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Assignment 1

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Area of Triangle

Abstract—This document contains the solution to find the Area of a Triangle, given the coordinates of the vertices.

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Abhishektiwari2021/ee5600.git/ Assignment_1.ipynb

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Abhishektiwari2021/ee5600.git/main.tex

1 Problem

Solve: Problem set: Vector2, Example-2,2

Find the areas of the triangles the coordinates of whose angular points are respectively: (0,4), (3,6) and (-8,-2)

2 Solution

$$\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

: Area of the Triangle =
$$\frac{1}{2} \| (\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{P}) \times (\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{P}) \|$$

(2.0.3)

As the vector cross product of two vectors can also be expressed as the product of a skew-symmetric matrix and a vector.

$$\mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -a_3 & a_2 \\ a_3 & 0 & -a_1 \\ -a_2 & a_1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.4)

Substituting values from equation 2.0.1 and 2.0.2 in above equation 2.0.4, we'll get:

$$(\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{P}) \times (\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{P}) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.5)

$$||||(\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{P})|| \times (\mathbf{R} - \mathbf{P})|| = \sqrt{0^2 + 0^2 + -2^2} = 2$$

(2.0.6)

Substituting value from equation 2.0.6 in equation 2.0.3, we'll get area of triangle:

$$\implies \frac{1}{2}(2) = 1units^2$$