ASSIGNMENT -2

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> Game: Fall Guys Link to Capture Files:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1pxWX-H9kvqiQ75YuWEVfGGSwlZRGNyda?usp=sharing



Ans. 1- The following protocols used by the game at different layers along with their packet formats:

- a) Link Layer: Ethernet II
 - i) Destination: MAC address of the receiving end (IntelCor_a6:ba:8f (0c:dd:24:a6:ba:8f))
 - ii) Source: MAC address of the sending end (b8:c1:ac:91:e2:0d)
 - iii) Type: Type of Network Layer Protocol (IPv4)
- b) Network Layer: IPv4
 - i) Source: IP address of the sending end (85.236.96.33)
 - ii) Destination: IP address of the receiving end (192.168.1.13)
 - iii) Header Checksum: Error detection bits of the datagram(0xc6fb)
 - iv) Time To Live(TTL): Maximum number of hops allowed by the packet before reaching destination (59)
 - v) Total Length: IP header length + TCP Header length + Application length (314 = 20 + 20 + 274)
- c) Transport Layer: UDP, TCP

TCP:

- i) Source Port: port at the sending end(443)
- ii) Destination Port: port at the receiving end(51077)
- iii) Sequence Number: byte number of the first byte of data in the TCP packet sent(4262)
- iv) Window size: how much data (in bytes) the receiving device is willing to receive at any point in time.(129)
- v) Checksum: Error detection bits of the segment(0x4c46 [correct])

UDP:

- i) Source Port: (61662)
- ii) Destination Port: (7877)
- iii) Length: UDP Header length + Application length(24 = 8 + 16)
- iv) Checksum: (0x44de [correct])
- d) Session Layer: Secure Sockets Layer, TLSv1.2
 - i) Content Type: Type of content whether Application Data, Handshake etc. (Application Data)
 - ii) Version: (TLS 1.2)
 - iii) Length: Length of the data(78)
 - iv) Encrypted Application Data
- e) Application Layer: data, HTTP, DNS

Data:

i) Data: When Wireshark can't determine how part of a packet should be formatted, it marks that chunk as "Data" (0035be6e0f99004080000000000000)

DNS:

i) Queries: DNS Queries for host name resolution

ii) Answers: Answer to DNS Queriesiii) Questions: Queries Count (1)iv) Answer RRs: Answers Count (3)

f) Frame: It contains info about the transferred packet as a whole.

i) Interface id: interface used for the connection (0) means wlp2s0.

ii) Frame Length: (137)

iii) Arrival Time: (Sep 26, 2020 13:29:48.509149000 IST)

I am taking the data from file_guys2.pcapng packet number 2041, 2173, 2658 without any filters

Ans. 2- Functionalities of the application

a) Pause/End/Open:

Protocols:

- i) Ethernet II: All packets use this protocol as it enabled collision-free interconnection of multiple devices via a common bus. It also gives error free transmission of packets.
- ii) IPv4: It is required since the client needs to connect to the internet to connect to the application server.
- iii) TCP: This is required because we need to establish a reliable connection to log the user in and connect to the game field server.
- iii) UDP: It also uses UDP for DNS queries and for requesting cloud services from amazonaws and unity.
- iv) TLSv1.2: This is used to encrypt the data (such as player login and privacy data) before transferring it. These are mainly used by akamai.net which provides the security for the application.
- v) DNS: This is used in the beginning when the application is opened for host address resolution and uses UDP below it.

b) Start/Resume:

Protocols:

- i) Ethernet II: All packets use this protocol as it enabled collision-free interconnection of multiple devices via a common bus. It also gives error free transmission of packets.
- ii) IPv4: It is required since the client needs to connect to the internet to connect to the application server.
- iii) UDP: It is required since it is a time sensitive and Loss-tolerant application and requires constant data flow which requires fastness over reliability.
- iv) Data: When Wireshark can't determine how part of a packet should be formatted, it marks that chunk as "Data". The "Data" is a protocol that Wireshark doesn't support.

Ans.3- a) Pause/End/Open:

DNS

Whenever an application is opened, multiple DNS queries are performed to multiple DNS servers, which are answered to resolve the address for game gateway and login (gateway-prod.fallguys.oncatapult.com(52.175.249.150) and login-prod.fallguys.oncatapult.com(52.156.78.133))

No handshaking is done.

