Sports League Database

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1.INTRODUCTION

Database Management is an important aspect of data processing. It involves, several data models evolving into different DBMS software packages. These packages demand certain knowledge in discipline and procedures to effectively use them in data processing applications. We need to understand the relevance and scope of Database in the Data processing area. The DBMS helps create an environment in which end user have better access to more and better managed data than they did before the DBMS become the data management standard. A database management system, therefore, is a combination of hardware and software that can be used to set up and monitor a database and can manage the updating and retrieval of database that has been stored in it. We are using ORACLE for our project. We are creating the detailed design for the FRANCHISE CRICKET LEAGUE. Problem emphasises on the sports league which has a great scope in future.

2.PROBLEM DEFINITION:

Our aim is to create a database for a Franchise Cricket League,improve it with our design. We also aim to produce and execute the queries on our database. This model can be used in any sports which has this kind of franchise form of tournament.

2.1. SCOPE:

Since,we have focussed on Franchise Cricket league which is quite trending all over the world. With lots of popularity comes lots of data. It is very important to save this data in a proper manner in some database. So, our design comes into play, as we provide database which will be efficient and easy to use. We will try to execute all types of queries, so that none of the dimensions are left untouched. It's not even limited to a single sport, slight change in the database can make it for other sports too. This adaptability is one of the best features and will help in the future times.

2.2. EXCLUSIONS:

We have excluded the auction of players part from our design, to keep it focussed on the main topic and remove the complexity of design. We have also excluded of any player playing for more than one franchise, to reduce the complexity and as it is Cricket league so no such instance will occur.

2.3. ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. We have figured out entities as FRANCHISE, TEAM, MATCH, UMPIRE, PLAYER.
- 2. Relationships include make, owns, has, play, presides, participating.
- 3. TEAM has been specialized as HOST TEAM and GUEST TEAM.
- 4.PLAYER has been specialized as BATSMAN,BATSMAN and BOWLER.
- 5. ER model is aggregated as FRANCHISE CRICKET LEAGUE.
- 6. Multivalued attributes contact is used in FRANCHISE.
- 7. Derived attribute age is used in PLAYER.
- 8.participating is a M:N relationship, whereas other relations like has ,make, play and presides are 1:N relationship.

3.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS:

ENTITIES:

FRANCHISE: This entity is used for describing the franchise that buy players makes team.

TEAM: This is comprised of players and made by the franchise. Teams play matches.

HOST TEAM and GUEST TEAM are specialized forms of Team.

MATCH: It is played between teams. It is the main event of the model.

UMPIRE: This entity presides in a match.

PLAYER: This entity describes the players and it participates in matches.

BATSMAN, BOWLER and ALL ROUNDER are specialized forms of player.

RELATIONSHIPS:

make: It is a relationship between FRANCHISE and TEAM. It is a one to one relationship. It has a cardinality of 1:1.

owns: It is a relationship between FRANCHISE and PLAYER. It is a one to many relationship.It has a cardinality of 1:N.

has: It is a relationship between TEAM and PLAYER. It is a one to many relationship. It has a cardinality of 1:N.

play: It is a relationship between TEAM and MATCH. It is a two to many relationship. It has a cardinality of 2:N.

presides: It is a relationship between UMPIRE and MATCH. It is a one to many relationship.It has a cardinality of 1:N.

participating: It is a relationship between PLAYER and MATCH. It is a many to many relationship. It has a cardinality of M:N.

