CET440: Computer Networking

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Acknowledgement: thank Professor Sumey's materials

Lab assignment 3

Due on Thursday (09/22/2022) 11:59pm

Assignment type: team-based

Objective: to comprehend the substitution cipher and modularization methods.

Procedure:

- 1. Read some basic info about Substitution Cipher
- 2. Write, compile and debug a C program to
 - 1. create a *correct Substitution cipher* for the 95 keyboard printable characters with <u>ASCII code from 32 to 126</u>. Note: a correct Substitution is a *random and one-to-one* mapping, i.e., any printable character is randomly mapped to a unique printable character and no two printable characters are mapped to a same printable character.
 - i. Image below from Substitution Cipher is a substitution cipher, but only for the 26 upper-case letters, ASCII codes from 65 to 90.

Plaintext alphabet	ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
Ciphertext alphabet	ZEBRASCDFGHIJKLMNOPQTUVWXY

For example, "A" is mapped to "Z". If using their ASCII codes, 65 is mapped to 90, denoted as (65, 90). Similarly, "B" to "E" is (66, 69); "C" to "B" is (67, 66), ...

- ii. **Hints:** Refer to example <u>random.c</u> which prints out 15 random integers from 1 to 15. Notes that the 15 random integers may have repeated values. When these 15 random integers are all different, that will be a random and one-to-one mapping. For examples, if the 15 random integers are 13, 1, 4, 2, 14, 10, 9, 8, 3, 5, 15, 6, 7, 11, 12, then the one-to-one mapping is (1, 13), (2, 1), (3, 4), (4, 2), (5, 14), (6, 10), (7, 9), (8, 8), (9, 3), (10, 5), (11, 15), (12, 6), (13, 7), (14, 11), and (15, 12).
- 2. ask a user to input a string, then print out the corresponding ciphertext based on the Substitution created in step 1. For example, if a user input "WOWSOINTERESTING", using the substitution cipher above, the ciphertext will be "VLVPLFKQAOAPQFKC"
- 3. print out the key, i.e., the random/one-to-one mapping like the example above
- 3. Study the modularization using the following example, and modularize your C program. For example, you can put all the functions that generate the substitution and do the encryption in a module separate from the main.c.
- Example

mkdir makefileexample

//you may want to create a separate folder "makefileexample" to download and extract the zip file cd makefileexample

wget http://students.calu.edu/calupa/chen/CET440/lab/makeexam.zipunzip makeexam.zip

//which will extract Makefile, summaztion single.c, summaztion.c, calculate.h and calculate.c for you.

make

```
./summation
 chen@DRACO1:~/makefileexample
[chen@DRACO1 ~]$ cd makefileexample/
[chen@DRACO1 makefileexample]$ wget http://students.calu.edu/calupa/chen/CET440/lab/makeexam.zip--2021-09-09 13:45:05-- http://students.calu.edu/calupa/chen/CET440/lab/makeexam.zip
Resolving students.calu.edu (students.calu.edu)... 158.83.254.115
Connecting to students.calu.edu (students.calu.edu)|158.83.254.115|:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 1342 (1.3K) [application/x-zip-compressed]
Saving to: 'makeexam.zip'
100% [==
                                                                                                                                 --.-K/s
2021-09-09 13:45:05 (114 MB/s) - 'makeexam.zip' saved [1342/1342]
[chen@DRACO1 makefileexample]$ unzip makeexam.zip
 rchive: makeexam.zip
 inflating: summation_single.c
  inflating: calculate.c
  inflating: calculate.h
  inflating: Makefile
  inflating: summation.c
 chen@DRACOl makefileexample]$ ls
calculate.c calculate.h makeexam.zip Makefile summation.c summation single.c
[chen@DRACOl makefileexample]$ make
gcc -c summation.c
dcc -c calculate.c
gcc -o summation summation.o calculate.o
[chen@DRACO1 makefileexample]$ ./summation
 umation Calculator
Enter number:
```

Hints:

1. You can download an executable file to DRACO1 and run it to see how a correct solution would look like

wget https://students.calu.edu/calupa/chen/cet440/lab/ciphersub.gz
gunzip ciphersub.gz
chmod 755 ciphersub
./ciphersub

Deliverables: Submit the following files to D2L Dropbox "Lab Assignment 3"

- 1. Your .c file with comments at the beginning with your team members' names and any Acknowledgement/Credits you want to give
- 2. A .doc or .pdf file containing an instruction to compile & execute your program, with a screenshot showing it is running correctly, and an overview of your modules. Specifially, include your whole .h files, put the function headers in each .c file and add comment to summarize the purpose of each function. Also add a remark if a function is used in another .c file or it uses another function from another .c file. See an example here
- 3. Statement of team members' contribution

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