Lab 6: RYU Open Flow Controller

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Lab 6: RYU Open Flow Controller 简介
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简介

本项目基于RYU实现了轮询算法(Question1),负载均衡算法(Question2),容灾恢复算法(Question3),并在基于mininet搭建的虚拟网络拓扑上验证了这些算法。

目录结构描述

```
abigail@ubuntu:~/Desktop/RYU$ tree
.

— fastfailover.py #容灾恢复算法 (Question3)

— multi_path.py #负载均衡算法 (Question2)

— one_path.py #只允许使用一条线路h1-s1-s3-s2-h1,从而避免了arp风暴

— setup.py #设置mininet网络拓扑

— switch_path.py #轮询算法 (Question1)

0 directories, 5 files
```

使用

- ubuntu 20.04 LTS
- python 3.8.10
- mininet 2.3.0
- ryu 4.34
- OpenFlow 1.3

将 fastfailover.py, multi_path.py, switch_path.py 复制到 ryu/ryu/app 文件夹下,分别在终端运行:

```
ryu-manager switch_path.py gui_topology/gui_topology.py --observe-links
ryu-manager multi_path.py gui_topology/gui_topology.py --observe-links
ryu-manager fastfailover.py gui_topology/gui_topology.py --observe-links
```

(可以在弹出的网页上查看交换机拓扑,点击交换机即可查看该交换机当前的流表)

然后在setup.py所在文件夹内开启一个终端,运行:

```
sudo python3 setup.py
```

实验结果

Q1.Set up the network

通过setup.py实现了下面的网络:

s3 / \ h1 - s1 s2 - h2 \ /

网络基本信息如下所示

```
mininet> nodes
available nodes are:
c1 h1 h2 s1 s2 s3 s4
mininet> net
h1 h1-eth0:s1-eth1
h2 h2-eth0:s2-eth1
s1 lo: s1-eth1:h1-eth0 s1-eth2:s3-eth1 s1-eth3:s4-eth1
s2 lo: s2-eth1:h2-eth0 s2-eth2:s3-eth2 s2-eth3:s4-eth2
s3 lo: s3-eth1:s1-eth2 s3-eth2:s2-eth2
s4 lo: s4-eth1:s1-eth3 s4-eth2:s2-eth3
c1
mininet> links
h1-eth0<->s1-eth1 (OK OK)
h2-eth0<->s2-eth1 (OK OK)
s1-eth2<->s3-eth1 (OK OK)
s1-eth3<->s4-eth1 (OK OK)
s2-eth2<->s3-eth2 (OK OK)
s2-eth3<->s4-eth2 (OK OK)
mininet> ports
s1 lo:0 s1-eth1:1 s1-eth2:2 s1-eth3:3
s2 lo:0 s2-eth1:1 s2-eth2:2 s2-eth3:3
s3 lo:0 s3-eth1:1 s3-eth2:2
s4 lo:0 s4-eth1:1 s4-eth2:2
```

Q2.Switches paths

代码

通过每隔五秒自动更改流表实现,关键代码如下:

```
def _change_flow(self):
        flag = 1
        while True:
            print('datapath:', self.datapaths)
            try:
                if flag == 1:
                    print('flag:', flag)
                    flag = 2
                    self.match_flow(dpid=1, in_port=1, out_port=2, priority=1,
add del=0)
                    self.match flow(dpid=1, in port=2, out port=1, priority=1,
add del=0)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=1, in_port=1, out_port=3, priority=1,
add_del=1)
                    self.match flow(dpid=1, in port=3, out port=1, priority=1,
add del=1)
                    self.match flow(dpid=2, in port=1, out port=2, priority=1,
add del=0)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=2, in_port=2, out_port=1, priority=1,
add del=0)
```

```
self.match_flow(dpid=2, in_port=1, out_port=3, priority=1,
add del=1)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=2, in_port=3, out_port=1, priority=1,
add_del=1)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=3, in_port=1, out_port=2, priority=1,
add_del=0)
                    self.match flow(dpid=3, in port=2, out port=1, priority=1,
add del=0)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=4, in_port=1, out_port=2, priority=1,
add_del=1)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=4, in_port=2, out_port=1, priority=1,
add del=1)
                elif flag == 2:
                    print('flag:', flag)
                    flag = 1
                    self.match_flow(dpid=1, in_port=1, out_port=2, priority=1,
add del=1)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=1, in_port=2, out_port=1, priority=1,
add del=1)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=1, in_port=1, out_port=3, priority=1,
add del=0)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=1, in_port=3, out_port=1, priority=1,
add_del=0)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=2, in_port=1, out_port=2, priority=1,
add del=1)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=2, in_port=2, out_port=1, priority=1,
add_del=1)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=2, in_port=1, out_port=3, priority=1,
add_del=0)
                    self.match flow(dpid=2, in port=3, out port=1, priority=1,
add del=0)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=3, in_port=1, out_port=2, priority=1,
add_del=1)
                    self.match flow(dpid=3, in port=2, out port=1, priority=1,
add del=1)
                    self.match flow(dpid=4, in port=1, out port=2, priority=1,
add_del=0)
                    self.match_flow(dpid=4, in_port=2, out_port=1, priority=1,
add del=0)
```

```
except Exception as info:
    print('info:', info)
hub.sleep(5)
```

