

Discrete Mathematics

Introduction

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Instructor



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2019 Discrete Mathematics



Goals



- Learn a particular set of mathematical facts
- Apply these mathematic to solve problem
- Think logically and mathematically
- Five parts:
 - Mathematical reasoning
 - Combinatorial analysis
 - Discrete structures
 - Algorithmic thinking
 - Application and Modeling



What is it?

- Discrete mathematics is the part of mathematics devoted to the study of discrete objects.
- Can solve problems such as:
 - How many ways are there to choose a valid password on a computer system?
 - How can I identify spam e-mail messages?
 - What is the shortest path between cities?
 - How many steps are needed to do s sorting.

Why we need it?

- You can develop mathematical maturity(ability to understand and create mathematical arguments).
 This is important for further studies.
- It is a gateway to more advanced courses including data structures, algorithms, database, automata theory compiler and operating systems.
- It is the fundament of other mathematics, such as logic, set theory, number theory linear algebra, abstract algebra, combinatorics and graph theory.



How to learn it?

- The best way to learn a mathematics is understand it and do a lot of exercises.
 - Knowledge—learn the concepts, rules and how to proof them.
 - Skill—learn how to abstract the real world problem into mathematic model, how to apply the knowledge solve problems.

Key to the Exercises

no marking A routine exercise

* A difficult exercise

** An extremely challenging exercise

An exercise containing a result used in the book (Table 1 on the

following page shows where these exercises are used.)

(Requires calculus) An exercise whose solution requires the use of limits or concepts

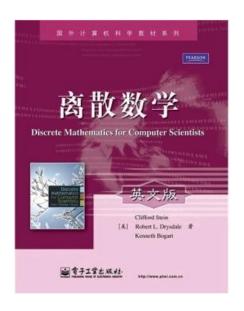
from differential or integral calculus

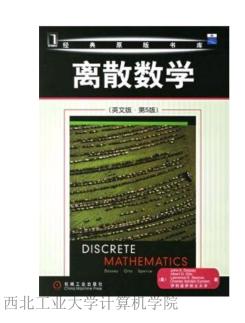


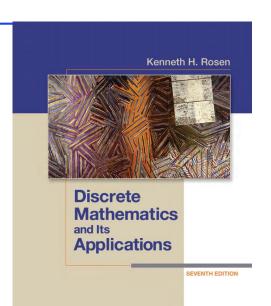
Reference

• Text:

- Discrete Mathematics and its Application,
 Kenneth H.Rosen (7th version), 2012
- www.mhhe.com/rosen
- Other reference Text
 - Discrete Mathematics for Computer Sciences, Clifford stein, 2010
 - Discrete mathematics, John, A.Dassey , 2007



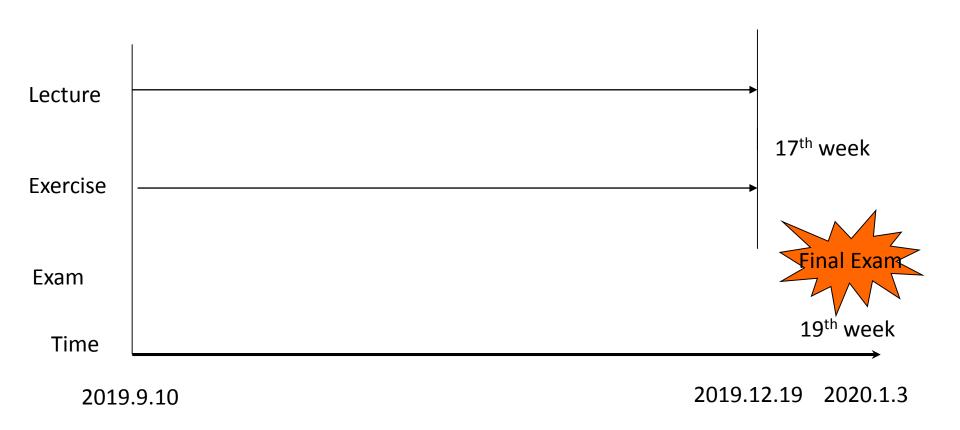








Schedule





Schedule

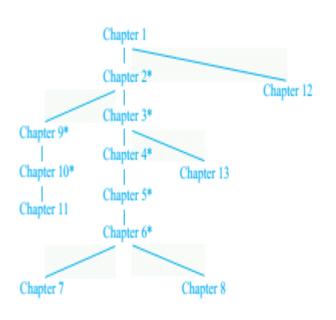


 Introduction and ch 	napter 1 8 hours
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- 2.Chapter 2
- 3.Chapter 3
- 4.Chapter 4
- 5.Chapter 5
- 6.Chapter 6
- 7.Chapter 8
- 8.Chapter 9
- 8.Chapter 12

6 hours

2 hours



Total 52 hours

Credit

Piscrete Mathematics

• Lecture: 3.5

Daily practice 40%

Final examination 60%

- Completion
- Choice question
- Proof

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(Requires calculus) An exercise whose solution requires the use of limits or concepts

from differential or integral calculus

Level	Percent
No Marking	70%
*	20%
**	10%



Other

- If you have any question, you can email me (<u>zhangxiao@nwpu.edu.cn</u>)
- Anyone who absent three times will be disqualified
- Please set your phone to silent mode in the class.



At last

- The best way to learn a mathematics is to do more and more exercises. Our textbook provides many exercises, and you can do extra exercises besides the homework.
- The homework and examine will arrange 70% routine exercise, 20% different exercises and 10% challenging exercises. The good news is that examine will pick from textbook(not limit to homework).
- Discrete Mathematics is difficult, you must reserve 4 hours every week at least to finish the homework.