Abjad Documentation

Release 2.2

Víctor Adán, Trevor Bača

CONTENTS

1	Abjad?1.1 Abjad extends Python1.2 Abjad extends LilyPond	3 3
2	Bartók: Mikrokosmos 2.1 The score	5 5 6 7
3	3.1 The proportions 3.2 The transforms 3.3 The rhythms	11 11 11 12 12
4	4.1 The cell	15 16 17 18 18
5	5.1 Creating annotations 5.2 Attaching annotations to a component 5.3 Getting the annotations attached to a component 5.4 Detaching annotations from a component one at a time 5.5 Detaching all annotations attached to a component at once 5.6 Inspecting the component to which an annotation is attached 5.7 Inspecting annotation name	21 21 21 22 22 22 22 22
6	6.1 Creating articulations	23 23 23 24 24 24 25

	6.8 6.9 6.10	Copying articulations	25 26 26
7			27
7	Chor		21 27
	7.1 7.2		21 27
	7.2		21 27
	7.4		27
	7.5		28
	7.6		28
	7.7		29
	7.8		29
	7.9	e	29
	7.10	Working with empty chords	30
8			31
	8.1	e	31
	8.2		31
	8.3		31
	8.4		32
	8.5		32
	8.6		32
	8.7		32
	8.8		32
	8.9		33
	8.10		33
	8.11		33
	8.12		34
	8.13		35
	8.14		36
	8.15		36
	8.16	e	37
	8.17	Removing container overrides	38
9			39
	9.1	e	39
	9.2		39
	9.3		39
	9.4		40
	9.5		40
	9.6		40
	9.7		41
	9.8		41
	9.9	Inspecting the short instrument name of an instrument mark	41
10	LilyP		43
	10.1		43
	10.2		43
	10.3		43
	10.4		44
	10.5		44
	10.6		45
	10.7		45
	10.8	Inspecting contents string of a LilyPond comment	45

11		Cond files	47
	11.1	Making LilyPond files	47
	11.2	Inspecting file output	47
	11.3	Setting default paper size	47
		Setting global staff size	48
		5	
12	Meas	ures	49
		Understanding measures in LilyPond	49
		Understanding measures in Abjad	49
	12.3	Creating measures	50
	12.3	Working with dynamic measures	50
	12.5	Adding music to dynamic measures	50
	12.6	Removing music from dynamic measures	51
	12.7	Setting the denominator of dynamic measures	51
	12.8	Suppressing the meter of dynamic measures	51
		Working with anonymous measures	51
	12.10	Adding music to anonymous measures	52
	12.11	Removing music from anonymous measures	52
13	Notes		53
	13.1	Making notes from a string	53
	13.2	Making notes from chromatic pitch number and duration	53
	13.3	Getting the written pitch of notes	53
	13.4	Changing the written pitch of notes	53
	13.5	Getting the duration attributes of notes	54
	13.6	Changing the written duration of notes	54
	13.7	Overriding notes	55
	13.8	Removing note overrides	56
14			
14	Pitch	es	57
14	Pitch 14.1	es Creation	57 57
14	Pitch 14.1 14.2	es Creation Name inspection	57 57 57
14	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3	es Creation Name inspection Octave inspection	57 57 57
14	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4	es Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting	57 57 57 57 57
14	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5	cs Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison	57 57 57 57 57 57
14	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6	creation	57 57 57 57 57 58 58
14	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6	cs Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison	57 57 57 57 57 57
14	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7	creation	57 57 57 57 57 58 58
14	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7	es Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion	57 57 57 57 57 58 58 58
	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch-class conversion Copying	57 57 57 57 57 58 58 58
	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch-class conversion Copying	57 57 57 57 57 58 58 58 59
	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests	creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings	57 57 57 57 57 58 58 58 59
	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations	577 577 577 577 578 588 588 59 61 61
	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3	creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests	577 577 577 577 578 588 588 599 61 61 61
	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests	577 577 577 577 578 588 588 59 61 61
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests	577 577 577 578 588 588 599 61 61 61 62
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 Score	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests	577 577 577 577 578 588 588 599 611 611 612 62
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 Score 16.1	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests Creating scores	577 577 577 577 578 588 588 59 61 61 61 62 63 63
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 Score 16.1 16.2	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests Creating scores Inspecting score music	577 577 577 577 578 588 559 61 61 62 633 633 63
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 Score 16.1 16.2 16.3	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests Creating scores Inspecting score music Inspecting score length	577 577 577 577 578 588 588 599 611 611 622 633 633 633
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 Score 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests SS Creating scores Inspecting score music Inspecting score length Inspecting score duration Inspecting score duration Creation Creation Creation Creation Creating score music Inspecting score length Inspecting score duration	577 577 577 577 578 588 588 589 611 611 62 633 633 633 633
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 Score 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests See Creating scores Inspecting score music Inspecting score duration Adding one component to the bottom of a score	577 577 577 577 578 588 588 599 611 611 612 633 633 633 644
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 Score 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests See Creating scores Inspecting score music Inspecting score duration Adding one component to the bottom of a score Finding the index of a score component	577 577 577 577 578 588 589 611 611 62 633 633 634 644 64
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 Score 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests Creating scores Inspecting score music Inspecting score duration Adding one component to the bottom of a score Finding the index of a score component Removing a score component by index	577 577 577 577 577 578 588 589 611 611 62 633 633 634 644 644 64
15	Pitch 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.7 14.8 Rests 15.1 15.2 15.3 15.4 Score 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6	Creation Name inspection Octave inspection Sorting Pitch comparison Pitch conversion Pitch-class conversion Copying Making rests from strings Making rests from durations Getting the duration attributes of rests Changing the written duration of rests See Creating scores Inspecting score music Inspecting score duration Adding one component to the bottom of a score Finding the index of a score component	577 577 577 577 578 588 589 611 611 62 633 633 634 644 64

	16.10	Naming scores	65
17	Spani	ners	67
	_	Overriding spanners	67
		Overriding the components to which spanners attach	68
		Removing spanner overrides	68
18	Stave	es s	7 1
	18.1	Creating staves	71
	18.2	Inspecting staff music	71
	18.3	Inspecting staff length	71
	18.4	Inspecting staff duration	71
	18.5	Adding one component to the end of a staff	72
	18.6	Adding many components to the end of a staff	72
	18.7	Finding the index of a staff component	72
		Removing a staff component by index	72
		Removing a staff component by reference	73
		Naming staves	73
		Forcing context	73
	10.11	Tolchig context	/ -
19	Tuple	ets	75
		Making a tuplet from a LilyPond input string	75
		Making a tuplet from a list of other Abjad components	75
		Understanding the interpreter display of a tuplet	75
		Understanding the string representation of a tuplet	76
		Inspecting the LilyPond format of a tuplet	76
		Inspecting the music in a tuplet	76
	19.7	Inspecting a tuplet's leaves	76
		Getting the length of a tuplet	77
		Getting the duration attributes of a tuplet	77
			77
	19.10	Understanding rhythmic augmentation and diminution	
	19.11	Understanding binary and nonbinary tuplets	77
		Adding one component to the end of a tuplet	78
		Adding many components to the end of a tuplet	78
		Finding the index of a component in a tuplet	78
	19.15	Removing a tuplet component by index	78
	19.16	Removing a tuplet component by reference	79
		Overriding attributes of the LilyPond tuplet number grob	79
	19.18	Overriding attributes of the LilyPond tuplet bracket grob	79
20	Voices		81
20		Making a voice from a LilyPond input string	81
			81
		Making a voice from a list of other Abjad components	
		Understanding the repr of a voice	81
	20.4	Inspecting the LilyPond format of a voice	82
	20.5	Inspecting the music in a voice	82
		Inspecting a voice's leaves	82
	20.7	Getting the length of a voice	82
	20.8	Getting the duration attributes of a voice	82
		Adding one component to the end of a voice	83
		Adding many components to the end of a voice	83
		Finding the index of a component in a voice	83
		Removing a voice component by index	84
	20.13	Removing a voice component by reference	84
	20.14	Naming voices	84

	20.15	6 Changing the context of a voice	85
21	Time	signature marks by example	87
22	22.1	Container, Spanner Example 1	97 98 99
23	Work	king with component parentage	101
	23.1 23.2		
24	Work	king with threads	103
	24.1 24.2	What is a thread?	103 104
25			109
	25.2	Grobs control typography Grobs can be overridden Check the LilyPond docs	109
26	Unde	erstanding Abjad overrides	111
		Grob-override component plug-ins	
		Grob proxies	
27	Code	base	113
27	Code 27.1	How the Abjad codebase is laid out	113
27			113 113
	27.1 27.2 27.3	How the Abjad codebase is laid out	113 113 114
	27.1 27.2	How the Abjad codebase is laid out	113 113 114 117
	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx	113 113 114 117 117
	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs	113 113 114 117 117 117
	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API	113 113 114 117 117 117 118 118
	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs	113 114 117 117 117 118 118
	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs	113 114 117 117 117 118 118 118
	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs	113 114 117 117 118 118 118 119
	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs Building a coverage report Building other versions of the docs Inserting images with abjad-book	113 114 117 117 117 118 118 119 120 121
	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs Building a coverage report Building other versions of the docs	113 114 117 117 117 118 118 119 120 121
28	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs Building a coverage report Building other versions of the docs Inserting images with abjad-book Updating Sphinx	113 114 117 117 117 118 118 119 120 121
28	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9 28.10 Tests	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs Building a coverage report Building other versions of the docs Inserting images with abjad-book Updating Sphinx Automated regression?	113 113 114 117 117 118 118 119 120 121 121 121 123
28	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9 28.10 Tests 29.1 29.2	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs Building a coverage report Building other versions of the docs Inserting images with abjad-book Updating Sphinx Automated regression? Running the battery	113 113 114 117 117 118 118 119 120 121 121 121 123 123
28	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9 28.10 Tests 29.1 29.2 29.3	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs Building a coverage report Building other versions of the docs Inserting images with abjad-book Updating Sphinx Automated regression? Running the battery Reading test output	113 114 117 117 118 118 119 120 121 121 121 123 123 124
28	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9 28.10 Tests 29.1 29.2 29.3 29.4	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs Building a coverage report Building other versions of the docs Inserting images with abjad-book Updating Sphinx Automated regression? Running the battery Reading test output Writing tests	113 114 117 117 118 118 119 120 121 121 123 123 124 124
28	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9 28.10 Tests 29.1 29.2 29.3	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs Building a coverage report Building other versions of the docs Inserting images with abjad-book Updating Sphinx Automated regression? Running the battery Reading test output Writing tests Test files start with test_	113 114 117 117 118 118 119 120 121 121 121 123 123 124
28	27.1 27.2 27.3 Docs 28.1 28.2 28.3 28.4 28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9 28.10 Tests 29.1 29.2 29.3 29.4 29.5	How the Abjad codebase is laid out Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out Installing the development version How the Abjad docs are laid out Installing Sphinx Removing old builds of the docs Generating the Abjad API Building the HTML docs Building a PDF of the docs Building a coverage report Building other versions of the docs Inserting images with abjad-book Updating Sphinx Automated regression? Running the battery Reading test output Writing tests Test files start with test_	113 114 117 117 117 118 118 119 120 121 121 123 123 124 124 124 124

30	Scripts 30.1 Searching the Abjad codebase with abj-grep 30.2 Removing old *.pyc files with abj-rmpycs. 30.3 Updating your development copy of Abjad with abj-update 30.4 Counting lines of code with count-source-lines 30.5 Global search-and-replace with replace-in-files 30.6 Adding new development scripts.	128 128 128 128
31	Timing code	131
32	Profiling code	133
33	Memory consumption	135
34	Class attributes	137
35	Slots	139
36	To-do	141
37	From Trevor and Víctor	145
38	1	148
39	Why MIDI is not enough 39.1 A very brief overview of midi	151 152 152
40	Configuration	153
41	Recalling output 41.1 Reopening Abjad PDFs	155
42	Working with LilyPond multipliers	157
43	LilyPond equivalencies in Abjad 43.1 Turning on proportional notation	159 159
44	Coding standards	161
45	Working with lists of numbers	165
46	Pitch conventions 46.1 Accidental abbreviations 46.2 Chromatic pitch numbers 46.3 Diatonic pitch numbers 46.4 Octave designation 46.5 Accidental spelling	168 169

47	Setting pitch deviation	171		
48	Duration conventions48.1 Introduction	174 175 178 179		
49	Template gallery 49.1 Default LilyPond layout 49.2 lagos.ly	182 182		
50	Text alignment 50.1 Default alignment	185		
51	abjad-book 51.1 HTML with embedded Abjad 51.2 LaTeX with embedded Abjad 51.3 Using abjad-book on ReST documents 51.4 Using [hide = True]	190		
52	X11 color names	191		
53	Bibliography	193		
54	Version history 54.1 Abjad 1.1.1	195 195		
55	55.4 Installing the current packaged version of Abjad from the Python Package Index	197 197 197 197 198 198		
56	What next? 56.1 Get in touch!	199 199		
57	Abjad API 57.1 Abjad API	201 201		
Bil	Bibliography			
Inc	dex	739		

Abjad helps composers build up complex pieces of music notation in an iterative and incremental way. Use Abjad to create a symbolic representation of all the notes, rests, staves, tuplets, beams and slurs in any score.

Note: The Abjad documentation is a work in progress.

Start here

CONTENTS 1

2 CONTENTS

CHAPTER

ONE

ABJAD?

Abjad is an interactive software system designed to help composers build up complex pieces of music notation in an iterative and incremental way. Use Abjad to create a symbolic representation of all the notes, rests, staves, tuplets, beams and slurs in any score. Because Abjad extends the Python programming language, you can use Abjad to make systematic changes to your music as you work. And because Abjad wraps the powerful LilyPond music notation package, you can use Abjad to control the typographic details of the symbols on the page.

1.1 Abjad extends Python

Python is an open-source programming language invented by Guido van Rossum and further developed by a team of programmers working in many countries around the world. Python is used for everything from scripting to the development of complex distributed systems. The dynamic language and interpreter features of Python are similar to Ruby while the syntax of Python resembles C, C++ and Java. Code written in Python scales well, tests well and develops quickly.

1.2 Abjad extends LilyPond

LilyPond is an open-source music notation package invented by Han-Wen Nienhuys and Jan Niewenhuizen and extended by an international team of developers and musicians. LilyPond differs from other music engraving programs in a number of ways. LilyPond separates musical content from page layout. LiyPond affords typographic control over almost everything. And LilyPond implements the rhythmic model of score correctly: barline-crossing durations, broken tuplets and nonbinary meters all work correctly out of the box. For more, see *Why LilyPond is right for Abjad*.

Examples

4 Chapter 1. Abjad?

BARTÓK: MIKROKOSMOS

This example reconstructs the last five measures of Bartók's "Wandering" from *Mikrokosmos*, volume III. The end result is just a few measures long but covers the basic features you'll use most often in Abjad.

Here is what we want to end up with:



2.1 The score

We'll construct the fragment top-down from containers to notes. We could have done it the other way around but it will be easier to keep the big picture in mind this way. Later, you can rebuild the example bottom-up as an exercise.

First let's create an empty score with a pair of staves connected by a brace:

```
abjad> score = Score([])
abjad> piano_staff = scoretools.PianoStaff([])
abjad> upper_staff = Staff([])
abjad> lower_staff = Staff([])

abjad> piano_staff.append(upper_staff)
abjad> piano_staff.append(lower_staff)
abjad> score.append(piano_staff)
```

Here we create an empty score and assign it to the score variable. Then we create an empty piano staff assigned to the piano_staff variable and two empty staves assigned to the upper_staff and lower_staff variables. Finally, we append the two staves to the piano staff and the piano staff to the score.

2.2 The measures

Now let's add some measures to our score:

```
abjad> m1 = Measure((2, 4), [])
abjad> m2 = Measure((3, 4), [])
abjad> m3 = Measure((2, 4), [])
abjad> m4 = Measure((2, 4), [])
abjad> m5 = Measure((2, 4), [])
abjad> upper_measures = [m1, m2, m3, m4, m5]
abjad> lower_measures = componenttools.copy_components_and_covered_spanners(upper_measures)
abjad> upper_staff.extend(upper_measures)
abjad> lower_staff.extend(lower_measures)
```

The lower measures are copies of the upper measures.

Note that we add lists of measures to staves with extend(). This is because extend() is used for adding many objects to an iterable at once while append() is used to add only one object at a time.

2.3 The notes

Now let's add some notes. We begin with the upper staff:

```
abjad> upper_measures[0].extend([Note(i, (1, 8)) for i in [9, 7, 5, 4]])

abjad> upper_measures[1].extend(notetools.make_notes([2, 7, 5, 4, 2], [(1, 4)] + [(1, 8)] * 4))

abjad> notes = notetools.make_notes([0, 2, 4, 5, 4], [(1, 8), (1, 16), (1, 16), (1, 8), (1, 8)])

abjad> upper_measures[2].extend(notes)

abjad> upper_measures[3].append(Note("d'2"))
```

Now let's add notes to the lower staff. This will be a more intricate process than that needed for the upper staff. We added notes directly to the measures of the upper staff. But this will not be possible for the lower staff because of the simultaneous voices the lower staff contains.

We add notes to the lower staff measure by measure:

```
abjad> main_voice_m1 = Voice("b4 d'8 c'8")
abjad> main_voice_m1.name = 'main_voice'
abjad> lower_measures[0].append(main_voice_m1)

abjad> main_voice_m2 = Voice("b8 a8 af4 c'8 bf8")
abjad> main_voice_m2.name = 'main_voice'
abjad> lower_measures[1].append(main_voice_m2)

abjad> main_voice_m3 = Voice("a8 g8 fs8 g16 a16")
abjad> main_voice_m3.name = 'main_voice'
abjad> lower_measures[2].append(main_voice_m3)
```

Notice that we give the same name to the three voices contained in the first three measures of the lower staff.

It is in the last two measures of the lower staff where Bartók writes two voices at once. We'll name the second of these two voices the *appendix_voice*:

```
abjad> appendix_voice_m4 = Voice([Note("b2")])
abjad> appendix_voice_m4.name = 'appendix_voice'
abjad> lilypond_command_mark = marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceOne')
abjad> lilypond_command_mark.attach_mark(appendix_voice_m4)

abjad> main_voice_m4 = Voice("b4 a4")
abjad> main_voice_m4.name = 'main_voice'
abjad> lilypond_command_mark = marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceTwo')
abjad> lilypond_command_mark.attach_mark(main_voice_m4)

abjad> container = Container([appendix_voice_m4, main_voice_m4])
abjad> container.is_parallel = True
abjad> lower_measures[3].append(container)
```

The LilyPond \voiceOne and \voiceTwo commands determine the direction of the stems in different voices.

Note that we must put both voices in a parallel container because they occur at the same time in the score. We do this by creating an Abjad container and then setting the is_parallel attribute of the container to true.

We now do a similar thing for the last measure:

```
abjad> appendix_voice_m5 = Voice("b2")
abjad> appendix_voice_m5.name = 'appendix_voice'
abjad> lilypond_command_mark = marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceOne')
abjad> lilypond_command_mark.attach_mark(appendix_voice_m5)

abjad> main_voice_m5 = Voice("g2")
abjad> main_voice_m5.name = 'main_voice'
abjad> lilypond_command_mark = marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceTwo')
abjad> lilypond_command_mark.attach_mark(main_voice_m5)
abjad> container = Container([appendix_voice_m5, main_voice_m5])
abjad> container.is_parallel = True
abjad> lower_measures[4].append(container)
```

Here's our work so far:

abjad> show(score)



2.4 The details

Ok, let's add the details. First, notice that the bottom staff has a treble clef just like the top staff. Let's change that:

```
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(lower_staff)
```

Now let's add dynamic marks. For the top staff, we'll add them to the first note of the first measure and the second note of the second measure. For the bottom staff, we'll add dynamic markings to the second note of the first measure and the fourth note of the second measure.

2.4. The details 7

```
abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark('pp') (upper_measures[0][0])
abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark('mp') (upper_measures[1][1])
abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark('pp') (lower_measures[0][0][1])
abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark('mp') (lower_measures[1][0][3])
```

Let's add a double bar to the end of the piece:

```
lilypond_command_mark = marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('bar "|."', format_slot = 'closing')
abjad> lilypond_command_mark.attach_mark(lower_staff.leaves[-1])
```

And see how things are coming out:

abjad> show(score)



Notice that the beams of the eighth and sixteenth notes appear as you would usually expect: grouped by beat. We get this for free thanks to LilyPond's default beaming algorithm. But this is not the way Bartók notated the beams. Let's set the beams as Bartók did with some crossing the bar lines:

```
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(upper_measures[0])
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(lower_staff.leaves[1:5])
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(lower_staff.leaves[6:10])
```

abjad> show(score)



Now some slurs:

```
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(upper_staff.leaves[0:5])
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(upper_staff.leaves[5:])
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(lower_staff.leaves[1:6])
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(lower_staff.leaves[6:13] + (main_voice_m4, main_voice_m5))
```

Hairpins:

```
abjad> spannertools.CrescendoSpanner(upper_staff.leaves[-7:-2]) abjad> spannertools.DecrescendoSpanner(upper_staff.leaves[-2:])
```

A ritardando marking above the last seven notes of the upper staff:

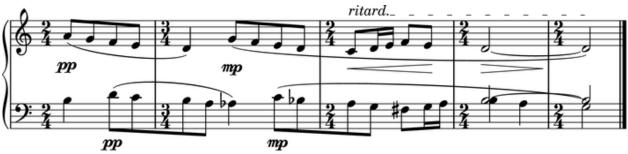
```
abjad> text_spanner = spannertools.TextSpanner(upper_staff.leaves[-7:])
abjad> text_spanner.override.text_spanner.bound_details__left__text = markuptools.Markup('ritard.')
```

And ties connecting the last two notes in each staff:

```
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(upper_staff[-2:])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner([appendix_voice_m4[0], appendix_voice_m5[0]])
```

The final result:

abjad> show(score)



2.4. The details 9

FERNEYHOUGH: UNSICHTBARE FARBEN

Mikhïal Malt analyzes the rhythmic materials of Ferneyhough's Unsichtbare Farben in The OM Composer's Book 2.

Malt explains that Ferneyhough used OpenMusic to create an "exhaustive catalogue of rhythmic cells" such that:

- 1. They are subdivided into two pulses, with proportions from 1/1 to 1/11.
- 2. The second pulse is subdivided successively by 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

Let's recreate Malt's results in Abjad.

3.1 The proportions

First we define proportions:

```
abjad> proportions = [(1, n) for n in range(1, 11 + 1)]

abjad> proportions
[(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (1, 5), (1, 6), (1, 7), (1, 8), (1, 9), (1, 10), (1, 11)]
```

3.2 The transforms

Then we make aliases to give shorter names to two functions with long names:

```
abjad> make_tuplet = tuplettools.make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_abjad> tie_chain_to_tuplet = tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_abjad>
```

And then define a helper function:

```
def divide_tuplet(tuplet, n):
    last_tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(tuplet[-1])
    proportions = n * [1]
    new = tie_chain_to_tuplet(last_tie_chain, proportions)
    return new
```

3.3 The rhythms

We set the duration of each tuplet equal to a quarter note:

```
abjad> duration = Fraction(1, 4)

And then we make the rhythms:

for proportion in proportions:
   tuplets = [ ]
   for n in range(1, 6 + 1):
       tuplet = make_tuplet(duration, proportion)
       divide_tuplet(tuplet, n)
       tuplets.append(tuplet)
   staff.extend(tuplets)
```

3.4 The score

Finally we make the score:

```
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff(music)
abjad> score = Score([staff])
abjad> lily_file = lilyfiletools.make_basic_lily_file(score)
```

Configure containers:

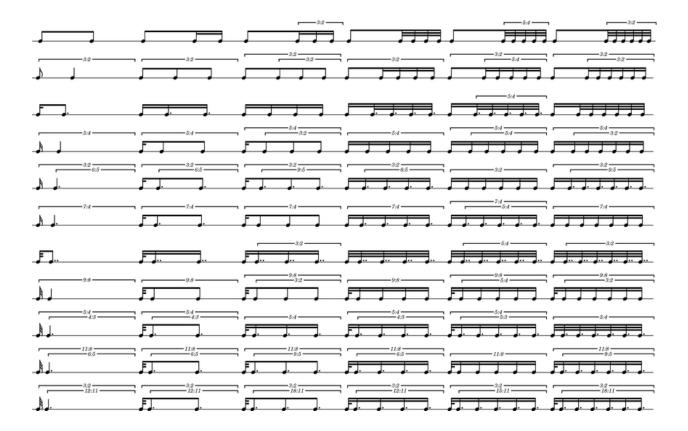
```
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark((1, 4))(staff)
abjad> score.override.bar_number.transparent = True
abjad> score.set.proportional_notation_duration = schemetools.SchemeMoment(1, 56)
abjad> score.set.tuplet_full_length = True
abjad> score.override.spacing_spanner.uniform_stretching = True
abjad> score.override.spacing_spanner.strict_note_spacing = True
abjad> score.override.tuplet_bracket.padding = 2
abjad> score.override.tuplet_bracket.staff_padding = 4
abjad> score.override.tuplet_number.text = schemetools.SchemeFunction('tuplet-number::calc-fraction-abjad> score.override.time_signature.stencil = False
abjad> score.override.bar_line.stencil = False
```

Configure the LilyPond file:

```
abjad> lily_file.default_paper_size = '11x17', 'portrait'
abjad> lily_file.global_staff_size = 12
abjad> lily_file.layout_block.indent = 0
abjad> lily_file.layout_block.ragged_right = True
abjad> lily_file.paper_block.ragged_bottom = True
abjad> space = schemetools.SchemePair('space', 18)
abjad> stretchability = schemetools.SchemePair('stretchability', 0)
abjad> vector = schemetools.SchemeVector(space, stretchability)
abjad> lily_file.paper_block.between_system_spacing = vector
```

And show the result:

```
abjad> show(lily_file)
```



3.4. The score 13

LIGETI: DÉSORDRE

This example demonstrates the power of exploiting redundancy to model musical structure. The piece that concerns us here is Ligeti's *Désordre*: the first piano study from Book I. Specifically, we will focus on modeling the first section of the piece:



The redundancy is immediately evident in the repeating pattern found in both staves. The pattern is hierarchical. At the smallest level we have what we will here call a *cell*:



There are two of these cells per measure. Notice that the cells are strictly contained within the measure (i.e., there are no cells crossing a bar line). So, the next level in the hierarchy is the measure. Notice that the measure sizes (the meters) change and that these changes occur independently for each staff, so that each staff carries it's own sequence of measures. Thus, the staff is the next level in the hierarchy. Finally there's the piano staff, which is composed of the right hand and left hand staves.

In what follows we will model this structure in this order (cell, measure, staff, piano staff), from bottom to top.

4.1 The cell

Before plunging into the code, observe the following characteristic of the *cell*:

- 1. It is composed of two layers: the top one which is an octave "chord" and the bottom one which is a straight eighth note run.
- 2. The total duration of the *cell* can vary, and is always the sum of the eight note funs.
- 3. The eight note runs are always stem down while the octave "chord" is always stem up.
- 4. The eight note runs are always beamed together and slurred, and the first two notes always have the dynamic markings 'f' 'p'.

The two "layers" of the *cell* we will model with two Voices inside a parallel Container. The top Voice will hold the octave "chord" while the lower Voice will hold the eighth note run. First the eighth notes:

```
abjad> pitches = [1,2,3]
abjad> notes = notetools.make_notes(pitches, [(1, 8)])
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(notes)
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(notes)
abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark('f') (notes[0])
abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark('p') (notes[1])

abjad> voice_lower = Voice(notes)
abjad> voice_lower.name = 'rh_lower'
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceTwo') (voice_lower)
```

The notes belonging to the eighth note run are first beamed and slurred. Then we add the dynamic marks to the first two notes, and finally we put them inside a Voice. After naming the voice we number it 2 so that the stems of the notes point down.

Now we construct the octave:

```
abjad> import math
abjad> n = int(math.ceil(len(pitches) / 2.))
abjad> chord = Chord([pitches[0], pitches[0] + 12], (n, 8))
abjad> marktools.Articulation('>') (chord)

abjad> voice_higher = Voice([chord])
abjad> voice_higher.name = 'rh_higher'
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceOne') (voice_higher)
```

The duration of the chord is half the duration of the running eighth notes if the duration of the running notes is divisible by two. Otherwise the duration of the chord is the next integer greater than this half. We add the articulation marking and finally ad the Chord to a Voice, to which we set the number to 1, forcing the stem to always point up.

Finally we combine the two voices in a parallel Container:

```
abjad> p = Container([voice_lower, voice_higher])
abjad> p.is_parallel = True
```

This results in the complete *Désordre cell*:



Because this *cell* appears over and over again, we want to reuse this code to generate any number of these *cells*. We here encapsulate it in a function that will take only a list of pitches:

```
def desordre_cell(pitches):
    '''The function constructs and returns a *Désordre cell*.
        - 'pitches' is a list of numbers or, more generally, pitch tokens.
    notes = [Note(p, (1, 8)) for p in pitches]
    spannertools.BeamSpanner(notes)
    spannertools.SlurSpanner(notes)
    contexttools.DynamicMark('f') (notes[0])
    contexttools.DynamicMark('p') (notes[1])
    v_lower = Voice(notes)
    v_lower.name = 'rh_lower'
    marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceTwo')(v_lower)
    n = int(math.ceil(len(pitches) / 2.))
    chord = Chord([pitches[0], pitches[0] + 12], (n, 8))
    marktools.Articulation('>')(chord)
    v_higher = Voice([chord])
    v_higher.name = 'rh_higher'
   marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceOne')(v_higher)
    p = Container([v_lower, v_higher])
    p.is_parallel = True
    ### make all 1/8 beats breakable
    for n in v_lower.leaves[:-1]:
        n.bar_line.kind = ''
    return p
```

Now we can call this function to create any number of *cells*. That was actually the hardest part of reconstructing the opening of Ligeti's *Désordre*. Because the repetition of patters occurs also at the level of measures and staves, we will now define functions to create these other higher level constructs.

4.2 The measure

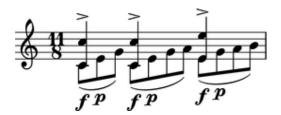
We define a function to create a measure from a list of lists of numbers:

```
def measure_build(pitches):
    '''Constructs a measure composed of *Désordre cells*.
        - 'pitches' is a list of lists of number (e.g., [[1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 4]])
    The function returns a DynamicMeasure.
    '''
    result = DynamicMeasure([])
    for seq in pitches:
        result.append(desordre_cell(seq))
```

The function is very simple. It simply creates a DynamicMeasure and then populates it with *cells* that are created internally with the function previously defined. The function takes a list *pitches* which is actually a list of lists of pitches (e.g., [[1,2,3], [2,3,4]]. The list of lists of pitches is iterated to create each of the *cells* to be appended to the DynamicMeasures. We could have defined the function to take ready made *cells* directly, but we are building the hierarchy of functions so that we can pass simple lists of lists of numbers to generate the full structure. To construct a Ligeti measure we would call the function like so:

```
abjad> measure = measure_build([[0, 4, 7], [0, 4, 7, 9], [4, 7, 9, 11]]) abjad> show(Staff([measure]))
```

4.2. The measure



4.3 The staff

Now we move up to the next level, the staff:

```
def staff_build(pitches):
    '''Returns a Staff containing DynamicMeasures.'''
    result = Staff([])
    for seq in pitches:
        measure = measure_build(seq)
        result.append(measure)
    return result
```

The function again takes a plain list as argument. The list must be a list of lists (for measures) of lists (for cells) of pitches. The function simply constructs the Ligeti measures internally by calling our previously defined function and puts them inside a Staff. As with measures, we can now create full measure sequences with this new function:

```
abjad> pitches = [[[-1, 4, 5], [-1, 4, 5, 7, 9]], [[0, 7, 9], [-1, 4, 5, 7, 9]]] abjad> staff = staff_build(pitches) abjad> show(staff)
```



4.4 The score

Finally a function that will generate the whole opening section of the piece *Désordre*:

```
def desordre_build(pitches):
    '''Returns a complete PianoStaff with Ligeti music!'''
    assert len(pitches) == 2
    piano = PianoStaff([])
    ### build the music...
    for hand in pitches:
        seq = staff_build(hand)
        piano.append(seq)
    ### set clef and key signature to left hand staff...
    piano[1].clef.forced = stafftools.Clef('bass')
    piano[1].key_signature.forced = tonalitytools.KeySignature('b', 'major')
    return piano
```

The function creates a PianoStaff, constructs Staves with Ligeti music and appends these to the empty PianoStaff. Finally it sets the clef and key signature of the lower staff to match the original score. The argument of the function is

a list of length 2, depth 3. The first element in the list corresponds to the upper staff, the second to the lower staff.

The final result:

```
abjad> top = [[[-1, 4, 5], [-1, 4, 5, 7, 9]], [[0, 7, 9], [-1, 4, 5, 7, 9]], [[2, 4, 5, 7, 9], [0, 5] abjad> bottom = [[[-9, -4, -2], [-9, -4, -2, 1, 3]], [[-6, -2, 1], [-9, -4, -2, 1, 3]], [[-4, -2, 1, abjad> abjad> desordre = desordre_build([top, bottom]) abjad> show(desordre)
```



Now that we have the redundant aspect of the piece compactly expressed and encapsulated, we can play around with it by changing the sequence of pitches.

Note: In order for each staff to carry its own sequence of independent measure changes, LilyPond requires some special setting up prior to rendering. Specifically, one must move the *Timing_translator* from the score level to the level of staves. In this example we used the 'tirnaveni' template, which is configured to do just that. You may want to study this template (in the "templates" directory of the abjad distribution). Refer to the LilyPond documentation on Polymetric notation to learn all about how this works.

Reference manual

4.4. The score

CHAPTER

FIVE

ANNOTATIONS

Annotate components with user-specific information for future use.

Annotations do not impact formatting.

5.1 Creating annotations

Use mark tools to create annotations:

```
abjad> annotation = marktools.Annotation('special pitch', pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('bs'))
abjad> annotation
Annotation('special pitch', NamedChromaticPitch('bs'))
```

5.2 Attaching annotations to a component

Attach annotations to any component with attach_mark():

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> annotation.attach_mark(note)

abjad> annotation
Annotation('special pitch', NamedChromaticPitch('bs'))(c'4)

abjad> another_annotation = marktools.Annotation('special pitch', pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('bs'))do another_annotation.attach_mark(note)

abjad> another_annotation
Annotation('special pitch', NamedChromaticPitch('bs'))(c'4)
```

5.3 Getting the annotations attached to a component

Use mark tools to get all the annotations attached to a component:

```
abjad> marktools.get_annotations_attached_to_component(note) (Annotation('special pitch', NamedChromaticPitch('bs'))(c'4), Annotation('special pitch', NamedChromaticPitch('bs'))
```

5.4 Detaching annotations from a component one at a time

Use detach_mark() to detach annotations from a component one at a time:

```
abjad> annotation.detach_mark()
abjad> annotation
Annotation('special pitch', NamedChromaticPitch('bs'))
```

5.5 Detaching all annotations attached to a component at once

Or use mark tools to detach all annotations attachd to a component at once:

```
abjad> print marktools.detach_annotations_attached_to_component(note)
(Annotation('special pitch', NamedChromaticPitch('bs')),)
abjad> marktools.get_annotations_attached_to_component(note)
()
```

5.6 Inspecting the component to which an annotation is attached

Use start_component to inspect the component to which an annotation is attached:

```
abjad> annotation.attach_mark(note)
abjad> annotation.start_component
Note("c'4")
```

5.7 Inspecting annotation name

Use name to get the name of any annotation:

```
abjad> annotation.name
'special pitch'
```

5.8 Inspecting annotation value

And use value to get the value of any annotation:

```
abjad> annotation.value
NamedChromaticPitch('bs')
```

ARTICULATIONS

Articulations model staccati, marcati, tenuti and other symbols. Articulations attach notes, rests or chords.

6.1 Creating articulations

```
Use marktools to create articulations:
```

```
articulation = marktools.Articulation('marcato')
abjad> articulation
Articulation('marcato', '-')
```

6.2 Attaching articulations to leaves

Use attach_mark() to attach any articulation to a leaf:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4")
abjad> articulation.attach_mark(staff[0])
abjad> show(staff)
```



6.3 Getting the articulations attached to a leaf

Use marktools to get the articulations attached to a leaf:

```
abjad> marktools.get_articulations_attached_to_component(staff[0]) (Articulation('marcato', '-')(c'4),)
```

6.4 Detaching articulations from a leaf one at a time

Detach articulations by hand with detach_mark():

```
abjad> articulation.detach_mark()
abjad> articulation
-\marcato
abjad> show(staff)
```

6.5 Detaching all articulations attached to a leaf at once

Use marktools to detach all articulations attached to a leaf at once:

```
abjad> articulation_1 = marktools.Articulation('marcato')
abjad> articulation_1.attach_mark(staff[0])

abjad> articulation_2 = marktools.Articulation('staccato')
abjad> articulation_2.attach_mark(staff[0])

abjad> show(staff)

abjad> marktools.detach_articulations_attached_to_component(staff[0])

abjad> show(staff)
```

& c]]]

6.6 Inspecting the leaf to which an articulation is attached

Use start_component to inspect the component to which an articulation is attached:

```
abjad> articulation = marktools.Articulation('marcato')
abjad> articulation.attach_mark(staff[0])
abjad> show(staff)
```

```
abjad> articulation.start_component
Note("c'4")
```

6.7 Controling whether an articulation appears above or below the staff

Set direction_string to ' ^' to force an articulation to appear above the staff:

```
abjad> articulation.direction_string = '^'
abjad> show(staff)
```



Set direction_string to '_' to force an articulation to appear above the staff:

```
abjad> articulation.direction_string = '\_'
```

abjad> show(staff)



Set direction_string to '-' to allow LilyPond to position an articulation automatically:

```
abjad> articulation.direction_string = '-'
```

abjad> show(staff)



6.8 Getting and setting articulation name

Set the name_string of an articulation to change the symbol an articulation prints:

```
abjad> articulation.name_string = 'staccatissimo'
```

abjad> show(staff)



6.9 Copying articulations

Use copy.copy() to copy an articulation:

```
abjad> import copy
abjad> articulation_copy_1 = copy.copy(articulation)
abjad> articulation_copy_1
Articulation('staccatissimo', '-')
abjad> articulation_copy_1.attach_mark(staff[1])
abjad> show(staff)
```

Or use copy.deepcopy() to do the same thing:

```
abjad> articulation_copy_2 = copy.deepcopy(articulation)
abjad> articulation_copy_2
Articulation('staccatissimo', '-')
abjad> articulation_copy_2.attach_mark(staff[2])
abjad> show(staff)
```

6.10 Comparing articulations

Articulations compare equal with equal direction name strings and direction strings:

```
abjad> articulation.name_string
'staccatissimo'
abjad> articulation.direction_string
'-'
abjad> articulation_copy_1.name_string
'staccatissimo'
abjad> articulation_copy_1.direction_string
'-'
abjad> articulation == articulation_copy_1
```

Otherwise articulations do not compare equal.

CHORDS

7.1 Making chords from a LilyPond input string

You can make chords from a LilyPond input string:

```
abjad> chord = Chord("<c' d' bf'>4")
abjad> show(chord)
```

7.2 Making chords from chromatic pitch numbers and duration

You can also make chords from chromatic pitch numbers and duration:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([0, 2, 10], Duration(1, 4))
abjad> show(chord)
```

7.3 Getting all the written pitches of a chord at once

You can get all the written pitches of a chord at one time:

```
abjad> chord.written_pitches (NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("d'"), NamedChromaticPitch("bf'"))
```

Abjad returns a read-only tuple of named chromatic pitches.

7.4 Getting the written pitches of a chord one at a time

You can get the written pitches of a chord one at a time:

```
abjad> chord.written_pitches[0]
NamedChromaticPitch("c'")
```

Chords index the pitch they contain starting from 0 (just like tuples and lists).

7.5 Adding one pitch to a chord at a time

Use append () to add one note to a chord.

You can add a pitch to a chord with a chromatic pitch number:

```
abjad> chord.append(9)
abjad> show(chord)
```



Or you can add a pitch to a chord with a chromatic pitch name:

```
abjad> chord.append("df''")
abjad> show(chord)
```

Chords sort their pitches every time you add a new one.

This means you can add pitches to your chord in any order.

7.6 Adding many pitches to a chord at once

Use extend() to add many pitches to a chord.

You can use chromatic pitch numbers:

```
abjad> chord.extend([3, 4, 14])
abjad> show(chord)
```

Or you can chromatic pitch names:

```
abjad> chord.extend(["g''", "af''"])
abjad> show(chord)
```

28 Chapter 7. Chords



7.7 Deleting pitches from a chord

Delete pitches from a chord with del():

```
abjad> del(chord[0])
abjad> show(chord)
```



```
abjad> del(chord[0])
```

abjad> show(chord)



Negative indices work too:

```
abjad> del(chord[-1])
abjad> show(chord)
```



7.8 Formatting chords

Get the LilyPond input format of any Abjad object with format:

```
abjad> chord.format
<ef' e' a' bf' df'' d'' g''>4
```

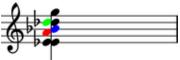
Use f () as a short-cut to print the LilyPond input format of any Abjad object:

```
abjad> f(chord)
<ef' e' a' bf' df'' d'' g''>4
```

7.9 Working with note heads

Most of the time you will work with the pitches of a chord. But you can get the note heads of a chord, too:

This is useful when you want to apply LilyPond overrides to note heads in a chord one at a time:



7.10 Working with empty chords

Abjad allows empty chords:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([ ], Duration(1, 4))
Chord('<>4')
```

Abjad formats empty chords, too:

```
abjad> f(chord)
<>4
```

But if you pass empty chords to show () LilyPond will complain because empty chords don't constitute valid Lily-Pond input.

When you are done working with an empty chord you can add pitches back into it chord in any of the ways described above:

```
abjad> chord.extend(["gf'", "df''", "g''"])
abjad> show(chord)
```



30 Chapter 7. Chords

CONTAINERS

8.1 Creating containers

Create a container with components:

```
abjad> container = Container([Note("ds'16"), Note("cs'16"), Note("e'16"), Note("c'16")])
abjad> show(container)
```



Or with a note-entry string:

```
abjad> container = Container("ds'16 cs'16 e'16 c'16 d'2 ~ d'8")
abjad> show(container)
```



8.2 Inspecting music

Return the components in a container with music:

```
abjad> container.music
  (Note("ds'16"), Note("cs'16"), Note("e'16"), Note("c'16"), Note("d'2"), Note("d'8"))

Or with a special call to __getslice__:
abjad> container[:]
[Note("ds'16"), Note("cs'16"), Note("e'16"), Note("c'16"), Note("d'2"), Note("d'8")]
```

8.3 Inspecting length

Get the length of a container with len():

```
abjad> len(container)
6
```

8.4 Inspecting duration

Contents duration equals the sum of the duration of everything inside the container:

```
abjad> container.contents_duration
Duration(7, 8)
```

8.5 Adding one component to the end of a container

Add one component to the end of a container with append:

```
abjad> container.append(Note("af'32"))
abjad> show(container)
```

8.6 Adding many components to the end of a container

Add many components to the end of a container with extend:

```
abjad> container.extend([Note("c''32"), Note("a'32")])
abjad> show(container)
```

8.7 Finding the index of a component

Find the index of a component with index:

```
abjad> note = container[7]
abjad> container.index(note)
7
```

8.8 Inserting a component by index

Insert a component by index with insert:

```
abjad> container.insert(-3, Note("g'32"))
abjad> show(container)
```

8.9 Removing a component by index

Remove a component by index with pop:

```
abjad> container.pop(-1)
abjad> show(container)
```

8.10 Removing a component by reference

Remove a component by reference with remove:

```
abjad> container.remove(container[-1])
abjad> show(container)
```

Note: __getslice__, __setslice__ and __delslice__ remain to be documented.

8.11 Naming containers

You can name Abjad containers:

```
abjad> flute_staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> flute_staff.name = 'Flute'
abjad> violin_staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> violin_staff.name = 'Violin'
abjad> staff_group = scoretools.StaffGroup([flute_staff, violin_staff])
abjad> score = Score([staff_group])
```

Container names appear in LilyPond input:

```
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<</pre>
         \new StaffGroup <<</pre>
                  \context Staff = "Flute" {
                           c′8
                           d'8
                           e′8
                           f'8
                  \context Staff = "Violin" {
                           c′8
                           d'8
                           e′8
                           f'8
                  }
         >>
>>
```

And make it easy to retrieve containers later:

```
abjad> componenttools.get_first_component_in_expr_with_name(score, 'Flute')
Staff-"Flute"{4}
```

But container names do not appear in notational output:

```
abjad> show(score)
```



8.12 Understanding { } and << >> in LilyPond

LilyPond uses curly { } braces to wrap a stream of musical events that are to be engraved one after the other:

```
\new Voice {
    e''4
    f''4
    g''4
    g''4
    f''4
    e''4
    d''4 \fermata
```



LilyPond uses skeleton << >> braces to wrap two or more musical expressions that are to be played at the same time:

```
\new Staff <<
    \new Voice {
        \voiceOne
        e′′4
        f''4
        g''4
        q''4
        f''4
        e′′4
        d''4
        d''4 \fermata
    \new Voice {
        \voiceTwo
        c''4
        c''4
        b'4
        c''4
        c''8
        b'8
        c''4
        b'4
        b'4 \fermata
>>
```



The examples above are both LilyPond input.

The most common use of LilyPond { } is to group a potentially long stream of notes and rests into a single expression.

The most common use of LilyPond << >> is to group a relatively smaller number of note lists together polyphonically.

8.13 Understanding sequential and parallel containers

Abjad implements LilyPond { } and << >> in the container is_parallel attribute.

Some containers set is_parallel to false at initialization:

```
staff = Staff([ ])
staff.is_parallel
False
```

Other containers set is_parallel to true:

```
score = Score([ ])
score.is_parallel
True
```

8.14 Changing sequential and parallel containers

Set is_parallel by hand as necessary:

```
voice_1 = Voice(r"e''4 f''4 g''4 g''4 f''4 e''4 d''4 d''4 ermata")
voice_2 = Voice(r"c''4 c''4 b'4 c''4 c''8 b'8 c''4 b'4 b'4 ermata")
abjad> staff = Staff([voice_1, voice_2])
abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceOne')(voice_1)
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceTwo')(voice_2)
abjad> show(staff)
```

The staff in the example above is set to parallel after initialization to create a type of polyphonic staff:

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff <<
        \new Voice {
                \voiceOne
                 e''4
                 f''4
                 g′′4
                 g''4
                 f''4
                 e''4
                 d''4
                 d''4 -\fermata
        \new Voice {
                 \voiceTwo
                 c''4
                 c''4
                 b'4
                 c''4
                 c''8
                 b'8
                 c''4
                 b'4
                 b'4 -\fermata
```

8.15 Overriding containers

The symbols below are black with fixed thickness and predetermined spacing:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4 g'4 a'4 g'2")
abjad> slur_1 = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[:2])
abjad> slur_2 = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[2:4])
abjad> slur_3 = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[4:6])
```

But you can override LilyPond grobs to change the look of Abjad containers:

8.16 Overriding containers' contents

You can override LilyPond grobs to change the look of containers' contents, too:

```
abjad> staff.override.note_head.color = 'red'
abjad> staff.override.stem.color = 'red'

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff \with {
      \override NoteHead #'color = #red
      \override StaffSymbol #'color = #blue
      \override Stem #'color = #red
} {
      c'4 (
      d'4)
```

```
e'4 (
f'4)
g'4 (
a'4)
g'2
}
abjad> show(staff)
```

8.17 Removing container overrides

Delete grob overrides you no longer want:

INSTRUMENT MARKS

Instrument marks appear as markup in the left margin of your score.

9.1 Creating instrument marks

Use contexttools to create instrument marks:

```
abjad> instrument_mark = contexttools.InstrumentMark('Violin ', 'Vn. ')
abjad> instrument_mark
InstrumentMark('Violin ', 'Vn. ')
```

9.2 Attaching instrument marks to a component

Use attach_mark() to attach any mark to a component:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4")
abjad> instrument_mark.attach_mark(staff)
abjad> show(staff)

Violin
```

9.3 Getting the instrument mark attached to a component

Use contexttools to get the instrument mark attached to a component:

```
abjad> contexttools.get_instrument_mark_attached_to_component(staff)
InstrumentMark('Violin ', 'Vn. ')(Staff{4})
```

9.4 Getting the instrument in effect for a component

Or to get the instrument currently in effect for a component:

```
abjad> contexttools.get_effective_instrument(staff[1])
InstrumentMark('Violin ', 'Vn. ')(Staff{4})
```

9.5 Detaching instrument marks from a component one at a time

Use detach_mark() to detach instrument marks from a component one at a time:

```
abjad> instrument_mark.detach_mark()
abjad> instrument_mark
InstrumentMark('Violin', 'Vn.')
abjad> show(staff)
```

9.6 Detaching all instrument marks attached to a component at once

Or use contexttools to detach instrument marks all at once:

```
abjad> instrument_mark = contexttools.InstrumentMark('Violin', 'Vn.')
abjad> instrument_mark.attach_mark(staff)

abjad> instrument_mark
InstrumentMark('Violin', 'Vn.')(Staff{4})

abjad> show(staff)

Violin

abjad> contexttools.detach_instrument_mark_attached_to_component(staff)

abjad> instrument_mark
InstrumentMark('Violin', 'Vn.')

abjad> show(staff)
```

9.7 Inspecting the component to which an instrument mark is attached

Use start_component to inspect the component to which an instrument mark is attached:

```
abjad> instrument_mark = contexttools.InstrumentMark('Flute ', 'Fl. ')
abjad> instrument_mark.attach_mark(staff)
abjad> show(staff)
```



abjad> instrument_mark.start_component
Staff{4}

9.8 Inspecting the instrument name of an instrument mark

Use instrument_name to get the instrument name of any instrument mark:

```
abjad> instrument_mark.instrument_name
Markup('Flute ')
```

9.9 Inspecting the short instrument name of an instrument mark

And use short_instrument_name to get the short instrument name of any instrument mark:

```
abjad> instrument_mark.short_instrument_name
Markup('Fl. ')
```

CHAPTER

TEN

LILYPOND COMMENTS

LilyPond comments begin with the % sign. Abjad models LilyPond comments as marks.

10.1 Creating LilyPond comments

Use marktools to create LilyPond comments:

```
abjad> comment_1 = marktools.Comment('This is a LilyPond comment before a note.', 'before')
abjad> comment_1
Comment('This is a LilyPond comment before a note.')
```

10.2 Attaching LilyPond comments to leaves

Attach LilyPond comments to a note, rest or chord with attach_mark():

```
abjad> note = Note("cs''4")
abjad> show(note)
```



```
abjad> comment_1.attach_mark(note)
abjad> f(note)
% This is a LilyPond comment before a note.
cs''4
```

You can add LilyPond comments before, after or to the right of any leaf.

10.3 Attaching LilyPond comments to containers

Use attach_mark() to attach LilyPond comments to a container:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> show(staff)
```



```
abjad> staff_comment_1 = marktools.Comment('Here is a LilyPond comment before the staff.', 'before')
abjad> staff_comment_2 = marktools.Comment('Here is a LilyPond comment in the staff opening.', 'open.
abjad> staff_comment_3 = marktools.Comment('Here is another LilyPond comment in the staff opening.',
abjad> staff_comment_4 = marktools.Comment('LilyPond comment in the staff closing.', 'closing')
abjad> staff_comment_5 = marktools.Comment('LilyPond comment after the staff.', 'after')
abjad> staff_comment_1.attach_mark(staff)
abjad> staff_comment_2.attach_mark(staff)
abjad> staff_comment_3.attach_mark(staff)
abjad> staff_comment_4.attach_mark(staff)
abjad> staff_comment_5.attach_mark(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
% Here is a LilyPond comment before the staff.
\new Staff {
        % Here is a LilyPond comment in the staff opening.
        % Here is another LilyPond comment in the staff opening.
        d'8
        e′8
        f'8
        % LilyPond comment in the staff closing.
% LilyPond comment after the staff.
```

You can add LilyPond comments before, after, in the opening or in the closing of any container.

10.4 Getting the LilyPond comments attached to a component

Use marktools to get all the LilyPond comments attached to a component:

```
abjad> marktools.get_comments_attached_to_component(note)
(Comment('This is a LilyPond comment before a note.')(cs''4),)
```

Abjad returns a tuple of zero or more LilyPond comments.

10.5 Detaching LilyPond comments from a component one at a time

Use detach_mark() to detach LilyPond comments from a component one at a time:

```
abjad> comment_1 = marktools.get_comments_attached_to_component(note)[0]
abjad> comment_1.detach_mark()
Comment('This is a LilyPond comment before a note.')
abjad> f(note)
cs''4
```

10.6 Detaching all LilyPond comments attached to a component at once

Or use marktools to detach all LilyPond comments attached to a component at once:

```
abjad> for comment in marktools.get_comments_attached_to_component(staff): print comment
Comment('Here is a LilyPond comment before the staff.')(Staff{4})
Comment('Here is a LilyPond comment in the staff opening.')(Staff{4})
Comment('Here is another LilyPond comment in the staff opening.')(Staff{4})
Comment('LilyPond comment in the staff closing.')(Staff{4})
Comment('LilyPond comment after the staff.')(Staff{4})

abjad> marktools.detach_comments_attached_to_component(staff)

abjad> f(staff)
new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
```

10.7 Inspecting the component to which a LilyPond comment is attached

Use start_component to inspect the component to which a LilyPond comment is attached:

```
abjad> comment_1.attach_mark(note)
abjad> comment_1.start_component
Note("cs''4")
```

10.8 Inspecting contents string of a LilyPond comment

Use contents_string to inspect the written contents of a LiliyPond comment:

```
abjad> comment_1.contents_string
'This is a LilyPond comment before a note.'
```

LILYPOND FILES

11.1 Making LilyPond files

Make a basic LilyPond input file with the lilyfiletools package:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> lily_file = lilyfiletools.make_basic_lily_file(staff)
abjad> lily_file
LilyFile(Staff{4})
```

11.2 Inspecting file output

LilyPond input files that you create this way come equipped with many attributes that appear in file output:

11.3 Setting default paper size

Set default LilyPond paper size like this:

```
abjad> lily_file.default_paper_size = '11x17', 'landscape'
```

11.4 Setting global staff size

Set global staff size like this:

```
abjad> lily_file.global_staff_size = 16
abjad> f(lily_file)
% Abjad revision 4651
% 2011-08-21 13:58
\version "2.15.8"
\include "english.ly"
\include "/Users/trevorbaca/Documents/abjad/trunk/abjad/cfg/abjad.scm"
#(set-default-paper-size "11x17" 'landscape)
#(set-global-staff-size 16)
\score {
        \new Staff {
                c'8
                d'8
                e′8
                f'8
        }
}
```

CHAPTER

TWELVE

MEASURES

12.1 Understanding measures in LilyPond

In LilyPond you specify time signatures by hand and LilyPond creates measures automatically:

```
\new Staff {
    \time 3/8
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    \time 2/4
    g'4
    e'4
    f'4
    d'4
    c'2
```



Here LilyPond creates five measures from two time signatures. This happens because behind-the-scenes LilyPond time-keeping tells the program when measures start and stop and how to draw the barlines that come between them.

12.2 Understanding measures in Abjad

Measures are optional in Abjad, too, and you may omit them in favor of time signatures:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'4 e'4 f'4 d'4 c'2")
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark((3, 8))(staff)
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark((2, 4))(staff[6])
abjad> show(staff)
```



But you may also include explicit measures in the Abjad scores you build. The following sections explain how.

12.3 Creating measures

Create a measure with a meter and music:

```
abjad> measure = Measure((3, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> f(measure)
{
    \time 3/8
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
}
abjad> show(measure)
```

12.4 Working with dynamic measures

Dynamic measures adjust their time signatures on the fly as you add and remove music.

Create dynamic measures without a time signature:

```
abjad> measure = measuretools.DynamicMeasure("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> show(measure)
```

12.5 Adding music to dynamic measures

Add music to dynamic measures the same as to all containers:

```
abjad> measure.extend([Note("fs'8"), Note("gs'8")])
abjad> show(measure)
```

12.6 Removing music from dynamic measures

Remove music from dynamic measures the same as with other containers:

```
abjad> del(measure[1:3])
abjad> show(measure)
```

12.7 Setting the denominator of dynamic measures

You can set the denominator of dynamic measures to any integer power of 2:

```
abjad> measure.denominator = 32
abjad> show(measure)
```

12.8 Suppressing the meter of dynamic measures

You can temporarily suppress the meter of dynamic measures:

LilyPond will engrave the last active meter.

12.9 Working with anonymous measures

Anonymous determine their time signatures on the fly and then hide them at format time.

Create anonymous measures without a time signature:

```
abjad> measure = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> show(measure)
```

12.10 Adding music to anonymous measures

Add music to anonymous measures the same as to other containers:

```
abjad> measure.extend([Note("fs'8"), Note("gs'8")])
abjad> show(measure)
```

12.11 Removing music from anonymous measures

Remove music from anonymous measure the same as from other containers:

```
abjad> del(measure[1:3])
abjad> show(measure)
```

CHAPTER

THIRTEEN

NOTES

13.1 Making notes from a string

You can make notes from string:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> show(note)
```

13.2 Making notes from chromatic pitch number and duration

You can also make notes from chromatic pitch number and duration:

```
abjad> note = Note(0, Duration(1, 4))
abjad> show(note)
```

(You even use Note ("c' 4") to create notes with numbers alone.)

13.3 Getting the written pitch of notes

You can get the written pitch of notes:

```
abjad> note.written_pitch
NamedChromaticPitch("c'")
```

13.4 Changing the written pitch of notes

And you can change the written pitch of notes:

abjad> note.written_pitch = "cs'"



(You can use note.written_pitch = 1 to change pitch with numbers, too.)

13.5 Getting the duration attributes of notes

Get the written duration of notes like this:

```
abjad> note.written_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

Which is usually the same as preprolated duration:

```
abjad> note.preprolated_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

And prolated duration:

```
abjad> note.prolated_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

Except for notes inside a tuplet:

```
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), [Note("c'4"), Note("d'4"), Note("e'4")])
abjad> show(tuplet)
```



abjad> note = tuplet[0]

Tupletted notes carry written duration:

```
abjad> note.written_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

Prolation:

```
abjad> note.prolation
Fraction(2, 3)
```

And prolated duration that is the product of the two:

```
abjad> note.prolated_duration
Duration(1, 6)
```

13.6 Changing the written duration of notes

You can change the written duration of notes:

54 Chapter 13. Notes

```
abjad> tuplet[0].written_duration = Duration(1, 8)
abjad> tuplet[1].written_duration = Duration(1, 8)
abjad> tuplet[2].written_duration = Duration(1, 8)
abjad> show(tuplet)
```

Other duration attributes are read-only.

13.7 Overriding notes

The notes below are black with fixed thickness and predetermined spacing:

But you can override LilyPond grobs to change the look of notes, rests and chords:

abjad> show(staff)

13.8 Removing note overrides

Delete grob overrides you no longer want:

56 Chapter 13. Notes

CHAPTER

FOURTEEN

PITCHES

Named chromatic pitches are the everyday pitches attached to notes and chords:

```
abjad> note = Note("cs''8")
abjad> note.written_pitch
NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
```

14.1 Creation

Use pitch tools to create named chromatic pitches:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch
NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
```

14.2 Name inspection

Use str() to get the name of named chromatic pitches:

```
abjad> str(named_chromatic_pitch)
cs''
```

14.3 Octave inspection

Get the octave number of named chromatic pitches with octave_number:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.octave_number
5
```

14.4 Sorting

Named chromatic pitches sort by octave, diatonic pitch-class and accidental, in that order:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('es') < pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('ff')
True</pre>
```

14.5 Pitch comparison

Compare named chromatic pitches to each other:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_1 = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("c''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_2 = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("d''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_1 == named_chromatic_pitch_2
False
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_1 != named_chromatic_pitch_2
True
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_1 > named_chromatic_pitch_2
False
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_1 < named_chromatic_pitch_2
True
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_1 >= named_chromatic_pitch_2
False
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_1 >= named_chromatic_pitch_2
True
```

14.6 Pitch conversion

Convert any named chromatic pitch to a named diatonic pitch:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.named_diatonic_pitch
NamedDiatonicPitch("c''")
```

To a numbered chromatic pitch:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.numbered_chromatic_pitch
NumberedChromaticPitch(13)
```

Or to a numbered diatonic pitch:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.numbered_diatonic_pitch
NumberedDiatonicPitch(7)
```

14.7 Pitch-class conversion

Convert any named chromatic pitch to a named chromatic pitch-class:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.named_chromatic_pitch_class
NamedChromaticPitchClass('cs')
```

To a named diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.named_diatonic_pitch_class NamedDiatonicPitchClass('c')
```

To a numbered chromatic pitch-class:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.numbered_chromatic_pitch_class
NumberedChromaticPitchClass(1)
```

Or to a numbered diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.numbered_diatonic_pitch_class
NumberedDiatonicPitchClass(0)
```

14.8 Copying

Use copy.copy() to copy named chromatic pitches:

```
abjad> import copy
abjad> copy.copy(named_chromatic_pitch)
NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
```

Or use copy.deepcopy() to do the same thing:

```
abjad> copy.deepcopy(named_chromatic_pitch)
NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
```

14.8. Copying 59

60 Chapter 14. Pitches

CHAPTER

FIFTEEN

RESTS

15.1 Making rests from strings

You can make rests from a string:

```
abjad> rest = Rest('r8')
abjad> show(rest)
```

15.2 Making rests from durations

You can also make rests from a duration:

```
abjad> rest = Rest(Duration(1, 4))
abjad> show(rest)
```

(You can even use Rest ((1, 8)) to make rests from a duration pair.)

15.3 Getting the duration attributes of rests

Get the written duration of rests like this:

```
abjad> rest.written_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

Which is usually the same as preprolated duration:

```
abjad> rest.preprolated_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

And prolated duration:

```
abjad> rest.prolated_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

Except for rests inside a tuplet:

```
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), [Note("c'4"), Rest('r4'), Note("e'4")])
abjad> show(tuplet)
```



```
abjad> rest = tuplet[1]
```

Tupletted rests carry written duration:

```
abjad> rest.written_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

Prolation:

```
abjad> rest.prolation
Fraction(2, 3)
```

And prolated duration that is the product of the two:

```
abjad> rest.prolated_duration
Duration(1, 6)
```

15.4 Changing the written duration of rests

You can change the written duration of notes and rests:

```
abjad> tuplet[0].written_duration = Duration(1, 8)
abjad> tuplet[1].written_duration = Duration(1, 8)
abjad> tuplet[2].written_duration = Duration(1, 8)
abjad> show(tuplet)
```



Other duration attributes are read-only.

62 Chapter 15. Rests

CHAPTER

SIXTEEN

SCORES

16.1 Creating scores

Create a score like this:

```
abjad> treble_staff_1 = Staff("e'4 d'4 e'4 f'4 g'1")
abjad> treble_staff_2 = Staff("c'2. b8 a8 b1")
abjad> score = Score([treble_staff_1, treble_staff_2])
abjad> show(score)
```



16.2 Inspecting score music

Return score components with music:

```
abjad> score.music
(Staff{5}, Staff{4})
```

16.3 Inspecting score length

```
Get score length with len():
```

```
abjad> len(score)
```

16.4 Inspecting score duration

Score contents duration is equal to the duration of the longest component in score:

```
abjad> score.contents_duration
Duration(2, 1)
```

16.5 Adding one component to the bottom of a score

Add one component to the bottom of a score with append:

```
abjad> bass_staff = Staff("g4 f4 e4 d4 d1")
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(bass_staff)
abjad> score.append(bass_staff)
abjad> show(score)
```



16.6 Finding the index of a score component

Find the index of a score component with index:

```
abjad> score.index(treble_staff_1)
0
```

16.7 Removing a score component by index

Use pop to remove a score component by index:

```
abjad> score.pop(1)
abjad> show(score)
```



64 Chapter 16. Scores

16.8 Removing a score component by reference

Remove a score component by reference with remove:

```
abjad> score.remove(treble_staff_1)
abjad> show(score)
```



16.9 Testing score containment

Use in to find out whether a score contains a given component:

```
abjad> treble_staff_1 in score
False

abjad> treble_staff_2 in score
False

abjad> bass_staff in score
True
```

16.10 Naming scores

You can name Abjad scores:

```
abjad> score.name = 'Example Score'
```

Score names appear in LilyPond input:

But do not appear in notational output:

```
abjad> show(score)
```



66 Chapter 16. Scores

SPANNERS

17.1 Overriding spanners

The symbols below are black with fixed thickness and predetermined spacing:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4 g'4 a'4 g'2")
abjad> slur_1 = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[:2])
abjad> slur_2 = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[2:4])
abjad> slur_3 = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[4:6])

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
        c'4 (
        d'4)
        e'4 (
        f'4)
        g'4 (
        a'4)
        g'2")

abjad> show(staff)
```

But you can override LilyPond grobs to change the look of spanners:

```
\revert Slur #'color g'2 }
abjad> show(staff)
```

17.2 Overriding the components to which spanners attach

You can override LilyPond grobs to change spanners' contents:

```
abjad> slur_2.override.slur.color = 'blue'
abjad> slur_2.override.note_head.color = 'blue'
abjad> slur_2.override.stem.color = 'blue'
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
        \override Slur #'color = #red
       c'4 (
       d'4)
        \revert Slur #'color
        \override NoteHead #'color = #blue
        \override Slur #'color = #blue
        \override Stem #'color = #blue
        e′4 (
        f'4)
        \revert NoteHead #'color
        \revert Slur #'color
        \revert Stem #'color
        \override Slur #'color = #red
        g'4 (
        a'4)
        \revert Slur #'color
        q'2
abjad> show(staff)
```

17.3 Removing spanner overrides

Delete grob overrides you no longer want:

```
abjad> del(slur_1.override.slur)
abjad> del(slur_3.override.slur)
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
       c'4 (
        d'4)
        \override NoteHead #'color = #blue
        \override Slur #'color = #blue
        \override Stem #'color = #blue
        e′4 (
        f'4)
        \revert NoteHead #'color
        \revert Slur #'color
        \revert Stem #'color
        g′4 (
        a'4 )
        g′2
}
abjad> show(staff)
```

CHAPTER

EIGHTEEN

STAVES

18.1 Creating staves

Create staves like this:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'4 c''1")
abjad> show(staff)
```

18.2 Inspecting staff music

Return staff components with music:

```
abjad> staff.music (Note("c'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("g'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("b'4"), Note("c'8"), Note("b'4"), Note("c'8"), Note("c'8"
```

18.3 Inspecting staff length

Get staff length with len():

```
abjad> len(staff)
8
```

18.4 Inspecting staff duration

Staff contents durations equals the sum of staff components' duration:

```
abjad> staff.contents_duration
Duration(2, 1)
```

18.5 Adding one component to the end of a staff

Add one component to the end of a staff with append:

```
abjad> staff.append(Note("d''2"))
abjad> show(staff)
```

18.6 Adding many components to the end of a staff

Add many components to the end of a staff with extend:

```
abjad> notes = [Note("e''8"), Note("d''8"), Note("c''4")]
abjad> staff.extend(notes)
abjad> show(staff)
```

18.7 Finding the index of a staff component

Find staff component index with index:

```
abjad> notes[0]
Note("e''8")
abjad> staff.index(notes[0])
9
```

18.8 Removing a staff component by index

Use pop to remove a staff component by index:

```
abjad> staff[8]
Note("d''2")
abjad> staff.pop(8)
abjad> show(staff)
```

72 Chapter 18. Staves

18.9 Removing a staff component by reference

Remove staff components by reference with remove:

```
abjad> staff.remove(staff[-1])
abjad> show(staff)
```

18.10 Naming staves

You can name Abjad staves:

```
abjad> staff.name = 'Example Staff'
```

Staff names appear in LilyPond input:

But not in notational output:

abjad> show(staff)



18.11 Forcing context

Staff context equals 'Staff' by default:

```
abjad> staff.context
'Staff'
```

You can force staff context:

```
abjad> staff.context = 'CustomUserStaff'
```

Force context when you have defined a new LilyPond context.

TUPLETS

19.1 Making a tuplet from a LilyPond input string

You can make an Abjad tuplet from a multiplier and a LilyPond input string:

```
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> show(tuplet)
```



19.2 Making a tuplet from a list of other Abjad components

You can also make a tuplet from a multiplier and a list of other Abjad components:

```
abjad> leaves = [Note("fs'8"), Note("g'8"), Rest('r8')]
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), leaves)
abjad> show(tuplet)
```



19.3 Understanding the interpreter display of a tuplet

The interprer display of an Abjad tuplet contains three parts:

```
abjad> tuplet
Tuplet(2/3, [fs'8, g'8, r8])
```

Tuplet tells you the tuplet's class.

2/3 tells you the tuplet's multiplier.

The list [fs'8, g'8, r8] shows the top-level components the tuplet contains.

19.4 Understanding the string representation of a tuplet

The string representation of a tuplet contains four parts:

```
abjad> print tuplet {* 3:2 fs'8, g'8, r8 *}
```

Curly braces { and } indicate that the tuplet's music is interpreted sequentially instead of in parallel.

The asterisks * denote a fixed-multiplier tuplet.

3:2 tells you the tuplet's ratio.

The remaining arguments show the top-level components of tuplet.

19.5 Inspecting the LilyPond format of a tuplet

Get the LilyPond input format of any Abjad object with format:

```
abjad> tuplet.format
"\\times 2/3 {\n\tfs'8\n\tg'8\n\tr8\n}"
```

Use f () as a short-cut to print the LilyPond format of any Abjad object:

```
abjad> f(tuplet)
\times 2/3 {
    fs'8
    g'8
    r8
}
```

19.6 Inspecting the music in a tuplet

Get the music in any Abjad container with music:

```
abjad> tuplet.music
(Note("fs'8"), Note("g'8"), Rest('r8'))
```

Abjad returns a read-only tuple of components.

19.7 Inspecting a tuplet's leaves

Get the leaves in any Abjad container with leaves:

```
abjad> tuplet.leaves
(Note("fs'8"), Note("g'8"), Rest('r8'))
```

Abjad returns a read-only tuple of leaves.

19.8 Getting the length of a tuplet

Get the length of any Abjad container with len():

```
abjad> len(tuplet)
3
```

The length of every Abjad container is defined equal to the number of top-level components present in the container.

19.9 Getting the duration attributes of a tuplet

You set the multiplier of a tuplet at initialization:

```
abjad> tuplet.multiplier
Fraction(2, 3)
```

The contents durations of a tuplet equals the sum of written durations of the components in the tuplet:

```
abjad> tuplet.contents_duration
Duration(3, 8)
```

The multiplied duration of a tuplet equals the product of the tuplet's multiplier and the tuplet's contents duration:

```
abjad> tuplet.multiplied_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

19.10 Understanding rhythmic augmentation and diminution

A tuplet with a multiplier less than 1 constitutes a type of rhythmic diminution:

```
abjad> tuplet.multiplier
Fraction(2, 3)
abjad> tuplet.is_diminution
True
```

A tuplet with a multiplier greater than 1 is a type of rhythmic augmentation:

```
abjad> tuplet.is_augmentation
False
```

19.11 Understanding binary and nonbinary tuplets

A tuplet is considered binary if the numerator of the tuplet multiplier is an integer power of 2:

```
abjad> tuplet.multiplier
Fraction(2, 3)
abjad> tuplet.is_binary
True
```

Other tuplets are nonbinary:

```
abjad> tuplet.is_nonbinary
False
```

19.12 Adding one component to the end of a tuplet

Add one component to the end of a tuplet with append:

```
abjad> tuplet.append(Note("e'4."))
abjad> show(tuplet)
```

19.13 Adding many components to the end of a tuplet

Add many components to the end of a tuplet with extend:

```
abjad> notes = [Note("fs'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("c'4.")]
abjad> tuplet.extend(notes)
abjad> show(tuplet)
```

19.14 Finding the index of a component in a tuplet

Find the index of a component in a tuplet with index ():

```
abjad> notes[1]
Note("e'8")
abjad> tuplet.index(notes[1])
5
```

19.15 Removing a tuplet component by index

Use pop () to remove a tuplet component by index:

```
abjad> tuplet[7]
Note("c'4.")
abjad> tuplet.pop(7)
abjad> show(tuplet)
```

78



19.16 Removing a tuplet component by reference

Remove tuplet components by reference with remove ():

```
abjad> tuplet.remove(tuplet[3])
abjad> show(tuplet)
```

19.17 Overriding attributes of the LilyPond tuplet number grob

Override attributes of the LilyPond tuplet number grob like this:

```
abjad> tuplet.override.tuplet_number.text = schemetools.SchemeFunction('tuplet-number::calc-fraction-abjad> tuplet.override.tuplet_number.color = 'red'

abjad> f(tuplet)
  \override TupletNumber #'color = #red
  \override TupletNumber #'text = #tuplet-number::calc-fraction-text
  \times 2/3 {
        fs'8
        g'8
        r8
        fs'8 [
        e'8
        d'8 ]
} \revert TupletNumber #'color
  \revert TupletNumber #'color
  \revert TupletNumber #'text

abjad> show(tuplet)
```

See the LilyPond docs for lists of grob attributes available.

19.18 Overriding attributes of the LilyPond tuplet bracket grob

Override attributes of the LilyPond tuplet bracket grob like this:

```
abjad> tuplet.override.tuplet_bracket.color = 'red'
```

```
abjad> f(tuplet)
\override TupletBracket #'color = #red
\override TupletNumber #'color = #red
\override TupletNumber #'text = #tuplet-number::calc-fraction-text
\times 2/3 {
    fs'8
    g'8
    r8
    fs'8 [
    e'8
    d'8 ]
}
\revert TupletBracket #'color
\revert TupletNumber #'color
\revert TupletNumber #'text

abjad> show(tuplet)
```

See the LilyPond docs for lists of grob attributes available.

80 Chapter 19. Tuplets

VOICES

20.1 Making a voice from a LilyPond input string

You can make an Abjad voice from a LilyPond input string:

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'4 c''1")
abjad> show(voice)
```

20.2 Making a voice from a list of other Abjad components

You can also make a voice from a list of other Abjad components:

```
abjad> components = [Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), "c'4 d'4 e'4"), Note("f'2"), Note("g'1")]
abjad> voice = Voice(components)
abjad> show(voice)
```

20.3 Understanding the repr of a voice

The repr of an Abjad voice contains three parts:

```
abjad> voice
Voice{3}
```

Voice tells you the voice's class.

