

DBMS LAB-11

NAME:- ABHISHIKTH BODA

ROLL NUMBER:- S20210010044

DATE:- 16-11-2022

TABLES:-

Classroom:-

```
mysql> select * from classroom;
+-----+-----+-----+
| building | room_number | capacity |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Packard  | 101         | 500      |
| Painter  | 514         | 10       |
| Taylor   | 3128        | 70       |
| Watson   | 100         | 30       |
| Watson   | 120         | 50       |
+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Department:-

```
mysql> select * from department;
+-----+-----+-----+
| dept_name | building | budget  |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Biology   | Watson   | 90000.00 |
| Comp. Sci. | Taylor   | 100000.00 |
| Elec. Eng. | Taylor   | 85000.00 |
| Finance   | Painter  | 120000.00 |
| History   | Painter  | 50000.00 |
| Music     | Packard  | 80000.00 |
| Physics   | Watson   | 70000.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Course:-

```
mysql> select * from course;
```

course_id	title	dept_name	credits
BIO-101	Intro. to Biology	Biology	4
BIO-301	Genetics	Biology	4
BIO-399	Computational Biology	Biology	3
CS-101	Intro. to Computer Science	Comp. Sci.	4
CS-190	Game Design	Comp. Sci.	4
CS-315	Robotics	Comp. Sci.	3
CS-319	Image Processing	Comp. Sci.	3
CS-347	Database System Concepts	Comp. Sci.	3
EE-181	Intro. to Digital Systems	Elec. Eng.	3
FIN-201	Investment Banking	Finance	3
HIS-351	World History	History	3
MU-199	Music Video Production	Music	3
PHY-101	Physical Principles	Physics	4

```
13 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Instructor:-

```
mysql> select * from instructor;
```

ID	name	dept_name	salary
10101	Srinivasan	Comp. Sci.	65000.00
12121	Wu	Finance	90000.00
15151	Mozart	Music	40000.00
22222	Einstein	Physics	95000.00
32343	El Said	History	60000.00
33456	Gold	Physics	87000.00
45565	Katz	Comp. Sci.	75000.00
58583	Califieri	History	62000.00
76543	Singh	Finance	80000.00
76766	Crick	Biology	72000.00
83821	Brandt	Comp. Sci.	92000.00
98345	Kim	Elec. Eng.	80000.00

```
12 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Section:-

```
mysql> select * from section;
```

course_id	sec_id	semester	year	building	room_number	time_slot_id
BIO-101	1	Summer	2009	Painter	514	B
BIO-301	1	Summer	2010	Painter	514	A
CS-101	1	Fall	2009	Packard	101	H
CS-101	1	Spring	2010	Packard	101	F
CS-190	1	Spring	2009	Taylor	3128	E
CS-190	2	Spring	2009	Taylor	3128	A
CS-315	1	Spring	2010	Watson	120	D
CS-319	1	Spring	2010	Watson	100	B
CS-319	2	Spring	2010	Taylor	3128	C
CS-347	1	Fall	2009	Taylor	3128	A
EE-181	1	Spring	2009	Taylor	3128	C
FIN-201	1	Spring	2010	Packard	101	B
HIS-351	1	Spring	2010	Painter	514	C
MU-199	1	Spring	2010	Packard	101	D
PHY-101	1	Fall	2009	Watson	100	A

```
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Teaches:-

```
mysql> select * from teaches;
```

ID	course_id	sec_id	semester	year
76766	BIO-101	1	Summer	2009
76766	BIO-301	1	Summer	2010
10101	CS-101	1	Fall	2009
45565	CS-101	1	Spring	2010
83821	CS-190	1	Spring	2009
83821	CS-190	2	Spring	2009
10101	CS-315	1	Spring	2010
45565	CS-319	1	Spring	2010
83821	CS-319	2	Spring	2010
10101	CS-347	1	Fall	2009
98345	EE-181	1	Spring	2009
12121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2010
32343	HIS-351	1	Spring	2010
15151	MU-199	1	Spring	2010
22222	PHY-101	1	Fall	2009

```
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Student:-

```
mysql> select * from student;
```

