

ECE 569 Spring 2026 — Lab 1

Abhishek Tyagi
tyagi55@purdue.edu

1 Introduction

This lab introduces the fundamentals of ROS 2 communication using the publisher–subscriber model. Both built-in demo nodes and custom Python nodes were executed to understand message passing, node discovery, and topic-based communication in ROS 2 Humble.

2 ROS 2 Demo Nodes

2.1 Talker and Listener

The ROS 2 demo talker and listener nodes were executed to verify correct installation and basic publisher–subscriber communication.

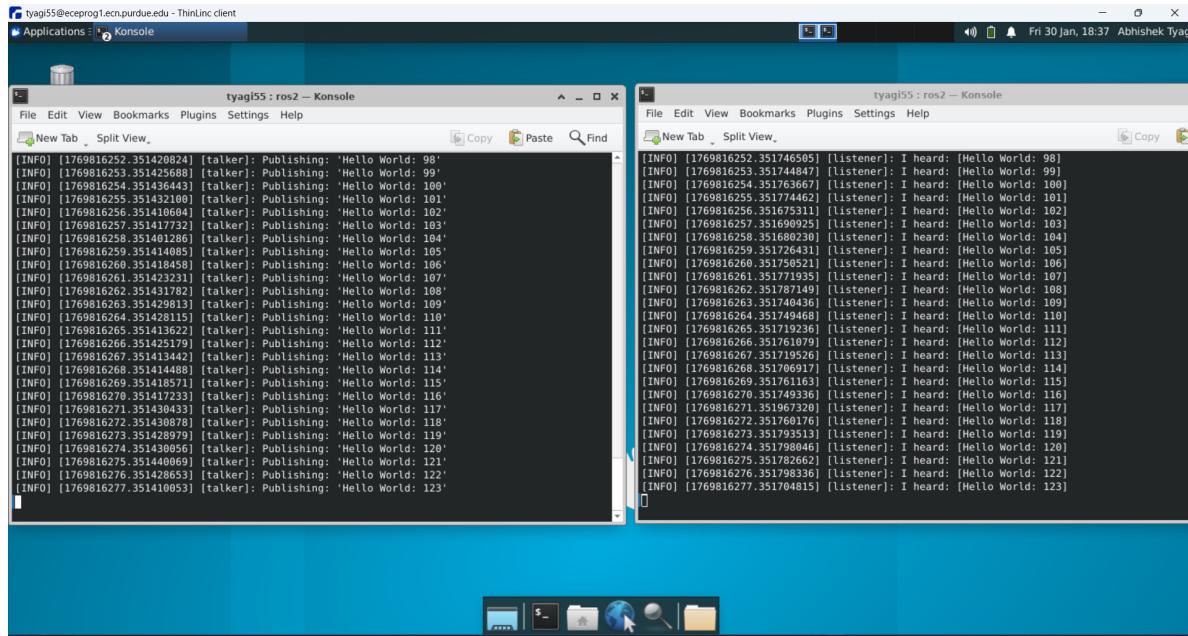


Figure 1: ROS 2 demo talker and listener nodes exchanging messages.

2.2 rqt_graph Visualization

The `rqt_graph` tool was used to visualize the node and topic relationships between the demo talker and listener nodes.

