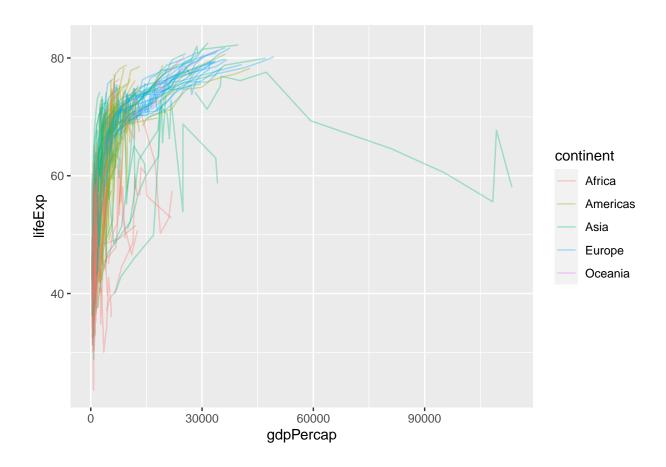
# Gapminder - Modeling the relationship between GDP and life expectancy

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Instructions: Divide the task among yourself. Each team member should contribute to at least one part of the assignment. The person whose name starts last in the alphabetic order shares screen and compiles the Rmd file. All team members should submit the Rmd and pdf files.

The gapminder data summarizes the progression of countries over time, looking at statistics like life expectancy and GDP. Use RDS 25.2 as starting point and answer the following question: How well does GDP predict life expectancy in each country and continent?

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -----
                                 ----- tidyverse 1.3.0 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.3
                    v purrr
                                0.3.4
## v tibble 3.0.6 v dplyr 1.0.3
## v tidyr 1.1.2 v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr
                      v forcats 0.5.1
## -- Conflicts -----
                                               ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
library(modelr)
library(gapminder)
str(gapminder)
## tibble [1,704 x 6] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
## $ country : Factor w/ 142 levels "Afghanistan",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ continent: Factor w/ 5 levels "Africa", "Americas",..: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
            : int [1:1704] 1952 1957 1962 1967 1972 1977 1982 1987 1992 1997 ...
## $ lifeExp : num [1:1704] 28.8 30.3 32 34 36.1 ...
              : int [1:1704] 8425333 9240934 10267083 11537966 13079460 14880372 12881816 13867957 163
   $ gdpPercap: num [1:1704] 779 821 853 836 740 ...
gapminder %>%
  ggplot(aes(gdpPercap, lifeExp, group = country, color = continent)) +
   geom line(alpha = 1/3)
```



# 1. Use Linear modeling

Follow the steps in RDS 25.2

country

<fct>

## ##

```
by_country <- gapminder %>%
    group_by(country, continent) %>%
    nest()

country_model <- function(df) {
    lm(lifeExp ~ gdpPercap, data = df)
}

models <- map(by_country$data, country_model)

by_country <- by_country %>%
    mutate(model = map(data, country_model))

by_country %>%
    arrange(continent, country)

## # A tibble: 142 x 4
## # Groups: country, continent [142]
```

t>

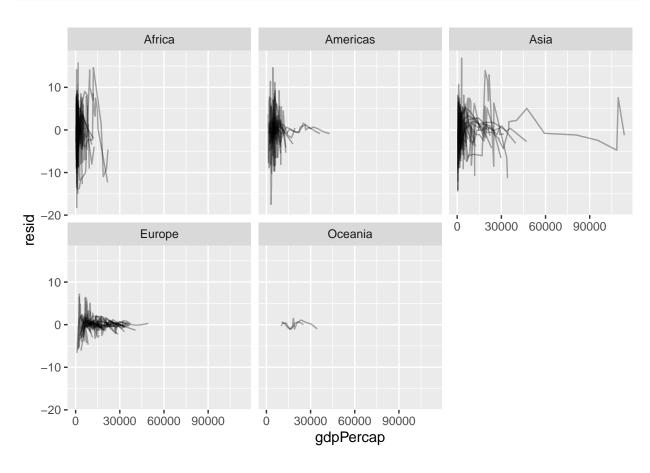
model

t>

continent data

<fct>

