

Structured Text a high level language

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[**www.plcopen.org**](http://www.plcopen.org)

Operators in ST

Symbol

(expression)

identifier(argument list)

Examples:

LN(A), MAX(X,Y), etc.

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NOT

Operation

Parenthesization

Function evaluation

Exponentiation

Negation

Complement

Operators in ST

*	Multiply
/	Divide
MOD	Modulo
+	Add
-	Subtract
< , > , <= , >=	Comparison
=	Equality
<>	Inequality

Operators in ST

&	Boolean AND
AND	Boolean AND
XOR	Boolean Exclusive OR
OR	Boolean OR

assignment

A := B;

assignment

A := B;

Datatype to Datatype

INT to INT

or

**Analog_Channel_Configuration to
Analog_Channel_Configuration**

assignment

A := B;

INT to INT

or

**Analog_Channel_Configuration to
Analog_Channel_Configuration**

CV := CV+1;

C := SIN(X);

Controlled repetition via iteration or selection

- **IF .. THEN .. ELSE**
- **CASE**
- **FOR**
- **WHILE ...**
- **REPEAT UNTIL**

IF .. THEN .. ELSE

IF **condition= true**
THEN **action1**
ELSE **action2 (condition not true)**

IF raining THEN Stay_In ELSE Go_Out

IF .. THEN .. ELSE

```
D := B*B - 4*A*C ;  
IF D < 0.0      THEN      NROOTS := 0 ;  
ELSIF          D = 0.0 THEN  
    NROOTS := 1 ;  
    X1 := - B/(2.0*A) ;  
ELSE  
    NROOTS := 2 ;  
    X1 := (- B + SQRT(D))/(2.0*A) ;  
    X2 := (- B - SQRT(D))/(2.0*A) ;  
END_IF ;
```

CASE : repetitive IF

CASE selector OF

selector_value : action

ELSE

END_CASE;

CASE : repetitive IF

```
TW := BCD_TO_INT(THUMBWHEEL);  
  TW_ERROR := 0;  
CASE TW OF  
  1,5:  DISPLAY := OVEN_TEMP;  
  2:    DISPLAY := MOTOR_SPEED;  
  3:    DISPLAY := GROSS - TARE;  
  4,6..10: DISPLAY := STATUS(TW - 4);  
ELSE  DISPLAY := 0 ;  
  TW_ERROR := 1;  
END_CASE;  
  QW100 := INT_TO_BCD(DISPLAY);
```

FOR

SUM := 0 ;

FOR begin_value TO end_value DO

END_FOR ;

FOR

SUM := 0 ;

FOR I := 1 TO 3 DO

FOR J := 1 TO 2 DO

SUM := SUM + J ;

END_FOR ;

SUM := SUM + I ;

END_FOR ;

FOR

J := 101 ;

```
FOR I := 1 TO 100 BY 2 DO  
  IF WORDS[I] = 'KEY' THEN  
    J := I ;  
    EXIT ;  
  END_IF ;  
END_FOR ;
```

WHILE

J := 1;

WHILE J <= 100 & WORDS[J] <> 'KEY' DO
 J := J+2 ;
END_WHILE ;

REPEAT ... UNTIL

J := -1 ;

REPEAT

J := J+2 ;

UNTIL J = 101 OR WORDS[J] = 'KEY'

END_REPEAT ;

EXIT and RETURN

- The EXIT statement shall be used to terminate iterations before the termination condition is satisfied.

```
SUM := 0 ;  
  FOR I := 1 TO 3 DO  
    FOR J := 1 TO 2 DO  
      IF FLAG THEN EXIT ; END_IF  
      SUM := SUM + J ;  
    END_FOR ;  
  SUM := SUM + I ;  
END_FOR ;
```