ID	name	dept_name	tot_cred
00128	Zhang	Comp. Sci.	102
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32
19991	Brandt	History	80
23121	Chavez	Finance	110
44553	Peltier	Physics	56
45678	Levy	Physics	46
54321	Williams	Comp. Sci.	54
55739	Sanchez	Music	38
70557	Snow	Physics	0
76543	Brown	Comp. Sci.	58
76653	Aoi	Elec. Eng.	60
98765	Bourikas	Elec. Eng.	98
98988	Tanaka	Biology	120

```
13 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Takes:-

```
mysql> select * from takes;
```

ID	course_id	sec_id	semester	year	grade
00128	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	A
00128	CS-347	1	Fall	2009	A-
12345	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	C
12345	CS-190	2	Spring	2009	A
12345	CS-315	1	Spring	2010	A
12345	CS-347	1	Fall	2009	A
19991	HIS-351	1	Spring	2010	B
23121	FIN-201	1	Spring	2010	C+
44553	PHY-101	1	Fall	2009	B-
45678	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	F
45678	CS-101	1	Spring	2010	B+
45678	CS-319	1	Spring	2010	B
54321	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	A-
54321	CS-190	2	Spring	2009	B+
55739	MU-199	1	Spring	2010	A-
76543	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	A
76543	CS-319	2	Spring	2010	A
76653	EE-181	1	Spring	2009	C
98765	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	C-
98765	CS-315	1	Spring	2010	B
98988	BIO-101	1	Summer	2009	A
98988	BIO-301	1	Summer	2010	NULL

```
22 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Advisor:-

```
mysql> select * from advisor;
```

s_ID	i_ID
12345	10101
44553	22222
45678	22222
00128	45565
76543	45565
23121	76543
98988	76766
76653	98345
98765	98345

```
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Time_slot:-

```
mysql> select * from time_slot;
```

time_slot_id	day	start_hr	start_min	end_hr	end_min
A	F	8	0	8	50
A	M	8	0	8	50
A	W	8	0	8	50
B	F	9	0	9	50
B	M	9	0	9	50
B	W	9	0	9	50
C	F	11	0	11	50
C	M	11	0	11	50
C	W	11	0	11	50
D	F	13	0	13	50
D	M	13	0	13	50
D	W	13	0	13	50
E	R	10	30	11	45
E	T	10	30	11	45
F	R	14	30	15	45
F	T	14	30	15	45
G	F	16	0	16	50
G	M	16	0	16	50
G	W	16	0	16	50
H	W	10	0	12	30

```
20 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

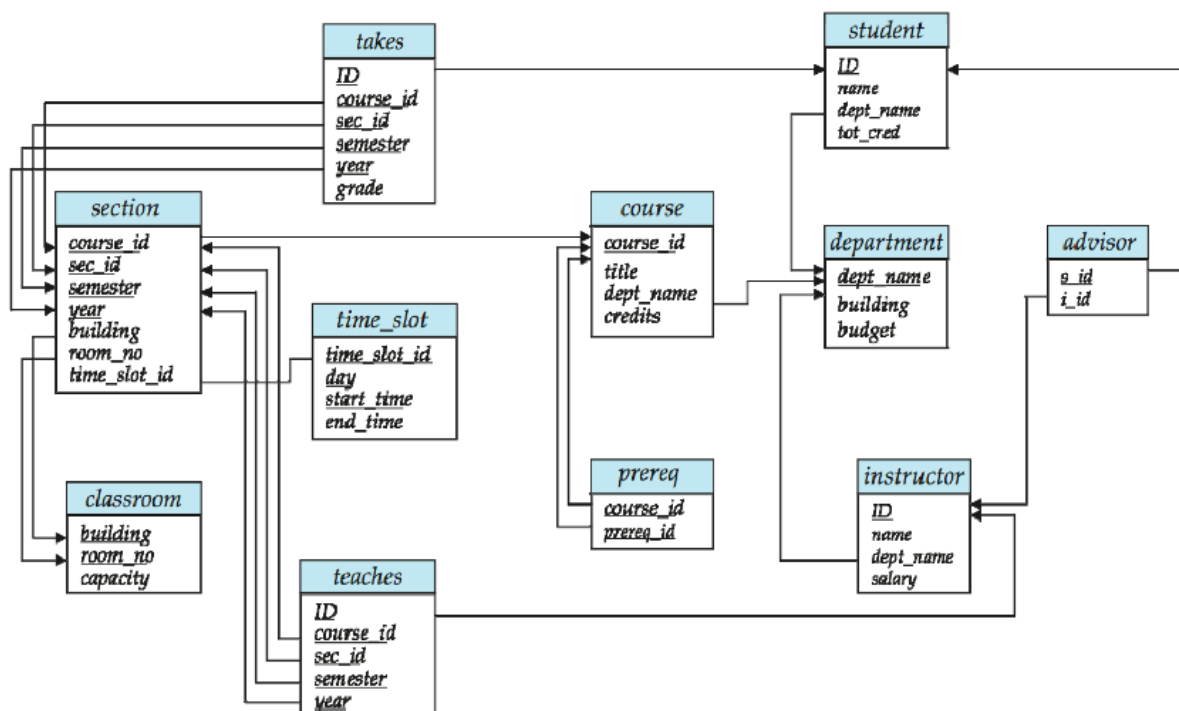
Prereq:-

```
mysql> select * from prereq;
```