ATTRIBUTES:

FRANCHISE(<u>F_ID</u>,F_NAME,F_CONTACT,F_ADDRESS,EXPERIENCE,F_PURSE_VALUE)

 $TEAM(\underline{T}\underline{ID},\underline{T}\underline{NAME})$

MATCH(M DATE,M NO,M LOC,M TYPE,M WINNER)

UMPIRE(<u>U ID</u>,U NAME,U EXPERIENCE,U COUNTRY)

PLAYER(P ID,P NAME,P COUNTRY,P DOB,P AGE,P EXPERIENCE)

BATSMAN(TOP SCORE, STRIKE RATE)

BOWLER(MOST WICKETS, ECONOMY)

ALL ROUNDER(TOP SCORE, STRIKE RATE, ECONOMY, MOST WICKETS)

CONSTRAINTS:

PRIMARY KEY CONSTRAINTS:

ENTITY PRIMARY KEY

TEAM T_ID
FRANCHISE F_ID
MATCH M_NO
UMPIRE U_ID
PLAYER P_ID

REFERENTIAL INTEGRITY CONSTRAINTS:

F ID is the referential integrity constraint of PLAYER entity.

T_ID is the referential integrity constraint of PLAYER entity.

U ID is the referential integrity constraint of MATCH entity.

P ID,M NO are the referential integrity constraint of participating relation.

HT_ID and GT_ID are the referential integrity constraint of MATCH entity.

EER FEATURES:

Specializations used:

Player is specialized as Batsman, Bowler and All-Rounder

Team is Specialized as Host Team and Guest Team.

Aggregation used:

Whole ER design is aggregated as Franchise Cricket League.

4. DESIGN

4.1TECHNICAL ENVIRONMENT

Technical requirements:

Design:

DIA software - ER and relational model

And normalization (refinement of schema)

Hardware and software requirements:

Operating System: Windows 7/8/10

Language : Sql (DDL,DML)

Software tools: Dia for making the ER and relational model

Oracle 10g

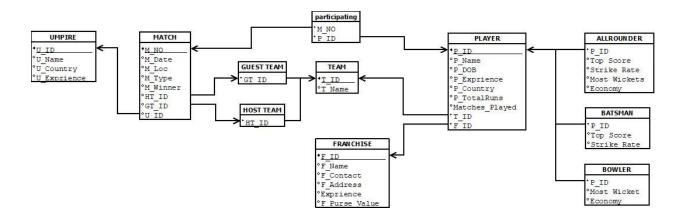
4.2 ENTITY RELATIONSHIP MODEL (ER MODEL)

EER DIAGRAM

FRANCHISE CRICKET LEAGUE HOST TEAM GUEST TEAM M_NO M_Loc M_Date F_Contact (F_ID T ID T_Name TEAM MATCH F_Address FRANCHISE M_Type Exprience M_Winner F_Purse_Value preside U ID P_DOB (P_ID PLAYER UMPIRE U_Name P_Country P_Exprience U_Exprience U_Counrtry P_TotalRuns Matches_Played Top Score BATSMAN ALLROUNDER BOWLER Most Wickets Most Wickets Top Score Strike Rate Strike Rate

RELATIONAL SCHEMA

The Relational Model we have designed for the Franchise Cricket League is as shown below:



4.3 REFINEMENT OF SCHEMA (NORMALIZATION)

For Match Table:

M_NO -> M_Date, M_Loc, M_Type, M_Winner, HT_ID, GT_ID, U_ID

M Date -> M Winner *assuming a single match a day

Prime Attribute: M NO

Non Prime Attribute: M_Date, M_Loc, M_Type, M_Winner, HT_ID, GT_ID, U_ID

Since all the values in the table are atomic. So, it's in 1NF.

Since all non prime attribute id fully functionally dependent on prime attribute. So, it's in 2NF.

Since M_date(non prime) determines M_Winner(non prime) So, It's not in 3NF. We need to perform a dependency preserving lossless decomposition.

MATCH(M_NO, M_Date, M_Loc, M_Type, M_Winner, HT_ID, GT_ID, U_ID)

- MATCH1(M_NO, M_Loc, M_Type, M_Date, HT_ID, GT_I D, U_ID)
- MATCH2(M_Date, M_Winner)

Now, It's in 3NF as well as in BCNF.

