:-

```
import pickle
import json
```

```
import numpy as np
 locations = None
 data columns = None
 model = None
def get estimated price (location, sqft, bhk, bath):
    try:
        loc index =
 data columns.index(location.lower())
    except:
        loc index = -1
    x = np.zeros(len( data columns))
    x[0] = sqft
    x[1] = bath
    x[2] = bhk
    if loc index>=0:
        x[loc index] = 1
    return round( model.predict([x])[0],2)
def load saved artifacts():
    print("loading saved artifacts...start")
    global data columns
    global locations
    with
open("F:\\bhpmajor\\server\\artifacts\\columns.json
", "r") as f:
         data columns =
json.load(f)['data columns']
```

```
locations = data columns[3:] # first 3
columns are sqft, bath, bhk
    global model
    if model is None:
        with
open('F:\\bhpmajor\server\\artifacts\\House Price P
rediction.pickle', 'rb') as f:
             model = pickle.load(f)
    print("loading saved artifacts...done")
def get location names():
    return locations
def get_data_columns():
  return data columns
if __name__ == ' main ':
    load saved artifacts()
   print(get location names())
    print(get estimated price('1st Phase JP
Nagar', 1000, 3, 3))
    print(get estimated price('1st Phase JP Nagar',
1000, 2, 2))
   print(get estimated price('Kalhalli', 1000, 2,
2)) # other location
```

print(get_estimated_price('Ejipura', 1000, 2, 2)) # other location

```
C:\Users\Dell\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python38-32\python.exe E:/BHP/server/util.py
loading saved artifacts...start
loading saved artifacts...done
['1st block jayanagar', '1st phase jp nagar', '2nd phase judicial layout', '2nd stage nagarbhavi', '5th bl
82.15
84.03
59.14
59.14

Process finished with exit code 0

|
```

Client Side Programming

App.html file:-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <title>Banglore Home Price Prediction</title>
 <script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquer
y/3.4.1/jquery.min.js"></script>
 <script src="app.js"></script>
 <link rel="stylesheet" href="app.css">
</head>
<body>
<div class="img"></div>
<form class="form">
 <h2>Area (Square Feet)</h2>
 <input class="area" type="text" id="uiSqft"</pre>
class="floatLabel"
name="Squareft" value="1000">
 <h2>BHK</h2>
 <div class="switch-field">
 <input type="radio" id="radio-bhk-1"</pre>
name="uiBHK" value="1"/>
 <label for="radio-bhk-1">1</label>
 <input type="radio" id="radio-bhk-2"</pre>
name="uiBHK" value="2" checked/>
 <label for="radio-bhk-2">2</label>
```

```
<input type="radio" id="radio-bhk-3"</pre>
name="uiBHK" value="3"/>
 <label for="radio-bhk-3">3</label>
 <input type="radio" id="radio-bhk-4"</pre>
name="uiBHK" value="4"/>
 <label for="radio-bhk-4">4</label>
 <input type="radio" id="radio-bhk-5"</pre>
name="uiBHK" value="5"/>
 <label for="radio-bhk-5">5</label>
 </div>
 </form>
<form class="form">
 < h2 > Bath < /h2 >
 <div class="switch-field">
 <input type="radio" id="radio-bath-1"</pre>
name="uiBathrooms" value="1"/>
 <label for="radio-bath-1">1</label>
 <input type="radio" id="radio-bath-2"</pre>
name="uiBathrooms" value="2" checked/>
 <label for="radio-bath-2">2</label>
 <input type="radio" id="radio-bath-3"</pre>
name="uiBathrooms" value="3"/>
 <label for="radio-bath-3">3</label>
 <input type="radio" id="radio-bath-4"</pre>
name="uiBathrooms" value="4"/>
 <label for="radio-bath-4">4</label>
 <input type="radio" id="radio-bath-5"</pre>
name="uiBathrooms" value="5"/>
 <label for="radio-bath-5">5</label>
 </div>
```

```
<h2>Location</h2>
 < div >
 <select class="location" name=""</pre>
id="uiLocations">
 <option value="" disabled="disabled"</pre>
selected="selected">Choose a Location</option>
 <option>Electronic City</option>
 <option>Rajaji Nagar
 </select>
</div>
 <button class="submit"</pre>
onclick="onClickedEstimatePrice()"
type="button">Estimate Price</button>
 <div id="uiEstimatedPrice" class="result">
<h2></h2> </div>
</body>
</html>
App.css file:-
.switch-field {
display: flex;
margin-bottom: 36px;
overflow: hidden;
.switch-field input {
position: absolute !important;
clip: rect(0, 0, 0, 0);
height: 1px;
width: 1px;
border: 0;
```