course_id	prereq_id
BIO-301	BIO-101
BIO-399	BIO-101
CS-190	CS-101
CS-315	CS-101
CS-319	CS-101
CS-347	CS-101
EE-181	PHY-101

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Schema For University Database:-



Question 1:-

Write the following queries in SQL, using the university schema. Schema Attached separately

Question 1a:-

Find the titles of courses in the Comp. Sci. department that have 3 credits.

Solution:-

```
mysql> select title from course
-> where credits = 3
-> and
-> dept_name = 'Comp. Sci.';
+-----+
| title |
+-----+
| Robotics |
| Image Processing |
| Database System Concepts |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Question 1b:-

Find the IDs of all students who were taught by an instructor named Einstein; make sure there are no duplicates in the result.

Solution:-

```
mysql> select distinct ID from student natural join takes
-> where course_id in (select course_id from
-> instructor natural join teaches
-> where name = 'Einstein');
+-----+
| ID |
+-----+
| 44553 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

Question 1c:-

Find the highest salary of any instructor.

Solution:-

```
mysql> select max(salary) from instructor;
+-----+
| max(salary) |
+-----+
|    95000.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

Question 1d:-

Find all instructors earning the highest salary (there may be more than one with the same salary).

Solution:-

```
mysql> select * from instructor
-> where salary in (select max(salary) from instructor);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID    | name    | dept_name | salary |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 22222 | Einstein | Physics   | 95000.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Question 1e:-

Find the enrollment of each section that was offered in Autumn 2009.

Solution:-

```
mysql> select count(course_id),sec_id from section
-> where semester = 'Spring' and year = '2009'
-> group by sec_id;
+-----+-----+
| count(course_id) | sec_id |
+-----+-----+
|                2 | 1      |
|                1 | 2      |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```


Question 1f:-

Find the maximum enrollment, across all sections, in Autumn 2009.

Solution:-

```
mysql> with sec_enrollment as (  
-> select course_id, sec_id, count(ID) as enrollment  
-> from section natural join takes  
-> where semester = 'Autumn'  
-> and year = 2009  
-> group by course_id, sec_id)  
-> select course_id, sec_id  
-> from sec_enrollment  
-> where enrollment = (select max(enrollment) from sec_enrollment);  
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

Question 1g:-

Find the sections that had the maximum enrollment in Autumn 2009.

Solution:-

```
mysql> select max(enrollment) from (select count(ID) as enrollment from takes t where t.sec_id in  
(select s.sec_id from section s where year=2009 and semester="Autumn")) as dt;  
+-----+  
| max(enrollment) |  
+-----+  
|                0 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Question 2:-

Write the following inserts, deletes or updates in SQL, using the university schema.

Question 2a:-

Increase the salary of each instructor in the Comp. Sci. department by 10%.

Solution:-

```
mysql> update instructor
-> set salary = salary * 1.10
-> where dept_name = 'Comp. Sci.';
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Rows matched: 3  Changed: 3  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from instructor;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID    | name      | dept_name | salary |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 10101 | Srinivasan | Comp. Sci. | 71500.00 |
| 12121 | Wu         | Finance   | 90000.00 |
| 15151 | Mozart     | Music     | 40000.00 |
| 22222 | Einstein   | Physics   | 95000.00 |
| 32343 | El Said    | History   | 60000.00 |
| 33456 | Gold       | Physics   | 87000.00 |
| 45565 | Katz        | Comp. Sci. | 82500.00 |
| 58583 | Califieri  | History   | 62000.00 |
| 76543 | Singh      | Finance   | 80000.00 |
| 76766 | Crick      | Biology   | 72000.00 |
| 83821 | Brandt     | Comp. Sci. | 101200.00 |
| 98345 | Kim        | Elec. Eng. | 80000.00 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
12 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Question 2b:-

Delete all courses that have never been offered (that is, do not occur in the section relation).

