

NeoPOS – Restaurant Management System

Project Report & Technical Explanation

1. Introduction

NeoPOS is a **cross-platform Point of Sale (POS) management system** developed using **Flutter** with **Firebase Firestore** as the backend database and **BLoC (Business Logic Component)** as the state-management architecture.

The application is designed to manage **restaurant operations** efficiently, including **product management, table management, order handling, user roles, and sales analytics**, with support for **both web and mobile devices**.

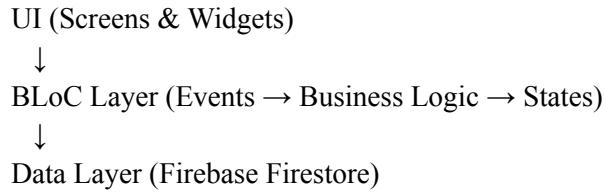
The system follows **modular architecture**, clean separation of concerns, and scalable patterns suitable for real-world production applications.

2. Technology Stack

Layer	Technology
Frontend	Flutter (Web + Android + iOS)
State Management	BLoC + Equatable
Backend	Firebase Firestore
Dependency Injection	GetIt
Localization	Flutter gen_110n (ARB based)
Charts & Analytics	Syncfusion Charts, Pie Chart
Image Handling	CachedNetworkImage
Architecture	Feature-based modular architecture

3. Application Architecture

NeoPOS follows a **layered and modular architecture**:



Key Architectural Principles

- **Unidirectional Data Flow** using BLoC
- **Loose coupling** using dependency injection ([GetIt](#))
- **Feature-wise separation** (Products, Tables, Users, Sales)
- **Single source of truth** (Firestore)
- **Reactive UI updates** via BlocBuilder / BlocConsumer

4. Core Modules Explanation

4.1 Localization Module

The app supports **multi-language UI (English & Hindi)** using Flutter's [official gen_l10n system](#).

- Language preference stored using [SharedPreferences](#)
- [LocalizationBloc](#) controls language switching
- ARB files ([app_en.arb](#), [app_hi.arb](#)) define all UI strings
- Dynamic language switching without app restart

Benefits

- Global-ready application
- Easy future language expansion
- Clean separation of UI text from logic

4.2 Product Management Module

This module handles **CRUD operations for products**.

Features

- Add, update, delete, and read products
- Product attributes:
 - Name
 - Description
 - Category
 - Price
 - Availability
 - Veg / Non-Veg type
 - Image (URL)
- Responsive UI for desktop and mobile

Architecture

- `ReadProductsBloc` fetches products from Firestore
- Product data mapped using `ProductModel`
- UI reacts via `ReadDataLoadedState`
- Dialog-based edit/delete operations

State Management

Event → ReadInitialEvent

State → Loading → Loaded / Error

4.3 Table Management Module

Used to manage restaurant seating tables.

Features

- Create tables with capacity
- Update table name and capacity
- Delete tables with admin credential verification
- Live table synchronization using `live_table` collection

Security

- Admin role verification before delete/update
- Credential validation using Firestore users collection

Key Blocs

- `TableBloc` → Read tables
- `CreateTableBloc` → Create table
- `TableDeletionBloc` → Secure deletion
- `TableUpdateBloc` → Update table details

4.4 User Management Module

Handles **staff accounts** (Admin / Waiter).

Features

- Create users with role-based access
- Update user details
- Delete users (Admin-only action)
- Role validation before sensitive actions

User Model Includes

- User ID
- First Name / Last Name
- Password
- Role
- Created & Updated timestamps

Security Logic

- Admin credentials required for delete
- Firestore query validation
- Bloc-controlled authentication flow

4.5 Sales Dashboard & Analytics Module

This is the **analytics heart** of NeoPOS.