3 tells you the voice's length (which is the number of top-level components the voice contains).

Curly braces { and } tell you that the music inside the voice is interpreted sequentially rather than in parallel.

20.4 Inspecting the LilyPond format of a voice

Get the LilyPond input format of any Abjad object with format:

```
abjad> voice.format "\new Voice {n\times 2/3 \{n\times 4^n\times 4^n\times 4^n\times 4^n\times 4^n\times 2/n\times 1^n\}}"
```

Use f () as a short-cut to print the LilyPond format of any Abjad object:

20.5 Inspecting the music in a voice

Get voice components with music:

```
abjad> voice.music (Tuplet(2/3, [c'4, d'4, e'4]), Note("f'2"), Note("g'1"))
```

Abjad returns a read-only tuple of components.

20.6 Inspecting a voice's leaves

Get the leaves in a voice with leaves:

```
abjad> voice.leaves (Note("c'4"), Note("d'4"), Note("e'4"), Note("f'2"), Note("g'1"))
```

Abjad returns a read-only tuple of leaves.

20.7 Getting the length of a voice

Get voice length with len():

```
abjad> len(voice)
```

The length of a voice is defined equal to the number of top-level components the voice contains.

20.8 Getting the duration attributes of a voice

The contents durations of a voice equals the sum of durations of the components in the voice:

```
abjad> voice.contents_duration
Duration(2, 1)
```

The preprolated duration of a voice is usually equal to the voice's contents duration:

```
abjad> voice.preprolated_duration
Duration(2, 1)
```

The prolated duration of a voice is usually equal to the voice's contents duration, too:

```
abjad> voice.preprolated_duration
Duration(2, 1)
```

Only when you nest a very small voice inside a tuplet will the prolated and preprolated duration of a voice differ.

Voices that are not nested inside a tuplet carry a prolation of 1:

```
abjad> voice.prolation
Fraction(1, 1)
```

All voice duration attributes are read-only.

20.9 Adding one component to the end of a voice

Add one component to the end of a voice with append:

```
abjad> voice.append(Note("af'2"))
abjad> show(voice)
```

20.10 Adding many components to the end of a voice

Add many components to the end of a voice with extend:

```
abjad> notes = [Note("g'4"), Note("f'4")]
abjad> voice.extend(notes)

abjad> show(voice)
```

20.11 Finding the index of a component in a voice

Find the index of a component in a voice with index ():

```
abjad> notes[0]
Note("g'4")
```

```
abjad> voice.index(notes[0])
4
```

20.12 Removing a voice component by index

Use pop () to remove a voice component by index:

```
abjad> voice[5]
Note("f'4")
abjad> voice.pop(5)
abjad> show(voice)
```

20.13 Removing a voice component by reference

Remove voice components by reference with remove ():

```
abjad> voice.remove(voice[-1])
abjad> show(voice)
```

20.14 Naming voices

You can name Abjad voices:

```
abjad> voice.name = 'Upper Voice'
```

Voice names appear in LilyPond input:

But not in notational output:

abjad> show(voice)



20.15 Changing the context of a voice

The context of a voice is set to 'Voice' by default:

```
abjad> voice.context
'Voice'
```

But you can change the context of a voice if you want:

Change the context of a voice when you have defined a new LilyPond context based on a LilyPond voice.

Tutorials

86 Chapter 20. Voices

TIME SIGNATURE MARKS BY EXAMPLE

In this tutorial is to take a deeper look at what happens when we attach time signature marks to staves and other score components. To work through the tutorial, enter each of the examples into the Abjad interpreter and study what comes back. At the end of the tutorial you'll understand how time signature marks are created. You'll also understand how the states of different objects change when time signature marks are attached and detached.

First we start by creating a staff full of notes:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4 q'2")
```

If we ask the Abjad interpreter about our staff reference Abjad will respond with the interpreter display of the object:

```
abjad> staff
Staff{5}
```

The 5 in Staff{5} shows that the staff contains 5 top-level components. The curly braces in Staff{5} show that the contents of the staff are to be read sequentially through time rather than in parallel.

Before we get to time signature marks let's take a moment and examine the state of the staff we've created. We can motivate this a bit by asking two questions:

- 1. what time signature is currently in effect for the staff we have just created?
- 2. **what is the time signature currently in effect for** the five notes contained within the staff we have just created?

The answer to both questions is the same: there is no time signature currently in effect for either our staff or for the five notes it contains.

We can see that this is the case with tools from the API:

If we want, we can iterate both the staff and its leaves at one and the same time like this:

This confirms the answer to our questions that there is not yet any time signature in effect for any component in our staff because we have not yet attached a time signature mark to any component in our staff.

So what happens if we format our staff and send it off to LilyPond to render as a PDF? Will LilyPond render the staff with a time signature? Without a time signature? Will LilyPond refuse to render the example at all?

We find out like this:

```
abjad> show(staff)
```



It turns out LilyPond defaults to a time signature of 4/4.

What's important to note here is that because we have not yet attached a time signature mark any component in our staff Abjad says "no effective time signature here" while LilyPond says "OK, I'll default to 4/4 so we can get on with rendering your music."

We can further confirm that this is the case by asking Abjad for the LilyPond format of our staff:

The LilyPond format of our staff contains no LilyPond \time command. This is, again, because we have not yet attached a time signature mark to any component in our staff.

We can no practice attaching and detaching time signature marks to different components in our staff and study what happens as we do.

We'll start with 3/4.

The easiest thing to do is to attach a time signature mark to the staff itself.

We'll do this in two separate steps and study each step to understand exactly what's going on.

First, we create a 3/4 time signature mark:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)
```

If we ask the Abjad interpreter for the interpreter dispaly of our time signature mark we get the following:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark
TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)
```

All this tells us is that we have in fact created a 3/4 time signature mark. Nothing too exciting yet. At this point our 3/4 time signature is not yet attached to anything. We could say that the "state" of our time signature mark is "unattached." And we can see this like so:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark.start_component is None
True
```

What does it mean for a time signature mark to have 'start_component' equal to none? It means that the time signature isn't yet attached to any score component anywhere.

So now we attach our time signature mark to our staff:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark.attach_mark(staff)
TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)(Staff{5}))
```

Abjad responds immediately by returning the time signature mark we have just attached.

Notice that our time signature mark's repr ha changed. The repr of our 3/4 time signature mark now includes the repr of the staff to which we have just attached the time signature mark. That is to say that the repr of our time signature mark is statal.

Our time signature mark has transitioned from an "unattached" state to an "attached" state. We can see this like so:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark.start_component
Staff{5}
```

And our staff has likewise transitioned from a state of having no effective time signature to a state of having an effective time signature:

```
abjad> contexttools.get_effective_time_signature(staff)
TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)(Staff{5})
```

And what about the leaves inside our staff? Do the leaves now "know" that they are governed by a 3/4 time signature? Indeed they do:

```
abjad> for leaf in staff.leaves:
... leaf, contexttools.get_effective_time_signature(leaf)
...
(Note("c'4"), TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)(Staff{5}))
(Note("d'4"), TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)(Staff{5}))
(Note("e'4"), TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)(Staff{5}))
(Note("f'4"), TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)(Staff{5}))
(Note("g'2"), TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)(Staff{5}))
```

So to briefly resume:

What we just did was to:

- 1. create a time signature mark
- 2. attach the time signature to a score component

This 2-step pattern is always the same when dealing with context marks: create then attach.

(We will find out later that there are short-cuts for different parts of this process. Right now we've chosen to create in a first step and attach in a second step so that we can examine the changing states of the objects involved.)

Before moving on let's look at the PDF corresponding to our staff:

abjad> show(staff)



And let's confirm what we see in the PDF in the staff's format:

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \time 3/4
    c'4
    d'4
    e'4
    f'4
    g'2
}
```

The staff's format now contains a LilyPond \time command because we have attached an Abjad time signature mark to the staff.

What we've just been through above will cover over 80% of what you'll ever wind up doing with time signature marks: creating them and attaching them directly to staves. But what if we wanna get rid of a time signature mark? Or what if the time signature will be changing all over the place? We cover those cases next.

Detaching a time signature mark is easy:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark.detach_mark()
TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)
```

The Abjad returns the mark we have just detached. And, observing the repr of the time signature mark, we see that the time signature mark has again changed state: the time signature mark has transitioned from attached to unattached. We confirm this like so:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark.start_component is None
True
```

And also like so:

```
abjad> contexttools.get_effective_time_signature(staff) is None
True
```

Yup: our time signature mark knows nothing about our staff. And vice versa. This is good.

So now what if we want to set up a time signature of 2/4? That fits our music, too.

We have a couple of options.

We can simply create and attach a new time signature mark:

```
abjad> duple_time_signature_mark = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)
abjad> duple_time_signature_mark.attach_mark(staff)
TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)(Staff{5})

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \time 2/4
   c'4
   d'4
   e'4
   f'4
```

```
g′2
abjad> show(staff)
Yup. That works.
On the other hand, we could simply reuse our previous 3/4 time signature mark.
To do this we'll first detach our 2/4 time signature mark ...
abjad> duple_time_signature_mark.detach_mark()
abjad> duple_time_signature_mark.detach_mark()
TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)
... confirm that our staff is now time signatureless ...
abjad> contexttools.get_effective_time_signature(staff) is None
True
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
        c'4
         d'4
         e'4
         f'4
         g'2
... reattach our previous 3/4 time signature ...
abjad> time_signature_mark.attach_mark(staff)
abjad> time_signature_mark.attach_mark(staff)
TimeSignatureMark(4, 4)(Staff{5})
... change the numerator of our time signature mark ...
abjad> time_signature_mark.numerator = 2
... and check to make sure that everything is as it should be:
abjad> contexttools.get_effective_time_signature(staff)
TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)(Staff{5})
abjad> time_signature_mark.start_component
Staff{5}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
         \times 2/4
         c′4
         d'4
         e'4
         f'4
         g'2
```

abjad> show(staff)



And everything works as it should.

To change to, for example, 4/4 we change just change the time signature mark's numerator again:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark.numerator = 4
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \time 4/4
    c'4
    d'4
    e'4
    f'4
    g'2
}
```

But what if our time signature has a 2/4 pick-up?

The LilyPond command for pick-ups is \partial. Abjad time signature marks implement this as a read / write attribute:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark.partial = Duration(2, 4)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
     \partial 2
     \time 4/4
     c'4
     d'4
     e'4
     f'4
     g'2
}
abjad> show(staff)
```



And what if time signature changes all over the place?

We'll use the trivial example of a measure in 4/4 followed by a measure in 2/4.

To do this we will need two time signature marks.

We've already got a 4/4 time signature mark attached to our staff:

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
          \partial 2
          \time 4/4
          c'4
          d'4
```

```
e'4
f'4
g'2
}

Let's get rid of the pick-up:
abjad> time_signature_mark.partial = None

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \time 4/4
   c'4
   d'4
   e'4
   f'4
   g'2
```

Now what about the 2/4 time signature mark?

We create it in the usual way:

}

```
abjad> duple_time_signature_mark = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)
abjad> duple_time_signature_mark
TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)
```

But should we attach it? We can't attach our 2/4 time signature to our staff because we've already attached our 4/4 time signature to our staff. And it only makes sense to attach one time signature to any given score component.

Observe that we've built our score in a very straightforward way: we have a single staff that contains a (flat) sequence of notes. This means that we have only one choice for where to attach the new 2/4 time signature mark. And that is one the g' 2 that comes on the downbeat of the second measure. We do that like this:

```
abjad> duple_time_signature_mark.attach_mark(staff[4])
abjad> duple_time_signature_mark.attach_mark(staff[4])
TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)(g'2)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \time 4/4
    c'4
    d'4
    e'4
    f'4
    \time 2/4
    g'2
}
abjad> show(staff)
```

And everything works as we would like.

Incidentally, staff[4] means the component sitting at index 4 inside our staff. Using the interpreter we can verify that this is g'2:

```
abjad> staff[4]
Note("g'2")
```

Depending on how we had chosen to build our staff we would have had more options for where to attach our 2/4 time signature mark. If, for example, we had chosen to populate our staff with a series of measures then it's possible we could have attached our 2/4 time signature to a measure instead of a note.

That covers the vast majority of things you'll do with time signature marks.

But before we stop we should mention another useful API function and then talk about some short-cuts.

First an API function to detach ALL context marks attaching to a component:

We call the function a first time:

And then a second time:

:: abjad> contexttools.detach_all_context_marks_attached_to_component(staff[4]) (TimeSignatureMark(2, 4),)

Now there are now context marks of any sort attached to our staff or to the notes in our staff.

Be careful with this function, though: it removes *all* context marks. So even though we just used the function to remove time signature marks, it also would have removed any clef marks or tempo marks if we had had those attached to our score, too.

And now for the short-cuts:

Our staff currently has no time signature marks attached:

So to recreate our 3/4 time signature we can do this ...

```
abjad> time_signature_mark = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)

... and then use a short-cut to avoid calling time_signature_mark.attach_mark() like this:
abjad> time_signature_mark(staff)
TimeSignatureMark(3, 4) (Staff{5})

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \time 3/4
    c' 4
    d' 4
    e' 4
    f' 4
    g' 2
}
```

What's going on here is that all context marks implement the special __call__() method as a short-cut for attach_mark(). What is the special __call__() method? The __call__() method is what makes a function, class or any other Python object callable. The statement time_signature_mark(staff) has has parentheses in it because the time signature mark is callable; and the time signature mark is callable because all context marks implement the special __call__() method.

Note too that all context marks understand an *empty call* as a short-cut for detach_mark(). Like this:

```
abjad> time_signature_mark()
TimeSignatureMark(3, 4)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
          c'4
          d'4
          e'4
          f'4
          g'2
}
```

The empty call made against the time signature mark causes the time signature mark to detach from its start component.

The fact that context marks implement the special __call__() method as a short-cut for attach_mark() means that context marks can be created and attached in a single line:

```
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)(staff)
TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)(Staff{5})

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \time 2/4
    c'4
    d'4
    e'4
    f'4
    g'2
}
```

What's going on here?

What's going on is that contexttools. TimeSignatureMark (2, 4) creates a time signature mark in the usual way and that – immediately after this – the newly created time signature mark is available for us to call it against our staff.

Abjad Documentation, Release 2.2

This last short-cut form of ...

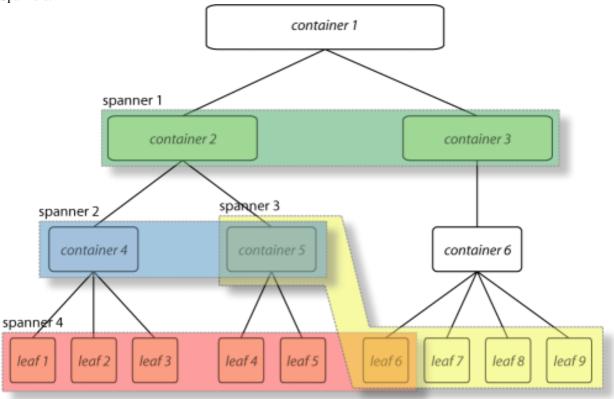
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)(staff)

... is the usual way that you will see context marks of all sorts presented in the docs.

LEAF, CONTAINER, SPANNER

At the heart of Abjad's Symbolic Score-Control lies a powerful model that we call the Leaf Container Spanner, or LCS, model of the musical score.

The LCS model can be schematically visualized as a superposition of two complementary and completely independent layers of structure: a *tree* that includes the Containers and the Leaves, and a layer of free floating *connectors* or Spanners.



There can be any number of Spanners, they may overlap, and they may connect to different levels of the tree hierarchy. The spanner attach to the elements of the tree, so a tree structure must exist for spanners to be made manifest.

22.1 Example 1

To understand the whys and hows of the LCS model implemented in Abjad, it is probably easier to base the discussion on concrete musical examples. Let's begin with a simple and rather abstract musical fragment: a measure with nested tuplets.



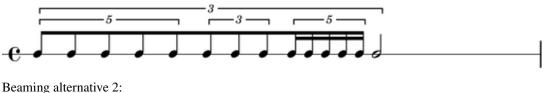
What we see in this little fragment is a measure with 4/4 meter, 14 notes and four tuplet brackets prolating the notes. The three bottom tuplets (with ratios 5:4, 3:2, 5:4) prolate all but the last note. The topmost tuplet prolates all the notes in the measure and combines with the bottom three tuplets to doubly prolate all but the last note. The topmost tuplet as thus prolates three tuplets, each of which in turn prolates a group of notes. We can think of a tuplet as containing notes or other tuplets or both. Thus, in our example, the topmost tuplet contains three tuplets and a half note. Each of the tuplets contained by the topmost tuplet in turn contains five, three, and five notes respectively. If we add the measure, then we have a measure that contains a tuplet that contains tuplets that contain notes. The structure of the measure with nested tuplets as we have just described it has two important properties:

- 1. It is a *hierarchical* structure.
- 2. It follows exclusive membership, meaning that each element in the hierarchy (a note, a tuplet or a measure) has one and only one *parent*. In other words a single note is not contained in more than one tuplet simultaneously, and no one tuplet is contained in more than one other tuplet at the same time.

What we are describing here is a tree, and it is the structure of Abjad *containers*.

While this tree structure seem like the right way to represent the relationships between the elements of a score, it is not enough. Consider the tuplet example again with the following beaming alternatives:

Beaming alternative 1:



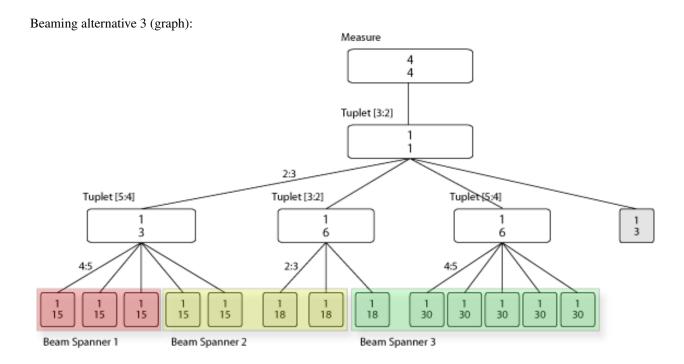


Beaming alternative 3:



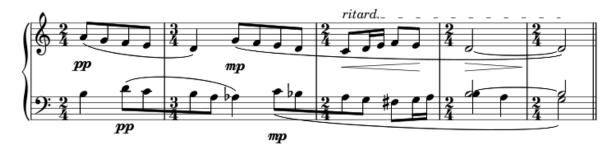
Clearly the beaming of notes can be totally independent from the tuplet groupings. Beaming across tuplet groups implies beaming across nodes in the tree structure, which means that the beams do not adhere to the exclusive (parenthood) membership characteristic of the tree. Beams must then be modeled independently as a separate and complementary structure. These are the Abjad spanners.

Below we have the score of our tuplet example with alternative beaming and its the Leaf-Container-Spanner graph. Notice that the colored blocks represent spanners.



22.2 Example 2

As a second example let's look at the last five measures of Bartók's *Wandering* from Mikrokosmos vol. III. As simple as it may seem, these five measures carry with them a lot of information pertaining to musical notation.

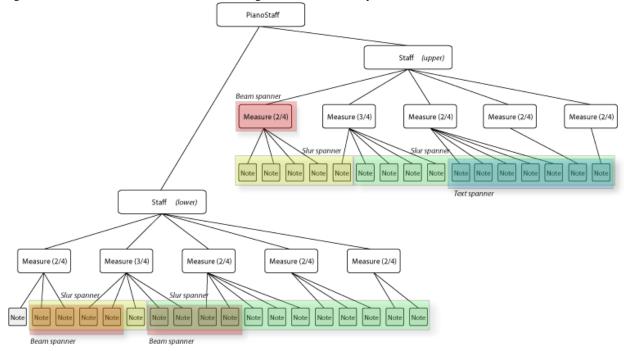


Note: Please refer to the *Bartok example* for a step by step construction of the musical fragment and its full Abjad code.

There are many musical signs of different types on the pages: notes, dynamic markings, clefs, staves, slurs, etc. These signs are structurally related to each other in different ways. Let's start by looking at the larger picture. The piano piece is written in two staves. As is customary, the staves are graphically grouped with a large curly brace attaching to them at the beginning or each system. Notice that each staff has a variety of signs associated with it. There are notes printed on the staff lines as well as meter indications and bar lines. Each note, for example, is in one and only one staff. A note is never in two staves at the same time. This is also true for measures. A measure in the top staff is not simultaneously drawn on the top staff and the bottom staff. It is better to think of each staff as having its own set of measures. Notice also that the notes in each staff fall within the region of one and only one measure, i.e. measures seem to contain notes. There is not one note that is at once in two measures (this is standard practice in musical notation, but it need not always be the case.)

22.2. Example 2 99

As we continue describing the relationships between the musical signs in the page, we begin to discover a certain structure, or a convenient way of structuring the score for conceptualization and manipulation. All the music in a piano score seems to be written in what we might call a *staff group*. The staff group is *composed of* two staves. Each staff in turn appears to be composed of a series or measures, and each measure is composed of a series of notes. So again we find that the score structure can be organized hierarchically as a tree. This tree structure looks like this:



Notice again though that there are elements in the score that imply and require a different kind of grouping. The two four eighth-note runs in the lower staff are beamed together across the bar line and, based on our tree structure, across tree nodes. So do the slurs, the dynamics markings and the ritardando indication at the top of the score. As we have seen in the tuplets example, all these groups running across the tree structure can be defined with *spanners*.

WORKING WITH COMPONENT PARENTAGE

Many score objects contain other score objects.

```
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), "c'4 d'4 e'4")
abjad> staff = Staff(2 * tuplet)
abjad> score = Score([staff])
abjad> show(score)

3:2

3:2
```

Abjad uses the idea of parentage to model the way objects contain each other.

23.1 Improper parentage

The improper parentage of the first note in score begins with the note itself:

```
abjad> note = score.leaves[0]
Note("c'4")

abjad> componenttools.get_improper_parentage_of_component(note)
(Note("c'4"), Tuplet(2/3, [c'4, d'4, e'4]), Staff{2}, Score<<1>>)
```

23.2 Proper parentage

The proper parentage of the note begins with only the immediate parent of the note:

```
abjad> componenttools.get_proper_parentage_of_component(note)
(Tuplet(2/3, [c'4, d'4, e'4]), Staff{2}, Score<<1>>)
```

Note: the length of the improper parentage of any component equals the length of the proper parentage of the component plus 1.

23.3 Parentage attributes

Use component tools to find score depth:

```
abjad> componenttools.component_to_score_depth(note)
```

Or score root:

```
abjad> componenttools.component_to_score_root(note)
Score<<1>>
```

Or to find whether a component has no (proper) parentage at all:

```
abjad> componenttools.is_orphan_component(note)
False
```

WORKING WITH THREADS

24.1 What is a thread?

A thread is a structural relationship binding a set of strictly sequential voice-level components.

Threads may be explicitly defined via voice instances:

```
abjad > v = Voice()
```

Or they may exist implicitly in certain score constructs in the absence of voice containers:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
```

Two contiguous voices must have the same name in order to be part of the same thread.

Here a thread does **not** exist between notes in different voices:

Here a thread does exist:

24.2 What are threads for?

Consider the following situation:



Are the two eighth notes in the second half of the measure the continuation of the ascending line in the first half, or is it the quarter note? Is the very last *C* the continuation of the top melodic line or is it the *A*? The stems might suggest an answer, but for Abjad, stem direction is not structural. What path should Abjad take to traverse this little score from the first note to the last *A*? This same problem appears when trying to apply spanners to parallel structures. Thus, threads are important in both score navigation and the application of spanners. In fact, threads are a requirement for spanner application.

In Abjad, the ambiguity is resolved through the explicit use of named voices.

The musical fragment above is constructed with the following code:

```
abjad> vA = Voice(notetools.make_notes([5, 7, 9, 11], [(1, 8)] * 4))
abjad> vB = Voice(notetools.make_notes([12, 11, 9], [(1, 8), (1, 8), (1, 4)]))
abjad> vC = Voice(Note(12, (1, 4)) * 2)
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceOne')(vA[0])
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceOne')(vB[0])
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceTwo')(vC[0])
abjad> p = Container([vB, vC])
abjad> p.is_parallel = True
abjad> staff = Staff([vA, p])
```

There's a staff that sequentially contains a voice and a parallel container. The container in turn holds two voices running simultaneously.

It is now clear from the code that the last A belongs with the two descending eighth notes. But there's still no indication about a relationship of continuity between the first voice in the sequence (vA) and any of the two following voices. Note that, while the LilyPond voice number commands setting may suggest that vA and vB belong together, this is not the case. The LilyPond voice number commands simply set the direction of stems in printed output.

To see this more clearly, suppose we want to add a slur spanner starting on the first note and ending on one of the last simultaneous notes. To attach the slur spanner to the voices we could try either:

```
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner([vA, vB])
or
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner([vA, vC])
```

But both raise a contiguity error. Abjad needs to see an explicit connection between either vA and vB or between vA and vC.

Observe the behavior of the iterate_thread_forward_in_expr() iterator on the staff:

::

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import threadtools abjad> vA_thread_signature = threadtools.component_to_thread_signature(vA) abjad> notes = threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr(staff, Note, vA_thread_signature) abjad> print list(notes) [Note("f'8"), Note("g'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("b'8")]
```

```
abjad> vB_thread_signature = threadtools.component_to_thread_signature(vB)
abjad> notes = threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr(staff, Note, vB_thread_signature)
abjad> print list(notes)
[Note("c''8"), Note("b'8"), Note("a'4")]

abjad> vC_thread_signature = threadtools.component_to_thread_signature(vC)
abjad> notes = threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr(staff, Note, vC_thread_signature)
abjad> print list(notes)
[Note("c''4"), Note("c''4")]
```

In each case we are passing a different **thread signature** to the iterate_thread_forward_in_expr() iterator, so each case returns a different list of notes.

We can see that the thread signature of each voice is indeed different by printing it:

And by comparing them with the binary equality operator:

```
abjad> vA_thread_signature == vB_thread_signature
False
abjad> vA_thread_signature == vC_thread_signature
False
abjad> vB_thread_signature == vC_thread_signature
False
```

To allow Abjad to treat the content of, say, voices vA and vB as belonging together, we explicitly define a thread between them. To do this all we need to do is give both voices the same name:

```
abjad> vA.name = 'piccolo'
abjad> vB.name = 'piccolo'
```

Now vA and vB and all their content belong to the same thread:

```
abjad> vA_thread_signature == vB_thread_signature
False
```

Note how the thread signatures have changed:

```
abjad> vA_thread_signature = threadtools.component_to_thread_signature(vA)
abjad> print vA_thread_signature
       root: Staff-4495328880 (4495328880)
     score:
staffgroup:
    staff: Staff-4495328880
    voice: Voice-piccolo
        self: Voice-piccolo
abjad> vB_thread_signature = threadtools.component_to_thread_signature(vB)
abjad> print vB_thread_signature
       root: Staff-4546553456 (4546553456)
     score:
staffgroup:
     staff: Staff-4546553456
     voice: Voice-piccolo
        self: Voice-piccolo
abjad> vC_thread_signature = threadtools.component_to_thread_signature(vC)
abjad> print vC_thread_signature
       root: Staff-4440991344 (4440991344)
    score:
staffgroup:
    staff: Staff-4440991344
    voice: Voice-4440991120
        self: Voice-4440991120
```

And how the threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr() function returns all the notes belonging to both vA and vB when passing it the full staff and the thread signature of vA:

```
abjad> notes = threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr(staff, Note, vA_thread_signature)
abjad> print list(notes)
[Note("f'8"), Note("g'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("b'8"), Note("c''8"), Note("b'8"), Note("a'4")]
```

Now the slur spanner can be applied to voices vA and vB:

```
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner([vA, vB])
```

or directly to the notes returned by the iterate_thread_forward_in_expr() iteration tool, which are the notes belonging to both vA and vB:

```
abjad> notes = threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr(staff, Note, vA_thread_signature)
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(list(notes))
```

abjad> show(staff)



24.3 Coda

We could have constructed this score in a simpler way with only two voices, one of them starting with a LilyPond skip:

```
abjad> vX = Voice(notetools.make_notes([5, 7, 9, 11, 12, 11, 9], [(1, 8)] * 6 + [(1, 4)]))
abjad> vY = Voice([skiptools.Skip((2, 4))] + Note(12, (1, 4)) * 2)
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceOne')(vX[0])
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('voiceTwo')(vY[0])
abjad> staff = Staff([vX, vY])
abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
```



24.3. Coda 107

UNDERSTANDING LILYPOND GROBS

LilyPond models music notation as a collection of graphic objects or grobs.

25.1 Grobs control typography

LilyPond grobs control the typographic details of the score:

```
\new Staff {
    c'4 (
    d'4)
    e'4 (
    f'4)
    g'4 (
    a'4)
    g'2
}
```



In the example above LilyPond creates a grob for every printed glyph. This includes the clef and time signature as well as the note heads, stems and slurs. If the example included beams, articulations or an explicit key signature then LilyPond would create grobs for those as well.

25.2 Grobs can be overridden

You can change the appearance of LilyPond grobs with grob overrides:

```
\new Staff \with {
    \override NoteHead #'color = #red
    \override StaffSymbol #'color = #blue
    \override Stem #'color = #red
} {
    c'4 (
    d'4)
    e'4 (
    f'4)
    g'4 (
    a'4)
```



25.3 Check the LilyPond docs

New grobs are added to LilyPond from time to time.

For a complete list of LilyPond grobs see the LilyPond documentation.

UNDERSTANDING ABJAD OVERRIDES

26.1 Grob-override component plug-ins

```
All Abjad containers have a grob-override plug-in:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4 g'4 a'4 g'2")
abjad> staff.override.staff_symbol.color = 'blue'
abjad> staff.override
LilyPondGrobOverrideComponentPlugIn(staff_symbol__color = 'blue')
```

All Abjad leaves have a grob-override plug-in, too:

```
abjad> leaf = staff[-1]
abjad> leaf.override.note_head.color = 'red'
abjad> leaf.override.stem.color = 'red'
abjad> leaf.override
LilyPondGrobOverrideComponentPlugIn(note_head__color = 'red', stem__color = 'red')
```

And so do Abjad spanners:

```
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[:])
abjad> slur.override.slur.color = 'red'
abjad> slur.override
LilyPondGrobOverrideComponentPlugIn(slur_color = 'red')
```

26.2 Grob proxies

Grob-override plug-ins contain grob proxies:

```
abjad> leaf.override.note_head
LilyPondGrobProxy(color = 'red')
abjad> leaf.override.stem
LilyPondGrobProxy(color = 'red')
```

26.3 Dot-chained override syntax

The's dot-chained grob override syntax shown here results from the special way that the Abjad grob-override plug-in and grob proxy set and get their attributes.

Developer documentation

CODEBASE

27.1 How the Abjad codebase is laid out

The Abjad codebase comprises twelve top-level directories.

Of these, it is in the tools directory that the bulk of the musical reasoning implemented in Abjad resides.

abjad\$ ls tools	/			
initpy	importtools	markuptools	quantizationtools	stafftools
cfgtools	instrumenttools	mathtools	resttools	tempotools
chordtools	intervaltreetools	measuretools	schemetools	threadtools
componenttools	iotools	metertools	scoretools	tietools
containertools	layouttools	musicxmltools	seqtools	tonalitytools
contexttools	leaftools	notetools	sievetools	tuplettools
durtools	lilyfiletools	pitcharraytools	skiptools	verticalitytools
gracetools	marktools	pitchtools	spannertools	voicetools

The remaining sections of this chapter cover the topics necessary to familiarize developers coming to the project for the first time.

27.2 Removing prebuilt versions of Abjad before you check out

If you'd like to be at the cutting edge of the Abjad development then you should check out from Google Code and tell Python and your operating system about Abjad. You can do this by following the steps below.

But before you do this you should realize that there are two ways to get Abjad up and running on your computer. The first way is by downloading a compressed version of Abjad from the Python Package Index. You probably did this when you first discovered Abjad and started to use the system. The second way is by following the steps below to check out a copy of the most recent version of the Abjad repository hosted on Google Code. If you already have a version of Abjad running on your computer but you haven't yet followed the steps below to check out from Google Code, then you probably downloaded a compressed version of Abjad from the Python Package Index.

Before you check out from Google Code you should remove all prebuilt versions of Abjad from your machine. The reason you need to do this is that having both a prebuilt version of Abjad and a Subversion-managed version of Abjad on your machine can confuse your operating system and lead to weird results when you try to start Abjad.

You remove prebuilt versions of Abjad resident on your computer by finding your site packages directory and removing the so-called Abjad 'egg' that Python has installed there. After you remove the Abjad egg from your site packages

directory you will also need to remove the abj, abjad and abjad-book scripts from /usr/local/bin or from the directory that is equivalent to /usr/local/bin under your opearting system.

First note the version of Python you're currently running.

```
$ python --version
Python 2.6.1
```

This is important because you may have more than one version of Python installed on your machine. (Which tends especially to be the case if you're running a Apple's OS X.)

Then note that the site packages directory is a part of your filesystem into which Python installs third-party Python packages like Abjad. The location of the site packages directory varies from one operating system to the next and you may have to Google to find the exact location of the site packages directory on your machine. Under OS X you can check /Library/Python/2.x/site-packages/. Under Linux the site packages directory is usually /usr/lib/python2.x/site-packages.

Once you've found your site packages directory you can list its contents to see if Python has installed an Abjad egg in it.

```
      site-packages$ ls

      Abjad-2.0-py2.6.egg
      Sphinx-1.0.7-py2.6.egg
      py-1.3.4-py2.6.egg

      Jinja2-2.5-py2.6.egg
      docutils-0.7-py2.6.egg
      py-1.4.0-py2.6.egg

      Pygments-1.3.1-py2.6.egg
      easy-install.pth
      py-1.4.4-py2.6.egg

      README
      guppy
      pytest-2.0.0-py2.6.egg

      Sphinx-1.0.1-py2.6.egg
      guppy-0.1.9-py2.6.egg-info
      pytest-2.1.0-py2.6.egg

      Sphinx-1.0.4-py2.6.egg
      py-1.3.1-py2.6.egg
```

Remove any Abjad eggs Python has installed in your site packages directory.

After you've done this you should check /usr/local/bin or equivalent to see if the abj, abjad or abjad-book scripts are installed there.

```
bin$ ls
abj abjad abjad-book
```

Remove any of the three scripts you find installed there so that you can use the new versions of the scripts you will download from Google Code instead.

```
bin$ sudo rm abj*
```

Now proceed to the steps below to check out from Google Code.

27.3 Installing the development version

Follow the steps listed above to remove prebuilt versions of Abjad from your machine. Then follow the steps below to check out from Google Code.

1. Make sure Subversion is installed on your machine.

```
svn --version
```

If Subversion responds then it is already installed. Otherwise visit the Subversion website.

2. Check out a copy of the main line of the Abjad codebase.

```
svn checkout http://abjad.googlecode.com/svn/abjad/trunk abjad-trunk
```

3. Add the abjad trunk directory to your your PYTHONPATH environment variable.

export PYTHONPATH="/path/to/abjad-trunk:"\$PYTHONPATH

4. Alternatively you may symlink your Python site packages directory to the abjad trunk directory.

```
ln -s /path/to/abjad-trunk /path/to/site-package/abjad
```

5. Finally, add abjad-trunk/scr/ to your PATH environment variable.

```
export PATH="/path/to/abjad-trunk/scr:"$PATH
```

You will then be able to run Abjad with the 'abjad' command.

You now have a copy of the main line of the most recent version of the Abjad repository checked out to your machine.

CHAPTER

TWENTYEIGHT

DOCS

The reST-based sources for the Abjad documentation are included in their entirety in every installation of Abjad. You may add to and edit these reST-based sources as soon as you install Abjad. However, to build human-readable HTML or PDF versions of the docs you will first need to download and install Sphinx.

The remaining sections of this chapter describe how the Abjad docs are laid out and how to build the docs with Sphinx.

28.1 How the Abjad docs are laid out

The source files for the Abjad docs are included in the docs directory of every Abjad install. The docs directory contains everything required to build HTML, PDF and other versions of the Abjad docs.

```
abjad$ ls docs/
Makefile _templates chapters index.rst scr
_static _themes conf.py make.bat
```

The bulk of the Abjad docs live in docs/chapters. The chapter directories mirror the main sections on Abjad documentation. What you'll find as you inspect the chapter directories are a collection of .rst files organized into groups. The .rst extension identifies files written in restructured text.

One example:

```
abjad$ 1s docs/chapters/appendices/glossary
index.rst
```

28.2 Installing Sphinx

Sphinx is the automated documentation system used by Python, Abjad and other projects implemented in Python. Because Sphinx is not included in the Python standard library you will probably need to download and install it.

First check to see if Sphinx is already installed on your machine.

```
$ sphinx-build --version
```

If Sphinx responds then the program is already installed on your machine. Otherwise visit the Sphinx website.

28.3 Removing old builds of the docs

After installing Sphinx, change to the Abjad docs directory and use the Sphinx makefile to remove any existing docs/_build directory prior to making a new build of the docs.

```
abjad$ cd docs
docs$ make clean
rm -rf _build/*
```

28.4 Generating the Abjad API

The docs/scr directory includes a script to generate the Abjad API. Run this script before building the Abjad docs for the first time.

```
docs$ scr/make-abjad-api
Building TOC tree ...
Now making Sphinx TOC ...
... Done.

Now building the HTML docs ...

sphinx-build -b html -d _build/doctrees . _build/html
Running Sphinx v1.0.7
loading pickled environment... done
... (many lines omitted) ...

Build finished. The HTML pages are in _build/html.
```

Rerun make-abjad-api any time you add or remove a public class, method or function from the codebase.

28.5 Building the HTML docs

Change to the Abjad docs directory and run make html.

```
abjad$ cd docs

docs$ make html
sphinx-build -b html -d _build/doctrees . _build/html
Running Sphinx v1.0.7
loading pickled environment... not found
building [html]: targets for 568 source files that are out of date
updating environment: 568 added, 0 changed, 0 removed
reading sources... [ 13%] chapters/api/debug/debugghandlertoregatorsg
reading sources... [ 37%] chapters/api/tools/clonewp/by_leaf_counts_with_parenta
reading sources... [ 38%] chapters/api/tools/clonewp/by_leaf_range_with_parentag
reading sources... [ 38%] chapters/api/tools/componenttools/get_duration_crosser
reading sources... [ 38%] chapters/api/tools/componenttools/get_duration_preprol
reading sources... [ 39%] chapters/api/tools/componenttools/get_le_duration_prol
... (many more lines omitted) ...
```

118 Chapter 28. Docs

```
writing output... [ 85%] chapters/api/tools/spannertools/give_attached_to_childr writing output... [ 95%] chapters/fundamentals/duration/interfaces_compared/inde writing output... [100%] index /indexdexexexng/indexxdexindex writing additional files... genindex modindex search copying images... done copying static files... done dumping search index... done dumping object inventory... done build succeeded.

Build finished. The HTML pages are in _build/html.
```

You will then find the complete HTML version of the docs in docs/_build/html.

```
docs$ ls _build/
doctrees html
```

The output from Sphinx is verbose the first time you build the docs. On sequent builds, Sphinx reports changes only.

```
docs$ make html
sphinx-build -b html -d _build/doctrees
                                           . _build/html
Running Sphinx v1.0.7
loading pickled environment... done
building [html]: targets for 1 source files that are out of date
updating environment: 0 added, 1 changed, 0 removed
reading sources... [100%] chapters/devel/documentation/index
looking for now-outdated files... none found
pickling environment... done
checking consistency... done
preparing documents... done
writing output... [100%] index
                                                       ation/index
writing additional files... genindex modindex search
copying static files... done
dumping search index... done
dumping object inventory... done
build succeeded.
Build finished. The HTML pages are in _build/html.
```

28.6 Building a PDF of the docs

Building a PDF of the docs is a two-step process. First you build a LaTeX version of the docs. Then you typeset the LaTeX docs as a PDF.

First change to the Abjad docs directory.

```
abjad$ docs
```

Then make LaTeX sources of the docs.

```
docs$ make latex
sphinx-build -b latex -d _build/doctrees . _build/latex
Running Sphinx v1.0.7
loading pickled environment... done
building [latex]: all documents
updating environment: 0 added, 0 changed, 0 removed
looking for now-outdated files... none found
```

```
processing Abjad.tex... index chapters/start_here/abjad/index chapters/examples/bartok...
(... many lines omitted ...)
...ndices/pitch_conventions/images/example-3.png chapters/examples/ligeti/images/desordre.jpg
copying TeX support files... done
build succeeded.

Build finished; the LaTeX files are in _build/latex.
Run 'make all-pdf' or 'make all-ps' in that directory to run these through (pdf) latex.
```

Now follow the instructions provided by Sphinx and change to the LaTeX build directory.

```
docs$ cd _build/latex/
```

Then make a PDF version of the docs from the LaTeX sources.

```
latex$ make all-pdf

pdflatex 'Abjad.tex'
This is pdfTeXk, Version 3.141592-1.40.3 (Web2C 7.5.6)
%&-line parsing enabled.
entering extended mode
(./Abjad.tex
LaTeX2e <2005/12/01>
Babel <v3.8h> and hyphenation patterns for english, usenglishmax, dumylang, noh yphenation, arabic, basque, bulgarian, coptic, welsh, czech, slovak, german, ng erman, danish, esperanto, spanish, catalan, galician, estonian, farsi, finnish,
(... many lines omitted ...)
```

The resulting docs will appear as Abjad.pdf in the LaTeX build directory you're currently in.

28.7 Building a coverage report

Change to the Abjad docs directory and call sphinx-build explicitly with the coverage builder, source directory and target directory.

```
docs$ sphinx-build -b coverage . _build/coverage
Making output directory...
Running Sphinx v1.0.7
loading pickled environment... not found
building [coverage]: coverage overview
updating environment: 568 added, 0 changed, 0 removed
reading sources... [ 37%] chapters/api/tools/clonewp/by_leaf_counts_with_parenta
reading sources... [ 38%] chapters/api/tools/clonewp/by_leaf_range_with_parentag
reading sources... [ 38%] chapters/api/tools/componenttools/get_duration_crosser
... (many lines omitted) ...
reading sources... [ 85%] chapters/api/tools/spannertools/withdraw_from_containe
reading sources... [ 95%] chapters/fundamentals/duration/interfaces_compared/ind
reading sources... [100%] index
                                                     t/indexdexexexng/indexxdexindex
looking for now-outdated files... none found
pickling environment... done
checking consistency... done
build succeeded.
```

120 Chapter 28. Docs

The coverage report is now available in the docs/_build/coverage directory.

```
docs$ ls _build/
coverage doctrees html
```

28.8 Building other versions of the docs

Examine the Sphinx makefile in the Abjad docs / directory or change to the docs / directory and type make with no arguments to see a list of the other versions of the Abjad docs that are available to build.

28.9 Inserting images with abjad-book

Use abjad-book to insert snippets of notation in the docs you write in reST.

Embed Abjad code between open and close <abjad> </abjad> tags in your .rst.raw sourcefile and then call abjad-book to create a pure .rst file.

```
abjad-book foo.rst.raw foo.rst

Parsing file ...

Rendering "example-1.ly" ...

Rendering "example-2.ly" ...
```

You will need to build the HTML docs again to see your work.

```
make html
```

28.10 Updating Sphinx

It is important periodically to update your version of Sphinx. If you used <code>easy_install</code> to install Sphinx then the usual command to update Sphinx is this:

```
$ sudo easy_install -U Sphinx
```

This will usually work. But if Sphinx fails to update then it may be because you have multiple versions of Python installed on your computer. (This tends especially to be the case under Apple's OS X.)

To get around this first note the version of Python you're currently running:

Abjad Documentation, Release 2.2

```
$ python --version
Python 2.6.1
```

Then use a version-explicit form of easy_install to update Sphinx:

\$ sudo easy_install-2.6 -U Sphinx

122 Chapter 28. Docs

CHAPTER

TWENTYNINE

TESTS

Abjad includes an extensive battery of tests. Abjad is in a state of rapid development and extension. Major refactoring efforts are common every six to eight months and are likely to remain so for several years. And yet Abjad continues to allow the creation of complex pieces of fully notated score in the midst of these changes. We believe this is due to the extensive coverage provided by the automated regression battery described in the following sections.

29.1 Automated regression?

A battery is any collection of tests. Regression tests differ from other types of test in that they are designed to be run again and again during many different stages of the development process. Regression tests help ensure that the system continues to function correctly as developers make changes to it. An automated regression battery is one that can be run automatically by some sort of driver with minimal manual intervention.

Several different test drivers are now in use in the Python community. Abjad uses py.test. The py.test distribution is not included in the Python standard library, so one of the first thing new contributors to Abjad should do is download and install py.test, and then run the existing battery.

29.2 Running the battery

Change to the directory where you have Abjad installed. Then run py.test.

Abjad r4629 includes 4235 tests.

29.3 Reading test output

py.test crawls the entire directory structure from which you call it, running tests in alphabetical order. py.test prints the total number of tests per file in square brackets and prints test results as a single. dot for success or else an F for failure.

29.4 Writing tests

Project check-in standards ask that tests accompany all code committed to the Abjad repository. If you add a new function, class or method to Abjad, you should add a new test file for that function, class or method. If you fix or extend an existing function, class or method, you should find the existing test file that covers that code and then either add a completely new test to the test file or else update an existing test already present in the test file.

29.5 Test files start with test

When py.test first starts up it crawls the entire directory structure from which you call it prior to running a single test. As py.test executes this preflight work, it looks for any files beginning or ending with the string test and then collects and alphabetizes these. Only after making such a catalog of tests does py.test begin execution. This collect-and-cache behavior leads to the important point about naming, below.

29.6 Avoiding name conflicts

Note that the names of **test functions** must be absolutely unique across the entire directory structure on which you call py.test. You must never share names between test functions. For example, you must not have two tests named test_grob_handling_01() **even if both tests live in different test files**. That is, a test named test_grob_handling_01() living in the file test_accidental_grob_handling.py and a second test named test_grob_handling_01() living in the file test_notehead_grob_handling.py will conflict with the each other when py.test runs. And, unfortunately, **"py.test is silent about such conflicts when it runs**. That is, should you run py.test with the duplicate naming situation described here, what will happen is that py.test will correctly run and report results for the **first** such test it finds. However, when py.test encounters the second like-named test, py.test will incorrectly report cached results for the **first** test rather than the second. The take-away is to include some sort of namespacing indicators in every test name and not to be afraid of long test names. The test_grob_handling_01() example given here fixes easily when the two tests rename to test_accidental_grob_handling_01() and test_notehead_grob_handling_01().

29.7 Updating py.test

It is important periodically to update py.test.

The usual command to do this is:

```
$ sudo easy_install -U pytest
```

Note that pytest is here spelled without the intervening period.

124 Chapter 29. Tests

29.8 Running doctest on the tools directory

The Python standard library includes the doctest module as way of checking the correctness of examples included in Python docstrings. The module searches for instances of the Python interpreter prompt '>>>' and executes any code that follows. Abjad docs display the Abjad prompt 'abjad>' instead of the Python prompt. This means that all instances of the Abjad prompt must be changed to Python prompts before running doctest on the Abjad codebase. Three scripts in abjad/scr/devel help do this.

First change to the subdirectory of the Abjad source tree on which you'd like to run doctest. Then run these scripts:

replace-abjad-prompts-with-python-prompts
run-doctest-on-all-modules-in-tree
replace-python-prompts-with-abjad-prompts

After running run-doctest-on-all-modules-in-tree you can inspect the results that come back from doctest and make any fixes as required.

126 Chapter 29. Tests

SCRIPTS

The abjad/scr/devel directory contains scripts for Abjad developers. Add abjad/scr/devel to your PATH to use the scripts described below.

```
abjad$ ls scr/devel
                                                find-multifunction-modules
abj-grep
                                                find-multiline-import-statements
abj-grp
                                                find-nonalphabetized-module-headers
abj-rmpycs
abj-src-grp
                                                find-nontrivial-subdirectories
                                                find-public-helpers-without-docstrings
abj-test-grp
                                                find-undocumented-tools
abj-update
capitalize-test-file-names
                                                fix-nonalphabetized-module-headers
conjoin-multiline-import-statements
                                                fix-test-case-block-comments
count-source-lines
                                                fix-test-case-names
count-tools
                                                fix-test-case-numbers
duplicate-test-file
                                                format-lilypond-context-names-with-underscores
find-and-fix-manual-class-package-initializers list-private-modules
find-duplicate-module-names
                                                rebuild-docs
                                                reindent-3-spaces-as-4
find-duplicate-tool-module-names
find-import-as-statements
                                                reindent-4-spaces-as-3
find-local-import-statements
                                                reindent-spaces-variably
find-lower-camel-case-definitions
                                                remove-tmp-out-directories
find-lower-camel-case-modules
                                                rename-public-helper
find-manual-class-loads-in-initializers
                                                {\tt replace-abjad-prompts-with-python-prompts}
find-misnamed-private-modules
                                                replace-in-files
find-missing-test-modules
                                                replace-python-prompts-with-abjad-prompts
find-module-headers
                                                run-doctest-on-all-modules-in-tree
find-modules-with-chevrons
```

30.1 Searching the Abjad codebase with abj-grep

Abjad provides a wrapper around UNIX grep in the form of abj-grep. Use this script to recursively search the entire Abjad codebase, leaving out non-human-readable files, files located in special .svn Subversion subdirectories, and all files in the abjad/documentation directories. You can run abj-grep from any directory on your system; you needn't be in the Abjad source directories when you call abj-grep.

30.2 Removing old *.pyc files with abj-rmpycs

See the section on abj-update below for the reasons that it is a good idea to periodically remove the byte-compiled *.pyc files that Python generates for its own use behind the scenes. Abjad supplies abj-rmpycs to delete all the *.pyc in the Abjad codebase, leaving other *.pyc on your system untouched.

30.3 Updating your development copy of Abjad with abj-update

The normal way of updating your working copy of a Subversion repository is with the svn update or svn up command. You can update your working copy of Abjad in the usual way with svn up. But Abjad supplies an abj-update script as a wrapper around the usual Subversion update commands. In addition to updating your working copy of Abjad, abj-update populates the abjad/.version file with the most recent revision number of the system, and then removes all *.pyc files from your Abjad install. The benefits here are twofold. First, Abjad adds the most recent revision number of the system to all .ly files that you generate when working with Abjad. If you do not update the Abjad version file on a regular basis, the headers in your Abjad-generated .ly files will list the wrong version of the system. Second, as is the case in working with any substantial Python codebase, it is a good idea to periodically remove the byte-compiled *.pyc files that Python creates for its own use. The reason for this is inadvertant name aliasing. That is, if there was previously a module named foo.py somewhere in the system and if Python had at some point imported the module and created foo.pyc as a byprodct, this .pyc file will remain on the filesystem even if you later decide to remove, or rename, the source foo.py module. This lead to confusion because days or weeks after foo.py has been removed, Python will still find foo.pyc and seem to make the contents of foo.py available from beyond the grave. Updating with abj-update takes care of these two situations.

30.4 Counting lines of code with count-source-lines

Run count-source-lines for a count of lines of count divided between source and test files.

```
abjad$ count-source-lines

source_modules: 1703
test_modules: 1812

source_lines: 73942
test_lines: 76636

total lines: 150578
test-to-source ratio is 1 : 1
```

The script is directory-dependent so you can run it any the entire Abjad codebase or any subdirectory of the codebase.

30.5 Global search-and-replace with replace-in-files

You probably won't need to use replace-in-files very often. But if you are making changes to Abjad that will cause some name, such as FooBar, to be globally changed everywhere in the Abjad codebase to, say to foo_bar,

then you can use replace-in-files to save lots of time.

```
$ replace-in-files --help
Usage:
    replace-in-files DIR OLD_TEXT NEW_TEXT [CONFIRM=true/false]
    Crawl directory DIR and read every file in it recursively.
    Replace OLD_TEXT with NEW_TEXT in each file.
Set CONFIRM to 'false' to replace without prompting.
```

30.6 Adding new development scripts

If you write and then find yourself using a certain script over and over again when you're developing new code for Abjad, consider contributing back to the project so we can include your script in the next public release of Abjad. Scripts in the Abjad script directories end with no file extension and try to be as OS-portable as possible, which usually means writing the script in Python, rather than your operating system's shell, and relying heavily on Python's os module.

130 Chapter 30. Scripts

CHAPTER

THIRTYONE

TIMING CODE

You can time code with Python's built-in timeit module:

```
from abjad import *
import timeit

timer = timeit.Timer('Note(0, (1, 4))', 'from __main__ import Note')
print timer.timeit(1000)

0.225436925888
```

These results show that 1000 notes take 0.23 seconds to create.

Other Python timing modules are available for download on the public Internet.

PROFILING CODE

Profile code with profile_expr() in the iotools package:

```
abjad> iotools.profile_expr('Note(0, (1, 4))')
Sun Aug 14 16:50:36 2011
                          _tmp_abj_profile
        327 function calls (312 primitive calls) in 0.001 CPU seconds
   Ordered by: cumulative time
   List reduced from 96 to 12 due to restriction <12>
   ncalls tottime percall cumtime percall filename:lineno(function)
       1
            0.000
                    0.000
                              0.001
                                      0.001 <string>:1(<module>)
            0.000
                     0.000
                              0.001
                                       0.001 Note.py:18(__init__)
       1
            0.000
                    0.000
                            0.001
                                      0.001 Note.py:133(fset)
            0.000
                     0.000
                             0.001
                                      0.001 NoteHead.py:18(__init__)
            0.000
                    0.000
                             0.001
                                      0.001 NoteHead.py:121(fset)
            0.000
                     0.000
                             0.001
                                      0.001 NamedChromaticPitch.py:28(__new__)
            0.000
                    0.000
                             0.000
       1
                                      0.000 _Leaf.py:18(__init__)
            0.000
                    0.000
                             0.000
                                      0.000 chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_numbe
       1
            0.000
                     0.000
                             0.000
                                      0.000 octave_tick_string_to_octave_number.py:4(oct
       1
            0.000
                     0.000
                             0.000
                                      0.000 re.py:134 (match)
       1
       1
            0.000
                     0.000
                              0.000
                                      0.000 re.py:227(_compile)
            0.000
                     0.000
                              0.000
                                      0.000 sre_compile.py:501(compile)
```

These results show 327 function calls to create a note.

The profile_expr() function wraps the Python cProfile and pstats modules.

MEMORY CONSUMPTION

You can examine memory consumption with tools included in the guppy module:

```
from guppy import hpy
hp = hpy()
hp.setrelheap()
notes = [Note(0, (1, 4)) \text{ for } x \text{ in } range(1000)]
h = hp.heap()
print h
Partition of a set of 11024 objects. Total size = 586364 bytes.
                            % Cumulative % Kind (class / dict of class)
 Index Count %
                      Size
                                  124000 21 abjad.tools.notetools.Note.Note.Note
     0
        1000
              9
                    124000 21
     1
         1004
               9
                    116464 20
                                  240464 41 __builtin__.set
         2003
              18
                     76300 13
                                  316764
                                          54 list
         1000
                     52000
                            9
                                  368764
                                              abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch.NamedChromat
                                              icPitch.NamedChromaticPitch
         1000
                9
                     44000
                             8
                                  412764 70
                                              abjad.interfaces._OffsetInterface._OffsetInterface._Off
                                              setInterface
     5
         1000
                9
                     44000
                                  456764 78 abjad.tools.notetools.NoteHead.NoteHead.NoteHead
         1000
                     40000
                             7
                                  496764 85 0x23add0
         1000
                9
                     32000
                                  528764 90
                             5
                                              abjad.interfaces.ParentageInterface.ParentageInterface.
                                              ParentageInterface
     8
         1011
                9
                     28568
                             5
                                  557332 95 str
     9
         1000
                9
                     28000
                             5
                                  585332 100
                                              abjad.interfaces._NavigationInterface._NavigationInterf
                                              ace._NavigationInterface
<6 more rows. Type e.g. '_.more' to view.>
```

These results show 586K for 1000 notes.

You must download guppy from the public Internet because the module is not included in the Python standard library.

CLASS ATTRIBUTES

Consider the definition of this class:

```
class FooWithInstanceAttribute(object):
   def __init__(self):
      self.constants = (
         'red', 'orange', 'yellow', 'green',
         'blue', 'indigo', 'violet',
1000 objects consume 176k:
from guppy import hpy
hp = hpy()
hp.setrelheap()
objects = [FooWithInstanceAttribute() for x in range(1000)]
h = hp.heap()
print h
Partition of a set of 2004 objects. Total size = 176536 bytes.
 Index Count %
                    Size % Cumulative % Kind (class / dict of class)
                           79
                                140000 79 dict of __main__.FooWithInstanceAttribute
     0
       1000 50
                    140000
        1000 50
                                  172000 97 __main__.FooWithInstanceAttribute
     1
                    32000 18
          1
               0
                     4132
                            2
                                  176132 100 list
     3
            1
                0
                       348
                             0
                                  176480 100 types.FrameType
                                  176524 100 __builtin__.weakref
                0
                        44
                             0
            1
                                  176536 100 int
But consider the definition of this class:
class FooWithSharedClassAttribute(object):
   def __init__(self):
      pass
   self.constants = (
      'red', 'orange', 'yellow', 'green',
      'blue', 'indigo', 'violet',
      )
1000 objects consume only 36k:
from guppy import hpy
hp = hpy()
hp.setrelheap()
```

```
objects = [FooWithClassAttribute() for x in range(1000)]
h = hp.heap()
print h
Partition of a set of 1004 objects. Total size = 36536 bytes.
Index Count % Size % Cumulative % Kind (class / dict of class)
      1000 100 32000 88 32000 88 main.FooWithClassAttribute
                              36132 99 list
    1
         1 0 4132 11
    2
         1 0
                  348 1
                             36480 100 types.FrameType
                              36524 100 __builtin__.weakref
         1
             0
                   44 0
                    12 0
                              36536 100 int
```

Objects that share class attributes between them can consume less memory than objects that don't. But consider the usual provisions between class attributes and instance attributes when implementing custom classes. Class attributes make sense when objects will never modify the attribute in question. Class attributes also make sense when objects will modify the attribute in question and will desire to change the attribute in question for all other like objects at the same time. Probably best to use instance attributes in most other cases.

THIRTYFIVE

SLOTS

Consider the definition of this class:

```
class Foo(object)
  def __init__(self, a, b, c):
     self.a = a
     self.b = b
     self.c = c
1000 objects consume 176k:
from guppy import hpy
hp = hpy()
hp.setrelheap()
objects = [Foo(1, 2, 3) for x in range(1000)]
h = hp.heap()
print h
Partition of a set of 2004 objects. Total size = 176536 bytes.
Index Count % Size % Cumulative % Kind (class / dict of class)
                              140000 79 dict of __main__.FooWithInstanceAttribute
    0
       1000 50
                 140000 79
        1000 50
                  32000 18
                                172000 97 __main__.FooWithInstanceAttribute
    1
                               176132 100 list
         1
              0
                           2
                    4132
                          0
    3
           1
               0
                      348
                                176480 100 types.FrameType
                                176524 100 __builtin__.weakref
           1
               0
                      44
                           0
           1
               0
                       12
                           0
                                176536 100 int
```

But consider the definition of this class:

```
class FooWithSlots(object):
```

```
__slots__ = ('a', 'b', 'c')

def __init__ (self, a, b, c):
    self.a = a
    self.b = b
    self.c = c
```

1000 objects consume only 40k:

```
from guppy import hpy
hp = hpy()
hp.setrelheap()
objects = [FooWithSlots(1, 2, 3) for x in range(1000)]
h = hp.heap()
print h
```

```
Partition of a set of 1004 objects. Total size = 40536 bytes.
Index Count % Size % Cumulative % Kind (class / dict of class)
    0
       1000 100
                 36000 89
                                36000 89 <u>main</u>.Bar
                                40132 99 list
                   4132 10
    1
         1 0
    2
          1
              0
                                40480 100 types.FrameType
                    348
                         1
                         0
          1
              0
                     44
                                40524 100 __builtin__.weakref
              0
                      12
                          0
                                40536 100 int
```

The example here confirms the Python Reference Manual 3.4.2.4: "By default, instances of both old and new-style classes have a dictionary for attribute storage. This wastes space for objects having very few instance variables. The space consumption can become acute when creating large numbers of instances."

140 Chapter 35. Slots

CHAPTER

THIRTYSIX

TO-DO

Once you're comfortable making changes to Abjad, check out the open to-do items listed below:

Todo

this function should (but does not) copy marks that attach to *components* and to the immediate parent of the first component; extend function to do so.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/copy_components_and_immediate_parent_of_first_component.rst, line 68.)

Todo

Add usage examples.

(The original entry is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/iterate_components_depth_first.rst, line 9.)

Todo

optimize to avoid behind-the-scenes full-score traversal.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/iterate_timeline_backward_from_component.rst, line 40.)

Todo

optimize to avoid behind-the-scenes full-score traversal.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/iterate_timeline_backward_in_expr.rst, line 42.)

Todo

optimize to avoid behind-the-scenes full-score traversal.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/iterate_timeline_forward_from_component.rst, line 38.)

Todo

optimize to avoid behind-the-scenes full-score traversal.

(The original entry is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/iterate_timeline_forward_in_expr.rst, line 42.)

Todo

implement componenttools.list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_least().

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most.rst, line 20.)

Todo

implement componenttools.list_rightmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most().

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most.rst, line 23.)

Todo

implement componenttools.list_rightmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_least().

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most.rst, line 26.)

Todo

add n = 1 keyword to generalize flipped distance.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component [subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component [subtree_to_right_immediate_parent_of_component [subtree_to_right_immediate_parent_of_component_of_

Todo

make componenttools.move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component()
work when spanners attach to children of component:

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_compoline 37.)

Todo

regularize return value of function.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/componenttools/remove_component_subtree_from_score_and_spanners.rst, line 95.)

Todo

Write a documentation chapter on quantization.

(The original entry is located in chapters/api/tools/quantizationtools/QGridQuantizer/QGridQuantizer.rst, line 83.)

Todo

142 Chapter 36. To-do

Implement multiprocessing-based QGrid comparison

(The original entry is located in chapters/api/tools/quantizationtools/QGridQuantizer/QGridQuantizer.rst, line 84.)

Todo

Implement an optional *wrap* keyword to specify whether this function should wrap around the ened of *sequence* whenever len(sequence) < start + length or not.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/seqtools/repeat_runs_in_sequence_to_count.rst, line 57.)

Todo

Reimplement this function to return a generator.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/seqtools/repeat_runs_in_sequence_to_count.rst, line 59.)

Todo

Return (immutable) tuple instead of (mutable) list.

(The original entry is located in chapters/api/tools/spannertools/Spanner/Spanner.rst, line 219.)

Todo

write tietools.get_preprolated_tie_chain_duration() tests.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/tietools/get_preprolated_tie_chain_duration.rst, line 7.)

Todo

Write tietools.get_prolated_tie_chain_duration() tests.

(The original entry is located in chapters/api/tools/tietools/get_prolated_tie_chain_duration.rst, line 7.)

Todo

Write tietools.get tie chain duration in seconds() tests.

(The original entry is located in chapters/api/tools/tietools/get_tie_chain_duration_in_seconds.rst, line 7.)

Todo

Implement diatonic_interval_class_set_to_chord_quality_string().

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/tonalitytools/diatonic_interval_class_segment_to_chord_quality_string.rst, line 19.)

Todo

make work with nested tuplets.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/tuplettools/change_augmented_tuplets_in_expr_to_diminished.rst, line 16.)

Todo

make work with nested tuplets.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/tuplettools/change_diminished_tuplets_in_expr_to_augmented.rst, line 16.)

Todo

optimize without full-component traversal.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/verticalitytools/get_vertical_moment_at_prolated_offset_in_expr.rst, line 49.)

Todo

optimize without full-component traversal.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/verticalitytools/get_vertical_moment_starting_with_component.rst, line 55.)

Todo

optimize without multiple full-component traversal.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/verticalitytools/iterate_vertical_moments_backward_in_expr.rst, line 62.)

Todo

optimize without multiple full-component traversal.

(The *original entry* is located in chapters/api/tools/verticalitytools/iterate_vertical_moments_forward_in_expr.rst, line 62.)

Appendices

144 Chapter 36. To-do

FROM TREVOR AND VÍCTOR

We are composers Trevor Bača and Víctor Adán, creators of Abjad, and our earliest collaborative work dates back to shared undergraduate years in Austin. It was the mid- to late-90s and we found ourselves interested in ways of building up ever larger sets of musical materials in our scores, with ever greater amounts of musical information.

Our work then began with pitch formalization, creating materials in C and then writing the results as MIDI to hear what we'd created. Turns out that this is a fairly common gateway into materials generation for many composers, and so it was for us. Probably this was, and is, due to the ever present availability of MIDI and, to a lesser extent, CSound. But even back then it was clear to us to finding ways to embody other aspects of the musical score – from nested rhythms to the different approaches to the musical measure to the arbitrarily complex structures possible with overlapping musical voices – would require a wholly different level of consideration, and different development techniques as well.

As an example, consider flat lists of floating-point values. This basic data structure, together with the constant need some type of quantification or rounding, feeds much of most composers' work with CSound, pd and the like. It is a good thing, therefore, that essentially all modern programming languages include tools for manipulating flat lists of floats out of the box, or in the standard library. But what happens when you want to think of pitch as something much more than integers for core values with, perhaps, floats for microtones? What if you want to work with pitches as fully-fledged objects? Objects capable of carrying arbitrarily large sets of attributes and values? Objects that might group together, first into sets, and then into larger assemblages, and then into still larger complexes of pitch information loaded, or even overloaded, with cross-relationships or textural implications? Carrying this surplus of information about pitch, or the potential uses of pitch, in data structures limited to, or centered around, the list-of-floats paradigm then becomes a burden.

And what of working with rhythms not only as offset values, as implied by the list-of-floats approach, but as arbitrarily nested, stretched, compressed and stacked sets of values, as allowed by the tupleting and measure structures of conventional score? A different approach is needed.

There was, and still is, no reason to believe that general purpose programming languages and development tools should come readily supplied with the objects and methods most suitable for composerly applications. And this means that the attributes of a domain-specific language that will best meet the needs of composes interested in working formally with the full complement of capabilities in traditional score remains an open question.

We continued our work in score formalization independenly until 2005, Trevor in a system that would come to be called Lascaux, and Víctor in a system dubbed Cuepatlahto. We experimented with C, Mathematica and Matlab as the core programming languages driving our systems before settling independently on Python, Víctor out of experiece at MIT, where he was working on his masters at the Media Lab with Berry Vercoe, and Trevor out of the working necessities of a professional developer and engineer.

We passed through indepedent experiences using Finale, Sibelius, Leland Smith's SCORE, and even Adobe Illustrator as the notational rendering engines for Lascaux and Cuepatlahto. Through all of this, both systems were designed to tackle a shared set of problems. These included:

1. The difficulty involved in transcribing larger scale and highly parameterized gestures and textures into traditional Western notation.

- 2. The general inflexbility of closed, commercial music notation software packages.
- 3. The relative inability of objects on the printed page in conventional score to point to each other or, indeed, to other objects or ideas outside the printed page in ways rich enough to help capture, model and develop long-range, nonlocal relationships throughout our scores.

Afer collaborating on a joint paper describing the two systems, and after discussing collaborative design and implementation at length, both online and in weekends' long review of our respective codebases, we decided to combine our efforts into a single, unified project. That project is now Abjad.

In our work on Abjad we strive to develop a powerful and flexible symbolic system. We picked the phrase 'formalized score control', or FSC, as a nod to Xenakis, who was so far ahead in so many ways, and also to highlight our primary project goal: to bring the full power of modern programming languages, and tools in mathematics, text processing, pattern recognition, and modular, iterative and incremental development to bear on all parts of the compositional process.

WHY LILYPOND IS RIGHT FOR ABJAD

Early versions of Abjad wrote MIDI files for input to Finale and Sibelius. Later versions of Abjad wrote .pbx files for input into Leland Smith's SCORE. Over time we found LilyPond superior to Finale, Sibelius and SCORE.

38.1 Nested tuplets works out of the box

LilyPond uses a single construct to nest tuplets arbitrarily:

```
\new stafftools.RhythmicStaff {
    \times 7/8
    \times 7/8 {
        \times 7/5 { c16 c16 c16 c16 c16 }
        \times 3/5 { c8 c8 c8 c8 c8 }
    }
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([Measure((7, 8), [ ])])
abjad> measure = staff[0]
abjad> measure.append(Note('c8.'))
abjad> measure.append(Tuplet(Fraction(7, 5), 5 * Note('c16')))
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(measure[-1])
abjad> measure.append(Tuplet(Fraction(3, 5), 5 * Note('c8')))
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(measure[-1])
abjad> Tuplet (Fraction (7, 8), measure.music)
abjad> staff.override.tuplet_bracket.bracket_visibility = True
abjad> staff.override.tuplet_bracket.padding = 1.6
abjad> show(staff)
                            5:7
                                                       5:3
```

LilyPond's tuplet input syntax works the same as any other recursive construct.

38.2 Broken tuplets work out of the box

LilyPond engraves tupletted notes interrupted by nontupletted notes correctly:

```
\new Staff {
    \times 4/7 { c'16 c'16 c'16 c'16 }
    c'8 c'8
    \times 4/7 { c'16 c'16 c'16 }
}

abjad> t = Tuplet(Fraction(4, 7), Note(0, (1, 16)) * 4)
abjad> notes = Note(0, (1, 8)) * 2
abjad> u = Tuplet(Fraction(4, 7), Note(0, (1, 16)) * 3)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(notes)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(u)
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 8), [t] + notes + [u])
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])
abjad> show(staff)
```

38.3 Nonbinary meters work out of the box

The rhythm above rewrites with time signatures in place of tuplets:

```
\new Staff {
    \time 4/28 c'16 c'16 c'16 c'16 |
    \time 2/8 c'8 c'8 |
    \time 3/28 c'16 c'16 c'16 |
}

abjad> t = Measure((4, 28), Note(0, (1, 16)) * 4)
abjad> u = Measure((2, 8), Note(0, (1, 8)) * 2)
abjad> v = Measure((3, 28), Note(0, (1, 16)) * 3)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(u)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(v)
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([t, u, v])
abjad> show(staff)
```

The time signatures 4/28 and 3/28 here have a denominator not equal to 4, 8, 16 or any other nonnegative integer power of two. Abjad calls such time signatures **nonbinary meters** and LilyPond engraves them correctly.

38.4 Lilypond models the musical measure correctly

Most engraving packages make the concept of the measure out to be more important than it should. We see evidence of this wherever an engraving package makes it difficult for either a long note or the notes of a tuplet to cross a barline. These difficulties come from working the idea of measure-as-container deep into object model of the package.

There is a competing way to model the musical measure that we might call the measure-as-background way of thinking about things. Western notation pratice started absent any concept of the barline, introduced the idea gradually, and

has since retreated from the necessity of the convention. Engraving packages that pick out an understanding of the barline from the 18th or 19th centuries subscribe to the measure-as-container view of things and oversimplify the problem. One result of this is to render certain barline-crossing rhythmic figures either an inelegant hack or an outright impossibility. LilyPond eschews the measure-as-container model in favor of the measure-as-background model better able to handle both earlier and later notation practice.

WHY MIDI IS NOT ENOUGH

Given that Abjad models written musical score, it might seem odd for MIDI to be even mentioned in this manual. Yet, until fairly recently, MIDI has played a role (sometimes tangential, other times fundamental) in a variety of software tools related to music notation and engraving.

39.1 A very brief overview of midi

MIDI (Musical Instrument Digital Interface) was first introduced in 1981 by Dave Smith, the founder of Sequential Circuits. The original purpose of MIDI was to allow the communication between different electronic musical instruments; more specifically, to allow one device to send **control** data to another device. Typical messages might be "note On" (play a *note*) "note Off" (turn off a *note*). A MIDI "note" message, for example, is composed of three bytes: the first byte (the Status byte) tells the device what kind of message this is (e.g. a Note On message). The second byte encodes key number (which key was pressed) and the third byte, velocity (how hard the key was pressed). It should be clear that a *Note* in this context means something very different than *Note* in the context of a traditional printed score. While the bias towards keyboard interfaces is clear in the definition of the MIDI Note control message, one can still give the MIDI note a more general use by reinterpreting "key number" as pitch and "velocity" as loudness, the usual perceptual correlates of these control changes as well as the most meaningful musical parameters in western music.

With the subsequent proliferation of music production software, the SMF (Standard Midi File) was introduced to allow the recording and storage of the control data from a MIDI stream. The SMF required a time stamp to keep track of when control messages took place. These are called "delta-times" in the SMF specification.

"The MTrk chunk type is where actual song data is stored. It is simply a stream of MIDI events (and non-MIDI events), preceded by delta-time values."

In combination with the MIDI Note message, the addition of duration now allowed one to have a minimal but sufficient **machine** representation—a machine score—of music requiring only these parameters: duration, pitch and loudness. Such is the case of most piano music.

39.2 Limitations of midi from the point of view of score modeling

But, alas, there is much more information in a printed score that can not be practically encoded in a SMF. Common musical notions such as meter, clef, key signature, articulation, to name only a few, are ignored. A desire to include some of these concepts in MIDI is evident in the inclusion of some so called *meta-events*. From the SMF specification: "specifies non-MIDI information useful to this format or to sequencers." Examples of *meta-events* are *Time Signature* and *Key Signature*. In addition to the semantic elements just mentioned, there are also the typographical elements (such as line thickness, spacing, color, fonts, etc.) that all printed scores carry. This extra layer of information is completely absent in a SMF. However, from the point of view of encoding a printed score, the main limitation of MIDI is not the lack musical features or the absence of typographical data, but the assumption that musical durations, pitches

and loudnesses can be each fully and efficiently encoded with integers or even fractions. In a printed score, this is not the case for any of them. MIDI encodes only *magnitudes*: time interval magnitudes, pitch interval magnitudes, velocity magnitudes. While these may be sufficient attributes for an automated piano performance, they are not all the attributes of notes in a printed score.