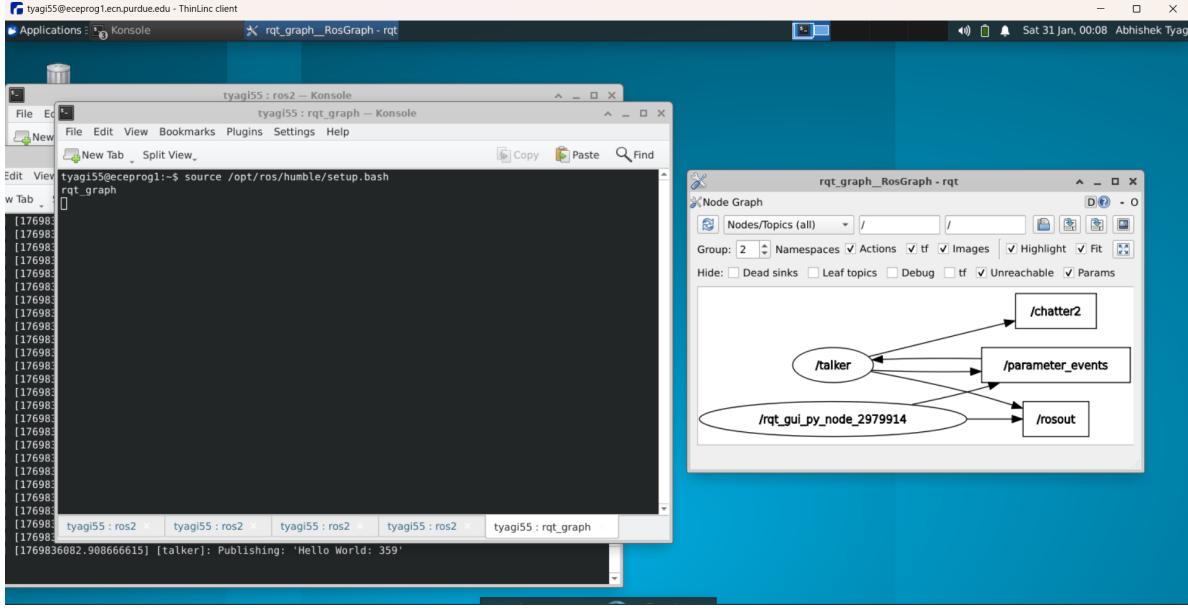


Figure 2: rqt_graph visualization of the demo talker and listener nodes.

3 Custom Publisher and Subscriber

3.1 Custom Publisher with Demo Listener

A custom Python publisher node was implemented and tested with the ROS 2 demo listener. This verified that custom nodes can interoperate with standard ROS 2 nodes.

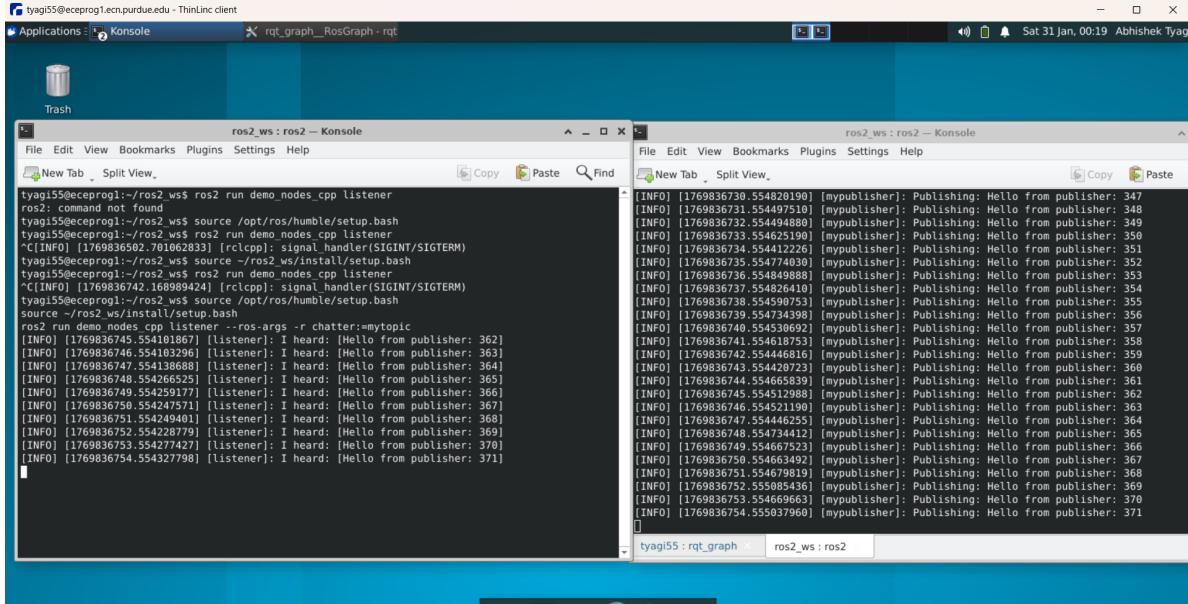


Figure 3: Custom Python publisher communicating with the ROS 2 demo listener node.

3.2 Custom Publisher with Custom Subscriber

A custom subscriber node was developed to receive messages from the custom publisher, demonstrating full user-defined ROS 2 communication.

