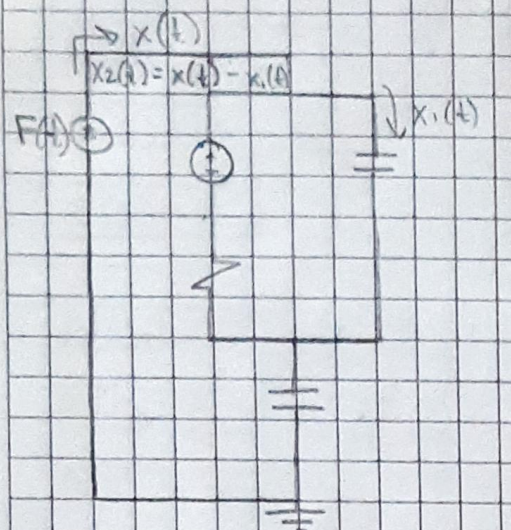
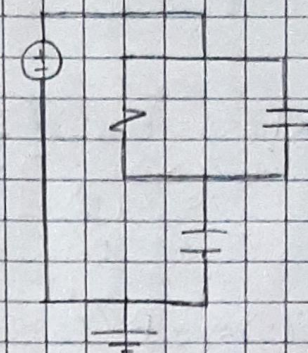


Circuito eléctrico



Función de transferencia
Análisis aplicando F_o



$$x(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t)$$

$$x(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t)$$

$$\rightarrow x(t) = C_p \frac{d[F_s(t)]}{dt}$$

$$\rightarrow x_2(t) = F(t) - \frac{F_s(t)}{R}$$

$$\rightarrow x_1(t) = C_s \frac{d[F(t) - F_s(t)]}{dt}$$

$$C_p \frac{dF_s(t)}{dt} = C_s \frac{d[F(t) - F_s(t)]}{dt} + \frac{F(t) - F_s(t)}{R}$$

$$C_p s F_s(s) = C_s s [F(s) - F_s(s)] + \frac{F(s) - F_s(s)}{R}$$

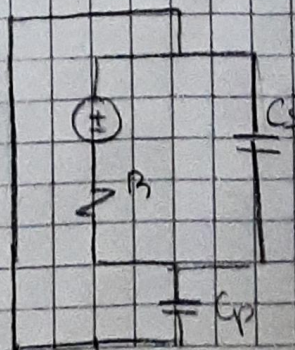
$$(C_p s + C_s s + \frac{1}{R}) F_s(s) = (C_s s + \frac{1}{R}) F(s) \rightarrow \frac{F_s(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{C_s R s + 1}{C_p R s + C_s R s + 1}$$

$$(C_p R s + C_s R s + 1) F_s(s) = (C_s R s + 1) F(s) \rightarrow$$

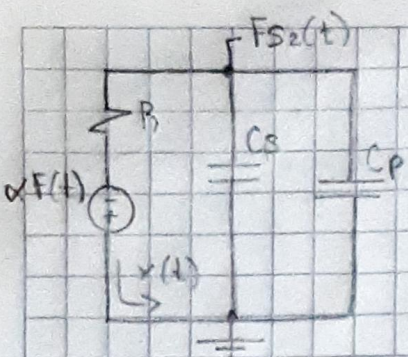
$$\frac{F_s(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{C_s R s + 1}{R(C_s + C_p) s + 1}$$

$$\frac{F_s(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{C_s R s + 1}{s(C_p R + C_s R) + 1}$$

$$F_{s+}(s) = \frac{(C_s R s + 1)}{R(C_s + C_p) s + 1} \cdot F(s)$$



EC- Principles



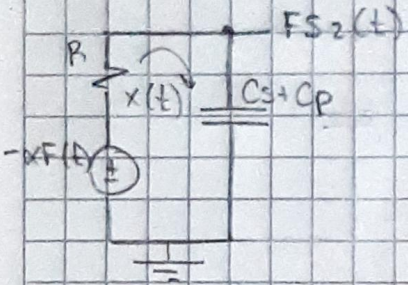
$$-\alpha F(t) = R x(t) + \frac{1}{C_s + C_p} \int x(t) dt$$

$$F_{S2}(t) = \frac{1}{C_s + C_p} \int x(t) dt$$

Laplace

$$-\alpha F(s) = R x(s) + \frac{x(s)}{s(C_s + C_p)}$$

$$\left[\begin{aligned} F_S(s) &= \frac{x(s)}{s(C_s + C_p)} \\ F_{S2}(s) &= \frac{x(s)}{s(C_s + C_p)} \end{aligned} \right] \star$$



$$F(s) = \left[\frac{-R((C_s + C_p)s + 1)}{\alpha(C_s + C_p)s} x(s) \right] \star$$

$$\frac{F_S(s)}{F(s)} = \left[\frac{\frac{x(s)}{(C_s + C_p)s}}{\left[\frac{-R((C_s + C_p)s + 1)}{\alpha(C_s + C_p)s} x(s) \right]} \right] \star = -\frac{\alpha}{R(C_s + C_p)s + 1}$$

$$F_{S2}(s) = \frac{-\alpha F(s)}{R(C_s + C_p)s + 1}$$

$$F_S(s) = F_{S1}(s) + F_{S2}(s)$$

$$F_S(s) = (C_s + R s + 1) F(s) - \alpha F(s)$$

$$\frac{F_S(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{C_s R s + 1 - \alpha}{R(C_p + (C_s) s + 1)}$$

Error en estado estacionario

$$e(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s F(s) \left[1 - \frac{F(s)}{F(s)} \right] \quad F(s) = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{s}$$

$$e(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \left[s \cdot \frac{1}{s} \left(1 - \frac{C_s R s^0 + 1 - \alpha}{B(C_p + C_s)s + 1} \right) \right]$$

$$\underline{e(s) = \alpha}, \quad \underline{e(t) = \alpha V = 0.25V}$$

Estabilidad en lazo abierto, respuesta asintóticamente estable

$$B(C_p + C_s)s + 1 = 0$$

$$\lambda = -\frac{1}{B(C_p + C_s)}$$