39.3 Written note durations vs. midi delta-times

Assume a fixed tempo has been set. Assume that all magnitudes are represented with (and limited to) rational numbers. A time interval magnitude d = 1/4 has an infinity of equivalent representations in terms of magnitude: d = 1/4 = 1/8 * 2 = 1/8 + 1/16 * 2 ... etc. So, for example, while equivalent in magnitude, these are not the same notated durations:

```
abjad> m1 = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure([Note("c'4")])
abjad> m2 = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure(Note(0, (1, 8)) * 2)
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(m2)
abjad> m3 = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure([Note(0, (1, 8))] + Note(0, (1, 16)) * 2)
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(m3)
abjad> r = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([m1, m2, m3])
abjad> iotools.write_expr_to_ly(r, 'midi-1')
```

39.4 Written note pitch vs. midi note-on

A similar thing happens with pitches. In MIDI, key (pitch) number 61 is a half tone above middle C. But how is this pitch to be notated? As a C sharp or a B flat?

```
abjad> m1 = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure([Note(1, (1, 4))])
abjad> m2 = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure([Note(('df', 4), (1, 4))])
abjad> r = Staff([m1, m2])
abjad> iotools.write_expr_to_ly(r, 'midi-2')
```

39.5 Conclusion

MIDI was not designed for score representation. MIDI is a simple communication protocol intended for real-time control. As such, it naturally lacks the adequate model to represent the full range of information found in printed scores.

CHAPTER

FORTY

CONFIGURATION

When first run, Abjad creates an .abjad directory in your own \$HOME directory. In \$HOME/.abjad you will find the Abjad configuration file: config.py. Here you can tell Abjad about your preferred PDF file viewer, MIDI player, your preferred LilyPond language, etc. All relevant variables have defaults that you can change to suit your needs. In Linux, for example, you might want to set your pdfviewer to evince and your midiplayer to timidity.

config.py is a regular Python file, so you should make sure the file follows Python syntax.

RECALLING OUTPUT

41.1 Reopening Abjad PDFs

After you build a piece of notation and open with show() you will usually close the resulting PDF and continue working, changing your output notation in an iterative and incremental way.

```
abjad> staff = Staff(construct.scale(8))
abjad> show(staff)
```

But what if you need to go back and open the resulting PDF again? Abjad provides pdf () for precisely this purpose. Type the following at the Abjad prompt to open the most recent PDF written by Abjad.

```
abjad> pdf()
```

If you want to open not the next-to-most recent PDF generated by Abjad, pass in a -1. And for the next-to-most recent, pass in a -2, and so on.

41.2 Looking at LilyPond output

Abjad generates a LilyPond . 1y file for every Abjad expression that you build and show (). To look at these LilyPond . 1y files that Abjad builds behind the scenes, use 1y ().

```
abjad> ly()

% Abjad revision 2362
% 2009-06-25 10:30

\version "2.12.2"
\include "english.ly"
\include "/Users/trevorbaca/Documents/abjad/trunk/abjad/scm/abjad.scm"

\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    g'8
    a'8
    b'8
    c''8
```

Abjad opens the LilyPond .ly file in your favorite text editor.

These LilyPond .ly files that Abjad generates all have the same basic structure. The current version of Abjad and the date appear first, followed by the mandatory LilyPond version string and LilyPond directives for English note names and the default Abjad .scm file. The remainder of the file is reserved for the LilyPond input code corresponding to the expression you just built in Abjad.

When you are done looking at the LilyPond . Ly file quit your text editor to return to the Abjad interpreter.

41.3 Looking at the LilyPond log

If things go wrong when you call show () or one of the other Abjad functions that call LilyPond behind the scenes, if may be helpful to examine the output that LilyPond writes to the LilyPond log.

```
abjad> log()

GNU LilyPond 2.12.2

Processing '1420.ly'

Parsing...

Interpreting music...

Preprocessing graphical objects...

Finding the ideal number of pages...

Fitting music on 1 page...

Drawing systems...

Layout output to '1420.ps'...

Converting to './1420.pdf'...
```

This is the normal output that LilyPond generates every time you call the program behind. When you are done looking at the LilyPond log, quit your text editor to return to the Abjad interpreter.

CHAPTER

FORTYTWO

WORKING WITH LILYPOND MULTIPLIERS

The LilyPond * operator allows the creation of duration multipliers against notes, rests, chords and skips.

You can assign LilyPond multipliers in Abjad:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> note.duration_multiplier = Fraction(1, 6)
```

LilyPond multipliers change the multiplied duration of notes, rests, chords and skips:

```
abjad> note.multiplied_duration
Duration(1, 24)
```

LilyPond multipliers leave written duration unchanged:

```
abjad> note.written_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

LILYPOND EQUIVALENCIES IN ABJAD

43.1 Turning on proportional notation

Turn on proportional notation like this:

```
abjad> score = Score([])
abjad> score.set.proportional_notation_duration = schemetools.SchemeMoment(1, 24)
abjad> score.override.spacing_spanner.uniform_stretching = True
abjad> score.override.spacing_spanner.strict_note_spacing = True
```

To produce LilyPond input that looks like this:

```
abjad> f(score)
\new Score \with {
          \override SpacingSpanner #'strict-note-spacing = ##t
          \override SpacingSpanner #'uniform-stretching = ##t
          proportionalNotationDuration = #(ly:make-moment 1 24)
} <<
>>
```

CODING STANDARDS

Indent with spaces, not with tabs. Use four spaces at a time:

```
def foo(x, y):
    return x + y
```

Introduce comments with three pound signs and a single space:

```
### comment before foo
def foo(x, y):
    return x + y
```

Favor early imports at the head of each module. Only one import per line:

```
from foo import x
from foo import y
from foo import z
```

Include two blank lines after import statements before the rest of the module:

```
from foo import x
from foo import y
from foo import z

class Foo(object):
    ...
    ...
```

Wrap docstrings with triple apostrophes and align like this:

```
def foo(x, y):
    '''This is the first line of the foo docstring.
    This is the second line of the foo docstring.
    And this is the last line of the foo docstring.
    '''
```

Use paired apostrophes to delimit strings:

```
s = 'foo'
```

Use paired quotation marks to delimit strings within a string:

```
s = 'foo and "bar"'
```

Name classes in upper camelcase:

```
def FooBar(object):
    ...
...
```

Name bound methods in underscore-delimited lowercase:

Name module-level functions in underscore-delimited lowercase:

Separate bound method definitions with a single empty line:

Organize the definitions of core classes into the five following major sections plus initialization:

```
class FooBar(object):
    def __init__(self, x, y):
        ...

### OVERLOADS ###

def __repr__(self):
        ...

def __str__(self):
        ...

### PRIVATE ATTRIBUTES ###

@property
def _foo(self):
        ...

### PUBLIC ATTRIBUTES ###

@property
def bar(self):
```

Preceed private class attributes with a single underscore:

Use < less-than signs in preference to greater-than signs:

```
if x < y < z:
```

Limit lines to 110 characters and use \ to break lines where necessary.

Eliminate trivial slice indices. Use s[:4] instead of s[0:4].

Do not abbreviate variable names.

Name variables that represent a list or other collection of objects in the plural.

Implement only one class per module.

Implement only one function per module.

Author one py.test test file for every module-level function.

Author one py.test test file for every bound method in the public interface of a class.

WORKING WITH LISTS OF NUMBERS

Python provides a built-in list class that you can use to carry around almost anything. The examples here show how to create a list of numbers and then do things with the numbers in the list.

Create a list with square brackets.

```
abjad> my_list = [23, 7, 10, 18, 13, 20, 3, 2, 18, 9, 14, 3] abjad> my_list [23, 7, 10, 18, 13, 20, 3, 2, 18, 9, 14, 3]
```

Use len () to find the number of elements in any list.

```
abjad> len(my_list)
12
```

Use append () to add one element to a list.

```
abjad> my_list.append(5)
abjad> my_list
[23, 7, 10, 18, 13, 20, 3, 2, 18, 9, 14, 3, 5]
```

Use extend() to extend one list with the contents of another.

```
abjad> my_other_list = [19, 11, 4, 10, 12]
abjad> my_list.extend(my_other_list)
abjad> my_list
[23, 7, 10, 18, 13, 20, 3, 2, 18, 9, 14, 3, 5, 19, 11, 4, 10, 12]
```

Use reverse () to reverse the elements in a list.

```
abjad> my_list.reverse()
abjad> my_list
[12, 10, 4, 11, 19, 5, 3, 14, 9, 18, 2, 3, 20, 13, 18, 10, 7, 23]
```

You can return a single value from a list with a numeric index.

```
abjad> my_list[0]
12
abjad> my_list[1]
10
abjad> my_list[2]
```

You can return many values from a list with slice notation.

```
abjad> my_list[:4] [12, 10, 4, 11]
```

More information on these and all other operations defined on the built-in Python list is available in the Pytho tutorial.
tutoriai.

PITCH CONVENTIONS

46.1 Accidental abbreviations

Abjad abbreviates accidentals according to the LilyPond english.ly module:

accidental name	abbreviation
quarter sharp	'qs'
quarter flat	ʻqf'
sharp	's'
flat	'f'
three-quarters sharp	'tqs'
three-quarters flat	'tqf'
double sharp	'ss'
double flat	'ff'

46.2 Chromatic pitch numbers

Abjad numbers chromatic pitches by semitone with middle C set equal to 0:



The code to generate this table is as follows:

```
score, treble_staff, bass_staff = scoretools.make_empty_piano_score()
duration = Fraction(1, 32)

treble = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure([ ])
bass = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure([ ])

treble_staff.append(treble)
bass_staff.append(bass)

pitches = range(-12, 12 + 1)

cfgtools.set_default_accidental_spelling('sharps')
```

```
for i in pitches:
   note = Note(i, duration)
   rest = Rest(duration)
   clef = pitchtools.suggest_clef_for_named_chromatic_pitches([note.pitch])
   if clef == contexttools.ClefMark('treble'):
        treble.append(note)
        bass.append(rest)
   else:
        treble.append(rest)
        bass.append(note)
        diatonic_pitch_number = str(note.pitch.numbered_chromatic_pitch)
        markuptools.Markup(diatonic_pitch_number, 'down') (bass[-1])

score.override.rest.transparent = True
score.override.stem.stencil = False

show(score, 'paris.ly')
```

46.3 Diatonic pitch numbers

Abjad numbers diatonic pitches by staff space with middle C set equal to 0:



The code to generate this table is as follows:

```
score, treble_staff, bass_staff = scoretools.make_empty_piano_score()
duration = Fraction(1, 32)
treble = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure([])
bass = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure([])
treble_staff.append(treble)
bass_staff.append(bass)
pitches = []
diatonic_pitches = [0, 2, 4, 5, 7, 9, 11]
pitches.extend([-24 + x for x in diatonic_pitches])
pitches.extend([-12 + x for x in diatonic_pitches])
pitches.extend([0 + x for x in diatonic_pitches])
pitches.extend([12 + x for x in diatonic_pitches])
pitches.append(24)
cfgtools.set_default_accidental_spelling('sharps')
for i in pitches:
   note = Note(i, duration)
   rest = Rest(duration)
   clef = pitchtools.suggest_clef_for_named_chromatic_pitches([note.pitch])
    if clef == contexttools.ClefMark('treble'):
```

```
treble.append(note)
    bass.append(rest)
else:
    treble.append(rest)
    bass.append(note)
    diatonic_pitch_number = abs(note.pitch.numbered_diatonic_pitch)
    markuptools.Markup(diatonic_pitch_number, 'down')(bass[-1])
score.override.rest.transparent = True
score.override.stem.stencil = False
show(score, 'paris.ly')
```

46.4 Octave designation

Abjad designates octaves with both numbers and ticks:

Octave notation	Tick notation
C7	c'''
C6	c'''
C5	c''
C4	c'
C3	c
C2	c,
C1	c,,

46.5 Accidental spelling

Abjad chooses between enharmonic spellings at pitch-initialization according to the following table:

Chromatic pitch-class number	Chromatic pitch-class name (default)
0	С
1	C#
2	D
3	Eb
4	E
5	F
6	F#
7	G
8	Gb
9	A
10	Bb
11	В

```
abjad> staff = Staff([Note(n, (1, 8)) for n in range(12)])
abjad> show(staff)
```



Use pitch tools to respell with sharps:

abjad> pitchtools.respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_sharps(staff)
abjad> show(staff)



Or flats:

abjad> pitchtools.respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_flats(staff)
abjad> show(staff)



SETTING PITCH DEVIATION

Use deviation to model the fact that two pitches differ by a fraction of a semitone:

```
abjad> note_1 = Note(24, (1, 2))
abjad> note_2 = Note(24, (1, 2))
abjad> staff = Staff([note_1, note_2])
abjad> show(staff)
```



abjad> note_2.written_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch(24, deviation = -31)

The pitch of the the first note is greater than the pitch of the second:

```
abjad> note_1.written_pitch > note_2.written_pitch
True
```

Use markup to include indications of pitch deviation in your score:

abjad> markuptools.Markup(note_2.written_pitch.deviation_in_cents, 'up')(note_2)



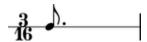
DURATION CONVENTIONS

48.1 Introduction

Abjad publishes information about many durated score objects.

Notes, rests, chords and skips carry some duration attributes:

```
abjad> note = Note(0, (3, 16))
abjad> measure = Measure((3, 16), [note])
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])
abjad> note.written_duration
Duration(3, 16)
```



Tuplets, measures, voices, staves and the other containers carry duration attributes, too:

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(3, 16), Note(0, (1, 16)) * 5)
abjad> measure = Measure((3, 16), [tuplet])
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])
abjad> tuplet.multiplier
Duration(3, 5)
```



The next chapters document core duration concepts in Abjad.

48.2 Assignability

Western notation readily admits rational values like 1/4. But values like 1/5 notate only with tuplet brackets or special time signatures. Abjad formalizes the difference between rationals like 1/4 and 1/5 in the definition of rational assignability.

Rational values n/d are assignable when and only when numerator n is of the form k (2**u-j) and denominator d is of the form 2**v. In this definition d and d must be nonnegative integers, d must be a positive integer, and d must be either d or d and d must be either d and d and d must be either d and d and d must be either d and d and d and d must be either d and d and d and d must be either d and d and d and d must be either d and d

Abjad initializes notes, rests and chords with assignable durations only.

48.3 Prolation

Abjad uses **prolation** as a cover term for rhythmic augmentation and diminution. Augmentation increases the duration of notes, rests and chords. Diminution does the opposite. Western notation employs tuplet brackets and special types of time signature to effect prolation.

48.3.1 Tuplet prolation

Tuplets prolate their contents:

```
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(5, 4), 4 * Note("c'8"))
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([Measure((5, 8), [tuplet])])
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(tuplet)
abjad> show(staff)

4:5

abjad> note = tuplet[0]
abjad> note.written_duration
Duration(1, 8)

abjad> note.prolation
Fraction(5, 4)

abjad> note.prolated_duration
Duration(5, 32)
```

Notes here with written duration 1/8 carry prolation factor 5/4 and prolated duration 5/32.

48.3.2 Meter prolation

Time signatures in western notation usually carry a denominator equal to a nonnegative integer power of 2. Abjad calls these conventional meters **binary meters**. Denominators equal to integers other than integer powers of 2 are also possible. Such **nonbinary meters** rhythmically diminish the contents of the measures they govern:

```
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 10), Note(0, (1, 8)) * 4)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(measure)
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])

abjad> note = staff.leaves[0]
abjad> note.prolation
Fraction(4, 5)

abjad> note.prolated_duration
Duration(1, 8)

abjad> note.prolation
Fraction(4, 5)
```

```
abjad> note.prolated_duration
Duration(1, 10)
```

Notes here with written duration 1/8 carry prolation factor 4/5 and prolated duration 1/10.

48.3.3 The prolation chain

Tuplets nest and combine freely with different types of meter. When two or more **prolation donors** conspire, the prolation factor they collectively bestow on leaf-level music equals the cumulative product of all prolation factors in the **prolation chain**. All durated components carry a prolation chain:

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(4, 8), Note(0, (1, 16)) * 7)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(tuplet)
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 10), [tuplet])
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])
```



```
abjad> measure.multiplier
Fraction(4, 5)

abjad> note = measure.leaves[0]
abjad> note.prolation
Duration(32, 35)

abjad> note.prolated_duration
Duration(2, 35)
```

Notes here with written duration 1/16 carry prolated duration 2/35.

Note: Western notation does not recognize tuplet brackets carrying one-to-one ratios. Such **trivial tuplets** may, however, be useful during different stages of composition, and Abjad allows them for that reason. Trivial tuplets carry **zero prolation**. Zero-prolated tuplets neither augment nor diminish the music they contain.

Note: Abjad implements one of two competing nonbinary **meter-interpretation schemes**. The first, **implicit meter-interpretation** given here, follows, for example, Ferneyhough, in that nonbinary meters prolate the contents of the measures they govern implicitly, ie, without recourse to tuplet brackets. The second, **explicit meter-interpretation**, which we find in, for example, Sciarrino, insists instead on the presence of some tuplet bracket, usually engraved in some broken or incomplete way. The implicit meter-interpretation that Abjad implements differs from the explicit meter-interpretation native to LilyPond. Abjad will eventually implement both implicit and explicit meter-interpretation, settable on a container-by-container basis.

Note: Nonbinary meter n/d rhythmically diminishes the contents of the measure it governs by a factor j/k, with k=d, and with j equal to the greatest integer power of 2 less than d. That is, j=2**int(log2(d)).

48.4 Duration types

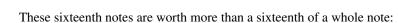
Abjad publishes duration information about all score components.

48.4.1 Written duration

Abjad uses **written duration** to refer to the face value of notes, rests and chords prior to prolation. Abjad written duration corresponds to the informal names most frequently used when talking about note duration.

These sixteenth notes are worth a sixteenth of a whole note:

```
abjad> measure = Measure((5, 16), Note(0, (1, 16)) * 5)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(measure)
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])
abjad> note = measure[0]
abjad> note.written_duration
Duration(1, 16)
```



```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(5, 16), Note(0, (1, 16)) * 4)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(tuplet)
abjad> measure = Measure((5, 16), [tuplet])
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])
abjad> note = tuplet[0]
abjad> note.written_duration
Duration(1, 16)
```



The notes in these examples are 'sixteenth notes' that carry different prolated durations. Abjad written duration captures the fact that the note heads and flag counts of the two examples match.

Written duration is a user-assignable rational number. Users can assign and reassign the written duration of notes, rests and chords at initialization and at any time during the life of the note, rest or chord. Written durations must be assignable; see the chapter on *assignability* for details. Note that Abjad containers do not carry written duration.

48.4.2 Prolated duration

Prolation refers to the duration-scaling effects of tuplets and special types of time signature. Prolation is a way of thinking about the contribution that musical structure makes to the duration of score objects. All durated Abjad objects carry a prolated duration. Prolated duration is an emergent property of notes, tuplets and other durated objects. The prolated duration of notes, rests and chords equals the product of the written duration and prolation of those objects. The prolated duration of tuplets, measures and other containers equals the the container's duration interface multiplied by the container's prolation.

48.4.3 Contents duration

Abjad defines the **contents duration** of tuplets, measures, voices, staves and other containers equal to the sum of the **preprolated duration** of each of the elements in the container.

The measure here contains two eighth notes and tuplet. These elements carry preprolated durations equal to 1/8, 1/8 and 2/8, respectively:

```
abjad> notes = Note(0, (1, 8)) * 2
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(notes)
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), Note(0, (1, 8)) * 3)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(tuplet)
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 8), notes + [tuplet])
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])
abjad> measure.contents_duration
Duration(1, 2)
3:2
```

The contents duration of the measure here equals 1/8 + 1/8 + 2/8 = 4/8.

48.4.4 Target duration

Abjad defines the target duration of fixed-duration tuplets equal to composer-settable duration to which the tuplet prolates its contents.

This fixed-duration tuplet carries a target duration equal to 4/8:

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(4, 8), Note(0, (1, 8)) * 5)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(tuplet)
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 8), [tuplet])
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])
abjad> print tuplet.contents_duration
5/8
abjad> tuplet.target_duration
Duration(1, 2)
5:4
```

The tuplet contents sum to 5/8. But tuplet target duration always equals 4/8.

48.4.5 Multiplied duration

Abjad defines the multiplied duration of notes, rests and chords equal to the product of written duration and leaf multiplier.

The first two notes below carry leaf mulitipliers equal to 2/1:

```
abjad> notes = Note(0, (1, 16)) * 4
abjad> notes[0].duration_multiplier = Fraction(2, 1)
abjad> notes[1].duration_multiplier = Fraction(2, 1)
abjad> measure = Measure((3, 8), notes)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(measure)
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff([measure])
abjad> note = measure[0]
abjad> note.written_duration
Duration(1, 16)
```

```
abjad> note.duration_multiplier
Fraction(2, 1)

abjad> note.written_duration * note.duration_multiplier
Duration(1, 8)
abjad> note.multiplied_duration
Duration(1, 8)
```

The written duration of these first two notes equals 1/16 and so the multiplied duration of these first two notes equals 1/16 * 2/1 = 1/8.

48.5 Duration initialization

Durated Abjad classes initialize duration from arguments in the form (n, d) with numerator n and denominator d.

```
abjad> note = Note(0, (3, 16))
```



Durated classes include notes, rests, chords, skips, tuplets and measures.

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), Note(0, (1, 8)) \star 3) abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(tuplet)
```



Abjad restricts notes, rests, chords and skips to durations like 3/16 that can be written with dots, beams and flags without ties or brackets. Abjad allows arbitrary positive durations like 5/8 for tuplets and measures.

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(5, 8), Note(0, (1, 8)) \star 4) abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(tuplet)
```



Abjad supports breves.

```
abjad> note = Note(0, (2, 1))
```



And longas.

```
abjad > note = Note(0, (4, 1))
```



Note: The restriction that the written durations of notes, rests, chords and skips be expressible with some combination of dots, flags and beams without recourse to ties and brackets generalizes to the condition of note_head assignability. Values (n, d) are note_head-assignable when and only when (1) d is a nonnegative integer power of 2; (2) n is either a nonnegative integer power of 2 or is a nonnegative integer power of 2, minus 1; and (3) n/d is less than or equal to 8. Condition (3) captures the fact that LilyPond provides no glyph with greater duration than the maxima (equal to eight whole notes).

Note: Integer forms like 4 as a substitute for (4, 1) in Note(0, (4, 1)) are undocumented but allowed.

Note: Abjad allows maxima note_heads as in *Note*(0, (8, 1)). LilyPond implements a *maxima* command but does not supply a corresponding glyph for the note_head.

48.6 LilyPond multipliers

LilyPond provides an asterisk * operator to scale the durations of notes, rests and chords by arbitrarily positive rational values. LilyPond multipliers are inivisible and generate no typographic output of their own. However, while independent from the typographic output, LilyPond multipliers do factor in in calculations of duration and time.

Abjad implements LilyPond multpliers as the settable duration.multiplier attribute of notes, rests and chords.

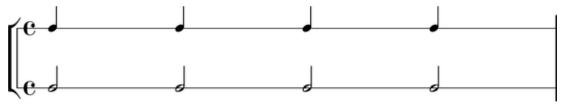
```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> note.duration_multiplier = Fraction(1, 2)
abjad> note.duration_multiplier
Fraction(1, 2)
abjad> f(note)
c'4 * 1/2
```

Abjad also implements a *duration.multiplied* attribute to examine the duration of a note, rest or chord as affected by the multiplier.

```
abjad> note.multiplied_duration
Duration(1, 8)
```

LilyPond multipliers give the half notes here multiplied durations equal to a quarter note.

```
abjad> notes = Note("c'4") * 4
abjad> multiplied_note = Note(0, (1, 2))
abjad> multiplied_note.duration_multiplier = Fraction(1, 2)
abjad> multiplied_notes = multiplied_note * 4
abjad> top = stafftools.RhythmicStaff(notes)
abjad> bottom = stafftools.RhythmicStaff(multiplied_notes)
abjad> staves = scoretools.StaffGroup([top, bottom])
```



Note: Abjad models multiplication fundamentally differently than prolation . See the chapter on *Prolation* for more information.

Note: The LilyPond multiplication * operator differs from the Abjad multiplication * operator. LilyPond multiplication scales duration of LilyPond notes, rests and chords. Abjad multiplication copies Abjad containers and leaves.

48.7 Duration interfaces compared

type	core	leaf	container	measure	tuplet	fd tuplet	fm tuplet
contents	_	_	R	R	R	R	R
multiplied	_	R	_	_	_	R	R
multiplier	_	RW	_	R	R	R	RW
preprolated	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
prolated	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
prolation	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
target	_	_	_	_	_	RW	_
written	_	RW	_	_	_	_	_

The table contains a total of only four settable duration attributes, divided among only three classes. Durated Abjad classes offer up many read-only duration attributes but very few read-write duration attributes.

All classes carry all three prolation-related attributes because all classes can nest inside containers. It is possible, for example, to nest an entire voice within a fixed-duration tuplet.

Note: Leaf multipliers and tuplet multipliers differ.

CHAPTER

FORTYNINE

TEMPLATE GALLERY

Abjad provides a number of score templates in the abjad/templates directory:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import cfgtools
abjad> cfgtools.list_abjad_templates()
('coventry.ly', 'lagos.ly', 'oedo.ly', 'paris.ly', 'tangiers.ly', 'thebes.ly', 'tirnaveni.ly')
```

Templates provide header, layout, paper and grob settings for different types of score.

49.1 Default LilyPond layout

```
abjad> import random
abjad> pitches = [random.randrange(0, 25) for x in range(32)]
abjad> staff_1 = Staff([])
abjad> staff_2 = Staff([])
abjad> score = Score([staff_1, staff_2])
abjad> staff_1.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[:16]])
abjad> staff_2.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[16:]])
abjad> show(score)
```



49.2 lagos.ly

```
abjad> pitches = [random.randrange(0, 25) for x in range(32)]
abjad> staff_1 = Staff([])
abjad> staff_2 = Staff([])
abjad> score = Score([staff_1, staff_2])
abjad> staff_1.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[:16]])
abjad> staff_2.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[16:]])
abjad> show(score, template = 'lagos')
```



49.3 oedo.ly

```
abjad> pitches = [random.randrange(0, 25) for x in range(32)]
abjad> staff_1 = Staff([])
abjad> staff_2 = Staff([])
abjad> score = Score([staff_1, staff_2])
abjad> staff_1.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[:16]])
abjad> staff_2.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[16:]])
abjad> show(score, template = 'oedo')
```

49.4 tangiers.ly

```
abjad> pitches = [random.randrange(0, 25) for x in range(32)]
abjad> staff_1 = Staff([])
abjad> staff_2 = Staff([])
abjad> score = Score([staff_1, staff_2])
abjad> staff_1.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[:16]])
abjad> staff_2.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[16:]])
abjad> show(score, template = 'tangiers')
```



49.5 tirnaveni.ly

```
abjad> pitches = [random.randrange(0, 25) for x in range(32)]
abjad> staff_1 = Staff([])
abjad> staff_2 = Staff([])
abjad> score = Score([staff_1, staff_2])
abjad> staff_1.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[:16]])
abjad> staff_2.extend([Note(x, (1, 8)) for x in pitches[16:]])
abjad> show(score, template = 'tirnaveni')
```

TEXT ALIGNMENT

LilyPond provides many ways to position text.

50.1 Default alignment

LilyPond left-aligns markup relative to the left edge of note head by default.

```
abjad> notes = notetools.make_repeated_notes(1, Fraction(1, 4))
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff(notes)
abjad> leaves = staff.leaves
abjad> markuptools.Markup('XX', 'up')(leaves[0])
abjad> show(staff, 'thebes')
XX
```

50.2 TextScript #'self-alignment-X

Use #'self-alignment-X to left-, center- or right-align markup relative to the left edge of note head.

Note: changes to #'self-alignment-X do not change the fact that markup positioning is by default relative to the LEFT edge of note head.

```
abjad> notes = notetools.make_repeated_notes(3, Fraction(1, 4))
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff(notes)
abjad> leaves = staff.leaves
abjad> markuptools.Markup('XX', 'up')(leaves[0])
abjad> leaves[0].override.text_script.self_alignment_X = 'left'
abjad> markuptools.Markup('XX', 'up')(leaves[1])
abjad> leaves[1].override.text_script.self_alignment_X = 'center'
abjad> markuptools.Markup('XX', 'up')(leaves[2])
abjad> leaves[2].override.text_script.self_alignment_X = 'right'
abjad> show(staff, 'thebes')
XX XX XX XX
```

50.3 TextScript #'X-offset

Use #'X-offset to offset markup by some number of magic units in the horizontal direction.

Note: Specify #'X-offset arguments as numbers like #2.5. Do not specify #'X-offset arguments as direction contstants like #right.

Note: changes to #'X-offset do not change the fact that markup positioning is by default relative to the LEFT edge of note head.

```
abjad> notes = notetools.make_repeated_notes(4, Fraction(1, 4))
abjad> staff = stafftools.RhythmicStaff(notes)
abjad> leaves = staff.leaves
abjad> markuptools.Markup('XX', 'up')(leaves[0])
abjad> leaves[0].override.text_script.X_offset = 0
abjad> markuptools.Markup('XX', 'up')(leaves[1])
abjad> leaves[1].override.text_script.X_offset = 2
abjad> markuptools.Markup('XX', 'up')(leaves[2])
abjad> leaves[2].override.text_script.X_offset = 4
abjad> markuptools.Markup('XX', 'up')(leaves[3])
abjad> leaves[3].override.text_script.X_offset = 6
abjad> show(staff, 'thebes')
   XX
                                       XX
                                                         XX
                     XX
```

ABJAD-BOOK

abjad-book is an independent application included in every installation of Abjad. abjad-book allows you to write Abjad code in the middle of documents written in HTML, LaTeX or ReST. We created abjad-book to help us document Abjad. Our work on abjad-book was inspired by lilypond-book, which does for LilyPond much what abjad-book does for Abjad.

51.1 HTML with embedded Abjad

To see abjad-book in action, open a file and write some HTML by hand. Add some Abjad code to your HTML between open and close abjad > doi.org/10.2016/j.com/ tags.

```
<html>
This is an <b>HTML</b> document.
The code is standard hypertext mark-up.
Here is some music notation generated automatically by Abjad:
<abjad>
v = Voice(construct.scale(8))
Beam(v)
write_ly(v, 'abjad-book-1') <hide
show(v)
</abjad>
And here is more ordinary <b>HTML</b>.
</html>
```

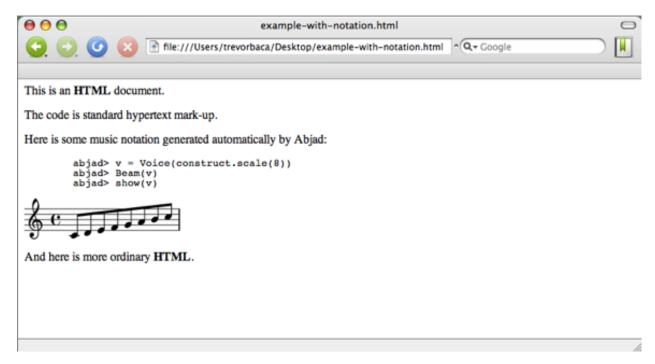
Save your the file with the name example.html.raw. You now have an HTML file with embedded Abjad code.

In the terminal, call abjad-book on example.html.raw.

```
$ abjad-book example.html.raw example.html
Parsing file...
Rendering "abjad-book-1.ly"...
```

The application opens example.html.raw, finds all Abjad code between <abjad> </abjad> tags, executes it, and then creates and inserts image files of music notation accordingly.

Open example.html with your browser.



That's all there is to it. abjad-book lets you open a file and type HTML by hand with Abjad sandwiched between the special <abjad> </abjad> tags described here. Run abjad-book on such a hybrid file to create pure HTML with images of music notation created by Abjad.

Note: abjad-book makes use of ImageMagick's convert application to crop and scale PNG images generated for HTML and ReST documents. For LaTeX documents, abjad-book uses pdfcrop for cropping PDFs.

51.2 LaTeX with embedded Abjad

You can use abjad-book to insert Abjad code and score excerpts into any LaTeX you create. Type the sample code below into a file.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{graphicx}
\usepackage{listings}
\begin{document}

This is a standard LaTeX document with embedded Abjad.

The code below creates an Abjad measure and then prints the measure format string.

<abjad>
measure = RigidMeasure((5, 8), construct.scale(5))
print measure.format
</abjad>

This next bit of code knows about the measure we defined earlier.
This code renders the measure as a PDF using a template suitable for inclusion in LaTeX documents.
```

```
<abjad>
write_ly(measure, 'abjad-book-1', 'oedo') <hide
</abjad>
And this is the end of the our sample LaTeX document.
\end{document}
```

Save your file with the name example.tex.raw. You now have a LaTeX file with embedded Abjad code.

In the terminal, call abjad-book on example.tex.raw.

```
$ abjad-book example.tex.raw example.tex

Processing 'example.tex.raw'. Will write output to 'example.tex'...

Parsing file...

Rendering "abjad-book-1.ly"...
```

The application open example.tex.raw, finds all code between Abjad tags, executes it, and then creates and inserts Abjad interpreter output and PDF files of music notation. You can view the contents of the next LaTeX file abjad-book has created.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{graphicx}
\usepackage{listings}
\begin{document}
This is a standard LaTeX document with embedded Abjad.
The code below creates an Abjad measure and then prints the measure
format string.
\begin{lstlisting}[basicstyle=\footnotesize, tabsize=4, showtabs=false, showspaces=false]
   abjad> measure = RigidMeasure((5, 8), construct.scale(5))
   abjad> print measure.format
      \time 5/8
      c'8
      d'8
      e'8
      f'8
      g'8
\end{lstlisting}
This next bit of code knows about the measure we defined earlier.
This code renders the measure as a PDF using a template suitable
for inclusion in LaTeX documents.
\includegraphics{images/abjad-book-1.pdf}
And this is the end of the our sample LaTeX document.
\end{document}
```

You can now process the file example. tex just like any other LaTeX file, using pdflatex or TexShop or whatever LaTeX compilation program you normally use on your computer.

```
$ pdflatex example.tex
This is pdfTeXk, Version 3.141592-1.40.3 (Web2C 7.5.6)
%&-line parsing enabled.
entering extended mode
```

And then open the resulting PDF.

51.3 Using abjad-book on ReST documents

You can call abjad-book on ReST documents, too. Follow the examples given here for HTML and LaTeX documents and modify accordingly.

51.4 Using [hide = True]

You can add [hide = True] to any abjad-book example to show only music notation.

```
<abjad>[hide = True]
staff = Staff(construct.scale(8))
write_ly(staff, 'staff-example', 'oedo')
</abjad>
```

CHAPTER

FIFTYTWO

X11 COLOR NAMES

Abjad supports the X11 color names available in LilyPond

CHAPTER

FIFTYTHREE

BIBLIOGRAPHY

VERSION HISTORY

54.1 Abjad 1.1.1

Abjad 1.1.1.tar.gz

- More complete documentation.
- The configuration file config changed to pure Python config.py. The file now supports more settings previously read as environment variables. All user setings are now found in this file. Users no longer need to set environment variables.
- · Some new classes
 - _HistoryInterface. Use the _HistoryInterface to apply attributes to any component in score that will be completely ignored by Abjad. Think of the _HistoryInterface as a private user namespace.
 - _NoteColumnInterface to handle the LilyPond NoteColumn grob.
 - _SpanBarInterface. See API for details.
 - InvisibleStaff() staff.
 - Moment utility class to model the Abjad representation of the LilyPond moment.
- · New Spanners
 - TempoProportional spanner.
- · More than a dozen new tools added.

54.2 Abjad 1.1.0

- Many structure transform tools added. See the *abjad.tools*.* in the *Abjad API* package.
- Construction, transformation, manipulation and all other tools now grouped cleanly into packages.
- New abjad-book application available. Use abjad-book to interpret Abjad code blocks embedded in HTML, LaTex and reST documents.

54.3 Abjad 1.0.1055

Changes to the public interface:

- Abjad now models ties exclusively with the Tie spanner. The old _TieInterface._set attribute is now deprecated.
- You can no longer say t.tie = True or t.tie = False, for leaf t. You must structurally span t as Tie(t) instead.
- New public properties in _SpannerReceptor: chain, parented, count.
- New public helpers:

```
- construct.notes_curve()
- durtools.rationalize()
- iterate.tie_chains()
- list_helpers()
- mathtools.interpolate_divide()
- measuretools.concentrate()
- measuretools.scale_and_remeter()
- measuretools.spin()
- play()
```

• Grace note append () and extend () no longer throw errors.

54.4 Abjad 1.0.1022

• First public release of Abjad.

CHAPTER

FIFTYFIVE

INSTALLATION

55.1 Abjad depends on Python

You must have Python 2.5, 2.6 or 2.7 installed to run Abjad.

Abjad does not yet support the Python 3.x series of releases.

To check the version of Python installed on your computer type the following:

python --version

You can download different versions of Python at http://www.python.org.

55.2 Abjad depends on LilyPond

You must have LilyPond 2.12 or greater installed for Abjad to work properly.

You can download LilyPond at http://www.lilypond.org.

After you have installed LilyPond you should type the following to see if LilyPond is callable from your commandline:

```
lilypond --version
```

If LilyPond is not callable from your commandline you should add the location of the LilyPond executable to your PATH environment variable.

If you are new to working with the commandline you should use Google to get a basic introduction to editing your profile and setting environment variables.

55.3 Installing the current packaged version of Abjad with easy_install

There are different ways to install Python packages on your computer. One of the most direct ways is with easy_install.

If you have easy_install installed on your computer then you can install Abjad with this command:

```
sudo easy_install -U abjad
```

Python will install Abjad in the site packages directory on your computer and you'll be ready to start using the system.

If you do not have <code>easy_install</code> installed on your computer then you should follow the instructions below to install the current packaged version of Abjad from the Python Package Index.

55.4 Installing the current packaged version of Abjad from the Python Package Index

If you do not have <code>easy_install</code> installed on your computer you should follow these steps to install the current packaged version of Abjad from the Python Package Index:

- 1. Download the current release of Abjad from http://pypi.python.org/pypi/Abjad.
- 2. Unarchive the downloaded file. Under MacOS and Windows you can double click the archived file.

Under Linux execute the following command with x.y replaced by the current release of Abjad:

```
tar xzvf Abjad-x.y.tar.gz
```

3. Change into the directory created in step 2:

```
cd Abjad-x.y
```

4. Run the following under MacOS or Linux:

```
sudo python setup.py install
```

5. Or run this command under Windows after starting up a command shell with administrator privileges:

```
setup.py install
```

These commands will cause Python to install Abjad in your site packages directory. You'll then be ready to start using Abjad.

55.5 Note for Linux users

Abjad defaults to xdg-open to display PDF files using your default PDF viewer. Most Linux distributions now come with xdg-utils installed.

If you do not have xdg-utils installed, you can download it from http://www.portland.freedsektop.org.

Alternatively you can set the pdfviewer variable in \$HOME/.abjad/config to your favorite PDF viewer.

CHAPTER

FIFTYSIX

WHAT NEXT?

The most powerful features of Abjad are the set of interlocking objects that structure the system. Find out how Abjad models pitch, duration, leaves, containers and spanners in the chapters on Abjad fundamentals. These chapters explain how to work with the basic Abjad components.

Read some of the chapters concerning materials generation to figure out how to create starting materials.

And then read about structure traversal and manipulation to learn how to move around in large pieces of notation and change them while you go.

When you get stuck, check out the public interface in the Abjad API.

When you start to extend Abjad with custom code that you write for your own scores, read the chapters on developing with Abjad. These chapters describe how the codebase is laid out, how to add documentation and tests to the system, and how to contribute code that you write back to the public release of Abjad. We love contributions from composers working in many different ways. So get in touch and consider contributing to the project when the time feels right.

56.1 Get in touch!

Please join our two new mailing lists:

Questions or comments? Join the abjad-user list.

Want to contribute? Join the abjad-devel list.

ABJAD API

57.1 Abjad API

57.1.1 Abjad composition packages

chordtools

chordtools.Chord

```
class abjad.tools.chordtools.Chord(*args, **kwargs)
Bases: abjad.tools.leaftools._Leaf._Leaf._Leaf
Abjad model of a chord:
abjad> Chord([4, 13, 17], (1, 4))
Chord("<e' cs'' f''>4")

Return chord instance.
append (note_head_token)
    Append note_head_token to chord:
abjad> chord = Chord([4, 13, 17], (1, 4))
abjad> chord
    Chord("<e' cs'' f''>4")

abjad> chord.append(19)
abjad> chord
Chord("<e' cs'' f'' g''>4")

Sort chord note heads automatically after append and return none.
```

Clear chord:

clear()

```
abjad> chord = Chord("<e' cs'' f''>4")
abjad> chord
Chord("<e' cs'' f''>4")

abjad> chord.clear()
abjad> chord
Chord('<>4')
```

Return none.

```
extend(note_head_tokens)
```

Extend chord with *note_head_tokens*:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([4, 13, 17], (1, 4))
abjad> chord
Chord("<e' cs'' f''>4")

abjad> chord.extend([2, 12, 18])
abjad> chord
Chord("<d' e' c'' cs'' f'' fs''>4")
```

Sort chord note heads automatically after extend and return none.

fingered_pitches

Read-only fingered pitches:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("<c''' e'''>4 <d''' fs'''>4")
abjad> glockenspiel = instrumenttools.Glockenspiel()(staff)
abjad> instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_sounding_pitch_to_fingered_pi
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Glockenspiel }
    \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Gkspl. }
    <c' e'>4
    <d' fs'>4
}
abjad> staff[0].fingered_pitches
(NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("e'"))
```

Return tuple of named chromatic pitches.

note_heads

Get read-only tuple of note heads in chord:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([7, 12, 16], (1, 4))
abjad> chord.note_heads
(NoteHead("g'"), NoteHead("c''"), NoteHead("e''"))
```

Set chord note heads from any iterable:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([7, 12, 16], (1, 4))
abjad> chord.note_heads = [0, 2, 6]
abjad> chord
Chord("<c' d' fs'>4")
```

pop(i=-1)

Remove note head at index *i* in chord:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([4, 13, 17], (1, 4))
abjad> chord
Chord("<e' cs'' f''>4")

abjad> chord.pop(1)
NoteHead("cs''")

abjad> chord
Chord("<e' f''>4")
```

Return note head.

```
remove (note_head)
```

Remove *note_head* from chord:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([4, 13, 17], (1, 4))
abjad> chord
Chord("<e' cs'' f''>4")

abjad> chord.remove(chord[1])
abjad> chord
Chord("<e' f''>4")
```

Return none.

sounding_pitches

Read-only sounding pitches:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("<c''' e'''>4 <d''' fs'''>4")
abjad> glockenspiel = instrumenttools.Glockenspiel()(staff)
abjad> instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_sounding_pitch_to_fingered_pi
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Glockenspiel }
    \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Gkspl. }
    <c' e'>4
    <d' fs'>4
}
abjad> staff[0].sounding_pitches
(NamedChromaticPitch("c'''"), NamedChromaticPitch("e'''"))
```

Return tuple of named chromatic pitches.

written_pitches

Get read-only tuple of pitches in chord:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([7, 12, 16], (1, 4))
abjad> chord.written_pitches
(NamedChromaticPitch("g'"), NamedChromaticPitch("c''"), NamedChromaticPitch("e''"))
```

Set chord pitches from any iterable:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([7, 12, 16], (1, 4)) abjad> chord.written_pitches = [0, 2, 6] abjad> chord Chord("<c' d' fs'>4")
```

chordtools.arpeggiate_chord

abjad.tools.chordtools.arpeggiate_chord(chord)

New in version 1.1. Arpeggiate *chord*:

```
abjad> chord = Chord("<c' d'' ef''>8")
abjad> chordtools.arpeggiate_chord(chord)
[Note("c'8"), Note("d''8"), Note("ef''8")]
```

Arpeggiated notes inherit *chord* written duration.

Arpeggiated notes do not inherit other *chord* attributes.

57.1. Abjad API 203

Return list of newly constructed notes. Changed in version 2.0: renamed chordtools.arpeggiate() to chordtools.arpeggiate_chord().

chordtools.change_defective_chord_to_note_or_rest

```
abjad.tools.chordtools.change_defective_chord_to_note_or_rest(chord)
    New in version 1.1. Change zero-length chord to rest:
    abjad > chord = Chord([], (3, 16))
    abjad> chord
    Chord('<>8.')
    abjad> chordtools.change_defective_chord_to_note_or_rest(chord)
    Rest('r8.')
    Change length-one chord to note:
    abjad> chord = Chord("<cs''>8.")
    abjad> chord
    Chord("<cs''>8.")
    abjad> chordtools.change_defective_chord_to_note_or_rest(chord)
    Note("cs''8.")
    Return chords with length greater than one unchanged:
    abjad> chord = Chord("<c' c'' cs''>8.")
    abjad> chord
    Chord("<c' c'' cs''>8.")
    abjad> chordtools.change_defective_chord_to_note_or_rest(chord)
    Chord("<c' c'' cs''>8.")
    Return notes unchanged:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> note
    Note("c'4")
    abjad> chordtools.change_defective_chord_to_note_or_rest(note)
    Note("c'4")
    Return rests unchanged:
    abjad> rest = Rest('r4')
    abjad> rest
    Rest('r4')
    abjad> chordtools.change_defective_chord_to_note_or_rest(rest)
    Rest('r4')
```

Return note, rest, chord or none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed <code>chordtools.cast_defective()</code> to <code>chordtools.change_defective_chord_to_note_or_rest()</code>.

chordtools.color chord note heads by pitch class color map

```
abjad.tools.chordtools.color_chord_note_heads_by_pitch_class_color_map(chord,
                                                                                  color_map)
    New in version 2.0. Color chord note heads by pitch-class color_map:
    abjad> chord = Chord([12, 14, 18, 21, 23], (1, 4))
    abjad> pitches = [[-12, -10, 4], [-2, 8, 11, 17], [19, 27, 30, 33, 37]]
    abjad> colors = ['red', 'blue', 'green']
    abjad> color_map = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassColorMap(pitches, colors)
    abjad> chordtools.color_chord_note_heads_by_pitch_class_color_map(chord, color_map)
    Chord("<c'' d'' fs'' a'' b''>4")
    abjad> f(chord)
         \tweak #'color #red
        c''
         \tweak #'color #red
        d''
         \tweak #'color #green
         fs''
         \tweak #'color #green
         a''
         \tweak #'color #blue
    >4
    Also works on notes:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> chordtools.color_chord_note_heads_by_pitch_class_color_map(note, color_map)
    Note ("c' 4")
    abjad> f(note)
    \once \override NoteHead #'color = #red
    When chord is neither a chord nor note return chord unchanged:
    abjad> staff = Staff([ ])
    abjad> chordtools.color_chord_note_heads_by_pitch_class_color_map(staff, color_map)
    Staff{}
    Return chord. Changed in version 2.0: renamed chordtools.color_note_heads_by_pc() to
    chordtools.color_chord_note_heads_by_pitch_class_color_map().
chordtools.divide_chord_by_chromatic_pitch_number
abjad.tools.chordtools.divide_chord_by_chromatic_pitch_number(chord,
                                                                       pitch=NamedChromaticPitch('b'))
    New in version 1.1. Divide chord by chromatic pitch number:
    abjad> chord = Chord(range(12), Duration(1, 4))
```

57.1. Abjad API 205

```
abjad> chord
Chord("<c' cs' d' ef' e' f' fs' g' af' a' bf' b'>4")

abjad> chordtools.divide_chord_by_chromatic_pitch_number(chord, pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch(@(Chord("<fs' g' af' a' bf' b'>4"), Chord("<c' cs' d' ef' e' f'>4"))
```

Input *chord* may be a note, rest or chord but not a skip.

Zero-length parts return rests, length-one parts return notes and other parts return chords.

```
Return pair of newly constructed leaves. Changed in version 2.0: renamed chordtools.split_by_pitch_number() to chordtools.divide_chord_by_chromatic_pitch_number()
```

chordtools.divide_chord_by_diatonic_pitch_number

```
abjad.tools.chordtools.divide_chord_by_diatonic_pitch_number(chord,
```

pitch=NamedChromaticPitch('b'))

New in version 1.1. Divide *chord* by diatonic *pitch* number:

```
abjad> chord = Chord(range(12), Duration(1, 4))
abjad> chord
Chord("<c' cs' d' ef' e' f' fs' g' af' a' bf' b'>4")
abjad> chordtools.divide_chord_by_diatonic_pitch_number(chord, pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch(6)
(Chord("<f' fs' g' af' a' bf' b'>4"), Chord("<c' cs' d' ef' e'>4"))
```

Input *chord* may be a note, rest or chord but not a skip.

Zero-length parts return as rests, length-one parts return as notes and other parts return as chords.

```
Return pair of newly constructed leaves. Changed in version 2.0: renamed chordtools.split_by_altitude() to chordtools.divide_chord_by_diatonic_pitch_number().
```

chordtools.get_arithmetic_mean_of_chord

```
abjad.tools.chordtools.get_arithmetic_mean_of_chord(chord)
```

New in version 2.0. Get arithmetic mean of chromatic pitch number of pitches in *chord*:

Return none when *chord* is empty:

```
abjad> chord = Chord("< >4")
abjad> chordtools.get_arithmetic_mean_of_chord(chord) is None
True
```

Return number or none.

chordtools.get_note_head_from_chord_by_pitch

```
abjad.tools.chordtools.get_note_head_from_chord_by_pitch(chord, pitch)

New in version 2.0. Get note head from chord by pitch:
```

```
abjad> chord = Chord("<c'' d'' b''>4")
abjad> chordtools.get_note_head_from_chord_by_pitch(chord, 14)
NoteHead("d''")
```

Raise missing note head error when *chord* contains no note head with pitch equal to *pitch*.

Raise extra note head error when *chord* contains more than one note head with pitch equal to *pitch*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed chordtools.get_note_head() to chordtools.get_note_head_from_chord_by_pitch().

chordtools.iterate_chords_backward_in_expr

abjad.tools.chordtools.iterate_chords_backward_in_expr (expr, start=0, stop=None) New in version 2.0. Iterate chords backward in expr:

Ignore threads.

Return generator.

chordtools.iterate_chords_forward_in_expr

abjad.tools.chordtools.iterate_chords_forward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
New in version 2.0. Iterate chords forward in expr:

```
Ignore threads.
```

Return generator.

chordtools.yield_all_subchords_of_chord

```
abjad.tools.chordtools.yield_all_subchords_of_chord(chord)
    New in version 2.0. Yield all subchords of chord in binary string order:
    abjad> chord = Chord("<c' d' af' a'>4")
    abjad> for subchord in chordtools.yield_all_subchords_of_chord(chord):
            subchord
    . . .
     . . .
    Rest('r4')
    Note("c'4")
    Note ("d'4")
    Chord("<c' d'>4")
    Note("af'4")
    Chord("<c' af'>4")
    Chord("<d' af'>4")
    Chord("<c' d' af'>4")
    Note("a'4")
    Chord("<c' a'>4")
    Chord("<d' a'>4")
    Chord("<c' d' a'>4")
    Chord("<af' a'>4")
    Chord("<c' af' a'>4")
    Chord("<d' af' a'>4")
    Chord("<c' d' af' a'>4")
    Include empty chord as rest.
    Return generator of newly constructed leaves.
                                                        Changed in version 2.0:
                                                                                     renamed
    chordtools.subchords() to chordtools.yield_all_subchords_of_chord().
chordtools.yield_groups_of_chords_in_sequence
abjad.tools.chordtools.yield_groups_of_chords_in_sequence(sequence)
    New in version 2.0. Yield groups of chords in sequence:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 r8 r8 <e' g'>8 <f' a'>8 g'8 a'8 r8 r8 <b' d''>8 <c'' e''>8")
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        c'8
         d'8
         r8
         r8
         <e' q'>8
         <f' a'>8
         a'8
         a'8
         r8
```

r8

<b' d''>8

```
<c'' e''>8
     }
     abjad> for chord in chordtools.yield_groups_of_chords_in_sequence(staff):
             chord
     . . .
     (Chord("<e' g'>8"), Chord("<f' a'>8"))
     (Chord("<b' d''>8"), Chord("<c'' e''>8"))
     Return generator.
componenttools
componenttools.all_are_components
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_components(expr, klasses=None)
     New in version 1.1. True when elements in expr are all components:
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components(3 * Note("c'4"))
     True
     Otherwise false:
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components(['foo', 'bar'])
     False
     True when elements in expr are all klasses:
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components(3 * Note("c'4"), klasses = Note)
     True
     Otherwise false:
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components(['foo', 'bar'], klasses = Note)
     False
     Return boolean.
componenttools.all are components in same parent
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_parent(expr,
                                                                         klasses=None, al-
                                                                         low orphans=True)
     New in version 1.1. True when elements in expr are all components in same parent. Otherwise false:
     abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes([12, 14, 16], [(1, 8)]))
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_parent(staff.leaves)
     True when elements in expr are all klasses in same parent. Otherwise false:
     abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes([12, 14, 16], [(1, 8)]))
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_parent(staff.leaves, klasses = (Note, ))
     True
     Return boolean.
```

```
componenttools.all are components in same score
```

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_score(expr,
                                                                        klasses=None,
                                                                        low orphans=True)
     New in version 1.1. True when elements in expr are all components in same score. Otherwise false:
     abjad> score = Score([Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")])
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_score(score.leaves)
     True when elements in expr are all klasses in same score. Otherwise false:
     abjad> score = Score([Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")])
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_score(score.leaves, klasses = (Note, ))
     True
     Return boolean.
componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_thread
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_thread(expr,
                                                                         klasses=None, al-
                                                                         low_orphans=True)
     New in version 1.1. True when elements in expr are all components in same thread. Otherwise false:
     abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8")
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_thread(voice.leaves)
     True when elements in expr are all klasses in same thread. Otherwise false:
     abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8")
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components_in_same_thread(voice.leaves, klasses = Note)
     Return boolean.
componenttools.all_are_components_scalable_by_multiplier
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_components_scalable_by_multiplier(components,
                                                                                   multi-
                                                                                   plier)
     New in version 1.1. True when components are all scalable by multiplier:
     abjad > components = [Note(0, (1, 8))]
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components_scalable_by_multiplier(components, Duration(3, 2))
     True
     Otherwise false:
     abjad> components = [Note(0, (1, 8))]
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_components_scalable_by_multiplier(components, Duration(2, 3))
     False
```

renamed durtools.are scalable() to

Return boolean.

Changed in version 2.0:

componenttools.all_are_components_scalable_by_multiplier().

componenttools.all are contiguous components

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components(expr, klasses=None, allow_orphans=True)

New in version 1.1. True when elements in expr are all contiguous components. Otherwise false:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")

abjad> componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components(staff.leaves)

True
```

True when elements in *expr* are all contiguous *klasses*. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components(staff.leaves, klasses = Note)
True
```

Return boolean.

componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_parent

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_parent(expr, klasses=None, al-low_orphans=True)
```

New in version 1.1. True when elements in *expr* are all contiguous components in same parent. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_parent(staff.leaves)
True
```

True when elements in *expr* are all contiguous *klasses* in same parent. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_parent(staff.leaves, klasses = Note)
True
```

Return boolean.

componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_score

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_score (expr,

klasses=None,
al-
low_orphans=True)
```

New in version 1.1. True when elements in *expr* are all contiguous components in same score. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> score = Score([Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")])
abjad> componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_score(score.leaves)
True
```

True when elements in *expr* are all contiguous *klasses* in same score. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> score = Score([Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")])
abjad> componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_score(score.leaves, klasses = Note)
True
```

Return boolean.

```
componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_thread
```

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_thread(expr,
                                                                                       klasses=None,
                                                                                       low_orphans=True)
     New in version 1.1. True when elements in expr are all contiguous components in same thread. Otherwise false:
     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_thread(staff.leaves)
     True
     True when elements in expr are all contiguous klasses in same thread. Otherwise false:
     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8")
     abjad> componenttools.all_are_contiquous_components_in_same_thread(staff.leaves, klasses = Note)
     True
     Return boolean.
componenttools.all are orphan components
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_orphan_components(expr)
     New in version 2.0. True when expr is an iterable of zero or more orphan components.
     Othewise false.
componenttools.all_are_thread_contiguous_components
abjad.tools.componenttools.all_are_thread_contiguous_components(expr,
                                                                             klasses=None,
                                                                             al-
                                                                             low_orphans=True)
     New in version 1.1. True when elements in expr are all thread-contiguous components:
     t = Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
     t.insert(2, Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)))
     Container(t[:2])
     Container (t[-2:])
     pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
     \new Voice {
         {
             c'8
             d'8
         \new Voice {
             e'8
             f'8
         {
             g′8
             a'8
         }
     }
     assert _are_thread_contiguous_components(t[0:1] + t[-1:])
```

```
assert _are_thread_contiguous_components(t[0][:] + t[-1:]) assert _are_thread_contiguous_components(t[0:1] + t[-1][:]) assert _are_thread_contiguous_components(t[0][:] + t[-1][:])
```

Return boolean.

Thread-contiguous components are, by definition, spannable.

componenttools.component to parentage signature

Return parentage signature.

componenttools.component_to_pitch_and_rhythm_skeleton

 $\verb|abjad.tools.component_to_pitch_and_rhythm_skeleton| (|component|)$

New in version 2.0. Change *component* to pitch and rhythm skeleton:

```
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet (Fraction(3, 4), "c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> measure = Measure((6, 16), [tuplet])
abjad> staff = Staff([measure])
abjad> score = Score(staff * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(scc
abjad> skeleton = componenttools.component_to_pitch_and_rhythm_skeleton(score)
abjad> print skeleton
Score([
    Staff([
        Measure((6, 16), [
            Tuplet(Fraction(3, 4), [
                Note(('c', 4), Duration(1, 8)),
                Note(('d', 4), Duration(1, 8)),
                Note(('e', 4), Duration(1, 8)),
                Note(('f', 4), Duration(1, 8))
            ])
        ])
    ]),
    Staff([
        Measure((6, 16), [
            Tuplet(Fraction(3, 4), [
                Note(('g', 4), Duration(1, 8)),
                Note(('a', 4), Duration(1, 8)),
                Note(('b', 4), Duration(1, 8)),
                Note(('c', 5), Duration(1, 8))
```

```
])
        ])
    ])
])
abjad> new = eval(skeleton)
abjad> new
Score<<2>>
abjad> f(new)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        {
             \time 6/16
             fraction \times 3/4 {
                 c′8
                 d'8
                 e'8
                 f'8
    \new Staff {
        {
             \time 6/16
             fraction \times 3/4 {
                 q'8
                 a'8
                 b'8
                 c''8
        }
    }
```

Return string.

componenttools.component to score depth

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.component_to_score_depth(component)
   New in version 1.1. Change component to score depth:

abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
   abjad> staff = Staff([tuplet])
   abjad> componenttools.component_to_score_depth(staff.leaves[0])
   2
```

Return nonnegative integer.

componenttools.component_to_score_index

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.component_to_score_index(component)
   New in version 2.0. Change component to score index:

abjad> staff_1 = Staff(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_rabjad> staff_2 = Staff([tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_abjad> score = Score([staff_1, staff_2])
```

```
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(scc
    abjad> f(score)
     \new Score <<
         \new Staff {
             \times 2/3 {
                 c'8
                 d'8
                 e′8
             \times 2/3 {
                 f'8
                 g′8
                 a'8
         \new Staff {
             \times 2/3 {
                 b'8
                 c''8
                 d''8
         }
    >>
    abjad> for leaf in score.leaves:
             leaf, componenttools.component_to_score_index(leaf)
     (Note("c'8"), (0, 0, 0))
     (Note("d'8"), (0, 0, 1))
     (Note("e'8"), (0, 0, 2))
     (Note("f'8"), (0, 1, 0))
     (Note("g'8"), (0, 1, 1))
     (Note("a'8"), (0, 1, 2))
     (Note("b'8"), (1, 0, 0))
     (Note("c''8"), (1, 0, 1))
     (Note("d''8"), (1, 0, 2))
    Return tuple of zero or more nonnegative integers.
componenttools.component to score root
abjad.tools.componenttools.component_to_score_root(component)
    New in version 1.1. Change component to score root:
```

componenttools.component_to_tuplet_depth

abjad> staff = Staff([tuplet])
abjad> note = staff.leaves[0]

Staff{1}

Return score root.

abjad.tools.componenttools.component_to_tuplet_depth(component)

New in version 1.1. Change component to tuplet depth:

abjad> componenttools.component_to_score_root(note)

57.1. Abjad API 215

abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> staff = Staff([tuplet])
abjad> note = staff.leaves[0]

abjad> componenttools.component_to_tuplet_depth(note)

abjad> componenttools.component_to_tuplet_depth(tuplet)

abjad> componenttools.component_to_tuplet_depth(staff)

abjad> componenttools.component_to_tuplet_depth(staff)
```

Return nonnegative integer.

componenttools.copy and partition governed component subtree by leaf counts

abjad.tools.componenttools.copy_and_partition_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf_counts(con

New in version 1.1. Copy *container* and partition copy according to *leaf_counts*:

```
abjad> voice = Voice(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_not
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[0].leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'8, c'8)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[1].leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'8, c'8)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8 ]
    \times 2/3 {
       f'8 [
        g'8
        a'8 ]
    }
}
abjad> first, second, third = componenttools.copy_and_partition_governed_component_subtree_by_le
abjad> f(first)
\new Voice {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 [ ]
}
abjad> f(second)
\new Voice {
    \times 2/3 {
        d'8 [
        e'8 1
    }
```

}

```
abjad> f(third)
\new Voice {
    \times 2/3 {
        f'8 [
            g'8
            a'8 ]
    }
}
```

Set *leaf_counts* to an iterable of zero or more positive integers.

```
Return a list of parts equal in length to that of leaf\_counts. Changed in version 2.0: renamed clonewp.by_leaf\_counts_with_parentage() to componenttools.copy_and_partition_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf\_counts().
```

componenttools.copy components and covered spanners

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.copy_components_and_covered_spanners (components, n-1)
```

New in version 1.1. Clone *components* and covered spanners.

The *components* must be thread-contiguous.

Covered spanners are those spanners that cover *components*.

The steps taken in this function are as follows. Withdraw *components* from crossing spanners. Preserve spanners that *components* cover. Deep copy *components*. Reapply crossing spanners to source *components*. Return copied components with covered spanners.

```
abjad> voice = Voice(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice.leaves[:4])
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    {
        \times 2/8
        c'8 [
        d'8
        \time 2/8
        e'8
        f'8 ]
    }
        \time 2/8
        g′8
        a'8
    }
}
abjad> result = componenttools.copy_components_and_covered_spanners(voice.leaves)
(Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("g'8"), Note("a'8"))
abjad> new_voice = Voice(result)
abjad> f(new_voice)
\new Voice {
```

```
c'8 [
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8 ]
    g′8
    a'8
abjad> voice.leaves[0] is new_voice.leaves[0]
Clone components a total of n times.
abjad> result = componenttools.copy_components_and_covered_spanners(voice.leaves[:2], n = 3)
abjad> result
(Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"))
abjad> new_voice = Voice(result)
abjad> f(new_voice)
\new Voice {
   c′8
    d'8
    c'8
    d'8
    c'8
    d'8
}
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed clone.covered() to componenttools.copy_components_and_covered_span in version 2.0: renamed componenttools.clone_components_and_covered_spanners() to componenttools.copy_components_and_covered_spanners().

componenttools.copy_components_and_fracture_crossing_spanners

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.copy_components_and_fracture_crossing_spanners (components, n=1)
```

New in version 1.1. Clone *components* and fracture crossing spanners.

The *components* must be thread-contiguous.

f'8 1

The steps this function takes are as follows. Deep copy *components*. Deep copy spanners that attach to any component in *components*. Fracture spanners that attach to components not in *components*. Return Python list of copied components.

```
{
        \time 2/8
        g'8
        a'8
    }
}
abjad> result = componenttools.copy_components_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(voice.leaves[2:4])
abjad> result
(Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"))
abjad> new_voice = Voice(result)
abjad> f(new_voice)
\new Voice {
   e′8 [
    f'8 ]
}
abjad> voice.leaves[2] is new_voice.leaves[0]
False
Clone components a total of n times.
abjad> result = componenttools.copy_components_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(voice.leaves[2:4],
abjad> result
(Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"))
abjad> new_voice = Voice(result)
abjad> f(new_voice)
\new Voice {
   e'8 [
   f'8 1
   e'8 [
    f'8 ]
    e'8 [
    f'8 ]
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed clone.fracture() to component tools.copy_components_and_fracture_cr in version 2.0: renamed component tools.clone_components_and_fracture_crossing_spanners() to component tools.copy_components_and_fracture_crossing_spanners().

componenttools.copy components and immediate parent of first component

abjad.tools.componenttools.copy_components_and_immediate_parent_of_first_component (component New in version 1.1. Clone components and immediate parent of first component.

The *components* must be thread-contiguous.

}

}

Return in newly created container equal to type of first element in *copmonents*.

If the parent of the first element in *components* is a tuplet then insure that the tuplet multiplier of the function output equals the tuplet multiplier of the parent of the first element in *components*.

abjad> voice = Voice(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_not
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice.leaves[:4])

```
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8
    \times 2/3 {
        f'8 ]
        g′8
        a'8
    \times 2/3 {
        b'8
        c''8
        d''8
abjad> new_tuplet = componenttools.copy_components_and_immediate_parent_of_first_component(voice
abjad> new_tuplet
FixedDurationTuplet(1/6, [c'8, d'8])
abjad> f(new_tuplet)
\times 2/3 {
    c'8 [
    d'8 ]
}
```

Parent-contiguity is not required. Thread-contiguous components suffice.

```
abjad> new_tuplet = componenttools.copy_components_and_immediate_parent_of_first_component(voice
abjad> new_tuplet
FixedDurationTuplet(5/12, [c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, g'8])
abjad> f(new_tuplet)
\times 2/3 {
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8]
    g'8]
}
```

Note: this function copies only the *immediate parent* of the first element in *components*. This function ignores any further parentage of *components* above the immediate parent of *components*.

Todo

this function should (but does not) copy marks that attach to *components* and to the immediate parent of the first component; extend function to do so.

componenttools.copy_components_and_remove_all_spanners

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.copy_components_and_remove_all_spanners(components, n=1)
```

New in version 1.1. Clone *components* and remove all spanners.

The *components* must be thread-contiguous.

e'8

The steps taken by this function are as follows. Withdraw all components at any level in *components* from spanners. Deep copy unspanned components in *components*. Reapply spanners to all components at any level in *components*.

```
abjad> voice = Voice(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice.leaves[:4])
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'8 [
        d'8
    }
        \time 2/8
        e′8
        f'8 ]
        \time 2/8
        a'8
        a'8
    }
abjad> result = componenttools.copy_components_and_remove_all_spanners(voice.leaves[2:4])
abjad> result
(Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"))
abjad> new_voice = Voice(result)
abjad> f(new_voice)
\new Voice {
    e'8
    f'8
abjad> voice.leaves[2] is new_voice.leaves[0]
False
Clone components a total of n times.
abjad> result = componenttools.copy_components_and_remove_all_spanners(voice.leaves[2:4], n = 3)
abjad> result
(Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"))
abjad> new_voice = Voice(result)
abjad> f(new_voice)
\new Voice {
    e′8
    f'8
```

```
f'8
e'8
f'8
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed clone.unspan() to componenttools.copy_components_and_remove_all_sp in version 2.0: renamed componenttools.clone_components_and_remove_all_spanners() to componenttools.copy_components_and_remove_all_spanners().

componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf_range

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf_range (component, start=0, stop=None)
```

New in version 1.1. Clone governed *component* subtree by leaf range.

Governed subtree means component together with children of component.

Leaf range refers to the sequential parentage of *component* from *start* leaf index to *stop* leaf index:

```
abjad> t = Staff([Voice(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    \new Voice {
        \times 2/3 {
            c'8
            d'8
            e'8
        }
        \times 2/3 {
            f'8
            g′8
            a'8
    }
}
abjad> u = componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf_range(t, 1, 5)
abjad> f(u)
\new Staff {
    \new Voice {
        \times 2/3 {
            d'8
            e'8
        \times 2/3 {
            f'8
            g'8
        }
    }
}
```

Clone sequential containers in leaves' parentage up to the first parallel container in leaves' parentage.

Trim and shrink cloned containers as necessary.

```
When
        stop
              is
                   none
                          copy
                                 all
                                      leaves
                                              from
                                                    start
                                                            forward.
                                                                            Changed
                                                                                           ver-
sion
         2.0:
                        renamed
                                      clonewp.by_leaf_range_with_parentage()
                                                                                            to
```

stop=None

```
componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf_range(). Changed in version 2.0: renamed componenttools.clone_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf_range() to componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf_range().
```

componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(component start=0,
```

New in version 1.1. Clone governed *component* subtree from *start* prolated duration to *stop* prolated duration.

Governed subtree refers to *component* together with the children of *component*:

```
abjad> voice = Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2))
abjad> voice.append(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_note
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
   c'8
   d'8
   \times 2/3 {
      e'8
      f'8
      q'8
   }
}
abjad> new = componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice, (0, 8
abjad> f(new)
\new Voice {
   c'8
   d'8
   \times 2/3 {
      e'8
      f'16
   }
```

Raise contiguity error if asked to slice a parallel container.