```
## 1 Algeria
                               Africa
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
## 2 Angola
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
                               Africa
  3 Benin
                               Africa
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
##
##
   4 Botswana
                               Africa
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
##
    5 Burkina Faso
                               Africa
##
   6 Burundi
                               Africa
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
    7 Cameroon
                               Africa
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
    8 Central African Republic Africa
##
##
  9 Chad
                                Africa
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
## 10 Comoros
                               Africa
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <lm>
## # ... with 132 more rows
by_country <- by_country %>%
  mutate(
    resids = map2(data, model, add_residuals)
  )
resids <- unnest(by_country, resids)</pre>
resids %>%
  ggplot(aes(gdpPercap, resid, group = country)) +
    geom_line(alpha = 1 / 3) +
    facet_wrap(~continent)
```



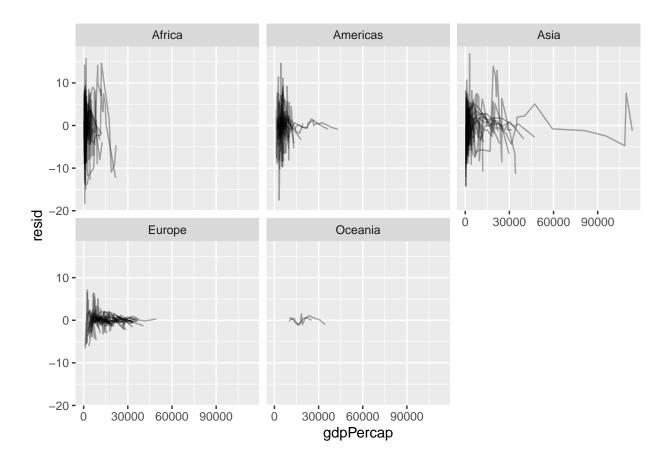
## 2. Try different model families:

```
(See RDS 23.6)
```

#### 2.1 Generalized linear models

facet\_wrap(~continent)

```
by_country1 <- gapminder %>%
  group_by(country, continent) %>%
  nest()
country_model1 <- function(df) {</pre>
  stats::glm(lifeExp ~ gdpPercap, data = df)
models1 <- map(by_country1$data, country_model1)</pre>
by_country1 <- by_country1 %>%
 mutate(model = map(data, country_model1))
by country1 %>%
  arrange(continent, country)
## # A tibble: 142 x 4
## # Groups: country, continent [142]
##
      country
                               continent data
                                                           model
##
      <fct>
                               <fct> <fct>
                                                           t>
## 1 Algeria
                              Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <glm>
## 2 Angola
                             Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <glm>
                             Africa <tibble [12 x 4] > <glm>
## 3 Benin
## 4 Botswana
                             Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <glm>
## 5 Burkina Faso
                             Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <glm>
                              Africa <tibble [12 x 4] > <glm>
Africa <tibble [12 x 4] > <glm>
## 6 Burundi
## 7 Cameroon
## 8 Central African Republic Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <glm>
## 9 Chad
                               Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <glm>
## 10 Comoros
                               Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <glm>
## # ... with 132 more rows
by_country1 <- by_country1 %>%
  mutate(
    resids1 = map2(data, model, add_residuals)
resids1 <- unnest(by_country1, resids1)</pre>
resids1 %>%
  ggplot(aes(gdpPercap, resid, group = country)) +
    geom line(alpha = 1 / 3) +
```



## 2.4 Robust linear models

```
by_country2 <- gapminder %>%
    group_by(country, continent) %>%
    nest()

country_model2 <- function(df) {
    MASS::rlm(lifeExp ~ gdpPercap, data = df)
}

models2 <- map(by_country2$data, country_model2)

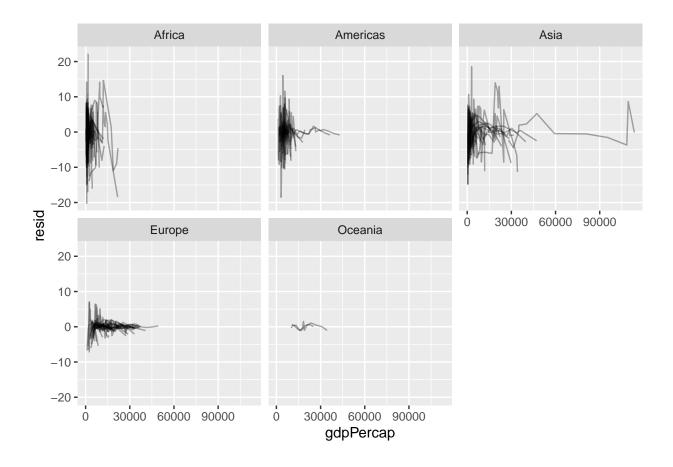
## Warning in rlm.default(x, y, weights, method = method, wt.method = wt.method, :
## 'rlm' failed to converge in 20 steps

## Warning in rlm.default(x, y, weights, method = method, wt.method = wt.method, :
## 'rlm' failed to converge in 20 steps