TCP

775 14.809 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.49.118.106	66 51063 → 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
776 14.978 52.49.118.106	TCP	192.168.1.13	66 443 - 51063 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=26883 Len=0 MSS=1452 SACK_PERM=1 WS=256
777 14.978 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.49.118.106	54 51063 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=132096 Len=0
778 14.989 192.168.1.13	TLSv1.2	52.49.118.106	234 Client Hello
779 15.157 52.49.118.106	TCP	192.168.1.13	54 443 → 51063 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=181 Win=28160 Len=0
780 15.157 52.49.118.106	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	1506 Server Hello
781 15.157 52.49.118.106	TCP	192.168.1.13	1506 443 → 51063 [ACK] Seq=1453 Ack=181 Win=28160 Len=1452 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
782 15.157 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.49.118.106	54 51063 → 443 [ACK] Seq=181 Ack=2905 Win=132096 Len=0
783 15.157 52.49.118.106	TCP	192.168.1.13	1506 443 → 51063 [ACK] Seq=2905 Ack=181 Win=28160 Len=1452 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
784 15.157 52.49.118.106	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	959 Certificate, Server Key Exchange, Server Hello Done
785 15.157 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.49.118.106	54 51063 → 443 [ACK] Seq=181 Ack=5262 Win=132096 Len=0
786 15.160 192.168.1.13	TLSv1.2	52.49.118.106	180 Client Key Exchange, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
789 15.323 52.49.118.106	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	328 New Session Ticket, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
790 15.324 192.168.1.13	TLSv1.2	52.49.118.106	484 Application Data
795 15.494 52.49.118.106	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	108 Application Data
796 15.494 52.49.118.106	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	260 Application Data

Then we request for some cloud services from gamesec-gossip-eu-lb-prod-1789504702.eu-west-1.elb.amazonaws.co(52.49.118.106)

3 Way Handshake in the line 775, 776, 777. The client sends a message to initiate the connection by sending a SYN, the server accepts it by sending an ACK and requests the client for connection by sending SYN along with the previous ACK. Finally the client sends back an ACK to the server to accept the connection.

The conversation starts by "Client Hello" which basically will include which TLS version the client supports and the cipher suites supported to which server replies with "Server Hello" which contains the SSL Certificates and cipher suites it is going to use. Then the encryption keys are exchanged with encrypted handshake messages and then messages are exchanged using TLSv1.2. Finally FIN is used by client to close the connection.

2042 42.036 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.156.78.133	66 51072 - 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
2045 42.277 52.156.78.133	TCP	192.168.1.13	66 443 → 51072 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1440 SACK_PERM=1 WS=128
2046 42.277 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.156.78.133	54 51072 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=66048 Len=0
2047 42.280 192.168.1.13	TLSv1.2	52.156.78.133	476 Client Hello
2048 42.514 52.156.78.133	TCP	192.168.1.13	54 443 → 51072 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=423 Win=64128 Len=0
2049 42.516 52.156.78.133	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	1506 Server Hello
2050 42.516 52.156.78.133	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	1506 Certificate [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
2051 42.516 52.156.78.133	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	321 Server Key Exchange, Server Hello Done
2052 42.516 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.156.78.133	54 51072 → 443 [ACK] Seq=423 Ack=3172 Win=66048 Len=0
2053 42.526 192.168.1.13	TLSv1.2	52.156.78.133	248 Client Key Exchange, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
2055 42.764 52.156.78.133	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	280 New Session Ticket, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
2056 42.766 192.168.1.13	TLSv1.2	52.156.78.133	257 Application Data
2058 43.000 52.156.78.133	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	249 Application Data
2059 43.040 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.156.78.133	54 51072 → 443 [ACK] Seq=820 Ack=3593 Win=65792 Len=0
2062 43.511 192.168.1.13	TLSv1.2	52.156.78.133	749 Application Data
2064 43.786 52.156.78.133	TCP	192.168.1.13	54 443 → 51072 [ACK] Seq=3593 Ack=1515 Win=64128 Len=0
2066 43.932 52.156.78.133	TCP	192.168.1.13	1506 443 → 51072 [ACK] Seq=3593 Ack=1515 Win=64128 Len=1452 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
2067 43.933 52.156.78.133	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	1134 Application Data
2068 43.933 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.156.78.133	54 51072 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1515 Ack=6125 Win=66048 Len=0
2069 43.948 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.156.78.133	54 51072 → 443 [FIN, ACK] Seq=1515 Ack=6125 Win=66048 Len=0
2076 44.184 52.156.78.133	TCP	192.168.1.13	54 443 - 51072 [FIN, ACK] Seq=6125 Ack=1516 Win=64128 Len=0
2077 44.184 192.168.1.13	TCP	52.156.78.133	54 51072 - 443 [ACK] Seq=1516 Ack=6126 Win=66048 Len=0

Then we request to login as our player from login-prod.fallguys.oncatapult.com(52.156.78.133) 3 Way Handshake in the line 2042, 2045, 2046. The procedure is the same as above.