}

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Voice("c'8 d'8") * 2)
abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff <<
\new Voice {
    c'8
    d'8
}
\new Voice {
    c'8
    d'8
}
\new Voice {
    c'8
    d'8
}
</pre>
```

Raise contiguity error when attempting to copy fleaves from parallel container.

But note that cases with 0 = start work correctly:

```
abjad> new = componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice, (0, 8
           abjad> f(new)
           \new Voice {
                    c'8
           Cases with 0 < start do not work correctly:
           abjad> new = componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice, (1, 8
           abjad> f(new)
           \new Voice {
                    c′8
                    d'8
           Create ad hoc tuplets as required:
           abjad> voice = Voice([Note("c'4")])
           abjad> new = componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice, 0, (1
           abjad> f(new)
           \new Voice {
                    \times 2/3 {
                              c'8
                    }
           }
           Function does NOT clone parentage of component when component is a leaf:
           abjad> voice = Voice([Note("c'4")])
           abjad> new_leaf = componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to(voice[Component_subtree_from_prolated
           abjad> f(new_leaf)
           c'8
           abjad> new_leaf._parentage.parent is None
           True
           Return (untrimmed_copy,
                                                                   first_dif,
                                                                                          second_dif).
                                                                                                                                Changed in version 2.0:
                                                                                                                                                                                                   renamed
           componenttools.clone_governed_component_subtree_from_prolated_duration_to()
           to componenttools.copy_governed_component_subtree_from_prolated_offset_to().
componenttools.cut_component_at_prolated_duration
abjad.tools.componenttools.cut_component_at_prolated_duration(component, pro-
                                                                                                                                                                      lated_duration)
           New in version 2.0. Cut component at dotted prolated_duration:
           abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
           abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
           BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
           abjad > componenttools.cut_component_at_prolated_duration(staff, Duration(1, 32))
           abjad> f(staff)
           \new Staff {
                    c'16. [
                    d'8
                    e'8
                     f'8 ]
```

Cut *component* at tied *prolated_duration*:

}

```
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> componenttools.cut_component_at_prolated_duration(staff, Duration(3, 64))
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'16 [ ~
        c'64
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8 ]
    Cut component at nonbinary prolated_duration:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> componenttools.cut_component_at_prolated_duration(staff, Duration(1, 24))
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        \times 2/3 {
            c'8 [
         }
        d'8
         e'8
         f'8 ]
    Return none.
componenttools.extend_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners
abjad.tools.componenttools.extend_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners(component,
                                                                                               com-
                                                                                               po-
                                                                                               nents)
    New in version 1.1. Extend components in parent of component and do not grow spanners:
    abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8")]
    abjad> t = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[:])
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)
    abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8")]
```

abjad> componenttools.extend_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners(t[-1], notes)

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")

57.1. Abjad API 225

[Note("e'8"), Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8")]

abjad> print t.format

\new Voice {
 c'8 [
 d'8
 e'8]
 c'8
 d'8
 e'8

}

Return list of *component* and *components*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed extend_in_parent() to extend_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners().

componenttools.extend_in_parent_of_component_and_grow_spanners

abjad.tools.componenttools.extend_in_parent_of_component_and_grow_spanners(components)

new_components)

New in version 2.0. Extend *new components* in parent of *component* and grow spanners:

```
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8")]
abjad> voice = Voice(notes)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
   c'8 [
   d'8
    e'8 ]
}
abjad> new_components = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8")]
abjad> componenttools.extend_in_parent_of_component_and_grow_spanners(voice.leaves[-1], new_comp
[Note("e'8"), Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8")]
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
   c'8 [
   d'8
   e′8
    c'8
   d′8
    e'8 ]
}
```

Return *component* and *new_components* together in list.

componenttools.extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners

abjad.tools.componenttools.extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners(component_component

po-

nents

New in version 1.1. Extend *components* left in parent of *component* and do not grow spanners:

```
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8")]
abjad> t = Voice(notes)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8")]
abjad> componenttools.extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners(t[0], notes)
[Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("c'8")]

abjad> print t.format
\new Voice {
    c'8
    d'8
```

```
e'8
c'8 [
d'8
e'8]
```

Return *components* and *component* together in newly created list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed extend_left_in_parent() to extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners()

componenttools.extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_grow_spanners

abjad.tools.componenttools.extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_grow_spanners(component, new_componen

New in version 2.0. Extend *new_components* left in parent of *component* and grow spanners:

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
   c'8 [
   d′8
    e'8 ]
}
abjad> new_components = 3 * Note(0, (1, 16))
abjad> componenttools.extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_grow_spanners(voice[0], new_component
[Note("c'16"), Note("c'16"), Note("c'16"), Note("c'8")]
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
   c'16 [
    c′16
    c'16
    c'8
   d'8
    e'8 ]
}
```

Return new_components and component together in newly created list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed splice_left() to componenttools.extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_grow_spanners().

componenttools.get_component_start_offset

abjad.tools.componenttools.get_component_start_offset (component)
New in version 1.1. Get component start offset:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
 c'8
 d'8
 e'8
 f'8
}

```
abjad> componenttools.get_component_start_offset(staff[1])
Offset(1, 8)
```

Return nonnegative fraction.

componenttools.get component start offset in seconds

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_component_start_offset_in_seconds (component) New in version 1.1. Get component start offset in seconds:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> score = Score([staff])
abjad> contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 4), 52)(score)
TempoMark(4, 52)(Score<<1>>)
abjad> f(score) # doctest: +SKIP
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        \tempo 4=52
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    }
>>
abjad> componenttools.get_component_start_offset_in_seconds(score.leaves[1])
Offset (15, 26)
```

Return nonnegative fraction.

componenttools.get component stop offset

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_component_stop_offset(component)
```

New in version 1.1. Get *component* stop offset:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
abjad> componenttools.get_component_stop_offset(staff[1])
Offset(1, 4)
```

Return positive fraction.

componenttools.get_component_stop_offset_in_seconds

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_component_stop_offset_in_seconds (component) New in version 1.1. Get component stop offset in seconds:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> score = Score([staff])
abjad> contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 4), 52)(score)
TempoMark(4, 52)(Score<<1>>)
abjad> f(score) # doctest: +SKIP
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
      \tempo 4=52
      c'8
      d'8
      e'8
      f'8
    }
>>
abjad> componenttools.get_component_stop_offset_in_seconds(score.leaves[1])
Offset(15, 13)
```

Return positive fraction.

componenttools.get first component in expr with name

abjad.tools.componenttools.get_first_component_in_expr_with_name(expr, name)

New in version 1.1. Get first component in expr with name:

```
abjad> flute_staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> flute_staff.name = 'Flute'
abjad> violin_staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> violin_staff.name = 'Violin'
abjad> staff_group = scoretools.StaffGroup([flute_staff, violin_staff])
abjad> score = Score([staff_group])

abjad> componenttools.get_first_component_in_expr_with_name(score, 'Violin')
Staff-"Violin"{4}
```

Changed in version 2.0: Function returns first component found. Function previously returned tuple of all components found. Changed in version 2.0: renamed scoretools.find() to componenttools.get_first_component_in_expr_with_name(). Changed in version 2.0: Removed klass and context keywords. Function operates only on component name.

componenttools.get_first_component_with_name_in_improper_parentage_of_component

abjad.tools.componenttools.get_first_component_with_name_in_improper_parentage_of_component

New in version 2.0. Get first component with *name* in improper parentage of *component*:

```
abjad> score = Score([Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4")])
abjad> score.name = 'The Score'

abjad> f(score)
\context Score = "The Score" <<
    \new Staff {
        c'4
        d'4
        e'4
        f'4</pre>
```

```
abjad> leaf = score.leaves[0]
abjad> componenttools.get_first_component_with_name_in_improper_parentage_of_component(leaf, 'The Score"<<1>>
abjad> componenttools.get_first_component_with_name_in_improper_parentage_of_component(leaf, 'for True
```

Return component or none.

componenttools.get first component with name in proper parentage of component

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_first_component_with_name_in_proper_parentage_of_component(
```

New in version 2.0. Get first component with *name* in proper parentage of *component*:

Return component or none.

componenttools.get_first_instance_of_klass_in_improper_parentage_of_component

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_first_instance_of_klass_in_improper_parentage_of_component(
```

New in version 2.0. Get first instance of *klass* in improper parentage of *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> componenttools.get_first_instance_of_klass_in_improper_parentage_of_component(staff[0], Note("c'8")
```

Return component or none.

componenttools.get_first_instance_of_klass_in_proper_parentage_of_component

```
New in version 1.1. Get first instance of klass in proper parentage of component:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")

abjad> componenttools.get_first_instance_of_klass_in_proper_parentage_of_component(staff[0], Staff{4}
```

abjad.tools.componenttools.get_first_instance_of_klass_in_proper_parentage_of_component(component)

Return component or none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed componenttools.get_first() to componenttools.get_first_instance_of_klass_in_proper_parentage_of_component().

componenttools.get_improper_parentage_of_component

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_improper_parentage_of_component(component)
```

New in version 1.1. Get improper parentage of *component*:

```
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> staff = Staff([tuplet])
abjad> note = staff.leaves[0]

abjad> componenttools.get_improper_parentage_of_component(note)
(Note("c'8"), Tuplet(2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8]), Staff{1})
```

Return tuple of zero or more components.

componenttools.get likely multiplier of components

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_likely_multiplier_of_components (components)

New in version 2.0. Get likely multiplier of components:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8.. d'8.. e'8.. f'8..")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8..
    d'8..
    e'8..
    f'8..
}
abjad> componenttools.get_likely_multiplier_of_components(staff[:])
Duration(7, 4)
```

Return 1 when no multiplier is likely:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
abjad> componenttools.get_likely_multiplier_of_components(staff[:])
Duration(1, 1)
```

Return none when more than one multiplier is likely:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes([0, 2, 4, 5], [(3, 16), (7, 32)]))
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8.
    d'8..
    e'8.
    f'8..
}
abjad> componenttools.get_likely_multiplier_of_components(staff[:]) is None
True
```

Return fraction or none.

componenttools.get_nth_component_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_nth_component_in_expr (expr, klasses, n=0)
New in version 1.1. Get component n in the klasses of expr:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff([ ])
abjad> durations = [Duration(n, 16) for n in range(1, 5)]
abjad> notes = notetools.make_notes([0, 2, 4, 5], durations)
abjad> rests = resttools.make_rests(durations)
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> leaves = seqtools.interlace_sequences(notes, rests)
abjad> staff.extend(leaves)
abjad> print staff.format
\new Staff {
    c'16
   r16
    d'8
    r8
    e'8.
    r8.
    f'4
    r4
}
abjad> for n in range(4):
           componenttools.get_nth_component_in_expr(staff, Note, n)
. . .
Note ("c'16")
Note("d'8")
Note("e'8.")
Note("f'4")
abjad> for n in range(4):
           componenttools.get_nth_component_in_expr(staff, Rest, n)
. . .
. . .
Rest('r16')
Rest('r8')
Rest('r8.')
Rest('r4')
abjad> componenttools.get_nth_component_in_expr(staff, Staff)
Staff{8}
```

Read right-to-left for negative values of *n*:

```
abjad> for n in range(3, -1, -1):
                componenttools.get_nth_component_in_expr(staff, Rest, n)
    Rest('r4')
    Rest('r8.')
    Rest('r8')
    Rest('r16')
                                  Changed in version 2.0:
    Return component or none.
                                                           renamed iterate.get_nth() to
    componenttools.get_nth_component_in_expr().
componenttools.get nth namesake from component
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_nth_namesake_from_component(component, n)
    New in version 2.0. For positive n, return namesake to the right of component:
    abjad > t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> componenttools.get_nth_namesake_from_component(t[1], 1)
    Note("e'8")
    For negative n, return namesake to the left of component:
    abjad > t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> componenttools.get_nth_namesake_from_component(t[1], -1)
    Note("c'8")
    Return component when n is zero:
    abjad > t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> componenttools.get_nth_namesake_from_component(t[1], 0)
    Note ("d'8")
    Return component or none.
componenttools.get parent and start stop indices of components
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_parent_and_start_stop_indices_of_components(components)
    New in version 1.1. Get parent and start / stop indices of components:
    abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8")
    abjad> print t.format
    \new Staff {
        c′8
        d'8
         e′8
         f'8
         g′8
         a′8
    abjad> leaves = t[-2:]
    abjad> leaves
     [Note("g'8"), Note("a'8")]
    abjad> componenttools.get_parent_and_start_stop_indices_of_components(leaves)
     (Staff{6}, 4, 5)
```

```
Return parent / start index / stop index triple. Return parent as component or none. Return nonnegative integer start index and nonnegative index stop index. Changed in version 2.0: renamed componenttools.get_with_indices() to componenttools.get_parent_and_start_stop_indices_of_components().
```

componenttools.get_proper_parentage_of_component

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.get_proper_parentage_of_component(component)

New in version 1.1. Get proper parentage of component:
```

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> staff = Staff([tuplet])
abjad> note = staff.leaves[0]
abjad> componenttools.get_proper_parentage_of_component(note)
(FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, d'8, e'8]), Staff{1})
```

Return tuple of zero or more components.

componenttools.is_beamable_component

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.is_beamable_component (expr)
New in version 1.1. True when expr is a beamable component. Otherwise false:
```

Return boolean.

componenttools.is_orphan_component

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.is_orphan_component(component)
```

New in version 1.1. True when *component* has no parent. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> componenttools.is_orphan_component(note)
True
```

Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed componenttools.component_is_orphan() to componenttools.is_orphan_component().

componenttools.is well formed component

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.is_well_formed_component(expr, allow empty containers=True)
```

New in version 1.1. True when *component* is well formed:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> componenttools.is_well_formed_component(staff)
True
```

Otherwise false:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> staff[1].written_duration = Duration(1, 4)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'4, e'8, f'8)
abjad> componenttools.is_well_formed_component(staff)
False
```

Beamed quarter notes are not well formed.

Return boolean.

componenttools.iterate_components_backward_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.iterate_components_backward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                           klass=<class
                                                                           jad.tools.componenttools._Component._(
                                                                           start=0,
                                                                           stop=None)
    New in version 1.1. Iterate components backward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_not
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(sta
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \times 2/3 {
             c'8
             d'8
             e′8
         \times 2/3 {
             f'8
             g'8
             a'8
     }
    abjad> for x in componenttools.iterate_components_backward_in_expr(staff, Note):
     . . .
    Note("a'8")
    Note("g'8")
    Note("f'8")
    Note("e'8")
    Note("d'8")
    Note("c'8")
    New in version 2.0: optional start and stop keyword parameters.
    abjad> for x in componenttools.iterate_components_backward_in_expr(staff, Note, start = 0, stop
     . . .
     . . .
    Note("a'8")
    Note ("g'8")
    Note("f'8")
    Note("e'8")
```

57.1. Abjad API 235

abjad> for x in componenttools.iterate_components_backward_in_expr(staff, Note, start = 4):

```
Note("d'8")
    Note("c'8")
    abjad> for x in componenttools.iterate_components_backward_in_expr(staff, Note, start = 4, stop
    Note("d'8")
    Note("c'8")
    This function is thread-agnostic.
                                   Changed in version 2.0: renamed iterate.backwards() to
    componenttools.iterate_components_backward_in_expr().
componenttools.iterate_components_depth_first
abjad.tools.componenttools.iterate_components_depth_first(component,
                                                                     capped=True,
                                                                     unique=True,
                                                                                     for-
                                                                     bid=None,
                                                                                    direc-
                                                                     tion='left')
    New in version 1.1. Iterate components depth-first from component.
    Todo
    Add usage examples.
                                   2.0:
    Changed
                        version
                                                             iterate.depth_first()
                 in
                                                 renamed
                                                                                            to
    componenttools.iterate_components_depth_first().
componenttools.iterate components forward in expr
abjad.tools.componenttools.iterate_components_forward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                          klass=<class 'ab-
                                                                          jad.tools.componenttools._Component._Component._Component.
                                                                          start=0,
                                                                          stop=None)
    New in version 1.1. Iterate components forward in expr:
    abjad> container = Container(Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
    abjad> container.is_parallel = True
    abjad> container[0].name = 'voice 1'
    abjad> container[1].name = 'vocie 2'
    abjad> staff = Staff(container * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
             \context Voice = "voice 1" {
                 c'8
                  d'8
             \context Voice = "vocie 2" {
                 e'8
                  f'8
```

renamed iterate.naive() to

```
\context Voice = "vocie 2" {
            b'8
             c''8
         }
    >>
}
abjad> for x in componenttools.iterate_components_forward_in_expr(staff, Note):
. . .
Note("c'8")
Note ("d'8")
Note("e'8")
Note("f'8")
Note("g'8")
Note("a'8")
Note("b'8")
Note("c''8")
New in version 2.0: optional start and stop keyword parameters.
abjad> for x in componenttools.iterate_components_forward_in_expr(staff, Note, start = 0, stop =
. . .
. . .
Note("c'8")
Note ("d'8")
Note("e'8")
Note("f'8")
abjad> for x in componenttools.iterate_components_forward_in_expr(staff, Note, start = 4):
Note("g'8")
Note("a'8")
Note("b'8")
Note("c''8")
abjad> for x in componenttools.iterate_components_forward_in_expr(staff, Note, start = 4, stop =
. . .
. . .
Note("g'8")
Note("a'8")
```

componenttools.iterate_namesakes_backward_from_component

This function is thread-agnostic.

defaults to _Component.

>>

\context Voice = "voice 1" {

g'8 a'8

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.iterate_namesakes_backward_from_component(component, start=0, stop=None)
```

Changed in version 2.0:

componenttools.iterate_components_forward_in_expr().Changed in version 2.0: klass now

New in version 2.0. Iterate namesakes backward from *component*:

```
abjad> container = Container(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> container.is_parallel = True
abjad> container[0].name = 'staff 1'
abjad> container[1].name = 'staff 2'
abjad> score = Score([])
abjad> score.is_parallel = False
abjad> score.extend(container * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(scc
abjad> print score.format
\new Score {
    <<
        \context Staff = "staff 1" {
            c'8
            d'8
        \context Staff = "staff 2" {
            e'8
            f'8
        \context Staff = "staff 1" {
            g'8
            a'8
        \context Staff = "staff 2" {
            b'8
            c''8
        }
    >>
}
abjad> for staff in componenttools.iterate_namesakes_backward_from_component(score[-1][0]):
       print staff.format
\context Staff = "staff 1" {
    g'8
    a'8
\context Staff = "staff 1" {
    c′8
    d'8
```

Return generator.

componenttools.iterate_namesakes_forward_from_component

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.iterate_namesakes_forward_from_component(component, start=0, stop=None)
```

New in version 1.1. Iterate namesakes forward from *component*:

```
abjad> container = Container(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> container.is_parallel = True
abjad> container[0].name = 'staff 1'
abjad> container[1].name = 'staff 2'
```

```
abjad> score = Score([ ])
    abjad> score.is_parallel = False
    abjad> score.extend(container * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(scc
    abjad> print score.format
    \new Score {
        <<
             \context Staff = "staff 1" {
                 c'8
                 d'8
             \context Staff = "staff 2" {
                 e'8
                 f'8
        >>
             \context Staff = "staff 1" {
                 g'8
                 a'8
             \context Staff = "staff 2" {
                b'8
                 c''8
        >>
    }
    abjad> for staff in componenttools.iterate_namesakes_forward_from_component(score[0][0]):
            print staff.format
     \context Staff = "staff 1" {
        c'8
        d'8
    \context Staff = "staff 1" {
        g'8
        a'8
    Return generator.
componenttools.iterate timeline backward from component
abjad.tools.componenttools.iterate_timeline_backward_from_component(expr,
                                                                              klass=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate timeline backward from component:
    abjad> score = Score([ ])
    abjad> score.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4, Duration(1, 4))))
    abjad> score.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4)))
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(sco
    abjad> f(score)
    \new Score <<
         \new Staff {
             c'4
```

57.1. Abjad API 239

d'4 e'4

```
f'4
}
\new Staff {
    g'8
    a'8
    b'8
    c''8
}
>>
abjad> for leaf in componenttools.iterate_timeline_backward_from_component(score[1][2]):
... leaf
...
Note("b'8")
Note("c'4")
Note("c'4")
Note("a'8")
Note("a'8")
```

Yield components sorted backward by score offset stop time.

Iterate leaves when klass is none.

Todo

optimize to avoid behind-the-scenes full-score traversal.

componenttools.iterate_timeline_backward_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.iterate_timeline_backward_in_expr(expr, klass=None) New in version 2.0. Iterate timeline backward in expr:
```

```
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad> score.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4, Duration(1, 4))))
abjad> score.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4)))
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(scc
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        c'4
        d'4
        e′4
        f'4
    \new Staff {
        g′8
        a'8
        b'8
        c''8
    }
>>
abjad> for leaf in componenttools.iterate_timeline_backward_in_expr(score):
        leaf
. . .
. . .
Note("f'4")
Note("e'4")
Note("d'4")
Note("c''8")
Note("b'8")
```

```
Note("c'4")
Note("a'8")
Note("g'8")
```

Iterate leaves when klass is none.

Todo

optimize to avoid behind-the-scenes full-score traversal.

componenttools.iterate_timeline_forward_from_component

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.iterate_timeline_forward_from_component(expr, klass=None)
```

New in version 2.0. Iterate timeline forward from *component*:

```
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad> score.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4, Duration(1, 4))))
abjad> score.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4)))
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(scc
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        c'4
        d'4
        e′4
        f'4
    \new Staff {
        a'8
        a'8
        b'8
        c''8
>>
abjad> for leaf in componenttools.iterate_timeline_forward_from_component(score[1][2]):
. . .
Note("b'8")
Note("c''8")
Note("e'4")
Note("f'4")
```

Iterate leaves when klass is none.

Todo

optimize to avoid behind-the-scenes full-score traversal.

componenttools.iterate_timeline_forward_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.iterate_timeline_forward_in_expr(expr, klass=None)
New in version 2.0. Iterate timeline forward in expr:
```

```
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad> score.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4, Duration(1, 4))))
abjad> score.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4)))
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(scc
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        c′4
        d'4
        e′4
        f'4
    \new Staff {
        g'8
        a'8
        b'8
        c''8
>>
abjad> for leaf in componenttools.iterate_timeline_forward_in_expr(score):
. . .
Note("c'4")
Note("g'8")
Note("a'8")
Note("d'4")
Note("b'8")
Note("c''8")
Note("e'4")
Note("f'4")
```

Todo

optimize to avoid behind-the-scenes full-score traversal.

Iterate leaves when klass is none.

componenttools.list badly formed components in expr

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.list_badly_formed_components_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                    al-
                                                                           low_empty_containers=True)
    New in version 1.1. List badly formed components in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> staff[1].written_duration = Duration(1, 4)
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'4, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'4
        e'8
         f'8 ]
    abjad> componenttools.list_badly_formed_components_in_expr(staff)
     [Note("d'4")]
```

Beamed quarter notes are not well formed.

[]

Return list.

Return newly created list of zero or more components.

componenttools.list improper contents of component that cross prolated offset

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.list_improper_contents_of_component_that_cross_prolated_offset (
    New in version 2.0. List improper contents of component that cross prolated_offset:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(sta
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         {
             \time 2/8
             c′8
             d'8
         {
             \time 2/8
             e'8
             f'8
    Examples refer to the score above.
    No components cross prolated offset 0:
    abjad> componenttools.list_improper_contents_of_component_that_cross_prolated_offset(staff, 0)
     []
    Staff, measure and leaf cross prolated offset 1/16:
    abjad> componenttools.list_improper_contents_of_component_that_cross_prolated_offset(staff, Dura
     [Staff{2}, Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8]), Note("c'8")]
    Staff and measure cross prolated offset 1/8:
    abjad> componenttools.list_improper_contents_of_component_that_cross_prolated_offset(staff, Dura
     [Staff{2}, Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])]
    Staff crosses prolated offset 1/4:
    abjad> componenttools.list_improper_contents_of_component_that_cross_prolated_offset(staff, Dura
     [Staff{2}]
    No components cross prolated offset 99:
    abjad> componenttools.list_improper_contents_of_component_that_cross_prolated_offset(staff, 99)
```

componenttools.list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most

abjad.tools.componenttools.list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most (component pro-

New in version 2.0. List leftmost components in *component* with prolated duration at most *prolated_duration*.

Return tuple of components [:i] together with the prolated duration of components [:i]:

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> componenttools.list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most(voice[:], Duration
([Note("c'8"), Note("d'8")], Duration(1, 4))
```

Maximize i such that the prolated duration of components [:i] is no greater than prolated_duration.

Input *components* must be thread-contiguous.

Todo

 $implement \verb| componenttools.list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_least()|.$

Todo

implement componenttools.list_rightmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most().

Todo

implement componenttools.list_rightmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_least().

```
Changed in version 2.0: renamed componenttools.get_le_duration_prolated() to componenttools.list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most().
```

componenttools.move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component

abjad.tools.componenttools.move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component New in version 2.0. Move *component* subtree to right in immediate parent of *component*:

```
abjad > t = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[:2])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[2:])
BeamSpanner(e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(t)
\new Voice {
   c'8 [
    d'8 ]
    e'8 [
    f'8 ]
}
abjad> componenttools.move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component(t[1])
abjad> f(t)
\new Voice {
   c'8 [
    e'8 1
    d'8 [
```

lated_dura

```
f'8 ]
```

Return none.

Todo

add n = 1 keyword to generalize flipped distance.

Todo

make componenttools.move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component()
work when spanners attach to children of component:

```
abjad> voice = Voice(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_not
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice.leaves[:4])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
abjad> componenttools.move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component(voice[0])
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    \times 2/3 {
        f'8 ]
       g′8
        a'8
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8
    }
abjad> componenttools.is_well_formed_component(voice)
False
                    Changed in version 2.0:
                                               renamed componenttools.flip() to
Preserve spanners.
componenttools.move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component().
```

componenttools.move_parentage_and_spanners_from_components_to_components

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.move_parentage_and_spanners_from_components_to_components (donors, re-
```

cipients)

New in version 1.1. Move parentage and spanners from *donors* to *recipients*.

Give everything from donors to recipients. Almost exactly the same as container setitem logic. This helper works with orphan donors. Container setitem logic can not work with orphan donors. Return donors. Changed in version 2.0: renamed scoretools.bequeath() to componenttools.move_parentage_and_spanners_from_components_to_components().

componenttools.number_is_between_prolated_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component

 $\verb|abjad.tools.componenttools.number_is_between_prolated_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component(a)| \\$

New in version 2.0. True when *timepoint* is within the prolated duration of *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> leaf = staff.leaves[0]
abjad> componenttools.number_is_between_prolated_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component(Duration(1,
True
abjad> componenttools.number_is_between_prolated_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component(Duration(1,
True
```

Otherwise false:

abjad> componenttools.number_is_between_prolated_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component(Duration(1, False

Return boolean.

componenttools.number_is_between_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component_in_seconds

abjad.tools.componenttools.number_is_between_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component_in_second

New in version 2.0. True when *timepoint* is within the duration of *component* in seconds:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 2), 60, target_context = Staff)(staff)
TempoMark(2, 60)(Staff{4})

abjad> leaf = staff.leaves[0]
abjad> componenttools.number_is_between_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component_in_seconds(0.1, leaf
True
abjad> componenttools.number_is_between_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component_in_seconds(0.333, leaf
True
```

Otherwise false:

abjad> componenttools.number_is_between_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component_in_seconds(0.5, staffalse

Return boolean.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_exactly_with_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_exactly

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by *durations_in_seconds* exactly with overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_exactly_without_overhang
abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_exactly_

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by *durations_in_seconds* exactly without overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_with_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_with_

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by durations in seconds greater than or equal to *durations_in_seconds*, with overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_without_overhang
abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_without_overhang

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by durations in seconds that are equal to or just greater than *durations_in_seconds*, without overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_le_with_overhang
abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_le_with_

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by durations in seconds equal to or just less than *durations_in_seconds*, with overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_le_without_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_le_without_overhang

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by durations in seconds that equal or are just less than *durations in seconds*, without overhang

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_exactly_with_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition components cyclically by prolated durations exactly with_overhang

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by *prolated_durations* exactly, with overhang.

componenttools.partition components cyclically by prolated durations exactly without overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_exactly_water

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by *prolated_durations* exactly, without overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_with_overhang

abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 4)

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_with_or

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by *prolated_durations* greater than or equal, with overhang:

```
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'8
        d'8
    }
        \times 2/8
        e'8
        f'8
        \time 2/8
        g'8
        a'8
    {
        \time 2/8
        b'8
        c''8
    }
}
abjad> groups = componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_with_ove
abjad> for group in groups:
. . .
        group
. . .
[Note("c'8"), Note("d'8")]
[Note("e'8")]
[Note("f'8"), Note("q'8")]
[Note("a'8")]
[Note("b'8"), Note("c''8")]
```

Return list of lists.

Note: function works not just on components but on any durated objects including spanners.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by prolated durations that equal or are just greater than *prolated_durations*, without overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_le_with_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_le_with_or

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by prolated duration that equal or are just less than *prolated_durations*, with overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_le_without_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_le_without

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by prolated durations that equal or are just less than *prolated_durations*, without overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_exactly_with_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_exactly_with_o

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* once by *durations_in_seconds* exactly, with overhang.

componenttools.partition components once by durations in seconds exactly without overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_exactly_without

New in version 1.1. Partition components cyclically by durations_in_seconds exactly, without overhang.

componenttools.partition components once by durations in seconds ge with overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_with_overhands

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* once by durations in seconds that equal or are just greater than *durations_in_seconds*, with overhang.

componenttools.partition components once by durations in seconds ge without overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_without_over

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* once by durations in seconds that equal or are just greater than *durations_in_seconds*, without overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_le_with_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_le_with_overhands

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* once by durations in seconds that equal or are just less than *durations_in_seconds*, with overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_le_without_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_le_without_over

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* once by durations in seconds that equal or are just less than *durations_in_seconds*, without overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_exactly_with_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_exactly_with_over

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* once by *prolated_durations* exactly, with overhang.

componenttools.partition components once by prolated durations exactly without overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_exactly_without

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* once by *prolated durations* exactly, without overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_ge_with_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_ge_with_overhangering

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by prolated durations that equal or are just greater than *prolated_durations*, with overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_overlapped.

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by prolated durations that equal or are just greater than *prolated_durations*, without overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_le_with_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_le_with_overhands

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* once by prolated durations that equal or are just less than *prolated_durations*, with overhang.

componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_le_without_overhang

abjad.tools.componenttools.partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_le_without_overs

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* once by prolated durations that equal or are just less than *prolated_durations*, without overhang.

componenttools.remove component subtree from score and spanners

abjad.tools.componenttools.remove_component_subtree_from_score_and_spanners (components)

New in version 1.1. Remove arbitrary components and children of components from score and spanners:

```
abjad> score = Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2))
abjad> score.insert(1, Container(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)))
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(score)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(score.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> spannertools.GlissandoSpanner(score.leaves)
GlissandoSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)

abjad> f(score)
\new Voice {
    c'8 [ \glissando
    {
        d'8 \glissando
        e'8 \glissando
    }
}
```

Examples refer to the score above.

Remove one leaf from score:

f'8]

}

```
abjad> componenttools.remove_component_subtree_from_score_and_spanners(score.leaves[1:2]) \# doct (Note(d', 8),)
```

```
abjad> f(score) # doctest: +SKIP
\new Voice {
    c'8 [ \glissando
        e'8 \glissando
    }
    f'8 ]
}
Remove contiguous leaves from score:
abjad> result = componenttools.remove_component_subtree_from_score_and_spanners(score.leaves[:2]
(Note(c', 8), Note(d', 8))
abjad> f(score) # doctest: +SKIP
\new Voice {
   {
        e'8 [ \glissando
    }
    f'8 ]
}
Remove noncontiguous leaves from score:
abjad> componenttools.remove_component_subtree_from_score_and_spanners([score.leaves[0], score.leaves])
[Note(c', 8), Note(e', 8)]
abjad> f(score) # doctest: +SKIP
\new Voice {
    {
        d'8 [ \glissando
    }
    f'8 ]
Remove container from score:
abjad> result = componenttools.remove_component_subtree_from_score_and_spanners(score[1:2])
abjad> result # doctest: +SKIP
[{d'8, e'8}]
```

Withdraw components and children of components from spanners.

Return either tuple or list of *components* and children of *components*.

Todo

}

\new Voice {

f'8]

regularize return value of function.

c'8 [\glissando

abjad> f(score) # doctest: +SKIP

Note: rename to componenttools.remove_components_from_score_deep().

```
Changed
                in
                       version
                                 2.0:
                                              renamed
                                                         componenttools.detach()
                                                                                         to
    componenttools.remove_component_subtree_from_score_and_spanners().
componenttools.replace components with children of components
abjad.tools.componenttools.replace_components_with_children_of_components(components)
    New in version 1.1. Remove arbitrary components from score but retain children of components in score:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Container(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(sta
    abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[:])
    SlurSpanner({c'8, d'8}, {e'8, f'8})
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
             c'8 [ (
             d'8
         }
         {
             e′8
             f'8 ] )
     }
    abjad> componenttools.replace_components_with_children_of_components(staff[0:1])
    [{}]
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        c'8 [ (
        d'8
         {
             e'8
             f'8 ] )
         }
     }
    Return components.
    Note: should be renamed to componenttools.remove_components_from_score_shallow()
    Changed
                       version
                                  2.0:
                in
                                               renamed
                                                           componenttools.slip()
                                                                                         to
```

componenttools.report component format contributions as string

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.report_component_format_contributions_as_string(component, ver-bose=False)
```

 $\verb|componenttools.replace_components_with_children_of_components()|.$

New in version 1.1. Report *component* format contributions as string.

Set verbose to True or False.

componenttools.split_component_at_prolated_duration_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners

abjad.tools.componenttools.split_component_at_prolated_duration_and_do_not_fracture_crossingled.

New in version 1.1. Split *component* at *prolated_duration* and do not fracture crossing spanners.

Leave spanners untouched.

Return split parts:

```
abjad > t = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[0])
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[1])
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(t.leaves)
SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    {
        \times 2/8
        c'8 [ (
        d'8 ]
    }
    {
        \time 2/8
        e'8 [
        f'8 ] )
}
abjad> halves = componenttools.split_component_at_prolated_duration_and_do_not_fracture_crossing
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'32 [ (
        c'16.
        d'8 ]
    }
        \time 2/8
        e'8 [
        f'8 ] )
    }
}
```

Works on both leaves and containers. Changed in version 2.0: renamed split.unfractured_at_duration() to componenttools.split_component_at_prolated_duration_a

componenttools.split_component_at_prolated_duration_and_fracture_crossing_spanners

abjad.tools.componenttools.split_component_at_prolated_duration_and_fracture_crossing_spans

New in version 1.1. Split *component* at *prolated_duration* and fracture crossing spanners.

```
Return split parts:
```

```
abjad > t = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[0])
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[1])
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(t.leaves)
SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'8 [ (
        d'8 1
    }
    {
        \time 2/8
        e'8 [
        f'8 ] )
    }
}
halves = componenttools.split_component_at_prolated_duration_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(t.le
\new Staff {
    {
        \times 2/8
        c'32 () [
        c'16. (
        d'8 ]
    }
    {
        \times 2/8
        e'8 [
        f'8 ] )
    }
```

Function works on both leaves and containers. Changed in version 2.0: renamed split.fractured_at_duration() to componenttools.split_component_at_prolated_duration_and_

componenttools.split_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners
abjad.tools.componenttools.split_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by prolated *durations* and do not fracture spanners:

BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)

abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[0])

```
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[1])
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'8 [ (
        d'8 1
    }
    {
        \time 2/8
        e'8 [
        f'8 ] )
    }
}
abjad> durations = [Duration(3, 32)]
abjad> componenttools.split_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_and_do_not_fracture_cros
[[Note("c'16.")], [Note("c'32"), Note("d'16")],
[Note("d'16"), Note("e'32")], [Note("e'16.")], [Note("f'16.")], [Note("f'32")]]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'16. [ (
        c'32
        d'16
        d'16 ]
    }
    {
        \time 2/8
        e'32 [
        e'16.
        f'16.
        f'32 ] )
}
Return
         list
               of
                     partitioned
                                  components.
                                                        Changed
                                                                        version
                                                                                  2.0:
renamed
                    partition.cyclic_unfractured_by_durations()
                                                                                    to
componenttools.split_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_and_do_not_fracture_c
```

abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)

abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)

New in version 1.1. Partition *components* cyclically by prolated *durations* and fracture spanners:

componenttools.split_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_and_fracture_crossing_spanners

abjad.tools.componenttools.split_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_and_fracture_0

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[0])
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[1])
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   {
        \time 2/8
        c'8 [ (
        d'8 1
    }
    {
        \time 2/8
        e'8 [
        f'8 ] )
    }
}
abjad> durations = [Duration(3, 32)]
abjad> componenttools.split_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_and_fracture_crossing_sp
[[Note("c'16.")], [Note("c'32"), Note("d'16")], [Note("d'16"), Note("e'32")],
[Note("e'16.")], [Note("f'16.")], [Note("f'32")]]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'16. ( ) [
        c'32 (
        d'16 )
        d'16 ] (
    }
    {
        \time 2/8
        e'32 ) [
        e'16. (
        f'16.)
        f'32 ] ()
    }
}
        list
                 partitioned
                             components.
                                               Changed
                                                        in
                                                            version
                                                                     2.0:
                                                                              renamed
             of
partition.cyclic_fractured_by_durations() to componenttools.split_components_cyclically_
```

componenttools.split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners

abjad.tools.componenttools.split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_do_not_fracture

New in version 1.1. Split *components* once by prolated *durations* and do not fracture crossing spanners:

```
abjad> t = Staff(Container(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[0])
BeamSpanner({c'8, d'8})
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[1])
BeamSpanner({e'8, f'8})
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(t.leaves)
SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
   {
        c'8 [ (
        d'8 ]
    }
    {
        e′8 [
        f'8])
}
abjad> durations = [Duration(1, 32), Duration(3, 32), Duration(5, 32)]
abjad> parts = componenttools.split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_do_not_fracture_cr
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    {
        c'32 [ (
    }
    {
        c'16.
    }
    {
        d'8 ]
    }
        e'8 [
        f'8 ] )
    }
}
        in version 2.0:
                             renamed partition.unfractured_by_durations()
componenttools.split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_do_not_fracture_crossin
```

componenttools.split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_fracture_crossing_spanners

abjad.tools.componenttools.split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_fracture_crossing_once_by_prolated_durations_and_fracture_cross_and_fracture

New in version 1.1. Split *components* once by prolated *durations* and fracture crossing spanners:

```
abjad> t = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[0])
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[1])
```

```
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
    abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(t.leaves)
    SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(t)
    \new Staff {
        {
            \time 2/8
            c'8 [ (
            d'8 ]
        }
        {
            \time 2/8
            e'8 [
            f'8])
    }
    abjad> durations = [Duration(1, 32), Duration(3, 32), Duration(5, 32)]
    abjad> parts = componenttools.split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_fracture_crossing_
    abjad> f(t)
    \new Staff {
        {
            \time 1/32
            c'32 [ ] ( )
        {
            \times 3/32
            c'16. [ ] ( )
        {
            \time 4/32
            d'8 [ ] (
            \times 2/8
            e'8 [
            f'8])
    }
              in
                  version
                           2.0:
                                    renamed
                                             partition.fractured_by_durations()
    componenttools.split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_fracture_crossing_spann
componenttools.sum_duration_of_components_in_seconds
abjad.tools.componenttools.sum_duration_of_components_in_seconds(components)
    New in version 1.1. Sum duration of components in seconds:
```

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> score = Score([Staff([tuplet])])
abjad> contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 4), 48)(score)
TempoMark(4, 48) (Score<<1>>)
abjad> f(score) # doctest: +SKIP
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        \times 2/3 {
            \tempo 4=48
```

```
c'8
                d'8
                e′8
            }
        }
    >>
    abjad> componenttools.sum_duration_of_components_in_seconds(tuplet[:])
    Duration(5, 4)
    Changed
                in
                      version
                                 2.0:
                                             renamed
                                                        durtools.sum_seconds()
                                                                                      to
    componenttools.sum_duration_of_components_in_seconds().
componenttools.sum_preprolated_duration_of_components
\verb|abjad.tools.components| (\textit{components})|
    New in version 1.1. Sum preprolated duration of components:
    abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> componenttools.sum_preprolated_duration_of_components(tuplet[:])
    Duration(3, 8)
    Return zero on empty iterable:
    abjad> componenttools.sum_preprolated_duration_of_components([ ])
    0
    Raise contiguity error on nonparent-contiguous components:
    abjad> t = Voice(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(3
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
    abjad> f(t)
    \new Voice {
        \times 2/3 {
            c′8
            d'8
            e'8
        \times 2/3 {
            f'8
            g'8
            a'8
    }
    abjad> componenttools.sum_preprolated_duration_of_components(t.leaves)
    Duration(3, 4)
    Changed in version 2.0:
                              renamed componenttools.get_duration_preprolated() to
    componenttools.sum_preprolated_duration_of_components().
componenttools.sum_prolated_duration_of_components
```

abjad.tools.componenttools.sum_prolated_duration_of_components(components)

New in version 1.1. Sum prolated duration of *components*:

to

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> f(tuplet)
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
    abjad> componenttools.sum_prolated_duration_of_components(tuplet[:])
    Duration(1, 4)
                                2.0:
    Changed
                in
                      version
                                             renamed
                                                        durtools.sum_prolated()
    componenttools.sum_prolated_duration_of_components().
componenttools.tabulate_well_formedness_violations_in_expr
abjad.tools.componenttools.tabulate_well_formedness_violations_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                low_empty_containers=True
    New in version 1.1. Tabulate well-formedness violations in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> staff[1].written_duration = Duration(1, 4)
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'4, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'4
        e'8
        f'8 ]
    abjad> componenttools.tabulate_well_formedness_violations_in_expr(staff)
    1 / 4 beamed quarter note
    0 / 1 discontiguous spanner
    0 / 5 duplicate i d
    0 / 1 empty container
    0 / 0 intermarked hairpin
    0 / 0 misdurated measure
    0 / 0 misfilled measure
    0 \ / \ 4 mispitched tie
    0 / 4 misrepresented flag
    0 / 5 missing parent
        0 nested measure
    0 / 0 overlapping beam
    0 / 0 overlapping glissando
    0 / 0 overlapping octavation
    0 / 0 short hairpin
```

Beamed quarter notes are not well formed.

componenttools.yield_components_grouped_by_preprolated_duration

abjad.tools.componenttools.yield_components_grouped_by_preprolated_duration(components) New in version 2.0. Yield components grouped by preprolated duration:

componenttools.yield components grouped by prolated duration

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.yield_components_grouped_by_prolated_duration(components)

New in version 2.0. Yield component grouped by prolated duration:
```

Return generator.

Return generator.

componenttools.yield_groups_of_mixed_klasses_in_sequence

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.yield_groups_of_mixed_klasses_in_sequence(sequence,
```

New in version 2.0. Yield groups of mixed *klasses* in *sequence*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 r8 r8 <e' g'>8 <f' a'>8 g'8 a'8 r8 r8 <b' d''>8 <c'' e''>8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
   d′8
    r8
    r8
    <e' g'>8
    <f' a'>8
    g′8
    a'8
    r8
    r8
    <b' d''>8
    <c'' e''>8
}
abjad> for group in componenttools.yield_groups_of_mixed_klasses_in_sequence(staff, (Note, Chord
... group
(Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"))
(Chord("<e' g'>8"), Chord("<f' a'>8"), Note("g'8"), Note("a'8"))
(Chord("<b' d''>8"), Chord("<c'' e''>8"))
```

Return generator.

componenttools.vield topmost components grouped by type

```
abjad.tools.componenttools.yield_topmost_components_grouped_by_type(expr)
    New in version 2.0. Yield topmost components in expr grouped by type:
    abjad> staff = Staff(leaftools.make_leaves([0, 2, 4, None, None, 5, 7], [(1, 8)]))
    abjad> for x in componenttools.yield_topmost_components_grouped_by_type(staff):
     . . .
     (Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"))
     (Rest('r8'), Rest('r8'))
     (Note("f'8"), Note("g'8"))
    Return generator.
componenttools.yield topmost components of klass grouped by type
abjad.tools.componenttools.yield_topmost_components_of_klass_grouped_by_type(expr,
                                                                                          klass)
    New in version 2.0. Yield topmost components of klass in expr grouped by type:
    abjad> staff = Staff(leaftools.make_leaves([0, 2, 4, None, None, 5, 7], [(1, 8)]))
    abjad> for x in componenttools.yield_topmost_components_of_klass_grouped_by_type(staff, Note):
     . . .
     (Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"))
     (Note("f'8"), Note("g'8"))
    Return generator.
```

containertools

containertools.Cluster

```
class abjad.tools.containertools.Cluster(music=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.containertools.Container.Container.Container New in version 1.1.
    Abjad model of a tone cluster container:
    abjad> cluster = containertools.Cluster("c'8 d'8 b'8")
    abjad> cluster
    Cluster(c'8, d'8, b'8)
    abjad> f(cluster)
     \makeClusters {
         c'8
         d'8
         b'8
```

Return cluster object.

containertools.Container

```
class abjad.tools.containertools.Container(music=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.componenttools._Component._Component._Component
```

```
Abjad model of a music container:
```

```
abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> f(container)
{
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
```

Return container object.

append (component)

Append *component* to container:

```
abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(container.music)

abjad> f(container)
{
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8 ]
}

abjad> container.append(Note("f'8"))

abjad> f(container)
{
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8 ]
    f'8
    e'8 ]
    f'8
}
```

Return none.

$contents_duration$

duration in seconds

extend(expr)

Extend expr against container:

```
abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(container.music)

abjad> f(container)
{
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8 ]
}

abjad> container.extend([Note("cs'8"), Note("ds'8"), Note("es'8")])

abjad> f(container)
{
    c'8 [
```

```
d'8
        e'8 ]
        cs′8
        ds'8
        es′8
    Return none.
index (component)
    Index component in container:
    abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> note = container[-1]
    abjad> note
    Note("e'8")
    abjad> container.index(note)
    Return nonnegative integer.
insert (i, component)
    Insert component in container at index i:
    abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(container.music)
    abjad> f(container)
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8 ]
    abjad> container.insert(1, Note("cs'8"))
    abjad> f(container)
        c'8 [
        cs′8
        d'8
        e'8 ]
    Return none.
is_parallel
    Get parallel container:
    abjad> container = Container([Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8"), Voice('g4.')])
    abjad> f(container)
    {
        \new Voice {
            c'8
             d'8
             e'8
```

```
\new Voice {
             g4.
    }
    abjad> container.is_parallel
    False
    Return boolean.
    Set parallel container:
    abjad> container.is_parallel = True
    abjad> f(container)
         \new Voice {
             c′8
             d'8
             e'8
         \new Voice {
             g4.
    >>
    Return none.
leaves
    Read-only tuple of leaves in container:
    abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> container.leaves
    (Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"))
    Return tuple of zero or more leaves.
music
    Read-only tuple of components in container:
    abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> container.music
    (Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"))
    Return tuple or zero or more components.
pop(i=-1)
    Pop component at index i from container:
    abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(container.music)
    abjad> f(container)
         c'8 [
         d'8
         e'8 ]
```

```
abjad> container.pop(-1)
         Note("e'8")
         abjad> f(container)
             c'8 [
             d'8 ]
         Return component.
    preprolated_duration
    remove (component)
         Remove component from container:
         abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8")
         abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(container.music)
         abjad> f(container)
             c'8 [
             d'8
             e'8 ]
         abjad > note = container[-1]
         abjad> note
         Note ("e'8")
         abjad> container.remove(note)
         abjad> f(container)
             c'8 [
             d'8 ]
         Return none.
containertools.color contents of container
abjad.tools.containertools.color_contents_of_container(container, color)
    New in version 2.0. Color contents of container:
    abjad> measure = Measure((2, 8), "c'8 d'8")
    abjad> containertools.color_contents_of_container(measure, 'red')
    Measure (2/8, [c'8, d'8])
    abjad> f(measure)
```

57.1. Abjad API 267

\override Accidental #'color = #red
\override Beam #'color = #red
\override Dots #'color = #red
\override NoteHead #'color = #red
\override Rest #'color = #red
\override Stem #'color = #red

```
\override TupletBracket #'color = #red
\override TupletNumber #'color = #red
\time 2/8
c'8
d'8
\revert Accidental #'color
\revert Beam #'color
\revert Dots #'color
\revert NoteHead #'color
\revert Rest #'color
\revert Stem #'color
\revert TupletBracket #'color
\revert TupletBracket #'color
\revert TupletNumber #'color
}
```

Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.contents_color() to containertools.color_contents_of_container().

containertools.delete_contents_of_container

```
abjad.tools.containertools.delete_contents_of_container(container)
```

Delete contents of *container*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 ]
}

abjad> containertools.delete_contents_of_container(staff)
[Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
}
```

Return container contents. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.contents_delete() to containertools.delete_contents_of_container().

containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_at_or_after_prolated_offset

abjad.tools.containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_at_or_after_prolated_offse

New in version 2.0. Delete contents of *container* starting at or after *prolated_offset*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 ]
}
abjad> containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_at_or_after_prolated_offset(staff, EStaff{1}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 []
}
```

Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed container tools.contents_delete_starting_not_before_p to container tools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_at_or_after_prolated_offset().

containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_before_or_at_prolated_offset

abjad.tools.containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_before_or_at_prolated_off

New in version 2.0. Delete contents of *container* starting before or at *prolated_offset*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 [
   d′8
    e'8
    f'8 ]
}
abjad> containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_before_or_at_prolated_offset(staff,
Staff{2}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   e'8 [
    f'8 ]
}
```

Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed container tools.contents_delete_starting_not_after_protocontainer tools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_before_or_at_prolated_offset().

containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_strictly_after_prolated_offset

abjad.tools.containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_strictly_after_prolated_or

New in version 2.0. Delete contents of *container* starting strictly after *prolated_offset*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 [
   d′8
    e′8
    f'8 ]
}
abjad> containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_strictly_after_prolated_offset(staff
Staff{2}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8 [
    d'8 ]
}
```

Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed container tools.contents_delete_starting_after_prolat to container tools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_strictly_after_prolated_offset()

container tools. delete contents of container starting strictly before prolated offset

abjad.tools.containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_strictly_before_prolated_o

New in version 2.0. Delete contents of *container* contents starting strictly before *prolated_offset*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 [
   d'8
    e'8
    f'8 ]
abjad> containertools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_strictly_before_prolated_offset (staf
Staff{3}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   d'8 [
    e'8
    f'8 ]
```

Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed container tools.contents_delete_starting_before_prolate container tools.delete_contents_of_container_starting_strictly_before_prolated_offset

}

containertools.eject contents of container

c'8 d'8

New in version 2.0. Eject contents of *container*:

abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")

abjad.tools.containertools.eject_contents_of_container(container)

```
abjad> f(container)
         c′8
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8
    abjad> containertools.eject_contents_of_container(container)
    [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
    abjad> container
     { }
    abjad> f(container)
     {
    Return list of container contents.
containertools.fuse like named contiguous containers in expr
abjad.tools.containertools.fuse_like_named_contiguous_containers_in_expr(expr)
    Fuse like-named contiguous containers in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Voice("c'8 c'8") * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> staff[0].name = 'soprano'
    abjad> staff[1].name = 'soprano'
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \context Voice = "soprano" {
             c'8
             d'8
         \context Voice = "soprano" {
            e′8
             f'8
         }
    abjad> containertools.fuse_like_named_contiguous_containers_in_expr(staff)
    Staff{1}
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \context Voice = "soprano" {
```

```
e'8
             f'8
         }
     }
                   Changed in version 2.0:
                                            renamed fuse.containers_by_reference() to
    Return expr.
    containertools.fuse_like_named_contiguous_containers_in_expr().
containertools.get_element_starting_at_exactly_prolated_offset
abjad.tools.containertools.get element starting at exactly prolated offset (container,
                                                                                        pro-
                                                                                        lated_offset)
    New in version 2.0. Get container element starting at exactly prolated_offset:
    abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
    abjad> containertools.get_element_starting_at_exactly_prolated_offset(voice, Duration(6, 8))
    Note("b'8")
    Raise missing component error when no container element starts at exactly prolated_offset. Changed in
    version 2.0: renamed containertools.get_element_starting_at_prolated_offset() to
    containertools.get_element_starting_at_exactly_prolated_offset().
containertools.get_first_container_in_improper_parentage_of_component
abjad.tools.containertools.get_first_container_in_improper_parentage_of_component(component)
    New in version 2.0. Get first container in improper parentage of component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         c′8
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
     }
    abjad> containertools.get_first_container_in_improper_parentage_of_component(staff[1])
    Staff{4}
    Return container or none.
containertools.get_first_container_in_proper_parentage_of_component
abjad.tools.containertools.get_first_container_in_proper_parentage_of_component(component)
    New in version 2.0. Get first container in proper parentage of component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
```

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
 c'8
 d'8

```
e'8
f'8
}

abjad> containertools.get_first_container_in_proper_parentage_of_component(staff[1])
Staff{4}

Return container or none.
```

containertools.get_first_element_starting_at_or_after_prolated_offset

```
abjad.tools.containertools.get_first_element_starting_at_or_after_prolated_offset (container, pro-lated_offset)
```

New in version 2.0. Get first *container* element starting at or after *prolated_offset*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> containertools.get_first_element_starting_at_or_after_prolated_offset(staff, Duration(1, Note("d'8"))
```

Return component.

Return none when no *container* element starts at or after *prolated_offset*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.get_leftmost_element_starting_not_before_prolated_offset() to containertools.get_first_element_starting_at_or_after_prolated_offset().

$container tools. get_first_element_starting_before_or_at_prolated_offset$

```
abjad.tools.containertools.get_first_element_starting_before_or_at_prolated_offset (container, pro-lated_offset)
```

New in version 2.0. Get first *container* element starting before or at *prolated_offset*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> containertools.get_first_element_starting_before_or_at_prolated_offset(staff, Duration(1, Note("d'8")
```

Return component.

Return none when no *container* element starts before or at *prolated_offset*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.get_rightmost_element_starting_not_after_prolated_offset() to containertools.get_first_element_starting_before_or_at_prolated_offset().

containertools.get_first_element_starting_strictly_after_prolated_offset

```
abjad.tools.containertools.get_first_element_starting_strictly_after_prolated_offset(container pro-
pro-
lated_of
```

New in version 2.0. Get first *container* element starting strictly after *prolated_offset*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
```

```
abjad> containertools.get_first_element_starting_strictly_after_prolated_offset(staff, Duration())
Note("e'8")
```

Return component.

```
Return none when no container element starts strictly after prolated_offset. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.get_leftmost_element_starting_after_prolated_offset() to containertools.get_first_element_starting_strictly_after_prolated_offset().
```

containertools.get_first_element_starting_strictly_before_prolated_offset

```
abjad.tools.containertools.get_first_element_starting_strictly_before_prolated_offset (containertools.get_first_element_starting_strictly_before_prolated_offset (containertools.get_first_element_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_starting_
```

New in version 2.0. Get first *container* element starting strictly before *prolated_offset*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> containertools.get_first_element_starting_strictly_before_prolated_offset(staff, Duration Note("c'8")
```

Return component.

```
Return none when container element starts stirctly before prolated_offset. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.get_rightmost_element_starting_before_prolated_offset() to containertools.get_first_element_starting_strictly_before_prolated_offset().
```

containertools.insert_component_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners

```
abjad.tools.containertools.insert_component_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container, i, component_po-nent)
```

New in version 2.0. Insert *component* into *container* at index *i* and do not fracture crossing spanners:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8]
}

abjad> containertools.insert_component_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(staff, 1, Note("cs' Staff{5})

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
        cos'8 [
```

d'8 e'8

```
f'8 1
     }
    Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.insert_and_do_not_fracture()
    to containertools.insert_component_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners().
containertools.insert_component_and_fracture_crossing_spanners
abjad.tools.containertools.insert_component_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container,
                                                                                         i,
                                                                                         com-
                                                                                         po-
                                                                                         nent)
    Insert component into container at index i and fracture spanners:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8
         e′8
         f'8 ]
    abjad> containertools.insert_component_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(staff, 1, Rest((1, 8)))
     [(BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8), BeamSpanner(c'8), BeamSpanner(d'8, e'8, f'8)), (BeamSpanner(c'8), BeamSpanner(d'8, e'8, f'8)),
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         c'8 [ ]
         r8
         d'8 [
         e'8
         f'8 1
    Return
             list
                        fractured
                                   spanners.
                                                    Changed
                                                              in
                                                                   version
                                                                            2.0:
                                                                                      renamed
                   of
    containertools.insert_and_fracture() to containertools.insert_component_and_fracture_cro
containertools.iterate containers backward in expr
abjad.tools.containertools.iterate_containers_backward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                 start=0,
                                                                           stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate containers backward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff([Voice("c'8 d'8"), Voice("e'8 f'8 g'8")])
    abjad> Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), staff[1][:])
    Tuplet (2/3, [e'8, f'8, g'8])
    abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff <<
```

57.1. Abjad API 275

\new Voice {

c**′**8

```
d'8
         \new Voice {
             \times 2/3 {
                 e'8
                 f'8
                 g′8
             }
         }
    >>
    abjad> for x in containertools.iterate_containers_backward_in_expr(staff):
    Staff<<2>>
    Voice{1}
    Tuplet(2/3, [e'8, f'8, g'8])
    Voice{2}
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
containertools.iterate_containers_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.containertools.iterate_containers_forward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                 start=0,
                                                                          stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate containers forward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff([Voice("c'8 d'8"), Voice("e'8 f'8 g'8")])
    abjad> Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), staff[1][:])
    Tuplet(2/3, [e'8, f'8, g'8])
    abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff <<
         \new Voice {
             c'8
             d'8
         \new Voice {
             \times 2/3 {
                 e'8
                 f'8
                 g′8
             }
         }
    >>
    abjad> for x in containertools.iterate_containers_forward_in_expr(staff):
     ... x
    Staff<<2>>
    Voice {2}
    Voice {1}
    Tuplet(2/3, [e'8, f'8, g'8])
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
```

containertools.move parentage children and spanners from components to empty container

abjad.tools.containertools.move_parentage_children_and_spanners_from_components_to_empty_components_to_emp

```
Move parentage, children and spanners from components to empty container:
abjad> voice = Voice (Container ("c'8 c'8") * 3)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, g'8, a'8)
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    }
        g'8
        a'8 ]
    }
}
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(3, 4), [ ])
abjad> containertools.move_parentage_children_and_spanners_from_components_to_empty_container(vo
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    \fraction \times 3/4 {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    }
    {
        q'8
        a'8 ]
}
```

Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed scoretools.donate() to containertools.move_parentage_children_and_spanners_from_components_to_empty_container

containertools.remove_empty_containers_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.containertools.remove_empty_containers_in_expr(expr)
Remove empty containers in expr:
abjad> staff = Staff(Container(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 4)
```

abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(sta

```
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
    BeamSpanner({c'8, d'8}, {e'8, f'8}, {g'8, a'8}, {b'8, c''8})
    abjad> containertools.delete_contents_of_container(staff[1])
    [Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
    abjad> containertools.delete_contents_of_container(staff[-1])
     [Note("b'8"), Note("c''8")]
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
             c'8 [
             d'8
        }
         {
        }
            g′8
            a'8 ]
        }
        {
        }
    abjad> containertools.remove_empty_containers_in_expr(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
            c'8 [
             d'8
        }
         {
             g'8
            a'8 ]
        }
     }
                    Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.remove_empty() to
    Return none.
    containertools.remove_empty_containers_in_expr().
containertools.repeat_contents_of_container
abjad.tools.containertools.repeat_contents_of_container(container, total=2)
    New in version 1.1. Repeat contents of container:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8 ]
    }
    abjad> containertools.repeat_contents_of_container(staff, 3)
    Staff{6}
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
    d'8 ]
    c'8 [
    d'8 ]
    c'8 [
    d'8 ]
}
```

Leave *container* unchanged when *total* is 1.

Empty *container* when *total* is 0.

Return *container*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.contents_multiply() to containertools.repeat_contents_of_container().

containertools.repeat_last_n_elements_of_container

```
abjad.tools.containertools.repeat_last_n_elements_of_container(container, n=1, total=2)
```

New in version 1.1. Repeat last *n* elements of *container*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8 [
   d′8
    e′8
    f'8 ]
abjad> containertools.repeat_last_n_elements_of_container(staff, n = 2, total = 3)
Staff{8}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 1
    e'8 [
    f'8 ]
    e'8 [
    f'8 ]
```

Return *container*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.extend_cyclic() to containertools.repeat_last_n_elements_of_container().

containertools.replace_contents_of_target_container_with_contents_of_source_container

abjad.tools.containertools.replace_contents_of_target_container_with_contents_of_source_contents_of_target_container_with_contents_of_source_contents_of_target_container_with_contents_of_source_contents_of_target_container_with_contents_of_source_contents_of_target_container_with_contents_of_source_contents_of_target_container_with_contents_of_source_contents_of_target_co

New in version 2.0. Replace contents of *target_container* with contents of *source_container*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), "c'8 d'8 e'8") * 3)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, ... [5] ..., c''8, d''8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e′8
    \times 2/3 {
        f'8
        g′8
        a'8
    \times 2/3 {
        b'8
        c''8
        d''8 ]
    }
}
abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(container.leaves)
SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)
abjad> f(container)
    c'8 (
    d′8
    e'8 )
}
abjad> containertools.replace_contents_of_target_container_with_contents_of_source_container(starget_container_with_contents_of_source_container)
Tuplet (2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e′8
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 (
        d'8
        e'8 )
    \times 2/3 {
        b'8
        c''8
        d''8 ]
    }
}
```

Leave *source_container* empty:

```
abjad> container
{}
```

Return target_container.

containertools.replace larger left half of elements in container with big endian rests

abjad.tools.containertools.replace_larger_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endianter_with_big_end

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8 d''8 e''8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
    q'8
    a'8
   b'8
    c''8
    d''8
    e''8
abjad> containertools.replace_larger_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests(st
Staff{7}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r2
    r8
    a'8
   b'8
    c''8
   d''8
    e''8
}
```

Return container.

containertools.replace_larger_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rests

abjad.tools.containertools.replace_larger_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endinger new in version 2.0. Replace larger left half of elements in *container* with little-endinger new in version 2.0. Replace larger left half of elements in *container* with little-endinger new in version 2.0.

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8 d''8 e''8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    g'8
```

```
a'8
   b'8
    c''8
    d''8
    e''8
abjad> containertools.replace_larger_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rests
Staff{7}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r8
    r2
    a'8
   b'8
    c''8
    d''8
    e''8
```

containertools.replace_larger_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests

abjad.tools.containertools.replace_larger_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_end:

New in version 2.0. Replace larger right half of elements in *container* with big-endian rests:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8 d''8 e''8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
   d′8
    e'8
    f'8
   g′8
    a'8
   b'8
   c''8
   d''8
    e''8
}
abjad> containertools.replace_larger_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests(s
Staff{7}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
    g'8
    r2
```

r8

}

```
containertools.replace_larger_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rests
```

abjad.tools.containertools.replace_larger_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_of_elements_in_container_with_little_of_elements in container with little-endian rests:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8 d''8 e''8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
    g'8
    a'8
   b'8
    c''8
    d''8
    e''8
}
abjad> containertools.replace_larger_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rest
Staff{7}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    g'8
    r8
    r2
```

Return container.

containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests

```
abjad.tools.containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests(container_n)
```

New in version 2.0. Replace *n* edge elements in *container* with big-endian rests:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8")

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    g'8
    a'8
}
```

```
abjad> containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests(staff, -5)
Staff{3}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    r2
    r8
}
```

Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed container tools.replace_first_n_elements_in_container to container tools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests().

containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rests

```
abjad.tools.containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rests(cc
```

New in version 2.0. Replace *n* edge elements in *container* with little-endian rests:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    g′8
    a'8
abjad> containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rests(staff, -5)
Staff{3}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    r8
    r2
}
```

Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed container tools.replace_first_n_elements_in_container to container tools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rests().

containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_rests

```
abjad.tools.containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_rests(container,
```

New in version 2.0. Replace first *n* elements in *container* with big-endian rests:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
```

n

```
e'8
    f'8
    g′8
    a'8
abjad> containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_rests(staff, 5)
Staff{3}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    r2
    r8
    a'8
}
Replace last n elements in container with little-endian rests:
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    g′8
    a'8
}
abjad> containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_rests(staff, -5)
Staff{3}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    r8
    r2
}
```

Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed container tools.replace_first_n_elements_in_container to containertools.replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_rests().

containertools.replace smaller left half of elements in container with big endian rests

abjad.tools.containertools.replace_smaller_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_end New in version 2.0. Replace smaller left half of elements in *container* with big-endian rests:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 q'8 a'8 b'8 c''8 d''8 e''8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
   d'8
    e′8
    f'8
    g'8
```

```
a'8
   b'8
    c''8
    d''8
    e''8
abjad> containertools.replace_smaller_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests(s
Staff{7}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r2
    r8
    a'8
   b'8
    c''8
    d''8
    e''8
```

containertools.replace_smaller_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rests

abjad.tools.containertools.replace_smaller_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_of_elements in container with little-endian rests:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8 d''8 e''8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
   d′8
    e'8
    f'8
   g′8
    a'8
   b'8
   c''8
   d''8
    e''8
}
abjad> containertools.replace_smaller_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rest
Staff{7}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r8
    r2
    a'8
   b'8
    c''8
    d''8
```

e''8

containertools.replace_smaller_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests

abjad.tools.containertools.replace_smaller_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_encontainer_with_big_encontainer with big-endian rests:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8 d''8 e''8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
   d'8
    e′8
    f'8
    g'8
    a′8
   b'8
    c''8
    d''8
    e''8
}
abjad> containertools.replace_smaller_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests(
Staff{7}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c′8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
    g'8
    r2
    r8
```

Return container.

containertools.replace_smaller_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_rests

abjad.tools.containertools.replace_smaller_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_ New in version 2.0. Replace smaller right half of elements in *container* with little-endian rests:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8 d''8 e''8")

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    g'8
    a'8
    b'8
    c''8
    d''8
```

```
e''8
}
abjad> containertools.replace_smaller_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_res
Staff{7}
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    g'8
    r8
    r2
}
```

containertools.report_container_modifications_as_string

```
abjad.tools.containertools.report_container_modifications_as_string(container)
Report container modifications as string:
```

```
abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> container.override.note_head.color = 'red'
abjad> container.override.note_head.style = 'harmonic'
abjad> f(container)
    \override NoteHead #'color = #red
   \override NoteHead #'style = #'harmonic
   c'8
   d'8
   e'8
   f'8
   \revert NoteHead #'color
    \revert NoteHead #'style
}
abjad> string = containertools.report_container_modifications_as_string(container)
abjad> print string # doctest: +SKIP
    \override NoteHead #'color = #red
    \override NoteHead #'style = #'harmonic
   %%% 4 components omitted %%%
    \revert NoteHead #'color
    \revert NoteHead #'style
}
```

Return string.

containertools.reverse contents of container

```
abjad.tools.containertools.reverse_contents_of_container(container)
    New in version 1.1. Reverse contents of container:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves[:2])
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8)
    abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves[2:])
    SlurSpanner(e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c′8 [
        d'8 ]
        e'8 (
         f'8 )
    }
    abjad> containertools.reverse_contents_of_container(staff)
    Staff{4}
    abjad> f(staff) # doctest: +SKIP
    \new Staff {
        f'8 (
        e'8 )
        d'8 [
         c'8 ]
     }
    Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.contents_reverse() to
    containertools.reverse_contents_of_container().
containertools.scale_contents_of_container
abjad.tools.containertools.scale contents of container(container, multiplier)
    New in version 1.1. Scale contents of container by dot multiplier:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8 1
     }
    abjad> containertools.scale_contents_of_container(staff, Duration(3, 2))
    Staff{2}
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8. [
        d'8. ]
```

57.1. Abjad API 289

Scale contents of *container* by tie *multiplier*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8 ]
    }
    abjad> containertools.scale_contents_of_container(staff, Duration(5, 4))
    Staff{4}
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [ ~
        c′32
        d'8 ~
        d'32 ]
    Scale contents of container by nonbinary multiplier:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8 ]
    abjad> containertools.scale_contents_of_container(staff, Duration(4, 3))
    Staff{2}
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \times 2/3 {
            c′4 [
         \times 2/3 {
             d'4 ]
         }
     }
    Return container. Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.contents_scale() to
    containertools.scale_contents_of_container().
containertools.set_container_multiplier
abjad.tools.containertools.set_container_multiplier(container, multiplier)
    Set container multiplier:
    abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
```

```
c'8
        d'8
        e′8
    }
    abjad> containertools.set_container_multiplier(tuplet, Duration(3, 4))
    abjad> f(tuplet)
    \int \int dx dx dx dx = 3/4 {
        c′8
        d'8
        e′8
     }
                   Changed in version 2.0: renamed containertools.multiplier_set() to
    Return none.
    containertools.set_container_multiplier().
containertools.split_container_at_index_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners
abjad.tools.containertools.split_container_at_index_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(
    Split container at index and do not fracture crossing spanners:
    abjad> voice = Voice(Measure((3, 8), "c'8 c'8 c'8") * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[:])
    abjad> f(voice)
    \new Voice {
        {
             \times 3/8
             c'8 [
            d′8
             e′8
             \times 3/8
             f'8
            q′8
             a'8 ]
         }
     }
    abjad> containertools.split_container_at_index_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(voice[1], 1
     (Measure(1/8, [f'8]), Measure(2/8, [g'8, a'8]))
    abjad> f(voice)
    \new Voice {
        {
             \times 3/8
            c'8 [
             d'8
             e′8
         }
```

abjad> f(tuplet)
\times 2/3 {

```
{
    \time 1/8
    f'8
}
{
    \time 2/8
    g'8
    a'8]
}
```

Leave spanners and leaves untouched.

Resize resizable containers.

Preserve container multiplier.

Preserve meter denominator.

```
Return split parts. Changed in version 2.0: renamed split.unfractured_at_index() to containertools.split_container_at_index_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners().
```

containertools.split_container_at_index_and_fracture_crossing_spanners

```
abjad.tools.containertools.split_container_at_index_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container, in-
```

dex)

```
Split container at index and fracture crossing spanners:
```

```
abjad> voice = Voice(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 c'8 c'8") * 2)
abjad> tuplet = voice[1]
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[:])
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8
    \times 2/3 {
        f'8
        g′8
        a'8 ]
    }
}
abjad> left, right = containertools.split_container_at_index_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(tupl
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e′8
```

\times 2/3 {
 f'8]

```
\times 2/3 {
        g′8 [
        a'8 ]
}
Leave leaves untouched.
Create two new copies of container.
Empty container of original contents.
Return split parts.
                    Changed in version 2.0: renamed split.fractured_at_index() to
containertools.split_container_at_index_and_fracture_crossing_spanners().
```

containertools.split_container_cyclically_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners

Split *container* cyclically by *counts* and do not fracture crossing spanners:

```
abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
abjad> voice = Voice([container])
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice)
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(container)
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
   {
        c'8 [ (
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
        g'8
        a'8
        b'8
        c''8 ] )
    }
}
abjad> containertools.split_container_cyclically_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners
[[{c'8}], [{d'8, e'8, f'8}], [{g'8}], [{a'8, b'8, c''8}]]
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    {
        c'8 [ (
    }
    {
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    {
        g′8
```

```
a'8
                                       b'8
                                       c''8 ] )
                          }
               }
              Return
                                          list
                                                             of
                                                                              list-wrapped
                                                                                                                       container
                                                                                                                                                                                                           Changed
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             version
                                                                                                                                                         pieces.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            in
              2.0:
                                                                 renamed
                                                                                                         partition.cyclic_unfractured_by_counts()
              containertools.split_container_cyclically_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spann
container tools.split_container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners
abjad.tools.containertools.split_container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spans
              Split container cyclically by counts and fracture crossing spanners:
              abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
              abjad> voice = Voice([container])
              abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice)
              abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(container)
              abjad> f(voice)
              \new Voice {
                          {
                                       c'8 [ (
                                       d'8
                                       e'8
                                       f'8
                                       g′8
                                       a'8
                                      b'8
                                       c''8 ] )
                          }
               }
              abjad> containertools.split_container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_cross_and_fracture_cross_and_fracture_cross_and_frac
              [[{c'8}], [{d'8, e'8, f'8}], [{q'8}], [{a'8, b'8, c''8}]]
              abjad> f(voice)
              \new Voice {
                          {
                                       c'8 () [
                          }
                           {
                                       d'8 (
                                       e′8
                                       f'8)
                          }
                          {
                                       g'8 ()
                                       a'8 (
                                       b'8
                                       c''8 ] )
```

}

}

```
Return
                                           list
                                                                                 list-wrapped
                                                                                                                           container
                                                                                                                                                              pieces.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Changed
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      version
              2.0:
                                                                      renamed
                                                                                                                  partition.cyclic_fractured_by_counts()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  to
              containertools.split_container_cyclically_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners().
containertools.split container once by counts and do not fracture crossing spanners
abjad.tools.containertools.split_container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_span
              Split container once by counts and do no fracture crossing spanners:
              abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
              abjad> voice = Voice([container])
              abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice)
              abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(container)
              abjad> f(voice)
              \new Voice {
                          {
                                        c'8 [ (
                                        d'8
                                        e'8
                                        f'8
                                        g'8
                                        a'8
                                       b'8
                                        c''8 ] )
                           }
               }
              abjad> containertools.split_container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanner(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanner(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanner(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanner(container_once_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanner(contain
               [[{c'8}], [{d'8, e'8, f'8}], [{g'8, a'8, b'8, c''8}]]
              abjad> f(voice)
               \new Voice {
                           {
                                        c'8 [ (
                           }
                            {
                                        d'8
                                        e'8
                                        f'8
                                        g'8
                                        a'8
                                        b'8
```

Return list of list-wrapped container pieces. Changed in version 2.0: renamed partition.unfractured_by_counts() to containertools.split_container_once_by_counts_and_d

57.1. Abjad API 295

c''8])

}

containertools.split_container_once_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners

```
abjad.tools.containertools.split_container_once_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(co
    Split container once by counts and fracture crossing spanners:
    abjad> container = Container("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
    abjad> voice = Voice([container])
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice)
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(container)
    abjad> f(voice)
    \new Voice {
        {
            c'8 [ (
            d'8
            e'8
            f'8
            q'8
            a'8
            b'8
            c''8 ] )
        }
    }
    abjad> containertools.split_container_once_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners(container, [
    [[{c'8}], [{d'8, e'8, f'8}], [{g'8, a'8, b'8, c''8}]]
    abjad> f(voice)
    \new Voice {
        {
            c'8 () [
        }
         {
            d'8 (
            e'8
            f'8)
            g'8 (
            a'8
            b'8
            c''8 ] )
        }
     }
    Return list of list-wrapped container pieces.
                                                     Changed in version 2.0:
    partition.fractured_by_counts() to containertools.split_container_once_by_counts_and_fra
```

contexttools.ClefMark

contexttools

```
class abjad.tools.contexttools.ClefMark(arg, target_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark.ContextMark.ContextMark New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a clef:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('treble')(staff)
ClefMark('treble')(Staff{4})
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \clef "treble"
    c'8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
}
Clef marks target the staff context by default.
clef_name_string
    Get clef name string:
    abjad> clef = contexttools.ClefMark('treble')
    abjad> clef.clef_name_string
    'treble'
    Set clef name string:
    abjad> clef.clef_name_string = 'alto'
    abjad> clef.clef_name_string
    'alto'
    Return string.
format
    Read-only LilyPond format of clef:
    abjad> clef = contexttools.ClefMark('treble')
    abjad> clef.format
    '\\clef "treble"'
    Return string.
middle_c_position
    Read-only middle-C position of clef:
    abjad> clef = contexttools.ClefMark('treble')
    abjad> clef.middle_c_position
    -6
```

Return integer number of stafflines.

contexttools.ContextMark

```
class abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark(target_context=None)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.marktools.Mark.Mark.Mark New in version 2.0. Abstract class from which concrete context marks inherit:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> contexttools.ContextMark()(note)
ContextMark()(c'4)
```

Context marks override __call__ to attach to Abjad components.

Context marks implement __slots__.

```
attach_mark (start_component)
```

Make sure no context mark of same type is already attached to start component.

detach mark()

Detach mark:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> context_mark = contexttools.ContextMark()(note)
abjad> context_mark.start_component
Note("c'4")
abjad> context_mark.detach_mark()
ContextMark()
abjad> context_mark.start_component is None
```

Return context mark.

effective_context

Read-only reference to effective context of context mark:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> context_mark = contexttools.ContextMark()(note)
abjad> context_mark.effective_context is None
True
```

Return context mark or none.

target_context

Read-only reference to target context of context mark:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> context_mark = contexttools.ContextMark()(note)
abjad> context_mark.target_context is None
True
```

Return context mark or none.

contexttools.DynamicMark

class abjad.tools.contexttools.DynamicMark(dynamic_name_string, target_context=None)

Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark.ContextMark.ContextMark New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a dynamic mark:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark('f')(staff[0])
DynamicMark('f')(c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 \f
```

```
d'8
    e'8
    f'8
Dynamic marks target the staff context by default.
static composite dynamic name to steady state dynamic name (dynamic name)
    Change composite dynamic_name to steady state dynamic name:
    abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark.composite_dynamic_name_to_steady_state_dynamic_name('sfp')
    'p'
    Return string.
dynamic_name_string
    Get dynamic name string:
    abjad> dynamic = contexttools.DynamicMark('f')
    abjad> dynamic.dynamic_name_string
    1 f1
    Set dynamic name string:
    abjad> dynamic.dynamic_name_string = 'p'
    abjad> dynamic.dynamic_name_string
    'p'
    Return string.
static dynamic_name_to_dynamic_ordinal (dynamic_name)
    Change dynamic name to dynamic ordinal:
    abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark.dynamic_name_to_dynamic_ordinal('ffff')
    Return integer.
static dynamic_ordinal_to_dynamic_name (dynamic_ordinal)
    Change dynamic_ordinal to dynamic name:
    abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark.dynamic_ordinal_to_dynamic_name(-5)
    'pppp'
    Return string.
format
    Read-only LilyPond input format of dynamic mark:
    abjad> dynamic_mark = contexttools.DynamicMark('f')
    abjad> dynamic_mark.format
    '\f'
    Return string.
static is_dynamic_name (arg)
    True when arg is dynamic name. False otherwise:
    abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark.is_dynamic_name('f')
    True
```

57.1. Abjad API 299

Return boolean.

contexttools.InstrumentMark

```
class abjad.tools.contexttools.InstrumentMark (instrument_name, short_instrument_name,
                                                   target_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark.ContextMark.ContextMark New in ver-
    sion 2.0. Abjad model of an instrument change:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> contexttools.InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')(staff)
    InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Flute }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Fl. }
         c'8
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
     }
    Instrument marks target staff context by default.
    format
         Read-only LilyPond input format of instrument mark:
         abjad> instrument = contexttools.InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')
         abjad> instrument.format
         ['\set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Flute }', '\set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup
         Return list.
    instrument name
         Get instrument name:
         abjad> instrument = contexttools.InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')
         abjad> instrument.instrument_name
         Markup('Flute')
         Set instrument name:
         abjad> instrument.instrument_name = 'Alto Flute'
         abjad> instrument.instrument_name
         Markup('Alto Flute')
         Return markup.
    short_instrument_name
         Get short instrument name:
         abjad> instrument = contexttools.InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')
         abjad> instrument.short_instrument_name
         Markup('Fl.')
         Set short instrument name:
         abjad> instrument.short_instrument_name = 'Alto Fl.'
         abjad> instrument.short_instrument_name
```

Markup ('Alto Fl.')

