CEN4010 Principles of Software Engineering, Summer 2023

IOT Smart Thermostat

Group: 6

Repository: https://github.com/AbirFaisal/CEN4010

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Milestone 1

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Revision 1

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1. Executive Summary

IOT Smart Thermostat - Most smart thermostats are not really IOT devices, they connect to a server and the server mediates communication between the user and the device. This requires you to have an active internet connection to use the device wirelessly. It also requires you to create and manage an account with the service provider. More importantly, the network functionality of these devices cannot operate independently of their service providers.

Our solution to this problem is to create a smart thermostat with off-the-shelf components that can be purchased online for a reasonably low cost.

The interface will be open and not locked into any ecosystem such as Google's ecosystem for their smart Nest thermostats. It will also not require an internet connection. It will not require the user to create an account or download an app. It will be able to take multipoint temperature measurement, a feature usually found only in commercial thermostats.

Our target market sector is the home user and small businesses that are interested in independently operating smart devices that do not require any additional infrastructure other than a common wireless router.

Competitive analysis

Key Features of Competitors vs. Our Thermostat Application

Our Thermostat	Google Thermostat
No internet or cloud services required.	Temperature presets/preferences: Comfort is the temperature setting for when you're home, Eco is the temperature you'd like to use when you're away,
No need to make accounts or download any apps.	Create custom presets for temperatures you'd like to use. Ex. If you're working in your office or cooking in the kitchen.
Multi-point temperature measurement is usually only available in commercial thermostats.	Mode selection, switch between Heat, Cool, Heat and Cool, or to turn your system off.
Can measure your bed's temperature and lower the temperature when it senses that your bed is getting warmer.	Hold Temperature, when you want to set a specific temperature, select the temperature you'd like and choose the length of time.
	Fan Timer, you can run the fan for 15 minutes or up to 12 hours.

2.Data Definitions

Name	Meaning	Usage	Comment
Local Temperature	data	Use Case scenarios	Temperature from internal Sensor
Outside Temperature	data	Use Case scenarios	Temperature from Weather API
Remote Temperature	data	Use Case scenarios	Temperature from sensor on local network.
Bed Temperature	data	Use Case scenarios	Temperature from a sensor near bed.
RP2040	hardware	Controller	This is the controller we are using.
AHT20	hardware	Sensor	This is a temperature and humidity sensor.
SSD1309 OLED 0.91inch	hardware	Display	This is the display we are using for our device.
Mode Select Switches	Human interface	Select Operation Mode	Select between Auto, Configure, Fan, Heat, Cool, and Off.
Setpoint Buttons	Human interface	Set temperature	Up and down buttons for quick temperature adjustment.

3.Overview, Scenarios and use cases

4a. Overview:

In general, most of the usage scenarios in our software will be related to a user wanting to adjust the temperature without physically being near the thermostat. Although they could adjust it from the thermostat itself if they wanted to.

4b. Scenarios and use cases:

Use Case 1 – Change Temperature Remotely

For the user to continue to be comfortable without leaving the bed, they can conveniently adjust the room temperature using their mobile device.

Description:

Use case describes the process of how a user will use the web interface to change the temperature of the system.

Actors:

- User
- System

Preconditions:

- User has an active connection to their network
- System is available
- User does not want to be disrupted
- Stay in their comfort zone

Primary Flow of Events:

- Temperature is slightly unpleasant, too cold or warm
- User arrives on web page
- User changes temperature using web interface
- Terminate Use Case: Change Temperature

Alternative Flows:

Use Case 2: Change temperature Locally

The user is physically near the thermostat and does not want to open their phone to change the temperature. They can do so using the buttons on the thermostat controller.

Actors:

- User
- System

Preconditions:

- User is near thermostat
- User is not satisfied with room temperature

Alternative Flow of Events:

- Temperature is slightly unpleasant, too cold or warm
- User is near or walks to thermostat controller
- User changes temperature using buttons on the control panel
- Terminate Use Case: Change Temperature

4. Initial list of high-level functional requirements:

User Functions:

Allow user to set the temperature.

Allow the user to set a schedule for the temperature.

Allow the user to select their preferred operating mode.

Display current temperature and settings

Allow the user to set temperature threshold for heating and cooling.

System Functions:

Allow the system to sense the temperature of the room.

Allow the system to get the current weather from a Weather API.

Allow the system to connect to a wireless network.

Allow the system to learn and adapt to the user's preference over time.

Allow the system to optimize energy usage.

5.Non-functional requirements:

1.Performance: Program should perform well given the limited hardware.

2. Usability: Easy, simple to use interface that should require minimal instruction on how to use it.

3. Accessibility: Program should be accessible from most modern mobile devices and desktop computers.

4. Expected load: Low expected load as data being sent and stored will be minimal and the number of users will be low.

5. Security requirement: Users login info to the device will be computed into a hash to ensure the password is not compromised if someone has physical access to the device. The device will support connections to secured wireless networks.

6. Storage: Onboard flash memory to store programs and configuration files and in memory data structure to information such as, thermostat statistics, performance statistics, etc.

7. Availability: Must be available 24/7 because a thermostat must monitor and maintain temperatures.

8. Fault tolerance: High fault tolerance due to the use of multiple sensors.

6.High-level system architecture

Software Tools:

- Microsoft VSCode (Code Editor)
- Microsoft Excel (Spreadsheet)
- Microsoft Visio (Charting and Diagrams)
- Draw.io (Charting and Diagrams)
- GitHub (Versioning System)
- Simens NX12 (Mechanical CAD)
- UltiMaker Cura (3D Printing)
- Davinci Resolve (Video Editor)
- KiCAD (Electronic CAD)

Languages:

- Micropython
- HTML
- CSS
- Javascript

Libraries and Frameworks:

- Bootstrap Web Framework
  - License: MIT License
  - URL https://getbootstrap.com/
- AHTx0 Temperature and Humidity Sensor Library
  - License: MIT License
  - URL: https://pypi.org/project/micropython-ahtx0/

External Systems:

- Wireless router
- Web Browser

7. Team List student group names, name of Scrum master, product owner and initial roles for each member.

Front End:

- Gabriel
- Brandon
- Isaiah

System Software:

- Kevin

Hardware and Drivers:

- Abir

Github

- Abir

Trello

- Brandon

8. **Checklist - For each item below you must answer with only one of the following: DONE, ON TRACK (meaning it will be done on time, and no issues perceived) or ISSUE (you have some problems, and then define what is the problem with 1-3 lines). Reflect these items in your Trello project space:**

a) Team decided on basic means of communications - DONE

b) Team found a time slot to meet outside of the class - DONE

c) Front and back-end team leads chosen - DONE

d) GitHub master chosen - DONE

e) Team ready and able to use the chosen back and front-end frameworks - DONE

f) Skills of each team member defined and known to all – DONE

g) Team lead ensured that all team members read the final M1 and agree/understand it before submission - DONE