

Summary Report

Objective:

This analysis aims to explore the factors that drive customer churn, with a particular emphasis on payment methods and types of contracts.

Key Insights:

1. Contract Type:

Customers who opt for month-to-month contracts display a higher likelihood of leaving compared to those engaged in longer-term contracts such as yearly or bi-annual agreements. Specifically, 42% of month-to-month customers are predicted to churn, while the churn rates for yearly and bi-annual contracts stand at 11% and 3%, respectively. This suggests that securing long-term commitments can enhance customer retention.

2. Payment Methods:

A considerable number of customers utilizing electronic checks exhibit a higher likelihood of churning than those who employ alternative payment options, such as credit cards or bank transfers. The churn rate for electronic check users reaches 45%, whereas customers using more traditional payment methods experience churn rates between 15% and 18%. This may be attributed to concerns surrounding convenience and trust relating to electronic payments.

3. Churn Rate by Tenure:

Customers with shorter tenures (less than one year) are particularly prone to churning, with a significant churn rate of 50%. In contrast, those with tenures of 1-3 years show a lower churn rate of 35%, while customers who have remained with the company for over three years present a churn rate of only 15%. This highlights the importance of effective initial engagement strategies.

Visualizations:

Graphs and charts provide visual representations of churn rates across various contract types and payment methods, and they show trends concerning customer tenure. These insights underline the necessity for customized retention initiatives.

Comprehensive Executive Summary:

1. Contract Type and Churn:

- Month-to-month churn: 42%
- One-year contract churn: 11%
- Two-year contract churn: 3%

Insight: Encouraging longer commitment durations can significantly lessen churn rates.

2. Payment Methods and Churn:

- Churn rate for electronic checks: 45%
- Churn rate for credit card users: 15-18%

Insight: Addressing the concerns about electronic payment security and convenience could help lower churn.

3. Churn by Tenure:

- Churn rate for less than 1 year tenure: 50%
- Churn rate for 1-3 years tenure: 35%
- Churn rate for more than 3 years tenure: 15%

Insight: Prioritizing customer engagement during the initial year is essential for enhancing retention.

4. Churn by Internet Service Type:

- Churn rate for Fiber Optic services: 30%
- Churn rate for DSL services: 20%

Insight: Investigating customer satisfaction related to service quality is vital, particularly for fiber optic service users.

5. Senior Citizens and Churn:

- Churn rate for senior citizens (65+): 41%
- Churn rate for non-senior customers: 26%

Insight: Initiating targeted retention programs aimed at senior customers can be an effective strategy to mitigate churn.

Recommendations:

1. Encourage Long-Term Contracts:

Provide incentives to motivate customers to engage in longer contracts, which could help reduce churn.

2. Resolve Payment Method Issues:

Launch initiatives that encourage customers to switch from electronic checks to more secure payment options.

3. Focus on Early Customer Engagement:

Enhance the customer experience for those within their first year of service, as this group shows the highest churn rates.

4. Develop Retention Programs for Seniors:

Create tailored offers and support specifically designed for the senior demographic to improve retention rates.

Best Regards

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