Solution:-

```
mysql> delete from course
      -> where course_id not in
      -> (select course_id from section);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from course;
```

course_id	title	dept_name	credits
BIO-101	Intro. to Biology	Biology	4
BIO-301	Genetics	Biology	4
CS-101	Intro. to Computer Science	Comp. Sci.	4
CS-190	Game Design	Comp. Sci.	4
CS-315	Robotics	Comp. Sci.	3
CS-319	Image Processing	Comp. Sci.	3
CS-347	Database System Concepts	Comp. Sci.	3
EE-181	Intro. to Digital Systems	Elec. Eng.	3
FIN-201	Investment Banking	Finance	3
HIS-351	World History	History	3
MU-199	Music Video Production	Music	3
PHY-101	Physical Principles	Physics	4

```
12 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Question 2c:-

Insert every student whose tot_cred attribute is greater than 100 as an instructor in the same department, with a salary of \$30,000.

Solution:-

```
mysql> insert into instructor
-> (select ID, name, dept_name, 30000
-> from student
-> where tot_cred > 100);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from instructor;
```

ID	name	dept_name	salary
00128	Zhang	Comp. Sci.	30000.00
10101	Srinivasan	Comp. Sci.	71500.00
12121	Wu	Finance	90000.00
15151	Mozart	Music	40000.00
22222	Einstein	Physics	95000.00
23121	Chavez	Finance	30000.00
32343	El Said	History	60000.00
33456	Gold	Physics	87000.00
45565	Katz	Comp. Sci.	82500.00
58583	Califieri	History	62000.00
76543	Singh	Finance	80000.00
76766	Crick	Biology	72000.00
83821	Brandt	Comp. Sci.	101200.00
98345	Kim	Elec. Eng.	80000.00
98988	Tanaka	Biology	30000.00

```
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Question 3:-

The SQL like operator is case sensitive, but the lower () function on strings can be used to perform case insensitive matching. To show how, write a query that finds departments whose names contain the string “sci” as a substring, regardless of the case.

Solution:-

```
mysql> select dept_name
-> from department
-> where lower(dept_name) like '%sci%';
+-----+
| dept_name |
+-----+
| Comp. Sci. |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

Question 4:-

Write the following queries in SQL using university schema:

Question 4a:-

Display a list of all instructors, showing their ID, name, and the number of sections that they have taught. Make sure to show the number of sections as 0 for instructors who have not taught any section. Your query should use an outerjoin, and should not use scalar subqueries.

Solution:-

```
mysql> select ID,name,count(sec_id) as 'Number of sections' from instructor natural
left outer join teaches group by ID,name;
```

ID	name	Number of sections
00128	Zhang	0
10101	Srinivasan	3
12121	Wu	1
15151	Mozart	1
22222	Einstein	1
23121	Chavez	0
32343	El Said	1
33456	Gold	0
45565	Katz	2
58583	Califieri	0
76543	Singh	0
76766	Crick	2
83821	Brandt	3
98345	Kim	1
98988	Tanaka	0

```
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Question 4b:-

Write the same query as above, but using a scalar subquery, without outerjoin.

Solution:-

```
mysql> select ID, name,  
-> (select count(*) as 'Number of sections'  
-> from teaches T where T.id = I.id) as No_of_sec  
-> from instructor I;
```

ID	name	No_of_sec
00128	Zhang	0
10101	Srinivasan	3
12121	Wu	1
15151	Mozart	1
22222	Einstein	1
23121	Chavez	0
32343	El Said	1
33456	Gold	0
45565	Katz	2
58583	Califieri	0
76543	Singh	0
76766	Crick	2
83821	Brandt	3
98345	Kim	1
98988	Tanaka	0

15 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Question 4c:-

Display the list of all course sections offered in Spring 2010, along with the names of the instructors teaching the section. If a section has more than one instructor, it should appear as many times in the result as it has instructors. If it does not have any instructor, it should still appear in the result with the instructor name set to “—”.