- 1	2147 49.202 192.168.1.13	TCP	40.91.117.231	66 51076 → 443 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
	2153 49.435 40.91.117.231	TCP	192.168.1.13	66 443 - 51076 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1398 SACK_PERM=1 WS=128
- 1	2154 49.435 192.168.1.13	TCP	40.91.117.231	54 51076 → 443 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=131328 Len=0
	2155 49.436 192.168.1.13	TLSV1.2	40.91.117.231	488 Client Hello
	2165 49.694 40.91.117.231	TCP	192.168.1.13	54 443 → 51076 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=435 Win=64128 Len=0
	2166 49.695 40.91.117.231	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	1464 Server Hello
	2167 49.695 40.91.117.231	TLSV1.2	192.168.1.13	1464 Certificate [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	2168 49.695 40.91.117.231	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	405 Server Key Exchange, Server Hello Done
	2169 49.695 192.168.1.13	TCP	40.91.117.231	54 51076 → 443 [ACK] Seq=435 Ack=3172 Win=131328 Len=0
	2170 49.705 192.168.1.13	TLSv1.2	40.91.117.231	248 Client Key Exchange, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
	2175 49.977 40.91.117.231	TLSV1.2	192.168.1.13	280 New Session Ticket, Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
	2176 49.979 192.168.1.13	TLSv1.2	40.91.117.231	269 Application Data
	2441 50.224 40.91.117.231	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	249 Application Data
	2442 50.229 192.168.1.13	TCP	40.91.117.231	1452 51076 - 443 [ACK] Seq=844 Ack=3593 Win=130816 Len=1398 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
	2443 50.229 192.168.1.13	TLSV1.2	40.91.117.231	168 Application Data
	2485 50.471 40.91.117.231	TCP	192.168.1.13	54 443 → 51076 [ACK] Seq=3593 Ack=2356 Win=64128 Len=0
	2486 50.472 40.91.117.231	TLSv1.2	192.168.1.13	939 Application Data

Then we establish a connection through the game gateway through which we will exchange data while in pause, end or whenever we are on the main page of the game.

3 Way Handshake in the line 2147, 2153, 2154. The procedure is the same as above.

b) Start: UDP

Г	- 2638 73.743 192.168.1.13	UDP	129.227.25.38	61 61662 → 7877 Len=19
	2639 73.788 129.227.25.38	UDP	192.168.1.13	69 7877 → 61662 Len=27
	2640 73.795 129.227.25.38	UDP	192.168.1.13	69 7877 → 61662 Len=27
	2641 73.795 192.168.1.13	UDP	129.227.25.38	69 61662 → 7877 Len=27
	2642 73.824 129.227.25.38	UDP	192.168.1.13	69 7877 → 61662 Len=27
	2643 73.824 192.168.1.13	UDP	129.227.25.38	457 61662 → 7877 Len=415
	2644 73.875 129.227.25.38	UDP	192.168.1.13	58 7877 → 61662 Len=16
	2645 73.892 129.227.25.38	UDP	192.168.1.13	180 7877 → 61662 Len=138
	2646 73.892 129.227.25.38	UDP	192.168.1.13	58 7877 → 61662 Len=16
	2647 73.892 192.168.1.13	UDP	129.227.25.38	457 61662 → 7877 Len=415
	2648 73.903 192.168.1.13	UDP	129.227.25.38	69 61662 → 7877 Len=27
	2649 73.924 192.168.1.13	UDP	129.227.25.38	94 61662 → 7877 Len=52
	2650 73.927 129.227.25.38	UDP	192.168.1.13	69 7877 → 61662 Len=27
	2651 73.938 129.227.25.38	UDP	192.168.1.13	180 7877 → 61662 Len=138
	2652 73.938 192.168.1.13	UDP	129.227.25.38	58 61662 → 7877 Len=16

The entire duration of the game we exchange UDP segments from (129.227.25.38). There are no sequence numbers and acknowledgement numbers.

No handshaking is done.

Ans.4-

I applied the ip filter to remove the ARP packets captured from chatter in my wifi network. All the values are rough estimates since some background application might be running whose packets would influence the results.

Statistics	Morning	Afternoon	Night	
Throughput	146k bits/s	150k bits/s	137k bits/s	
RTT	0.06268 seconds	0.13496 seconds	0.12492 seconds	
Packet size	491 Bytes	405 Bytes	391 Bytes	
No. of Packets Lost	1	3	1	
UDP Packets	6384	14456	10816	
TCP Packets	3979	2269	426	
No. of responses / request	6408/3943	11508/5153	7897/3146	

Morning: fall_guys7.pcapng **Afternoon**: fall_guys2.pcapng **Night**: fall_guys5.pcapng

Ans. 5- Yes, data is fetched from multiple destinations at different times.

Morning: 129.227.201.158

Afternoon: 129.227.25.38

Night: 129.227.20.2

These multiple IP exist due to the load balancer of the game server. Multiple game servers are running parallely and each require exactly 60 players to begin the game, so the load balancer(reverse proxy) cleverly distributes the load to the server which needs players at that time. Hence different IPs at different times.