

DBMS LAB-5

NAME:- ABHISHIKTH BODA

ROLL NUMBER:- S20210010044

DATE:- 21-09-2022

EXERCISE1:-

QUESTION1:-

1. CURRENT_DATE:-

```
mysql> SELECT CURRENT_DATE();
+-----+
| CURRENT_DATE() |
+-----+
| 2022-09-21      |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

QUESTION2:-

2.CURRENT_TIME:-

```
mysql> SELECT CURRENT_TIME();
+-----+
| CURRENT_TIME() |
+-----+
| 15:05:55        |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

QUESTION3:-

3. CURRENT_TIMESTAMP:-

```
mysql> SELECT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP();
+-----+
| CURRENT_TIMESTAMP() |
+-----+
| 2022-09-21 15:07:23 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION4:-

4. DATEDIFF:-

```
mysql> SELECT DATEDIFF("2022-09-15 09:34:21", "2022-09-25 19:25:35");
+-----+
| DATEDIFF("2022-09-15 09:34:21", "2022-09-25 19:25:35") |
+-----+
| -10 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION5:-

5. ADDDATE:-

```
mysql> SELECT ADDDATE("2017-06-15 09:34:21", INTERVAL 5 DAY);
+-----+
| ADDDATE("2017-06-15 09:34:21", INTERVAL 5 DAY) |
+-----+
| 2017-06-20 09:34:21 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION6:-

6. ADDTIME:-

```
mysql> SELECT ADDTIME("2022-09-27 11:39:51.009001", "5 2:10:5.000003");
+-----+
| ADDTIME("2022-09-27 11:39:51.009001", "5 2:10:5.000003") |
+-----+
| 2022-10-02 13:49:56.009004                                |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

EXERCISE 2:-

1. create table small_customers(id smallint,name varchar(10),age smallint,address varchar(15),salary int);

```
mysql> create table small_customers(id smallint,name varchar(10),age smallint,address varchar(15),salary int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

2. create table small_customers2(id smallint,name varchar(10),age smallint,address varchar(15),salary int);

```
mysql> create table small_customers2(id smallint,name varchar(10),age smallint,address varchar(15),salary int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

3. create table orders (oid int,date datetime,customer_id smallint,amount int);

```
mysql> create table orders (oid int,date datetime,customer_id smallint,amount int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

4. LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE 'small_customers.csv' INTO table small_customers COLUMNS TERMINATED BY ',';

```
mysql> select * from small_customers;
```

id	name	age	address	salary
1	Ramesh	35	Ahmedabad	125
2	Khilan	25	Delhi	1500
3	kaushik	23	Kota	2000
4	Chaitali	25	Mumbai	6500
5	Hardik	27	Bhopal	2125
6	Komal	22	MP	4500
7	Muffy	24	Indore	10000

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

5. LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE 'orders.csv' INTO table orders COLUMNS TERMINATED BY ',';

```
mysql> select * from orders;
```

oid	date	customer_id	amount
102	2009-10-08 00:00:00	3	3000
100	2009-10-08 00:00:00	3	1500
101	2009-11-20 00:00:00	2	1560
103	2008-05-20 00:00:00	4	2060

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> S
```

SUB QUERIES:-

QUESTION1:-

With select:-

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM small_customers
      -> WHERE ID IN (SELECT ID FROM small_customers WHERE SALARY > 4500) ;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id  | name   | age  | address | salary |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 4   | Chaitali | 25   | Mumbai  | 6500   |
| 7   | Muffy   | 24   | Indore   | 10000  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION2:-

With insert:-

```
mysql> INSERT INTO small_customers2
      -> SELECT * FROM small_customers
      -> WHERE ID IN (SELECT ID FROM small_customers) ;
Query OK, 7 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 7  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from small_customers2;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id  | name   | age  | address | salary |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   | Ramesh | 35   | Ahmedabad | 125   |
| 2   | Khilan | 25   | Delhi    | 1500  |
| 3   | kaushik | 23   | Kota     | 2000  |
| 4   | Chaitali | 25   | Mumbai   | 6500  |
| 5   | Hardik | 27   | Bhopal   | 2125  |
| 6   | Komal  | 22   | MP       | 4500  |
| 7   | Muffy   | 24   | Indore   | 10000 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION3:-

With update:-

