



## EXPERIMENT REPORT OF ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE

### Assignment 2 Experiment 2

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SUBMITTED TO :PROFESSOR Yin LU

### **Problem Description:**

#### **Chapter 3 Experiment 2 Simple IO and Lantern Control**

- (1) Do output with 8255 IO controller.

Now let us move to real hardware devices, although it is still an emulated one.

In this experiment, 8 LED lights are connected to the data bus the 8086 processor through port A of a piece of 8255, and a piece of 74LS138 is used to do address decoding. As is shown in figure3.2. The Y0 output of 74LS138 is assigned to 8255. And Address BUS A3 to A5, together A6 and A7 are used to be input of address decoder.

You are required to write a program to light the led one by one. You may start with D9, then light D8 and turn off D9, then move to the next D7, etc. When you reaches D1, please roll back to D2, and so on, till you turn on D9 again. And please do it repeatedly.

You may use logic shift instructions like SHL and SHR to generate the pattern code, and output pattern code through 8255.PortA to light the LEDs. And make use of a flag variable in your program to indicate on which direction should you shift the light.

### **Goal:**

We are going to make a virtual device provided by the emu8086.Try to work with peripheral device.The virtual device can display can show up to 5 digits.

We use a word type to port 199 this is the IO address .

Each time we write a number to the port then a sub program is called “delay”,we need to wait for the display to be stable.

## **Code:**

```
;=====
;Description: Program of Assignment 2 Experiment 2
;Author:[ABID ALI][2019380141]
;Date:[05/22/2021]
;=====
;This is the program for experiment2 assignment 1
;In this program, we try to display,8 LED lights are connected to the data bus
;start with D9, then light D8 and turn off D9, then move to the next D7, etc.
;When you reaches D1, please roll back to D2, and so on, till you turn on D9 again.
;=====

.MODEL SMALL

.STACK 32

.DATA

    PORT_A EQU 40H      ;
    PORT_CTRL EQU 46H
    CTRLWORD_8255 =10000000B
    PATTERN_CODE DB 01H
    FLAG_SHIFT DB 00H
```

```

.CODE                ;THIS IS THE PROGRAM ENTRY POINT

MAIN PROC FAR        ;LOAD THE DATA SEGMENT ADDRESS

    MOV AX, @DATA     ;ASSIGN VALUE TO DATA SEGMENT REGISTER

    MOV DS, AX

;TODO:PROGRAM 8255

    MOV DX, PORT_CTRL ;MOVING THE VALUE OF PORT_CTRL IN 8 BIT DX REGISTER

    MOV AL, CTRLWORD_8255 ;MOVING THE VALUE OF CTRLWORD_8255 IN 8 BIT AL REGISTER

    OUT DX, AL


;Sometesting:output portA

    MOV DX, PORT_A     ;MOVING THE VALUE OF PORT_A IN 8 BIT DX REGISTER

    MOV AL, 0F5H       ;MOVING THE VALUE (0F5H) IN 8 BIT AL REGISTER

    OUT DX, AL


    MOV AL, PATTERN_CODE

    MOV DX, PORT_A

MOVE_LEFT:           ;LABEL OF MOVE_LEFT

    OUT DX,AL

    CALL DELAY         ;CALL DELAY SUB PROCEDURE

    SHL AL, 1

    CMP AL,10000000B    ;COMPARING THE AL REGISTER WITHE THE VALUE

    JZ MOVE_RIGHT

    JMP MOVE_LEFT

MOVE_RIGHT:          ;LABEL OF MOVE_RIGHT

    OUT DX, AL

    CALL DELAY         ;CALL DELAY SUB PROCEDURE

    SHR AL, 1

    CMP AL, 00000001H

    JZ MOVE_LEFT