```
overflow: hidden;
.switch-field label {
background-color: #e4e4e4;
color: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.6);
font-size: 14px;
line-height: 1;
text-align: center;
padding: 8px 16px;
margin-right: -1px;
border: 1px solid rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.2);
box-shadow: inset 0 1px 3px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3),
0 1px rgba(255,
255, 255, 0.1);
transition: all 0.1s ease-in-out;
.switch-field label:hover {
cursor: pointer;
.switch-field input:checked + label {
background-color: #a5dc86;
box-shadow: none;
.switch-field label:first-of-type {
border-radius: 4px 0 0 4px;
.switch-field label:last-of-type {
border-radius: 0 4px 4px 0;
.form {
max-width: 270px;
font-family: "Lucida Grande", Tahoma, Verdana,
sans-serif;
```

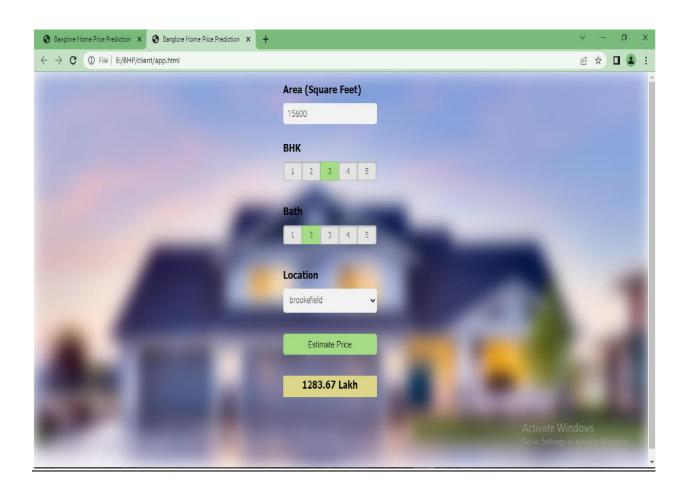
```
font-weight: normal;
line-height: 1.625;
margin: 8px auto;
padding-left: 16px;
z-index: 2;
h2 {
font-size: 18px;
margin-bottom: 8px;
.area{
font-family: "Roboto", sans-serif;
outline: 0;
background: #f2f2f2;
width: 76%;
border: 0;
margin: 0 0 10px;
padding: 10px;
box-sizing: border-box;
font-size: 15px;
height: 35px;
border-radius: 5px;
}
.location{
font-family: "Roboto", sans-serif;
outline: 0;
background: #f2f2f2;
width: 76%;
border: 0;
margin: 0 0 10px;
padding: 10px;
box-sizing: border-box;
font-size: 15px;
```

```
height: 40px;
border-radius: 5px;
.submit{
background: #a5dc86;
width: 76%;
border: 0;
margin: 25px 0 10px;
box-sizing: border-box;
font-size: 15px;
height: 35px;
text-align: center;
border-radius: 5px;
.result{
background: #dcd686;
width: 76%;
border: 0;
margin: 25px 0 10px;
box-sizing: border-box;
font-size: 15px;
height: 35px;
text-align: center;
.img {
background: url('bhp.jpg');
background-repeat: no-repeat;
background-size: auto;
background-size:100% 100%;
-webkit-filter: blur(5px);
-moz-filter: blur(5px);
-o-filter: blur(5px);
-ms-filter: blur(5px);
```

```
filter: blur(15px);
    position: fixed;
    width: 100%;
    height: 100%;
    top: 0;
    left: 0;
    z-index: -1;
   body, html {
    height: 100%; }
App.js file:-
function getBathValue()
  var uiBathrooms =
document.getElementsByName("uiBathrooms");
  for(var i in uiBathrooms)
    if (uiBathrooms[i].checked)
      return parseInt(i)+1;
 return -1; // Invalid Value
function getBHKValue()
  var uiBHK = document.getElementsByName("uiBHK");
  for(var i in uiBHK)
   {
```

```
if (uiBHK[i].checked)
      return parseInt(i)+1;
return -1; // Invalid Value
function onClickedEstimatePrice()
  console.log("Estimate price button clicked");
  var sqft = document.getElementById("uiSqft");
  var bhk = getBHKValue();
  var bathrooms = getBathValue();
  var location =
document.getElementById("uiLocations");
  var estPrice =
document.getElementById("uiEstimatedPrice");
  var url =
"http://127.0.0.1:5000//predict home price";
  $.post(url, {
  total sqft: parseFloat(sqft.value),
 bhk: bhk,
  bath: bathrooms,
  location: location.value
 },function(data, status)
    console.log(data.estimated price);
    estPrice.innerHTML = "<h2>" +
data.estimated price.toString() + "Lakh</h2>";
    console.log(status);
});
```