Return markup.

contexttools.KeySignatureMark

```
class abjad.tools.contexttools.KeySignatureMark(tonic, mode, target_context=None)
     Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark.ContextMark.ContextMark New in ver-
     sion 2.0. Abjad model of a key signature setting or key signature change:
     abjad> staff = Staff("e'8 fs'8 gs'8 a'8")
     abjad> contexttools.KeySignatureMark('e', 'major')(staff)
     KeySignatureMark(NamedChromaticPitchClass('e'), Mode(major))(Staff{4})
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \key e \major
         e'8
         fs'8
         qs'8
         a'8
     Key signature marks target staff context by default.
     format
         Read-only LilyPond format of key signature mark:
         abjad> key_signature = contexttools.KeySignatureMark('e', 'major')
         abjad> key_signature.format
         '\\key e \\major'
         Return string.
     mode
         Get mode of key signature:
         abjad> key_signature = contexttools.KeySignatureMark('e', 'major')
         abjad> key_signature.mode
         Mode(major)
         Set mode of key signature:
         abjad> key_signature.mode = 'minor'
         abjad> key_signature.mode
         Mode (minor)
         Return mode.
     name
         Read-only name of key signature:
         abjad> key_signature = contexttools.KeySignatureMark('e', 'major')
         abjad> key_signature.name
         'E major'
         Return string.
     tonic
```

57.1. Abjad API 301

Get tonic of key signature:

```
abjad> key_signature = contexttools.KeySignatureMark('e', 'major')
abjad> key_signature.tonic
NamedChromaticPitchClass('e')

Set tonic of key signature:
abjad> key_signature.tonic = 'd'
abjad> key_signature.tonic
NamedChromaticPitchClass('d')
```

Return named chromatic pitch.

contexttools.StaffChangeMark

class abjad.tools.contexttools.StaffChangeMark (staff, target_context=None)

Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark.ContextMark.ContextMark New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a staff change:

```
abjad> piano_staff = scoretools.PianoStaff([ ])
abjad> rh_staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> rh_staff.name = 'RHStaff'
abjad> lh_staff = Staff("s2")
abjad> lh_staff.name = 'LHStaff'
abjad> piano_staff.extend([rh_staff, lh_staff])
abjad> f(piano_staff)
\new PianoStaff <<</pre>
    \context Staff = "RHStaff" {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    \context Staff = "LHStaff" {
        s2
>>
abjad> contexttools.StaffChangeMark(lh_staff)(rh_staff[2])
StaffChangeMark(Staff-"LHStaff"{1})(e'8)
abjad> f(piano_staff) # doctest: +SKIP
\new PianoStaff <<
    \context Staff = "RHStaff" {
        c'8
        d'8
        \change Staff = LHStaff
        e'8
        f'8
    \context Staff = "LHStaff" {
        s2.
    }
>>
```

Staff change marks target staff context by default.

format

Read-only LilyPond format of staff change mark:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> staff.name = 'RHStaff'
abjad> staff_change = contexttools.StaffChangeMark(staff)
abjad> staff_change.format
'\\change Staff = RHStaff'
```

Return string.

staff

Get staff of staff change mark:

```
abjad> rh_staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> rh_staff.name = 'RHStaff'
abjad> staff_change = contexttools.StaffChangeMark(rh_staff)
abjad> staff_change.staff
Staff-"RHStaff"{4}
```

Set staff of staff change mark:

```
abjad> lh_staff = Staff("s2")
abjad> lh_staff.name = 'LHStaff'
abjad> staff_change.staff = lh_staff
abjad> staff_change.staff
Staff-"LHStaff"{1}
```

Return staff.

contexttools.TempoMark

```
class abjad.tools.contexttools.TempoMark (*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark.ContextMark.ContextMark New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a tempo indication:

```
abjad> score = Score([])
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> score.append(staff)

abjad> contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 8), 52)(staff[0])
TempoMark(8, 52)(c'8)

abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \tempo 8=52
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    }
}</pre>
```

Tempo marks target score context by default.

duration

Get duration of tempo mark:

```
abjad> tempo = contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 8), 52)
abjad> tempo.duration
Duration(1, 8)
Set duration of tempo mark:
abjad> tempo.duration = Duration(1, 4)
abjad> tempo.duration
Duration(1, 4)
Return duration.
Read-only LilyPond format of tempo mark:
abjad> tempo = contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 8), 52)
```

format

```
abjad> tempo.format
'\\tempo 8=52'
```

Return string.

quarters_per_minute

Read-only quarters per minute of tempo mark:

```
abjad> tempo = contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 8), 52)
abjad> tempo.quarters_per_minute
Duration (104, 1)
```

Return fraction.

units_per_minute

Get units per minute of tempo mark:

```
abjad> tempo = contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 8), 52)
abjad> tempo.units_per_minute
52
```

Set units per minute of tempo mark:

```
abjad> tempo.units_per_minute = 56
abjad> tempo.units_per_minute
56
```

Return number.

contexttools.TimeSignatureMark

```
class abjad.tools.contexttools.TimeSignatureMark (*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark.ContextMark.ContextMark New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a time signature:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark((4, 8))(staff[0])
TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \times 4/8
    c'8
```

```
d'8
e'8
f'8
```

Abjad time signature marks target **staff context** by default.

Initialize time signature marks to **score context** like this:

```
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark((4, 8), target_context = Score)
TimeSignatureMark(4, 8, target_context = Score)
```

Time signatures are immutable.

denominator

Get denominator of time signature mark:

```
abjad> meter = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)
abjad> meter
TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)
abjad> meter.denominator
8
```

Set denominator of time signature mark:

```
abjad> meter.denominator = 16
abjad> meter.denominator
16
```

Return integer.

duration

Read-only duration of time signature mark:

```
abjad> meter = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)
abjad> meter.duration
Duration(3, 8)
```

Return fraction.

format

Read-only LilyPond format of time signature mark:

```
abjad> meter = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)
abjad> meter.format
'\\time 3/8'
```

Return string.

is_nonbinary

Read-only indicator true when time siganture mark is nonbinary:

```
abjad> meter = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)
abjad> meter.is_nonbinary
False
```

Return boolean.

multiplier

Read-only multiplier of time signature mark:

```
abjad> meter = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)
         abjad> meter.multiplier
         Fraction(1, 1)
         Return fraction.
     numerator
         Get numerator of time signature mark:
         abjad> meter = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)
         abjad> meter.numerator
         3
         Set numerator of time signature mark:
         abjad> meter.numerator = 4
         abjad> meter.numerator
         Set integer.
     partial
         Get partial measure pick-up of time signature mark:
         abjad> meter = contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 8, partial = Duration(1, 8))
         abjad> meter.partial
         Duration(1, 8)
         Set partial measure pick-up of time signature mark:
         abjad> meter.partial = Duration(1, 4)
         abjad> meter.partial
         Duration(1, 4)
         Set fraction or none.
contexttools.detach_all_context_marks_attached_to_component
abjad.tools.contexttools.detach_all_context_marks_attached_to_component (start_component,
                                                                                       klasses=(<class
                                                                                       'ab-
                                                                                       jad.tools.contexttools.Conte
     New in version 2.0. Detach context marks attached to start_component:
     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
     abjad> clef_mark = contexttools.ClefMark('treble')(staff)
     abjad> dynamic_mark = contexttools.DynamicMark('p')(staff[0])
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \clef "treble"
         c'8 \p
         d′8
         e'8
         f'8
     abjad> contexttools.detach_all_context_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
```

(DynamicMark('p'),)

```
\new Staff {
         \clef "treble"
         c'8
        d'8
         e'8
         f'8
    Return
             tuple
                                    marks.
                                                   Changed
                                                                           2.0:
                                                                                    renamed
                    of
                         zero
                               or
                                                             in
                                                                  version
    contexttools.detach_context_marks_attached_to_start_component()
                                                                                         to
    contexttools.detach_all_context_marks_attached_to_component().
contexttools.detach_instrument_mark_attached_to_component
abjad.tools.contexttools.detach_instrument_mark_attached_to_component(component)
    New in version 2.1. Detach instrument mark attached to component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4")
    abjad> instrument_mark = contexttools.InstrumentMark('Violin ', 'Vn. ')
    abjad> instrument_mark.attach_mark(staff)
    InstrumentMark('Violin', 'Vn.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Violin }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Vn. }
         d'4
         e′4
         f'4
    abjad> contexttools.detach_instrument_mark_attached_to_component(staff)
    InstrumentMark('Violin', 'Vn.')
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        c'4
        d'4
        e′4
         f'4
     }
    Return instrument mark.
    Raise missing mark error when no instrument mark attached to component.
contexttools.detach time signature mark attached to component
```

abjad> f(staff)

57.1. Abjad API 307

abjad.tools.contexttools.detach_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component(component)

New in version 2.0. Detach time signature mark attached to *component*:

abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(4, 4)(staff[0])

abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4")

TimeSignatureMark(4, 4)(c'4)

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \time 4/4
    c'4
    d'4
    e'4
    f'4
}
abjad> contexttools.detach_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component(staff[0])
TimeSignatureMark(4, 4)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'4
    d'4
    e′4
    f'4
}
```

Return time signature mark.

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")

ClefMark('treble')(Staff{4})

abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('treble')(staff)

Raise missing mark error when no time signature mark attached to component.

contexttools.get_context_marks_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component

abjad.tools.contexttools.get_context_marks_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component (con New in version 2.0. Get all context marks attached to any improper parent of component:

```
abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark('f') (staff[0])
DynamicMark('f') (c'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \clef "treble"
    c'8 \f
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}

abjad> contexttools.get_context_marks_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component(staff[0]) # cset([DynamicMark('f') (c'8), ClefMark('treble') (Staff{4})])
```

Return unordered set of zero or more context marks. Changed in version 2.0: renamed contexttools.get_all_context_marks_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component() to contexttools.get_context_marks_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component().

contexttools.get_context_marks_attached_to_component

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_context_marks_attached_to_component (start_component,
                                                                           klasses=(<class
                                                                            'ab-
                                                                           jad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark.Co
                                                                           ))
    New in version 2.0. Get context marks attached to start_component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> clef_mark = contexttools.ClefMark('treble')(staff)
    abjad> dynamic_mark = contexttools.DynamicMark('p')(staff[0])
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        \clef "treble"
        c'8 \p
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8
     }
    abjad> contexttools.get_context_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
     (DynamicMark('p')(c'8),)
    Return tuple of zero or more context marks.
                                                        Changed in version 2.0:
                                                                                    renamed
    contexttools.get_context_marks_attached_to_start_component()
                                                                                         to
    contexttools.get_context_marks_attached_to_component().
contexttools.get dynamic marks attached to component
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_dynamic_marks_attached_to_component(component)
    New in version 2.0. Get dynamic marks attached to component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> clef_mark = contexttools.ClefMark('treble')(staff)
    abjad> dynamic_mark = contexttools.DynamicMark('p')(staff[0])
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \clef "treble"
        c'8 \p
        d'8
         e'8
         f'8
     }
    abjad> contexttools.get_dynamic_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
     (DynamicMark('p')(c'8),)
    Return tuple of zero or more dynamic marks.
contexttools.get_effective_clef
```

57.1. Abjad API 309

abjad.tools.contexttools.get_effective_clef(component)

New in version 2.0. Get effective clef of *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('treble')(staff)
ClefMark('treble')(Staff{4})
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \clef "treble"
    c′8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
}
abjad> for note in staff:
        print note, contexttools.get_effective_clef(note)
c'8 ClefMark('treble')(Staff{4})
d'8 ClefMark('treble')(Staff{4})
e'8 ClefMark('treble')(Staff{4})
f'8 ClefMark('treble')(Staff{4})
Return clef mark or none.
```

contexttools.get_effective_context_mark

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_effective_context_mark(component, klass)
New in version 2.0. Get effective context mark of klass from component:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(staff)
TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(Staff{4})

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \time 4/8
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}

abjad> contexttools.get_effective_context_mark(staff[0], contexttools.TimeSignatureMark)
TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(Staff{4})
```

Return context mark or none.

contexttools.get effective dynamic

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_effective_dynamic(component)
```

New in version 2.0. Get effective dynamic of *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.DynamicMark('f')(staff[0])
DynamicMark('f')(c'8)
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 \f
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}

abjad> for note in staff:
... print note, contexttools.get_effective_dynamic(note)
...
c'8 DynamicMark('f')(c'8)
d'8 DynamicMark('f')(c'8)
e'8 DynamicMark('f')(c'8)
f'8 DynamicMark('f')(c'8)
```

Return dynamic mark or none.

contexttools.get_effective_instrument

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_effective_instrument (component)

New in version 2.0. Get effective instrument of component:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
```

```
abjad> contexttools.InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')(staff)
InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')(Staff{4})
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Flute }
    \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Fl. }
   c'8
   d'8
    e'8
    f'8
abjad> for note in staff:
       print note, contexttools.get_effective_instrument(note)
c'8 InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')(Staff{4})
d'8 InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')(Staff{4})
e'8 InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')(Staff{4})
f'8 InstrumentMark('Flute', 'Fl.')(Staff{4})
```

Return instrument mark or none.

contexttools.get_effective_key_signature

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_effective_key_signature (component)
New in version 2.0. Get effective key signature of component:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.KeySignatureMark('c', 'major') (staff)
KeySignatureMark(NamedChromaticPitchClass('c'), Mode(major)) (Staff{4})
```

Return key signature mark or none.

contexttools.get_effective_staff

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_effective_staff(component)
```

```
New in version 2.0. Get effective staff of component:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
```

```
abjad> staff.name = 'First Staff'
abjad> f(staff)
\context Staff = "First Staff" {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
abjad> for note in staff:
... print note, contexttools.get_effective_staff(note)
...
c'8 Staff-"First Staff"{4}
d'8 Staff-"First Staff"{4}
e'8 Staff-"First Staff"{4}
f'8 Staff-"First Staff"{4}
```

Return staff or none.

contexttools.get_effective_tempo

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_effective_tempo(component)
```

New in version 2.0. Get effective tempo of *component*:

```
abjad> score = Score([])
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> score.append(staff)
abjad> contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 8), 52)(staff[0])
TempoMark(8, 52)(c'8)
```

```
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \tempo 8=52
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8
        e′8
        f'8
    }
>>
abjad> for note in staff:
        print note, contexttools.get_effective_tempo(note)
c'8 TempoMark(8, 52)(c'8)
d'8 TempoMark(8, 52)(c'8)
e'8 TempoMark(8, 52)(c'8)
f'8 TempoMark(8, 52)(c'8)
```

Return tempo mark or none.

contexttools.get_effective_time_signature

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_effective_time_signature (component)

New in version 2.0. Get effective time signature of component:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(staff)
TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(Staff{4})
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \time 4/8
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
abjad> for note in staff:
       note, contexttools.get_effective_time_signature(note)
(Note("c'8"), TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(Staff{4}))
(Note("d'8"), TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(Staff{4}))
(Note("e'8"), TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(Staff{4}))
(Note("f'8"), TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(Staff{4}))
```

Return time signature mark or none.

contexttools.get instrument mark attached to component

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_instrument_mark_attached_to_component(component)

New in version 2.1. Get instrument mark attached to component:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")

abjad> violin = contexttools.InstrumentMark('Violin ', 'Vn. ')
```

```
abjad> violin.attach_mark(staff)
InstrumentMark('Violin', 'Vn.')(Staff{4})
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Violin }
   \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Vn. }
   d'8
    e'8
    f'8
abjad> contexttools.get_instrument_mark_attached_to_component(staff)
InstrumentMark('Violin', 'Vn.')(Staff{4})
```

Return instrument mark.

Raise missing mark error when no instrument mark attaches to *component*.

contexttools.get_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.get_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component(component)
    New in version 2.0. Get time signature mark attached to component:
```

```
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> f(measure)
    \times 4/8
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
abjad> contexttools.get_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component (measure)
TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(|4/8, c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8|)
```

Return time signature mark.

Raise missing mark error when no time signature mark attaches to *component*.

contexttools.is_component_with_context_mark_attached

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.is_component_with_context_mark_attached(component,
                                                                                   klasses=(<class
                                                                                   'ab-
                                                                                  jad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark.Co
     New in version 2.0. True when context mark of klasses attaches to component:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(staff[0])
TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
```

```
\times 4/8
         c'8
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
    abjad> contexttools.is_component_with_context_mark_attached(staff[0])
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> contexttools.is_component_with_context_mark_attached(staff)
    False
    Return boolean.
contexttools.is_component_with_time_signature_mark_attached
abjad.tools.contexttools.is_component_with_time_signature_mark_attached(component)
    New in version 2.0. True when time signature mark attaches to component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(staff[0])
    TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(c'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \time 4/8
         c′8
        d'8
         e'8
         f'8
    abjad> contexttools.is_component_with_time_signature_mark_attached(staff[0])
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> contexttools.is_component_with_time_signature_mark_attached(staff)
    False
    Return boolean.
contexttools.iterate contexts backward in expr
abjad.tools.contexttools.iterate_contexts_backward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                start=0,
                                                                     stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate contexts backward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff([Voice("c'8 d'8"), Voice("e'8 f'8 q'8")])
    abjad> Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), staff[1][:])
    Tuplet (2/3, [e'8, f'8, g'8])
    abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff <<
```

\new Voice {

```
c′8
             d'8
         \new Voice {
             \times 2/3  {
                 e'8
                 f'8
                 g′8
             }
         }
    >>
    abjad> for x in contexttools.iterate_contexts_backward_in_expr(staff):
     ... X
    Staff<<2>>
    Voice{1}
    Voice{2}
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
contexttools.iterate_contexts_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.contexttools.iterate_contexts_forward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                 start=0,
                                                                     stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate contexts forward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff([Voice("c'8 d'8"), Voice("e'8 f'8 g'8")])
    abjad> Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), staff[1][:])
    Tuplet(2/3, [e'8, f'8, g'8])
    abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff <<
         \new Voice {
             c′8
             d'8
         \new Voice {
             \times 2/3 {
                 e'8
                 f'8
                 g′8
             }
         }
    abjad> for x in contexttools.iterate_contexts_forward_in_expr(staff):
    Staff<<2>>
    Voice{2}
    Voice{1}
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
```

contexttools.set_accidental_style_on_sequential_contexts_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.contexttools.set_accidental_style_on_sequential_contexts_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                            ac-
                                                                                            ci-
                                                                                            den-
                                                                                            tal_style)
    New in version 2.0. Set accidental_style for sequential semantic contexts in expr:
    abjad> score = Score(Staff("c'8 d'8") * 2)
    abjad> contexttools.set_accidental_style_on_sequential_contexts_in_expr(score, 'forget')
    abjad> f(score)
    \new Score <<
         \new Staff {
             #(set-accidental-style 'forget)
             c'8
             d'8
         \new Staff {
             #(set-accidental-style 'forget)
             c'8
             d'8
         }
    >>
```

Skip nonsemantic contexts.

Function looks like a hack but isn't. LilyPond uses the dedicated command shown here to set accidental style. This means that it is not possible to set accidental style on a top-level context like score with a single override.

gracetools

gracetools.Grace

```
class abjad.tools.gracetools.Grace (music=None, kind='grace', **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.containertools.Container.Container.Container
    Abjad model of grace music:
    abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[:])
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(voice)
     \new Voice {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8 ]
    abjad> grace_notes = [Note("c'16"), Note("d'16")]
    abjad> gracetools.Grace(grace_notes, kind = 'grace')(voice[1])
    Note ("d'8")
    abjad> f(voice)
    \new Voice {
```

```
c'8 [
    \grace {
        c'16
        d'16
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8 ]
}
abjad> after_grace_notes = [Note("e'16"), Note("f'16")]
abjad> gracetools.Grace(after_grace_notes, kind = 'after')(voice[1])
Note ("d'8")
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    c'8 [
    \grace {
        c'16
        d'16
    \afterGrace
    d'8
    {
        e'16
        f'16
    }
    e′8
    f'8 ]
```

Grace objects are containers you can fill with notes, rests and chords.

Grace containers override the special __call__ method.

Use Grace () to attach grace containers to nongrace notes, rests and chords.

detach()

Detach grace container from leaf:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> grace_container = gracetools.Grace([Note("cs'16")], kind = 'grace')
abjad> grace_container(staff[1])
Note("d'8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8
    \grace {
        cs'16
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
abjad> grace_container.detach()
Grace()
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
```

```
d'8
             e′8
             f'8
         Return grace container.
    kind
         Get kind of grace container:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
         abjad> gracetools.Grace([Note("cs'16")], kind = 'grace')(staff[1])
         Note("d'8")
         abjad> grace_container = staff[1].grace
         abjad> grace_container.kind
         'grace'
         Return string.
         Set kind of grace container:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
         abjad> gracetools.Grace([Note("cs'16")], kind = 'grace')(staff[1])
         Note ("d'8")
         abjad> grace_container = staff[1].grace
         abjad> grace_container.kind = 'acciaccatura'
         abjad> grace_container.kind
         'acciaccatura'
         Set string.
         Valid options include 'after', 'grace', 'acciaccatura', 'appoggiatura'.
gracetools.detach grace containers attached to leaf
abjad.tools.gracetools.detach_grace_containers_attached_to_leaf(leaf)
    New in version 2.0. Detach grace containers attached to leaf:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> grace_container = gracetools.Grace([Note("cs'16")], kind = 'grace')
    abjad> grace_container(staff[1])
    Note("d'8")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         c'8
         \grace {
             cs'16
         }
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
    abjad> gracetools.get_grace_containers_attached_to_leaf(staff[1])
     (Grace (cs'16),)
    abjad> gracetools.detach_grace_containers_attached_to_leaf(staff[1])
```

57.1. Abjad API 319

(Grace(),)

```
abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c′8
        d'8
        e′8
         f'8
     }
    abjad> gracetools.get_grace_containers_attached_to_leaf(staff[1])
    Return tuple.
gracetools.get grace containers attached to leaf
abjad.tools.gracetools.get_grace_containers_attached_to_leaf(leaf)
    New in version 2.0. Get grace containers attached to leaf:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> gracetools.Grace([Note("cs'16")], kind = 'grace')(staff[1])
    Note ("d'8")
    abjad> gracetools.Grace([Note("ds'16")], kind = 'after')(staff[1])
    Note ("d'8")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8
         \grace {
             cs'16
         \afterGrace
        d'8
             ds'16
         e'8
         f'8
     }
    abjad> gracetools.get_grace_containers_attached_to_leaf(staff[1])
     (Grace (cs'16), Grace (ds'16))
    Return tuple.
gracetools.iterate_components_and_grace_containers_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.gracetools.iterate_components_and_grace_containers_forward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                            klass)
    Iterate components of klass forward in expr:
    abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[:])
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> grace_notes = [Note("c'16"), Note("d'16")]
    abjad> gracetools.Grace(grace_notes, kind = 'grace')(voice[1])
    Note ("d'8")
```

```
abjad> gracetools.Grace(after_grace_notes, kind = 'after')(voice[1])
    Note("d'8")
    abjad> f(voice)
    \new Voice {
        c'8 [
         \grace {
            c'16
             d'16
         \afterGrace
         d'8
             e'16
             f'16
         e'8
         f'8 ]
    abjad> for note in gracetools.iterate_components_and_grace_containers_forward_in_expr(voice, Not
    Note("c'8")
    Note("c'16")
    Note("d'16")
    Note("d'8")
    Note("e'16")
    Note("f'16")
    Note("e'8")
    Note("f'8")
    Include grace leaves before main leaves.
    Include grace leaves after main leaves. Changed in version 2.0: renamed iterate.grace() to
    componenttools.iterate_components_and_grace_containers_forward_in_expr().
instrumenttools
instrumenttools.Accordion
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Accordion(instrument_name='Accordion',
                                                short_instrument_name='Acc.',
                                                                                  tar-
                                                get_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._KeyboardInstrument._KeyboardInstrument._KeyboardInst
    abjad.tools.instrumenttools._ReedInstrument._ReedInstrument._ReedInstrument
    Abjad model of the accordion:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> instrumenttools.Accordion(target_context = Staff)(staff)
    Accordion('Accordion', 'Acc.')(Staff{4})
```

abjad> after_grace_notes = [Note("e'16"), Note("f'16")]

57.1. Abjad API 321

\set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Accordion }

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {

```
\set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Acc. }
c'8
d'8
e'8
f'8
```

The accordion targets piano staff context by default.

instrumenttools.AltoFlute

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.AltoFlute(instrument_name='Alto
                                                                                Flute',
                                                                             Fl.', tar-
                                                short instrument name='Alt.
                                                get_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Flute.Flute
    Abjad model of the alto flute:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> instrumenttools.AltoFlute()(staff)
    AltoFlute('Alto Flute', 'Alt. Fl.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Alto Flute }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Alt. Fl. }
        c'8
        d'8
        e′8
         f'8
```

The alto flute targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.BassClarinet

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.BassClarinet(instrument_name='Bass
                                                                               Clarinet',
                                                    short_instrument_name='Bass Cl.', tar-
                                                    get_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Clarinet.Clarinet.Clarinet New in version 2.0.
    Abjad model of the bass clarinet:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> instrumenttools.BassClarinet()(staff)
    BassClarinet('Bass Clarinet', 'Bass Cl.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Bass Clarinet }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Bass Cl. }
        c'8
        d'8
         e′8
         f'8
```

The bass clarinet targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.BassFlute

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.BassFlute(instrument_name='Bass
                                                                                  Flute'.
                                                                             Fl.',
                                                 short_instrument_name='Bass
                                                                                     tar-
                                                 get_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Flute.Flute.Flute New in version 2.0. Abjad model of
    the bass flute:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> instrumenttools.BassFlute()(staff)
    BassFlute('Bass Flute', 'Bass Fl.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Bass Flute }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Bass Fl. }
         c'8
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
```

The bass flute targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Bassoon

}

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Bassoon(instrument_name='Bassoon',
                                              short_instrument_name='Bsn.',
                                                                                   tar-
                                              get_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._DoubleReedInstrument._DoubleReedInstrument._DoubleRee
    New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the bassoon:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(staff)
    ClefMark('bass')(Staff{4})
    abjad> instrumenttools.Bassoon()(staff)
    Bassoon('Bassoon', 'Bsn.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \clef "bass"
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Bassoon }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Bsn. }
         c'8
        d'8
         e'8
         f'8
```

The bassoon targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Cello

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Cello(instrument_name='Cello',
                                            short_instrument_name='Vc.', target_context=None)
    Bases: \verb|abjad.tools.instrumenttools._StringInstrument._StringInstrument._StringInstrument| \\
    New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the cello:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(staff)
    ClefMark('bass')(Staff{4})
    abjad> instrumenttools.Cello()(staff)
    Cello('Cello', 'Vc.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \clef "bass"
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Cello }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Vc. }
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
```

The cello targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Clarinet

c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8

The clarinet targets staff context by default.

\set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Cl. }

instrumenttools.Contrabass

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Contrabass(instrument_name='Contrabass',
                                                 short_instrument_name='Vb.',
                                                                                   tar-
                                                 get_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._StringInstrument._StringInstrument._StringInstrument
    New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the contrabass:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(staff)
    ClefMark('bass')(Staff{4})
    abjad> instrumenttools.Contrabass()(staff)
    Contrabass('Contrabass', 'Vb.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \clef "bass"
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Contrabass }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Vb. }
         c'8
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8
```

The contrabass targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.ContrabassFlute

}

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.ContrabassFlute (instrument_name='Contrabass Flute',
                                                        short_instrument_name='Cbass Fl.',
                                                        target_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Flute.Flute.Flute New in version 2.0. Abjad model of
    the contrabass flute:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> instrumenttools.ContrabassFlute()(staff)
    ContrabassFlute('Contrabass Flute', 'Cbass Fl.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Contrabass Flute }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Cbass Fl. }
         c'8
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
```

The contrabass flute targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Contrabassoon

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Contrabassoon(instrument_name='Contrabassoon',
                                                     short_instrument_name='Contrabsn.',
                                                     target context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Bassoon.Bassoon.Bassoon New in version 2.0. Abjad
    model of the contrabassoon:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(staff)
    ClefMark('bass')(Staff{4})
    abjad> instrumenttools.Contrabassoon()(staff)
    Contrabassoon('Contrabassoon', 'Contrabsn.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \clef "bass"
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Contrabassoon }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Contrabsn. }
         c'8
        d'8
         e'8
         f'8
     }
```

The contrabassoon targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.EFlatClarinet

c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8

\set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Clarinet in E-flat }
\set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Cl. E-flat }

The E-flat clarinet targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.EnglishHorn

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.EnglishHorn (instrument_name='English
                                                                                  Horn'.
                                                                               hn.', tar-
                                                   short_instrument_name='Eng.
                                                   get_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Oboe.Oboe.Oboe New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the
    English horn:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> instrumenttools.EnglishHorn()(staff)
    EnglishHorn('English Horn', 'Eng. hn.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { English Horn }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Eng. hn. }
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
```

The English horn targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Flute

The flute targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.FrenchHorn

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> instrumenttools.FrenchHorn()(staff)
FrenchHorn('French Horn', 'Fr. hn.')(Staff{4})

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { French Horn }
   \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Fr. hn. }
   c'8
   d'8
   e'8
   f'8
}
```

The French horn targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Glockenspiel

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Glockenspiel (instrument_name='Glockenspiel',
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           short instrument name='Gkspl.',
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           get_context=None)
                     Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._Percussi
                     New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the glockenspiel:
                     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
                     abjad> instrumenttools.Glockenspiel()(staff)
                     Glockenspiel('Glockenspiel', 'Gkspl.')(Staff{4})
                     abjad> f(staff)
                       \new Staff {
                                         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Glockenspiel }
                                         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Gkspl. }
                                        c'8
                                        d'8
                                        e′8
                                         f'8
```

The glockenspiel targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Guitar

}

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Guitar }
   \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Gt. }
   c'8
   d'8
   e'8
   f'8
}
```

The guitar targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Harp

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Harp(instrument_name='Harp',
                                           short_instrument_name='Hp.', target_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._StringInstrument._StringInstrument._StringInstrument
    New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the harp:
    abjad> piano_staff = scoretools.PianoStaff([Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8"), Staff("c'4 b4")])
    abjad> instrumenttools.Harp()(piano_staff)
    Harp('Harp', 'Hp.')(PianoStaff<<2>>)
    abjad> f(piano_staff)
     \new PianoStaff <<</pre>
         \set PianoStaff.instrumentName = \markup { Harp }
         \set PianoStaff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Hp. }
         \new Staff {
             c'8
             d'8
             e'8
             f'8
         \new Staff {
             c'4
             b4
    >>
```

The harp targets piano staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Marimba

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Marimba }
   \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Mb. }
   c'8
   d'8
   e'8
   f'8
}
```

The marimba targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Oboe

```
abjad> instrumenttools.Oboe()(staff)
Oboe('Oboe', 'Ob.')(Staff{4})

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Oboe }
   \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Ob. }
   c'8
   d'8
   e'8
   f'8
}
```

The oboe targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Piano

The piano target piano staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Piccolo

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Piccolo (instrument_name='Piccolo',
                                               short_instrument_name='Picc.',
                                                                                     tar-
                                               get_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Flute.Flute.Flute New in version 2.0. Abjad model of
    the piccolo:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> instrumenttools.Piccolo()(staff)
    Piccolo('Piccolo', 'Picc.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Piccolo }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Picc. }
         c'8
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
```

The piccolo targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Trombone

```
d'8
e'8
f'8
```

The trombone targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Trumpet

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Trumpet (instrument_name='Trumpet',
                                              short instrument name='Tp.',
                                                                                   tar-
                                              get_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._BrassInstrument._BrassInstrument._BrassInstrument
    New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the trumpet:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> instrumenttools.Trumpet()(staff)
    Trumpet('Trumpet', 'Tp.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Trumpet }
        \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Tp. }
        c'8
        d'8
         e'8
         f'8
```

The trumpet targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Tuba

f'8

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Tuba (instrument name='Tuba',
                                          short_instrument_name='Tb.', target_context=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._BrassInstrument._BrassInstrument._BrassInstrument
    New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the tuba:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(staff)
    ClefMark('bass')(Staff{4})
    abjad> instrumenttools.Tuba()(staff)
    Tuba('Tuba', 'Tb.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \clef "bass"
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Tuba }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Tb. }
         c'8
        d'8
         e'8
```

The tuba targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.UntunedPercussion

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.UntunedPercussion (instrument_name='Percussion',
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  short_instrument_name='Perc.',
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  target context=None)
                     Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._Percussi
                     New in version 2.0. Abjad model of untuned percussion:
                     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
                     abjad> instrumenttools.UntunedPercussion()(staff)
                     UntunedPercussion('Percussion', 'Perc.')(Staff{4})
                     abjad> f(staff)
                      \new Staff {
                                        \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Percussion }
                                        \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Perc. }
                                       c'8
                                       d'8
                                       e′8
                                        f'8
```

Untuned percussion targets the staff context by default.

instrumenttools. Vibraphone

f'8

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Vibraphone (instrument_name='Vibraphone',
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       short_instrument_name='Vibr.',
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    tar-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       get_context=None)
                      Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._Percussi
                      New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the vibraphone:
                      abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
                      abjad> instrumenttools.Vibraphone()(staff)
                      Vibraphone('Vibraphone', 'Vibr.')(Staff{4})
                      abjad> f(staff)
                       \new Staff {
                                          \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Vibraphone }
                                          \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Vibr. }
                                          c'8
                                         d'8
                                          e'8
```

The vibraphone targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Viola

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Viola(instrument_name='Viola',
                                            short_instrument_name='Va.', target_context=None)
    Bases: \verb|abjad.tools.instrumenttools._StringInstrument._StringInstrument._StringInstrument| \\
    New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the viola:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('alto')(staff)
    ClefMark('alto')(Staff{4})
    abjad> instrumenttools. Viola()(staff)
    Viola('Viola', 'Va.')(Staff{4})
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \clef "alto"
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Viola }
         \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Va. }
         d'8
         e′8
         f'8
```

The viola targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Violin

d'8 e'8 f'8

The violin targets staff context by default.

instrumenttools.Xylophone

```
class abjad.tools.instrumenttools.Xylophone (instrument_name='Xylophone',
                                                                                                                   short_instrument_name='Xyl.',
                                                                                                                                                                                                     tar-
                                                                                                                  get_context=None)
           Bases: abjad.tools.instrumenttools._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._PercussionInstrument._Percussi
           New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the xylphone:
           abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
           abjad> instrumenttools.Xylophone()(staff)
           Xylophone('Xylophone', 'Xyl.')(Staff{4})
           abjad> f(staff)
           \new Staff {
                     \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Xylophone }
                     \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Xyl. }
                     c'8
                     d'8
                     e′8
                     f'8
           The xylophone targets staff context by default.
instrumenttools.iterate_notes_and_chords_in_expr_outside_traditional_instrument_ranges
abjad.tools.instrumenttools.iterate_notes_and_chords_in_expr_outside_traditional_instrument
           New in version 2.0. Iterate notes and chords in expr outside traditional instrument ranges:
           abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 r8 <d fs>8 r8")
           abjad> instrumenttools.Violin()(staff)
           Violin('Violin', 'Vn.')(Staff{4})
           abjad> for note or chord in instrumenttools.iterate_notes_and_chords_in_expr_outside_traditional
            ... note or chord
           Chord('<d fs>8')
           Return generator.
instrumenttools.notes and chords in expr are on expected clefs
abjad.tools.instrumenttools.notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_on_expected_clefs(expr,
                                                                                                                                                                                                               per-
                                                                                                                                                                                                               sion_clef_is_allowed=
           New in version 2.0. True when notes and chords in expr are on expected clefs:
           abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
           abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('treble')(staff)
           ClefMark('treble')(Staff{4})
```

57.1. Abjad API 335

abjad> instrumenttools.notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_on_expected_clefs(staff)

abjad> instrumenttools.Violin()(staff)
Violin('Violin', 'Vn.')(Staff{4})

True

False otherwise:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('alto') (staff)
ClefMark('alto') (Staff{4})
abjad> instrumenttools.Violin() (staff)
Violin('Violin', 'Vn.') (Staff{4})
abjad> instrumenttools.notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_on_expected_clefs(staff)
False
```

Allow percussion clef when *percussion_clef_is_allowed* is true:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('percussion') (staff)
ClefMark('percussion') (Staff{4})
abjad> instrumenttools.Violin() (staff)
Violin('Violin', 'Vn.') (Staff{4})

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \clef "percussion"
    \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Violin }
    \c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
```

abjad> instrumenttools.notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_on_expected_clefs(staff, percussion_clef_is_True

Disallow percussion clef when *percussion_clef_is_allowed* is false:

abjad> instrumenttools.notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_on_expected_clefs(staff, percussion_clef_is_False

Return boolean.

instrumenttools.notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_within_traditional_instrument_ranges

abjad.tools.instrumenttools.notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_within_traditional_instrument_rane New in version 2.0. True when notes and chords in *expr* are within traditional instrument ranges:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 r8 <d' fs'>8 r8")
abjad> instrumenttools.Violin()(staff)
Violin('Violin', 'Vn.')(Staff{4})
abjad> instrumenttools.notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_within_traditional_instrument_ranges(staff)
True
```

False otherwise:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 r8 <d fs>8 r8")
abjad> instrumenttools.Violin()(staff)
Violin('Violin', 'Vn.')(Staff{4})
```

```
abjad> instrumenttools.notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_within_traditional_instrument_ranges(staff) False
```

Return boolean.

instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_fingered_pitch_to_sounding_pitch

abjad.tools.instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_fingered_pitch_to_sound New in version 2.0. Transpose notes and chords in *expr* from sounding pitch to fingered pitch:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("<c' e' q'>4 d'4 r4 e'4")
abjad> instrumenttools.Clarinet()(staff)
Clarinet('Clarinet', 'Cl.')(Staff{4})
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Clarinet }
    \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Cl. }
    <c' e' q'>4
    d'4
    r4
    e'4
}
abjad> for leaf in staff.leaves:
... leaf.written_pitch_indication_is_at_sounding_pitch = False
abjad> instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_fingered_pitch_to_sounding_pitch(
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Clarinet }
    \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Cl. }
    <bf d' f'>4
    c'4
    r4
    d'4
```

Return none.

instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_sounding_pitch_to_fingered_pitch

abjad.tools.instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_sounding_pitch_to_fingered with the sounding pitch to fingered pitch:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("<c' e' g'>4 d'4 r4 e'4")
abjad> instrumenttools.Clarinet() (staff)
Clarinet('Clarinet', 'Cl.') (Staff{4})

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
  \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Clarinet }
  \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Cl. }
  <c' e' g'>4
  d'4
```

```
r4
         e′4
    abjad> instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_sounding_pitch_to_fingered_pitch(
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Clarinet }
        \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Cl. }
        <d' fs' a'>4
        e′4
        r4
         fs'4
    Return none.
leaftools
leaftools.change_written_leaf_duration_and_preserve_preprolated_leaf_duration
abjad.tools.leaftools.change_written_leaf_duration_and_preserve_preprolated_leaf_duration(
    New in version 1.1. Change leaf written duration to written_duration and preserve preprolated leaf duration:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> note.written_duration
    Duration(1, 4)
    abjad> note.preprolated_duration
    Duration(1, 4)
    abjad> leaftools.change_written_leaf_duration_and_preserve_preprolated_leaf_duration(note, Durat
    Note ("c'8. \star 4/3")
    abjad> note.written_duration
    Duration(3, 16)
    abjad> note.preprolated_duration
    Duration(1, 4)
    Add LilyPond multiplier where necessary.
                   Changed in version 2.0: Renamed from leaftools.duration rewrite().
    leaftools.change_written_leaf_duration_and_preserve_preprolated_leaf_duration().
leaftools.color leaf
abjad.tools.leaftools.color_leaf(leaf, color)
    New in version 2.0. Color note:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
```

Note ("c' 4")

abjad> leaftools.color_leaf(note, 'red')

```
\once \override Accidental #'color = #red
    \once \override Dots #'color = #red
    \once \override NoteHead #'color = #red
    c' 4
    Color rest:
    abjad> rest = Rest('r4')
    abjad> leaftools.color_leaf(rest, 'red')
    Rest ('r4')
    abjad> f(rest)
    \once \override Dots #'color = #red
    \once \override Rest #'color = #red
    r4
    Color chord:
    abjad> chord = Chord("<c' e' bf'>4")
    abjad> leaftools.color_leaf(chord, 'red')
    Chord("<c' e' bf'>4")
    abjad> f(chord)
    \once \override Accidental #'color = #red
    \once \override Dots #'color = #red
    \once \override NoteHead #'color = #red
    <c' e' bf'>4
    Return leaf.
leaftools.color leaves in expr
abjad.tools.leaftools.color_leaves_in_expr(expr, color)
    New in version 2.0. Color leaves in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff([Note(1, (3, 16)), Rest((3, 16)), skiptools.Skip((3, 16)), Chord([0, 1, 9],
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(cs'8., r8., s8., <c' cs' a'>8.)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        cs'8. [
        r8.
        s8.
         <c' cs' a'>8. ]
    abjad> leaftools.color_leaves_in_expr(staff, 'red')
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        \once \override Accidental #'color = #red
         \once \override Dots #'color = #red
        \once \override NoteHead #'color = #red
        cs'8. [
         \once \override Dots #'color = #red
```

abjad> f(note)

```
\once \override Rest #'color = #red
r8.
s8.
\once \override Accidental #'color = #red
\once \override Dots #'color = #red
\once \override NoteHead #'color = #red
<c' cs' a'>8. ]
}
```

Return none.

leaftools.copy_written_duration_and_multiplier_from_leaf_to_leaf

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.copy_written_duration_and_multiplier_from_leaf_to_leaf(source_leaf, tar-get_leaf)
```

New in version 2.0. Copy written duration and multiplier from *source_leaf* to *target_leaf*:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> note.duration_multiplier = Duration(1, 2)
abjad> rest = Rest((1, 64))
abjad> leaftools.copy_written_duration_and_multiplier_from_leaf_to_leaf(note, rest)
Rest('r4 * 1/2')
```

Return target_leaf.

leaftools.divide leaf meiotically

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.divide_leaf_meiotically(leaf, n=2)
    New in version 1.1. Divide leaf meiotically n times:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        c'8 [
         d'8
         e′8
         f'8 ]
    abjad> leaftools.divide_leaf_meiotically(staff[0], n = 4)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        c'32 [
         c'32
         c'32
         c′32
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8 1
```

Replace leaf with n new leaves.

Preserve parentage and spanners.

Allow divisions into only 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, ... and other nonnegative integer powers of 2.

Produce only leaves and never tuplets or other containers.

Return none.

True

leaftools.divide_leaves_in_expr_meiotically

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.divide_leaves_in_expr_meiotically (expr, n=2)
     New in version 1.1. Divide leaves meiotically in expr n times:
     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
     abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
     BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         c'8 [
         d'8
         e′8
         f'8 ]
     }
     abjad> leaftools.divide_leaves_in_expr_meiotically(staff[2:], n = 4)
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         c'8 [
         d′8
         e'32
         e'32
         e′32
         e′32
         f'32
         f'32
         f'32
         f'32 ]
     }
     Replace every leaf in expr with n new leaves.
     Preserve parentage and spanners.
     Allow divisions into only 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, ... and other nonnegative integer powers of 2.
     Produce only leaves and never tuplets or other containers.
                          Changed
                                    in
                                         version
                                                  2.0:
                                                           renamed
                                                                     leaftools.meiose()
     leaftools.divide_leaves_in_expr_meiotically().
leaftools.expr_has_leaf_with_dotted_written_duration
abjad.tools.leaftools.expr_has_leaf_with_dotted_written_duration(expr)
     New in version 2.0. True when expr has at least one leaf with dotted writtern duration:
```

57.1. Abjad API 341

abjad> notes = notetools.make_notes([0], [(1, 16), (2, 16), (3, 16)])
abjad> leaftools.expr_has_leaf_with_dotted_written_duration(notes)

False otherwise:

```
abjad> notes = notetools.make_notes([0], [(1, 16), (2, 16), (4, 16)])
abjad> leaftools.expr_has_leaf_with_dotted_written_duration(notes)
False
```

Return boolean.

leaftools.fuse_leaves_big_endian

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.fuse_leaves_big_endian(leaves)
```

New in version 1.1. Fuse thread-contiguous *leaves*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> leaftools.fuse_leaves_big_endian(staff[1:])
[Note("d'4.")]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'4.
}
```

Rewrite duration of first leaf in leaves.

Detach all leaves in *leaves* other than first leaf from score.

Return list of first leaf in *leaves*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed fuse.leaves_by_reference() to leaftools.fuse_leaves_big_endian().

leaftools.fuse_leaves_in_container_once_by_counts_into_big_endian_notes

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.fuse_leaves_in_container_once_by_counts_into_big_endian_notes (container counts)

New in version 1.1. Fuse leaves in container once by counts into big-endian notes.
```

leaftools.fuse leaves in container once by counts into big endian rests

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.fuse_leaves_in_container_once_by_counts_into_big_endian_rests (container counts)

New in version 1.1. Fuse leaves in container once by counts into big-endian rests.
```

leaftools.fuse_leaves_in_container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_notes

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.fuse_leaves_in_container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_notes (container_once in version 1.1. Fuse leaves in container once by counts into little-endian notes.
```

leaftools.fuse leaves in container once by counts into little endian rests

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.fuse_leaves_in_container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container_once_by_counts_into_little_endian_rests(container
```

New in version 1.1. Fuse leaves in *container* once by *counts* into little-endian rests.

leaftools.fuse leaves in tie chain by immediate parent big endian

abjad.tools.leaftools.fuse_leaves_in_tie_chain_by_immediate_parent_big_endian(tie_chain)

New in version 1.1. Fuse leaves in tie_chain by immediate parent:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff.leaves)
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'8 ~
        c'8 ~
    }
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'8 ~
        c'8
    }
}
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff.leaves[0])
abjad> leaftools.fuse_leaves_in_tie_chain_by_immediate_parent_big_endian(tie_chain)
[[Note("c'4")], [Note("c'4")]]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   {
        \time 2/8
        c'4 ~
    }
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'4
    }
}
```

Return list of fused notes by parent. Changed in version 2.0: renamed fuse.leaves_in_tie_chain() to leaftools.fuse_leaves_in_tie_chain_by_immediate_parent_big_endian().

leaftools.fuse_tied_leaves_in_components_once_by_prolated_durations_without_overhang

abjad.tools.leaftools.fuse_tied_leaves_in_components_once_by_prolated_durations_without_over

New in version 1.1. Fuse tied leaves in *components* once by *prolated_durations* without overhang:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(8))
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff.leaves)
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 ~
    c'8 ~
```

c'8 ~

```
c'8 ~
        c'8
    abjad> leaftools.fuse_tied_leaves_in_components_once_by_prolated_durations_without_overhang(staf
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'4. ~
        c'4. ~
        c'8 ~
        c′8
    Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed fuse.tied_leaves_by_prolated_durations() to
    leaftools.fuse_tied_leaves_in_components_once_by_prolated_durations_without_overhang()
leaftools.get_composite_offset_difference_series_from_leaves_in_expr
abjad.tools.leaftools.get_composite_offset_difference_series_from_leaves_in_expr(expr)
    New in version 2.0. Get composite offset difference series from leaves in expr:
    abjad> staff_1 = Staff([tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(4, 8), notetools.make_repeated_
    abjad> staff_2 = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
    abjad> score = Score([staff_1, staff_2])
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(scc
    abjad> f(score)
         \new Score <<
            \new Staff {
                 \fraction \times 4/3 {
                     c'8
                     d'8
                     e'8
             }
             \new Staff {
                 f'8
                 g′8
                 a′8
                 b'8
    abjad> leaftools.get_composite_offset_difference_series_from_leaves_in_expr(score)
     [Offset(1, 8), Offset(1, 24), Offset(1, 12), Offset(1, 12), Offset(1, 24), Offset(1, 8)]
```

Return list of fractions.

leaftools.get_composite_offset_series_from_leaves_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.get_composite_offset_series_from_leaves_in_expr(expr) New in version 2.0. Get composite offset series from leaves in expr:
```

Composite offset difference series defined equal to time intervals between unique start and stop offsets of leaves

in expr.

```
abjad> staff_1 = Staff([tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(4, 8), notetools.make_repeated_
    abjad> staff_2 = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
    abjad> score = Score([staff_1, staff_2])
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(scc
    abjad> f(score)
         \new Score <<
             \new Staff {
                 \fraction \times 4/3 {
                     c'8
                      d'8
                      e'8
             \new Staff {
                 f'8
                 g′8
                 a'8
                 b'8
    abjad> leaftools.get_composite_offset_series_from_leaves_in_expr(score)
     [Offset(0, 1), Offset(1, 8), Offset(1, 6), Offset(1, 4), Offset(1, 3), Offset(3, 8), Offset(1, 2
    Equal to list of unique start and stop offsets of leaves in expr.
    Return list of fractions.
leaftools.get_leaf_at_index_in_measure_number_in_expr
abjad.tools.leaftools.get_leaf_at_index_in_measure_number_in_expr(expr, mea-
                                                                              sure_number,
                                                                              leaf_index)
    New in version 2.0. Get leaf at leaf_index in measure_number in expr:
    abjad> t = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
    abjad> f(t)
     \new Staff {
         {
             \times 2/8
             c'8
             d'8
             \times 2/8
             e'8
             f'8
             \times 2/8
             q'8
             a'8
```

57.1. Abjad API 345

abjad> leaftools.get_leaf_at_index_in_measure_number_in_expr(t, 2, 0)

}

Note ("e'8")

Return leaf or none.

leaftools.get_nth_leaf_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.get_nth_leaf_in_expr(expr, n=0)
    New in version 2.0. Get n th leaf in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         {
             \time 2/8
             c′8
             d'8
         }
         {
             \time 2/8
             e′8
             f'8
             \time 2/8
             q'8
             a'8
     }
    abjad> for n in range(6):
             leaftools.get_nth_leaf_in_expr(staff, n)
     . . .
    Note("c'8")
    Note ("d'8")
    Note("e'8")
    Note("f'8")
    Note("g'8")
    Note("a'8")
    Read backwards for negative values of n.
    abjad> leaftools.get_nth_leaf_in_expr(staff, -1)
    Note ("a'8")
```

Note: Because this function returns as soon as it finds instance n of klasses, it is more efficient to call leaftools.get_nth_leaf_in_expr(expr, 0) than expr.leaves[0]. It is likewise more efficient to call leaftools.get_nth_leaf_in_expr(expr, -1) than expr.leaves[-1].

Return leaf of none.

leaftools.get_nth_leaf_in_thread_from_leaf

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.get_nth_leaf_in_thread_from_leaf (leaf, n=0)
New in version 2.0. Get n th leaf in thread from leaf:
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \new Voice {
             c′8
             d'8
             e'8
             f'8
         \new Voice {
             g′8
             a'8
             b'8
             c''8
         }
     }
    abjad> for n in range(8):
             print n, leaftools.get_nth_leaf_in_thread_from_leaf(staff[0][0], n)
     . . .
    0 c'8
    1 d'8
    2 e'8
    3 f'8
    4 None
    5 None
    6 None
    7 None
    Return leaf or none.
leaftools.is bar line crossing leaf
abjad.tools.leaftools.is_bar_line_crossing_leaf(leaf)
    New in version 2.0. True when leaf crosses bar line:
    abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> t[2].written_duration \star= 2
    abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(2, 8, partial = Duration(1, 8))(t[2])
    TimeSignatureMark(2, 8, partial = Duration(1, 8))(e'4)
    abjad> f(t)
    \new Staff {
        c′8
         d'8
         \partial 8
         \time 2/8
         e′4
         f'8
    abjad> leaftools.is_bar_line_crossing_leaf(t.leaves[2])
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> leaftools.is_bar_line_crossing_leaf(t.leaves[3])
    False
```

abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)

abjad> staff = Staff(2 * Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8"))

Return boolean.

leaftools.iterate_leaf_pairs_forward_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.iterate_leaf_pairs_forward_in_expr(expr)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate leaf pairs forward in expr:
    abjad> score = Score([ ])
    abjad > notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("g'4")]
    abjad> score.append(Staff(notes))
    abjad> notes = [Note(x, (1, 4)) for x in [-12, -15, -17]]
    abjad> score.append(Staff(notes))
    abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[1])
    ClefMark('bass')(Staff{3})
    abjad> f(score)
    \new Score <<
         \new Staff {
            c′8
             d'8
             e'8
             f'8
            g′4
         \new Staff {
             \clef "bass"
             С4
             a, 4
             g,4
         }
    >>
    abjad> for pair in leaftools.iterate_leaf_pairs_forward_in_expr(score):
               pair
     (Note("c'8"), Note('c4'))
     (Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"))
     (Note('c4'), Note("d'8"))
     (Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"))
     (Note("d'8"), Note('a,4'))
     (Note('c4'), Note("e'8"))
     (Note('c4'), Note('a,4'))
     (Note("e'8"), Note('a,4'))
     (Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"))
     (Note('a,4'), Note("f'8"))
     (Note("f'8"), Note("g'4"))
     (Note("f'8"), Note('g,4'))
     (Note('a,4'), Note("g'4"))
     (Note('a,4'), Note('g,4'))
     (Note("g'4"), Note('g,4'))
```

Iterate leaf pairs left-to-right and top-to-bottom.

Return generator.

leaftools.iterate leaves backward in expr

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.iterate_leaves_backward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate leaves backward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(sta
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         {
             \time 2/8
             c′8
             d'8
         }
         {
             \times 2/8
             e'8
             f'8
             \time 2/8
             g'8
             a'8
     }
    abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_leaves_backward_in_expr(staff):
     . . .
     . . .
    Note("a'8")
    Note("q'8")
    Note("f'8")
    Note("e'8")
    Note("d'8")
    Note("c'8")
    Use the optional start and stop keyword parameters to control the indices of iteration.
    abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_leaves_backward_in_expr(staff, start = 3):
     . . .
             leaf
    Note("e'8")
    Note("d'8")
    Note("c'8")
    abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_leaves_backward_in_expr(staff, start = 0, stop = 3):
     . . .
             leaf
     . . .
    Note("a'8")
    Note("g'8")
    Note("f'8")
    abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_leaves_backward_in_expr(staff, start = 2, stop = 4):
             leaf
     . . .
    Note("f'8")
    Note("e'8")
    Ignore threads.
```

Return generator.

leaftools.iterate_leaves_forward_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.iterate_leaves_forward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
     New in version 2.0. Iterate leaves forward in expr:
     abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
     abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         {
             \time 2/8
             c′8
             d'8
         }
         {
             \time 2/8
             e′8
             f'8
             \time 2/8
             q'8
             a'8
         }
     }
     abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_leaves_forward_in_expr(staff):
             leaf
     . . .
     . . .
    Note("c'8")
     Note("d'8")
     Note("e'8")
     Note("f'8")
     Note("g'8")
     Note("a'8")
     Use the optional start and stop keyword parameters to control the start and stop indices of iteration.
     abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_leaves_forward_in_expr(staff, start = 3):
     . . .
     Note("f'8")
     Note("q'8")
     Note("a'8")
     abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_leaves_forward_in_expr(staff, start = 0, stop = 3):
             leaf
     . . .
     . . .
    Note("c'8")
    Note("d'8")
    Note("e'8")
     abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_leaves_forward_in_expr(staff, start = 2, stop = 4):
             leaf
     . . .
     . . .
```

```
Note("e'8")
    Note("f'8")
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
leaftools.iterate_notes_and_chords_backward_in_expr
abjad.tools.leaftools.iterate_notes_and_chords_backward_in_expr(expr, start=0,
                                                                          stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate notes and chords backward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff("<e' q' c''>8 a'8 r8 <d' f' b'>8 r2")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        <e' g' c''>8
        a'8
        r8
        <d' f' b'>8
        r2
     }
    abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_notes_and_chords_backward_in_expr(staff):
     ... leaf
    Chord("<d' f' b'>8")
    Note("a'8")
    Chord("<e' g' c''>8")
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.iterate_notes_and_chords_backward_in_expr
    to leaftools.iterate_notes_and_chords_backward_in_expr().
leaftools.iterate notes and chords forward in expr
abjad.tools.leaftools.iterate_notes_and_chords_forward_in_expr(expr, start=0,
                                                                         stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate notes and chords forward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff("<e' q' c''>8 a'8 r8 <d' f' b'>8 r2")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        <e' g' c''>8
        a′8
        r8
        <d' f' b'>8
        r2
    abjad> for leaf in leaftools.iterate_notes_and_chords_forward_in_expr(staff):
     ... leaf
    Chord("<e' g' c''>8")
    Note("a'8")
    Chord("<d' f' b'>8")
```

Ignore threads.

Return generator. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.iterate_notes_and_chords_forward_in_expr(to leaftools.iterate_notes_and_chords_forward_in_expr().

leaftools.label leaves in expr with inversion equivalent chromatic interval classes

abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classification and additional actions are also as a second action of the contraction of the cont

New in version 2.0. Label leaves in *expr* with inversion-equivalent chromatic interval classes:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes([0, 25, 11, -4, -14, -13, 9, 10, 6, 5], [Duration(1, 8)]
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes(staff)
abjad> f(staff)

\new Staff {
    c'8 ^ \markup { 1 }
    cs'''8 ^ \markup { 2 }
    b'8 ^ \markup { 2 }
    af8 ^ \markup { 2 }
    bf,8 ^ \markup { 1 }
    b,8 ^ \markup { 1 }
    bf'8 ^ \markup { 1 }
    bf'8 ^ \markup { 1 }
    fs'8 ^ \markup { 1 }
    f'8
}
```

Return none.

leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_depth

abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_depth(expr,

markup_direction='down')

New in version 1.1. Label leaves in *expr* with leaf depth:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8")
abjad> tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), staff[-3:])
FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [e'8, f'8, g'8])
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_depth(staff)
abjad> f(staff)

new Staff {
    c'8 _ \markup { \small 1 }
    d'8 _ \markup { \small 1 }
    \times 2/3 {
        e'8 _ \markup { \small 2 }
        f'8 _ \markup { \small 2 }
        g'8 _ \markup { \small 2 }
        g'8 _ \markup { \small 2 }
    }
}
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed label.leaf_depth() to leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_dep Return none.

leaftools.label leaves in expr with leaf durations

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_durations(expr, markup_direction='down')

New in version 1.1. Label leaves in expr with leaf durations:

abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(1, 4), "c'8 d'8 e'8")

abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_durations(tuplet)

abjad> f(tuplet)

\times 2/3 {

c'8 _ \markup { \column { \small 1/8 \small 1/12 } }

d'8 _ \markup { \column { \small 1/8 \small 1/12 } }

e'8 _ \markup { \column { \small 1/8 \small 1/12 } }
```

Label both written duration and prolated duration.

Return none.

leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_indices

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_indices(expr, markup_direction='down')
```

New in version 2.0. Label leaves in *expr* with leaf indices:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_indices(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 _ \markup { \small 0 }
    d'8 _ \markup { \small 1 }
    e'8 _ \markup { \small 2 }
    f'8 _ \markup { \small 3 }
}
```

Return none.

leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_numbers

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_numbers(expr,
```

markup_direction='down')

New in version 1.1. Label leaves in *expr* with leaf numbers:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_numbers(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 _ \markup { \small 1 }
    d'8 _ \markup { \small 2 }
    e'8 _ \markup { \small 3 }
    f'8 _ \markup { \small 4 }
}
```

Number leaves starting from 1. Changed in version 2.0: renamed label.leaf_numbers() to leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_numbers(). Return none.

leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_chromatic_interval_classes

abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_chromatic_interval_classes(expr,

New in version 2.0. Label leaves in *expr* with melodic chromatic interval classes:

```
markup_di
```

Return none.

leaftools.label leaves in expr with melodic chromatic intervals

abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_chromatic_intervals(expr,

markup_direction='u

marku

New in version 2.0. Label leaves in *expr* with melodic chromatic intervals:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes([0, 25, 11, -4, -14, -13, 9, 10, 6, 5], [Duration(1, 8 abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_chromatic_intervals(staff)
abjad> f(staff)

\new Staff {
    c'8 ^ \markup { +25 }
    cs'''8 ^ \markup { -14 }
    b'8 ^ \markup { -15 }
    af8 ^ \markup { -10 }
    bf,8 ^ \markup { +1 }
    b,8 ^ \markup { +22 }
    a'8 ^ \markup { +1 }
    bf'8 ^ \markup { -4 }
    fs'8 ^ \markup { -1 }
    f'8
}
```

Return none.

leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_counterpoint_interval_classes

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_counterpoint_interval_classes(expr,
```

New in version 2.0. Label leaves in *expr* with melodic counterpoint interval classes:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes([0, 25, 11, -4, -14, -13, 9, 10, 6, 5], [Duration(1, 8 abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_counterpoint_interval_classes(staff) abjad> f(staff)
```

```
\new Staff {
    c'8 ^ \markup { +8 }
    cs'''8 ^ \markup { -2 }
    b'8 ^ \markup { -2 }
    af8 ^ \markup { -7 }
    bf,8 ^ \markup { +1 }
    b,8 ^ \markup { +7 }
    a'8 ^ \markup { +2 }
    bf'8 ^ \markup { -4 }
    fs'8 ^ \markup { +1 }
    f'8
}

Return none.
```

leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_counterpoint_intervals

abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_counterpoint_intervals(expr,

markup_direction

New in version 2.0. Label leaves in *expr* with melodic counterpoint intervals:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes([0, 25, 11, -4, -14, -13, 9, 10, 6, 5], [Duration(1, 8]
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_counterpoint_intervals(staff)
abjad> f(staff)

\new Staff {
    c'8 ^ \markup { +15 }
    cs'''8 ^ \markup { -9 }
    b'8 ^ \markup { -9 }
    af8 ^ \markup { -7 }
    bf,8 ^ \markup { 1 }
    b,8 ^ \markup { +14 }
    a'8 ^ \markup { +2 }
    bf'8 ^ \markup { -4 }
    fs'8 ^ \markup { 1 }
    f'8
}
```

Return none.

leaftools.label leaves in expr with melodic diatonic interval classes

abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_diatonic_interval_classes(expr, markup_dire

New in version 2.0. Label leaves in *expr* with melodic diatonic interval classes:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes([0, 25, 11, -4, -14, -13, 9, 10, 6, 5], [Duration(1, 8]
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_diatonic_interval_classes(staff)
abjad> f(staff)

\new Staff {
    c'8 ^ \markup { +aug8 }
    cs'''8 ^ \markup { -M2 }
    b'8 ^ \markup { -aug2 }
    af8 ^ \markup { -aug2 }
    bf,8 ^ \markup { aug1 }
    b,8 ^ \markup { aug1 }
    b,8 ^ \markup { +m7 }
    a'8 ^ \markup { +m2 }
    bf'8 ^ \markup { -dim4 }
```

```
fs'8 ^ \markup { aug1 }
f'8
}
```

Return none.

leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_diatonic_intervals

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_diatonic_intervals(expr,
```

markup_direction='up

New in version 2.0. Label leaves in *expr* with melodic diatonic intervals:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes([0, 25, 11, -4, -14, -13, 9, 10, 6, 5], [Duration(1, 8]
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_diatonic_intervals(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 ^ \markup { +aug15 }
    cs'''8 ^ \markup { -M9 }
    b'8 ^ \markup { -aug9 }
    af8 ^ \markup { -aug1 }
    b,8 ^ \markup { +aug1 }
    b,8 ^ \markup { +m14 }
    a'8 ^ \markup { +m2 }
    bf'8 ^ \markup { -dim4 }
    fs'8 ^ \markup { -aug1 }
    f'8
}
```

Return none.

leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_class_numbers

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_class_numbers(expr,
```

number=True, color=False, markup_direction='down')

New in version 1.1. Label leaves in *expr* with pitch-class numbers:

\once \override NoteHead #'color = #(x11-color 'red)

```
abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_class_numbers(t)
abjad> print t.format
\new Staff {
    c'8 _ \markup { \small 0 }
    d'8 _ \markup { \small 2 }
    e'8 _ \markup { \small 4 }
    f'8 _ \markup { \small 5 }
}

When color = True call color_note_head_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_color_map().
abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_class_numbers(t, color = True, number = False)
abjad> print t.format
\new Staff {
```

c'8

```
\once \override NoteHead #'color = #(x11-color 'orange)
         d'8
         \once \override NoteHead #'color = #(x11-color 'ForestGreen)
         e'8
         \once \override NoteHead #'color = #(x11-color 'MediumOrchid)
         f'8
     }
    You can set number and color at the same time. Changed in version 2.0: renamed label.leaf_pcs() to
    leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_class_numbers(). Return none.
leaftools.label leaves in expr with pitch numbers
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_numbers(expr,
                                                                        markup_direction='down')
    New in version 1.1. Label leaves in expr with pitch numbers:
    abjad> staff = Staff(leaftools.make_leaves([None, 12, [13, 14, 15], None], [(1, 4)]))
    abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_numbers(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        r4
        c''4 _ \markup { \small 12 }
        <cs' d' ef''>4 _ \markup { \column { \small 15 \small 14 \small 13 } }
         r4
     }
    Return none.
                     Changed in version 2.0:
                                                renamed label.leaf pitch numbers() to
    leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_numbers().
leaftools.label leaves in expr with prolated leaf duration
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_prolated_leaf_duration(expr,
                                                                                  markup_direction='down')
    New in version 1.1. Label leaves in expr with prolated leaf duration:
    abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(1, 4), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_prolated_leaf_duration(tuplet)
    abjad> f(tuplet)
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 _ \markup { \small 1/12 }
        d'8 _ \markup { \small 1/12 }
        e'8 _ \markup { \small 1/12 }
    }
    Return none.
leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_tuplet_depth
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_tuplet_depth(expr,
                                                                       markup_direction='down')
    New in version 1.1. Label leaves in expr with tuplet depth:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8")
    abjad> tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), staff[-3:])
    FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [e'8, f'8, g'8])
```

```
abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_tuplet_depth(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         c'8 _ \markup { \small 0 }
         d'8 _ \markup { \small 0 }
         \times 2/3 {
             e'8 _ \markup { \small 1 }
             f'8 _ \markup { \small 1 }
             g'8 _ \markup { \small 1 }
         }
     }
    Return none.
                      Changed in version 2.0:
                                                 renamed label.leaf_depth_tuplet() to
    leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_tuplet_depth().
leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_written_leaf_duration
abjad.tools.leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_written_leaf_duration(expr,
                                                                                  markup_direction='down')
    New in version 1.1. Label leaves in expr with writen leaf duration:
    abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(1, 4), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_durations(tuplet)
    abjad> f(tuplet)
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 _ \markup { \column { \small 1/8 \small 1/12 } }
        d'8 _ \markup { \column { \small 1/8 \small 1/12 } }
        e'8 _ \markup { \column { \small 1/8 \small 1/12 } }
     }
    Return none.
leaftools.leaf to augmented tuplet with n notes of equal written duration
abjad.tools.leaftools.leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_n_notes_of_equal_written_duration (leaf,
                                                                                                    n)
    New in version 2.0. Change leaf to augmented tuplet with n notes of equal written duration:
    abjad> for n in range(1, 11):
             note = Note (0, (3, 16))
             tuplet = leaftools.leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_n_notes_of_equal_written_duration(note,
     . . .
             print tuplet
     . . .
     . . .
     {@ 1:1 c'8. @}
     {@ 1:1 c'16., c'16. @}
    {@ 1:1 c'16, c'16, c'16 @}
    {@ 1:1 c'32., c'32., c'32., c'32. @}
    {@ 5:8 c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64. @}
    {@ 1:1 c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32 @}
     {@ 7:8 c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64. @}
     {@ 1:1 c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64., c'64.
     {@ 3:4 c'64, c'64, c'64, c'64, c'64, c'64, c'64, c'64, c'64 @}
     {@ 5:8 c'128., c'128.
```

Return augmented fixed-duration tuplet.

n)

leaftools.leaf to augmented tuplet with proportions

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions(leaf, proportions)
```

New in version 2.0. Change *leaf* to augmented tuplet with *proportions*:

```
abjad> note = Note(0, (3, 16))
abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1])
{@ 1:1 c'8. @}
abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2])
{@ 1:1 c'16, c'8 @}
abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2, 2])
{@ 5:8 c'64., c'32., c'32. @}
abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2, 2, 3])
{@ 2:3 c'64, c'32, c'32, c'32. @}
abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2, 2, 3, 3])
{@ 11:12 c'64, c'32, c'32, c'32., c'32. @}
abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4])
{@ 5:8 c'128, c'64, c'64, c'64., c'64., c'64., c'32 @}
```

Return augmented fixed-duration tuplet.

leaftools.leaf to diminished tuplet with n notes of equal written duration

```
\verb|abjad.tools.leaftools.leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_n\_notes\_of\_equal\_written\_duration| (\textit{leaf}, abjad.tools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.leaftools.le
```

New in version 2.0. Change *leaf* to diminished tuplet with *n* notes of equal written duration:

Return diminished fixed-duration tuplet.

leaftools.leaf to diminished tuplet with proportions

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions(leaf, proportions)
```

New in version 2.0. Change *leaf* to diminished tuplet with *proportions*:

```
abjad> note = Note(0, (3, 16))
abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1])
{@ 1:1 c'8. @}
abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2])
{@ 1:1 c'16, c'8 @}
```

```
abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2, 2]) {@ 5:4 c'32., c'16., c'16. @} abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2, 2, 3]) {@ 4:3 c'32, c'16, c'16, c'16. @} abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2, 2, 3, 3]) {@ 11:6 c'32, c'16, c'16, c'16. @} abjad> print leaftools.leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions(note, [1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4]) {@ 5:4 c'64, c'32, c'32, c'32., c'32., c'16 @}
```

Return diminshed fixed-duration tuplet.

leaftools.list_prolated_durations_of_leaves_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.list_prolated_durations_of_leaves_in_expr(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. List prolated durations of leaves in *expr*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8") * 2)
abjad> leaftools.list_prolated_durations_of_leaves_in_expr(staff)
[Duration(1, 12), Duration(1, 12)
```

Return list of fractions.

leaftools.list_written_durations_of_leaves_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.list_written_durations_of_leaves_in_expr(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. List the written durations of leaves in *expr*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8") * 2)
abjad> leaftools.list_written_durations_of_leaves_in_expr(staff)
[Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8)]
```

Return list of fractions.

leaftools.make_leaves

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.make_leaves(pitches, durations, direction='big-endian',
```

tied_rests=False) New in version 1.1. Construct a list of notes, rests or chords.

Set *pitches* is a single pitch, or a list of pitches, or a tuple of pitches.

Integer pitches create notes.

```
abjad> leaftools.make_leaves([2, 4, 19], [(1, 4)]) [Note("d'4"), Note("e'4"), Note("g''4")]
```

Tuple pitches create chords.

```
abjad> leaftools.make_leaves([(0, 1, 2), (3, 4, 5), (6, 7, 8)], [(1, 4)]) [Chord("<c' cs' d'>4"), Chord("<ef' e' f'>4"), Chord("<fs' g' af'>4")]
```

Set *pitches* to a list of none to create rests.

```
abjad> leaftools.make_leaves([None, None, None, None], [(1, 8)]) [Rest('r8'), Rest('r8'), Rest('r8')]
```

You can mix and match pitch values.