其中,match flow 函数为流表项增删函数,add_del=0时候表示添加该条目,add_del=1时候表示删除该条目。

实验结果

```
mininet> pingall

*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h1 -> h2
h2 -> h1

*** Results: 0% dropped (2/2 received)
mininet> ■
```

```
abigail@ubuntu:~/ryu/ryu/app$ ryu-manager switch_path.py gui_topology/gui_topology.py --observe-link
loading app switch_path.py
loading app gui_topology/gui_topology.py
loading app ryu.controller.ofp_handler
loading app ryu.app.ofctl_rest
loading app ryu.app.rest_topology
loading app ryu.app.ws_topology
loading app ryu.controller.ofp_handler
creating context wsgi
instantiating app None of DPSet
creating context dpset
instantiating app None of Switches
creating context switches
instantiating app switch_path.py of SwitchPath
instantiating app gui_topology/gui_topology.py of GUIServerApp
instantiating app ryu.controller.ofp_handler of OFPHandler
instantiating app ryu.app.ofctl_rest of RestStatsApi
instantiating app ryu.app.rest_topology of TopologyAPI
instantiating app ryu.app.ws_topology of WebSocketTopology
datapath: {}
flag: 1
info: 1
(89311) wsgi starting up on http://0.0.0.0:8080 datapath: {1: <ryu.controller.controller.Datapath object at 0x7f8335286f10>, 3: <ryu.controller.cont
roller.Datapath object at 0x7f833528b8e0>, 4: <ryu.controller.controller.Datapath object at 0x7f8335
1e1250>}
flag: 2
info: 2
datapath: {1: <ryu.controller.controller.Datapath object at 0x7f8335286f10>, 3: <ryu.controller.cont
roller.Datapath object at 0x7f833528b8e0>, 4: <ryu.controller.controller.Datapath object at 0x7f8335
1e1250>, 2: <ryu.controller.controller.Datapath object at 0x7f8335189220>}
flag: 1
```

Ryu Topology Viewer

- { "priority": 1, "cookie": 0, "idle_timeout": 0, "hard_timeout": 0, "byte_count": 0, "duration_sec": 2, "duration_nsec": 191000000, "packet_count": 0, "length": 88, "flags": 0, "actions": ["OUTPUT:3"], "match": { "in_port": 1 }, "table_id": 0 }
 { "priority": 1, "cookie": 0, "idle_timeout": 0, "hard_timeout": 0, "byte_count": 300, "duration_sec": 2, "duration_nsec": 191000000, "packet_count": 5, "length": 88, "flags": 0, "actions": ["OUTPUT:1"], "match": { "in_port": 3 }, "table_id": 0 }

Q3.Both paths

代码

通过在 send group mod 函数中使用 group table 和其中的 OFPGT SELECT 功能实现,并将两条线路权重设置为 相同。

然后在 flow table initial 中调用 send group mod 函数负责处理需要组表的交换机接口。

主要代码如下:

```
def send group mod(self,datapath):
        parser =datapath.ofproto parser
        ofp=datapath.ofproto
        port = 3
        actions_1 = [parser.OFPActionOutput(port)]
        port = 2
        actions 2 = [parser.OFPActionOutput(port)]
        weight_1 = 50
        weight_2 = 50
        watch_port = ofproto_v1_3.OFPP_ANY
        watch group = ofproto v1 3.0FPQ ALL
        buckets = [
            parser.OFPBucket(weight_1, watch_port, watch_group, actions_1),
            parser.OFPBucket(weight_2, watch_port, watch_group, actions_2)]
        group_id = 50
        req = parser.OFPGroupMod(datapath, ofp.OFPFC ADD,ofp.OFPGT SELECT, group id,
buckets)
```

```
datapath.send_msg(req)

actions = [parser.OFPActionGroup(group_id=group_id)]

match = parser.OFPMatch(in_port=1)

self.add_flow(datapath, 10, match, actions)
```

```
def flow_table_initial(self,datapath,parser):
    if datapath.id==1:
        self.send_group_mod(datapath)
        actions = [parser.OFPActionOutput ( 1 )]
        match = parser.OFPMatch ( in_port=3 )
        self.add_flow( datapath, 10, match, actions )
        actions = [parser.OFPActionOutput ( 1 )]
        match = parser.OFPMatch ( in port=2 )
        self.add_flow( datapath, 10, match, actions )
    if datapath.id==2:
        self.send_group_mod(datapath)
        actions = [parser.OFPActionOutput ( 1 )]
        match = parser.OFPMatch ( in port=2 )
        self.add_flow( datapath, 10, match, actions )
        actions = [parser.OFPActionOutput ( 1 )]
        match = parser.OFPMatch ( in_port=3 )
        self.add_flow( datapath, 10, match, actions )
    if datapath.id==3:
        actions = [parser.OFPActionOutput ( 1 )]
        match = parser.OFPMatch ( in_port=2 )
        self.add_flow( datapath, 10, match, actions )
        actions = [parser.OFPActionOutput ( 2 )]
        match = parser.OFPMatch ( in_port=1 )
        self.add flow( datapath, 10, match, actions )
    if datapath.id==4:
        actions = [parser.OFPActionOutput ( 1 )]
        match = parser.OFPMatch ( in_port=2 )
        self.add_flow( datapath, 10, match, actions )
        actions = [parser.OFPActionOutput ( 2 )]
        match = parser.OFPMatch ( in port=1 )
        self.add_flow( datapath, 10, match, actions )
```

