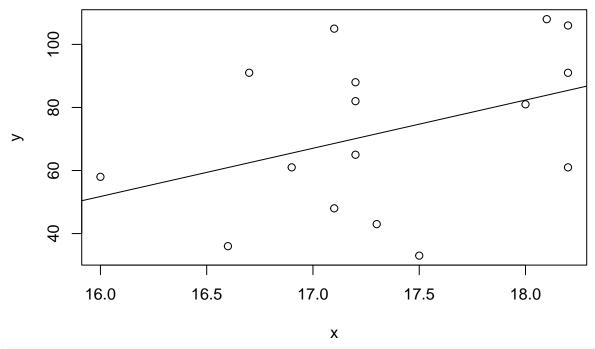
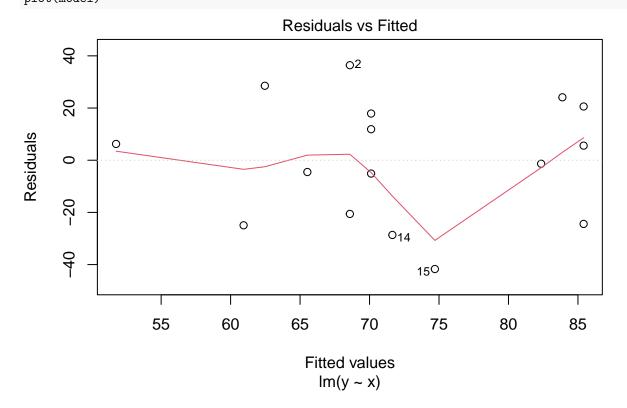
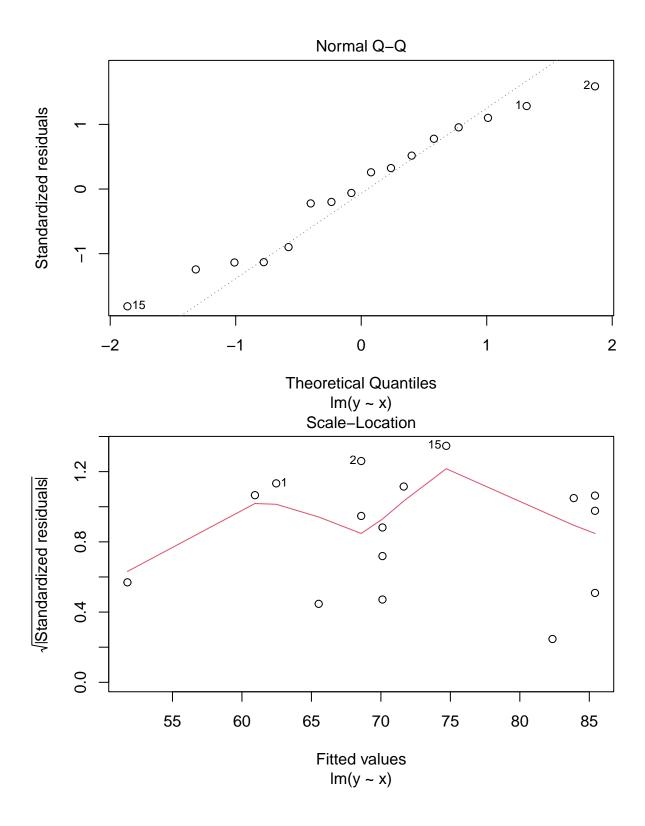
```
title: "Flipped Assignment 04" author: "Md Ariful Haque Miah" date: "3/1/2022" output: pdf_document
# index as x
x < -c(16.7,17.1,18.2,18.1,17.2,18.2,16.0,17.2,18.0,17.2,16.9,17.1,18.2,17.3,17.5,16.6)
# days as y
y<-c(91,105,106,108,88,91,58,82,81,65,61,48,61,43,33,36)
length(x)
## [1] 16
# Answer to the ques no. a
plot(x,y,main="ScatterPlot of x and y")
# Answer to the ques no. b
model < -lm(y \sim x)
model
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim x)
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)
                          х
        -193.0
##
                       15.3
summary(model)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = y \sim x)
##
## Residuals:
              1Q Median
                             3Q
## -41.70 -21.54 2.12 18.56 36.42
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -192.984
                           163.503 -1.180
                                               0.258
                 15.296
                              9.421 1.624
##
## Residual standard error: 23.79 on 14 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1585, Adjusted R-squared: 0.09835
## F-statistic: 2.636 on 1 and 14 DF, p-value: 0.1267
# Slope beta1 = 15.3 and the intercept beta0 = -193
# Model equation y_hat = -193 + 15.3 * x
# Answer to the ques no. c
abline(model)
```

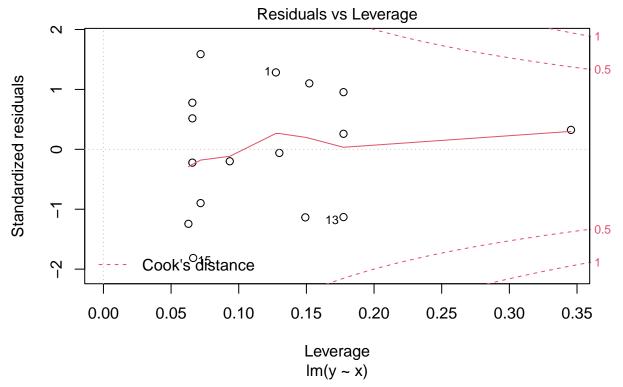
ScatterPlot of x and y



Answer to the ques no. d
plot(model)







```
#Constant variance check: Residual vs. fitted value plot shows random scatter

# which indicates that variance is constant.

# Normality Check: From the Normal Q-Q plot we can see that the error is normally

# distributed

# from the fitted values vs. sqrt(standardized residuals) plot we see that all

# the data points distance between them is not too higher and within the value

# 1.5 so it seems that there will be no outliers or possibly observations 1,2

# and 15 may be outliers

# Answer to the ques no. e

# From the summary of the model, we see that abs value of t is 1.624 which is less

# than the value of t[alpha/2,n-2] which is 2.144 which does not reject the null

# hypothesis beta1 = 0 hence the regression is not significant
```