Dashboard Features

- Daily, weekly, and monthly revenue
- Pie chart of category-wise sales
- Top 5 selling products (Daily / Weekly / Monthly)
- Sales trend graph (month-wise)

- Recent order history

Data Processing

- Raw Firestore order data
- Date-based aggregation using `int1`
- Week number calculation logic
- Dynamic graph filtering using `GraphDashboardBloc`

Visualization

- Column charts for daily sales
- Pie charts for category contribution
- Carousel UI for mobile dashboard

4.6 Order Handling Module

- Product selection with quantity
- Add items to table orders
- Order persistence in Firestore
- Used by both desktop and mobile flows

5. Routing & Navigation

- Centralized routing via `AppRouter`
- Named routes using `RoutePaths`
- Supports:
 - Splash screen

- Login
- Dashboard
- Order menu (Web & Mobile)

Advantages

- Clean navigation control
- Role-based routing possible
- Easy future expansion

6. Dependency Injection

Firebase Firestore is injected using **GetIt**:

```
locator.registerLazySingleton<Firestore>(  
    () => Firestore.instance  
)
```

Benefits

- Testability
- No tight coupling
- Centralized service management

7. Key Strengths of the Project

-  Production-ready architecture
-  Clean separation of UI & business logic
-  Scalable Firebase schema
-  Role-based access control

- Multi-language support
- Responsive Web + Mobile UI
- Real-time analytics
- Enterprise-grade state management

8. Conclusion

NeoPOS is a **complete, scalable, and real-world POS application** built using modern Flutter best practices.

The project demonstrates strong understanding of:

- **State management with BLoC**
- **Firebase integration**
- **Clean architecture**
- **Role-based security**
- **Data analytics & visualization**
- **Localization & responsiveness**

Data Flow Diagrams (DFD) – NeoPOS

1 DFD Level 0 – Context Diagram

Entities

- Admin
- Waiter
- Firebase Firestore

Actor	Data Sent	Data Received
Admin	Login, Manage Products, Tables, Users	Dashboard, Reports
Waiter	Orders, View Products	Order Status
NeoPOS	CRUD requests	Stored data / Analytics
Firestore	Data	Query Results

Explanation

- Admin & Waiter interact with **NeoPOS UI**
- NeoPOS processes logic via **BLoC**
- Data is stored/retrieved from **Firebase Firestore**

2 DFD Level 1 – System Decomposition

Here, the system is broken into **major modules**.

Processes

1. User Management
2. Product Management

3. Table Management

4. Order Processing

5. Sales & Analytics

6. Localization

DFD Process	Flutter Module
User Management	CreateUserBloc, ReadUserBloc, UpdateUserBloc
Product Management	ReadProductsBloc, ProductDeletionBloc
Table Management	TableBloc, CreateTableBloc, TableDeletionBloc
Order Processing	OrderContentBloc
Sales Analytics	SalesDashboardBloc, GraphDashboardBloc, Top5Bloc
Localization	LocalizationBloc

③ DFD Level 2 – Product Management (Detailed)

Admin



Product UI (Flutter Screen)

```
↓  
ReadProductsBloc / ProductDeletionBloc  
↓  
Firebase Firestore (products)  
↓  
Updated Product List
```

Explanation

- UI triggers **BLoC events**
- BLoC validates logic
- Firestore stores product data
- UI updates reactively via states

④ DFD Level 2 – Table Management

```
Admin  
↓  
Table UI  
↓  
CreateTableBloc / UpdateTableBloc / TableDeletionBloc  
↓  
Firestore (table + live_table)
```

Security

Delete/update requires Admin credentials

Firebase is queried for role verification

⑤ DFD Level 2 – User Management

Admin



User UI



CreateUserBloc / UpdateUserBloc / UserDeletionBloc



Firestore (users)

⑥ DFD Level 2 – Order & Sales Analytics

This directly matches your **SalesDashboardBloc** logic.

Flow

Orders



order_history (Firestore)



SalesDashboardBloc



- Daily Revenue
- Weekly Revenue
- Monthly Revenue
- Pie Chart
- Top 5 Products
- Sales Graph

Processing

Date grouping

Week calculation

Category aggregation

Graph filtering by month