Solution:-

```
mysql> select course_id, sec_id, ID,  
-> coalesce(name, '-')  
-> from (section natural left outer join teaches)  
-> natural left outer join instructor  
-> where semester='Spring' and year= 2010;
```

course_id	sec_id	ID	coalesce(name, '?')
CS-101	1	45565	Katz
FIN-201	1	12121	Wu
MU-199	1	15151	Mozart
HIS-351	1	32343	El Said
CS-319	2	83821	Brandt
CS-319	1	45565	Katz
CS-315	1	10101	Srinivasan

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Question 4d:-

Display the list of all departments, with the total number of instructors in each department, without using scalar subqueries. Make sure to correctly handle departments with no instructors.

Solution:-


```
mysql> select dept_name, count(ID)
-> from department natural left outer join instructor
-> group by dept_name;
```

dept_name	count(ID)
Biology	2
Comp. Sci.	4
Elec. Eng.	1
Finance	3
History	2
Music	1
Physics	2

```
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Question 5:-

Outer join expressions can be computed in SQL without using the SQL outer join operation. To illustrate this fact, show how to rewrite each of the following SQL queries without using the outer join expression considering university Schema.

Question 5a:-

select * from student natural left outer join takes

Solution:-

```
mysql> select * from student natural join takes
-> union
-> select ID, name, dept_name, tot_cred, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL
-> from student S1 where not exists
-> (select ID from takes T1 where T1.id = S1.id);
```

ID	name	dept_name	tot_cred	course_id	sec_id	semester	year	grade
00128	Zhang	Comp. Sci.	102	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	A
00128	Zhang	Comp. Sci.	102	CS-347	1	Fall	2009	A-
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	C
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32	CS-190	2	Spring	2009	A
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32	CS-315	1	Spring	2010	A
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32	CS-347	1	Fall	2009	A
19991	Brandt	History	80	HIS-351	1	Spring	2010	B
23121	Chavez	Finance	110	FIN-201	1	Spring	2010	C+
44553	Peltier	Physics	56	PHY-101	1	Fall	2009	B-
45678	Levy	Physics	46	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	F
45678	Levy	Physics	46	CS-101	1	Spring	2010	B+
45678	Levy	Physics	46	CS-319	1	Spring	2010	B
54321	Williams	Comp. Sci.	54	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	A-
54321	Williams	Comp. Sci.	54	CS-190	2	Spring	2009	B+
55739	Sanchez	Music	38	MU-199	1	Spring	2010	A-
76543	Brown	Comp. Sci.	58	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	A
76543	Brown	Comp. Sci.	58	CS-319	2	Spring	2010	A
76653	Aoi	Elec. Eng.	60	EE-181	1	Spring	2009	C
98765	Bourikas	Elec. Eng.	98	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	C-
98765	Bourikas	Elec. Eng.	98	CS-315	1	Spring	2010	B
98988	Tanaka	Biology	120	BIO-101	1	Summer	2009	A
98988	Tanaka	Biology	120	BIO-301	1	Summer	2010	NULL
70557	Snow	Physics	0	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

23 rows in set (0.01 sec)

Question 5b:-

select * from student natural full outer join takes

Solution:-

```
mysql> (select * from student natural join takes)
-> union
-> (select ID, name, dept_name, tot_cred, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL
-> from student S1
-> where not exists
-> (select ID from takes T1 where T1.id = S1.id))
-> union
-> (select ID, NULL, NULL, NULL, course_id, sec_id, semester, year, grade
-> from takes T1
-> where not exists
-> (select ID from student S1 where T1.id = S1.id))
-> ;
```

ID	name	dept_name	tot_cred	course_id	sec_id	semester	year	grade
00128	Zhang	Comp. Sci.	102	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	A
00128	Zhang	Comp. Sci.	102	CS-347	1	Fall	2009	A-
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	C
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32	CS-190	2	Spring	2009	A
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32	CS-315	1	Spring	2010	A
12345	Shankar	Comp. Sci.	32	CS-347	1	Fall	2009	A
19991	Brandt	History	80	HIS-351	1	Spring	2010	B
23121	Chavez	Finance	110	FIN-201	1	Spring	2010	C+
44553	Peltier	Physics	56	PHY-101	1	Fall	2009	B-
45678	Levy	Physics	46	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	F
45678	Levy	Physics	46	CS-101	1	Spring	2010	B+
45678	Levy	Physics	46	CS-319	1	Spring	2010	B
54321	Williams	Comp. Sci.	54	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	A-
54321	Williams	Comp. Sci.	54	CS-190	2	Spring	2009	B+
55739	Sanchez	Music	38	MU-199	1	Spring	2010	A-
76543	Brown	Comp. Sci.	58	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	A
76543	Brown	Comp. Sci.	58	CS-319	2	Spring	2010	A
76653	Aoi	Elec. Eng.	60	EE-181	1	Spring	2009	C
98765	Bourikas	Elec. Eng.	98	CS-101	1	Fall	2009	C-
98765	Bourikas	Elec. Eng.	98	CS-315	1	Spring	2010	B
98988	Tanaka	Biology	120	BIO-101	1	Summer	2009	A
98988	Tanaka	Biology	120	BIO-301	1	Summer	2010	NULL
70557	Snow	Physics	0	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

23 rows in set (0.01 sec)

Question 6:-

Consider a table with the schema BankCustomers (accNum, name and loan). Raise an exception when the customer initiates a loan amount above 10 lakhs.

Solution:-