```

```

    JMP MOVE_RIGHT

    MOV AX,4C00H      ;SET UP TO

    INT 21H          ;RETURN TO DOS

MAIN ENDP

;;=====

;SUBROUTINE:DELAY

;DELAY FOR SOME MILLISECONDS

DELAY PROC NEAR

    PUSH BX;

    PUSH CX;

    MOV BX, 0FH

LOOP_OUT:

    MOV CX, 0FFH      ;LABEL OF OUTERLOOP

LOOP_INNER:           ;LABEL OF INNERLOOP

    LOOP LOOP_INNER

    DEC BX

    JNZ LOOP_OUT

    POP CX            ;POP CX FROM THE STACK

    POP BX;           ;POP BX FROM THE STACK

    RET

DELAY  ENDP           ;ENDING POINT DELAY SEGMENT

    END MAIN          ;THIS IS THE PROGRAM EXIT POINT

```

## **Explanation:**

There are lot of model available for this program but we take the .MODEL SMALL

We choose Stack size of 32.

### **DATA SEGMENT**

```

PORT_A EQU 40H          ; PORT_A IS NOT A VARIABLE, IT IS JUST SYNONYM FOR NUMBER 40H

PORT_CTRL EQU 46H       ; PORT_CTRL IS NOT A VARIABLE, IT IS JUST SYNONYM FOR NUMBER 46H

CTRLWORD_8255 =1000000B ;IN CTRLWORD_8255 THE VALUE ASSIGNED 10000000B

```

PATTERN\_CODE DB 01H ;PATTERN\_CODE DATA BYTE IS 01H  
FLAG\_SHIFT DB 00H ;FLAG\_SHIFT CODE DATA BYTE IS 00H

## **CODE SEGMENT**

MAIN PROC FAR ;LOAD THE DATA SEGMENT ADDRESS  
MOV AX, @DATA ;ASSIGN VALUE TO DATA SEGMENT REGISTER  
MOV DS, AX  
;TODO1:PROGRAM 8255  
MOV DX, PORT\_CTRL ;MOVING THE VALUE OF PORT\_CTRL IN 8 BIT DX REGISTER  
MOV AL, CTRLWORD\_8255 ;MOVING THE VALUE OF CTRLWORD\_8255 IN 8 BIT AL REGISTER  
OUT DX, AL  
;TODO2:  
;Sometesting:output portA  
MOV DX, PORT\_A ;MOVING THE VALUE OF PORT\_A IN 8 BIT DX REGISTER  
MOV AL, 0F5H ;MOVING THE VALUE (0F5H) IN 8 BIT AL REGISTER  
OUT DX, AL  
  
MOV AL, PATTERN\_CODE  
MOV DX, PORT\_A  
MOVE\_LEFT: ;LABEL OF MOVE\_LEFT  
OUT DX, AL  
CALL DELAY ;CALL DELAY SUB PROCEDURE  
SHL AL, 1 ;MOVES ALL OF BITS IN AL LEFT ONE PLACE  
CMP AL, 10000000B ; COMPARING THE AL REGISTER WITH THE VALUE  
JZ MOVE\_RIGHT ; JUMP ZERO INSTRUCTION,IT'S A CONDITIONAL INSTRUCTION  
;IT JUMP WHEN ZERO FLAG(ZF) IS SET 1  
;JZ is commonly used to explicitly test for something being equal to zero  
JMP MOVE\_LEFT  
MOVE\_RIGHT: ;LABEL OF MOVE\_RIGHT  
OUT DX, AL  
CALL DELAY ;CALL DELAY SUB PROCEDURE  
SHR AL, 1 ;MOVES ALL OF BITS IN AL RIGHT ONE PLACE  
CMP AL, 00000001H  
JZ MOVE\_LEFT  
JMP MOVE\_RIGHT  
MOV AX, 4C00H ;SET UP TO  
INT 21H ;RETURN TO DOS

MAIN ENDP

## **SUBPROGRAM**

;SUBROUTINE:DELAY

;DELAY FOR SOME MILLISECONDS

DELAY PROC NEAR

PUSH BX;

PUSH CX;

MOV BX, 0FH

LOOP\_OUT:

MOV CX, 0FFH ;LABEL OF OUTERLOOP

LOOP\_INNER: ;LABEL OF INNERLOOP

LOOP LOOP\_INNER ;LOOP INSTRUCTION IS USED FOR LOOPING

DEC BX ;BX IS DECREMENTED

JNZ LOOP\_OUT ;JNZ IS JUMP NOT ZERO,IT'S A CONDITIONAL JUMP

;IT JUMPS TO LOOP\_OT IF ZERO FLAG(ZF) IS 'ZERO'