## Warning in rlm.default(x, y, weights, method = method, wt.method = wt.method, :
## 'rlm' failed to converge in 20 steps

by_country2 <- by_country2 %>%
    mutate(model = map(data, country_model2))
```

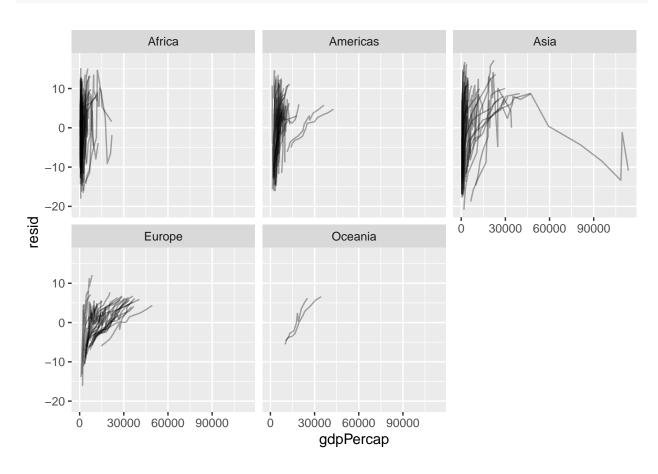
```
## Warning: Problem with 'mutate()' input 'model'.
## i 'rlm' failed to converge in 20 steps
## i Input 'model' is 'map(data, country model2)'.
## i The error occurred in group 51: country = "Guatemala", continent = "Americas".
## Warning: Problem with 'mutate()' input 'model'.
## i 'rlm' failed to converge in 20 steps
## i Input 'model' is 'map(data, country model2)'.
## i The error occurred in group 111: country = "Senegal", continent = "Africa".
## Warning: Problem with 'mutate()' input 'model'.
## i 'rlm' failed to converge in 20 steps
## i Input 'model' is 'map(data, country_model2)'.
## i The error occurred in group 132: country = "Turkey", continent = "Europe".
by_country2 %>%
arrange(continent, country)
## # A tibble: 142 x 4
             country, continent [142]
## # Groups:
##
     country
                              continent data
                                                          model
##
     <fct>
                              <fct>
                                        st>
                                                          t>
## 1 Algeria
                              Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
## 2 Angola
                             Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
                              Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
## 3 Benin
                             Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
## 4 Botswana
## 5 Burkina Faso
                             Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
                              Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
## 6 Burundi
                              Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
## 7 Cameroon
## 8 Central African Republic Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
                              Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
## 9 Chad
## 10 Comoros
                              Africa <tibble [12 x 4]> <rlm>
## # ... with 132 more rows
by_country2 <- by_country2 %>%
 mutate(
   resids2 = map2(data, model, add residuals)
  )
resids2 <- unnest(by_country2, resids2)</pre>
resids2 %>%
  ggplot(aes(gdpPercap, resid, group = country)) +
   geom_line(alpha = 1 / 3) +
   facet_wrap(~continent)
```



## **2.5** Trees

```
by_country3 <- gapminder %>%
  group_by(country, continent) %>%
  nest()
country_model3 <- function(df) {</pre>
  rpart::rpart(lifeExp ~ gdpPercap, data = df)
}
models3 <- map(by_country3$data, country_model3)</pre>
by_country3 <- by_country3 %>%
  mutate(model = map(data, country_model3))
by_country3 %>%
  arrange(continent, country)
## # A tibble: 142 x 4
## # Groups:
               country, continent [142]
##
      country
                                continent data
                                                            model
##
      <fct>
                               <fct>
                                          t>
                                                            t>
   1 Algeria
                               Africa
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
                                          <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
    2 Angola
                               Africa
##
```

```
## 3 Benin
                               Africa
                                         <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
## 4 Botswana
                                         <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
                               Africa
## 5 Burkina Faso
                               Africa
                                         <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
## 6 Burundi
                               Africa
                                         <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
                                         <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
   7 Cameroon
                               Africa
  8 Central African Republic Africa
                                         <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
## 9 Chad
                               Africa
                                         <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
## 10 Comoros
                                         <tibble [12 x 4]> <rpart>
                               Africa
## # ... with 132 more rows
by_country3 <- by_country3 %>%
  mutate(
    resids3 = map2(data, model, add_residuals)
  )
resids3 <- unnest(by_country3, resids3)</pre>
resids3 %>%
  ggplot(aes(gdpPercap, resid, group = country)) +
    geom_line(alpha = 1 / 3) +
    facet_wrap(~continent)
```



# 3. Discuss which family performs best. How do you determine the performance?

It looks like we've missed some mild patterns. There's also something interesting going on in Africa: we see some very large residuals which suggests our model isn't fitting so well there. Relatively, none of these families perform ideally. In general, all families had a lack of patterns among their residuals. This is due to the fact that the trend among life expectancy and gdpPercap is not linear but rather, another type such as exponential.