```
mysql> create table BankCustomers(
    -> accNum varchar(35),name varchar(40),loan int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> alter table BankCustomers add check(loan<=1000000);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> insert into BankCustomers values("C109","Harry",50000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into BankCustomers values("C119","Hari",1050000);
ERROR 3819 (HY000): Check constraint 'bankcustomers_chk_1' is violated.
mysql>
```

Question 7:-

Create an error handler that terminates the stored procedure whenever a duplicate key occurs and list out the number of customers who are majors.

Solution:-

```
1 • use sql_revision;
2 • drop procedure if exists duplicate;
3   delimiter //
4 • create procedure duplicate (in id int, in name varchar(30), in dept varchar(40), in age int, in place varchar(40), in income int, in doj datetime)
5   begin
6       declare count int;
7       select count(*) into count from employee where emp_id = id;
8
9       if (count > 0) then
10          select * from employee where emp_age > 18;
11          signal sqlstate "1444" set message_text = "Already Exists";
12       end if;
13   end;
14
15   delimiter;
16
17   call duplicate (2590, "tonynflas", "sci", 56, "malibu", 999990, "26-04-1998");
```

Question 8:-

Write two triggers, one trigger will update the total asset for corresponding branch whenever an account is removed from the account table and another which will update the depositor table by deleting the entry for that account.

Solution:-

```
mysql> delimiter //
mysql> create trigger `update_branch` After delete on `account` for each row
-> Begin
-> update branch set branch.assets=branch.assets-old.balance where branch.branch_name=old.branch_name;
-> end//
```

```
mysql> delimiter //
mysql> create trigger `update_depositor` After delete on `account` for each row
-> Begin
-> delete from depositor where depositor.account_number=old.account_number;
-> end//
```

Question 9:-

Write a stored function to assign a position to each employee based on their experience i.e. if the experience is > 25 years then senior executive, >10 years then executive, >5 years then senior analyst and else as analyst. Create a separate table as EmployeePosition where you will have Emp_id, Emp_name, Position details.

Solution:-

```
mysql> create table Employee(emp_id int, emp_name varchar(20), experience int);
-> create table Employee_Position (emp_id int, emp_name varchar(20), position varchar(30));
-> DELIMITER $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> CREATE FUNCTION `employee_position`(experience int)
-> RETURNS varchar(30)
-> DETERMINISTIC
-> BEGIN
-> declare position varchar(30);
-> if experience > 25 then
-> set position = 'senior executive';
-> elseif experience > 10 then
-> set position = 'executive';
-> elseif experience > 5 then
-> set position = 'senior analyst';
-> else
-> set position = 'analyst';
-> end if;
-> return position;
-> RETURN 1;
-> END $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

Question 10:-

For the above question, create a trigger so that whenever there is a new entry in the Employee table, it will automatically update the EmployeePosition table.

Solution:-

```
mysql> CREATE trigger autoUpdateEmpPosition
-> after insert
-> on Employee for each row
-> insert into Employee_Position values
-> (new.emp_id,new.emp_name,employee_position(new.experience))
->
-> insert into Employee values(10,"ABC",6);
-> select * from employee_position;$$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)

+-----+-----+-----+
| emp_id | emp_name | postion      |
+-----+-----+-----+
|      10 | ABC      | senior analyst |
+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.03 sec)
```

←THE END→