For PLayer Table:

PLAYER(P_ID, P_Name, P_DOB, P_Exprience, P_Country, P_TotalRuns, MatchesPlayed, T ID, F ID)

P_ID -> P_Name, P_Exprience, P_Country, P_TotalRuns, MatchesPlayed, T_ID, F_ID Prime Attribute: P ID

Non Prime Attribute: P_Name, P_Exprience, P_Country, P_TotalRuns, MatchesPlayed, T_ID, F_ID

- Since all the values in the table are atomic. So, it's in 1NF.
- Since all non prime attribute id fully functionally dependent on prime attribute. So, it's in 2NF
- Since No non prime attribute is determining any other non prime attribute. So, It's in 3NF

All other tables can also be decomposed to get the best possible normalized form.

5. IMPLEMENTATION

Table creation, insertion of data and Query execution is shown below

5.1TABLE CREATION

create table team(t_id varchar(20) primary key not null,t_name varchar(20) not null); create table umpire(u_id varchar(20) primary key not null, u_name varchar(20),u_country varchar(20),u experience number(3));

create table match(m_no varchar2(20)primary key not null,m_date date,m_location varchar2(20) not null,m_type varchar2(20)not null,m_winner varchar(20),ht_id varchar(20) references team(t_id),gt_id varchar(20) references team(t_id),u_id varchar(20) references umpire(u_id));

create table franchise(f_id varchar(20) primary key not null, f_name varchar(20),f_contact number(10),f_address varchar(20),experience number(2),f_purse_value number(4,2));

create table player(p_id varchar2(20)primary key not null, p_name varchar2(20)not null, p_dob date, p_experience number(10)not null,p_country varchar2(20) not null,p_totalruns number(4),matches_played number(3),t_id varchar(20) references team(t_id), f_id varchar2(20) references franchise(f_id));

create table allrounder(p_id varchar(20) references player(p_id),topscore number(3),strike_rate number(7,3),most_wickets number(2),economy number(6,2)); create table batsman(p_id varchar(20) references player(p_id),topscore number(3),strike_rate number(7,3));

create table bowler(p_id varchar(20) references player(p_id),most_wickets number(2),economy number(6,2));

create table participating(m_no varchar(20) references match(m_no),p_id varchar(20) references player(p_id));

5.2DATA INSERTION

```
insert into team values('t001','CR'); insert into team values('t002','SBG'); insert into team values('t003','MTC'); insert into team values('t004','TW');
```

select * from team;

T_I	T_NAM
D	E

t00 1	CR
t00 2	SBG
t00 3	MTC
t00 4	TW

insert into umpire values('u001','TIM','AUS',4); insert into umpire values('u002','RAVI','IND',7); insert into umpire values('u003','COTLER','NWZ',1); insert into umpire values('u004','JOS','ENG',11); insert into umpire values('u005','MORKEL','SA',6); insert into umpire values('u006','SALEVA','SRILANKA',2); insert into umpire values('u007','ALIM','PAK',6); insert into umpire values('u008','COOK','ENG',9);

select *from umpire;

n_i	U_NAM E	U_COUNTR Y	U_EXPERIEN CE
u00 1	TIM	AUS	4
u00 2	RAVI	IND	7
u00 3	COTLE R	NWZ	1
u00 4	JOS	ENG	11
u00 5	MORKE L	SA	6
u00 6	SALEV	SRILANKA	2
u00 7	ALIM	PAK	6
u00 8	COOK	ENG	9

insert into match values('m001','20-MAR-2019','Chennai','League','t001','t001','t002','u003'); insert into match values('m002','22-MAR-2019','Bengaluru','League','t002','t002','t002','u001'); insert into match values('m005','25-MAR-2019','Mumbai','League','t002','t003','t002','u001'); insert into match values('m007','27-MAR-2019','Hyderabad','League','t002','t004','t002','u002'); insert into match values('m008','29-MAR-2019','Hyderabad','League','t001','t004','t001','u004'); insert into match values('m009','03-APR-2019','Bengaluru','League','t001','t001','t002','u005'); insert into match values('m0011','07-APR-2019','Mumbai','League','t001','t003','t001','u007'); insert into match values('m0015','11-APR-2019','Chennai','League','t002','t001','t002','u006'); insert into match values('m0021','19-APR-2019','Bengaluru','League','t002','t002','t004','u008'); insert into match values('m0025','25-APR-2019','Bengaluru','League','t002','t002','t004','u008'); insert into match values('m0025','25-APR-2019','Chennai','Final','t002','t001','t002','u005');

select * from match;

