

This call is used to specify for a socket the protocol port number where it will wait for messages. A call to bind is optional in the case of client and compulsory on the server side.

**int bind(int sd, struct sockaddr\* addr, int addrlen);**

The first field is the socket descriptor. The second is a pointer to the address structure of this socket. The third field is the length in bytes of the size of the structure referenced by **addr**. The header files are **sys/types.h** and **sys/socket.h**. This function call returns an integer, which is 0 for success and -1 for failure.

#### 4. Receiving data

**ssize\_t recvfrom(int s, void \* buf, size\_t len, int flags, struct sockaddr \* from, socklen\_t \* fromlen);**

The **recvfrom** calls are used to receive messages from a socket, and may be used to receive data on a socket whether or not it is connection oriented. The first parameter **s** is the socket descriptor to read from. The second parameter **buf** is the buffer to read information into. The third parameter **len** is the maximum length of the buffer. The fourth parameter is flag. It is set to zero. The fifth parameter **from** is a pointer to **struct sockaddr** variable that will be filled with the IP address and port of the originating machine. The sixth parameter **fromlen** is a pointer to a **local int** variable that should be initialized to **sizeof(struct sockaddr)**. When the function returns, the integer variable that **fromlen** points to will contain the actual number of bytes that is contained in the socket address structure. The header files required are **sys/types.h** and **sys/socket.h**. When the function returns, the number of bytes received is returned or -1 if there is an error.

#### 5. Sending data

**sendto-** sends a message from a socket

**ssize\_t sendto(int s, const void \* buf, size\_t len, int flags, const struct sockaddr \* to, socklen\_t tolen);**

The first parameter **s** is the socket descriptor of the sending socket. The second parameter **buf** is the array which stores data that is to be sent. The third parameter **len** is the length of that data in bytes. The fourth parameter is the flag parameter. It is set to zero. The fifth parameter **to** points to a variable that contains the destination IP address and port. The sixth parameter **tolen** is set to **sizeof(struct sockaddr)**. This function returns the number of bytes actually sent or -1 on error. The header files used are **sys/types.h** and **sys/socket.h**.