

Familiarizing Thread class methods:

```
class CurrentThreadDemo
{
public static void main(String args[])
{
Thread t=Thread.currentThread();
System.out.println("current thread:"+t);
t.setName("mythread");
System.out.println("After name change:"+t);
try
{
for(int n=5;n>0;n--)
{
System.out.println(n);
Thread.sleep(1000);
}
}
catch(InterruptedException e)
{
System.out.println("main thread interrupted");
}
}
}
```

Creating threads:

Method 1:Implementing Runnable interface

```
class NewThread implements Runnable {
Thread t;
NewThread() { //creates a new thread
t=new Thread(this,"DemoThread");
System.out.println("child thread:"+t);
t.start(); } //starts the thread
```

```
//this is the entry point for the new thread
public void run() {
    try {
        for(int i=5;i>0;i--) {
            System.out.println("child thread:"+i);
            Thread.sleep(500); }
        }
    catch(InterruptedException e) {
        System.out.println("child interrupted"); }
    System.out.println("exiting child thread"); }
}

class ThreadDemo {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        new NewThread();//create a new thread
        try {
            for(int n=5;n>0;n--) {
                System.out.println("main thread:"+n);
                Thread.sleep(1000); }
            }
        catch(InterruptedException e) {
            System.out.println("main thread interrupted"); }
        System.out.println("exiting main thread"); }
    }
```

Method 2:Extending Thread class

```
class NewThread extends Thread {
    NewThread() { //creates a new thread
        super("DemoThread");
        System.out.println("child thread:"+this);
        start(); } //starts the thread
    //this is the entry point for the new thread
    public void run() {
        try {
```

```
for(int i=5;i>0;i--) {
System.out.println("child thread:"+i);
Thread.sleep(500); }
}
catch(InterruptedException e) {
System.out.println("child interrupted"); }
System.out.println("exiting child thread"); }
}
class ExtendThread {
public static void main(String args[]) {
new NewThread();//create a new thread
try {
for(int n=5;n>0;n--) {
System.out.println("main thread:"+n);
Thread.sleep(1000); }
}
catch(InterruptedException e) {
System.out.println("main thread interrupted"); }
System.out.println("exiting main thread"); }
}
```

Multithreading implementation:

Using Runnable interface

```
class NewThread implements Runnable
{
Thread t;
String name;
NewThread(String threadname)//creates a new thread
{
name=threadname;
t=new Thread(this,name);
System.out.println("child thread:"+t);
t.start();//starts the thread
```

```
}  
//this is the entry point for the new thread  
public void run()  
{  
    try  
    {  
        for(int i=5;i>0;i--)  
        {  
            System.out.println(name+" thread:"+i);  
            Thread.sleep(1000);  
        }  
    }  
    catch(InterruptedException e)  
    {  
        System.out.println(name+" interrupted");  
    }  
    System.out.println(name+"exiting");  
}  
}  
class MultiThreadDemo2  
{  
    public static void main(String args[])  
    {  
        new NewThread("one");//create a new thread  
        new NewThread("two");  
        new NewThread("three");  
        try  
        {  
            Thread.sleep(10000);  
        }  
        catch(InterruptedException e)  
        {  

```

```
System.out.println("main thread interrupted");
}
System.out.println("exiting main thread");
}
}
```

Extending Thread class:

```
class NewThread extends Thread
{
String name;
NewThread(String threadname)//creates a new thread
{
super(threadname);
name=threadname;
System.out.println("child thread:"+this);
start();//starts the thread
}
//this is the entry point for the new thread
public void run()
{
try
{
for(int i=5;i>0;i--)
{
System.out.println(this.name+": "+i);
Thread.sleep(1000);
}
}
catch(InterruptedException e)
{
System.out.println(this.name+"interrupted");
}
System.out.println(this.name+"exiting");
}
```

```
}  
}  
class MultiThreadDemo  
{  
    public static void main(String args[])  
    {  
        new NewThread("one");//create first thread  
        new NewThread("two");//create second thread  
        new NewThread("three");//create third thread  
        try  
        {  
            Thread.sleep(10000);}  
        catch(InterruptedException e)  
        {  
            System.out.println("main thread interrupted");  
        }  
        System.out.println("exiting main thread");  
    }  
}
```

Thread Synchronization:

Program without synchronization:

```
class callme  
{  
    void call(String msg)  
    {  
        System.out.print("[ "+msg);  
        try  
        {  
            Thread.sleep(1000);  
        }  
        catch(InterruptedException e)  
        {  

```

```
System.out.println("interrupted");
}
System.out.println("]");
}
}
class caller implements Runnable
{
String msg;
callme target;
Thread t;
public caller(callme targ,String s)
{
target=targ;
msg=s;
t=new Thread(this);
//System.out.println(t);
t.start();
}
public void run()
{
target.call(msg);
}
}
class nosynch
{
public static void main(String args[])
{
callme target=new callme();
caller ob1=new caller(target,"Hello");
caller ob2=new caller(target,"Synchronized");
caller ob3=new caller(target,"world");
//waits for threads to terminate
try
```

```
{
ob1.t.join();
System.out.println("finished ob1");
ob2.t.join();
System.out.println("finished ob2");
ob3.t.join();
System.out.println("finished ob3");
}
catch(InterruptedException e)
{
System.out.println("interrupted");
}
}
}
```

Synchronization achieved with synchronized keyword:

```
class callme
{
synchronized void call(String msg)
{
System.out.print("[ "+msg);
try
{
Thread.sleep(1000);
}
catch(InterruptedException e)
{
System.out.println("interrupted");
}
System.out.println("]");
}
}
class caller implements Runnable
```



```
{
String msg;
callme target;
Thread t;
public caller(callme targ,String s)
{
target=targ;
msg=s;
t=new Thread(this);
t.start();
}
public void run()
{
target.call(msg);
}
}
class synch
{
public static void main(String args[])
{
callme target=new callme();
caller ob1=new caller(target,"Hello");
caller ob2=new caller(target,"Synchronized");
caller ob3=new caller(target,"world");
//waits for threads to end
try
{
ob1.t.join();
//System.out.println("finished ob1");
ob2.t.join();
//System.out.println("finished ob2");
ob3.t.join();
//System.out.println("finished ob3");
```

```
}catch(InterruptedException e)
{
System.out.println("interrupted");
}}}
```

Synchronization achieved with synchronized method:

```
class callme
{
void call(String msg)
{
System.out.print("[ "+msg);
try
{
Thread.sleep(1000);
}
catch(InterruptedException e)
{
System.out.println("interrupted");
}
System.out.println("]");
}
}
class caller implements Runnable
{
String msg;
callme target;
Thread t;
public caller(callme targ,String s)
{
target=targ;
msg=s;
t=new Thread(this);
t.start();
}
```

```
}  
public void run()  
{  
    synchronized(target)  
    {  
        target.call(msg);  
    }  
}  
}  
class synch2  
{  
    public static void main(String args[])  
    {  
        callme target=new callme();  
        caller ob1=new caller(target,"Hello");  
        caller ob2=new caller(target,"Synchronized");  
        caller ob3=new caller(target,"world");  
        //waits for threads to end  
        try  
        {  
            ob1.t.join();  
            //System.out.println("finished ob1");  
            ob2.t.join();  
            //System.out.println("finished ob2");  
            ob3.t.join();  
            //System.out.println("finished ob3");  
        }catch(InterruptedException e)  
        {  
            System.out.println("interrupted");  
        }  
    }  
}
```