```
function onPageLoad()
  console.log( "document loaded" );
  var url =
"http://127.0.0.1:5000//get location names";
  $.get(url, function(data, status)
     {
       console.log("got response for
get location names request");
       if(data)
         var locations = data.locations;
         var uiLocations =
document.getElementById("uiLocations");
         $('#uiLocations').empty();
         for(var i in locations) {
         var opt = new Option(locations[i]);
         $('#uiLocations').append(opt);
  }
  );
window.onload = onPageL;oad
```



Feasibility Study

Feasibility study can help you determine whether or not you should proceed with your project. It is essential to evaluate cost and benefit. It is essential to evaluate cost and benefit of the proposed system. Five types of feasibility study are taken into consideration.

1) Technical Feasibility

It includes finding out technologies for the project, both hardware and software. User must have PC their inputs and for house price output. Minimum hardware requirements: Dual-core 64-bit processor, 8 GB of memory, Up to 24 GB of internal. These are very cheap now a days and everyone generally possess them.

2) Operational Feasibility

It is the ease and simplicity of operation of proposed system. System does not require any special skill set for users to operate it. In fact, it is designed to be used by almost everyone. Kids who still don't know to write can read out problems for system and get answers.

3) Economical Feasibility.

Here, we find the total cost and benefit of the proposed system over current system. Once the hardware and software package needs get consummated, there is no want for the user of our system to pay for any further overhead.

User also would have to pay for PC. Our application can scale back the time that's wasted in manual processes. The storage and handling issues of the registers are resolved.

<u>Survey</u>

1) Lu et.al proposed a hybrid prediction model; the study looked at the impact of land financing and household spending on real estate prices in 33 major Chinese cities. The implementation of Panel data validation of fixed effects model regression findings our proposition After establishing control of the city's local people, the rate of growth, per capita GDP, and the number of students enrolled in regular classrooms are all things to think about. Institutions of higher education, gender ratio, and consumer pricing Higher education institutions, gender ratios, and consumer pricing urban population density, land finance, and urban development are all indices to look at. People's consumption levels will have a positive impact on real estate. It can formulate policies for the government, provide constructive opinions when planning to sell land, and prevent the local government from relying excessively on land revenue while attempting to expand by confirming that land transfer has a significant impact on the real estate price and the promotion mode of the factor and the house price. Land finance encourages economic growth, which leads to skyrocketing real estate values. This article indicates that citizens' consumption levels are a significant element influencing real estate price fluctuations, allowing the government to employ various information channels and data to forecast the real estate market's prospects and design suitable policies.

2) Lim et.al purposed useful models for predicting property prices. It also provides details on the Melbourne housing market. To begin, the raw data is cleaned and transformed into a readable data-set. The data is then reduced and transformed using Stepwise and PCA techniques. Following that, a variety of tactics are implemented and evaluated in order to arrive at the optimal solution. According to the evaluation phase, combining Step-wise and SVM models is a competitive strategy. As a result, future deployments may include it. This research can also be extended to transitional datasets from other sections of the Australian property market. The studies were run on a Windows system using the R programming language. Both the train and assessment datasets Mean Squared Error (MSE) are shown. The baseline for model comparison will be linear regression, as discussed previously. Each model's evaluation ratio is equal to its evaluation MSE divided by Linear regression's evaluation MSE. The higher the accuracy of the model's forecast, the lower the evaluation ratio[5].

Future Scope and Challenges

- One of the challenges while proposing an algorithm for House
 Price Prediction is to determine the attributes affecting the price.
- As different factors affect RS differently, therefore, how to assign appropriate weights to the attributes is a major task when designing an algorithm.
- In Future, the models can be upgraded with some better techniques in terms of getting higher and better accuracy.
- It is, therefore, challenging to cope with the problem of changing users requirements.
- Inferences obtained w.r.t data from a large urban area
 Like Bengaluru may not directly represent the exact same correlation of the same features when data is gathered from suburban area close to Bengaluru.
- It's found that images of house interiors have major impacts on pricing. However, retrieving interior design of the houses is not always possible.

References/Glossary

Content

https://www.ijraset.com/research-paper/house-price-prediction-using-ml

https://www.slideshare.net/AdityaKumar1505/house-price-prediction-235540647

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/349477129_House_Price_Prediction

Dataset->

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/anmolkumar/house-price-prediction-challenge

Code->

https://www.kaggle.com/code/ameythakur20/bangalore-house-price-prediction-model