```
mysql> UPDATE small_customers
  -> SET SALARY = SALARY * 0.25
  -> WHERE AGE IN (SELECT AGE FROM small_customers2 WHERE AGE >= 27);
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 2  Changed: 2  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from small_customers;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id  | name    | age  | address | salary |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   | Ramesh  | 35   | Ahmedabad | 31     |
| 2   | Khilan  | 25   | Delhi    | 1500   |
| 3   | kaushik | 23   | Kota     | 2000   |
| 4   | Chaitali | 25   | Mumbai   | 6500   |
| 5   | Hardik  | 27   | Bhopal   | 531    |
| 6   | Komal   | 22   | MP       | 4500   |
| 7   | Muffy   | 24   | Indore   | 10000  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION4:-

With delete:-

```
mysql> DELETE FROM small_customers
  -> WHERE AGE IN (SELECT AGE FROM small_customers2 WHERE AGE >= 27);
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from small_customers;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id  | name    | age  | address | salary |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 2   | Khilan  | 25   | Delhi    | 1500   |
| 3   | kaushik | 23   | Kota     | 2000   |
| 4   | Chaitali | 25   | Mumbai   | 6500   |
| 6   | Komal   | 22   | MP       | 4500   |
| 7   | Muffy   | 24   | Indore   | 10000  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

EXERCISE3:-

Use Bank Database Schema:-

branch (branch_name, branch_city, assets)

customer (customer_name, customer_street, customer_city)

loan (loan_number, branch_name, amount)

borrower (customer_name, loan_number)

account (account_number, branch_name, balance)

depositor (customer_name, account_number)

QUESTION1:-

Find all the bank customers having a loan, an account or both at the bank.

```
mysql> (select customer_name from borrower)
-> union
-> (select customer_name from depositor);
+-----+
| customer_name |
+-----+
| Smith         |
| Hayes         |
| Adams         |
| Jones         |
| Williams      |
| Curry         |
| Johnson       |
| Lindsay       |
| Turner        |
+-----+
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> _
```


QUESTION2:-

Find those customers who are borrowers from the bank and who appear in the list of account holders (i.e present in depositor table).

```
mysql> select customer_name from borrower
      -> where customer_name in (select customer_name from depositor);
+-----+
| customer_name |
+-----+
| Smith         |
| Hayes         |
| Jones         |
| Smith         |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> _
```

QUESTION3:-

Find all the customers who have loans at the bank ,but do not have an account at the bank.

```
mysql> select customer_name from borrower
      -> where customer_name not in (select customer_name from depositor);
+-----+
| customer_name |
+-----+
| Adams         |
| Williams      |
| Curry         |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION4:-

Find the names of all branches that have assets greater than those of at least one branch located in Brooklyn (without using subquery).

```
mysql> select b1.branch_name from branch as b1
-> join
-> branch as b2
-> where b2.branch_city = 'Brooklyn' and
-> b1.assets>b2.assets;
+-----+
| branch_name |
+-----+
| Downtown   |
| Round Hill |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION 5:-

Find the names of all branches that have assets greater than those of at least one branch located in Brooklyn (using subquery).

```
mysql> select branch_name from branch
-> where assets>(select min(assets) from branch
-> where branch_city = 'Brooklyn');
+-----+
| branch_name |
+-----+
| Downtown   |
| Round Hill |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> _
```

QUESTION 6:-

Find the branch that has the highest average balance.

```
mysql> select branch_name,max(avg) as average_balance from
-> (select branch_name,avg(balance) as avg
-> from account group by branch_name) as t;
+-----+-----+
| branch_name | average_balance |
+-----+-----+
| Brighton    |      825.000000 |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION 7:-

Find all the customers who have both an account and a loan at the bank,by a subquery using “exists” keyword.

```
mysql> select customer_name from depositor as t
-> where exists(select customer_name from borrower as s
-> where t.customer_name=s.customer_name);
+-----+
| customer_name |
+-----+
| Hayes         |
| Smith         |
| Jones         |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION 8:-

Perform natural join between tables loan and borrower.