м_ио	M_DATE	M_LOCATIO N	M_TYP E	M_WINNE R	HT_I D	GT_I D	D_I
m001	20-MAR-1 9	Chennai	Leagu e	t001	t001	t002	u00 3
m002	22-MAR-1 9	Bengaluru	Leagu e	t002	t002	t001	u00 8
m005	25-MAR-1 9	Mumbai	Leagu e	t002	t003	t002	u00 1
m007	27-MAR-1 9	Hyderabad	Leagu e	t002	t004	t002	u00 2
m008	29-MAR-1 9	Hyderabad	Leagu e	t001	t004	t001	u00 4
m009	03-APR-1 9	Bengaluru	Leagu e	t001	t001	t002	u00 5
m001	07-APR-1 9	Mumbai	Leagu e	t001	t003	t001	u00 7
m001	11-APR-1 9	Chennai	Leagu e	t002	t001	t002	u00 6
m001 7	13-APR-1 9	Mumbai	Leagu e	t003	t003	t004	u00 3
m002	19-APR-1 9	Bengaluru	Leagu e	t002	t002	t004	u00 8
m002 5	25-APR-1 9	Chennai	Final	t002	t001	t002	u00 5

insert into franchise values('f001','SR','7214903421','Bengaluru','3','10.6'); insert into franchise values('f002','XYZ','8295603431','Mumbai','4','7.8'); insert into franchise values('f003','NS','7214904321','Hyderabad','2','3.4'); insert into franchise values('f004','AJ','7214987934','Chennai','5','5.6');

Select * from franchise;

F_I D	F_NAM E	F_CONTACT	F_ADDRES	EXPERIENC E	F_PURSE_VAL UE
f00 1	SR	721490342 1	Bengalur u	3	10.6
f00 2	XYZ	829560343 1	Mumbai	4	7.8
f00	NS	721490432 1	Hyderaba d	2	3.4
f00 4	AJ	721498793 4	Chennai	5	5.6

insert into player values('p001','Hohni','07-July-1978','8','Ind','3231','130','t001','f004'); insert into player values('p003','Bravo','08-Aug-1983','5','WI','1002','78','t001','f004'); insert into player values('p004','Wastom','07-Dec-1982','6','Aus','2872','95','t002','f001'); insert into player values('p007','Richard','21-April-1989','2','NWZ','68','25','t002','f001'); insert into player values('p0021','Trent','17-Jun-1988','3','SA','99','39','t003','f002'); insert into player values('p0037,','Root','08-July-1987','1','Eng','472','12','t002','f001'); */ insert into player values('p005','Deliiers','07-July-1980','7','SA','3052','117','t002','f001'); insert into player values('p0029','KP','27-Nov-1984','4','Eng','2045','58','t004','f003'); insert into player values('p0031','Alma','07-July-1978','8','SA','3011','130','t003','f002'); insert into player values('p008','VK','08-July-1981','6','Ind','3274','96','t002','f004'); insert into player values('p0013','Bhuvi','07-Oct-1986','4','Ind','185','56','t004','f003'); insert into player values('p0017','Pant','07-July-1978','2','Ind','1135','27','t004','f003'); insert into player values('p0019','Rahul','07-July-1978','3','Ind','1370','43','t001','f004'); insert into player values('p0025','Gil','08-July-1989','1','Ind','323','16','t002','f004'); insert into player values('p0025','Gil','08-July-1989','1','Ind','323','16','t002','f004');

Select * from player;