实验结果

```
abigail@ubuntu:~/ryu/ryu/app$ ryu-manager multi_path.py gui_topology/gui_topology.py --observe-links
loading app multi_path.py
loading app gui_topology/gui_topology.py
loading app ryu.controller.ofp_handler
loading app ryu.app.ws_topology
loading app ryu.app.rest_topology
loading app ryu.app.ofctl_rest
loading app ryu.controller.ofp_handler
creating context wsgi
instantiating app None of Switches
creating context switches
instantiating app None of DPSet
creating context dpset
instantiating app multi_path.py of MultiPath
instantiating app gui_topology/gui_topology.py of GUIServerApp
instantiating app ryu.controller.ofp_handler of OFPHandler
instantiating app ryu.app.ws_topology of WebSocketTopology
instantiating app ryu.app.rest_topology of TopologyAPI
instantiating app ryu.app.ofctl_rest of RestStatsApi
(87721) wsgi starting up on http://0.0.0.0:8080
hello!!
Successfully add group/flow table for: 2
hello!!
Successfully add group/flow table for: 4
hello!!
Successfully add group/flow table for: 3
hello!!
Successfully add group/flow table for: (87721) accepted ('127.0.0.1', 33310)
127.0.0.1 - - [14/Dec/2021 01:10:23] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 515 0.005901
(87721) accepted ('127.0.0.1', 33320)
127.0.0.1 - - [14/Dec/2021 01:10:28] "GET /stats/flow/1 HTTP/1.1" 200 1184 0.001951
```

mininet结果和Q1一样,可以运行 ryu-manager multi_path.py gui_topology/gui_topology.py -- observe-links 后查看网页上交换机流表

另外,通过Wireshark抓包分析可以看出,两条线路均有被使用:

Q4.Fast Failover

代码

仅需在 multi path.py 的基础上修改 send group mod 函数,使用group table的 OFPGT FF 功能

```
def send_group_mod(self,datapath):
    parser =datapath.ofproto_parser
    ofp=datapath.ofproto

port = 3
    actions_1 = [parser.OFPActionOutput(port)]
    port = 2
    actions_2 = [parser.OFPActionOutput(port)]
```

实验结果

```
abigail@ubuntu:~/ryu/ryu/app$ ryu-manager fastfailover.py gui_topology/gui_topology.py --observe-lin
loading app fastfailover.py
loading app gui_topology/gui_topology.py
loading app ryu.controller.ofp_handler
loading app ryu.app.ofctl_rest
loading app ryu.app.rest_topology
loading app ryu.app.ws_topology loading app ryu.controller.ofp_handler
creating context wsgi
instantiating app None of DPSet
creating context dpset
instantiating app None of Switches
creating context switches
instantiating app fastfailover.py of FastFailOver
instantiating app gui_topology/gui_topology.py of GUIServerApp instantiating app ryu.controller.ofp_handler of OFPHandler
instantiating app ryu.app.ofctl_rest of RestStatsApi
instantiating app ryu.app.rest_topology of TopologyAPI
instantiating app ryu.app.ws_topology of WebSocketTopology
(130736) wsgi starting up on http://0.0.0.0:8080
Successfully add group/flow table for: 3
hello!!
Successfully add group/flow table for: 2
hello!!
Successfully add group/flow table for: 1
hello!!
Successfully add group/flow table for: 4
(130736) accepted ('127.0.0.1', 47652)
```

```
mininet> pingall
*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h1 -> h2
h2 -> h1
*** Results: 0% dropped (2/2 received)
mininet> link s1 s3 down
mininet> link s3 s2 down
mininet> pingall
*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h1 -> h2
h2 -> h1
*** Results: 0% dropped (2/2 received)
mininet> link s3 s2 up
mininet> pingall
*** Ping: testing ping reachability
h1 -> h2
h2 -> h1
*** Results: 0% dropped (2/2 received)
mininet>
```