```
mysql> select * from loan natural join borrower;
```

loan_number	branch_name	amount	customer_name
L-11	Round Hill	900	Smith
L-15	Perryridge	1500	Hayes
L-16	Perryridge	1300	Adams
L-17	Downtown	1000	Jones
L-17	Downtown	1000	Williams
L-23	Redwood	2000	Smith
L-93	Mianus	500	Curry

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> _
```

QUESTION 9:-

Perform inner join between tables loan and borrower, with loan_number as joining condition.

```
mysql> select * from loan inner join borrower
      -> on loan.loan_number = borrower.loan_number;
```

loan_number	branch_name	amount	customer_name	loan_number
L-11	Round Hill	900	Smith	L-11
L-15	Perryridge	1500	Hayes	L-15
L-16	Perryridge	1300	Adams	L-16
L-17	Downtown	1000	Jones	L-17
L-17	Downtown	1000	Williams	L-17
L-23	Redwood	2000	Smith	L-23
L-93	Mianus	500	Curry	L-93

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> _
```

QUESTION 10:-

Perform natural right outer join between tables loan and borrower.

```
mysql> select * from loan natural right outer join borrower;
```

loan_number	customer_name	branch_name	amount
L-11	Smith	Round Hill	900
L-15	Hayes	Perryridge	1500
L-16	Adams	Perryridge	1300
L-17	Jones	Downtown	1000
L-17	Williams	Downtown	1000
L-23	Smith	Redwood	2000
L-93	Curry	Mianus	500

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql>
```

QUESTION 11:-

Perform right outer join between tables loan and borrower, with loan_number as joining condition.

```
mysql> select * from loan right outer join borrower
-> on loan.loan_number = borrower.loan_number;
```

loan_number	branch_name	amount	customer_name	loan_number
L-11	Round Hill	900	Smith	L-11
L-15	Perryridge	1500	Hayes	L-15
L-16	Perryridge	1300	Adams	L-16
L-17	Downtown	1000	Jones	L-17
L-17	Downtown	1000	Williams	L-17
L-23	Redwood	2000	Smith	L-23
L-93	Mianus	500	Curry	L-93

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql>
```

QUESTION 12:-

Perform natural left outer join between tables loan and borrower.

```
mysql> select * from loan natural left outer join borrower;
```

loan_number	branch_name	amount	customer_name
L-11	Round Hill	900	Smith
L-14	Downtown	1500	NULL
L-15	Perryridge	1500	Hayes
L-16	Perryridge	1300	Adams
L-17	Downtown	1000	Jones
L-17	Downtown	1000	Williams
L-23	Redwood	2000	Smith
L-93	Mianus	500	Curry

```
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION 13:-

Perform left outer join between tables loan and borrower, with loan_number as joining condition.

```
mysql> select * from loan left outer join borrower
-> on loan.loan_number = borrower.loan_number;
```

loan_number	branch_name	amount	customer_name	loan_number
L-11	Round Hill	900	Smith	L-11
L-14	Downtown	1500	NULL	NULL
L-15	Perryridge	1500	Hayes	L-15
L-16	Perryridge	1300	Adams	L-16
L-17	Downtown	1000	Jones	L-17
L-17	Downtown	1000	Williams	L-17
L-23	Redwood	2000	Smith	L-23
L-93	Mianus	500	Curry	L-93

```
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

QUESTION 14:-

Perform full outer join between tables loan and borrower

```
mysql> (select * from loan right outer join borrower using(loan_number)) union
-> (select * from loan left outer join borrower using (loan_number));
```

loan_number	customer_name	branch_name	amount
L-11	Smith	Round Hill	900
L-15	Hayes	Perryridge	1500
L-16	Adams	Perryridge	1300
L-17	Jones	Downtown	1000
L-17	Williams	Downtown	1000
L-23	Smith	Redwood	2000
L-93	Curry	Mianus	500
L-11	Round Hill	900	Smith
L-14	Downtown	1500	NULL
L-15	Perryridge	1500	Hayes
L-16	Perryridge	1300	Adams
L-17	Downtown	1000	Jones
L-17	Downtown	1000	Williams
L-23	Redwood	2000	Smith
L-93	Mianus	500	Curry

```
15 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> _
```

←THE END→