Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM Started Completed Wednesday, 20 November 2024, 7:24 PM Duration 32 days 22 hours Question 1 Some data sets specify dates using the year and day of year Correct rather than the year, month, and day of month. The day of Marked out of year (DOY) is the sequential day number starting with day 1 3.00 on January 1st. Flag question There are two calendars - one for normal years with 365 days, and one for leap years with 366 days. Leap years are divisible by 4. Centuries, like 1900, are not leap years unless they are divisible by 400. So, 2000 was a leap year. To find the day of year number for a standard date, scan down the Jan column to find the day of month, then scan across to the appropriate month column and read the day of year number. Reverse the process to find the standard date for a given day of year. Write a program to print the Day of Year of a given date, month and year. Sample Input 1 18 6 2020 Sample Output 1 170 Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h> int main() 2 3 * { 4 int d,m,y,feb; scanf("%d%d%d",&d,&m,&y); 5 6 if((y%100==0&&y%400)||(y%4==0))7 feb=29;else 8 feb=28; 9 switch(m) 10 11 ▼ { case 1: 12 printf("%d",d); 13 break; 14 15 case 2: printf("%d",31+d); 16 break; 17 18 case 3: printf("%d",31+feb+d); 19 break; 20 case 4: 21 printf("%d",31+feb+31+d); 22 break; 23 24 case 5: 25 printf("%d",31+feb+31+30+d); break; 26 27 case 6: printf("%d",31+feb+31+30+31+d); 28 29 break; 30 case 7: printf("%d",31+feb+31+30+31+30+d); 31 break; 32 33 case 8: printf("%d",31+feb+31+30+31+30+31+d); 34 break; 35 36 case 9: printf("%d",31+feb+31+30+31+30+31+30+d); 37 break; 38 case 10: 39 printf("%d",31+feb+31+30+31+30+31+30+31+d 40 break; 41 42 case 11: printf("%d",31+feb+31+30+31+30+31+30+31+3 43 44 break; 45 case 12: printf("%d",31+feb+31+30+31+30+31+30+31+3 46 break; 47 48 } } 49 Input Expected Got 170 170 18 6 2020 Passed all tests! 🗸 Question 2 Suppandi is trying to take part in the local village math quiz. Correct In the first round, he is asked about shapes and areas. Marked out of Suppandi, is confused, he was never any good at math. And 5.00 also, he is bad at remembering the names of shapes. Flag question Instead, you will be helping him calculate the area of shapes. When he says rectangle he is actually referring to a square. When he says square, he is actually referring to a triangle. When he says triangle he is referring to a rectangle And when he is confused, he just says something random. At this point, all you can do is say 0. Help Suppandi by printing the correct answer in an integer. Input Format Name of shape (always in upper case R à Rectangle, S à Square, T à Triangle) Length of 1 side Length of other side Note: In case of triangle, you can consider the sides as height and length of base **Output Format** Print the area of the shape. Sample Input 2 S 30 40 Sample Output 2 600 Sample Input 3 R 10 10 Sample Output 3 100 Sample Input 4 G 8 8 Sample Output 4 0 Sample Input C 9 10 Sample Output 4 0 Explanation: First is output of area of rectangle Then, output of area of triangle Then output of area square Finally, something random, so we print 0 **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h> 1 int main() 2 3 * { int a,b; 4 char c; 5 scanf("%c%d%d",&c,&a,&b); 6 switch(c) 7 8 { case 'R': 9 printf("%d",a*b); 10 11 break; case 'S': 12 printf("%.0f",(0.5)*a*b); 13 14 break; case 'T': 15 printf("%d",a*b); 16 17 break; default: 18 printf("0"); 19 20 21 } Input Expected Got 200 T 200 10 20 S 600 600 30 40 0 В 0 2 11 300 300 R 10 30 S 1000 1000 40 50 Passed all tests! < Question 3 Superman is planning a journey to his home planet. It is very Correct important for him to know which day he arrives there. They don't follow the 7-day week like us. Instead, they follow a 10-Marked out of 7.00 day week with the following days: Day Number Name of Day 1 Sunday 2 Monday 3 Tuesday 4 Wednesday 5 Thursday 6 Flag question Friday 7 Saturday 8 Kryptonday 9 Coluday 10 Daxamday Here are the rules of the calendar: • The calendar starts with Sunday always. • It has only 296 days. After the 296th day, it goes back to Sunday. You begin your journey on a Sunday and will reach after n. You have to tell on which day you will arrive when you reach there. Input format: • Contain a number n (0 < n) Output format: Print the name of the day you are arriving on Example Input 7 **Example Output** Kryptonday Example Input 1 **Example Output Monday** Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h> int main() 2 3 * int n,day; 4 scanf("%d",&n); 6 if(n<296) 7 day=n; 8 else day=n-296; 9 day%=10; 10 11 day=day+1;12 day%=10; 13 switch(day) 14 * { 15 case 1: printf("Sunday"); 16 break; 17 case 2: 18 printf("Monday"); 19 break; 20 21 case 3: printf("Tuesday"); 22 23 break; 24 case 4: printf("Wednesday"); 25 26 break; 27 case 5: 28 printf("Thursday"); 29 break; 30 case 6: 31 printf("Friday"); 32 break; case 7: 33 printf("Saturday"); 34 35 break; case 8: 36 printf("Kryptonday"); 37 break; 38 39 case 9: printf("Coluday"); 40 41 break; 42 case 10: printf("Daxamday"); 43 44 break; 45 46 **Expected** Input Got Kryptonday Kryptonday 7 Monday 1 Monday

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Finished

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