Suricata NIDS Tools: Setup and Alert Workflow Report

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1. Summary

Suricata is an advanced, open-source network intrusion detection and prevention system (NIDS/NIPS) developed by the Open Information Security Foundation (OISF). It provides real-time packet analysis, protocol identification, and alert generation for suspicious network activity. This report outlines the steps to install, configure, and test Suricata, including the creation and verification of a custom detection rule.

2. Installing Suricata

Suricata must be installed on the target host system. Use the package manager appropriate for your operating system.

For Kali Linux/Debian:

sudo apt update sudo apt
install suricata

```
(kali⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop]
[sudo] password for kali:
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
 firebird3.0-common
                          libgdal35
                                                        libicu-dev
                                                                           libunwind-19
 firebird3.0-common-doc libgeos3.13.0
                                                        libjxl0.9
                                                                           libwebrtc-audio-processing1
  icu-devtools
                          libgl1-mesa-dev
                                                        libmbedcrypto7t64 libx265-209
 libbfio1
                          libglapi-mesa
                                                        libmsgraph-0-1
                                                                           linux-image-6.11.2-amd64
                          libgles-dev
libgles1
 libc++1-19
                                                        libnetcdf19t64
                                                                           openjdk-23-jre
  libc++abi1-19
                                                        libpaper1
                                                                           openjdk-23-jre-headless
                          libglvnd-core-dev
                                                        libpoppler140
                                                                           python3-appdirs
  libcapstone4
                                                                           python3-ntlm-auth
 libconfig++9v5
                          libglvnd-dev
                                                        libpoppler145
 libconfig9
                          libgtksourceview-3.0-1
                                                        libqt5sensors5
                                                                           python3-setproctitle
 libdirectfb-1.7-7t64
                                                       libqt5webkit5
                          libgtksourceview-3.0-common
                                                                           ruby-zeitwerk
                                                        libsuperlu6
                          libgtksourceviewmm-3.0-0v5
 libegl-dev
                                                                           ruby3.1
 libflac12t64
                          libgumbo2
                                                        libtag1v5
                                                                           ruby3.1-dev
 libfmt9
                          libhdf5-103-1t64
                                                        libtag1v5-vanilla ruby3.1-doc
                          libhdf5-hl-100t64
  libfuse3-3
                                                        libtagc0
                                                                           strongswan
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
Installing:
Installing dependencies:
                     librte-bus-vdev25 librte-log25
                                                            librte-pci25
                     librte-eal25
                                        librte-mbuf25
                                                            librte-rcu25
                                                                                snort-rules-default
                     librte-ethdev25
                                        librte-mempool25
  librte-bus-pci25
                     librte-kvargs25
Suggested packages:
 snort | snort-pgsql | snort-mysql libtcmalloc-minimal4
 Upgrading: 0, Installing: 30, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 128
 Download size: 6,987 kB
Space needed: 32.1 MB / 51.0 GB available
Continue? [Y/n] y
```

3. Updating Suricata

To ensure you have the latest threat detection capabilities, update the rule sets using sudo sudo suricata-update

```
(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]
 —$ <u>sudo</u> suricata-update
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <Info> -- Using data-directory /var/lib/suricata.
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <Info> -- Using Suricata configuration /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <Info> -- Using /etc/suricata/rules for Suricata provided rules.
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <Info> -- Found Suricata version 7.0.10 at /usr/bin/suricata.
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <Info> -- Loading /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <Info> -- Disabling rules for protocol pgsql
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <Info> -- Disabling rules for protocol modbus
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - Info> -- Disabling rules for protocol dnp3
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <Info> -- Disabling rules for protocol enip
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <Info> -- No sources configured, will use Emerging Threats Open
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:33 - <<mark>Info> --</mark> Fetching https://rules.emergingthreats.net/open/suricata-7.0.10/emer
ging.rules.tar.gz.
100% - 4875368/4875368
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/app-layer-events.
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <<mark>Info> --</mark> Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/decoder-events.ru
les
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <<mark>Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/dhcp-events.rules</mark>
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/dnp3-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/dns-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/files.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/http2-events.rule
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/http-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/ipsec-events.rule
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <<mark>Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/kerberos-events.r</mark>
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <<mark>Info> --</mark> Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/modbus-events.rul
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <<mark>Info> --</mark> Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/mqtt-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/nfs-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/ntp-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <<mark>Info> --</mark> Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/quic-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/rfb-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/smb-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <<mark>Info> --</mark> Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/smtp-events.rules
20/4/2025 -- 18:21:35 - <<mark>Info> --</mark> Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/ssh-events.rules
              18:21:35 - <Info> -- Loading distribution rule file /etc/suricata/rules/stream-events.rul
```

This command downloads current community rules, such as those from Emerging Threats.

4. Setting a New Rule Destination

Custom rules are typically stored in:

/etc/suricata/rules/

```
___(kali⊛ kali)-[/etc/suricata/rules]
$\frac{\sudo}{\sudo} \text{ nano cybersec.rules} \frac{\text{\text{}}}{\text{}}
```

```
[kali⊗kali)-[/etc/suricata]

[kali⊗kali)-[/etc/suricata]

[classification.config reference.config rules suricata.yaml threshold.config

[kali⊗kali)-[/etc/suricata]

[sudo] password for kali:

[sudo] pass
```

Ensure this file is referenced in the main configuration file:

/etc/suricata/suricata.yaml

```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~]

$ sudo suricata -c /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml -i eth0 -v

Notice: suricata: This is Suricata version 7.0.10 RELEASE running in SYSTEM mode
Info: cpu: CPUs/cores online: 2
Info: suricata: Setting engine mode to IDS mode by default
Info: exception-policy: master exception-policy set to: auto
Info: logopenfile: fast output device (regular) initialized: fast.log
Info: logopenfile: fast output device (regular) initialized: eve.json
Info: logopenfile: stats output device (regular) initialized: stats.log
Info: detect: 2 rule files processed. 43030 rules successfully loaded, 0 rules failed, 0
Info: threshold-config: Threshold config parsed: 0 rule(s) found
Info: threshold-config: Threshold config parsed: 0 rule(s) found
Info: detect: 43033 signatures processed. 1257 are IP-only rules, 4333 are inspecting packet payload, 37225 inspect application layer, 109 are decoder event only
Error: af-packet: fanout not supported by kernel: &cenel too old or cluster-id 99 already in use.
Warning: af-packet: eth0: Af_PACKET tpacket-v3 is recommended for non-inline operation
Info: runnodes: eth0: creating 1 thread
Info: unix-manager: unix socket '/var/run/suricata-command.socket'
Info: ioric: eth0: MTU 1500
Notice: the0: MTU 1500
Notice: unix-macket: fanous created → W: 1 FM: 1 FR: 1 Engine started.

**CNotice: suricata: time elapsed 167.501s
Info: counters: Alerts: 0
Notice: device: eth0: Af crops: 0 (0.00%), invalid chksum: 0
```

5. Adding a New Rule

Add a basic ICMP alert rule to detect ping traffic:

alert icmp any any -> any any (msg:"I detected an ICMP request"; itype:8;
sid:1000001; rev:1)



This rule instructs Suricata to generate an alert whenever an ICMP packet is detected.

6. Starting the Suricata Service

Begin monitoring traffic using the correct network interface:

```
sudo systemctl start
suricata
# OR sudo suricata -c /etc/suricata/suricata.yaml -i
eth0
```

7. Running Suricata

Confirm Suricata is running and parsing traffic:

/var/log/suricata/suricata.log

Watch for log entries indicating rule loading and live traffic capture.

8. Triggering the Alert

To verify that the custom rule is functioning, initiate traffic that matches the rule. For the ICMP rule:

```
ping -c 4 8.8.8.8
```

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ ping -c 4 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=52.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=36.4 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=43.7 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=36.6 ms

--- 8.8.8.8 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3022ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 36.409/42.280/52.398/6.538 ms
```

9. Investigating the Alert

Review Suricata's alert log to confirm that the rule was triggered: **Example Output:**

```
(%1840 kall) [/var/log/sur/cata]

- $ cat eve_json | grep | detected |
{ timestamp: "2025-04-31313:47:04.705791-0400", "flow_id":216603112887902, "in_jface": "eth0", "event_type": "alert", "src_ip": "10.0.2.15", "dest_ip": "8.8.8.8", "proto": "ICMP", "icmp_type": 8, "icmp_c
ode: "0, pkt_src_".wire/pcap, "alert: "faction": "allowed" _gid": 1, 'signature_id':1000001, "rev':1, 'Signature': "I detected ICMP request", "category: "", "severity': 3}, "direction": "to_server", "fi
ode: "0, pkt_src_".wire/pcap, "alert: "io, bytes soesever': 198, "bytes socialine: 10, 'start: "12025-04-31313:47:04.0.75971-0400", "src_ip": 10.0.2.15", "dest_ip": 8.8.8.8", "proto": "ICMP", icmp_type": 8, "icmp_c
de': "0, pkt_src_".wire/pcap, "alert: "iaction": "allowed" _gid': 1, 'signature_id': 1000001, "rev':1, 'signature: "I detected ICMP request", "category": ", "severity': "), "direction": "to_server", "fi
ow": "pkt_scoserver": 2, pkts_stoclient": 1, 'bytes_toserver': 196, bytes_stoclient": 198, 'start": "2025-04-31313:47:04.705791-0400", 'src_ip": "10.0.2.15", "dest_ip": 8.8.8.8", "proto": "ICMP", icmp_type": 8, "icmp_c
ode': "0, pkt_src_": wire/pcap, "alert: "iaction": allowed" _gid': 1, 'signature_id': 1000001, "rev':1, 'signature': "I detected ICMP request, "category": ", severity': 3), "direction": "to_server", "fi
ow": "pkt_src_": wire/pcap, "alert: "alert: "alert: "sc_ip": "10.0.2.15", "dest_ip": 8.8.8.8", "proto": "ICMP", icmp_type": 8, "icmp_c
ode': "0, pkt_src_": wire/pcap, "alert: "alert: "alert: "sc_ip": "10.0.2.15", "dest_ip": "8.8.8.8", "groto": "ICMP", icmp_type": 8, "icmp_c
ode': "0, pkt_src_": wire/pcap, "alert: "alert: "sc_ip": "10.0.2.15", "dest_ip": "8.8.8.8", "groto": "ICMP", icmp_type": 8, "icmp_c
ode': "0, pkt_src_": wire/pcap, "alert: "alert: "sc_ip": "10.0.2.15", "dest_ip": "8.8.8.8", "groto: "ICMP", icmp_type": 8, "icmp_c
ode': "0, pkt_src_": wire/pcap, "alert: "alert: "sc_tput_src_": wire/pcap, "alert: "alert: "sc_tput_src_": wire/pcap, "alert: "alert: "sc_tput_src_": wire/pcap, "alert: "alert: "sc_tput_src_
```

For detailed or structured logs (e.g., for SIEM ingestion), refer to:

/var/log/suricata/eve.json

10. Conclusion

This workflow demonstrates a successful Suricata deployment for basic threat detection. By installing and configuring Suricata, updating rules, adding a custom detection rule, and verifying alert functionality, I've built a foundation for further network defense. Suricata can now be expanded for full intrusion detection, threat hunting, and integration with tools such as ELK Stack, Splunk, or SIEM solutions.

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