GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Quiz navigation

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Status Finished

Monday, 13 January 2025, 10:15 AM

Completed Monday, 13 January 2025, 10:21 AM

Duration 6 mins 1 sec

Question 1

Correct

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Example

number = 23

Convert the decimal number 23 to binary number: $23^{10} = 2^4 + 2^2 + 2^1 + 2^0 = (10111)_2$.

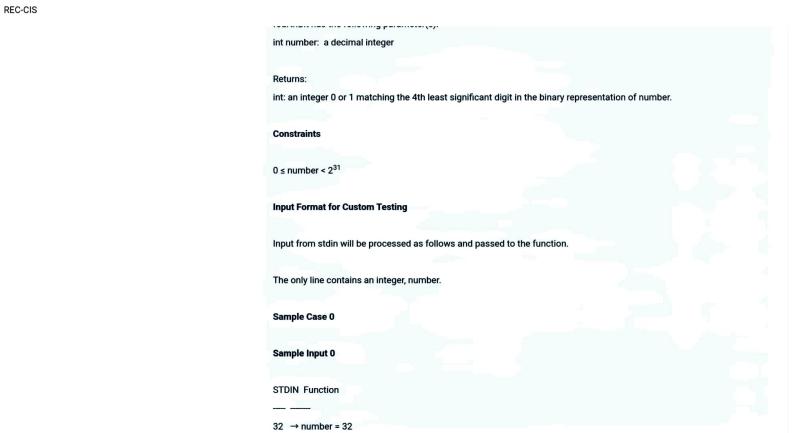
A binary number is a combination of 1s and 0s. Its nth least significant digit is the nth digit starting from the right starting

with 1. Given a decimal number, convert it to binary and determine the value of the the 4th least significant digit.

The value of the 4th index from the right in the binary representation is 0.

Function Description

Complete the function fourthBit in the editor below.



REC-CIS	
	Sample Input 0
	STDIN Function
	32 → number = 32
	Sample Output 0
	0
	Explanation 0
	Convert the decimal number 32 to binary number: $32_{10} = (100000)_2$.
	The value of the 4th index from the right in the binary representation is 0.
	Sample Case 1
	Sample Input 1
	STDIN Function
	77 → number = 77

REC-CIS

* Complete the 'fourthBit' function below. 2 3 * The function is expected to return an INTEGER. * The function accepts INTEGER number as parameter. int fourthBit(int number) 9 ▼ { 10 int binary[32]; 11 int i=0; 12 while(number>0) 13 ▼ binary[i]=number%2; 14 number/=2; 15 i++; 16 17 18 if(i>=4) 19 ▼ return binary[3]; 20 21 22 else 23 return 0; 24 }

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>printf("%d", fourthBit(32))</pre>	0	0	~
~	<pre>printf("%d", fourthBit(77))</pre>	1	1	~

REC-CIS



Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number) and then return the pth element of the list, sorted ascending. If there is no pth element, return 0. Example n = 20p = 3The factors of 20 in ascending order are {1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20}. Using 1-based indexing, if p = 3, then 4 is returned. If p > 6, 0 would be returned. **Function Description** Complete the function pthFactor in the editor below. pthFactor has the following parameter(s): int n: the integer whose factors are to be found

int: the long integer value of the pth integer factor of n or, if there is no factor at that index, then 0 is returned

int p: the index of the factor to be returned

Returns:

Constraints $1 \le n \le 10^{15}$ $1 \le p \le 10^9$

Input Format for Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

The first line contains an integer n, the number to factor.

The second line contains an integer p, the 1-based index of the factor to return.

Sample Case 0

STDIN

Sample Input 0

Function

 \rightarrow p = 3

Sample Output 0

REC-CIS	
	5
	Explanation 0
	Factoring n = 10 results in $\{1, 2, 5, 10\}$. Return the p = 3^{rd} factor, 5, as the answer.
	Sample Case 1
	Sample Input 1
	STDIN Function
	10 → n = 10
	5 → p=5
	Sample Output 1
	0
	Explanation 1
	Factoring $n = 10$ results in $\{1, 2, 5, 10\}$. There are only 4 factors and $p = 5$, therefore 0 is returned as the answer.

```
Explanation 1
Factoring n = 10 results in \{1, 2, 5, 10\}. There are only 4 factors and p = 5, therefore 0 is returned as the answer.
Sample Case 2
Sample Input 2
STDIN Function
1 \rightarrow n = 1
1 \rightarrow p = 1
Sample Output 2
```

Explanation 2

Factoring n = 1 results in {1}. The p = 1st factor of 1 is returned as the answer. Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
 Reset answer
       * Complete the 'pthFactor' function below.
       * The function is expected to return a LONG_INTEGER.
       * The function accepts following parameters:
       * 1. LONG_INTEGER n
       * 2. LONG_INTEGER p
      long pthFactor(long n, long p)
  11 ▼ {
  12
          int count=0;
  13
          for(long i=1;i<=n;i++)
  14 ▼
  15
              if(n\%i==0)
  16 ▼
  17
                  count++;
  18
                  if(count==p)
  19 ₩
  20
                      return i;
  21
  22
  23
  24
     return 0;
  25 }
```

Test Expected Got

```
Z. LUNG_INTEGER P
 8
    long pthFactor(long n, long p)
11 ₹ {
12
        int count=0;
13
        for(long i=1;i<=n;i++)
14 ▼
            if(n%i==0)
15
16 ₩
17
                count++;
18
                if(count==p)
19 ₩
20
                    return i;
21
22
23
24
   return 0;
25 }
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 3))</pre>	5	5	~
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 5))</pre>	0	0	~
/	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(1, 1))</pre>	1	1	~

```
10 Tong peniaceor (rong ii, rong p)
12
        int count=0;
13
        for(long i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
14 ▼
15
             if(n%i==0)
16 ₩
17
                 count++;
18
                 if(count==p)
19 ₩
20
                     return i;
21
22
23
24
25
    return 0;
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 3))</pre>	5	5	~
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 5))</pre>	0	0	~
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(1, 1))</pre>	1	1	~

Finish review