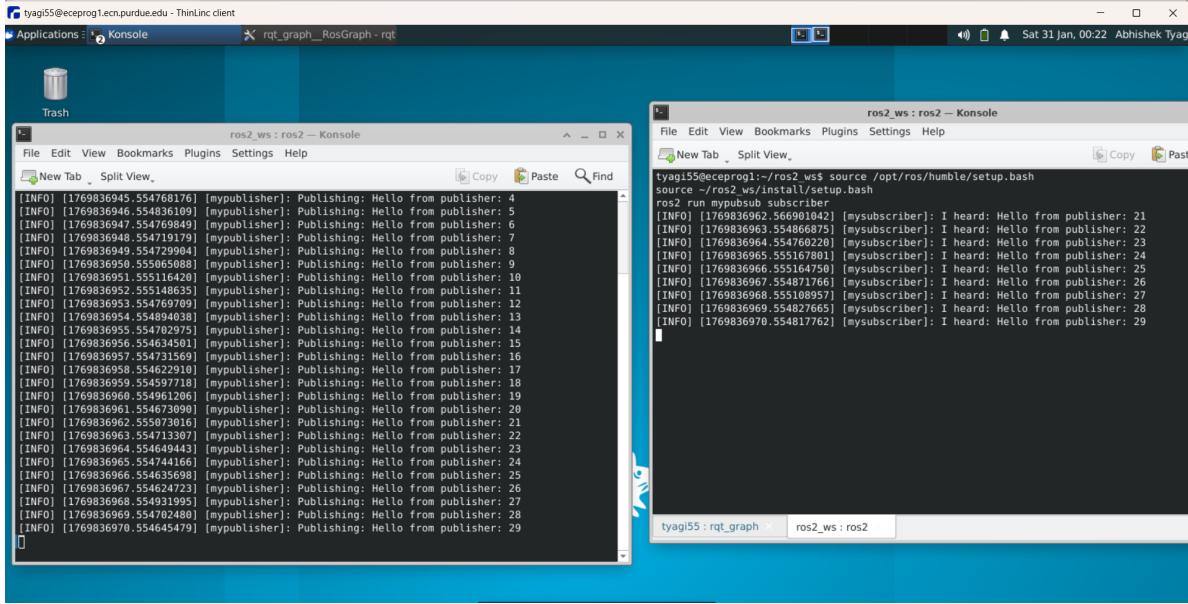


Figure 4: Custom publisher and custom subscriber exchanging messages.

3.3 Launch File Execution

A ROS 2 launch file was created to start both the custom publisher and subscriber nodes simultaneously using a single command.

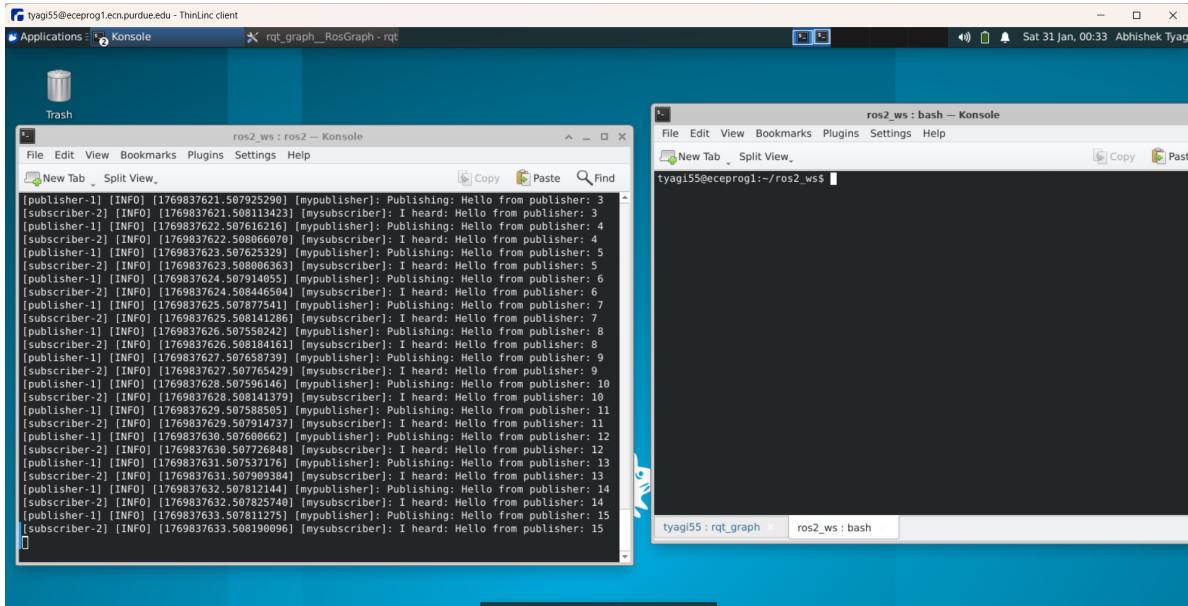


Figure 5: Launch file executing both custom publisher and subscriber nodes.

4 Conclusion

This lab demonstrated the ROS 2 publisher–subscriber model using both demo and custom nodes. The use of `rqt_graph` helped visualize node interactions, while launch files simplified multi-node execution. These exercises establish a foundation for more advanced ROS 2 development.