```
abjad> leaftools.make_leaves([12, (1, 2, 3), None, 12], [(1, 4)])
     [Note("c''4"), Chord("<cs' d' ef'>4"), Rest('r4'), Note("c''4")]
     If the length of pitches is less than the length of durations, the function reads durations cyclically.
     abjad> leaftools.make_leaves([13], [(1, 8), (1, 8), (1, 4), (1, 4)])
     [Note("cs''8"), Note("cs''8"), Note("cs''4"), Note("cs''4")]
     Set durations to a single duration, a list of duration, or a tuple of durations.
     If the length of durations is less than the length of pitches, the function reads pitches cyclically.
     abjad> leaftools.make_leaves([13, 14, 15, 16], [(1, 8)])
     [Note("cs''8"), Note("d''8"), Note("ef''8"), Note("e''8")]
     Duration values not of the form m / 2 ** n return leaves nested inside a fixed-multiplier tuplet.
     abjad> leaftools.make_leaves([14], [(1, 12), (1, 12), (1, 12)])
     [Tuplet(2/3, [d''8, d''8, d''8])]
     Set direction to 'little-endian' to return tied leaf durations from least to greatest.
     abjad> staff = Staff(leaftools.make_leaves([15], [(13, 16)], direction = 'little-endian'))
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         ef''16 ~
         ef''2.
     }
     Set tied_rests to true to return tied rests for durations like 5/16 and 9/16.
     abjad> staff = Staff(leaftools.make_leaves([None], [(5, 16)], tied_rests = True))
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         r4 ~
         r16
     }
     Return list of leaves.
                                 Changed in version 2.0:
                                                             renamed construct.leaves() to
     leaftools.make leaves().
leaftools.make leaves from note value signal
abjad.tools.leaftools.make_leaves_from_note_value_signal (note_value_signal,
                                                                       nominator_of_signal,
                                                                       tied rests=False)
     New in version 2.0. Make leaves from note_value_signal and denominator_of_signal:
     abjad> leaves = leaftools.make_leaves_from_note_value_signal([3, -3, 5, -5], 8)
     abjad> staff = Staff(leaves)
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         c'4.
         r4.
         c'2 ~
         c'8
         r2
         r8
```

Interpret positive elements in *note_value_signal* as notes.

Interpret negative elements in *note_value_signal* as rests.

Set the pitch of all notes to middle C.

Return list of notes and / or rests.

leaftools.remove_initial_rests_from_sequence

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.remove_initial_rests_from_sequence(sequence)
    New in version 2.0. Remove initial rests from sequence:
    abjad> staff = Staff("r8 r8 c'8 d'8 r4 r4")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        r8
         r8
         c'8
         d'8
         r4
         r4
     }
    abjad> leaftools.remove_initial_rests_from_sequence(staff)
     [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Rest('r4'), Rest('r4')]
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         r8
        r8
         c'8
         d'8
         r4
         r4
```

leaftools.remove_leaf_and_shrink_durated_parent_containers

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.remove_leaf_and_shrink_durated_parent_containers(leaf)
```

New in version 1.1. Remove *leaf* and shrink durated parent containers:

```
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 8), tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(measure.leaves)

BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, g'8, a'8)

abjad> f(measure)

{
   \time 4/8
   \times 2/3 {
      c'8 [
      d'8
```

Return list.

e'8

\times 2/3 {

```
f'8
        g′8
        a'8 ]
    }
}
abjad> leaftools.remove_leaf_and_shrink_durated_parent_containers(measure.leaves[0])
abjad> f(measure)
    \time 5/12
    \scaleDurations \#'(2.3) {
            d'8 [
            e'8
        }
        {
            f'8
            g′8
            a'8 ]
    }
```

Return none.

leaftools.remove_outer_rests_from_sequence

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.remove_outer_rests_from_sequence(sequence)

New in version 2.0. Remove outer rests from sequence:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("r8 r8 c'8 d'8 r4 r4")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r8
    r8
    c′8
   d'8
    r4
abjad> leaftools.remove_outer_rests_from_sequence(staff)
[Note("c'8"), Note("d'8")]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r8
    r8
    c'8
    d'8
    r4
    r4
```

Return list.

leaftools.remove terminal rests from sequence

```
New in version 2.0. Remove terminal rests from sequence:
    abjad> staff = Staff("r8 r8 c'8 d'8 r4 r4")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        r8
         r8
         c'8
         d'8
         r4
         r4
     }
    abjad> leaftools.remove_terminal_rests_from_sequence(staff)
     [Rest('r8'), Rest('r8'), Note("c'8"), Note("d'8")]
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         r8
         r8
        c'8
         d'8
         r4
         r4
     }
    Return list.
leaftools.repeat_leaf_and_extend_spanners
abjad.tools.leaftools.repeat_leaf_and_extend_spanners(leaf, total=1)
    New in version 1.1. Repeat leaf and extend spanners:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8
         e'8
         f'8 ]
     }
    abjad> leaftools.repeat_leaf_and_extend_spanners(staff[0], total = 3)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
         c'8
        c'8
        d'8
         e′8
```

abjad.tools.leaftools.remove_terminal_rests_from_sequence(sequence)

```
f'8 1
     }
    Preserve leaf written duration.
    Preserve parentage and spanners.
    Return none.
                   Changed in version 2.0: renamed leaftools.clone_and_splice_leaf() to
    leaftools.repeat_leaf_and_extend_spanners().
leaftools.repeat leaves in expr and extend spanners
abjad.tools.leaftools.repeat_leaves_in_expr_and_extend_spanners(expr, total=1)
    New in version 1.1. Repeat leaves in expr and extend spanners:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8
         e′8
         f'8 ]
    abjad> result = leaftools.repeat_leaves_in_expr_and_extend_spanners(staff[2:], total = 3)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
         d'8
         e′8
         e′8
         e′8
         f'8
         f'8
         f'8 1
    Preserve leaf written durations.
    Preserve parentage and spanners.
                        Changed
                                 in version
                                             2.0:
            none.
                                                       renamed leaftools.multiply() to
    leaftools.repeat_leaves_in_expr_and_extend_spanners().
leaftools.scale preprolated leaf duration
abjad.tools.leaftools.scale_preprolated_leaf_duration(leaf, multiplier)
    New in version 1.1. Scale preprolated leaf leaf duration by dotted multiplier:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> leaftools.scale_preprolated_leaf_duration(staff[1], Duration(3, 2))
     [Note("d'8.")]
```

57.1. Abjad API 365

abjad> f(staff)

```
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
    d'8.
    e'8
    f'8 ]
}
Scale preprolated leaf duration by tied multiplier:
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> leaftools.scale_preprolated_leaf_duration(staff[1], Duration(5, 4))
[Note("d'8"), Note("d'32")]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
    d'8 ~
    d'32
    e'8
    f'8 ]
Scale preprolated leaf duration by nonbinary multiplier:
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> leaftools.scale_preprolated_leaf_duration(staff[1], Duration(2, 3))
[Note("d'8")]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
    \times 2/3 {
        d'8
    }
    e′8
    f'8 ]
}
Scale preprolated leaf duration by tied nonbinary multiplier:
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> leaftools.scale_preprolated_leaf_duration(staff[1], Duration(5, 6))
[Note("d'8"), Note("d'32")]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
    \times 2/3 {
        d'8 ~
        d'32
    }
    e′8
    f'8 ]
}
```

Return *leaf*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed from leaftools.duration_scale(). leaftools.scale_preprolated_leaf_duration().

leaftools.set preprolated leaf duration

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.set_preprolated_leaf_duration(leaf, new_preprolated_duration)
    New in version 1.1. Set preprolated leaf duration:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> leaftools.set_preprolated_leaf_duration(staff[1], Duration(3, 16))
     [Note("d'8.")]
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8.
        e'8
         f'8 ]
     }
    Set tied preprolated leaf duration:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> leaftools.set_preprolated_leaf_duration(staff[1], Duration(5, 32))
     [Note("d'8"), Note("d'32")]
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        c'8 [
         d'8 ~
         d'32
         e'8
         f'8 ]
     }
    Set nonbinary preprolated leaf duration:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> leaftools.set_preprolated_leaf_duration(staff[1], Duration(1, 12))
     [Note("d'8")]
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         c'8 [
         \times 2/3 {
             d'8
         }
         e′8
         f'8 ]
    Set tied nonbinary preprolated leaf duration:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> leaftools.set_preprolated_leaf_duration(staff[1], Duration(5, 48))
     [Note("d'8"), Note("d'32")]
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
```

```
c'8 [
         \times 2/3 {
             d'8 ~
             d'32
         e'8
         f'8 ]
    Set preprolated leaf duration with LilyPond multiplier:
    abjad > note = Note(0, (1, 8))
    abjad> note.duration_multiplier = Duration(1, 2)
    abjad> leaftools.set_preprolated_leaf_duration(note, Duration(5, 48))
     [Note("c'8 * 5/6")]
    abjad> f(note)
    c'8 * 5/6
    Return
                  of leaf
                             and
                                                                        Changed
            list
                                 leaves
                                           newly
                                                  tied
                                                        to
                                                            leaf.
                                                                                       version
    2.0:
                   renamed
                                leaftools.change_leaf_preprolated_duration()
                                                                                           to
    leaftools.set_preprolated_leaf_duration().
leaftools.show leaves
abjad.tools.leaftools.show_leaves(leaves, template=None, suppress_pdf=False)
    New in version 2.0. Show leaves in temporary piano staff score:
    abjad> leaves = leaftools.make_leaves([None, 1, (-24, -22, 7, 21), None], (1, 4))
    abjad> score = leaftools.show_leaves(leaves) # doctest: +SKIP
    \new Score <<
         \new PianoStaff <<</pre>
             \context Staff = "treble" {
                 \clef "treble"
                 r4
                 cs′4
```

Useful when working with notes, rests, chords not yet added to score.

Return temporary piano staff score.

<g' a''>4

\context Staff = "bass" {
 \clef "bass"

r4

r4 r4 <c, d,>4 r4

}

>>

>>

leaftools.split_leaf_at_prolated_duration_and_rest_right_half

```
abjad.tools.leaftools.split_leaf_at_prolated_duration_and_rest_right_half (leaf,
                                                                                     lated_duration)
    New in version 1.1. Split leaf at prolated_duration and rest right half:
    abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(t[:])
    SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(t)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 (
        d'8
        e′8
        f'8)
    }
    abjad> leaftools.split_leaf_at_prolated_duration_and_rest_right_half(t.leaves[1], (1, 32))
    ([Note("d'32")], [Note("d'16.")])
    abjad> f(t)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 (
        d'32
        r16.
        e′8
        f'8 )
     }
    Return list of leaves to left of prolated_duration together with list of leaves to right
                            Changed in version 2.0:
                                                      renamed leaftools.shorten() to
    of prolated duration.
    leaftools.split_leaf_at_prolated_duration_and_rest_right_half().
leaftools.yield groups of mixed notes and chords in sequence
abjad.tools.leaftools.yield_groups_of_mixed_notes_and_chords_in_sequence(sequence)
    New in version 2.0. Yield groups of mixed notes and chords in sequence:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 r8 r8 <e' g'>8 <f' a'>8 g'8 a'8 r8 r8 <b' d''>8 <c'' e''>8")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c′8
        d'8
        r8
        r8
         <e' q'>8
        <f' a'>8
        g′8
         a'8
        r8
        r8
        <b' d''>8
         <c'' e''>8
    }
```

Return generator.

lilyfiletools

lilyfiletools.AbjadRevisionToken

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.AbjadRevisionToken
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Abjad version to-ken:

```
abjad> lilyfiletools.AbjadRevisionToken()
AbjadRevisionToken(Abjad revision ...)
```

Return Abjad version token.

format

Format contribution of Abjad version token:

```
abjad> lilyfiletools.AbjadRevisionToken().format
'Abjad revision ...'
```

Return string.

lilyfiletools.BookBlock

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.BookBlock
```

Bases: abjad.tools.lilyfiletools._BlockNonattributed._BlockNonattributed._BlockNonattributed.New in version 2.0. Abjad model of LilyPond input file book block.

lilyfiletools.BookpartBlock

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.BookpartBlock
```

Bases: abjad.tools.lilyfiletools._BlockNonattributed._BlockNonattributed._BlockNonattributed.New in version 2.0. Abjad model of LilyPond input file bookpart block.

lilyfiletools.DateTimeToken

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.DateTimeToken
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Date time token:

```
abjad> lilyfiletools.DateTimeToken()
DateTimeToken(...)
```

Return date / time token.

format

Format contribution of date time token:

```
abjad> lilyfiletools.DateTimeToken().format '\dots'
```

Return string.

lilyfiletools.HeaderBlock

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.HeaderBlock
```

Bases: abjad.tools.lilyfiletools._BlockAttributed._BlockAttributed._BlockAttributed New in version 2.0. Abjad model of LilyPond input file header block:

```
abjad> header_block = lilyfiletools.HeaderBlock()
abjad> header_block.composer = markuptools.Markup('Josquin')
abjad> header_block.title = markuptools.Markup('Missa sexti tonus')
abjad> f(header_block)
\header {
   composer = \markup { Josquin }
   title = \markup { Missa sexti tonus }
}
```

Return header block.

lilyfiletools.LayoutBlock

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LayoutBlock
```

 $Bases: \verb|abjad.tools.lilyfiletools._BlockAttributed._BlockAttributed._BlockAttributed._BlockAttributed.| New in version 2.0. Abjad model of LilyPond input file layout block.$

contexts

lilyfiletools.LilyFile

class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyFile

Bases: list New in version 2.0. Abjad model of LilyPond input file:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> lily_file = lilyfiletools.make_basic_lily_file(staff)
abjad> lily_file.file_initial_user_comments.append('File construct as an example.')
abjad> lily_file.file_initial_user_comments.append('Parts shown here for positioning.')
abjad> lily_file.file_initial_user_includes.append('external-settings-file-1.ly')
abjad> lily_file.file_initial_user_includes.append('external-settings-file-2.ly')
abjad> lily_file.default_paper_size = 'letter', 'portrait'
abjad> lily_file.global_staff_size = 16
abjad> lily_file.header_block.composer = markuptools.Markup('Josquin')
abjad> lily_file.header_block.title = markuptools.Markup('Missa sexti tonus')
abjad> lily_file.layout_block.indent = 0
abjad> lily_file.layout_block.left_margin = 15
abjad> lily_file.paper_block.oddFooterMarkup = markuptools.Markup('The odd-page footer')
abjad> lily_file.paper_block.evenFooterMarkup = markuptools.Markup('The even-page footer')
abjad> f(lily_file) # doctest: +SKIP
% Abjad revision 3719
% 2010-09-24 09:01
```

```
% File construct as an example.
% Parts shown here for positioning.
\version "2.13.32"
\include "english.ly"
\include "/Users/trevorbaca/Documents/abjad/trunk/abjad/cfg/abjad.scm"
\include "external-settings-file-1.ly"
\include "external-settings-file-2.ly"
#(set-default-paper-size "letter" 'portrait)
#(set-global-staff-size 16)
\header {
    composer = \markup { Josquin }
    title = \markup { Missa sexti tonus }
\layout {
    indent = #0
    left-margin = #15
}
\paper {
    evenFooterMarkup = \markup { The even-page footer }
    oddFooterMarkup = \markup { The odd-page footer }
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
default_paper_size
    LilyPond default paper size.
file_initial_system_comments
    Read-only list of file-initial system comments.
file_initial_system_includes
    List of file-initial system include commands.
file_initial_user_comments
    Read-only list of file-initial user comments.
```

format

file initial user includes

LilyPond global staff size.

global_staff_size

List of file-initial user include commands.

Format-time contribution of LilyPond file.

lilyfiletools.LilyPondLanguageToken

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyPondLanguageToken
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. LilyPond language token:

```
abjad> lilyfiletools.LilyPondLanguageToken()
LilyPondLanguageToken(\include "english.ly")
```

Return LilyPond language token.

format

Format contribution of LilyPond language token:

```
abjad> lilyfiletools.LilyPondLanguageToken().format
'\\include "english.ly"'
```

Return string.

lilyfiletools.LilyPondVersionToken

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyPondVersionToken
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. LilyPond version token:

```
abjad> lilyfiletools.LilyPondVersionToken()
LilyPondVersionToken(\version "...")
```

Return LilyPond version token.

format

Format contribution of LilyPond version token:

```
abjad> lilyfiletools.LilyPondVersionToken().format
'\\version "..."'
```

Return string.

lilyfiletools.MidiBlock

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.MidiBlock
```

Bases: abjad.tools.lilyfiletools._BlockAttributed._BlockAttributed._BlockAttributed New in version 2.0. Abjad model of LilyPond input file midi block.

lilyfiletools.PaperBlock

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.PaperBlock
```

Bases: abjad.tools.lilyfiletools._BlockAttributed._BlockAttributed._BlockAttributed New in version 2.0. Abjad model of LilyPond input file paper block.

minimal_page_breaking

lilyfiletools.ScoreBlock

```
class abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.ScoreBlock
```

Bases: abjad.tools.lilyfiletools._BlockNonattributed._BlockNonattributed._BlockNonattributed.New in version 2.0. Abjad model of LilyPond input file score block.

lilyfiletools.make_basic_lily_file

```
abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.make_basic_lily_file(music=None)
```

New in version 2.0. Make basic LilyPond file with *music*:

```
abjad> score = Score([Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")])
abjad> lily_file = lilyfiletools.make_basic_lily_file(score)
abjad> lily_file.header_block.composer = markuptools.Markup('Josquin')
abjad> lily_file.layout_block.indent = 0
abjad> lily_file.paper_block.top_margin = 15
abjad> lily_file.paper_block.left_margin = 15
abjad> f(lily_file) # doctest: +SKIP
\header {
    composer = \markup { Josquin }
\layout {
    indent = #0
\paper {
    left-margin = #15
    top-margin = #15
}
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8
        e′8
        f'8
    }
>>
```

Equip LilyPond file with header, layout and paper blocks.

Return LilyPond file.

marktools

marktools.Annotation

```
class abjad.tools.marktools.Annotation(name, value=None)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.marktools.Mark.Mark.Mark New in version 2.0. User-defined annotation:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
```

```
d'8
         e′8
         f'8
    abjad> marktools.Annotation('special pitch', pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('ds'))(staff[0])
    Annotation('special pitch', NamedChromaticPitch('ds'))(c'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         c′8
        d'8
         e′8
         f'8
    Annotations contribute no formatting.
    Annotations implement __slots__.
    name
         Get name of annotation:
         abjad> annotation = marktools.Annotation('special_pitch', pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('ds
         abjad> annotation.name
         'special_pitch'
         Set name of annotation:
         abjad> annotation.name = 'revised special pitch'
         abjad> annotation.name
         'revised special pitch'
         Set string.
    value
         Get value of annotation:
         abjad> annotation = marktools.Annotation('special_pitch', pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('ds
         abjad> annotation.value
         NamedChromaticPitch('ds')
         Set value of annotation:
         abjad> annotation.value = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('e')
         abjad> annotation.value
         NamedChromaticPitch('e')
         Set arbitrary object.
marktools.Articulation
class abjad.tools.marktools.Articulation(*args)
    Bases: abjad.tools.marktools.Mark.Mark.Mark
```

57.1. Abjad API 375

Abjad model of musical articulation: abjad> note = Note("c'4")

```
abjad> marktools.Articulation('staccato')(note)
     Articulation('staccato', '-')(c'4)
     abjad> f(note)
     c'4 -\staccato
     Articulations implement __slots__.
     direction_string
         Get direction string of articulation:
         abjad> articulation = marktools.Articulation('staccato')
         abjad> articulation.direction_string
         ' _ '
         Set direction string of articulation:
         abjad> articulation.direction_string = '^'
         abjad> articulation.direction_string
         1 ^1
         Set string.
     format
         Read-only LilyPond format string of articulation:
         abjad> articulation = marktools.Articulation('staccato', 'up')
         abjad> articulation.format
         '^\staccato'
         Return string.
     name_string
         Get name string of articulation:
         abjad> articulation = marktools.Articulation('staccato', 'up')
         abjad> articulation.name_string
         'staccato'
         Set name string of articulation:
         abjad> articulation.name_string = 'marcato'
         abjad> articulation.name_string
         'marcato'
         Set string.
marktools.Comment
class abjad.tools.marktools.Comment (comment_name_string, format_slot='opening')
     Bases: abjad.tools.marktools.Mark.Mark.Mark New in version 2.0. User-defined comment:
     abjad> note = Note("c'4")
     abjad> marktools.Comment('this is a comment')(note)
     Comment ('this is a comment') (c'4)
     abjad> f(note)
     % this is a comment
```

c'4

```
contents_string
         Get contents string of comment:
         abjad> comment = marktools.Comment('comment contents string')
         abjad> comment.contents_string
         'comment contents string'
         Set contents string of comment:
         abjad> comment.contents_string = 'new comment contents string'
         abjad> comment.contents_string
         'new comment contents string'
         Set string.
    format
         Read-only LilyPond input format of comment:
         abjad> comment = marktools.Comment('this is a comment.')
         abjad> comment.format
         '% this is a comment.'
         Return string.
marktools.LilyPondCommandMark
class abjad.tools.marktools.LilyPondCommandMark(command_name_string,
                                                                                    for-
                                                     mat slot='opening')
    Bases: abjad.tools.marktools.Mark.Mark.Mark New in version 2.0. LilyPond command mark:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> lilypond_command = marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')(staff[0])
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \slurDotted
         c'8 (
         d'8
         e′8
         f'8)
     }
    LilyPond command marks implement __slots__.
    command_name_string
         Get command name string of LilyPond command mark:
         abjad> lilypond_command = marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')
         abjad> lilypond_command.command_name_string
         'slurDotted'
         Set command name string of LilyPond command mark:
         abjad> lilypond_command.command_name_string = 'slurDashed'
         abjad> lilypond_command.command_name_string
         'slurDashed'
```

Comments implement __slots__.

Set string.

format

Read-only LilyPond input format of LilyPond command mark:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> lilypond_command = marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')(note)
abjad> lilypond_command.format
'\slurDotted'
```

Return string.

marktools.Mark

```
class abjad.tools.marktools.Mark
```

Bases: object New in version 2.0. Abstract class from which concrete marks inherit:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> marktools.Mark()(note)
Mark()(c'4)
```

Marks override ____call__ to attach to a note, rest or chord.

Marks implement ___slots___.

attach_mark (start_component)

Attach mark to start component:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> mark = marktools.Mark()
abjad> mark.attach_mark(note)
Mark()(c'4)
abjad> mark.start_component
Note("c'4")
```

Return mark.

detach_mark()

Detach mark:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> mark = marktools.Mark()(note)
abjad> mark.start_component
Note("c'4")
abjad> mark.detach_mark()
Mark()
abjad> mark.start_component is None
True
```

Return mark.

start_component

Read-only reference to mark start component:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> mark = marktools.Mark()(note)
abjad> mark.start_component
Note("c'4")
```

Return component or none.

marktools.StemTremolo

```
class abjad.tools.marktools.StemTremolo (tremolo flags)
     Bases: abjad.tools.marktools.Mark.Mark.Mark New in version 2.0. Abjad model of stem tremolo:
     abjad> note = Note("c'4")
     abjad> marktools.StemTremolo(16)(note)
     StemTremolo(16)(c'4)
     abjad> f(note)
     c'4 :16
     Stem tremolos implement __slots__.
     format
         Read-only LilyPond format string:
         abjad> stem_tremolo = marktools.StemTremolo(16)
         abjad> stem_tremolo.format
         ':16'
         Return string.
     tremolo_flags
         Get tremolo flags:
         abjad> stem_tremolo = marktools.StemTremolo(16)
         abjad> stem_tremolo.tremolo_flags
         16
         Set tremolo flags:
         abjad> stem_tremolo.tremolo_flags = 32
         abjad> stem_tremolo.tremolo_flags
         32
         Set integer.
marktools.apply articulations to notes and chords in expr
abjad.tools.marktools.apply_articulations_to_notes_and_chords_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                    artic-
                                                                                    ula-
                                                                                    tions)
     New in version 2.0. Apply articulations to notes and chords in expr:
     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
```

57.1. Abjad API 379

 $abjad > marktools.apply_articulations_to_notes_and_chords_in_expr(staff, list('^.'))$

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 -\marcato -\staccato
    d'8 -\marcato -\staccato
    e'8 -\marcato -\staccato
    f'8 -\marcato -\staccato
}
```

Return none.

marktools.detach annotations attached to component

abjad.tools.marktools.detach_annotations_attached_to_component(component)

New in version 2.0. Detach annotations attached to component:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> marktools.Annotation('annotation 1')(staff[0])
Annotation ('annotation 1') (c'8)
abjad> marktools.Annotation('annotation 2')(staff[0])
Annotation ('annotation 2') (c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 (
   d'8
    e'8
    f'8)
}
abjad> marktools.get_annotations_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Annotation ('annotation 1') (c'8), Annotation ('annotation 2') (c'8))
abjad> marktools.detach_annotations_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Annotation ('annotation 1'), Annotation ('annotation 2'))
abjad> marktools.get_annotations_attached_to_component(staff[0])
```

Return tuple or zero or more annotations detached.

marktools.detach articulations attached to component

abjad.tools.marktools.detach_articulations_attached_to_component (component)

New in version 2.0. Detach articulations attached to component:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> marktools.Articulation('^') (staff[0])
Articulation('^', '-') (c'8)
abjad> marktools.Articulation('.') (staff[0])
Articulation('.', '-') (c'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 -\marcato -\staccato (
```

```
d'8
  e'8
  f'8)
}

abjad> marktools.get_articulations_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Articulation('^', '-')(c'8), Articulation('.', '-')(c'8))

abjad> marktools.detach_articulations_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Articulation('^', '-'), Articulation('.', '-'))

abjad> marktools.get_articulations_attached_to_component(staff[0])
()
```

Return tuple or zero or more articulations detached.

marktools.detach_comments_attached_to_component

```
abjad.tools.marktools.detach_comments_attached_to_component(component)

New in version 2.0. Detach comments attached to component:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> marktools.Comment('comment 1')(staff[0])
Comment ('comment 1') (c'8)
abjad> marktools.Comment('comment 2')(staff[0])
Comment ('comment 2') (c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    % comment 1
    % comment 2
   c'8 (
   d'8
    e'8
    f'8 )
}
abjad> marktools.detach_comments_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Comment ('comment 1'), Comment ('comment 2'))
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 (
   d'8
   e'8
    f'8 )
}
abjad> marktools.get_comments_attached_to_component(staff[0])
```

Return tuple or zero or more comments.

marktools.detach_lilypond_command_marks_attached_to_component

abjad.tools.marktools.detach_lilypond_command_marks_attached_to_component(component, command_name_string=Non

New in version 2.0. Detach LilyPond command marks attached to *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')(staff[0])
LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')(c'8)
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('slurUp') (staff[0])
LilyPondCommandMark('slurUp')(c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \slurDotted
    \slurUp
   c'8 (
   d'8
    e′8
    f'8)
}
abjad> marktools.detach_lilypond_command_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted'), LilyPondCommandMark('slurUp'))
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 (
   d'8
    e'8
    f'8 )
```

Return tuple of zero or more marks detached.

marktools.detach marks attached to component

abjad.tools.marktools.detach_marks_attached_to_component(component)

New in version 2.0. Detach marks attached to *component*:

```
e'8
    f'8)
}

abjad> marktools.get_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Articulation('^', '-')(c'8), Comment('comment 1')(c'8), LilyPondCommandMark('slurUp')(c'8))

abjad> marktools.detach_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Articulation('^', '-'), Comment('comment 1'), LilyPondCommandMark('slurUp'))

abjad> marktools.get_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
()
```

Return tuple or zero or more marks detached.

marktools.detach stem tremolos attached to component

```
abjad.tools.marktools.detach_stem_tremolos_attached_to_component (component)

New in version 2.0. Detach stem tremolos attached to component:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> marktools.StemTremolo(16) (staff[0])
StemTremolo(16) (c'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 :16
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}

abjad> marktools.get_stem_tremolos_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(StemTremolo(16) (c'8),)

abjad> marktools.detach_stem_tremolos_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(StemTremolo(16),)

abjad> marktools.detach_stem_tremolos_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(StemTremolo(16),)
```

Return tuple or zero or more stem tremolos detached.

marktools.get_annotation_attached_to_component

c'8 d'8

```
abjad.tools.marktools.get_annotation_attached_to_component (component)
New in version 2.0. Get exactly one annotation attached to component:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> marktools.Annotation('special information') (staff[0])
Annotation('special information') (c'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
```

```
e'8
  f'8
}
abjad> marktools.get_annotation_attached_to_component(staff[0])
Annotation('special information')(c'8)
```

Return one annotation.

Raise missing mark error when no annotation is attached.

Raise extra mark error when more than one annotation is attached.

marktools.get_annotations_attached_to_component

```
abjad.tools.marktools.get_annotations_attached_to_component (component)
   New in version 2.0. Get annotations attached to component:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
   abjad> marktools.Annotation('annotation 1')(staff[0])
   Annotation('annotation 1')(c'8)
   abjad> marktools.Annotation('annotation 2')(staff[0])
   Annotation('annotation 2')(c'8)

abjad> f(staff)
   \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    }
   f'8
}
```

abjad> marktools.get_annotations_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Annotation('annotation 1')(c'8), Annotation('annotation 2')(c'8))

Return tuple of zero or more annotations.

marktools.get articulations attached to component

abjad.tools.marktools.get_articulations_attached_to_component (component) New in version 2.0. Get articulations attached to component:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> marktools.Articulation('staccato') (staff[0])
Articulation('staccato', '-') (c'8)
abjad> marktools.Articulation('marcato') (staff[0])
Articulation('marcato', '-') (c'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 -\marcato -\staccato
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
```

mand_name_string=None)

```
abjad> marktools.get_articulations_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Articulation('staccato', '-')(c'8), Articulation('marcato', '-')(c'8))
```

Return tuple of zero or more articulations.

marktools.get comments attached to component

```
abjad.tools.marktools.get_comments_attached_to_component (component) New in version 2.0. Get comments attached to component:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> marktools.Comment('comment 1')(staff[0])
Comment ('comment 1') (c'8)
abjad> marktools.Comment('comment 2')(staff[0])
Comment ('comment 2') (c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    % comment 1
    % comment 2
   c'8 (
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8)
}
abjad> marktools.get_comments_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Comment ('comment 1') (c'8), Comment ('comment 2') (c'8))
```

Return tuple of zero or more comments.

marktools.get lilypond command marks attached to component

```
abjad.tools.marktools.get_lilypond_command_marks_attached_to_component(component, com-
```

New in version 2.0. Get LilyPond command marks attached to *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')(staff[0])
LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')(c'8)
abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('slurUp')(staff[0])
LilyPondCommandMark('slurUp')(c'8)

abjad> f(staff)

new Staff {
    \slurDotted
    \slurDotted
    \slurUp
    c'8 (
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8)
}
```

```
abjad> marktools.get_lilypond_command_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')(c'8), LilyPondCommandMark('slurUp')(c'8))
```

Return tuple of zero or more marks.

marktools.get_marks_attached_to_component

```
abjad.tools.marktools.get_marks_attached_to_component(component)
    New in version 2.0. Get all marks attached to component':
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> comment_mark = marktools.Comment('beginning of note content')(staff[0])
    abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')(staff[0])
    LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted')(c'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        % beginning of note content
        \slurDotted
        c'8 (
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8)
     }
    abjad> marktools.get_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
     (Comment ('beginning of note content') (c'8), LilyPondCommandMark('slurDotted') (c'8))
    Return
            tuple
                                                       Changed
                                                                      version
                                                                              2.0:
                   of
                      zero
                              or more
                                          marks.
                                                                                       re-
    named
                     marktools.get_all_marks_attached_to_component()
                                                                                       to
    marktools.get_marks_attached_to_component().
```

marktools.get noncontext marks attached to component

abjad.tools.marktools.get_noncontext_marks_attached_to_component (component)

New in version 2.0. Get noncontext marks attached to component:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark((2, 4))(staff[0])
TimeSignatureMark(2, 4)(c'8)
abjad> marktools.Articulation('staccato')(staff[0])
Articulation('staccato', '-')(c'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \time 2/4
   c'8 -\staccato
   d'8
   e'8
   f'8
}

abjad> marktools.get_noncontext_marks_attached_to_component(staff[0])
(Articulation('staccato', '-')(c'8),)
```

Return tuple of zero or more marks.

marktools.get_stem_tremolos_attached_to_component

```
abjad.tools.marktools.get_stem_tremolos_attached_to_component (component)
New in version 2.0. Get stem tremolos attached to component:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
   abjad> marktools.StemTremolo(16) (staff[0])
StemTremolo(16) (c'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
      c'8 :16
      d'8
      e'8
      f'8
}

abjad> marktools.get_stem_tremolos_attached_to_component (staff[0])
(StemTremolo(16) (c'8),)
```

Return tuple of zero or more stem tremolos.

marktools.get_value_of_annotation_attached_to_component

```
abjad.tools.marktools.get_value_of_annotation_attached_to_component(component, name, de-fault_value=None)
```

New in version 2.0. Get value of annotation with *name* attached to *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> marktools.Annotation('special dictionary', {}) (staff[0])
Annotation('special dictionary', {}) (c'8)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}

abjad> marktools.get_value_of_annotation_attached_to_component(staff[0], 'special dictionary')
{}
```

Return arbitrary value of annotation.

Return *default_value* when no annotation with *name* is attached.

Raise extra mark error when more than one annotation with name is attached.

marktools.is_component_with_lilypond_command_mark_attached

```
abjad.tools.marktools.is_component_with_lilypond_command_mark_attached(expr,

com-

mand_name_string=None)
```

True when *expr* is component with LilyPond command mark attached:

abjad> note = Note("c'4")

LilyPondCommandMark('stemUp')(c'4)

abjad> marktools.LilyPondCommandMark('stemUp')(note)

```
abjad> marktools.is_component_with_lilypond_command_mark_attached(note)
    True
    False otherwise:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> marktools.is_component_with_lilypond_command_mark_attached(note)
    False
    Return boolean.
markuptools
markuptools.Markup
class abjad.tools.markuptools.Markup(arg, direction_string=None, style_string='backslash')
    Bases: abjad.tools.marktools.Mark.Mark.Mark
    Abjad model of backslash-style LilyPond markup or Scheme-style LilyPond markup.
    Initialize backslash-style markup from string:
    abjad> markup = markuptools.Markup(r'\bold { "This is markup text." }')
    abjad> markup
    Markup('\\bold { "This is markup text." }')
    abjad> f(markup)
    \markup { \bold { "This is markup text." } }
    Initialize Scheme-style markup from string:
    abjad> markup = markuptools.Markup("(markup #:draw-line '(0 . -1))", style_string = 'scheme')
    abjad> markup
    Markup("(markup #:draw-line '(0 . -1))")
    abjad> f(markup)
     #(markup #:draw-line '(0 . -1))
    Initialize any markup from existing markup:
    abjad> markup_1 = markuptools.Markup('foo', direction_string = 'up')
    abjad> markup_2 = markuptools.Markup(markup_1, direction_string = 'down')
    abjad> f(markup_1)
    ^ \markup { foo }
    abjad> f(markup_2)
    _ \markup { foo }
```

Attach markup to score components like this:

```
abjad> markup = markuptools.Markup(r'\bold { "This is markup text." }')
    abjad> markup(note)
    Markup('\\bold { "This is markup text." }')
    abjad> f(note)
    c'4 \markup { \bold { "This is markup text." } }
    Set direction_string to 'up', 'down', 'neutral' or none.
    Set style_string to 'backslash' or 'scheme'.
    Markup objects are immutable.
    format
         Read-only LilyPond format of markup:
         abjad> markup = markuptools.Markup(r'\bold { "This is markup text." }')
         abjad> markup.format
         '\\markup { \\bold { "This is markup text." } }'
         Return string.
markuptools.MarkupCommand
class abjad.tools.markuptools.MarkupCommand(command, args, markup, is_braced=True)
    Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable
    Abjad model of a LilyPond markup command:
    abjad> circle = markuptools.MarkupCommand('draw-circle', ['#2.5', '#0.1', '##f'], None)
    abjad> square = markuptools.MarkupCommand('rounded-box', None, ['hello?'])
    abjad> line = markuptools.MarkupCommand('line', None, [square, 'wow!'])
    abjad> rotate = markuptools.MarkupCommand('rotate', ['#60'], [line])
    abjad> combine = markuptools.MarkupCommand('combine', None, [rotate, circle], is_braced = False)
    abjad> print combine
    \combine \rotate #60 \line { \rounded-box hello? wow! } \draw-circle #2.5 #0.1 ##f
    Insert markup command in markup to attach to score components:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> markup = markuptools.Markup(combine)
    abjad> markup(note)
    Markup('\\combine \\rotate #60 \\line { \\rounded-box hello? wow! } \\draw-circle #2.5 #0.1 ##f'
    abjad> f(note)
    c'4 \markup { \combine \rotate #60 \line { \rounded-box hello? wow! } \draw-circle #2.5 #0.1 ##f
    Markup commands are immutable.
         Read-only tuple of markup command arguments.
    command
```

abjad> note = Note("c'4")

57.1. Abjad API 389

Read-only string of markup command command-name.

format

Read-only format of markup command:

```
abjad> markup_command = markuptools.MarkupCommand('draw-circle', ['#2.5', '#0.1', '##f'], No abjad> markup_command.format '\draw-circle #2.5 #0.1 ##f'
```

Return list of strings.

is braced

Read-only boolean of markup command bracing.

markup

Read-only tuple of markup command's child markup.

```
report (output='screen')
```

Report, in an indented human-readable format, the structure of a formatted MarkupCommand.

markuptools.combine markup commands

```
abjad.tools.markuptools.combine_markup_commands(*commands)
```

Combine MarkupCommand and/or string objects.

LilyPond's 'combine' markup command can only take two arguments, so in order to combine more than two stencils, a cascade of 'combine' commands must be employed. *combine_markup_commands* simplifies this process.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.markuptools import combine_markup_commands
abjad> from abjad.tools.markuptools import MarkupCommand

abjad> markup_a = MarkupCommand('draw-circle', ["#4", '#0.4', '##f'], None)
abjad> markup_b = MarkupCommand('filled-box', ["#'(-4 . 4)", "#'(-0.5 . 0.5)", '#1'], None)
abjad> markup_c = "some text"
abjad> combine_markup_commands(markup_a, markup_b, markup_c).report()
\combine
    \combine
    \draw-circle #4 #0.4 ##f
    \filled-box #'(-4 . 4) #'(-0.5 . 0.5) #1
    "some text"
```

Returns a MarkupCommand instance, or a string if that was the only argument.

markuptools.get down markup attached to component

abjad.tools.markuptools.get_down_markup_attached_to_component(component)

New in version 2.0. Get down-markup attached to component:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([-11, 2, 5], (1, 4))
abjad> markuptools.Markup('UP', 'up') (chord)
Markup('UP', 'up')
abjad> markuptools.Markup('DOWN', 'down') (chord)
Markup('DOWN', 'down')

abjad> markuptools.get_down_markup_attached_to_component (chord)
(Markup('DOWN', 'down'),)
```

Return tuple of zero or more markup objects.

markuptools.get markup attached to component

```
abjad.tools.markuptools.get_markup_attached_to_component(component)
    New in version 2.0. Get markup attached to component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[:])
    abjad> markuptools.Markup('foo')(staff[0])
    Markup ('foo')
    abjad> markuptools.Markup('bar')(staff[0])
    Markup('bar')
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 - \markup { \column { foo bar } } (
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8 )
     }
    abjad> markuptools.get_markup_attached_to_component(staff[0])
```

Return tuple of zero or more markup objects.

(Markup('foo'), Markup('bar'))

markuptools.get_up_markup_attached_to_component

abjad.tools.markuptools.get_up_markup_attached_to_component (component) New in version 2.0. Get up-markup attached to component:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([-11, 2, 5], (1, 4))
abjad> markuptools.Markup('UP', 'up') (chord)
Markup('UP', 'up')
abjad> markuptools.Markup('DOWN', 'down') (chord)
Markup('DOWN', 'down')

abjad> markuptools.get_up_markup_attached_to_component(chord)
(Markup('UP', 'up'),)
```

Return tuple of zero or more markup objects.

markuptools.make big centered page number markup

abjad.tools.markuptools.make_big_centered_page_number_markup(text=None)

New in version 1.1. Make big centered page number markup:

```
abjad> markup = markuptools.make_big_centered_page_number_markup()
abjad> f(markup)
\markup {
   \fill-line {
   \bold \fontsize #3 \concat {
   \on-the-fly #print-page-number-check-first
   \fromproperty #'page:page-number-string } }
}
```

Return markup. Changed in version 2.0: renamed markuptools.big_centered_page_number() to markuptools.make_big_centered_page_number_markup().

markuptools.remove_markup_attached_to_component

New in version 2.0. Remove markup attached to component:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[:])
    abjad> markuptools.Markup('foo')(staff[0])
    Markup('foo')
    abjad> markuptools.Markup('bar')(staff[0])
    Markup('bar')
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 - \markup { \column { foo bar } } (
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8)
     }
    abjad> markuptools.remove_markup_attached_to_component(staff[0])
     (Markup('foo'), Markup('bar'))
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 (
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8)
    Return tuple of zero or more markup objects.
markuptools.remove_markup_from_leaves_in_expr
abjad.tools.markuptools.remove_markup_from_leaves_in_expr(expr)
    New in version 1.1. Remove markup from leaves in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> leaftools.label_leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_class_numbers(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 _ \markup { \small 0 }
        d'8 _ \markup { \small 2 }
        e'8 _ \markup { \small 4 }
         f'8 _ \markup { \small 5 }
    }
    abjad> markuptools.remove_markup_from_leaves_in_expr(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
```

abjad.tools.markuptools.remove_markup_attached_to_component(component)

\new Staff {
 c'8
 d'8
 e'8
 f'8

```
Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed label.clear_leaves() to markuptools.remove_markup_from_leaves_in_expr().
```

measuretools

measuretools.AnonymousMeasure

```
class abjad.tools.measuretools.AnonymousMeasure(music=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.measuretools.DynamicMeasure.DynamicMeasure.DynamicMeasure New in version 1.1. Dynamic measure with no time signature:

```
abjad> measure = measuretools.AnonymousMeasure("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> f(measure)
    \override Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil = ##f
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    \revert Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8")]
abjad> measure.extend(notes)
abjad> f(measure)
    \override Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil = ##f
    \times 3/4
    c'8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
    c'8
    d'8
    \revert Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil
```

Return anonymous measure.

measuretools.DynamicMeasure

```
class abjad.tools.measuretools.DynamicMeasure(music=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure.Measure.Measure New in version 1.1. Measure sets meter dynamically to exactly equal contents duration:

```
abjad> measure = measuretools.DynamicMeasure("c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> measure
DynamicMeasure(3/8, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
abjad> f(measure)
{
    \time 3/8
    c'8
```

```
d'8
    e'8
Return dynamic measure.
denominator
    Get explicit denominator of dynamic measure:
    abjad> measure = measuretools.DynamicMeasure("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> measure.denominator is None
    True
    Set explicit denominator of dynamic measure:
    abjad> measure.denominator = 8
    abjad> f(measure)
         \times 4/8
        c'8
        d'8
        e′8
         f'8
    Set positive integer or none.
extend(expr)
    Extend dynamic measure:
    abjad> measure = measuretools.DynamicMeasure("c'8 d'8 e'8")
    abjad> f(measure)
        \times 3/8
        c'8
        d'8
        e′8
    abjad> measure.extend([Note("f'8"), Note("g'8")])
    abjad> f(measure)
        \time 5/8
        c'8
        d′8
        e'8
         f'8
        g′8
    Return none.
preprolated_duration
```

suppress_meter

Get meter suppression indicator:

```
abjad> measure = measuretools.DynamicMeasure("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> f(measure)
    \times 1/2
    c′8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
abjad> measure.suppress_meter
False
Set meter suppression indicator:
abjad> measure.suppress_meter = True
abjad> measure.suppress_meter
True
abjad> f(measure)
    c'8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
```

Set boolean.

measuretools.Measure

```
class abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure(meter, music=None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.containertools.Container.Container.Container New in version 1.1. Abjad model of a measure:

```
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> measure
Measure(4/8, [c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8])
abjad> f(measure)
{
    \time 4/8
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
```

Return measure object.

is_binary

is full

True when meter matches duration of measure:

```
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> measure.is_full
True

False otherwise:
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> measure.is_full
False
```

Return boolean.

is_nonbinary

is_overfull

New in version 1.1. True when prolated duration is greater than effective meter duration.

is underfull

New in version 1.1. True when prolated duration is less than effective meter duration.

measure number

multiplier

preprolated_duration

Measure contents duration times effective meter multiplier.

measuretools.append_spacer_skip_to_underfull_measure

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.append_spacer_skip_to_underfull_measure(rigid_measure)

New in version 1.1. Append spacer skip to underfull measure:
```

```
abjad> measure = Measure((4, 12), "c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> contexttools.detach_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component (measure)
TimeSignatureMark(4, 12)
abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(5, 12) (measure)
TimeSignatureMark (5, 12) (|5/12, c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8|)
abjad> measure.is_underfull
True
abjad> measuretools.append_spacer_skip_to_underfull_measure(measure)
Measure (5/12, [c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, s1 * 1/8])
abjad> f(measure)
    \times 5/12
    \scaleDurations #'(2 . 3) {
        d'8
        e′8
        f′8
        s1 * 1/8
    }
}
```

Append nothing to nonunderfull measure.

Return measure. Changed in version 2.0: renamed measuretools.make_measures_with_full_measure_spacer_s to measuretools.append_spacer_skip_to_underfull_measure().

measuretools.append_spacer_skips_to_underfull_measures_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.append_spacer_skips_to_underfull_measures_in_expr(expr)
    New in version 1.1. Append spacer skips to underfull measures in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff (Measure ((3, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8") \star 3)
    abjad> contexttools.detach_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component(staff[1])
    TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)
    abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(staff[1])
    TimeSignatureMark(4, 8)(|4/8, c'8, d'8, e'8|)
    abjad> contexttools.detach_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component(staff[2])
    TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)
    abjad> contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(5, 8)(staff[2])
    TimeSignatureMark(5, 8)(|5/8, c'8, d'8, e'8|)
    abjad> staff[1].is_underfull
    True
    abjad> staff[2].is_underfull
    True
    abjad> measuretools.append_spacer_skips_to_underfull_measures_in_expr(staff)
    [Measure(4/8, [c'8, d'8, e'8, s1 * 1/8]), Measure(5/8, [c'8, d'8, e'8, s1 * 1/4])]
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         {
             \times 3/8
             c'8
             d'8
             e'8
             \times 4/8
             c'8
             d'8
             e'8
             s1 * 1/8
             \times 5/8
             c'8
             d'8
             e′8
             s1 * 1/4
         }
     }
    Return measures treated. Changed in version 2.0: renamed measure tools.remedy_underfull_measures()
    to measuretools.append_spacer_skips_to_underfull_measures_in_expr().
measuretools.apply_beam_spanner_to_measure
abjad.tools.measuretools.apply_beam_spanner_to_measure(measure)
    New in version 2.0. Apply beam spanner to measure:
```

57.1. Abjad API 397

abjad> measure = Measure((2, 8), "c'8 d'8")

```
abjad> f(measure)
{
    \time 2/8
    c'8
    d'8
}
abjad> measuretools.apply_beam_spanner_to_measure(measure)
BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
abjad> f(measure)
{
    \time 2/8
    c'8 [
    d'8]
}
```

Return beam spanner.

measuretools.apply_beam_spanners_to_measures_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.apply_beam_spanners_to_measures_in_expr(expr)
    New in version 1.1. Apply beam spanners to measures in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
             \time 2/8
             c'8
             d'8
         }
             \time 2/8
             e′8
             f'8
    abjad> measuretools.apply_beam_spanners_to_measures_in_expr(staff)
     [BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|), BeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)]
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
             \time 2/8
             c'8 [
             d'8 ]
             \times 2/8
             e'8 [
             f'8 1
```

}

Return list of beams created. Changed in version 2.0: renamed measuretools.beam() to measuretools.apply_beam_spanners_to_measures_in_expr().

measuretools.apply_complex_beam_spanner_to_measure

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.apply_complex_beam_spanner_to_measure(measure)
    New in version 2.0. Apply complex beam spanner to measure:
    abjad> measure = Measure((2, 8), "c'8 d'8")
    abjad> f(measure)
         \time 2/8
        c'8
        d'8
     }
    abjad> measuretools.apply_complex_beam_spanner_to_measure(measure)
    DuratedComplexBeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)
    abjad> f(measure)
        \times 2/8
        \set stemLeftBeamCount = #0
        \set stemRightBeamCount = #1
        c'8 [
        \set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
        \set stemRightBeamCount = #0
```

Return complex beam spanner.

\time 2/8 e'8 f'8

}

d'8]

measuretools.apply complex beam spanners to measures in expr

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.apply_complex_beam_spanners_to_measures_in_expr(expr)

New in version 2.0. Apply complex beam spanners to measures in expr:

abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)

abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stable)

abjad> f(staff)

\new Staff {

\[
\time 2/8 \\
\c'8 \\
\d'8
\]

\}
```

```
abjad> measuretools.apply_complex_beam_spanners_to_measures_in_expr(staff)
[DuratedComplexBeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|), DuratedComplexBeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|)]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
        \time 2/8
        \set stemLeftBeamCount = #0
        \set stemRightBeamCount = #1
        c'8 [
        \set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
        \set stemRightBeamCount = #0
        d'8 ]
        \times 2/8
        \set stemLeftBeamCount = #0
        \set stemRightBeamCount = #1
        e'8 [
        \set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
        \set stemRightBeamCount = #0
        f'8 ]
    }
```

Return list of beams created.

measuretools.apply_durated_complex_beam_spanner_to_measures

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.apply_durated_complex_beam_spanner_to_measures(measures)
    New in version 1.1. Apply durated complex beam spanner to measures:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
             \time 2/8
             c'8
             d'8
             \times 2/8
             e'8
             f'8
         }
     }
    abjad> measures = staff[:]
    abjad> measuretools.apply_durated_complex_beam_spanner_to_measures (measures)
    DuratedComplexBeamSpanner(|2/8(2)|, |2/8(2)|)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
             \time 2/8
```

```
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #0
\set stemRightBeamCount = #1
c'8 [
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
\set stemRightBeamCount = #1
d'8
}
{
   \time 2/8
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
e'8
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
e'8
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
\set stemRightBeamCount = #1
\set stemRightBeamCount = #0
f'8 ]
}
```

Set beam spanner durations to preprolated measure durations.

Return beam spanner created. Changed in version 2.0: renamed measuretools.beam_together().

measuretools.apply_full_measure_tuplets_to_contents_of_measures_in_expr

abjad.tools.measuretools.apply_full_measure_tuplets_to_contents_of_measures_in_expr(expr)

New in version 2.0. Apply full-measure tuplets to contents of measures in expr:

```
abjad> staff = Staff([Measure((2, 8), "c'8 d'8"), Measure((3, 8), "e'8 f'8 g'8")])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   {
        \time 2/8
        c′8
        d'8
        \times 3/8
        e'8
        f'8
        q'8
}
abjad> measuretools.apply_full_measure_tuplets_to_contents_of_measures_in_expr(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
            c'8
            d'8
    }
        \times 3/8
```

```
e'8
f'8
g'8
}
}
```

Return none.

measuretools.color_measure

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.color_measure(measure, color='red')
    New in version 2.0. Color measure with color:
    abjad> measure = Measure((2, 8), "c'8 d'8")
    abjad> f(measure)
         \time 2/8
        c'8
        d'8
     }
    abjad> measuretools.color_measure(measure, 'red')
    Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
    abjad> f(measure)
         \override Beam #'color = #red
         \override Dots #'color = #red
         \override NoteHead #'color = #red
         \override Staff.TimeSignature #'color = #red
         \override Stem #'color = #red
         \times 2/8
         c'8
        d'8
         \revert Beam #'color
         \revert Dots #'color
         \revert NoteHead #'color
         \revert Staff.TimeSignature #'color
         \revert Stem #'color
```

Return colored measure.

Color names appear in LilyPond Learning Manual appendix B.5.

measuretools.color_nonbinary_measures_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.color_nonbinary_measures_in_expr(expr, color='red')

New in version 2.0. Color nonbinary measures in expr with color:

abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), "c'8 d'8") * 2)

abjad> measuretools.scale_measure_denominator_and_adjust_measure_contents(staff[1], 3)

Measure(3/12, [c'8., d'8.])
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c'8
        d'8
    }
    {
        \time 3/12
        \scaleDurations #'(2 . 3) {
            c'8.
            d'8.
    }
}
abjad> measuretools.color_nonbinary_measures_in_expr(staff, 'red')
[Measure(3/12, [c'8., d'8.])]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c′8
        d'8
        \override Beam #'color = #red
        \override Dots #'color = #red
        \override NoteHead #'color = #red
        \override Staff.TimeSignature #'color = #red
        \override Stem #'color = #red
        \time 3/12
        \scaleDurations #'(2 . 3) {
            c'8.
            d'8.
        \revert Beam #'color
        \revert Dots #'color
        \revert NoteHead #'color
        \revert Staff.TimeSignature #'color
        \revert Stem #'color
    }
}
```

Return list of measures colored.

Color names appear in LilyPond Learning Manual appendix B.5.

measuretools.comment_measures_in_container_with_measure_numbers

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.comment_measures_in_container_with_measure_numbers(container)

New in version 1.1. Comment measures in container with measure numbers:

abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)

abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(states)
```

```
abjad> measuretools.comment_measures_in_container_with_measure_numbers(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   % start measure 1
        \time 2/8
       c'8
        d'8
    % stop measure 1
    % start measure 2
        \time 2/8
       e′8
       f'8
    % stop measure 2
    % start measure 3
        \times 2/8
       g'8
       a′8
    % stop measure 3
}
                            2.0:
           in
                 version
                                        renamed
                                                   label.measure_numbers()
                                                                                  to
measuretools.comment_measures_in_container_with_measure_numbers().
```

measuretools.extend_measures_in_expr_and_apply_full_measure_tuplets_to_measure_contents

abjad.tools.measuretools.extend_measures_in_expr_and_apply_full_measure_tuplets_to_measure

New in version 2.0. Extend measures in *expr* with *supplement* and apply full-measure tuplets to contents of measures:

```
abjad> supplement = [Rest((1, 16))]
     abjad> measuretools.extend_measures_in_expr_and_apply_full_measure_tuplets_to_measure_contents(s
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
             \times 2/8
             \times 4/5 {
                  c'8
                  d'8
                  r16
         }
             \time 3/8
             \fraction \times 6/7 {
                  e'8
                  f'8
                  g′8
                  r16
         }
     Return none.
measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_big_endian_notes
abjad.tools.measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_big_endian_notes(expr,
                                                                                   trl=None)
     New in version 1.1. Fill measures in expr with big-endian notes.
measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_full_measure_spacer_skips
abjad.tools.measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_full_measure_spacer_skips(expr,
                                                                                              iter-
                                                                                              c-
                                                                                              trl=None)
     New in version 1.1. Fill measures in expr with full-measure spacer skips.
measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_little_endian_notes
abjad.tools.measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_little_endian_notes(expr,
                                                                                       iter-
                                                                                      c-
                                                                                      trl=None)
     New in version 1.1. Fill measures in expr with little-endian notes.
```

measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_meter_denominator_notes

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_meter_denominator_notes(expr,
                                                                                            iter-
                                                                                            c-
                                                                                            trl=None)
     New in version 1.1. Fill measures in expr with meter denominator notes:
     abjad> staff = Staff([Measure((3, 4), []), Measure((3, 16), []), Measure((3, 8), [])])
     abjad> measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_meter_denominator_notes(staff)
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
             \times 3/4
             c′4
             c'4
             c'4
         }
             \time 3/16
             c'16
             c'16
             c'16
             \times 3/8
             c'8
             c′8
             c'8
         }
     Delete existing contents of measures in expr.
     Return none.
```

measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_repeated_notes

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_repeated_notes(expr, writ-
ten_duration,
iterc-
trl=None)
```

New in version 1.1. Fill measures in *expr* with repeated notes.

measuretools.fuse_contiguous_measures_in_container_cyclically_by_counts

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.fuse_contiguous_measures_in_container_cyclically_by_counts(container_counts, mark=Fa
```

```
New in version 1.1. Fuse contiguous measures in container cyclically by counts:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 5)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(states)
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \time 2/8
        c′8
        d'8
    }
    {
        \time 2/8
        e′8
        f'8
        \time 2/8
        g′8
        a'8
        \time 2/8
        b'8
        c''8
        \time 2/8
        d''8
        e''8
    }
}
abjad > counts = (2, 1)
abjad> measuretools.fuse_contiguous_measures_in_container_cyclically_by_counts(staff, counts)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        \pm 4/8
        c'8
        d'8
        e′8
        f'8
        \time 2/8
        g′8
        a′8
        \pm 4/8
        b'8
        c''8
        d''8
        e''8
    }
Return none.
Set
     mark
                 true
                            mark
                                   fused
                                          measures
                                                     for
                                                          later
                                                                 reference.
                                                                                 Changed
```

57.1. Abjad API 407

fuse.measures_by_counts_cyclic()

to

renamed

in

version

2.0:

measuretools.fuse_contiquous_measures_in_container_cyclically_by_counts().

measuretools.fuse_measures

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.fuse_measures(measures)
    New in version 1.1. Fuse measures:
    abjad> staff = Staff(measuretools.make_measures_with_full_measure_spacer_skips([(1, 8), (2, 16)]
    abjad> measuretools.fill_measures_in_expr_with_repeated_notes(staff, Duration(1, 16))
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    BeamSpanner(c'16, d'16, e'16, f'16)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
             \times 1/8
             c'16 [
             d'16
         }
         {
             \time 2/16
             e'16
             f'16 ]
     }
    abjad> measuretools.fuse_measures(staff[:])
    Measure (2/8, [c'16, d'16, e'16, f'16])
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
             \time 2/8
            c'16 [
            d'16
             e'16
             f'16 ]
         }
```

Return new measure.

}

Allow parent-contiguous measures.

Allow outside-of-score measures.

Do not define measure fusion across intervening container boundaries.

Calculate best new time signature.

Instantiate new measure.

Give measures contents to new measure.

Give measures dominant spanners to new measure.

Give *measures* parentage to new measure.

Leave *measures* empty, unspanned and outside-of-score. Changed in version 2.0: renamed fuse.measures_by_reference() to measuretools.fuse_measures().

measuretools.get_first_measure_in_improper_parentage_of_component

abjad.tools.measuretools.get_first_measure_in_improper_parentage_of_component (component) New in version 2.0. Get first measure in improper parentage of component:

Return measure or none.

measuretools.get first measure in proper parentage of component

abjad.tools.measuretools.get_first_measure_in_proper_parentage_of_component (component)

New in version 2.0. Get first measure in proper parentage of component:

Return measure or none.

measuretools.get_next_measure_from_component

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.get_next_measure_from_component (component) New in version 1.1. Get next measure from component.
```

When *component* is voice, staff or other sequential context, and when *component* contains a measure, return first measure in *component*. This starts the process of forwards measure iteration.

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stabjad> measuretools.get_next_measure_from_component(staff)
Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
```

When *component* is voice, staff or other sequential context, and when *component* contains no measure, raise missing measure error.

When *component* is a measure and there is a measure immediately following *component*, return measure immediately following component.

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stabjad> measuretools.get_prev_measure_from_component(staff[0]) is None
True
```

When component is a measure and there is no measure immediately following component, return None.

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stabjad> measuretools.get_prev_measure_from_component(staff[-1])
Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
```

When *component* is a leaf and there is a measure in the parentage of *component*, return the measure in the parentage of *component*.

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stabjad> measuretools.get_prev_measure_from_component(staff.leaves[0])
Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
```

When *component* is a leaf and there is no measure in the parentage of *component*, raise missing measure error. Changed in version 2.0: renamed iterate.measure_next() to measuretools.get_next_measure_from_component().

```
measuretools.get_nth_measure_in_expr
abjad.tools.measuretools.get_nth_measure_in_expr(expr, n=0)
    New in version 2.0. Get nth measure in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        \time 2/8
        c'8
        d'8
```

}

\time 2/8 e'8 f'8

\time 2/8 q'8

```
a'8
         }
     }
    Read forward for positive values of n.
    abjad > for n in range(3):
             measuretools.get_nth_measure_in_expr(staff, n)
    Measure (2/8, [c'8, d'8])
    Measure(2/8, [e'8, f'8])
    Measure(2/8, [g'8, a'8])
    Read backward for negative values of n.
    abjad> for n in range(3, -1, -1):
             measuretools.get_nth_measure_in_expr(staff, n)
    Measure(2/8, [g'8, a'8])
    Measure(2/8, [e'8, f'8])
    Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
                                 2.0:
    Changed
                in
                      version
                                             renamed
                                                        iterate.get_nth_measure()
                                                                                          to
    measuretools.get_nth_measure_in_expr().
measuretools.get_one_indexed_measure_number_in_expr
abjad.tools.measuretools.get_one_indexed_measure_number_in_expr(expr,
                                                                           sure_number)
    New in version 2.0. Get one-indexed measure_number in expr:
    abjad> t = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
    abjad> f(t)
     \new Staff {
         {
             \time 2/8
             c'8
             d'8
         }
             \times 2/8
             e'8
             f'8
             \times 2/8
             g'8
             a'8
         }
     }
    abjad> measuretools.get_one_indexed_measure_number_in_expr(t, 3)
    Measure (2/8, [g'8, a'8])
    Note that measures number from 1.
```

measuretools.get prev measure from component

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.get_prev_measure_from_component(component)

New in version 1.1. Get previous measure from component.
```

When *component* is voice, staff or other sequential context, and when *component* contains a measure, return last measure in *component*. This starts the process of backwards measure iteration.

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stabjad> measuretools.get_prev_measure_from_component(staff)
Measure(2/8, [e'8, f'8])
```

When *component* is voice, staff or other sequential context, and when *component* contains no measure, raise missing measure error.

When *component* is a measure and there is a measure immediately preceding *component*, return measure immediately preceding component.

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stabjad> measuretools.get_prev_measure_from_component(staff[-1])
Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
```

When component is a measure and there is no measure immediately preceding component, return None.

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2) abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stabjad> measuretools.get_prev_measure_from_component(staff[0]) is None True
```

When *component* is a leaf and there is a measure in the parentage of *component*, return the measure in the parentage of *component*.

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stabjad> measuretools.get_prev_measure_from_component(staff.leaves[0])
Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
```

When *component* is a leaf and there is no measure in the parentage of *component*, raise missing measure error. Changed in version 2.0: renamed iterate.measure_prev() to measuretools.get_prev_measure_from_component().

measuretools.iterate measures backward in expr

\time 2/8 c'8 d'8

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.iterate_measures_backward_in_expr (expr, start=0, stop=None)  stop=None )
```

New in version 2.0. Iterate measures backward in *expr*:

}

```
e′8
             f'8
         {
             \times 2/8
             q'8
             a′8
     }
    abjad> for measure in measuretools.iterate_measures_backward_in_expr(staff):
             measure
     . . .
    Measure(2/8, [g'8, a'8])
    Measure(2/8, [e'8, f'8])
    Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
    Use the optional start and stop keyword parameters to control indices of iteration.
    abjad> for measure in measuretools.iterate_measures_backward_in_expr(staff, start = 1):
             measure
     . . .
    Measure(2/8, [e'8, f'8])
    Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
    abjad> for measure in measuretools.iterate_measures_backward_in_expr(staff, start = 0, stop = 2)
            measure
     . . .
    Measure(2/8, [g'8, a'8])
    Measure(2/8, [e'8, f'8])
               in
                    version
                              2.0:
                                        renamed
                                                   iterate.measures_backward_in()
    measuretools.iterate_measures_backward_in_expr().
measuretools.iterate_measures_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.measuretools.iterate_measures_forward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                 start=0,
                                                                    stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate measures forward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
             \time 2/8
             c'8
             d'8
         }
             \times 2/8
             e'8
             f'8
         }
```

{

\time 2/8

```
\time 2/8
             g′8
             a'8
         }
     }
    abjad> for measure in measuretools.iterate_measures_forward_in_expr(staff):
            measure
    Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
    Measure (2/8, [e'8, f'8])
    Measure(2/8, [g'8, a'8])
    Use the optional start and stop keyword parameters to control the start and stop indices of iteration.
    abjad> for measure in measuretools.iterate_measures_forward_in_expr(staff, start = 1):
            measure
    Measure (2/8, [e'8, f'8])
    Measure (2/8, [g'8, a'8])
    abjad> for measure in measuretools.iterate_measures_forward_in_expr(staff, start = 0, stop = 2):
     . . .
             measure
    Measure(2/8, [c'8, d'8])
    Measure(2/8, [e'8, f'8])
               in
                     version
                               2.0:
                                          renamed
                                                     iterate.measures_forward_in()
    measuretools.iterate_measures_forward_in_expr().
measuretools.list_time_signatures_of_measures_in_expr
abjad.tools.measuretools.list_time_signatures_of_measures_in_expr(components)
    New in version 2.0. List time signatures of measures in expr:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import metertools
    abjad> staff = Staff([Measure((2, 8), "c8 d8"), Measure((3, 8), "c8 d8 e8"), Measure((4, 8), "c8 d8")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         {
             \times 2/8
             с8
             d8
         }
         {
             \times 3/8
             с8
             d8
             e8
         }
         {
             \times 4/8
             с8
             d8
             e8
```

Changed in version 2.0:

Changed in version 2.0: renamed

re-

```
measuretools.list_time_signatures_of_mesures_in_expr()
    named
                                                                                           to
    measuretools.list_time_signatures_of_measures_in_expr().
measuretools.make measures with full measure spacer skips
abjad.tools.measuretools.make_measures_with_full_measure_spacer_skips(meters)
    New in version 1.1. Make measures with full-measure spacer skips from meters:
    abjad> measures = measuretools.make_measures_with_full_measure_spacer_skips([(1, 8), (5, 16), (5
    abjad> staff = Staff(measures)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         {
             \times 1/8
             s1 * 1/8
         }
         {
             \time 5/16
             s1 * 5/16
             \time 5/16
             s1 * 5/16
         }
     }
    Return list of rigid measures.
                                  Changed in version 2.0: renamed measuretools.make() to
    measuretools.make_measures_with_full_measure_spacer_skips().
measuretools.move_measure_prolation_to_full_measure_tuplet
abjad.tools.measuretools.move_measure_prolation_to_full_measure_tuplet(expr)
    New in version 2.0. Move measure prolation to full-measure tuplet.
    Turn nonbinary measures into binary measures containing a single fixed-duration tuplet.
    This is the inverse of measuretools.move_prolation_of_full_measure_tuplet_to_meter_of_measure().
```

[TimeSignatureMark(2, 8)(|2/8, c8, d8|), TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)(|3/8, c8, d8, e8|), TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)(|3/8, c8, e8|), TimeSignatureMark(3, 8)(|3/8, c8|), TimeSignatureMark

abjad> measuretools.list_time_signatures_of_measures_in_expr(staff)

list of zero or more time signatures.

f8

}

}

57.1. Abjad API 415

measuretools.project() to measuretools.move_measure_prolation_to_full_measure_tuplet().

Note that not all nonbinary measures can be made binary.

Returns None because processes potentially many measures.

measuretools.move prolation of full measure tuplet to meter of measure

abjad.tools.measuretools.move_prolation_of_full_measure_tuplet_to_meter_of_measure(expr) New in version 1.1. Move prolation of full-measure tuplet to meter of measure.

Measures usually become nonbinary as as result:

```
abjad> t = Measure((2, 8), [tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")])
abjad> measuretools.move_prolation_of_full_measure_tuplet_to_meter_of_measure(t)

abjad> f(t)
{
    \time 3/12
    \scaleDurations #'(2 . 3) {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
    }
}
```

Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed measuretools.subsume() to measuretools.move_prolation_of_full_measure_tuplet_to_meter_of_measure().

measuretools.multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr (expr, n)

New in version 1.1. Multiply contents n-1 times and adjust meter of every measure in expr:
```

```
abjad> measure = Measure((3, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(measure.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)
abjad> f(measure)
    \times 3/8
    c'8 [
    d′8
    e'8 ]
}
abjad> measuretools.multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr(measure, 3)
abjad> f(measure)
    \times 9/8
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8 ]
    c'8 [
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed measuretools.spin() to measuretools.multiply_contents_of_measures_

}

d'8
e'8]
c'8[
d'8
e'8]

measuretools.multiply contents of measures in expr and scale meter denominators

abjad.tools.measuretools.multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr_and_scale_meter_denominators

New in version 1.1. Mutiply contents of measures in *expr* and scale meter denominators.

Expr may be any Abjad expression. Concentration_pairs a Python list of pairs, each of the form (spin_count, scalar_denominator). Both spin_count and scalar_denominator must be positive integers.

Iterate expr. For every measure in expr, spin measure by the spin_count element in concentration_pair and scale measure by 1/scalar_denominator element in concentration_pair.

Return Python list of transformed measures:

```
abjad> t = Measure((3, 16), notetools.make_repeated_notes(3, Duration(1, 16)))
abjad> print (measuretools.multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr_and_scale_meter_denominators(t,
|9/48, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32,
abjad> t = Measure((3, 16), notetools.make_repeated_notes(3, Duration(1, 16)))
abjad> print (measuretools.multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr_and_scale_meter_denominators(t,
|9/32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32, c'32,
abjad> t = Measure((3, 16), notetools.make_repeated_notes(3, Duration(1, 16)))
abjad> print (measuretools.multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr_and_scale_meter_denominators(t,
|9/16, c'16, c'16, c'16, c'16, c'16, c'16, c'16, c'16, c'16|
                          2.0:
Changed
          in
                version
                                     renamed
                                               measuretools.concentrate()
measuretools.multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr_and_scale_meter_denominators().
```

measuretools.pad measures in expr with rests

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_rests(expr, front, back, splice=False)
```

New in version 1.1. Pad measures in *expr* with rests.

Iterate all measures in *expr*. Insert rest with duration equal to *front* at beginning of each measure. Insert rest with duation aqual to *back* at end of each measure.

Set *front* to a positive rational or none. Set *back* to a positive rational or none.

Note that this function is designed to help create regularly spaced charts and tables of musical materials. This function makes most sense when used on anonymous measures or dynamic measures.

abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
 <</pre>

}

\time 19/64 \new Voice { r32 c'8 d'8 r64

\new Voice {
 r32
 e'8
 f'8
 r64

\time 19/64
\new Voice {
 r32
 g'8
 a'8
 r64

\new Voice {
 r32
 b'8
 c''8
 r64

}

>>

}

```
\revert Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil
}
{
    \override Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil = ##f
    \time 19/64
    r32
    c'8
    d'8
    r64
    \revert Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil
}

Works when measures contain stacked voices:
abjad> measure = measuretools.DynamicMeasure(Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> measure.is_parallel = True
abjad> t = Staff(measure * 2)
```

abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)

abjad> measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_rests(t, Duration(1, 32), Duration(1, 64))

Set the optional *splice* keyword to True to extend edge spanners over newly inserted rests:

```
abjad> t = measuretools.DynamicMeasure("c'8 d'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[:])
```

```
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8)
abjad> measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_rests(t, Duration(1, 32), Duration(1, 64), splice

abjad> f(t)
{
   \time 19/64
   r32 [
   c'8
   d'8
   r64 ]
}
```

Return none.

Raise value when *front* is neither a positive rational nor none.

```
value
              when
                     back
                           is
                               neither
                                                    rational
                                                                               Changed
                                        a positive
                                                              nor
                                                                   none.
               2.0:
                           renamed
in
     version
                                      layout.insert_measure_padding_rest()
measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_rests().
```

measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_skips

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_skips(expr, front, back, splice=False)
```

New in version 2.0. Pad measures in *expr* with skips.

Iterate all measures in *expr*. Insert skip with duration equal to *front* at beginning of each measure. Insert skip with duation aqual to *back* at end of each measure.

Set *front* to a positive rational or none. Set *back* to a positive rational or none.

Note that this function is designed to help create regularly spaced charts and tables of musical materials. This function makes most sense when used on anonymous measures and dynamic measures.

```
abjad> t = Staff(measuretools.AnonymousMeasure("c'8 d'8") * 2)
abjad> front, back = Duration(1, 32), Duration(1, 64)
abjad> measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_skips(t, front, back)
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    {
        \override Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil = ##f
        \time 19/64
        s32
        c'8
        d'8
        \revert Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil
        \override Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil = ##f
        \time 19/64
        s32
        c'8
        d'8
        s 64
        \revert Staff.TimeSignature #'stencil
```

Works when measures contain stacked voices.

```
abjad> measure = measuretools.DynamicMeasure(Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> measure.is_parallel = True
abjad > t = Staff(measure * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
abjad> measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_skips(t, Duration(1, 32), Duration(1, 64))
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    <<
        \time 19/64
        \new Voice {
            s32
            c'8
            d'8
            s64
        \new Voice {
            s32
            e'8
            f'8
            s64
        }
    >>
    <<
        \time 19/64
        \new Voice {
            s32
            g'8
            a'8
            s64
        \new Voice {
            s32
            b'8
            c''8
            564
        }
    >>
}
```

Set the optional *splice* keyword to True to extend edge spanners over newly inserted skips:

```
abjad> t = measuretools.DynamicMeasure("c'8 d'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8)
abjad> measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_skips(t, Duration(1, 32), Duration(1, 64), splice

abjad> f(t)
{
   \time 19/64
   s32 [
   c'8
   d'8
   s64 ]
```

Return none.

Raise value error when *front* is neither a positive rational nor none.

Raise value error when *back* is neither a positive rational nor none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed layout.insert_measure_padding_skip() to measuretools.pad_measures_in_expr_with_skips().

measuretools.pitch_array_row_to_measure

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.pitch_array_row_to_measure(pitch_array_row,
```

New in version 2.0. Change *pitch_array_row* to measure with meter *pitch_array_row.width* over *cell_duration_denominator*:

Return measure.

measuretools.pitch_array_to_measures

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.pitch_array_to_measures(pitch_array,
```

cell_duration_denominator=8)

New in version 2.0. Change *pitch_array* to measures with meters *row.width* over *cell_duration_denominator* for each row in *pitch_array*:

```
r8
d'8
<bf bqf>4
}
{
    \time 4/8
    g'4
    fs'8
    r8
```

Return list of measures.

measuretools.replace_contents_of_measures_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.replace_contents_of_measures_in_expr(expr,
                                                                        new_contents)
    New in version 1.1. Replace contents of measures in expr with new_contents:
    abjad> staff = Staff(measuretools.make_measures_with_full_measure_spacer_skips([(1, 8), (3, 16)]
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        {
             \time 1/8
             s1 * 1/8
         }
         {
             \time 3/16
             s1 * 3/16
         }
     }
    abjad> notes = [Note("c'16"), Note("d'16"), Note("e'16"), Note("f'16")]
    abjad> measuretools.replace_contents_of_measures_in_expr(staff, notes)
     [Measure(1/8, [c'16, d'16]), Measure(3/16, [e'16, f'16, s1 * 1/16])]
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
             \times 1/8
             c'16
             d'16
         }
             \time 3/16
             e′16
             f'16
             s1 * 1/16
         }
     }
```

Preserve duration of all measures.

Skip measures that are too small.

Pad extra space at end of measures with spacer skip.

If not enough measures raise stop iteration.

```
Return measures iterated. Changed in version 2.0: renamed measuretools.overwrite_contents() to measuretools.replace_contents_of_measures_in_expr().
```

measuretools.report_meter_distribution_as_string

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.report_meter_distribution_as_string(expr)
New in version 2.0. Report meter distribution of expr as string:
```

```
abjad> measuretools.report_meter_distribution_as_string(t) # doctest: +SKIP '\t3/80\t2\n\t2/16\t73\n\t7/40\t1\n\t3/16\t20\n\t16/80\t1\n\t17/80\t1\n \t19/80\t1\n\t4/16\t73\n\t5/16\t62\n\t13/40\t1\n\t27/80\t1\n\t6/16\t12\n\t7/16\t16\n\t8/16\t13\n\t9/16\t15\n\t10/16\t4\n'
```

Return string.

measuretools.scale_contents_of_measures_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.scale_contents_of_measures_in_expr(expr, multiplier=1)

New in version 2.0. Scale contents of measures in expr by multiplier.
```

Iterate expr. For every measure in expr first multiply the measure meter by *multiplier* and then scale measure contents to fit the new meter.

```
Extend containertools.scale_contents_of_container().
```

Return none.

measuretools.scale_measure_by_multiplier_and_adjust_meter

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.scale_measure_by_multiplier_and_adjust_meter(measure, multi-plier=1)
```

New in version 2.0. Scale *measure* by *multiplier* and adjust meter:

```
abjad> t = Measure((3, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> measuretools.scale_measure_by_multiplier_and_adjust_meter(t, Duration(2, 3))
Measure(3/12, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
abjad> f(t)
{
    time 3/12
    \scaleDurations #'(2 . 3) {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
}
}
```

Return measure.

measuretools.scale measure denominator and adjust measure contents

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.scale_measure_denominator_and_adjust_measure_contents (measure,
```

new denominato

New in version 1.1. Change binary *measure* to nonbinary measure with *new_denominator_factor*:

```
abjad> measure = Measure((2, 8), "c'8 d'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(measure.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8)
abjad> f(measure)
    \time 2/8
    c'8 [
    d'8 ]
abjad> measuretools.scale_measure_denominator_and_adjust_measure_contents(measure, 3)
Measure(3/12, [c'8., d'8.])
abjad> f(measure)
    \times 3/12
    \scaleDurations #'(2 . 3) {
       c'8. [
        d'8. ]
    }
}
```

Treat new_denominator_factor like clever form of 1: 3/3 or 5/5 or 7/7, etc.

Preserve measure prolated duration.

Derive new measure multiplier.

Scale measure contents.

Pick best new meter. Changed in version 2.0: renamed measuretools.change_binary_measure_to_nonbinary() to measuretools.scale_measure_denominator_and_adjust_measure_contents().

measuretools.set_measure_denominator_and_adjust_numerator

```
abjad.tools.measuretools.set_measure_denominator_and_adjust_numerator (measure, de-
nom-
ina-
tor)

New in version 1.1. Set measure meter denominator and multiply meter numerator accordingly:
```

```
abjad> measure = Measure((3, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(measure.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)

abjad> f(measure)
{
    \time 3/8
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8]
}

abjad> measuretools.set_measure_denominator_and_adjust_numerator(measure, 16)
Measure(6/16, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
```

```
abjad> f(measure)
{
     \time 6/16
     c'8 [
     d'8
     e'8]
```

Leave measure contents unchanged.

Return measure. Changed in version 2.0: renamed measuretools.set_measure_denominator_and_multiply_num to measuretools.set_measure_denominator_and_adjust_numerator().

notetools

notetools.NaturalHarmonic

```
class abjad.tools.notetools.NaturalHarmonic(*args)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.notetools.Note.Note.Note,abjad.tools.notetools._Flageolet._Flageolet._

Abjad model of natural harmonic.

