



Abhishek Saini
 abhisheksaini.eed@gmail.com
 Mtech Power system

$$\vec{I} = \frac{\vec{E} - \vec{V}}{R+jX} = \frac{E\angle\theta_s - V\angle\theta_R}{R+jX}$$

$$\vec{I} = \frac{E\angle\theta_s - V\angle\theta_R}{|Z|\angle\theta_1} \quad \theta_1 = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{X}{R}\right)$$

$$\vec{I} = \frac{E}{Z} \angle\theta_s - \theta_1 - \frac{V}{Z} \angle\theta_R - \theta_1$$

$$\vec{S}_R = \vec{V} (\vec{I})^*$$

$$= V\angle\theta_R \left[\frac{E}{Z} \angle\theta_s - \theta_1 - \frac{V}{Z} \angle\theta_R - \theta_1 \right]^*$$

$$= V\angle\theta_R \left[\frac{E}{Z} \angle\theta_1 - \theta_s - \frac{V}{Z} \angle\theta_1 - \theta_R \right]$$

$$\vec{S}_R = \frac{EV}{Z} \angle\theta_R + \theta_1 - \theta_s - \frac{V^2}{Z} \angle\theta_1$$

$$P_R = \frac{EV}{Z} \cos(\theta_R + \theta_1 - \theta_s) - \frac{V^2}{Z} \cos(\theta_1)$$

$$P_R = \frac{EV}{Z} \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_s) - \frac{V^2}{Z} \cos(\theta_1)$$

$$Q_R = \frac{EV}{Z} \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_s) - \frac{V^2}{Z} \sin(\theta_1)$$

$$v = \frac{V}{E}, \quad p = \frac{P \cdot z}{E^2}$$

$$q = \frac{Q \cdot z}{E^2}$$

$$\frac{P \cdot z}{E^2} = \frac{EV \cos(\theta_1 - \theta)}{\frac{E^2}{E^2}} - \frac{V^2 \cos(\theta_1)}{E^2}$$

$$p = v \cos(\theta_1 - \theta) - v^2 \cos(\theta_1) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{Q \cdot z}{E^2} = \frac{EV \sin(\theta_1 - \theta)}{E^2} - \frac{V^2 \sin(\theta_1)}{E^2}$$

$$q = v \sin(\theta_1 - \theta) - v^2 \sin(\theta_1) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

from (1) & (2)

$$\cos(\theta_1 - \theta) = \frac{p + v^2 \cos(\theta_1)}{v}$$

$$\cos(\theta_1 - \theta) = p/v + v \cos(\theta_1)$$

$$\sin(\theta_1 - \theta) = q/v + v \sin(\theta_1)$$

squaring eqⁿ (1) & (2)

$$p^2 = v^2 \cos^2(\theta_1 - \theta) + v^4 \cos^2(\theta_1) - 2v^3 \cos(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_1 - \theta)$$

$$q^2 = v^2 \sin^2(\theta_1 - \theta) + v^4 \sin^2(\theta_1) - 2v^3 \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_1 - \theta)$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^2 + v^4 - 2v^3 [\cos(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_1 - \theta) + \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_1 - \theta)] \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^2 + v^4 - 2v^3 [\cos(\theta_1 - (\theta_1 - \delta))]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^2 + v^4 - 2v^3 \cos \delta$$

$$v^4 + v^2 - 2\cos \delta v^3 - (p^2 + q^2) = 0$$

target
eqⁿ

from eqⁿ (3)

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^3 [\cos(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_1 - \delta) + \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_1 - \delta)]$$

putting value of

$$\cos(\theta_1 - \delta) \times \sin(\theta_1 - \delta)$$

take

$$\frac{q}{p} = k$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^3 \left[\cos(\theta_1) \left[\frac{p}{v} + v \cos \theta_1 \right] + \sin(\theta_1) \left[\frac{q}{v} + v \sin \theta_1 \right] \right]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^3 \left[\frac{p}{v} \cos \theta_1 + v \cos^2(\theta_1) + \frac{q}{v} \sin(\theta_1) + v \sin^2(\theta_1) \right]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^3 [\cos(\theta_1) \cos(\theta_1 - \delta) + \sin(\theta_1) \sin(\theta_1 - \delta)]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^3 [\cos(\theta_1) \left[\frac{p}{v} + v \cos(\theta_1) \right] + \sin(\theta_1) \left[\frac{q}{v} + v \sin(\theta_1) \right]]$$

$$q = kp$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^3 \left[\frac{p}{v} \cos(\theta_1) + v \cos^2(\theta_1) + \frac{q}{v} \sin(\theta_1) + v \sin^2(\theta_1) \right]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^3 \left[\frac{p}{v} \cos(\theta_1) + \frac{q}{v} \sin(\theta_1) + v \right]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^3 \left[\frac{p \cos(\theta_1) + q \sin(\theta_1) + v^2}{v} \right]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^2 [v^2 + p \cos(\theta_1) + q \sin(\theta_1)]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = v^4 + v^2 - 2v^4 - 2v^2 [p \cos(\theta_1) + kp \sin(\theta_1)]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = -v^4 + v^2 - 2v^2 [\cos(\theta_1) + k \sin(\theta_1)]$$

$$p^2 + q^2 = -v^4 + v^2 (1 - 2p [\cos(\theta_1) + k \sin(\theta_1)])$$

$$p^2 + q^2 =$$

$$v = \frac{- (1 - 2p(\cos\theta_2 + k\sin\theta_2)) \pm \sqrt{(k')^2 - 4(1+k^2)p^2}}{2}$$

$$k' = 1 - 2p(\cos\theta_2 + k\sin\theta_2)$$