P_ID	P_NAME	P_DO B	P_EXPERIEN CE	P_COUNTR Y	P_TOTALRUN S	MATCHES_PLAY ED	T_I D	F_I D
p001	Hohni	07-J UL-7 8	81	nd	3231	130	t00 1	f00 4
p003	Bravo	08-A UG-8	5	WI	1002	78	t00 1	f00 4
p004	Wastom	07-D EC-8 2	6	Aus	2872	95	t00 2	f00 1
p007	Richard	21-A PR-8 9	2	NWZ	68	25	t00 2	f00 1
p0021	Trent	17-J UN-8 8	3	SA	99	39	t00 3	f00 2
p0037	Root	08-J UL-8 7	1	Eng	472	12	t00 2	f00 1
p005	Deliier s	07-J UL-8 0	7	SA	3052	117	t00 2	f00 1
p0031	Alma	07-J UL-7 8	8	SA	3011	130	t00 3	f00 2
800q	VK	08-J UL-8 1	6	Ind	3274	96	t00 2	f00 4
p0013	Bhuvi	07-0 CT-8	4	Ind	185	56	t00 4	f00 3
p0017	Pant	07-J UL-7 8	2	Ind	1135	27	t00 4	f00 3
p0019	Rahul	07-J UL-7 8	3	Ind	1370	43	t00 1	f00 4
p0025	Gil	08-J UL-8 9	1	Ind	323	16	t00 2	f00 4
p0029	KP	27-N OV-8 4	4	Eng	2045	58	t00 4	f00 3

insert into allrounder values('p0029','83','139.23','4','8.23'); insert into allrounder values('p0031','76','133.33','3','7.99'); insert into allrounder values('p004','119','153.45','4','8.07'); insert into allrounder values('p003','57','129.78','4','7.65');

Select * from allrounder;

P_ID	TOPSCOR	STRIKE_RAT	MOST_WICKE	ECONOM Y
p002	83	139.23	4	8.23
p003	76	133.33	3	7.99
p004	119	153.45	4	8.07
p003	57	129.78	4	7.65

insert into batsman values('p001','78','134.72'); insert into batsman values('p005','105','155.46'); insert into batsman values('p008','116','141.72'); insert into batsman values('p0017','82','135.65'); insert into batsman values('p0019','69','133.72'); insert into batsman values('p0025','91','132.72'); insert into batsman values('p0037','82','129.64');

Select * from batsman;

P_ID	TOPSCOR	STRIKE_RAT
p001	78	134.72
p005	105	155.46
p008	116	141.72
p0017	82	135.65
p0019	69	133.72
p0025	91	132.72
p0037	82	129.64

insert into bowler values('p007','4','7.23'); insert into bowler values('p0021','4','7.04'); insert into bowler values('p0013','5','7.15');

Select * from bowler;

P_ID	MOST_WICKE	ECONOM Y
p007	4	7.23
p002 1	4	7.04
p001	5	7.15

insert into participating values('m001','p001'); insert into participating values('m001','p005'); insert into participating values('m001','p008'); insert into participating values('m002','p001'); insert into participating values('m002','p005'); insert into participating values('m002','p008'); insert into participating values('m007','p0013'); insert into participating values('m007','p0017'); insert into participating values('m007','p004'); insert into participating values('m007','p007'); insert into participating values('m005','p0031'); insert into participating values('m005','p0021'); insert into participating values('m008','p0029'); insert into participating values('m009','p0019'); insert into participating values('m009','p0025'); insert into participating values('m0011','p003'); insert into participating values('m0015','p0025'); insert into participating values('m0017','p0017'); insert into participating values('m0021','p004'); insert into participating values('m0025','p001'); insert into participating values('m0025','p005'); insert into participating values('m0025','p008'); insert into participating values('m0025','p0037');

Select * from participating;

M_NO	P_ID
m001	p001
m001	p005
m001	800q
m002	p001
m002	p005
m002	p008
m007	p001 3
m007	p001 7
m007	p004
m007	p007
m005	p003
m005	p002 1
m008	p002 9
m009	p001 9
m009	p002 5
m001 1	p003
m001 5	p002 5
m001 7	p001
m002	p004
m002 5	p001
m002 5	p005
m002 5	p008

m002	p003
5	7

5.3QUERY EXECUTION

1. Display the team name of the winner of final.

select t_name from team,match where team.t_id=match.m_winner and m_type='Final' and team.t_id=m_winner;



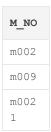
2.Display the number of teams participating in the league.

