



# Multi-Class Classification - Using Logistic Regression

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```
class MclassLogisticRegression():
    #initialize the parameters
    def __init__(self, learning_rate=0.01, iteration=1000) -> None:
        self.lr=learning_rate
        self.itr=iteration
        self.sigmoid=lambda x:(1/(1+(np.exp(-x))))

    #initialize weights stack
    def _initialize(self):
        self.nClass_weights=np.zeros((self.nClasses,self.num_features))
        self.nClass_bias = np.zeros(self.nClasses)

    #initialize the weights and params
    def _init_params(self):
        self.weights=np.zeros(self.features)
        self.bias=0

    #update the parameters w.r.t learning rate
    def _update_params(self,dw,db):
        self.weights-=self.lr*dw
        self.bias-=self.lr*db

    #partial derivative of cost fuction dw W.R.T db
    #partial derivavtive of cost function db W.R.T dw
    def _get_gradients(self,X,y,y_pred):
        error=y_pred-y
        dw=(1/self.samples)*np.dot(X.T,error)
        db=(1/self.samples)*np.sum(error)
        return dw,db
```





```
#binary classification fit function
```

```
def _fit(self,X,y):  
    self.samples,self.features=X.shape  
    self._init_params()  
    for i in range(self.itr):  
        y_pred=self._get_prediction(X)  
        dw,db=self._get_gradients(X,y,y_pred)  
        self._update_params(dw,db)
```

```
#makes one-rest division for multi-class classification
```

```
def fit(self,X,y):  
    self.nClasses=len(np.unique(y))  
    self.num_features=X.shape[1]  
    self._initialize()  
    for i in range(self.nClasses):  
        yi=np.where(y==i,1,0)  
        self._fit(X,yi)  
        self.nClass_weights[i]=self.weights  
        self.nClass_bias[i]=self.bias
```





```
#y=mx+c and sigmoid function
def _get_prediction(self,X):
    linear_pred=np.dot(X,self.weights)+self.bias
    return self.sigmoid(linear_pred)

#argmax returns index of maximum prediction
def predict(self, X):
    z=np.dot(X,self.nClass_weights.T)+self.bias
    y=self.sigmoid(z)
    prediction=np.argmax(y,axis=1)
    return prediction
```





```
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
dataset=load_iris()
X=dataset['data']
Y=dataset['target']
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.3)

from MclassLogisticRegression import MclassLogisticRegression
cls=MclassLogisticRegression(0.01,4000)
cls.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred=cls.predict(X_test)
print(accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred))

#output
0.866667
```