

Machine learning Homework- Dimensionality Reduction

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1 PCA and SVD

Problem 1:

The model $y = Ax$ is a noiseless transformation since we haven't included the bias. Given that

$$p(z) = \mathcal{N}(z|0, I)$$

$$p(x|z) = \mathcal{N}(x|Wz + \mu, \phi)$$

we come to a conclusion that x is a gaussian distribution which gives us results that mean of the distribution is μ and the variance is $WW^T\phi$.

from this we can get the distribution of y with mean and variances $A\mu$ and $AWW^TA^T + A\phi A^T$. From pattern matching we can say that the maximum likelihood can be written as $A\mu_x$ and AW_x and $A\phi_x A^T$.

Problem 2:

The representation of the new vector in the space is given by $[0, 3, 0, 0, 4]$. So the new Matrix M looks like

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 5 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{The SVD of the matrix gives U, V, and S which gives the singular values and vector. Now to}$$

do dimensionality reduction we take only top K singular values of the output and we get a $P = M \cdot V$. as $P = [0, 3, 0, 0, 4] \cdot V = [1.74, 2.84]$ which mostly corresponds to the classic movie genre. A good recommendation of the genre would consist of Titanic and Casablanca. Since the previous data consists of Titanic we can recommend Casablanca.

Problem 5:

(a) The Autoencoder cannot have reconstruction error to be zero since it would correspond to PCA and hence has a linear mapping between latent space and the decoder output. This is not a desirable property.

(b) This is possible only in the case of a linear mapping conditions where the entire input is learnt as such.