 $Select \ M_Winner, count(M_Winner) \ as \ c \ from \ Match \ group \ by \ M_Winner \ having \ c>3;$



3.Display the match_no of matches played in Bengaluru.

Select m_no from match where m_location='Bengaluru';



4. Find the names and team for which they play for all foreign players.

Select P_Name,T_ID from Player where P_country not like 'Ind%';

P - N A M	T_ID
B r a v	t001
Wastom	t002
Richard	t002
Trent	t003
Root	t002
Deliier s	t002
KP	t004
Alma	t003

5. Find the name of players beginning with H

Select p_Name from Player where p_Name like 'H%';



6.Update the economy of Bravo to 8.89

Update allrounder set Economy =8.89 where P_ID = (Select P_ID from Player where P_Name='Bravo');

select * from allrounder where p_name='Bravo';

P_I D	TOPSCOR	STRIKE_RAT	MOST_WICKE	ECONOM Y
p00 3	57	129.78	4	8.89

7. Display the name of umpires in alphabetical descending order.

select u_name from umpire order by u_name desc;

U_NAM E
TIM
SALEV A
RAVI
MORKE L
JOS
COTLE R
COOK
ALIM

8. Find the batsman with strike rate greater than average strike rate.

Select P_ID from Batsman where strike_rate>(Select avg(Strike_rate) from Batsman);

P_I Dp00
5

p00
8

9. Update the top score of Hohni to 183.

Update Batsman set TopScore = 183 where P_ID=(Select P_ID from Player where P Name='HONI');

P	TOPSCORE	STRIKE_RATE
р	183	134.72

10. Update the top score of Wastom to 54.

Update allrounder set topScore = 54 where P_ID=(Select P_ID from Player where P_Name='Wastom');

P				
	TOPSCORE	STRIKE_RATE	MOST_WICKETS	ECONOMY
р	54	153.45	4	8.07

11. Modify the strike rate schema from Number(10,2) to Number(10,3).

Alter table Batsman modify (Strike rate Number (10,3)); Table altered.

12.Create a view Player_Details from Player table which will have Player ID, Name, Total Runs and Matches Played having Total runs more than 500.

 $\label{lem:continuous_player_def} Create \ view \ Player_Details \ as \ Select \ P_ID,P_Name,P_TotalRuns,Matches_Played \ from \ Player \ where \ P_TotalRuns>500;$

Select * from Player_Details;

P_ID	P_NAME	P_TOTALRUN S	MATCHES_PLAY ED
p001	Hohni	3231	130
p003	Bravo	1002	78
p004	Wastom	2872	95
p005	Deliier s	3052	117
p002 9	KP	2045	58
p003	Alma	3011	130
p008	VK	3274	96
p001 7	Pant	1135	27
p001	Rahul	1370	43

CONCLUSION

In this project, we have designed a database for a FRANCHISE CRICKET LEAGUE. We have modeled the database into ER Model as well as Relational Model before implementing it through the database management system ORACLE. During the process, we came across different requirements and analysed those to get the proper structure of the design. The design was intended to be less complicated and adaptable to different sports. We focussed mainly on Cricket with some of the assumptions mentioned. We filled the data in the table to generate queries of all extent. Our motive was to give the model a realistic approach. We generated and executed all kinds of queries, tried to touch all types. We have found that, it will be very helpful to store and access data in a least complicated approach with all the relationships maintained. Even, we found that our design can work for any such sports league database with slight modifications and changes in our assumptions and very few entity change. We feel that with the increasing popularity of sports, the data will grow from day to day. So, the need of effective storage of data arises with efficient modelling of storage and access. We feel that we have filled that void of need by our design, which is easy to use and less complicated. This gives us a hope of great scope for our project in the future.

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