

# E-commerce and Delivery Database Design Report

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## 1. Executive Summary

This project presents the design and implementation of a relational database for a South African e-commerce and delivery platform similar to Takealot or Superbalist. The system integrates vendors, products, orders, payments, deliveries, customers, and inventory management within a scalable, normalized structure. The database ensures data integrity through foreign keys, constraints, and indexing while supporting analytical queries for business decision-making.

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## 2. Problem Analysis

The South African e-commerce ecosystem faces logistical challenges due to multiple seller types, diverse delivery partners, and region-specific payment methods (EFT, card, PayFast, SnapScan). The goal was to design a database capable of:

- Managing multi-vendor marketplace operations.
- Capturing complex product variations and categories.
- Enabling accurate order tracking and fulfilment.
- Integrating multiple delivery methods and service levels.
- Supporting loyalty programs and multi-warehouse inventory management.

The problem required balancing **normalization** for integrity with **performance optimization** for scalability.

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## 3. Solution Design

### 3.1 Core Entities

- **Customers & Addresses** – manage profiles and delivery locations.
- **Vendors & Vendor Types** – support B2C and marketplace sellers.
- **Products, Categories, Variants** – enable multi-category and size/colour SKUs.
- **Orders & Order Items** – capture sales transactions and link to payments.
- **Payments & Methods** – support card, EFT, COD, mobile payments.
- **Shipments, Delivery Slots, Delivery Partners, Warehouses** – enable tracking and logistics planning.
- **Loyalty Accounts & Ledger** – manage points and redemptions.

### 3.2 Relationships

- **1-to-many** between vendors → products, customers → orders, orders → items.

- **Many-to-many** between products ↔ categories (resolved via junction tables).
- **1-to-1** between order ↔ payment.
- **Foreign key constraints** maintain referential integrity.
- **CHECK constraints** enforce valid payment status and shipment state.

### 3.3 Normalization & Optimization

- Up to **3rd Normal Form** for data consistency.
  - **Indexes** on foreign keys and search-heavy columns (e.g., email, order\_date).
  - **View layer** for analytics and reporting.
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## 4. Implementation Steps

1. **Schema Design:** Defined 22 interrelated tables with primary and foreign keys.
  2. **Database Creation:** Executed `database_schema.sql` in SQLite/SSMS.
  3. **Data Population:** Ran `sample_data.sql` to insert ≈50 records across tables.
  4. **Query Development:** Implemented `business_queries.sql` for operational insights:
    - Top vendors by revenue
    - Order fulfilment status tracking
    - Customer retention and loyalty points reports
  5. **Diagramming:** Generated an ERD (`database_diagram.png`) showing key relations.
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## 5. Technical Justifications

- **Relational Database Model:** Ensures data integrity and transactional safety (ACID compliance).
  - **Foreign Keys + Constraints:** Prevent orphaned records and invalid states (e.g., orders without customers).
  - **Scalability:** Design supports partitioning and indexing for future growth.
  - **Query Performance:** Pre-indexed fields optimize JOIN and filter operations.
  - **Compliance:** Aligns with POPIA for customer data and BEE vendor classification.
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## 6. Testing and Validation

Testing included:

- **Schema Validation:** Ensured all foreign keys resolved successfully.
  - **Constraint Testing:** CHECK conditions for payment status and shipment states.
  - **Query Accuracy:** Verified aggregations and JOIN logic using test orders.
  - **Performance Tests:** Executed query plans to validate index usage.
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## 7. Reflection and Improvements

Future enhancements:

- Integrate real-time API for delivery partner tracking.
  - Add trigger-based inventory alerts for low stock.
  - Extend schema for international currency and tax modules.
  - Introduce OLAP cube or Power BI dashboard for managerial analytics.
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## Appendices

- `database_schema.sql`
- `sample_data.sql`
- `business_queries.sql`
- `database_diagram.png`