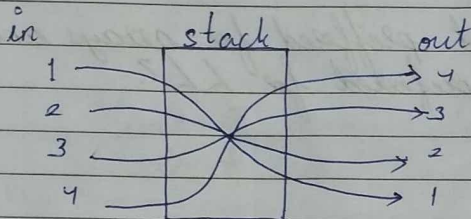


33 Stack - I

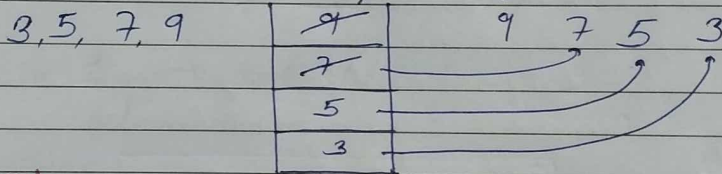
Stack \rightarrow is a data structure that follows LIFO



stack of plates
Last in first out



NOTICE: Reversed



Stack using STL

// creation

```
stack<int> st;
```

// insertion

```
st.push(5);
```

// get size

```
st.size();
```

// check if empty

```
st.empty();
```

// get top element

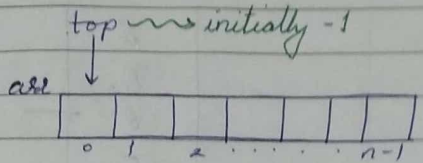
```
st.top();
```

// delete top element

```
st.pop();
```

HW9 Check all functions available in stack STL

Implement Stack



```
class Stack {
```

```
public:
```

```
int *arr;
```

```
int top;
```

```
int size;
```

```
Stack (int size) {
```

```
    arr = new int [size];
```

```
    top = -1;
```

```
    this->size = size;
```

```
}
```

```
void push (int data data) {
```

```
    top++;
```

```
    arr[top] = data;
```

```
}
```

```
void pop () {
```

```
    top--;
```

```
}
```

getTop \rightarrow \therefore top name already used

```
int top () {
```

```
    return arr[top];
```

```
}
```

```
bool isEmpty () {
```

```
    if (top == -1)
```

```
        return false;
```

```
    else
```

```
        return true;
```

```
}
```

handle stack overflow

```
if (top == size - 1) {  
    cout << "OVERFLOW";  
    return;  
}
```

handle underflow

```
if (top == -1) {  
    cout << "UNDERFLOW";  
    return;  
}
```

Q Middle element of stack

8		1
7		3
6	←	2
5		1
4		

Using recursion

10			
8	↔ e=s.pop()	8	↔ e=s.pop()
6		6	6
2		2	2
4		4	4

Size=5

Size=4

Size=3

↪ 6/2 → 3

BASE CASE

$$\frac{\text{Total size} + 1}{2} == \text{Size}$$

$$\frac{\text{Total size}}{2} + 1 == \text{Size}$$

void printMiddle (stack<int> &st, int total size)

```

if ( (total size / 2 + 1) == Size ) {
    cout << "Middle is : " << st.top();
    return;
}

```

// step 1

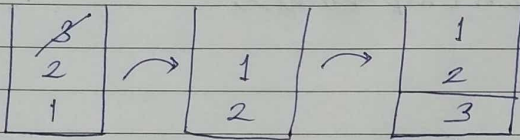
int top Element = st.top();

st.pop();

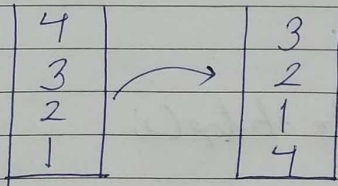
print Middle (st, total Size);

// step 2

Reverse a stack

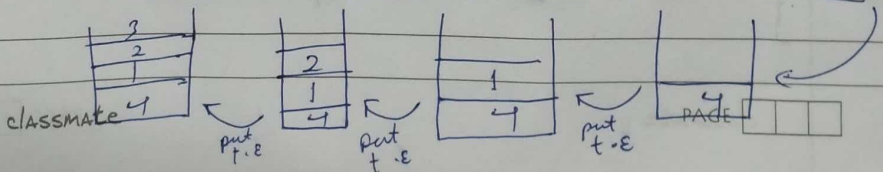
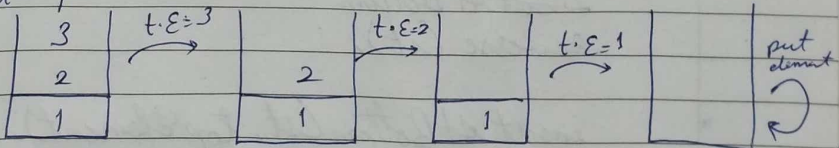
① Save
top & pop② Recursion
will reverse
remaining③ Insert at
bottom

Insert at bottom



element = 4

stk →



classmate 4

put
t.Eput
t.Eput
t.E

PAGE


```
void insertAtBottom(stack<int>&st, int item) {  
    // base case  
    if (st.empty()) {  
        st.push(item);  
        return; }  
    int topElement = st.top();  
    st.pop();  
    insertAtBottom(st, item);  
    st.push(topElement);  
}
```

Reverse

```
void reverse (stack<int>& st) {  
    // base case  
    if (st.empty())  
        return;  
    // step 1  
    int topElement = st.top();  
    st.pop();  
    insertAtBottom  
    reverse (st);  
    insertAtBottom (st, topElement);  
}
```