10/04/2021 Range

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#Importing Libraries
In [1]:
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
         #Import Training Set
         df = pd.read_csv('SeoulBikeData.csv',engine='python')
         dummies = pd.get dummies(df.Seasons)
         df= pd.concat([df,dummies],axis='columns')
         df= df.drop(['Seasons','Winter'], axis='columns')
         le= LabelEncoder()
         dfle = df
         df.Holiday=le.fit transform(dfle.Holiday)
         dfle = df
         df['Functioning Day']=le.fit_transform(dfle['Functioning Day'])
         full_set= df.iloc[:,1]
         under1000=[]
         under2000=[]
         under3000=[]
         over3000=[]
         for x in full set:
           if x < 1000:
             under1000.append(x)
           if x >= 1000 and x < 2000:
             under2000.append(x)
           if x \ge 2000 and x < 3000:
             under 3000 append (x)
           if x >= 3000:
             over3000.append(x)
         print ("Number of rows < 1000 bikes:",len(under1000))</pre>
         print ("Number of rows < 2000 bikes and >= 1000:",len(under2000))
         print ("Number of rows < 3000 bikes and >= 2000:",len(under3000))
         print ("Number of rows >= 3000 bikes:",len(over3000))
         over_set=df.loc[df['Rented Bike Count'] >= 1500]
         df= pd.concat([df,over set], axis='rows')
        Number of rows < 1000 bikes: 6340
        Number of rows < 2000 bikes and >= 1000: 1936
        Number of rows < 3000 bikes and >= 2000: 453
```

Number of rows >= 3000 bikes: 31