Initialize natural harmonic by hand:

```
abjad> notetools.NaturalHarmonic("cs'8.")
NaturalHarmonic(cs', 8.)
```

Initialize natural harmonic from note:

```
abjad> note = Note("cs'8.")
abjad> notetools.NaturalHarmonic(note)
NaturalHarmonic(cs', 8.)
```

Natural harmonics are immutable.

notetools.Note

```
class abjad.tools.notetools.Note(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.leaftools._Leaf._Leaf
```

Abjad model of a note:

```
abjad> Note(13, (3, 16))
Note("cs''8.")
```

fingered_pitch

Read-only fingered pitch of note:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("d''8 e''8 f''8 g''8")
abjad> piccolo = instrumenttools.Piccolo()(staff)
abjad> instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_sounding_pitch_to_fingered_pi

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Piccolo }
   \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Picc. }
   d'8
   e'8
```

```
f'8
        g′8
    abjad> staff[0].fingered_pitch
    NamedChromaticPitch("d'")
    Return named chromatic pitch.
note head
    Get note head of note:
    abjad > note = Note(13, (3, 16))
    abjad> note.note_head
    NoteHead("cs''")
    Set note head of note:
    abjad> note = Note(13, (3, 16))
    abjad> note.note_head = 14
    abjad> note
    Note ("d''8.")
sounding_pitch
    Read-only sounding pitch of note:
    abjad> staff = Staff("d''8 e''8 f''8 g''8")
    abjad> piccolo = instrumenttools.Piccolo()(staff)
    abjad> instrumenttools.transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_sounding_pitch_to_fingered_pi
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        \set Staff.instrumentName = \markup { Piccolo }
        \set Staff.shortInstrumentName = \markup { Picc. }
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
        g′8
    abjad> staff[0].sounding_pitch
    NamedChromaticPitch("d''")
    Return named chromatic pitch.
    Get named pitch of note:
    abjad > note = Note(13, (3, 16))
```

written_pitch

```
abjad> note.written_pitch
NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
```

Set named pitch of note:

```
abjad > note = Note(13, (3, 16))
abjad> note.written_pitch = 14
abjad> note
Note("d''8.")
```

```
notetools.NoteHead
class abjad.tools.notetools.NoteHead(*args)
    Bases: abjad.core._UnaryComparator._UnaryComparator._UnaryComparator
    Abjad model of a note head:
    abjad> notetools.NoteHead(13)
    NoteHead("cs''")
    Note heads are immutable.
    format
         Read-only LilyPond input format of note head:
         abjad> note_head = notetools.NoteHead("cs''")
         abjad> note_head.format
         "cs'/"
```

Return string.

named_chromatic_pitch

Read-only named chromatic pitch equal to note head:

```
abjad> note_head = notetools.NoteHead("cs''")
abjad> note_head.named_chromatic_pitch
NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
```

Return named chromatic pitch.

tweak

Read-only LilyPond tweak reservoir:

```
abjad> note_head = notetools.NoteHead("cs''")
abjad> note_head.tweak
LilyPondTweakReservoir()
```

Return LilyPond tweak reservoir.

written_pitch

Get named pitch of note head:

```
abjad> note_head = notetools.NoteHead("cs''")
abjad> note_head.written_pitch
NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
```

Set named pitch of note head:

```
abjad> note_head = notetools.NoteHead("cs''")
abjad> note_head.written_pitch = "d''"
abjad> note_head.written_pitch
NamedChromaticPitch("d''")
```

Set pitch token.

notetools.add_artificial_harmonic_to_note

```
abjad.tools.notetools.add_artificial_harmonic_to_note(note,
```

Add artifical harmonic to *note* at *melodic_diatonic_interval*:

melodic diatonic interval=MelodicDiatonicInterval(

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 [
   d′8
    e'8
    f'8 ]
}
abjad> notetools.add_artificial_harmonic_to_note(staff[0])
Chord("<c' f'>8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    <
        \tweak #'style #'harmonic
        f′
    >8 [
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8 ]
```

Create new artificial harmonic chord from note.

Move parentage and spanners from *note* to artificial harmonic chord.

```
Return artificial harmonic chord. Changed in version 2.0: renamed harmonictools.add_artificial() to notetools.add_artificial_harmonic_to_note().
```

notetools.color_note_head_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_color_map

abjad.tools.notetools.color_note_head_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_color_map (pitch_carrier Color pitch_carrier note head:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> notetools.color_note_head_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_color_map(note)
Note("c'4")
abjad> f(note)
\once \override NoteHead #'color = #(x11-color 'red)
c'4
```

Numbered chromatic pitch-class color map:

```
0: red
1: MediumBlue
2: orange
3: LightSlateBlue
4: ForestGreen
5: MediumOrchid
6: firebrick
7: DeepPink
```

```
8: DarkOrange
9: IndianRed
10: CadetBlue
11: SeaGreen
12: LimeGreen
```

Numbered chromatic pitch-class color map can not be changed.

Raise type error when *pitch_carrier* is not a pitch carrier.

Raise extra pitch error when pitch_carrier carries more than 1 note head.

Raise missing pitch error when *pitch_carrier* carries no note head.

```
Return pitch_carrier. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.color_by_pc() to notetools.color_note_head_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_color_map().Changed in version 2.0: renamed notetools.color_note_head_by_numeric_chromatic_pitch_class_color_map() to notetools.color_note_head_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_color_map().
```

abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)

notetools.iterate notes backward in expr

```
abjad.tools.notetools.iterate_notes_backward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
New in version 2.0. Yield right-to-left notes in expr:
```

abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
         \time 2/8
        c'8
        d'8
        \times 2/8
        e'8
        f'8
        \time 2/8
        q'8
        a'8
    }
}
abjad> for leaf in notetools.iterate_notes_backward_in_expr(staff):
. . .
        leaf
. . .
Note("a'8")
Note("g'8")
Note("f'8")
Note("e'8")
Note("d'8")
Note("c'8")
```

Use optional *start* and *stop* keyword parameters to control indices of iteration:

```
abjad> for leaf in notetools.iterate_notes_backward_in_expr(staff, start = 3):
... leaf
```

Note("e'8") Note("d'8") Note("c'8")

```
abjad> for leaf in notetools.iterate_notes_backward_in_expr(staff, start = 0, stop = 3):
             leaf
     . . .
     . . .
    Note("a'8")
    Note("g'8")
    Note("f'8")
    abjad> for leaf in notetools.iterate_notes_backward_in_expr(staff, start = 2, stop = 4):
    Note("f'8")
    Note("e'8")
    Return note generator. Changed in version 2.0: renamed iterate.notes_backward_in() to
    notetools.iterate_notes_backward_in_expr().
notetools.iterate_notes_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.notetools.iterate_notes_forward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Yield left-to-right notes in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
             \time 2/8
             c'8
             d'8
         }
         {
             \time 2/8
             e'8
             f'8
         }
             \time 2/8
             g′8
             a'8
         }
     }
    abjad> for leaf in notetools.iterate_notes_forward_in_expr(staff):
     . . .
           leaf
    Note("c'8")
    Note ("d'8")
    Note("e'8")
    Note("f'8")
    Note("g'8")
    Note("a'8")
```

Use optional *start* and *stop* keyword parameters to control start and stop indices of iteration:

```
abjad> for leaf in notetools.iterate_notes_forward_in_expr(staff, start = 3):
            leaf
    . . .
    Note("f'8")
    Note("g'8")
    Note("a'8")
    abjad> for leaf in notetools.iterate_notes_forward_in_expr(staff, start = 0, stop = 3):
            leaf
    Note("c'8")
    Note("d'8")
    Note("e'8")
    abjad> for leaf in notetools.iterate_notes_forward_in_expr(staff, start = 2, stop = 4):
     . . .
    Note("e'8")
    Note("f'8")
                       Changed in version 2.0: renamed iterate.notes_forward_in() to
    Return generator.
    notetools.iterate_notes_forward_in_expr().
notetools.label_notes_in_expr_with_note_indices
abjad.tools.notetools.label_notes_in_expr_with_note_indices(expr,
                                                                     markup_direction='down')
    New in version 2.0. Label notes in expr with note indices:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 r8 r8 g'8 a'8 r8 c''8")
    abjad> notetools.label_notes_in_expr_with_note_indices(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 _ \markup { \small 0 }
        d'8 _ \markup { \small 1 }
        r8
        r8
        g'8 _ \markup { \small 2 }
        a'8 _ \markup { \small 3 }
        c''8 _ \markup { \small 4 }
     }
    Return none.
```

notetools.make accelerating notes with lilypond multipliers

Make accelerating notes with LilyPond multipliers:

```
abjad> notetools.make_accelerating_notes_with_lilypond_multipliers([1,2], (1, 2), (1, 4), (1, 8)
[Note("cs'8 * 113/64"), Note("d'8 * 169/128"), Note("cs'8 * 117/128")]
abjad> voice = Voice(_)
abjad> voice.prolated_duration
Duration(1, 2)
```

Set note pitches cyclically from pitches.

Return as many interpolation values as necessary to fill the total duration requested.

Interpolate durations from *start* to *stop*.

Set note durations to written duration times computed interpolated multipliers.

Return list of notes. Changed in version 2.0: renamed construct.notes_curve() to notetools.make accelerating notes with lilypond multipliers().

notetools.make notes

```
abjad.tools.notetools.make_notes (pitches, durations, direction='big-endian') Make notes according to pitches and durations.
```

Cycle through *pitches* when the length of *pitches* is less than the length of *durations*:

```
abjad> notetools.make_notes([0], [(1, 16), (1, 8), (1, 8)]) [Note("c'16"), Note("c'8"), Note("c'8")]
```

Cycle through *durations* when the length of *durations* is less than the length of *pitches*:

```
abjad> notetools.make_notes([0, 2, 4, 5, 7], [(1, 16), (1, 8), (1, 8)]) [Note("c'16"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'16"), Note("g'8")]
```

Create ad hoc tuplets for nonassignable durations:

```
abjad> notetools.make_notes([0], [(1, 16), (1, 12), (1, 8)]) [Note("c'16"), Tuplet(2/3, [c'8]), Note("c'8")]
```

Set *direction* to 'big-endian' to express tied values in decreasing duration:

```
abjad> notetools.make_notes([0], [(13, 16)], direction = 'big-endian')
[Note("c'2."), Note("c'16")]
```

Set direction to 'little-endian' to express tied values in increasing duration:

```
abjad> notetools.make_notes([0], [(13, 16)], direction = 'little-endian') [Note("c'16"), Note("c'2.")]
```

Set *pitches* to a single pitch or a sequence of pitches.

Set *durations* to a single duration or a list of durations.

Return list of newly constructed notes. Changed in version 2.0: renamed construct.notes() to notetools.make_notes().

notetools.make_notes_with_multiplied_durations

```
abjad.tools.notetools.make_notes_with_multiplied_durations(pitch, writ-
ten_duration, multi-
plied_durations)
```

New in version 2.0. Make written_duration notes with pitch and multiplied_durations:

```
abjad> notetools.make_notes_with_multiplied_durations(0, Duration(1, 4), [(1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4) [Note("c'4 * 2"), Note("c'4 * 4/3"), Note("c'4 * 1"), Note("c'4 * 4/5")]
```

Useful for making spatially positioned notes.

Return list of notes.

notetools.make_percussion_note

```
abjad.tools.notetools.make_percussion_note(pitch, total_duration, max_note_duration=(1, 8))
```

Make percussion note:

```
abjad> notetools.make_percussion_note(2, (1, 4), (1, 8))
[Note("d'8"), Rest('r8')]

abjad> notetools.make_percussion_note(2, (1, 64), (1, 8))
[Note("d'64")]

abjad> notetools.make_percussion_note(2, (5, 64), (1, 8))
[Note("d'16"), Rest('r64')]

abjad> notetools.make_percussion_note(2, (5, 4), (1, 8))
[Note("d'8"), Rest('r1'), Rest('r8')]
```

Return list of newly constructed note followed by zero or more newly constructed rests.

Durations of note and rests returned will sum to total duration.

Duration of note returned will be no greater than max note duration.

Duration of rests returned will sum to note duration taken from *total_duration*.

Useful for percussion music where attack duration is negligible and tied notes undesirable. Changed in version 2.0: renamed construct.percussion_note() to notetools.make_percussion_note().

notetools.make_quarter_notes_with_lilypond_multipliers

```
abjad.tools.notetools.make_quarter_notes_with_lilypond_multipliers(pitches, multi-plied_durations)

New in version 2.0. Make quarter notes with pitches and multiplied_durations:
```

```
abjad> notetools.make_quarter_notes_with_lilypond_multipliers([0, 2, 4, 5], [(1, 4), (1, 5), (1, [Note("c'4 * 1"), Note("d'4 * 4/5"), Note("e'4 * 2/3"), Note("f'4 * 4/7")]
```

Read *pitches* cyclically where the length of *pitches* is less than the length of *multiplied_durations*:

```
abjad> notetools.make_quarter_notes_with_lilypond_multipliers([0], [(1, 4), (1, 5), (1, 6), (1, [Note("c'4 * 1"), Note("c'4 * 4/5"), Note("c'4 * 2/3"), Note("c'4 * 4/7")]
```

Read multiplied durations cyclically where the length of multiplied durations is less than the length of pitches:

```
abjad> notetools.make_quarter_notes_with_lilypond_multipliers([0, 2, 4, 5], [(1, 5)]) [Note("c'4 * 4/5"), Note("d'4 * 4/5"), Note("e'4 * 4/5"), Note("f'4 * 4/5")]
```

Return list of zero or more newly constructed notes. Changed in version renamed construct.quarter_notes_with_multipliers() to notetools.make_quarter_notes_with_lilypond_multipliers().

notetools.make_repeated_notes

 $\verb|abjad.tools.make_repeated_notes| (\textit{count}, \textit{duration} = \textit{Duration}(1,8))|$

Make *count* repeated notes with note head-assignable *duration*:

```
abjad> notetools.make_repeated_notes(4)
[Note("c'8"), Note("c'8"), Note("c'8")]
```

Make *count* repeated tie chains with tied *duration*:

```
abjad> notes = notetools.make_repeated_notes(2, (5, 16))
abjad> voice = Voice(notes)

abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    c'4 ~
    c'16
    c'4 ~
    c'16
}
```

Make ad hoc tuplet holding *count* repeated notes with nonbinary *duration*:

```
abjad> notetools.make_repeated_notes(3, (1, 12)) [Tuplet(2/3, [c'8, c'8, c'8])]
```

Set pitch of all notes created to middle C.

Return list of zero or more newly constructed notes or list of one newly constructed tuplet. Changed in version 2.0: renamed construct.run() to notetools.make_repeated_notes().

notetools.make_repeated_notes_from_time_signature

```
abjad.tools.notetools.make_repeated_notes_from_time_signature(time_signature, pitch="c"')
```

New in version 2.0. Make repeated notes from time_signature:

```
abjad> notetools.make_repeated_notes_from_time_signature((5, 32))
[Note("c'32"), Note("c'32"), Note("c'32"), Note("c'32")]
```

Make repeated notes with *pitch* from *time_signature*:

```
abjad> notetools.make_repeated_notes_from_time_signature((5, 32), pitch = "d''")
     [Note("d''32"), Note("d''32"), Note("d''32"), Note("d''32"), Note("d''32")]
     Return list of notes.
notetools.make repeated notes from time signatures
abjad.tools.notetools.make_repeated_notes_from_time_signatures (time_signatures,
                                                                            pitch="c"")
     Make repated notes from time_signatures:
     notetools.make_repeated_notes_from_time_signatures([(2, 8), (3, 32)])
     [[Note("c'8"), Note("c'8")], [Note("c'32"), Note("c'32"), Note("c'32")]]
     Make repeated notes with pitch from time_signatures:
     abjad> notetools.make_repeated_notes_from_time_signatures([(2, 8), (3, 32)], pitch = "d''")
     [[Note("d''8"), Note("d''8")], [Note("d''32"), Note("d''32"), Note("d''32")]]
     Return two-dimensional list of note lists.
     Use seqtools.flatten_sequence() to flatten output if required.
notetools.make_repeated_notes_with_shorter_notes_at_end
abjad.tools.notetools.make_repeated_notes_with_shorter_notes_at_end(pitch,
                                                                                  writ-
                                                                                  ten_duration,
                                                                                  to-
                                                                                  tal_duration,
                                                                                  prola-
                                                                                  tion=Duration(1,
     Make repeated notes with pitch and written duration summing to total duration under prolation:
     abjad> voice = Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes_with_shorter_notes_at_end(0, Duration(1, 16),
     abjad> f(voice)
     \new Voice {
         c′16
         c'16
         c'16
         c'16
     }
     Fill binary remaining duration with binary notes of lesser written duration:
     abjad> voice = Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes_with_shorter_notes_at_end(0, Duration(1, 16),
     abjad> f(voice)
     \new Voice {
         c'16
         c'16
         c'16
         c'16
         c'32
     }
```

```
Fill nonbinary remaining duration with ad hoc tuplet:
```

```
abjad> voice = Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes_with_shorter_notes_at_end(0, Duration(1, 16),
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    c'16
    c'16
    c'16
    c'16
    c'16
    c'16
    c'16
    c'16
    c'16
    c'132
    }
}
```

Set prolation when constructing notes in a nonbinary measure.

```
Return list of newly constructed components. Changed in version 2.0: renamed construct.note_train() to notetools.make_repeated_notes_with_shorter_notes_at_end().
```

notetools.yield_groups_of_notes_in_sequence

```
abjad.tools.notetools.yield_groups_of_notes_in_sequence (sequence)

New in version 2.0. Yield groups of notes in sequence:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 r8 r8 <e' g'>8 <f' a'>8 g'8 a'8 r8 r8 <b' d''>8 <c'' e''>8")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8
    d'8
    r8
    r8
    <e' g'>8
    <f' a'>8
    g′8
    a'8
    r8
    r8
    <b' d''>8
    <c'' e''>8
}
abjad> for note in notetools.yield_groups_of_notes_in_sequence(staff):
       note
. . .
(Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"))
(Note("g'8"), Note("a'8"))
```

Return generator.

pitchtools

pitchtools.Accidental

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental
   Bases: abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator._StrictComparator,
   abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Abjad model of the
   accidental:
   abjad> pitchtools.Accidental('s')
```

Accidentals are immutable.

Accidental('s')

alphabetic_string

Read-only alphabetic string:

```
abjad> accidental = pitchtools.Accidental('s')
abjad> accidental.alphabetic_string
's'
```

Return string.

format

Read-only LilyPond input format of accidental:

```
abjad> accidental = pitchtools.Accidental('s')
abjad> accidental.format
's'
```

Return string.

is_adjusted

True for all accidentals equal to a nonzero number of semitones. False otherwise:

```
abjad> accidental = pitchtools.Accidental('s')
abjad> accidental.is_adjusted
True
```

Return boolean.

name_string

Read-only name string of accidental:

```
abjad> accidental = pitchtools.Accidental('s')
abjad> accidental.name_string
'sharp'
```

Return string.

semitones

Read-only semitones of accidental:

```
abjad> accidental = pitchtools.Accidental('s') abjad> accidental.semitones 1
```

Return number.

symbolic string

Read-only symbolic string of accidental:

```
abjad> accidental = pitchtools.Accidental('s')
abjad> accidental.symbolic_string
'#'
```

Return string.

pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._ChromaticInterval._ChromaticInterval._ChromaticInterval, abjad.tools.pitchtools._HarmonicInterval._HarmonicInterval._HarmonicInterval

New in version 2.0. Abjad model of harmonic chromatic interval:

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval(-14)
HarmonicChromaticInterval(14)
```

Harmonic chromatic intervals are immutable.

harmonic chromatic interval class

Read-only harmonic chromatic interval-class:

```
abjad> harmonic_chromatic_interval = pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval(14)
abjad> harmonic_chromatic_interval.harmonic_chromatic_interval_class
HarmonicChromaticIntervalClass(2)
```

Return harmonic chromatic interval-class.

pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalClass

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._ChromaticIntervalClass._ChromaticIntervalClass._ChromaticIntervalClass._HarmonicInt

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalClass(-14)
HarmonicChromaticIntervalClass(2)
```

Harmonic chromatic interval-classes are immutable.

pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalClassVector

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalClassVector(expr)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._Vector._Vector._Vector New in version 2.0. Abjad model of harmonic chromatic interval-class vector:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8")
abjad> hcicv = pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalClassVector(staff)
abjad> print hcicv
0 1 3 2 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 0
```

Harmonic chromatic interval-class vector is quartertone-aware:

```
abjad> staff.append(Note(1.5, (1, 4)))
abjad> hcicv = pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalClassVector(staff)
abjad> print hcicv
0 1 3 2 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
```

Harmonic chromatic interval-class vectors are immutable.

```
has none of (chromatic interval numbers)
```

True when harmonic chromatic interval-class vector contains none of *chromatic_interval_numbers*. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> hcicv = pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalClassVector(Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8"))
abjad> hcicv.has_none_of([9, 10, 11])
True
```

Return boolean.

pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegment

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegment
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment New in version 2.0. Abjad model of harmonic chromatic interval segment:

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegment([10, -12, -13, -13.5]) HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegment(10, 12, 13, 13.5)
```

Harmonic chromatic interval segments are immutable.

pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSet

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSet
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalSet._IntervalSet._IntervalSet New in version 2.0. Abjad model of harmonic chromatic interval set:

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSet([10, -12, -13, -13, -13.5]) HarmonicChromaticIntervalSet(10, 12, 13, 13.5)
```

Harmonic chromatic interval sets are immutable.

harmonic_chromatic_interval_numbers

harmonic_chromatic_intervals

pitchtools.HarmonicCounterpointInterval

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicCounterpointInterval
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._CounterpointInterval._CounterpointInterval._CounterpointInterval.abjad.tools.pitchtools._HarmonicInterval._HarmonicInterval._HarmonicInterval

New in version 2.0. Abjad model of harmonic counterpoint interval:

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicCounterpointInterval(-9)
HarmonicCounterpointInterval(9)
```

Harmonic counterpoint intervals are immutable.

harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class

pitchtools.HarmonicCounterpointIntervalClass

${\bf class} \ {\tt abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicCounterpointIntervalClass}$

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._CounterpointIntervalClass._CounterpointIntervalClass._CounterpointIntervalClass._HarmonicIntervalClass._HarmonicIntervalClass._HarmonicIntervalClass._HarmonicIntervalClass._HarmonicIntervalClass._HarmonicIntervalClass._HarmonicIntervalClass._HarmonicIntervalClass._HarmonicIntervalClass.

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicCounterpointIntervalClass(-9)
HarmonicCounterpointIntervalClass(2)
```

Harmonic counterpoint interval-classes are immutable.

pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._DiatonicInterval._DiatonicInterval._DiatonicInterval, abjad.tools.pitchtools._HarmonicInterval._HarmonicInterval._HarmonicInterval
New in version 2.0. Abjad model harmonic diatonic interval:

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval('M9')
HarmonicDiatonicInterval('M9')
```

Harmonic diatonic intervals are immutable.

```
harmonic_counterpoint_interval
harmonic_diatonic_interval_class
melodic_diatonic_interval_ascending
melodic_diatonic_interval_descending
semitones
staff spaces
```

pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._DiatonicIntervalClass._DiatonicIntervalClass._DiatonicIntervalClass._HarmonicInterv

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass('-M9')
HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass('M2')
```

Harmonic diatonic interval-classes are immutable.

invert()

Read-only inversion of harmonic diatonic interval-class:

```
abjad> hdic = pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass('major', -9)
abjad> hdic.invert()
HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass('m7')
```

Return harmonic diatonic interval-class.

pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalClassSet._IntervalClassSet._IntervalClassSet. New in version 2.0. Abjad model of harmonic diatonic interval-class set:

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet('m2 M2 m3 M3') # doctest: +SKIP HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet('m2 M2 m3 M3')
```

Harmonic diatonic interval-class sets are immutable.

```
harmonic_diatonic_interval_classes
```

pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment New in version 2.0. Abjad model of harmonic diatonic interval segment:

```
abjad> pitchtools.
HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment('m2 M9 m3 M3') 
HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment('m2 M9 m3 M3')
```

Harmonic diatonic interval segments are immutable.

```
harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment
melodic_chromatic_interval_segment
melodic_diatonic_interval_segment
```

pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalSet._IntervalSet._IntervalSet New in version 2.0. Abjad model of harmonic diatonic interval set:

```
abjad> pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet('m2 m2 M2 M9')
HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet('m2 M2 M9')
```

Harmonic diatonic interval sets are immutable.

```
harmonic_chromatic_interval_set
harmonic_diatonic_interval_numbers
harmonic_diatonic_intervals
```

pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalClass._IntervalClass._IntervalClass New in version 2.0. Abjad model of inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(1)
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(1)
```

Inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-classes are immutable.

inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_number

pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSegment

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSegment
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalClassSegment._IntervalClassSegment._IntervalClassSegment._IntervalClassSegment:

```
abjad> pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSegment([2, 1, 0, 5.5, 6]) InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSegment(2, 1, 0, 5.5, 6)
```

Inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class segments are immutable.

pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSet

class abjad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSet

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalClassSet._IntervalClassSet._IntervalClassSet New in version 2.0. Abjad model of inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class set:

```
abjad> pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSet([1, 1, 6, 2, 2]) InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSet(1, 2, 6)
```

Inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class sets are immutable.

```
inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_numbers
```

 ${\tt inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes}$

pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassVector

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassVector(*args,
```

**kwargs)

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._Vector._Vector._Vector New in version 2.0. Abjad model of inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class vector:

```
abjad> pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassVector([1, 1, 6, 2, 2, 2]) InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassVector(0 | 2 3 0 0 0 1)
```

Initialize by inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class counts:

```
abjad> pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassVector(counts = [2, 3, 0, 0, 0, 1]) InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassVector(0 | 2 3 0 0 0 1)
```

Inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class vectors are immutable.

pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass

class abjad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._DiatonicIntervalClass._DiatonicIntervalClass._DiatonicIntervalClass._DiatonicIntervalClass.

```
abjad> pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('-m14') InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('M2')
```

Inversion-equivalent diatonic interval-classes are immutable.

pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassSegment

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassSegment
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment. New in version 2.0. Abjad model of inversion-equivalent diatonic interval-class segment:

```
abjad> pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassSegment([('major', 2), ('major', 9), (InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassSegment(M2, M2, m2, m2)
```

Inversion-equivalent diatonic interval-class segments are immutable.

is tertian

True when all diatonic interval-classes in segment are tertian. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> dics = pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassSegment([('major', 3), ('mi
abjad> dics.is_tertian
True
```

Return boolean.

pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassVector

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassVector(expr)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._Vector._Vector._Vector New in version 2.0. Abjad model of inversion-equivalent diatonic interval-class vector:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8")
abjad> pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassVector(staff)
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassVector(P1: 0, aug1: 0, m2: 1, M2: 3, aug2: 0, dim3: 0, m
```

Inversion-equivalent diatonic interval-class vector are not quatertone-aware.

Inversion-equivalent diatonic interval-class vectors are immutable.

pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._ChromaticInterval._ChromaticInterval._ChromaticInterval, abjad.tools.pitchtools._MelodicInterval._MelodicInterval._MelodicInterval
New in version 2.0. Abjad model of melodic chromatic interval:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval(-14)
MelodicChromaticInterval(-14)
```

Melodic chromatic intervals are immutable.

chromatic_interval_number

Read-only chromatic interval number:

```
\verb|abjad|>| pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval(-14).chromatic_interval_number-14|
```

Return integer or float.

direction_number

Read-only numeric sign:

```
\verb|abjad>| pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval(-14).direction_number-1|
```

Return integer.

harmonic_chromatic_interval

Read-only harmonic chromatic interval:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval(-14).harmonic_chromatic_interval HarmonicChromaticInterval(14)
```

Return harmonic chromatic interval.

melodic_chromatic_interval_class

Read-only melodic chromatic interval-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval(-14).melodic_chromatic_interval_class MelodicChromaticIntervalClass(-2)
```

Return melodic chromatic interval-class.

pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalClass

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._ChromaticIntervalClass._ChromaticIntervalClass._ChromaticIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass.

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalClass(-14)
MelodicChromaticIntervalClass(-2)
```

Melodic chromatic interval-classes are immutable.

pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalClassSegment

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalClassSegment
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalClassSegment._IntervalClassSegment._IntervalClassSegment._IntervalClassSegment.

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalClassSegment([-2, -14, 3, 5.5, 6.5]) MelodicChromaticIntervalClassSegment([-2, -2, +3, +5.5, +6.5])
```

Melodic chromatic interval-class segments are immutable.

pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalClassVector

class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalClassVector(mcic_tokens)

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._Vector._Vector._Vector New in version 2.0. Abjad model of melodic chromatic interval-class vector:

Melodic chromatic interval-class vectors are immutable.

pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment New in version 2.0. Abjad model of melodic chromatic interval segment:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment([11, 13, 13.5, -2, 2.5])
MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment(+11, +13, +13.5, -2, +2.5)

Melodic chromatic interval segments are immutable.
harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment

melodic_chromatic_interval_class_segment

melodic_chromatic_interval_class_vector

melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers

slope

The slope of a melodic interval segment is the sum of its intervals divided by its length:

abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment([1, 2]).slope
Fraction(3, 2)

Return fraction.
```

spread

The maximum harmonic interval spanned by any combination of the intervals within a harmonic chromatic interval segment:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment([1, 2, -3, 1, -2, 1]).spread HarmonicChromaticInterval(4) abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment([1, 1, 1, 2, -3, -2]).spread HarmonicChromaticInterval(5)
```

Return harmonic chromatic interval.

pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSet

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSet
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalSet._IntervalSet._IntervalSet New in version 2.0. Abjad model of melodic chromatic interval set:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSet([11, 11, 13.5, 13.5])
MelodicChromaticIntervalSet(+11, +13.5)
```

Melodic chromatic interval sets are immutable.

```
harmonic_chromatic_interval_set
melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers
melodic_chromatic_intervals
```

pitchtools.MelodicCounterpointInterval

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicCounterpointInterval
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._CounterpointInterval._CounterpointInterval._CounterpointInterval.abjad.tools.pitchtools._MelodicInterval._MelodicInterval._MelodicInterval.New in version 2.0. Abjad model of melodic counterpoint interval:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicCounterpointInterval(-9)
MelodicCounterpointInterval(-9)
```

Melodic counterpoint intervals are immutable.

```
direction_number
melodic_counterpoint_interval_class
```

pitchtools.MelodicCounterpointIntervalClass

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicCounterpointIntervalClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._CounterpointIntervalClass._CounterpointIntervalClass._CounterpointIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass..MelodicIntervalClass...Melod

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicCounterpointIntervalClass(-9)
MelodicCounterpointIntervalClass(-2)
```

Melodic counterpoint interval-classes are immutable.

pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._DiatonicInterval._DiatonicInterval._DiatonicInterval, abjad.tools.pitchtools._MelodicInterval._MelodicInterval._MelodicInterval
New in version 2.0. Abjad model of melodic diatonic interval:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval('+M9')
MelodicDiatonicInterval('+M9')
```

Melodic diatonic intervals are immutable.

```
direction_number
```

direction_string

harmonic_chromatic_interval

harmonic_counterpoint_interval

harmonic_diatonic_interval

inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class

melodic_chromatic_interval

melodic_counterpoint_interval

melodic_diatonic_interval_class

semitones

staff_spaces

pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalClass

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._DiatonicIntervalClass._DiatonicIntervalClass._DiatonicIntervalClass._DiatonicIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass._MelodicIntervalClass.

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalClass('-M9')
MelodicDiatonicIntervalClass('-M2')
```

Melodic diatonic interval-classes are immutable.

```
direction_number
direction_symbol
direction_word
```

pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment._IntervalSegment New in version 2.0. Abjad model of melodic diatonic interval segment:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment('M2 M9 -m3 -P4')
MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment('+M2 +M9 -m3 -P4')
```

Melodic diatonic interval segments are immutable.

```
harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment
harmonic_diatonic_interval_segment
melodic_chromatic_interval_segment
```

pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._IntervalSet._IntervalSet._IntervalSet New in version 2.0. Abjad model of melodic diatonic interval set:

```
abjad> pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet('M2 M2 -m3 -P4')
MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet('-P4 -m3 +M2')
```

Melodic diatonic interval sets are immutable.

```
harmonic_chromatic_interval_set
harmonic_diatonic_interval_set
melodic_chromatic_interval_set
melodic_diatonic_interval_numbers
melodic_diatonic_intervals
```

pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._Pitch._Pitch._Pitch New in version 1.1. Abjad model of named chromatic pitch:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
```

Named chromatic pitches are immutable.

chromatic_pitch_class_name

Read-only chromatic pitch-class name:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.chromatic_pitch_class_name
'cs'
```

Return string.

chromatic_pitch_class_number

Read-only chromatic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.chromatic_pitch_class_number
1
```

Return integer or float.

chromatic pitch name

Read-only chromatic pitch name:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.chromatic_pitch_name
"cs''"
```

Return string.

chromatic_pitch_number

Read-only chromatic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.chromatic_pitch_number
13
```

Return integer or float.

deviation_in_cents

Read-only deviation of named chromatic pitch in cents:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.deviation_in_cents is None
True
```

Return integer or none.

diatonic_pitch_class_name

Read-only diatonic pitch-class name:

```
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch.diatonic_pitch_class_name
'c'
```

Return string.

diatonic_pitch_class_number

Read-only diatonic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch.diatonic_pitch_class_number
0
```

Return integer.

diatonic_pitch_name

Read-only diatonic pitch name:

```
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch.diatonic_pitch_name
"c''"
```

Return string.

diatonic_pitch_number

Read-only diatonic pitch number:

```
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch.diatonic_pitch_number
7
```

Return integer.

format

Read-only LilyPond input format of named chromatic pitch:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.format
"cs''"
```

Return string.

named_chromatic_pitch_class

Read-only named pitch-class:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.named_chromatic_pitch_class
NamedChromaticPitchClass('cs')
```

Return named chromatic pitch-class.

named_diatonic_pitch

Read-only named diatonic pitch:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.named_diatonic_pitch
NamedDiatonicPitch("c''")
```

Return named diatonic pitch.

named_diatonic_pitch_class

Read-only named diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.named_diatonic_pitch_class
NamedDiatonicPitchClass('c')
```

Return named diatonic pitch-class.

numbered_chromatic_pitch

Read-only numbered chromatic pitch from named chromatic pitch:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.numbered_chromatic_pitch_class
NumberedChromaticPitchClass(1)
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class.

numbered_chromatic_pitch_class

Read-only numbered pitch-class:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.numbered_chromatic_pitch_class
NumberedChromaticPitchClass(1)
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class.

numbered_diatonic_pitch

Read-only numbered diatonic pitch:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.numbered_diatonic_pitch
NumberedDiatonicPitch(7)
```

Return numbered diatonic pitch.

numbered_diatonic_pitch_class

Read-only numbered diatonic pitch:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.numbered_diatonic_pitch_class
NumberedDiatonicPitchClass(0)
```

Return numbered diatonic pitch-class.

octave_number

Read-only integer octave number:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch.octave_number
5
```

Return integer.

pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClass

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._PitchClass._PitchClass._PitchClass New in version 2.0. Abjad model of named chromatic pitch-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClass('cs')
NamedChromaticPitchClass('cs')
```

Named chromatic pitch-classes are immutable.

apply_accidental (accidental)

Apply accidental:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClass('cs')
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class.apply_accidental('qs')
NamedChromaticPitchClass('ctqs')
```

Return named chromatic pitch-class.

numbered_chromatic_pitch_class

Read-only numbered chromatic pitch-class:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClass('cs')
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class.numbered_chromatic_pitch_class
NumberedChromaticPitchClass(1)
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class.

```
transpose (melodic diatonic interval)
```

Transpose named chromatic pitch-class by *melodic_diatonic_interval*:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClass('cs')
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class.transpose(pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval('major', 2))
NamedChromaticPitchClass('ds')
```

Return named chromatic pitch-class.

pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment
    Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools. PitchClassSegment. PitchClassSegment. PitchClassSegment
```

New in version 2.0. Abjad model of named chromatic pitch-class segment:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment(['gs', 'a', 'as', 'c', 'cs']) NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment(['gs', 'a', 'as', 'c', 'cs'])
```

Named chromatic pitch-class segments are immutable.

```
inversion_equivalent_diatonic_interval_class_segment
is_equivalent_under_transposition(arg)
named_chromatic_pitch_class_set
named_chromatic_pitch_classes
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set
numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes
retrograde()
rotate(n)
transpose(melodic_diatonic_interval)
```

pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSet

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSet
   Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._PitchClassSet._PitchClassSet._PitchClassSet
   New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a named chromatic pitch-class set:
   abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class_set = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSet(['gs', 'g', 'as' abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class_set
   NamedChromaticPitchClassSet(['as', 'c', 'cs', 'g', 'gs'])
   abjad> print named_chromatic_pitch_class_set
   {as, c, cs, g, gs}
```

Named chromatic pitch-class sets are immutable.

inversion_equivalent_diatonic_interval_class_vector
named_chromatic_pitch_classes

Read-only named chromatic pitch-classes:

```
abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class_set = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSet(['gs', 'g',
                    abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_class_set.named_chromatic_pitch_classes # doctest: +SKIP
                    (NamedChromaticPitchClass('c'), NamedChromaticPitchClass('cs'), NamedChromaticPitchClass('g', 
                    Return tuple.
          numbered chromatic pitch class set
          order_by (npc_seg)
          transpose (melodic_diatonic_interval)
                    Transpose all npcs in self by melodic diatonic interval.
pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment
          Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._PitchSegment._PitchSegment._PitchSegment New in
          version 2.0. Abjad model of a named chromatic pitch segment:
          abjad> pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment(['bf', 'bqf', "fs'", "g'", 'bqf', "g'"])
          NamedChromaticPitchSegment("bf bqf fs' g' bqf g'")
          Named chromtic pitch segments are immutable.
          chromatic_pitch_numbers
          harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_segment
          harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment
          harmonic_diatonic_interval_class_segment
          harmonic diatonic interval segment
          inflection_point_count
          inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_segment
          inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_set
          inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_vector
          local_maxima
          local_minima
          melodic_chromatic_interval_class_segment
          melodic_chromatic_interval_segment
          melodic_diatonic_interval_class_segment
          melodic_diatonic_interval_segment
          named_chromatic_pitch_class_vector
          named_chromatic_pitch_set
          named_chromatic_pitch_vector
          named_chromatic_pitches
```

numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment

numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set

```
transpose (melodic_interval)
```

Transpose pitches in pitch segment by melodic interval and emit new pitch segment.

pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSet

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSet
    Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._PitchSet._PitchSet._PitchSet New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a named chromatic pitch set:
    abjad> pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSet(['bf', 'bqf', "fs'", "g'", 'bqf', "g'"])
    NamedChromaticPitchSet(['bf', 'bqf', "fs'", "g'"])

Named chromatic pitch sets are immutable.
    chromatic_pitch_numbers
    duplicate_pitch_classes
    is_pitch_class_unique
    named_chromatic_pitches
    numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set
    numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes
    transpose(n)
        Transpose all pcs in self by n.
```

pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchVector

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchVector (pitch_tokens)
    Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._Vector._Vector._Vector New in version 2.0. Abjad model
    of named chromatic pitch vector:
    abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_vector = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchVector(["c''", "c''", "cs''"]
    abjad> named_chromatic_pitch_vector
    NamedChromaticPitchVector(c'': 2, cs'': 3)

abjad> print named_chromatic_pitch_vector
    NamedChromaticPitchVector(c'': 2, cs'': 3)
```

Named chromatic pitch vectors are immutable.

```
chromatic_pitch_numbers
named_chromatic_pitches
```

pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch
    Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._DiatonicPitch._DiatonicPitch._DiatonicPitch
    New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a named diatonic pitch:
    abjad> named_diatonic_pitch = pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''")
```

```
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch
NamedDiatonicPitch("c''")
abjad> print named_diatonic_pitch
```

Named diatonic pitches are immutable.

chromatic_pitch_class_name

Read-only chromatic pitch-class name:

Return string.

chromatic_pitch_class_number

Read-only chromatic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").chromatic_pitch_class_number 0
```

Return integer.

chromatic_pitch_name

Read-only chromatic pitch name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").chromatic_pitch_name "c''"
```

Return string.

chromatic_pitch_number

Read-only chromatic pitch number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").chromatic_pitch_number
12
```

Return integer.

diatonic_pitch_class_name

Read-only diatonic pitch-class name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").diatonic_pitch_class_name    ^{\prime} _{\text{C}}{^{\prime}}
```

Return string.

${\tt diatonic_pitch_class_number}$

Read-only diatonic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").diatonic_pitch_class_number 0
```

Return integer.

diatonic_pitch_name

Read-only diatonic pitch name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").diatonic_pitch_name "c''"
```

Return string.

diatonic_pitch_number

Read-only diatonic pitch number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").diatonic_pitch_number 7
```

Return integer.

format

Read-only LilyPond input format of named diatonic pitch:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").format "c''"
```

Return string.

named_chromatic_pitch

Read-only named chromatic pitch:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").named_chromatic_pitch NamedChromaticPitch("c''")
```

Return named chromatic pitch.

named_chromatic_pitch_class

Read-only named chromatic pitch-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").named_chromatic_pitch_class NamedChromaticPitchClass('c')
```

Return named chromatic pitch-class.

named_diatonic_pitch_class

Read-only named diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").named_diatonic_pitch_class
NamedDiatonicPitchClass('c')
```

Return named diatonic pitch-class.

numbered_chromatic_pitch

Read-only numbered chromatic pitch:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").numbered_chromatic_pitch NumberedChromaticPitch(12)
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch.

numbered_chromatic_pitch_class

Read-only numbered chromatic pitch-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").numbered_chromatic_pitch_class NumberedChromaticPitchClass(0)
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class.

numbered_diatonic_pitch

Read-only numbered diatonic pitch:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").numbered_diatonic_pitch NumberedDiatonicPitch(7)
```

Return numbered diatonic pitch.

numbered_diatonic_pitch_class

Read-only numbered diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch("c''").numbered_diatonic_pitch_class NumberedDiatonicPitchClass(0)
```

Return numbered diatonic pitch-class.

pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitchClass

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitchClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._DiatonicPitchClass._DiatonicPitchClass._DiatonicPitchClass. New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a named diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitchClass('c')
NamedDiatonicPitchClass('c')
```

Named diatonic pitch-classes are immutable.

numbered_diatonic_pitch_class

Read-only numbered diatonic pitch-class from named diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch_class = pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitchClass('c')
abjad> named_diatonic_pitch_class.numbered_diatonic_pitch_class
NumberedDiatonicPitchClass(0)
```

Return numbered diatonic pitch-class.

pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._ChromaticPitch._ChromaticPitch._ChromaticPitch, abjad.tools.pitchtools._NumberedPitch._NumberedPitch._NumberedPitch New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a numbered chromatic pitch:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch(13)
NumberedChromaticPitch(13)
```

Numbered chromatic pitches are immutable.

apply_accidental (accidental=None)

Apply accidental:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch(13).apply_accidental('flat')
NumberedChromaticPitch(12)
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch.

chromatic_pitch_number

Read-only chromatic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch(13).chromatic_pitch_number
13
```

Return integer or float.

diatonic_pitch_class_number

Read-only diatonic pitch-class number:

```
Return integer.
    diatonic_pitch_number
         Read-only diatonic pitch-class number:
         abjad> pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch(13).diatonic_pitch_number
         Return integer.
    transpose(n=0)
         Tranpose by n semitones:
         abjad> pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch(13).transpose(1)
         NumberedChromaticPitch(14)
         Return numbered chromatic pitch.
pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClass
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClass
    Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._PitchClass._PitchClass._PitchClass New in version
    2.0. Abjad model of a numbered chromatic pitch-class:
    abjad> pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClass(13)
    NumberedChromaticPitchClass(1)
    Numbered chromatic pitch-classes are immutable.
    apply_accidental (accidental=None)
         Emit new numbered chromatic pitch-class as sum of self and accidental.
    invert()
         Invert pitch-class.
    multiply(n)
         Multiply pitch-class by n.
    transpose(n)
         Transpose pitch-class by n.
pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassColorMap
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassColorMap
    Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a
    numbered chromatic pitch-class color map:
    abjad> chromatic_pitch_class_numbers = [[-8, 2, 10, 21], [0, 11, 32, 41], [15, 25, 42, 43]]
    abjad> colors = ['red', 'green', 'blue']
    abjad> pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassColorMap(chromatic_pitch_class_numbers, colors)
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassColorMap([[-8, 2, 10, 21], [0, 11, 32, 41], [15, 25, 42, 43]], ['red'
    Numbered chromatic pitch-class color maps are immutable.
    colors
```

abjad> pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch(13).diatonic_pitch_class_number

57.1. Abjad API 457

get (key, alternative=None)

```
pairs
pitch_iterables
twelve_tone_complete
twenty_four_tone_complete
```

pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._PitchClassSegment._PitchClassSegment._PitchClassSegment New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a numbered chromatic pitch-class segment:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([-2, -1.5, 6, 7, -1.5, 7]) NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([10, 10.5, 6, 7, 10.5, 7])
```

Numbered chromatic pitch-class segments are immutable.

alpha()

Morris alpha transform of numbered chromatic pitch-class segment:

```
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([10, numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment.alpha()
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([11, 11.5, 7, 6, 11.5, 6])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class segment.

inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_segment

Read-only inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class segment:

```
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([10, numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment.inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_segment InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSegment(0.5, 4.5, 1, 3.5, 3.5)
```

Return inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class segment.

invert()

Invert numbered chromatic pitch-class segment:

```
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([10,
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment.invert()
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([2, 1.5, 6, 5, 1.5, 5])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class segment.

multiply(n)

Multiply numbered chromatic pitch-class segment by *n*:

```
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([10, numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment.multiply(5)
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([2, 4.5, 6, 11, 4.5, 11])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class segment.

numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set

Read-only numbered chromatic pitch-class set from numbered chromatic pitch-class segment:

```
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([10,
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment.numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([6, 7, 10, 10.5])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class set.

retrograde()

Retrograde of numbered chromatic pitch-class segment:

```
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([10,
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment.retrograde()
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([7, 10.5, 7, 6, 10.5, 10])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class segment.

rotate(n)

Rotate numbered chromatic pitch-class segment:

```
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([10, numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment.rotate(1)
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([7, 10, 10.5, 6, 7, 10.5])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class segment.

transpose(n)

{6, 7, 10, 10.5}

Transpose numbered chromatic pitch-class segment:

```
numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([10, numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment.transpose(10)
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment([8, 8.5, 4, 5, 8.5, 5])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class segment.

pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet
```

```
Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._PitchClassSet._PitchClassSet._PitchClassSet New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a numbered chromatic pitch-class set:
```

```
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -1.5,
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([6, 7, 10, 10.5])
```

Numbered chromatic pitch-class sets are immutable.

abjad> print numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set

inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_set

Read-only inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class set:

```
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set.inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_set InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSet(0.5, 1, 3, 3.5, 4, 4.5)
```

Return inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class set.

inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_vector

Read-only inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class vector:

```
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set.inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_vect InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassVector(0 | 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0)
```

Return inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class vector.

invert()

Invert numbered chromatic pitch-class set:

```
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set.invert()
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([1.5, 2, 5, 6])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class set.

is_transposed_subset (pcset)

True when self is transposed subset of *pcset*. False otherwise:

```
abjad> pcset_1 = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -1.5, 6, 7, -1.5, 7]) abjad> pcset_2 = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -1.5, 6, 7, -1.5, 7, 7.5, 8] abjad> pcset_1.is_transposed_subset(pcset_2)
```

Return boolean.

is_transposed_superset (pcset)

True when self is transposed superset of *pcset*. False otherwise:

```
abjad> pcset_1 = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -1.5, 6, 7, -1.5, 7])
abjad> pcset_2 = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -1.5, 6, 7, -1.5, 7, 7.5, 8])
abjad> pcset_2.is_transposed_superset(pcset_1)
True
```

Return boolean.

multiply(n)

Multiply numbered chromatic pitch-class set by *n*:

```
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set.multiply(5)
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([2, 4.5, 6, 11])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class set.

numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes

Read-only numbered chromatic pitch-classes:

```
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set.numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes
(NumberedChromaticPitchClass(6), NumberedChromaticPitchClass(7), NumberedChromaticPitchClass
```

Return tuple.

prime_form

To be implemented.

transpose(n)

Transpose numbered chromatic pitch-class set by n:

```
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([-2, -abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set.multiply(5)
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([2, 4.5, 6, 11])
```

Return numbered chromatic pitch-class set.

pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassVector

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassVector (pitch_class_tokens)
    Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._Vector._Vector._Vector New in version 2.0. Abjad model
    of numbered chromatic pitch-class vector:
```

Numbered chromatic pitch-class vectors are immutable.

chromatic pitch class numbers

Read-only chromatic pitch-class numbers from numbered chromatic pitch-class vector:

```
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_vector = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassVector
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_vector.chromatic_pitch_class_numbers
[1, 2.5, 6]
```

Return list.

numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes

Read-only numbered chromatic pitch-classes from numbered chromatic pitch-class vector:

```
abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_vector = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassVector abjad> numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_vector.numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes [NumberedChromaticPitchClass(2.5), NumberedChromaticPitchClass(1), NumberedChromaticPitchClass(2.5)
```

Return list.

pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._DiatonicPitch._DiatonicPitch._DiatonicPitch, abjad.tools.pitchtools._NumberedPitch._NumberedPitch._NumberedPitch New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a numbered diatonic pitch:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch(7)
NumberedDiatonicPitch(7)
```

Numbered diatonic pitches are immutable.

chromatic_pitch_number

Read-only chromatic pitch number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch(7).chromatic_pitch_number
12
```

Return integer.

diatonic_pitch_number

Read-only diatonic pitch number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch(7).diatonic_pitch_number
7
```

Return integer.

named_diatonic_pitch

Read-only named diatonic pitch:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch(7).named_diatonic_pitch
NamedDiatonicPitch("c''")
```

Return named diatonic pitch.

named_diatonic_pitch_class

Read-only named diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch(7).named_diatonic_pitch_class
NamedDiatonicPitchClass('c')
```

Return named diatonic pitch-class.

numbered_diatonic_pitch_class

Read-only numbered diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch(7).numbered_diatonic_pitch_class
NumberedDiatonicPitchClass(0)
```

Return numbered diatonic pitch-class.

pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitchClass

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitchClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools._NumberedPitchClass._NumberedPitchClass._NumberedPitchClass.abjad.tools.pitchtools._DiatonicPitchClass._DiatonicPitchClass._DiatonicPitchClass.New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a numbered diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitchClass(0)
NumberedDiatonicPitchClass(0)
```

Numbered diatonic pitch-classes are immutable.

named_diatonic_pitch_class

Read-only named diatonic pitch-class from numbered diatonic pitch-class:

```
abjad> numbered_diatonic_pitch_class = pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitchClass(0)
abjad> numbered_diatonic_pitch_class.named_diatonic_pitch_class
NamedDiatonicPitchClass('c')
```

Return named diatonic pitch-class.

pitchtools.PitchRange

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.PitchRange(*args)
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Abjad model of pitch range:

```
abjad> pitchtools.PitchRange(-12, 36)
PitchRange((NamedChromaticPitch('c'), 'inclusive'), (NamedChromaticPitch("c'''"), 'inclusive'))
```

Init from pitch numbers, pitch instances or other pitch range objects.

Pitch ranges implement all six Python rich comparators.

Pitch ranges are immutable.

start_pitch

Read-only start pitch of range:

```
abjad> pitch_range = pitchtools.PitchRange(-12, 36)
abjad> pitch_range.start_pitch
NamedChromaticPitch('c')
```

Return pitch.

start_pitch_is_included_in_range

True when start pitch is included in range. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitch_range = pitchtools.PitchRange(-12, 36)
abjad> pitch_range.start_pitch_is_included_in_range
True
```

Return boolean.

stop_pitch

Read-only stop pitch of range:

```
abjad> pitch_range = pitchtools.PitchRange(-12, 36)
abjad> pitch_range.stop_pitch
NamedChromaticPitch("c'''")
```

Return pitch.

stop_pitch_is_included_in_range

True when stop pitch is included in range. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitch_range = pitchtools.PitchRange(-12, 36)
abjad> pitch_range.stop_pitch_is_included_in_range
True
```

Return boolean.

pitchtools.TwelveToneRow

```
class abjad.tools.pitchtools.TwelveToneRow
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment.NumberedChromaticPitchC. New in version 2.0. Abjad model of twelve-tone row:

```
abjad> pitchtools.TwelveToneRow([0, 1, 11, 9, 3, 6, 7, 5, 4, 10, 2, 8])
TwelveToneRow([0, 1, 11, 9, 3, 6, 7, 5, 4, 10, 2, 8])
```

Twelve-tone rows validate pitch-classes at initialization.

Twelve-tone rows inherit canonical operators from numbered chromatic pitch-class segment.

Twelve-tone rows return numbered chromatic pitch-class segments on calls to getslice.

Twelve-tone rows are immutable.

pitchtools.all_are_chromatic_pitch_class_name_octave_number_pairs

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.all_are_chromatic_pitch_class_name_octave_number_pairs(expr)

New in version 1.1. True when all elements of expr are pitch tokens. Otherwise false:

abjad> pitchtools.all_are_chromatic_pitch_class_name_octave_number_pairs([('c', 4), ('d', 4), 4)
```

```
Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.is_pitch_token_collection() to pitchtools.all_are_chromatic_pitch_class_name_octave_number_pairs().
```

pitchtools.apply_accidental_to_named_chromatic_pitch

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.apply_accidental_to_named_chromatic_pitch (named_chromatic_pitch, accidental=None)
```

New in version 2.0. Apply accidental to named_chromatic_pitch:

```
abjad> pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
abjad> pitchtools.apply_accidental_to_named_chromatic_pitch(pitch, 'f')
NamedChromaticPitch("c''")
```

Return new named pitch.

pitchtools.apply_octavation_spanner_to_pitched_components

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.apply_octavation_spanner_to_pitched_components(expr,
ot-
tava_numbered_diatonic_pitch
quin-
de-
cisima_numbered_diatonic_pitch
```

New in version 1.1. Apply octavation spanner to pitched components in *expr*:

```
\time 4/8
\ottava #1
c'''8
d'''8
ef'''8
f'''8
\ottava #0
```

Apply octavation spanner according to the diatonic pitch number of the maximum pitch in expr.

Return octavation spanner.

pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_from_pitch_carrier_to_pitch_carrier

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_from_pitch_carrier_to_pa

New in version 2.0. Calculate harmonic chromatic interval-class from pitch_carrier_1 to pitch_carrier_2:

abjad> pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_from_pitch_carrier_to_pitch_carrier
HarmonicChromaticIntervalClass(2)

Return harmonic chromatic interval-class.

pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_chromatic_interval_from_pitch_carrier_to_pitch_carrier

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate harmonic chromatic interval from pitch carrier to pitch carrier

New in version 2.0. Calculate harmonic chromatic interval from *pitch_carrier_1* to *pitch_carrier_2*:

abjad> pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_chromatic_interval_from_pitch_carrier_to_pitch_carrier(pitcharmonicChromaticInterval(14)

Return harmonic chromatic interval.

pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_chromatic_

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_

New in version 2.0. Calculate harmonic counterpoint interval-class from pitch_carrier_1 to pitch_carrier_2:

 $abjad> pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_r\\ HarmonicCounterpointIntervalClass (2)$

Return harmonic counterpoint interval-class. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_named_pchromatic_pitch_topitchtools.calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitch_

$pitch tools. calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_chro$

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch

New in version 2.0. Calculate harmonic counterpoint interval pitch_carrier_1 to pitch_carrier_2:

abjad> pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_c HarmonicCounterpointInterval(9)

Return harmonic counterpoint interval-class.

pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_diatonic_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_chromatic_pitch

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_diatonic_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitchtools.

New in version 2.0. Calculate harmonic diatonic interval-class from *pitch_carrier_1* to *pitch_carrier_2*:

 $abjad> pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_diatonic_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_theorem icDiatonicIntervalClass('M2')$

Return harmonic diatonic interval-class.

pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_diatonic_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_chromatic_pitch

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_diatonic_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_

New in version 2.0. Calculate harmonic diatonic interval from pitch_carrier_1 to pitch_carrier_2:

 $abjad> pitchtools.calculate_harmonic_diatonic_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_chr$

Return harmonic diatonic interval.

pitchtools.calculate melodic chromatic interval class from pitch carrier to pitch carrier

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate melodic chromatic interval class from pitch carrier to pit

New in version 2.0. Calculate melodic chromatic interval-class from pitch_carrier_1 to pitch_carrier_2:

abjad> pitchtools.calculate_melodic_chromatic_interval_class_from_pitch_carrier_to_pitch_carrier MelodicChromaticIntervalClass(+2)

Return melodic chromatic interval-class.

pitchtools.calculate_melodic_chromatic_interval_from_pitch_carrier_to_pitch_carrier

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_melodic_chromatic_interval_from_pitch_carrier_to_pitch_car

New in version 2.0. Calculate melodic chromatic interval from *pitch_carrier_1* to *pitch_carrier_2*:

abjad> pitchtools.calculate_melodic_chromatic_interval_from_pitch_carrier_to_pitch_carrier(pitch_MelodicChromaticInterval(+14)

Return melodic chromatic interval.

pitchtools.calculate_melodic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_chr

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_melodic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_i

New in version 2.0. Calculate melodic counterpoint interval-class from pitch_carrier_1 to pitch_carrier_2:

abjad> pitchtools.calculate_melodic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_na
MelodicCounterpointIntervalClass(+2)

Return melodic counterpoint interval-class.

pitchtools.calculate_melodic_counterpoint_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_chromatic_pitch

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_melodic_counterpoint_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_f

New in version 2.0. Calculate melodic counterpoint interval *pitch_carrier_1* to *pitch_carrier_2*:

abjad> pitchtools.calculate_melodic_counterpoint_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_nam

Return melodic counterpoint interval.

pitchtools.calculate melodic diatonic interval class from named chromatic pitch to named chromatic pitch

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_melodic_diatonic_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitch

New in version 2.0. Calculate melodic diatonic interval-class from pitch_carrier_1 to pitch_carrier_2:

 $abjad> pitchtools.calculate_melodic_diatonic_interval_class_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_MelodicDiatonicIntervalClass('+M2')$

Return melodic diatonic interval-class.

pitchtools.calculate melodic diatonic interval from named chromatic pitch to named chromatic pitch

abjad.tools.pitchtools.calculate_melodic_diatonic_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_c

New in version 2.0. Calculate melodic diatonic interval from pitch_carrier_1 to pitch_carrier_2:

 $abjad> pitchtools.calculate_melodic_diatonic_interval_from_named_chromatic_pitch_to_named_chro$

Return melodic diatonic interval.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number (chromatic_p

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_class_name to chromatic pitch-class number:

```
abjad > pitchtools.chromatic\_pitch\_class\_name\_to\_chromatic\_pitch\_class\_number('cs') \\ 1
```

Return chromatic pitch-class number.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name (chromatic_pitch_New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_class_name to diatonic pitch-class name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name('cs')'c'
```

Return string.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_pair

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_alphabetic_a New in version 1.1. Change *chromatic_pitch_class_name* to diatonic pitch-class name / alphabetic accidental abbreviation pair:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_alphabetic_accidental_
('c', 's')
```

Return pair of strings. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.name_to_letter_accidental() to pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_alphabetic_accider

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name (chromatic_p

New in version 1.1. Change chromatic_pitch_class_number to chromatic pitch-class name:

```
abjad> for n in range(0, 13):
       pc = n / 2.0
        pitch_name_string = pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_nam
. . .
        print '%s %s' % (pc, pitch_name_string)
. . .
0.0
0.5
      cqs
1.0
      dqf
1.5
2.0
      d
2.5
      dqs
3.0
      ef
3.5
      eqf
4.0
4.5
      eqs
5.0
5.5
      fqs
6.0
      fs
```

Return string. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.pc_to_pitch_name() to pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name().

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name_with_flats

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name_with_flate New in version 1.1. Change chromatic pitch-class number to chromatic pitch-class name with flats:

```
abjad> for n in range(13):
       pc = n / 2.0
. . .
        name = pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name_with_flats()
. . .
        print '%s
                   %s' % (pc, name)
. . .
0.0
0.5
      dtqf
1.0
      df
1.5
      dqf
2.0
2.5
      etqf
3.0
      ef
3.5
      eqf
4.0
4.5
      fqf
5.0
      f
5.5
      gtqf
6.0
      qf
```

Return string. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.pc_to_pitch_name_flats() to pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name_with_flats().

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name_with_sharps

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name_with_share.

New in version 1.1. Change chromatic_pitch_class_number to chromatic pitch-class name with sharps:

```
abjad> for n in range (13):
        pc = n / 2.0
        name = pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name_with_sharps
        print '%s
                   %s' % (pc, name)
. . .
0.0
0.5
      cqs
1.0
1.5
      ctqs
2.0
      d
2.5
      dqs
3.0
      ds
3.5
      dtqs
4.0
4.5
      eqs
5.0
5.5
      fqs
6.0
      fs
```

Return string. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.pc_to_pitch_name_sharps() to pitchtools.chromatic pitch class number to chromatic pitch class name with sharps().

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number (chromatic_New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_class_number to diatonic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number(1)
0
```

Return integer.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name(chromatic_pitch_name)

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_name to chromatic pitch-class name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name("cs''")
'cs'
```

Return string.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number(chromatic_pitch_name_to)

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_class_name to chromatic pitch-class-number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number("cs''")
1
```

Return integer or float.

```
pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_number
```

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_number(chromatic_pitch_name)

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_name to chromatic pitch number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_number("cs''")
13
```

Return integer or float.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name (chromatic_pitch_name)

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic pitch name to diatonic pitch name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name("cs''")
'c'
```

Return string.

pitchtools.chromatic pitch name to diatonic pitch class number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number(chromatic_pitch_name New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_name to diatonic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number("cs''")
0
```

Return integer.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_name (chromatic_pitch_name)

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_name to diatonic pitch name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_name("cs''")    "c''"
```

Return string.

pitchtools.chromatic pitch name to diatonic pitch number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_number (chromatic_pitch_name)

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_name to diatonic pitch number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_number("cs''")
7
```

Return integer.

pitchtools.chromatic pitch name to octave number

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_octave_number(chromatic_pitch_name)

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_name to octave number:
```

den tal_

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_name_to_octave_number('cs')
3
Return integer.
```

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_names_string_to_named_chromatic_pitch_list

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_names_string_to_named_chromatic_pitch_list (chromatic_p

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_names_string to named chromatic pitch list:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_names_string_to_named_chromatic_pitch_list("cs, cs cs' cs''") [NamedChromaticPitch('cs,'), NamedChromaticPitch("cs'"), NamedChromaticPi
```

Return list of named chromatic pitches.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_and_accidental_semitones_to_octave_number

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_and_accidental_semitones_to_octave_number(chn ac-
```

New in version 1.1. Change *chromatic_pitch_number* and *accidental_semitones* to octave number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_and_accidental_semitones_to_octave_number(12, -2)
```

Return integer. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.pitch_number_and_accidental_semitones_to_octopitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_and_accidental_semitones_to_octave_number().

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_octave_nabjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_octave_nabjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_octave_nabjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_octave_nabjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_octave_nabjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_octave_nabjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_octave_nabjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_octave_nabjad.tools.pitch_octa

New in version 1.1. Change *chromatic_pitch_number* and *diatonic_pitch_class_name* to alphabetic accidental abbreviation / octave number pair:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_abbr
```

```
Return pair. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.number_letter_to_accidental_octave() to pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alphabetic_accidental_
```

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number(chromatic_pitch_number) New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_number to chromatic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number(13)
```

Return integer or float.

('ss', 5)

```
pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_name
```

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_name (chromatic_pitch_number, accidental_spelling='mixed')
```

New in version 2.0. Change *chromatic_pitch_number* to chromatic pitch name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_name(13)
"cs''"
```

Return string.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation_octave_n

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_alphabetic_accie

Change *chromatic_pitch_number* to diatonic pitch-class name / alphabetic accidental abbreviation / octave number triple:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_alphabetic_accidental_abbr
```

```
Return tuple. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.number_to_letter_accidental_octave() to pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_alphabetic_accidental_
```

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number(chromatic_pitch_number) New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_number to diatonic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number(13)
0
```

Return integer.

('c', 's', 5)

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_number (chromatic_pitch_number)

New in version 2.0. Change chromatic_pitch_number to diatonic pitch number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_number(13) ^7
```

Return integer.

pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_octave_number

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_octave_number (chromatic_pitch_number)

New in version 1.1. Change chromatic_pitch_number to octave number:
```

```
Return integer. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.pitch_number_to_octave() to
             pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_octave_number().
pitchtools.clef and staff position number to named chromatic pitch
abjad.tools.pitchtools.clef_and_staff_position_number_to_named_chromatic_pitch(clef,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               staff_position_nu
             New in version 2.0. Change clef and staff_position_number to named chromatic pitch:
             abjad> clef = contexttools.ClefMark('treble')
             abjad> for n in range (-6, 6):
                          pitch = pitchtools.clef_and_staff_position_number_to_named_chromatic_pitch(clef, n)
              ... print '%s\t%s\t%s' % (clef.clef_name_string, n, pitch)
             treble
                                      -5 d'
             treble
                                      -4 e'
             treble
                                      -3 f'
             treble
                                      -2 g'
             treble
             treble
                                      -1 a'
             treble
                                       0 b'
                                      1 c''
             treble
                                      2 d''
             treble
             treble 3 e''
                                      4 f''
             t.reble
                                      5 g''
             treble
             Return named chromatic pitch.
pitchtools.diatonic interval number and chromatic interval number to melodic diatonic interval
abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_interval_number_and_chromatic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_inte
             New in version 2.0. Change diatonic interval number and chromatic interval number to melodic diatonic
             interval:
```

abjad> pitchtools.chromatic_pitch_number_to_octave_number(13)

Return melodic diatonic interval.

MelodicDiatonicInterval('+m2')

pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number(diatonic_pitch_New in version 1.1. Change diatonic_pitch_class_name to chromatic pitch-class number:

abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_interval_number_and_chromatic_interval_number_to_melodic_diatonic_int

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number('f') 5
```

Return integer.

pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number(diatonic_pitch_New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_class_name to diatonic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number('c') _{\rm 0}
```

Return integer.

pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number (diatonic_p New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_class_number to chromatic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number(6)
11
```

Return nonnegative integer.

pitchtools.diatonic pitch class number to diatonic pitch class name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name (diatonic_pitch_New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_class_number to diatonic pitch-class name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_class_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name(0) '\,{}_{\text{C}}{}'
```

Return string.

pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name (diatonic_pitch_name) New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_name to chromatic pitch-class name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name("c''") '\,{}_{\text{C}}{}'
```

Return string.

pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number(diatonic_pitch_name)

New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_name to chromatic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number("c''") 0
```

Return integer.

pitchtools.diatonic pitch name to chromatic pitch name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_name (diatonic_pitch_name)

New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_name to chromatic pitch name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_name("c''")
     "c'/"
    Return string.
pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_number
abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_number(diatonic_pitch_name)
    New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_name to chromatic pitch number:
    abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_number("c''")
    Return integer.
pitchtools.diatonic pitch name to diatonic pitch class name
abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name(diatonic_pitch_name)
    New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_name to diatonic pitch-class name:
    abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name("c''")
    Return string.
pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number
abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number(diatonic_pitch_name)
    New in version 2.0. Change diatonic pitch name to diatonic pitch-class number:
    abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number("c''")
    Return integer.
pitchtools.diatonic pitch name to diatonic pitch number
abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_number(diatonic_pitch_name)
    New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_name to diatonic pitch number:
    abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_number("c''")
    Return integer.
pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_number
abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_number(diatonic_pitch_number)
    New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_number to chromatic pitch number:
    abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_number(7)
    Return integer.
```

pitchtools.diatonic pitch number to diatonic pitch class name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name (diatonic_pitch_number)

New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_number to diatonic pitch-class name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name(7) ^{\prime}\, {\mbox{c}}^{\prime}
```

Return string.

pitchtools.diatonic pitch number to diatonic pitch class number

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number (diatonic_pitch_number to diatonic pitch-class number:

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number(7)
0
```

Return nonnegative integer.

pitchtools.diatonic pitch number to diatonic pitch name

abjad.tools.pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_name (diatonic_pitch_number)
New in version 2.0. Change diatonic_pitch_number to diatonic pitch name:

```
abjad> pitchtools.diatonic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_name(7) "_{\text{C}'}'"
```

Return string.

pitchtools.expr_has_duplicate_named_chromatic_pitch

abjad.tools.pitchtools.expr_has_duplicate_named_chromatic_pitch(expr)

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* has duplicate named chromatic pitch. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([13, 13, 14], (1, 4))
abjad> pitchtools.expr_has_duplicate_named_chromatic_pitch(chord)
True
```

Return boolean.

pitchtools.expr has duplicate numbered chromatic pitch class

abjad.tools.pitchtools.expr_has_duplicate_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class(expr)

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* has duplicate numbered chromatic pitch-class. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([1, 13, 14], (1, 4))
abjad> pitchtools.expr_has_duplicate_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class(chord)
True
```

Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.expr_has_duplicate_numeric_chromatic_pitch to pitchtools.expr_has_duplicate_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class().

pitchtools.expr_to_melodic_chromatic_interval_segment

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.expr_to_melodic_chromatic_interval_segment (expr)
New in version 2.0. Change expr to melodic chromatic interval segment:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
abjad> pitchtools.expr_to_melodic_chromatic_interval_segment (staff)
MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment (+2, +2, +1, +2, +2, +1)
```

Return melodic chromatic interval segment.

pitchtools.get_named_chromatic_pitch_from_pitch_carrier

abjad.tools.pitchtools.get_named_chromatic_pitch_from_pitch_carrier(pitch_carrier)

New in version 1.1. Get named chromatic pitch from pitch_carrier:

```
abjad> pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('df', 5)
abjad> pitch
NamedChromaticPitch("df''")
abjad> pitchtools.get_named_chromatic_pitch_from_pitch_carrier(pitch)
NamedChromaticPitch("df''")
abjad> note = Note(('df', 5), (1, 4))
abjad> note
Note ("df''4")
abjad> pitchtools.get_named_chromatic_pitch_from_pitch_carrier(note)
NamedChromaticPitch("df''")
abjad > note = Note(('df', 5), (1, 4))
abjad> note.note_head
NoteHead("df''")
abjad> pitchtools.get_named_chromatic_pitch_from_pitch_carrier(note.note_head)
NamedChromaticPitch("df''")
abjad> chord = Chord([('df', 5)], (1, 4))
abjad> chord
Chord("<df''>4")
abjad> pitchtools.get_named_chromatic_pitch_from_pitch_carrier(chord)
NamedChromaticPitch("df''")
abjad> pitchtools.get_named_chromatic_pitch_from_pitch_carrier(13)
NamedChromaticPitch("cs''")
```

Raise missing pitch error when *pitch_carrier* carries no pitch.

Raise extra pitch error when *pitch_carrier* carries more than one pitch.

Return named chromatic pitch. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.get_pitch() to pitchtools.get_named_chromatic_pitch_from_pitch_carrier().

pitchtools.get numbered chromatic pitch class from pitch carrier

abjad.tools.pitchtools.get_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_from_pitch_carrier(pitch_carrier)

New in version 2.0. Get numbered chromatic pitch-class from pitch_carrier:

```
abjad> note = Note("cs'4")
abjad> pitchtools.get_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_from_pitch_carrier(note)
NumberedChromaticPitchClass(1)
```

Raise missing pitch error on empty chords.

Raise extra pitch error on many-note chords.