POP CX ;POP CX FROM THE STACK

POP BX; ;POP BX FROM THE STACK

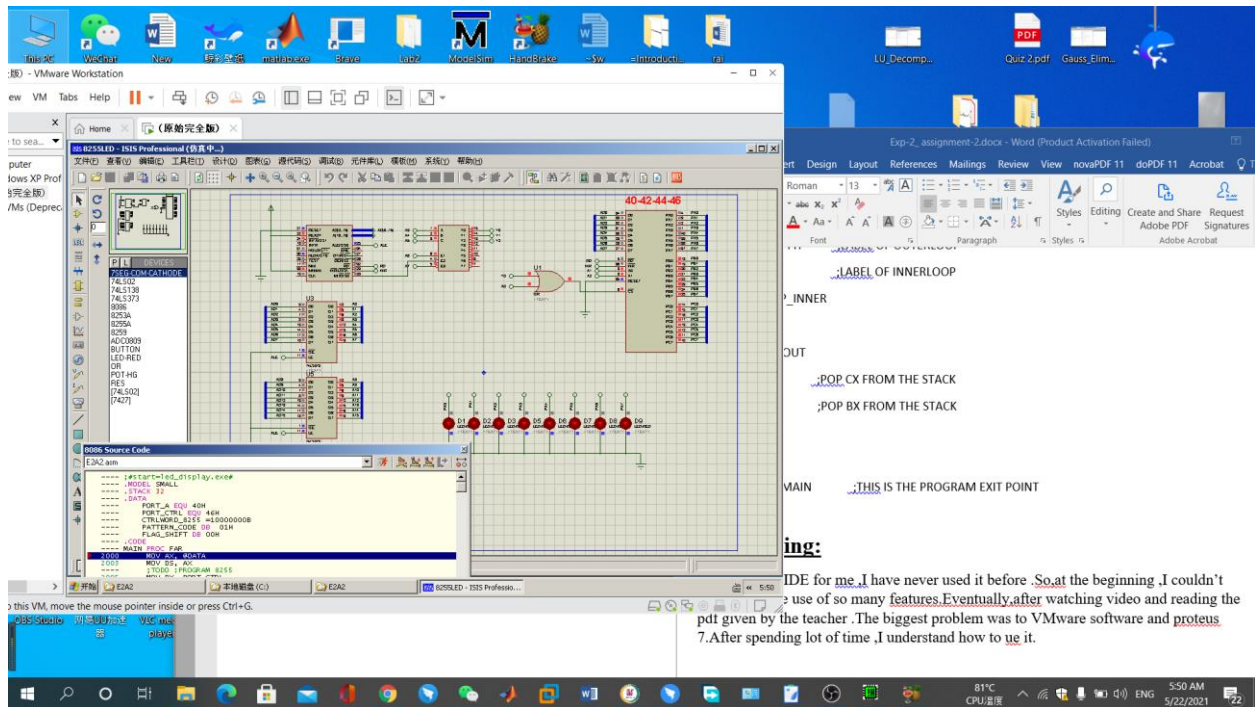
RET ;IT'S THE RETURN INSTRUCTION

DELAY ENDP ;;ENDING POINT DELAY SEGMENT

END MAIN ;THIS IS THE PROGRAM EXIT POINT

## **Debugging:**

This is a new IDE for me ,I have never used it before .So,at the beginning ,I couldn't understand the use of so many features.Eventually,after watching video and reading the pdf given by the teacher .The biggest problem was to VMware software and proteus 7.After spending lot of time ,I understand how to use it.



## Attachment:

- 1) Experiment-2(assignment-2).m4v
- 2) Exp-2\_ assignment 2.asm
- 3) Exp-2\_ assignment 2.pdf

## Acknowledgement:

I complete this assignment by myself by using online videos and taking help from online. The most useful help from teacher's hint given in question, the theory class and the lecture note from the practical class.