```
Return numbered chromatic pitch-class. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.get_numeric_chromatic_pitch_class_from_pitch_carrier() to pitchtools.get_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_from_pitch_carrier().
```

pitchtools.insert_and_transpose_nested_subruns_in_chromatic_pitch_class_number_list

abjad.tools.pitchtools.insert_and_transpose_nested_subruns_in_chromatic_pitch_class_number_

New in version 1.1. Insert and transpose nested subruns in *chromatic_pitch_class_number_list* according to *subrun_indicators*:

```
abjad> notes = [Note(p, (1, 4)) for p in [0, 2, 7, 9, 5, 11, 4]]
abjad> subrun_indicators = [(0, [2, 4]), (4, [3, 1])]
abjad> pitchtools.insert_and_transpose_nested_subruns_in_chromatic_pitch_class_number_list(notes
abjad> t = []
abjad> for x in notes:
... try:
... t.append(x.written_pitch.chromatic_pitch_number)
... except AttributeError:
... t.append([y.written_pitch.chromatic_pitch_number for y in x])
abjad> t
[0, [5, 7], 2, [4, 0, 6, 11], 7, 9, 5, [10, 6, 8], 11, [7], 4]
```

Set subrun_indicators to a list of zero or more (index, length_list) pairs.

For each (index, length_list) pair in *subrun_indicators* the function will read *index* mod len(notes) and insert a subrun of length length_list[0] immediately after notes[index], a subrun of length length_list[1] immediately after notes[index+1], and, in general, a subrun of length list[i] immediately after notes[index+i], for i < length(length list).

New subruns are wrapped with lists. These wrapper lists are designed to allow inspection of the structural changes to *notes* immediately after the function returns. For this reason most calls to this function will be followed by notes = seqtools.flatten_sequence(notes):

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> notes = seqtools.flatten_sequence(notes)
abjad> notes
[Note("c'4"), Note("f'4"), Note("g'4"), Note("d'4"), Note("e'4"), Note("c'4"), Note("fs'4"), Note("fs'4"),
```

This function is designed to work on a built-in Python list of notes. This function is **not** designed to work on Abjad voices, staves or other containers because the function currently implements no spanner-handling. That is, this function is designed to be used during precomposition when other, similar abstract pitch transforms may be common.

```
Return list of integers and / or floats. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.insert_transposed_pc_subruns() to pitchtools.insert_and_transpose_nested_subr
```

pitchtools.instantiate_pitch_and_interval_test_collection

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.instantiate_pitch_and_interval_test_collection() New in version 2.0. Instantiate pitch and interval test collection:
```

```
abjad> for x in pitchtools.instantiate_pitch_and_interval_test_collection(): x
HarmonicChromaticInterval(1)
HarmonicChromaticIntervalClass(1)
HarmonicCounterpointInterval(1)
HarmonicCounterpointIntervalClass(1)
HarmonicDiatonicInterval('M2')
HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass('M2')
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(1)
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('M2')
MelodicChromaticInterval(+1)
MelodicChromaticIntervalClass(+1)
MelodicCounterpointInterval(1)
MelodicCounterpointIntervalClass(+1)
MelodicDiatonicInterval('+M2')
MelodicDiatonicIntervalClass('+M2')
NamedChromaticPitch('c')
NamedChromaticPitchClass('c')
NamedDiatonicPitch('c')
NamedDiatonicPitchClass('c')
NumberedChromaticPitch(1)
NumberedChromaticPitchClass(1)
NumberedDiatonicPitch(1)
NumberedDiatonicPitchClass(1)
```

Use to test pitch and interval interface consistency.

Return list.

pitchtools.inventory aggregate subsets

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.inventory_aggregate_subsets()
    New in version 2.0. Inventory aggregate subsets:
    abjad> U_star = pitchtools.inventory_aggregate_subsets()
    abjad> len(U_star)
    4096
    abjad> for pcset in U_star[:20]:
          pcset
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([1])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0, 1])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([2])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0, 2])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([1, 2])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0, 1, 2])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([3])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0, 3])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([1, 3])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0, 1, 3])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([2, 3])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0, 2, 3])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([1, 2, 3])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0, 1, 2, 3])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([4])
    NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0, 4])
```

```
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([1, 4])
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet([0, 1, 4])
```

There are 4096 subsets of the aggregate.

This is U* in [Morris 1987].

Return list of numbered chromatic pitch-class sets.

pitchtools.inventory_inversion_equivalent_diatonic_interval_classes

abjad.tools.pitchtools.inventory_inversion_equivalent_diatonic_interval_classes() New in version 2.0. Inventory inversion-equivalent diatonic interval-classes:

```
abjad> for dic in pitchtools.inventory_inversion_equivalent_diatonic_interval_classes():
... dic
...
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('P1')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('aug1')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('m2')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('M2')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('aug2')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('dim3')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('m3')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('M3')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('dim4')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('P4')
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('aug4')
```

There are 11 inversion-equivalent diatonic interval-classes.

It is an open question as to whether octaves should be included.

Return list of inversion-equivalent diatonic interval-classes.

pitchtools.is alphabetic accidental abbreviation

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is an alphabetic accidental abbrevation. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation('tqs')
True
```

The regex $^([s]{1,2}|[f]{1,2}|t?q?[fs])!?$ \$ underlies this predicate.

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is chromatic pitch class name

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_class_name(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a chromatic pitch-class name. Otherwise false:

```
\verb|abjad>| pitchtools.is\_chromatic\_pitch\_class\_name('fs')| \\ | True|
```

The regex $([a-q, A-G]) (([s]{1,2}|[f]{1,2}|t?q?[fs]|)!?)$ sunderlies this predicate.

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_class_name_octave_number_pair

abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_class_name_octave_number_pair (expr)

New in version 1.1. True when arg has the form of a chromatic pitch-class / octave number pair. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_class_name_octave_number_pair(('cs', 5))
True
```

Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.is_pair() to pitchtools.is chromatic pitch class name octave number pair().

pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_class_number

```
\verb|abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_class_number| (\textit{expr})
```

New in version 2.0. True *expr* is a chromatic pitch-class number. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_class_number(1)
True
```

The chromatic pitch-class numbers are equal to the set [0, 0.5, ..., 11, 11.5].

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_name

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is chromatic pitch name (expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True *expr* is a chromatic pitch name. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_name('c,')
True
```

The regex $([a-g,A-G])(([s]{1,2}|[f]{1,2}|t?q?[f,s]|)!?)(,+|'+|)$ underlies this predicate.

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_number

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_number(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True *expr* is a chromatic pitch number. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_chromatic_pitch_number(13)
True
```

The chromatic pitch numbers are equal to the set of all integers in union with the set of all integers plus of minus 0.5.

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_class_name

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_class_name(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a diatonic pitch-class name. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_class_name('c')   
True
```

The regex $^[a-g, A-G]$ underlies this predicate.

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_class_number

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_class_number(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a diatonic pitch-class number. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_class_number(0)
True
```

The diatonic pitch-class numbers are equal to the set [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6].

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_name

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_name(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a diatonic pitch name. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_name("c''")
True
```

The regex ($^[a-g, A-G]$) (,+|'+|) \$ underlies this predicate.

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is diatonic pitch number

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_number(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a diatonic pitch number. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_diatonic_pitch_number(7)
True
```

The diatonic pitch numbers are equal to the set of integers.

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is diatonic quality abbreviation

```
\verb|abjad.tools.pitchtools.is\_diatonic\_quality\_abbreviation| (expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a diatonic quality abbreviation. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> pitchtools.is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation('aug')
True
```

The regex ^M|m|P|aug|dim\$ underlies this predicate.

Return boolean.

pitchtools.is_harmonic_diatonic_interval_abbreviation

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_harmonic_diatonic_interval_abbreviation(expr)
     New in version 2.0. True when expr is a harmonic diatonic interval abbreviation. Otherwise false:
     abjad> pitchtools.is_harmonic_diatonic_interval_abbreviation('M9')
     The regex ^(M|m|P|aug|dim) (\d+) $ underlies this predicate.
     Return boolean.
pitchtools.is melodic diatonic interval abbreviation
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_melodic_diatonic_interval_abbreviation(expr)
     New in version 2.0. True when expr is a melodic diatonic interval abbreviation. Otherwise false:
     abjad> pitchtools.is_melodic_diatonic_interval_abbreviation('+M9')
     True
     The regex ^([+,-]?) (M|m|P|aug|dim) (\d+) $ underlies this predicate.
     Return boolean.
pitchtools.is_named_chromatic_pitch_token
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_named_chromatic_pitch_token(pitch_token)
     New in version 1.1. True when pitch_token has the form of an Abjad pitch token. Otherwise false:
     abjad> pitchtools.is_named_chromatic_pitch_token(('c', 4))
     True
     Return boolean.
                        Changed in version 2.0:
                                                   renamed pitchtools.is_pitch_token() to
     pitchtools.is_named_chromatic_pitch_token().
pitchtools.is_octave_tick_string
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_octave_tick_string(expr)
     New in version 2.0. True when expr is an octave tick string. Otherwise false:
     abjad> pitchtools.is_octave_tick_string(',,,')
     True
     The regex ^{\wedge}, + | ' + | \$ underlies this predicate.
     Return boolean.
pitchtools.is_pitch_carrier
abjad.tools.pitchtools.is_pitch_carrier(expr)
     New in version 1.1. True when expr is an Abjad pitch, note, note-head of chord instance. Otherwise false:
     abjad> note = Note("c'4")
```

57.1. Abjad API 483

abjad> pitchtools.is_pitch_carrier(note)

True

```
Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.is_carrier() to pitchtools.is_pitch_carrier().
```

pitchtools.iterate_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_forward_in_expr

abjad.tools.pitchtools.iterate_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_forward_in_expr(expr)

New in version 2.0. Iterate left-to-right, top-to-bottom named chromatic pitch pairs in expr:

```
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad > notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("g'4")]
abjad> score.append(Staff(notes))
abjad> notes = [Note(x, (1, 4)) \text{ for } x \text{ in } [-12, -15, -17]]
abjad> score.append(Staff(notes))
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[1])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{3})
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
     \new Staff {
         c'8
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
         g′4
     \new Staff {
          \clef "bass"
         С4
         a,4
         g,4
     }
>>
abjad> for pair in pitchtools.iterate_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_forward_in_expr(score):
. . .
         pair
(NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch('c'))
({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt c'")\,,\;\;{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt d'")\,)
(NamedChromaticPitch('c'), NamedChromaticPitch("d'"))
(NamedChromaticPitch("d'"), NamedChromaticPitch("e'"))
({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt d'")\,,\ {\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,('\tt a,')\,)
({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,('\,{\tt c'}\,)\,,\,\,{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\,{\tt e'}\,")\,)
({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,('\,{\tt c'}\,)\,,\,\,{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,('\,{\tt a}\,,{\tt '}\,)\,)
(NamedChromaticPitch("e'"), NamedChromaticPitch('a,'))
({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("e'")\,,\;\;{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("f'")\,)
(NamedChromaticPitch('a,'), NamedChromaticPitch("f'"))
(NamedChromaticPitch("f'"), NamedChromaticPitch("g'"))
(NamedChromaticPitch("f'"), NamedChromaticPitch('q,'))
({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,('a,')\,,\ {\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("g'")\,)
({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,('\,{\tt a},{}'\,)\,,\,\,{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,('\,{\tt g},{}'\,)\,)
({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt g'")\,,\,\,{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,('\tt g,')\,)
Chords are handled correctly.
abjad > chord_1 = Chord([0, 2, 4], (1, 4))
abjad > chord_2 = Chord([17, 19], (1, 4))
abjad> staff = Staff([chord_1, chord_2])
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         <c' d' e'>4
         <f'' q''>4
     abjad> for pair in pitchtools.iterate_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_forward_in_expr(staff):
          print pair
     (NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("d'"))
     ({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt c'")\,,\,\,{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt e'")\,)
     (NamedChromaticPitch("d'"), NamedChromaticPitch("e'"))
     (NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("f''"))
     ({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt c'")\,,\,\,{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt g''")\,)
     ({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt d'")\,,\,\,{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt f''")\,)
     ({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt d'")\,,\,\,{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt g''")\,)
     ({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("e'")\,,\ {\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("f''")\,)
     (NamedChromaticPitch("e'"), NamedChromaticPitch("g''"))
     (NamedChromaticPitch("f''"), NamedChromaticPitch("g''"))
     Return generator.
pitchtools.list chromatic pitch numbers in expr
abjad.tools.pitchtools.list chromatic pitch numbers in expr(expr)
     New in version 2.0. List chromatic pitch numbers in expr:
     abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
     abjad> pitchtools.list_chromatic_pitch_numbers_in_expr(tuplet)
     (0, 2, 4)
     Return tuple of zero or more numbers.
pitchtools.list harmonic chromatic intervals in expr
abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_harmonic_chromatic_intervals_in_expr(expr)
     New in version 2.0. List harmonic chromatic intervals in expr:
     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
     abjad> for interval in sorted(pitchtools.list_harmonic_chromatic_intervals_in_expr(staff)):
     . . .
              interval
     HarmonicChromaticInterval(1)
     HarmonicChromaticInterval(2)
     HarmonicChromaticInterval(2)
     HarmonicChromaticInterval(3)
     HarmonicChromaticInterval(4)
     HarmonicChromaticInterval(5)
     Return unordered set.
pitchtools.list harmonic diatonic intervals in expr
abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_harmonic_diatonic_intervals_in_expr(expr)
     New in version 2.0. List harmonic diatonic intervals in expr:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> for interval in sorted(pitchtools.list_harmonic_diatonic_intervals_in_expr(staff)):
... interval
...
HarmonicDiatonicInterval('m2')
HarmonicDiatonicInterval('M2')
HarmonicDiatonicInterval('M2')
HarmonicDiatonicInterval('M2')
HarmonicDiatonicInterval('M3')
HarmonicDiatonicInterval('M3')
HarmonicDiatonicInterval('M3')
```

Return unordered set.

pitchtools.list inversion equivalent chromatic interval classes pairwise between pitch carriers

abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes_pairwise_between

New in version 2.0. List inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-classes pairwise between *pitch_carriers*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 q'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
abjad> f(staff)
   \new Staff {
                                           c'8
                                           d'8
                                           e'8
                                             f'8
                                           g′8
                                           a'8
                                          b'8
                                           c''8
   }
abjad> pitchtools.list_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes_pairwise_between_pitch_ca
   [Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (2), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Ch
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(2), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticInt
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(1)]
abjad> pitchtools.list_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes_pairwise_between_pitch_ca
   [InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(2), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(2), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalent
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(2), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticInt
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(1), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(0)]
abjad > notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("g'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("a'8"),
abjad> notes.reverse()
abjad> notes
   [Note("c''8"), Note("b'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("g'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("d'8"), Not
abjad> pitchtools.list_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes_pairwise_between_pitch_ca
   [Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (1), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (2), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (3), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (4), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (5), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (6), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (6), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (7), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Class (8), Inversion Equivalent Chromatic Interval Chromatic Inter
 InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(2), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(1), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticInt
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(2)]
abjad> pitchtools.list_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes_pairwise_between_pitch_ca
 [InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(1), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(2), Inv
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(2), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(1), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticIntervalentChromaticInt
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(2), InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass(0)]
```

```
When wrap = False do not return pitch_carriers[-1] - pitch_carriers[0] as last in series.

When wrap = True do return pitch_carriers[-1] - pitch_carriers[0] as last in series.

Return list.
```

pitchtools.list_melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers_pairwise_between_pitch_carriers

abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers_pairwise_between_pitch_carr

New in version 1.1. List melodic chromatic interval numbers pairwise between *pitch carriers*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 q'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
abjad> print staff.format
\new Staff {
                c'8
                d'8
                e'8
                f'8
                a'8
                a'8
                b'8
                c''8
abjad> pitchtools.list_melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers_pairwise_between_pitch_carriers(staff)
[2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1]
abjad> pitchtools.list_melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers_pairwise_between_pitch_carriers(staff,
[2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, -12]
abjad > notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("g'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("b'8"), Note("b'8"),
abjad> notes.reverse()
abjad> notes
[Note("c''8"), Note("b'8"), Note("a'8"), Note("q'8"), Note("f'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("b'8"), Not
abjad> pitchtools.list_melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers_pairwise_between_pitch_carriers(notes)
[-1, -2, -2, -2, -1, -2, -2]
abjad> pitchtools.list_melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers_pairwise_between_pitch_carriers(notes,
[-1, -2, -2, -2, -1, -2, -2, 12]
When wrap = False do not return pitch_carriers [-1] - pitch_carriers [0] as last in series.
When wrap = True do return pitch_carriers[-1] - pitch_carriers[0] as last in series.
Return list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.get_signed_interval_series() to
pitchtools.list_melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers_pairwise_between_pitch_carriers().
```

pitchtools.list named chromatic pitch carriers in expr sorted by numbered chromatic pitch class

abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_named_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_expr_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_notes abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_named_chromatic_pitch_carriers in expr_sorted by numbered chromatic pitch-class:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([9, 11, 12, 14, 16], (1, 4))
abjad> notes = chordtools.arpeggiate_chord(chord)
abjad> pitchtools.list_named_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_expr_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch
[Note("c''4"), Note("d''4"), Note("e''4"), Note("a'4"), Note("b'4")]
```

```
The elements in pitch_carriers are not changed in any way.
```

Return list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.list_named_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_expr_s to pitchtools.list_named_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_expr_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_exp_sorted_by_numbered_chrom

pitchtools.list_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. List named chromatic pitches in *expr*:

```
abjad> t = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[:])
abjad> pitchtools.list_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr(beam)
(NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("d'"), NamedChromaticPitch("e'"), NamedChromaticPitch("e'")
```

Return tuple.

pitchtools.list numbered chromatic pitch classes in expr

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes_in_expr(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. List numbered chromatic pitch-classes in *expr*:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([13, 14, 15], (1, 4))
abjad> pitchtools.list_numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes_in_expr(chord)
(NumberedChromaticPitchClass(1), NumberedChromaticPitchClass(2), NumberedChromaticPitchClass(3))
```

Works with notes, chords, defective chords.

```
Return tuple or zero or more numbered chromatic pitch-classes. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.list_numeric_chromatic_pitch_classes_in_expr() to pitchtools.list_numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes_in_expr().
```

pitchtools.list octave transpositions of pitch carrier within pitch range

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_octave_transpositions_of_pitch_carrier_within_pitch_range(pitch_pitch_
```

New in version 1.1. List octave transpositions of *pitch_carrier* in *pitch_range*:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([0, 2, 4], (1, 4))
abjad> pitch_range = pitchtools.PitchRange(0, 48)
abjad> pitchtools.list_octave_transpositions_of_pitch_carrier_within_pitch_range(chord, pitch_range)
[Chord("<c' d' e'>4"), Chord("<c'' d'' e''>4"), Chord("<c''' d''' e'''>4"), Chord("<c'''' d'''')</pre>
```

Return list of newly created *pitch_carrier* objects.

pitchtools.list_ordered_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_from_expr_1_to_expr_2

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_ordered_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_from_expr_1_to_expr_2 (expr_A
```

New in version 2.0. List ordered named chromatic pitch pairs from *expr_1* to *expr_2*:

```
abjad> chord_1 = Chord([0, 1, 2], (1, 4))
abjad> chord_2 = Chord([3, 4], (1, 4))
abjad> for pair in pitchtools.list_ordered_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_from_expr_1_to_expr_2(cho... pair
(NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("ef'"))
```

```
({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt c'")\,,\ {\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt e'")\,)
     (NamedChromaticPitch("cs'"), NamedChromaticPitch("ef'"))
     (NamedChromaticPitch("cs'"), NamedChromaticPitch("e'"))
     ({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt d'")\,,\,\,{\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt ef'")\,)
     (NamedChromaticPitch("d'"), NamedChromaticPitch("e'"))
    Return generator.
pitchtools.list unordered_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_in_expr
abjad.tools.pitchtools.list_unordered_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_in_expr(expr)
    New in version 2.0. List unordered named chromatic pitch pairs in expr:
    abjad> for pair in pitchtools.list_unordered_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_in_expr(Chord([0, 1, 2,
     (NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("cs'"))
     (NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("d'"))
     (NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("ef'"))
     (NamedChromaticPitch("cs'"), NamedChromaticPitch("d'"))
     (NamedChromaticPitch("cs'"), NamedChromaticPitch("ef'"))
     (NamedChromaticPitch("d'"), NamedChromaticPitch("ef'"))
    Return generator.
pitchtools.make n middle c centered pitches
abjad.tools.pitchtools.make_n_middle_c_centered_pitches(n)
    New in version 2.0. Make n middle-c centered pitches, where 0 < n:
    abjad> for p in pitchtools.make_n_middle_c_centered_pitches(5): p
    NamedChromaticPitch('f')
    NamedChromaticPitch('a')
    NamedChromaticPitch("c'")
    NamedChromaticPitch("e'")
    NamedChromaticPitch("g'")
    abjad> for p in pitchtools.make_n_middle_c_centered_pitches(4): p
    NamedChromaticPitch('g')
    NamedChromaticPitch('b')
    NamedChromaticPitch("d'")
    NamedChromaticPitch("f'")
    Return list of zero or more named chromatic pitches.
pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitch_and_clef_to_staff_position_number
abjad.tools.pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitch_and_clef_to_staff_position_number(pitch,
    New in version 2.0. Change named chromatic pitch and clef to staff position number:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
    abjad> clef = contexttools.ClefMark('treble')
    abjad> for note in staff:
         written_pitch = note.written_pitch
           number = pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitch_and_clef_to_staff_position_number(written_pitch,
```

```
print '%s\t%s' % (written_pitch, number)
c'
      -6
ď,
      -5
e′
      -4
f′
      -3
      -2
g'
a'
      -1
b'
      0
c''
      1
```

Return integer.

pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitch_tokens_to_named_chromatic_pitches

abjad.tools.pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitch_tokens_to_named_chromatic_pitches (pitch_tokens)

New in version 2.0. Change named chromatic pitch_tokens to named chromatic pitches:

```
abjad> pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitch_tokens_to_named_chromatic_pitches([0, 2, ('ef', 4)]) [NamedChromaticPitch("c'"), NamedChromaticPitch("d'"), NamedChromaticPitch("ef'")]
```

Return list of zero or more named chromatic pitches.

pitchtools.named chromatic pitches to harmonic chromatic interval class number dictionary

abjad.tools.pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitches_to_harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_number_ New in version 1.1. Change named chromatic pitches to harmonic chromatic interval-class number dictionary:

```
abjad> chord = Chord([0, 2, 11], (1, 4))
abjad> vector = pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitches_to_harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_number_d
abjad> vector
{0: 0, 1: 0, 2: 1, 3: 0, 4: 0, 5: 0, 6: 0, 7: 0, 8: 0, 9: 1, 10: 0, 11: 1}
```

 $\label{lem:constraint} Return\ dictionary.\ Changed\ in\ version\ 2.0:\ renamed\ \texttt{pitchtools.get_interval_vector()}\ to\ pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitches_to_harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_number_diction\ and the pitchtools.$

pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitches_to_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_number_dictionary

abjad.tools.pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitches_to_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_o New in version 1.1. Change named chromatic *pitches* to inversion-equivalent chromatic interval-class number dictionary:

```
Changed in version 2.0:
                                                                              works with quartertones.
                                                                                                                                                   Return dictionary.
                                                                                                                                                                                                        Changed
                                               2.0:
                                                                        renamed
                        version
                                                                                                  pitchtools.get_interval_class_vector()
           pitchtools.named_chromatic_pitches_to_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_nu
pitchtools.octave number to octave tick string
abjad.tools.pitchtools.octave_number_to_octave_tick_string(octave_number)
           New in version 2.0. Change octave_number to octave tick string:
           abjad> for octave_number in range(-1, 9):
                              print "%s\t%s" % (octave_number, pitchtools.octave_number_to_octave_tick_string(octave_r
            . . .
           -1 ,,,,
           0 ,,,
           1 ,,
           2
           3
           4
                 ,,
           5
           6 ′′′
                 ,,,,
           8 ////
           Raise type error on noninteger input.
           Return string.
pitchtools.octave tick string to octave number
abjad.tools.pitchtools.octave_tick_string_to_octave_number(tick_string)
           New in version 2.0. Change tick_string to octave number:
           abjad> pitchtools.octave_tick_string_to_octave_number("'")
           Raise type error on nonstring input.
           Raise value error on input not of tick string format.
           Return integer.
pitchtools.ordered chromatic pitch class numbers are within ordered chromatic pitch numbers
abjad.tools.pitchtools.ordered_chromatic_pitch_class_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_j
                                                                True if ordered chromatic_pitch_class_numbers'are within ordered 'chro-
           New in version 1.1.
           matic_pitch_numbers:
           abjad > pcs = [2, 7, 10]
           abjad> pitches = [6, 9, 12, 13, 14, 19, 22, 27, 28, 29, 32, 35]
           abjad> pitchtools.ordered_chromatic_pitch_class_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_o
```

57.1. Abjad API 491

Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.are_in_octave_order() to pitchtools.ordered_chromatic_pitch_class_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_pitch_numbers_are_within_ordered_ch

pitchtools.pentatonic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_number

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.pentatonic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_number (pentatonic_scale_degree, trans-pose=1, phase=0)
```

New in version 1.1. Changed *pentatonic_scale_degree* number to chromatic pitch number:

Pentatonic scale degrees may be negative:

Return integer. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.pentatonic_to_chromatic() to pitchtools.pentatonic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_number().

pitchtools.permute named chromatic pitch carrier list by twelve tone row

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.permute_named_chromatic_pitch_carrier_list_by_twelve_tone_row(pitches, row)
```

New in version 2.0. Permute named chromatic pitch carrier list by twelve-tone row:

```
abjad> notes = notetools.make_notes([17, -10, -2, 11], [Duration(1, 4)])
abjad> row = pitchtools.TwelveToneRow([10, 0, 2, 6, 8, 7, 5, 3, 1, 9, 4, 11])
abjad> pitchtools.permute_named_chromatic_pitch_carrier_list_by_twelve_tone_row(notes, row)
[Note('bf4'), Note('d4'), Note("f''4"), Note("b'4")]
```

Function works by reference only. No objects are cloned.

Return list.

-7 -16 -8 -18

pitchtools.register chromatic pitch class numbers by chromatic pitch number aggregate

abjad.tools.pitchtools.register_chromatic_pitch_class_numbers_by_chromatic_pitch_number_age

```
New in version 1.1. Register chromatic pitch_class_numbers by chromatic pitch-number aggregate:
```

```
abjad> pitchtools.register_chromatic_pitch_class_numbers_by_chromatic_pitch_number_aggregate(
... [10, 0, 2, 6, 8, 7, 5, 3, 1, 9, 4, 11],
... [10, 19, 20, 23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 30, 33, 37, 40])
[10, 24, 26, 30, 20, 19, 29, 27, 37, 33, 40, 23]
```

Return list of zero or more chromatic pitch numbers. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.registrate() to pitchtools.register_chromatic_pitch_class_numbers_by_chromati

pitchtools.respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_flats

abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(6))

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_flats(expr)

New in version 1.1. Respell named chromatic pitches in expr with flats:
```

```
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_chromatic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(st
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c′8
    cs'8
    d'8
    ef'8
    e'8
    f'8
}
abjad> pitchtools.respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_flats(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    df'8
    d'8
    ef′8
    e'8
    f'8
```

Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.make_flat() to pitchtools.respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_flats().

pitchtools.respell named chromatic pitches in expr with sharps

```
abjad.tools.pitchtools.respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_sharps (expr)
New in version 1.1. Respell named chromatic pitches in expr with sharps:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(6))
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_chromatic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(start)
```

abjad> f(staff)

```
\new Staff {
        c'8
        cs'8
        d'8
        ef'8
        e′8
        f'8
     }
    abjad> pitchtools.respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_sharps(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        cs′8
        d′8
        ds'8
        e′8
        f'8
     }
    Return none.
                      Changed in version 2.0:
                                                  renamed pitchtools.make_sharp() to
    pitchtools.respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_sharps().
pitchtools.set_ascending_named_chromatic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr
abjad.tools.pitchtools.set_ascending_named_chromatic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components
    New in version 1.1. Set ascending named chromatic pitches on nontied pitched components in expr:
    abjad> staff = Voice(notetools.make_notes(0, [(5, 32)] * 4))
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_chromatic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(st
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Voice {
        c'8 ~
        c'32
        cs'8 ~
        cs′32
        d'8 ~
        d' 32
        ef'8 ~
        ef′32
```

Used primarily in generating test file examples.

Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.chromaticize() to pitchtools.set_ascending_named_chromatic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr

pitchtools.set ascending named diatonic pitches on nontied pitched components in expr

abjad.tools.pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_

New in version 1.1. Set ascending named diatonic pitches on nontied pitched components in expr:

}

```
\new Staff {
         c'8 ~
         c′32
         d'8 ~
         d'32
         e'8 ~
         e′32
         f'8 ~
         f'32
    Used primarily in generating test file examples. New in version 2.0: Optional key_signature key-
    word argument. Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.diatonicize() to
    pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(
pitchtools.suggest clef for named chromatic pitches
abjad.tools.pitchtools.suggest_clef_for_named_chromatic_pitches(pitches,
                                                                           clefs=['treble',
                                                                            'bass'])
    New in version 1.1. Suggest clef for named chromatic pitches:
    abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes(range(-12, -6), [(1, 4)]))
    abjad> pitchtools.suggest_clef_for_named_chromatic_pitches(staff)
    ClefMark('bass')
    Suggest clef based on minimal number of ledger lines.
    Return clef mark.
                         Changed in version 2.0:
                                                  renamed pitchtools.suggest_clef() to
    pitchtools.suggest_clef_for_named_chromatic_pitches().
pitchtools.transpose chromatic pitch by melodic chromatic interval segment
abjad.tools.pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_segment (pitch
                                                                                                       ment
    New in version 2.0. Transpose chromatic pitch by melodic chromatic interval segment:
    abjad> ncp = pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch(0)
    abjad> mcis = pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment([0, -1, 2])
    abjad> pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_segment(ncp, mcis)
     [NumberedChromaticPitch(0), NumberedChromaticPitch(-1), NumberedChromaticPitch(1)]
    Transpose by each interval in segment such that each transposes the resulting pitch of the previous
    transposition.
```

abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)

abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_notes(0, [(5, 32)] * 4))

abjad> f(staff)

57.1. Abjad API 495

Return list of numbered chromatic pitches.

pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_num

abjad.tools.pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbored

New in version 1.1. Transpose *chromatic_pitch_class_number* by octaves to nearest neighbor of *chromatic_pitch_number*:

abjad> pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_neighbor_of_chromatic_pitch_chromatic_p

Resulting chromatic pitch number must be within one tritone of *pitch number*.

Return integer or float. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.nearest_neighbor() to pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_nearest_neighbor_of_ch

pitchtools.transpose chromatic pitch number by octave transposition mapping

abjad.tools.pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_number_by_octave_transposition_mapping(chromatic_pitch_number_by_octave_transposition_mapping)

New in version 1.1. Transpose *chromatic_pitch_number* by the some number of octaves up or down. Derive correct number of octaves from *mapping* where *mapping* is a list of (range_spec, octave) pairs and range_spec is, in turn, a (start, stop) pair suitable to pass to the built-in Python range() function:

```
abjad> mapping = [((-39, -13), 0), ((-12, 23), 12), ((24, 48), 24)]
```

The mapping given here comprises three (range_spec, octave) pairs. The first such pair is ((-39, -13), 0) and can be read as follows: "any pitches between -39 and -13 should be transposed into the octave rooted at pitch 0." The octave rooted at pitch 0 equals the twelve pitches range (0, 0 + 12) or $[0, 1, \ldots, 10, 11]$.

The second (range_spec, octave) pair is ((-12, 23), 12) and can be read as "any pitches between -12 and 23 should be transposed into the octave rooted at pitch 12," with the octave rooted at pitch 12 equal to the twelve pitches range (12, 12 + 12) or [12, 13, ..., 22, 23].

The third and last (range_spec, octave) pair is ((24, 48), 24) and can be read as "any pitches between 24 and 48 should be transposed to the octave rooted at 24," with the octave rooted at 24 equal to the twelve pitches range (24, 24, + 12) or [24, 25, ..., 34, 35].

The mapping given here divides the compass of the piano, from -39 to 48, into three disjunct subranges and then explains how to transpose pitches found in any of those three disjunct subranges. This means that, for example, all the f-sharps within the range of the piano now undergo a known transposition under *mapping* as defined here:

```
abjad> pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_number_by_octave_transposition_mapping(-30, mapping)
```

We verify that pitch -30 should map to pitch 6 by noticing that pitch -30 falls in the first of the three subranges defined by *mapping* from -39 to -13 and then noting that *mapping* sends pitches with that subrange to the octave rooted at pitch 0. The octave transposition of -30 that falls within the octave rooted at 0 is 6:

```
abjad> pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_number_by_octave_transposition_mapping(-18, mapping)
```

Likewise, *mapping* sends pitch -18 to pitch 6 because pitch -18 falls in the same subrange from -39 to -13 as did pitch -39 and so undergoes the same transposition to the octave rooted at 0.

In this way we can map all f-sharps from -39 to 48 according to *mapping*:

pin

```
abjad> pitch_numbers = [-30, -18, -6, 6, 18, 30, 42]
          abjad> for n in pitch_numbers:
          ... n, pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_number_by_octave_transposition_mapping(n, mapping)
          (-30, 6)
          (-18, 6)
          (-6, 18)
          (6, 18)
          (18, 18)
          (30, 30)
          (42, 30)
          And so on.
          Return
                                                                                                         Changed
                                                                                                                                in
                                                                                                                                           version
                                                                                                                                                                2.0:
                                                                                                                                                                                     renamed
                             chromatic
                                                      pitch
                                                                      number.
          pitchtools.send_pitch_number_to_octave() to pitchtools.transpose_chromatic_pitch_number_i
pitchtools.transpose_named_chromatic_pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell
abjad.tools.pitchtools.transpose_named_chromatic_pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_re
          New in version 1.1. Transpose named chromatic pitch by melodic_chromatic_interval and respell staff_spaces
          above or below:
          abjad> pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch(0)
          abjad> pitchtools.transpose_named_chromatic_pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_and_respell(pitch_by_melodic_interval_an
          NamedChromaticPitch("dtqf'")
          Return
                                         named
                                                           chromatic
                                                                                   pitch.
                                                                                                               Changed
                                                                                                                                   in
                                                                                                                                              version
                                                                                                                                                                  2.0:
                            new
          pitchtools.staff_space_transpose() to pitchtools.transpose_named_chromatic_pitch_by_melo-
pitchtools.transpose_pitch_carrier_by_melodic_interval
abjad.tools.pitchtools.transpose_pitch_carrier_by_melodic_interval (pitch_carrier,
                                                                                                                                                                       melodic interval)
          New in version 2.0. Transpose pitch carrier by diatonic melodic interval:
          abjad> chord = Chord("<c' e' q'>4")
          abjad> pitchtools.transpose_pitch_carrier_by_melodic_interval(chord, '+m2')
          Chord("<df' f' af'>4")
          Transpose pitch_carrier by chromatic melodic_interval:
          abjad> chord = Chord("<c' e' g'>4")
          abjad> pitchtools.transpose_pitch_carrier_by_melodic_interval(chord, 1)
          Chord("<cs' f' af'>4")
          Return non-pitch-carrying input unchaged:
          abjad> rest = Rest('r4')
          abjad> pitchtools.transpose_pitch_carrier_by_melodic_interval(rest, 1)
          Rest('r4')
          Return pitch_carrier.
```

```
pitchtools.transpose_pitch_expr_into_pitch_range
```

```
pitch_range)
New in version 2.0. Transpose pitch_expr into pitch_range:

abjad> pitchtools.transpose_pitch_expr_into_pitch_range([-2, -1, 13, 14], pitchtools.PitchRange([10, 11, 1, 2])
```

Return new pitch_expr object.

resttools

resttools.MultiMeasureRest

```
class abjad.tools.resttools.MultiMeasureRest(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.resttools.Rest.Rest.Rest New in version 2.0. Abjad model of a multi-
measure rest:
    abjad> resttools.MultiMeasureRest((1, 4))
    MultiMeasureRest('R4')
```

abjad.tools.pitchtools.transpose_pitch_expr_into_pitch_range(pitch_expr,

Multi-measure rests are immutable.

resttools.Rest

```
class abjad.tools.resttools.Rest(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.leaftools._Leaf._Leaf._Leaf
    Abjad model of a rest:
    abjad> Rest((3, 16))
    Rest('r8.')
```

resttools.is_lilypond_rest_string

```
New in version 2.0. True when expr is a LilyPond rest string:

abjad> resttools.is_lilypond_rest_string('r4.. * 1/2')
True

Otherwise false:

abjad> resttools is lilypond_rest_string('text')
```

abjad.tools.resttools.is_lilypond_rest_string(expr)

```
abjad> resttools.is_lilypond_rest_string('text')
False
```

The regex $(r|R) \s* (1|2|4|8|16|32|64|128|\breve|\longa|\maxima) \s* (\.*) \s* (*\s* (\d+ (/\d+ underlies this predicate.$

Return boolean.

resttools.iterate_rests_backward_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.resttools.iterate_rests_backward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
New in version 2.0. Iterate rests backward in expr:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("<e' g' c''>8 a'8 r8 <d' f' b'>8 r2")
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        <e' g' c''>8
        a'8
        r8
         <d' f' b'>8
         r2
     }
    abjad> for rest in resttools.iterate_rests_backward_in_expr(staff):
     ... rest
    Rest('r2')
    Rest('r8')
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
resttools.iterate_rests_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.resttools.iterate_rests_forward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate rests forward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff("<e' g' c''>8 a'8 r8 <d' f' b'>8 r2")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        <e' g' c''>8
        a′8
        r8
         <d' f' b'>8
         r2
     }
    abjad> for rest in resttools.iterate_rests_forward_in_expr(staff):
     ... rest
    Rest('r8')
    Rest('r2')
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
resttools.make multi measure rests
abjad.tools.resttools.make_multi_measure_rests(duration_tokens)
    New in version 2.0. Make multi-measure rests from duration_tokens:
    abjad> resttools.make_multi_measure_rests([(4, 4), (7, 4)])
     [MultiMeasureRest('R1'), MultiMeasureRest('R1..')]
    Return list.
```

```
resttools.make repeated rests from time signature
```

```
abjad.tools.resttools.make_repeated_rests_from_time_signature(time_signature)

New in version 2.0. Make repeated rests from time_signature:
```

```
abjad> resttools.make_repeated_rests_from_time_signature((5, 32))
[Rest('r32'), Rest('r32'), Rest('r32'), Rest('r32'), Rest('r32')]
```

Return list of newly constructed rests.

resttools.make_repeated_rests_from_time_signatures

```
abjad.tools.resttools.make_repeated_rests_from_time_signatures(time_signatures)

Make repated rests from time signatures:
```

```
resttools.make_repeated_rests_from_time_signatures([(2, 8), (3, 32)])
[[Rest('r8'), Rest('r8')], [Rest('r32'), Rest('r32'), Rest('r32')]]
```

Return two-dimensional list of newly constructed rest lists.

Use seqtools.flatten_sequence() to flatten output if required.

resttools.make_rests

```
abjad.tools.resttools.make_rests (duration_tokens, direction='big-endian', tied=False)
New in version 1.1. Make rests.
```

Make big-endian rests:

```
abjad> resttools.make_rests([(5, 16), (9, 16)], direction = 'big-endian')
[Rest('r4'), Rest('r16'), Rest('r2'), Rest('r16')]
```

Make little-endian rests:

```
abjad> resttools.make_rests([(5, 16), (9, 16)], direction = 'little-endian') [Rest('r16'), Rest('r4'), Rest('r16'), Rest('r2')]
```

Make tied rests:

```
abjad> voice = Voice(resttools.make_rests([(5, 16), (9, 16)], tied = True))
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
    r4 ~
    r16
    r2 ~
    r16
}
```

Return list of rests. Changed in version 2.0: renamed construct.rests() to resttools.make_rests().

resttools.set_vertical_positioning_pitch_on_rest

```
abjad.tools.resttools.set_vertical_positioning_pitch_on_rest(rest, pitch)
New in version 2.0. Set vertical positioning pitch on rest:
```

```
abjad > rest = Rest((1, 4))
    abjad> resttools.set_vertical_positioning_pitch_on_rest(rest, "d''")
    Rest('r4')
    abjad> f(rest)
    d''4 \rest
    Raise type error when rest is not a rest.
    Return rest.
resttools.yield groups of rests in sequence
abjad.tools.resttools.yield_groups_of_rests_in_sequence(sequence)
    New in version 2.0. Yield groups of rests in sequence:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 r8 r8 <e' g'>8 <f' a'>8 g'8 a'8 r8 r8 <b' d''>8 <c'' e''>8")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c′8
        d'8
         r8
         r8
         <e' q'>8
         <f' a'>8
         g′8
         a'8
         r8
        r8
         <b' d''>8
         <c'' e''>8
     }
    abjad> for rest in resttools.yield_groups_of_rests_in_sequence(staff):
     . . .
             rest
     . . .
     (Rest('r8'), Rest('r8'))
     (Rest('r8'), Rest('r8'))
    Return generator.
schemetools
schemetools.SchemeAssociativeList
class abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeAssociativeList
    Bases: tuple, abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Abjad
    model of Scheme associative list:
    abjad> schemetools.SchemeAssociativeList(('space', 2), ('padding', 0.5))
    SchemeAssociativeList(SchemePair('space', 2), SchemePair('padding', 0.5))
```

57.1. Abjad API 501

Scheme associative lists are immutable.

format

LilyPond input format of Scheme associative list:

```
abjad> scheme_associative_list = schemetools.SchemeAssociativeList(('space', 2), ('padding',
abjad> scheme_associative_list.format
"#'((space . 2) (padding . 0.5))"
```

Return string.

schemetools.SchemeBoolean

```
class abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeBoolean
    Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
    Abjad model of Scheme boolean:
    abjad> schemetools.SchemeBoolean(True)
    SchemeBoolean(True)
```

Scheme variables are immutable.

arg

format

LilyPond input format of Scheme boolean:

```
abjad> scheme_boolean = schemetools.SchemeBoolean(True)
abjad> scheme_boolean.format
'##t'
```

Return string.

schemetools.SchemeColor

```
{\bf class} \; {\tt abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeColor} \\
```

```
Bases: abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator._StrictComparator, abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
```

Abjad model of Scheme color:

```
abjad> schemetools.SchemeColor('ForestGreen')
SchemeColor('ForestGreen')
```

Scheme colors are immutable.

color name

format

LilyPond input format of Scheme color:

```
abjad> scheme_color = schemetools.SchemeColor('ForestGreen')
abjad> scheme_color.format
"#(x11-color 'ForestGreen)"
```

Return string.

schemetools.SchemeFunction

schemetools.SchemeMoment

```
class abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeMoment
    Bases:         abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator,
        abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
    Abjad model of LilyPond moment:
    abjad> schemetools.SchemeMoment(1, 68)
    SchemeMoment(1, 68)
```

Initialize scheme moments with a single fraction, two integers or another scheme moment.

Scheme moments are immutable.

duration

Duration of scheme moment:

```
abjad> scheme_moment = schemetools.SchemeMoment(1, 68)
abjad> scheme_moment.duration
Fraction(1, 68)
```

Return duration.

format

LilyPond input format of scheme moment:

```
abjad> scheme_moment = schemetools.SchemeMoment(1, 68)
abjad> scheme_moment.format
'#(ly:make-moment 1 68)'
```

Return string.

schemetools.SchemeNumber

```
class abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeNumber
    Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
```

```
Abjad model of Scheme number:
```

```
abjad> schemetools.SchemeNumber(1.1)
SchemeNumber(1.1...)
```

Scheme numbers are immutable.

format

LilyPond input format of Scheme number:

```
abjad> scheme_number = schemetools.SchemeNumber(1.1)
abjad> scheme_number.format
'#1.1'
```

Return string.

number

schemetools.SchemePair

```
class abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemePair
```

```
Bases: tuple, abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable
```

Abjad model of Scheme pair:

```
abjad> schemetools.SchemePair('spacing', 4)
SchemePair('spacing', 4)
```

Initialize Scheme pairs with a tuple, two separate values or another Scheme pair.

Scheme pairs are immutable.

format

LilyPond input format of Scheme pair:

```
abjad> scheme_pair = schemetools.SchemePair('spacing', 4)
abjad> scheme_pair.format
"#'(spacing . 4)"
```

Return string.

schemetools.SchemeString

```
class abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeString
```

```
Bases: abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator._StrictComparator, abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
```

Abjad model of Scheme string:

```
abjad> schemetools.SchemeString('grace')
SchemeString('grace')
```

Scheme strings are immutable.

format

LilyPond input format of Scheme string:

```
abjad> scheme_string = schemetools.SchemeString('grace')
abjad> scheme_string.format
'#"grace"'
```

Return string.

schemetools.SchemeVariable

```
class abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeVariable
    Bases:    abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator,
    abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
    Abjad model of Scheme variable:
    abjad> schemetools.SchemeVariable('grace')
    SchemeVariable('grace')
```

Scheme variables are immutable.

format

LilyPond input format of Scheme variable:

abjad> scheme_variable = schemetools.SchemeVariable('UP') abjad> scheme_variable.format '#UP'

Return string.

schemetools.SchemeVector

```
class abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeVector
```

Bases: tuple, abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Abjad model of Scheme vector:

```
abjad> schemetools.SchemeVector(True, True, False)
SchemeVector(True, True, False)
```

Scheme vectors and Scheme vector constants differ in only their LilyPond input format.

Scheme vectors are immutable.

format

LilyPond input format of Scheme vector:

```
abjad> scheme_vector = schemetools.SchemeVector(True, True, False)
abjad> scheme_vector.format
"#'(#t #t #f)"
```

Return string.

schemetools.SchemeVectorConstant

```
class abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeVectorConstant
```

Bases: tuple, abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Abjad model of Scheme vector constant:

```
abjad> schemetools.SchemeVectorConstant(True, True, False)
SchemeVectorConstant(True, True, False)
```

Scheme vectors and Scheme vector constants differ in only their LilyPond input format.

Scheme vector constants are immutable.

format

LilyPond input format of scheme vector constant:

```
abjad> scheme_vector_constant = schemetools.SchemeVectorConstant(True, True, False)
abjad> scheme_vector_constant.format
"#'#(#t #t #f)"
```

Return string.

scoretools

scoretools.GrandStaff

```
class abjad.tools.scoretools.GrandStaff(music)
    Bases: abjad.tools.scoretools.StaffGroup.StaffGroup.StaffGroup
    Abjad model of grand staff:
    abjad> staff_1 = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4 g'1")
    abjad> staff_2 = Staff("g2 f2 e1")
    abjad> grand_staff = scoretools.GrandStaff([staff_1, staff_2])
    abjad> f(grand_staff)
    \new GrandStaff <<
         \new Staff {
            c'4
            d'4
            e'4
            f'4
            q'1
         \new Staff {
            g2
            f2
            e1
```

Return grand staff.

scoretools.PianoStaff

```
e′4
            f'4
            g′1
         \new Staff {
            g2
             f2
            е1
    >>
    Return piano staff.
scoretools.Score
class abjad.tools.scoretools.Score (music=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools._Context._Context
    Abjad model of a score:
    abjad> staff_1 = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> staff_2 = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> score = Score([staff_1, staff_2])
    abjad> f(score)
    \new Score <<
        \new Staff {
            c'8
            d'8
            e'8
            f'8
         \new Staff {
            c'8
            d'8
            e'8
            f'8
    >>
    Return score object.
scoretools.StaffGroup
class abjad.tools.scoretools.StaffGroup (music=[], **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools._Context._Context
    Abjad model of staff group:
    abjad> staff_1 = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4 q'1")
    abjad> staff_2 = Staff("g2 f2 e1")
```

57.1. Abjad API 507

abjad> staff_group = scoretools.StaffGroup([staff_1, staff_2])

d'4 e'4

```
f'4
             g′1
         \new Staff {
             g2
             f2
             e1
    >>
    Return staff group.
scoretools.add double bar to end of score
abjad.tools.scoretools.add_double_bar_to_end_of_score(score)
    New in version 2.0. Add double bar to end of score:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4")
    abjad> scoretools.add_double_bar_to_end_of_score(staff)
    LilyPondCommandMark('bar "|."')(f'4)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c′4
        d'4
        e′4
         f'4
         \bar "|."
    Return double bar.
scoretools.add_markup_to_end_of_score
abjad.tools.scoretools.add_markup_to_end_of_score (score, markup, extra_offset=None)
    New in version 2.0. Add markup to end of score:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4 f'4")
    abjad> markup = r'\italic \right-column { "Bremen - Boston - Los Angeles." "Jul 2010 - May 2011.
    abjad> markup = markuptools.Markup(markup, 'down')
    abjad> scoretools.add_markup_to_end_of_score(staff, markup, (4, -2))
    Markup('\\italic \\right-column { "Bremen - Boston - Los Angeles." "Jul 2010 - May 2011." }', 'c
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'4
        d'4
        e′4
         \once \override TextScript #'extra-offset = #'(4 . -2)
         f'4 _ \markup { \italic \right-column { "Bremen - Boston - Los Angeles." "Jul 2010 - May 201
```

Return markup.

scoretools.get_first_score_in_improper_parentage_of_component

abjad.tools.scoretools.get_first_score_in_improper_parentage_of_component (component) New in version 2.0. Get first score in improper parentage of component:

Return score or none.

scoretools.get first score in proper parentage of component

abjad.tools.scoretools.get_first_score_in_proper_parentage_of_component (component) New in version 2.0. Get first score in proper parentage of component:

Return score or none.

scoretools.iterate_scores_backward_in_expr

abjad.tools.scoretools.iterate_scores_backward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
New in version 2.0. Iterate scores backward in expr:

```
abjad> score_1 = Score([Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")])
abjad> score_2 = Score([Staff("c'1"), Staff("g'1")])
abjad> scores = [score_1, score_2]
```

```
abjad> for score in scoretools.iterate_scores_backward_in_expr(scores):
     ... score
    Score<<2>>
    Score<<1>>
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
scoretools.iterate_scores_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.scoretools.iterate_scores_forward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate scores forward in expr:
    abjad> score_1 = Score([Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")])
    abjad> score_2 = Score([Staff("c'1"), Staff("g'1")])
    abjad> scores = [score_1, score_2]
    abjad> for score in scoretools.iterate_scores_forward_in_expr(scores):
     ... score
    Score<<1>>
    Score << 2>>
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
scoretools.make_empty_piano_score
abjad.tools.scoretools.make_empty_piano_score()
    New in version 1.1. Make empty piano score:
    abjad> score, treble, bass = scoretools.make_empty_piano_score()
    abjad> f(score)
     \new Score <<
         \new PianoStaff <<
             \context Staff = "treble" {
                 \clef "treble"
             \context Staff = "bass" {
                 \clef "bass"
         >>
    >>
    Return
            score,
                     treble
                            staff,
                                    bass
                                          staff.
                                                      Changed
                                                               in version
                                                                            2.0:
                                                                                     renamed
    scoretools.make_piano_staff() to scoretools.make_empty_piano_score().
scoretools.make piano score from leaves
abjad.tools.scoretools.make_piano_score_from_leaves(leaves,
                                                                                    low-
                                                             est treble pitch=NamedChromaticPitch('b'))
    New in version 2.0. Make piano score from leaves:
```

```
abjad> notes = [Note(x, (1, 4)) for x in [-12, 37, -10, 2, 4, 17]]
abjad> score, treble_staff, bass_staff = scoretools.make_piano_score_from_leaves(notes)
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new PianoStaff <<</pre>
        \context Staff = "treble" {
            \clef "treble"
            r4
            cs'''4
            r4
            d'4
            e′4
            f''4
        \context Staff = "bass" {
            \clef "bass"
            С4
            r4
            d4
            r4
            r4
            r4
        }
   >>
```

Return score, treble staff, bass staff.

scoretools.make_piano_sketch_score_from_leaves

```
abjad.tools.scoretools.make_piano_sketch_score_from_leaves(leaves,
                                                                                   low-
                                                                     est_treble_pitch=NamedChromaticPitch('b'))
    New in version 2.0. Make piano sketch score from leaves:
    abjad> notes = notetools.make_notes([-12, -10, -8, -7, -5, 0, 2, 4, 5, 7], [(1, 4)])
    abjad> score, treble_staff, bass_staff = scoretools.make_piano_sketch_score_from_leaves(notes)
    abjad> f(score)
    \new Score \with {
         \override BarLine #'stencil = ##f
         \override BarNumber #'transparent = ##t
         \override SpanBar #'stencil = ##f
         \override TimeSignature #'transparent = ##t
    } <<
         \new PianoStaff <<</pre>
             \context Staff = "treble" {
                 \clef "treble"
                 #(set-accidental-style 'forget)
                 r4
                 r4
                 r4
                 r4
                 r4
                 c'4
                 d'4
                 e′4
```

```
f'4
             g′4
        \context Staff = "bass" {
             \clef "bass"
             #(set-accidental-style 'forget)
             С4
             d4
             e4
             f4
             g4
             r4
             r4
             r4
             r4
             r4
   >>
>>
```

Make time signatures and bar numbers transparent.

Do not print bar lines or span bars.

Set all staff accidental styles to forget.

Return score, treble staff, bass staff.

scoretools.make_pitch_array_score_from_pitch_arrays

```
abjad.tools.scoretools.make_pitch_array_score_from_pitch_arrays(pitch_arrays)
    New in version 2.0. Make pitch-array score from pitch_arrays:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import pitcharraytools
    abjad> array_1 = pitcharraytools.PitchArray([
         [1, (2, 1), ([-2, -1.5], 2)],
           [(7, 2), (6, 1), 1]])
    abjad> array_2 = pitcharraytools.PitchArray([
     ... [1, 1, 1],
          [1, 1, 1]])
     . . .
    abjad> score = scoretools.make_pitch_array_score_from_pitch_arrays([array_1, array_2])
    abjad> f(score)
    \new Score <<
         \new StaffGroup <<
             \new Staff {
                     \time 4/8
                     r8
                     d'8
                     <bf bqf>4
                     \times 3/8
                     r8
```

```
r8
                      r8
              \new Staff {
                  {
                      \times 4/8
                      g′4
                      fs'8
                      r8
                      \times 3/8
                      r8
                      r8
                      r8
             }
         >>
     >>
     Create one staff per pitch-array row.
     Return score.
skiptools
skiptools.Skip
class abjad.tools.skiptools.Skip(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: abjad.tools.leaftools._Leaf._Leaf._Leaf
     Abjad model of a LilyPond skip:
     abjad> skiptools.Skip((3, 16))
     Skip('s8.')
     Return skip.
skiptools.iterate_skips_backward_in_expr
abjad.tools.skiptools.iterate_skips_backward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
     New in version 2.0. Iterate skips backward in expr:
     abjad> staff = Staff("<e' g' c''>8 a'8 s8 <d' f' b'>8 s2")
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         <e' g' c''>8
         a'8
         <d' f' b'>8
         s2
     }
     abjad> for skip in skiptools.iterate_skips_backward_in_expr(staff):
     ... skip
```

```
Skip('s2')
    Skip('s8')
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
skiptools.iterate_skips_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.skiptools.iterate_skips_forward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate skips forward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff("<e' q' c''>8 a'8 s8 <d' f' b'>8 s2")
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        <e' g' c''>8
         a'8
         s8
         <d' f' b'>8
         s2
     }
    abjad> for skip in skiptools.iterate_skips_forward_in_expr(staff):
    Skip('s8')
    Skip('s2')
    Ignore threads.
    Return generator.
skiptools.make repeated skips from time signature
abjad.tools.skiptools.make_repeated_skips_from_time_signature(time_signature)
    New in version 2.0. Make repeated skips from time_signature:
    abjad> skiptools.make_repeated_skips_from_time_signature((5, 32))
     [Skip('s32'), Skip('s32'), Skip('s32'), Skip('s32'), Skip('s32')]
    Return list of skips.
skiptools.make repeated skips from time signatures
abjad.tools.skiptools.make_repeated_skips_from_time_signatures(time_signatures)
    Make repated skips from time_signatures:
```

skiptools.make_repeated_skips_from_time_signatures([(2, 8), (3, 32)]) [[Skip('s8'), Skip('s8')], [Skip('s32'), Skip('s32'), Skip('s32')]]

Return list of skip lists.

skiptools.make_skips_with_multiplied_durations

s8

```
abjad.tools.skiptools.make_skips_with_multiplied_durations(written_duration, mul-
                                                                      tiplied_durations)
    New in version 2.0. Make written_duration skips with multiplied_durations:
    abjad> skiptools.make_skips_with_multiplied_durations(Duration(1, 4), [(1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (
     [Skip('s4 * 2'), Skip('s4 * 4/3'), Skip('s4 * 1'), Skip('s4 * 4/5')]
    Useful for making invisible layout voices.
    Return list of skips. Changed in version 2.0: renamed construct.skips_with_multipliers() to
     skiptools.make_skips_with_multiplied_durations().
skiptools.replace leaves in expr with skips
abjad.tools.skiptools.replace_leaves_in_expr_with_skips(expr)
    New in version 1.1. Replace leaves in expr with skips:
    abjad> staff = Staff (Measure ((2, 8), "c' 8 d' 8") * 2)
    abjad> skiptools.replace_leaves_in_expr_with_skips(staff[0])
    abjad> print staff.format
     \new Staff {
         {
             \time 2/8
             s8
             s8
         }
         {
             \times 2/8
             c'8
             d'8
         }
     }
    Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed leaftools.replace leaves with skips in () to
     skiptools.replace_leaves_in_expr_with_skips().
skiptools.yield groups of skips in sequence
abjad.tools.skiptools.yield_groups_of_skips_in_sequence(sequence)
    New in version 2.0. Yield groups of skips in sequence:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 s8 s8 <e' g'>8 <f' a'>8 g'8 a'8 s8 s8 <b' d''>8 <c'' e''>8")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c′8
         d'8
         s8
         s8
         <e' g'>8
         <f' a'>8
         g'8
         a'8
         s8
```

```
<b' d''>8
        <c'' e''>8
    abjad> for skip in skiptools.yield_groups_of_skips_in_sequence(staff):
            skip
     (Skip('s8'), Skip('s8'))
     (Skip('s8'), Skip('s8'))
    Return generator.
spannertools
spannertools.BeamSpanner
class abjad.tools.spannertools.BeamSpanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
    Abjad beam spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'2")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
        g′2
    abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:4])
    BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8 ]
        g'2
    Return beam spanner.
spannertools.BracketSpanner
class abjad.tools.spannertools.BracketSpanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.TextSpanner.TextSpanner.TextSpanner
    Abjad bracket spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.BracketSpanner(staff[:])
    BracketSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text = #(markup #:draw-line '(0 . -1))
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left-broken #'text = ##f
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text = #(markup #:draw-line '(0 . -1))
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right-broken #'text = ##f
    \override TextSpanner #'color = #red
    \override TextSpanner #'dash-fraction = #1
    \override TextSpanner #'staff-padding = #2
    \override TextSpanner #'thickness = #1.5
    c'8 \startTextSpan
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 \stopTextSpan
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left-broken #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right-broken #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'color
    \revert TextSpanner #'dash-fraction
    \revert TextSpanner #'staff-padding
    \revert TextSpanner #'thickness
}
```

Render 1.5-unit thick solid red spanner.

Draw nibs at beginning and end of spanner.

Do not draw nibs at line breaks.

Return bracket spanner.

spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner(components=None, lone=False)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.BeamSpanner.BeamSpanner
```

Abjad complex beam spanner:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'16 e'16 r16 f'16 g'2")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'16
    e'16
    r16
    f'16
    g'2
abjad> spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner(staff[:4])
ComplexBeamSpanner(c'16, e'16, r16, f'16)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \set stemLeftBeamCount = #0
    \set stemRightBeamCount = #2
    c'16 [
    \set stemLeftBeamCount = #2
```

```
\set stemRightBeamCount = #2
e'16 ]
r16
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #2
\set stemRightBeamCount = #0
f'16 [ ]
g'2
}
```

Return complex beam spanner.

lone

Beam lone leaf and force beam nibs to left:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'16")
abjad> beam = spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner([note], lone = 'left')
abjad> f(note)
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #2
\set stemRightBeamCount = #0
c'16 [ ]
```

Beam lone leaf and force beam nibs to right:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'16")
abjad> beam = spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner([note], lone = 'right')
abjad> f(note)
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #0
\set stemRightBeamCount = #2
c'16 [ ]
```

Beam lone leaf and force beam nibs to both left and right:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'16")
abjad> beam = spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner([note], lone = 'both')
abjad> f(note)
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #2
\set stemRightBeamCount = #2
c'16 [ ]
```

Beam lone leaf and accept LilyPond default nibs at both left and right:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'16")
abjad> beam = spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner([note], lone = True)
abjad> f(note)
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #2
\set stemRightBeamCount = #2
c'16 [ ]
```

Do not beam lone leaf:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'16")
         abjad> beam = spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner([note], lone = False)
         abjad> f(note)
         c'16
         Set to 'left', 'right', 'both', true or false as shown above.
         Ignore this setting when spanner contains more than one leaf.
spannertools.CrescendoSpanner
class abjad.tools.spannertools.CrescendoSpanner(components=None, include_rests=True)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.HairpinSpanner.HairpinSpanner.HairpinSpanner
    Abjad crescendo spanner that includes rests:
    abjad> staff = Staff("r4 c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 r4")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         r4
         c'8
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8
         r4
    abjad> spannertools.CrescendoSpanner(staff[:], include_rests = True)
    CrescendoSpanner(r4, c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, r4)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        r4 \<
         c′8
         d′8
         e'8
         f′8
         r4 \!
    Abjad crescendo spanner that does not include rests:
    abjad> staff = Staff("r4 c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 r4")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         r4
         c′8
```

}

d'8 e'8 f'8 r4

```
abjad> spannertools.CrescendoSpanner(staff[:], include_rests = False)
CrescendoSpanner(r4, c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, r4)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    r4
    c'8 \<
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 \!
    r4
}</pre>
```

Return crescendo spanner.

spannertools.DecrescendoSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.DecrescendoSpanner(components=None,
                                                                                     in-
                                                        clude rests=True)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.HairpinSpanner.HairpinSpanner.HairpinSpanner
    Abjad decrescendo spanner that includes rests:
    abjad> staff = Staff("r4 c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 r4")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        r4
        c′8
        d'8
        e′8
         f'8
         r4
     }
    abjad> spannertools.DecrescendoSpanner(staff[:], include_rests = True)
    DecrescendoSpanner(r4, c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, r4)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        r4 \>
         c'8
        d'8
         e′8
         f'8
         r4 \!
     }
    Abjad decrescendo spanner that does not include rests:
    abjad> staff = Staff("r4 c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 r4")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        r4
         c′8
         d'8
         e′8
```

```
f'8
   r4
}

abjad> spannertools.DecrescendoSpanner(staff[:], include_rests = False)
DecrescendoSpanner(r4, c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, r4)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r4
   c'8 \>
   d'8
   e'8
   f'8 \!
   r4
}
```

Return decrescendo spanner.

spannertools.DuratedComplexBeamSpanner

```
 \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{class} \text{ abjad.tools.spannertools.} \textbf{DuratedComplexBeamSpanner} (\textit{components=None}, & \textit{du-rations=None}, & \textit{span=1}, \\ & \textit{lone=False}) \end{array}
```

 $Bases: \verb|abjad.tools.spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner.ComplexBeamSpan$

Abjad durated complex beam spanner:

```
staff = Staff("c'16 d'16 e'16 f'16")
durations = [Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8)]
beam = spannertools.DuratedComplexBeamSpanner(staff[:], durations, 1)
f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \set stemLeftBeamCount = #0
    \set stemRightBeamCount = #2
    c'16 [
    \set stemLeftBeamCount = #2
    \set stemRightBeamCount = #1
    d'16
    \set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
    \set stemRightBeamCount = #2
    e′16
    \set stemLeftBeamCount = #2
    \set stemRightBeamCount = #0
    f'16 ]
```

Beam all beamable leaves in spanner explicitly.

Group leaves in spanner according to durations.

Span leaves between duration groups according to span.

Return durated complex beam spanner.

durations

Get spanner leaf group durations:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'16 d'16 e'16 f'16")
         abjad> durations = [Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8)]
         abjad> beam = spannertools.DuratedComplexBeamSpanner(staff[:], durations)
         abjad> beam.durations
         [Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8)]
         Set spanner leaf group durations:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'16 d'16 e'16 f'16")
         abjad> durations = [Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8)]
         abjad> beam = spannertools.DuratedComplexBeamSpanner(staff[:], durations)
         abjad> beam.durations = [Duration(1, 4)]
         abjad> beam.durations
         [Duration(1, 4)]
         Set iterable.
    span
         Get top-level beam count:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'16 d'16 e'16 f'16")
         abjad> durations = [Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8)]
         abjad> beam = spannertools.DuratedComplexBeamSpanner(staff[:], durations, 1)
         abjad> beam.span
         Set top-level beam count:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'16 d'16 e'16 f'16")
         abjad> durations = [Duration(1, 8), Duration(1, 8)]
         abjad> beam = spannertools.DuratedComplexBeamSpanner(staff[:], durations, 1)
         abjad> beam.span = 2
         abjad> beam.span
         2
         Set nonnegative integer.
spannertools.DynamicTextSpanner
class abjad.tools.spannertools.DynamicTextSpanner(components=None, mark='')
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
    Abjad dynamic text spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.DynamicTextSpanner(staff[:], 'f')
    DynamicTextSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 \f
        d'8
        e′8
         f'8
     }
    Format dynamic mark at first leaf in spanner.
    Return dynamic text spanner.
```

mark

```
Get dynamic string:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> dynamic_text_spanner = spannertools.DynamicTextSpanner(staff[:], 'f')
abjad> dynamic_text_spanner.mark
'f'

Set dynamic string:
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> dynamic_text_spanner = spannertools.DynamicTextSpanner(staff[:], 'f')
abjad> dynamic_text_spanner.mark = 'p'
abjad> dynamic_text_spanner.mark
'p'
```

Set string.

spannertools.GlissandoSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.GlissandoSpanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
```

Abjad glissando spanner:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.GlissandoSpanner(staff[:])
GlissandoSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 \glissando
    d'8 \glissando
    e'8 \glissando
    f'8
}
```

Format nonlast leaves in spanner with LilyPond glissando command.

Return glissando spanner.

spannertools.HairpinSpanner

```
f'8
    r4
}
abjad> spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f', include_rests = True)
HairpinSpanner(r4, c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, r4)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r4 \< \p
    c′8
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8
    r4 \f
Abjad hairpin spanner that does not include rests:
abjad> staff = Staff("r4 c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 r4")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r4
    c′8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
    r4
}
abjad> spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f', include_rests = False)
HairpinSpanner(r4, c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, r4)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   r4
    c'8 \< \p
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 \f
    r4
Return hairpin spanner.
include_rests
    Get boolean hairpin rests setting:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> hairpin = spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f', include_rests = True)
    abjad> hairpin.include_rests
    Set boolean hairpin rests setting:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> hairpin = spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f', include_rests = True)
    abjad> hairpin.include_rests = False
```

```
abjad> hairpin.include_rests
    False
    Set boolean.
static is_hairpin_shape_string (arg)
    True when arg is a hairpin shape string. Otherwise false:
    abjad> spannertools.HairpinSpanner.is_hairpin_shape_string('<')
    True
    Return boolean.
shape_string
    Get hairpin shape string:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> hairpin = spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f')
    abjad> hairpin.shape_string
    ' < '
    Set hairpin shape string:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> hairpin = spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f')
    abjad> hairpin.shape_string = '>'
    abjad> hairpin.shape_string
    ' > '
    Set string.
start dynamic string
    Get hairpin start dynamic string:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> hairpin = spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f')
    abjad> hairpin.start_dynamic_string
    'p'
    Set hairpin start dynamic string:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> hairpin = spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f')
    abjad> hairpin.start_dynamic_string = 'mf'
    abjad> hairpin.start_dynamic_string
    'mf'
    Set string.
stop_dynamic_string
    Get hairpin stop dynamic string:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> hairpin = spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f')</pre>
    abjad> hairpin.stop_dynamic_string
    1 f1
    Set hairpin stop dynamic string:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> hairpin = spannertools.HairpinSpanner(staff[:], 'p < f')</pre>
    abjad> hairpin.stop_dynamic_string = 'mf'
```

```
abjad> hairpin.stop_dynamic_string
'mf'
```

Set string.

spannertools.HiddenStaffSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.HiddenStaffSpanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner.Spanner
Abjad hidden staff spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")

    abjad> spannertools.HiddenStaffSpanner(staff[:2])
    HiddenStaffSpanner(c'8, d'8)

    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        \stopStaff
        c'8
        d'8
        \startStaff
        e'8
        f'8
        f'8
    }
}
```

Hide staff behind leaves in spanner.

Return hidden staff spanner.

spannertools.MeasuredComplexBeamSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.MeasuredComplexBeamSpanner(components=None,
```

lone=False, span=1)

 $Bases: \verb|abjad.tools.spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner.ComplexBeamSpan$

Abjad measured complex beam spanner:

```
abjad> staff = Staff([Measure((2, 16), "c'16 d'16"), Measure((2, 16), "e'16 f'16")])

abjad> spannertools.MeasuredComplexBeamSpanner(staff.leaves)

MeasuredComplexBeamSpanner(c'16, d'16, e'16, f'16)

abjad> f(staff)

\new Staff {

{
  \time 2/16
  \set stemLeftBeamCount = #0
  \set stemRightBeamCount = #2
  c'16 [
  \set stemLeftBeamCount = #2
  \set stemRightBeamCount = #1
  d'16
}

\time 2/16
```

```
\set stemLeftBeamCount = #1
  \set stemRightBeamCount = #2
  e'16
  \set stemLeftBeamCount = #2
  \set stemRightBeamCount = #0
  f'16 ]
}
```

Beam leaves in spanner explicitly.

Group leaves by measures.

Format top-level span beam between measures.

Return measured complex beam spanner.

span

Get top-level beam count:

```
abjad> staff = Staff([Measure((2, 16), "c'16 d'16"), Measure((2, 16), "e'16 f'16")])
abjad> beam = spannertools.MeasuredComplexBeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> beam.span

1

Set top-level beam count:
abjad> staff = Staff([Measure((2, 16), "c'16 d'16"), Measure((2, 16), "e'16 f'16")])
abjad> beam = spannertools.MeasuredComplexBeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> beam.span = 2
abjad> beam.span
```

Set nonnegative integer.

spannertools.MetricGridSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.MetricGridSpanner(components=None, meters=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
```

Abjad metric grid spanner:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c'8")
abjad> spannertools.MetricGridSpanner(staff.leaves, meters = [(1, 8), (1, 4)])
MetricGridSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8, g'8, a'8, b'8, c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \time 1/8
    c'8
    \times 1/4
    d'8
    e'8
    \time 1/8
    f'8
    \times 1/4
    q'8
    a'8
    \time 1/8
```

```
b'8
\time 1/4
c'8
```

Format leaves in spanner cyclically with meters.

Return metric grid spanner.

meters

Get metric grid meters:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c'8")
abjad> metric_grid_spanner = spannertools.MetricGridSpanner(staff.leaves, meters = [(1, 8),
abjad> list(metric_grid_spanner.meters)
[(TimeSignatureMark(1, 8), 0, False), (TimeSignatureMark(1, 4), Duration(1, 8), False), (TimeSignatureMark(1, 4), Duration(1, 8), False),
```

Set metric grid meters:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 g'8 a'8 b'8 c'8")
abjad> metric_grid_spanner = spannertools.MetricGridSpanner(staff.leaves, meters = [(1, 8),
abjad> metric_grid_spanner.meters = [Duration(1, 4)]
abjad> list(metric_grid_spanner.meters)
[(TimeSignatureMark(1, 4), 0, False), (TimeSignatureMark(1, 4), Duration(1, 4), True), (TimeSignatureMark(1, 4), Duration(1, 4),
```

Set iterable.

split_on_bar()

Temporarily unavailable.

splitting_condition(leaf)

User-definable boolean function to determine whether leaf should be split:

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'4 r4 c'4")
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
   c'4
   r4
   c'4
abjad> def cond(leaf):
... if not isinstance(leaf, Rest): return True
    else: return False
abjad> metric_grid_spanner = spannertools.MetricGridSpanner(voice.leaves, [Duration(1, 8)])
abjad> metric_grid_spanner.splitting_condition = cond
abjad> metric_grid_spanner.split_on_bar()
abjad> f(voice)
\new Voice {
   \time 1/8
   c'8 ~
   c'8
   r4
   c'8 ~
   c'8
```

Function defaults to return true.

}

spannertools.MultipartBeamSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.MultipartBeamSpanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.BeamSpanner.BeamSpanner.BeamSpanner New in ver-
    sion 2.0. Abjad multipart beam spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'4 f'8 q'8 r4")
    abjad> spannertools.MultipartBeamSpanner(staff[:])
    MultipartBeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'4, f'8, g'8, r4)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [
        d'8 ]
        e′4
        f'8 [
        g'8]
         r4
    Avoid rests.
    Avoid large-duration notes.
    Return multipart beam spanner.
spannertools.OctavationSpanner
class abjad.tools.spannertools.OctavationSpanner(components=None, start=0, stop=0)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
    Abjad octavation spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spanner = spannertools.OctavationSpanner(staff[:], start = 1)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        \ottava #1
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8
```

Return octavation spanner.

\ottava #0

start

Get octavation start:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> octavation = spannertools.OctavationSpanner(staff[:], start = 1)
abjad> octavation.start
1
```

Set octavation start:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
         abjad> octavation = spannertools.OctavationSpanner(staff[:], start = 1)
         abjad> octavation.start
         Set integer.
    stop
         Get octavation stop:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
         abjad> octavation = spannertools.OctavationSpanner(staff[:], start = 2, stop = 1)
         abjad> octavation.stop
         1
        Set octavation stop:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
         abjad> octavation = spannertools.OctavationSpanner(staff[:], start = 2, stop = 1)
         abjad> octavation.stop = 0
         abjad> octavation.stop
         Set integer.
spannertools.PhrasingSlurSpanner
class abjad.tools.spannertools.PhrasingSlurSpanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
    Abjad phrasing slur spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.PhrasingSlurSpanner(staff[:])
    PhrasingSlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 \(
        d'8
        e′8
        f'8 \)
    Return phrasing slur spanner.
spannertools.PianoPedalSpanner
class abjad.tools.spannertools.PianoPedalSpanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
    Abjad piano pedal spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.PianoPedalSpanner(staff[:])
    PianoPedalSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        \set Staff.pedalSustainStyle = #'mixed
         c'8 \sustainOn
        d'8
         e'8
         f'8 \sustainOff
    Return piano pedal spanner.
    kind
         Get piano pedal spanner kind:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
         abjad> spanner = spannertools.PianoPedalSpanner(staff[:])
         abjad> spanner.kind
         'sustain'
         Set piano pedal spanner kind:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
         abjad> spanner = spannertools.PianoPedalSpanner(staff[:])
         abjad> spanner.kind = 'sostenuto'
         abjad> spanner.kind
         'sostenuto'
         Acceptable values 'sustain', 'sostenuto', 'corda'.
    style
         Get piano pedal spanner style:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
         abjad> spanner = spannertools.PianoPedalSpanner(staff[:])
         abjad> spanner.style
         'mixed'
         Set piano pedal spanner style:
         abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
         abjad> spanner = spannertools.PianoPedalSpanner(staff[:])
         abjad> spanner.style = 'bracket'
         abjad> spanner.style
         'bracket'
         Acceptable values 'mixed', 'bracket', 'text'.
spannertools.SlurSpanner
class abjad.tools.spannertools.SlurSpanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
    Abjad slur spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff[:])
    SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 (
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8)
}
```

Return slur spanner.

spannertools.Spanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator.
```

Any type of notation object that stretches horizontally and encompasses some number of notes, rest, chords, tuplets, measures, voices or other Abjad components.

Beams, slurs, hairpins, trills, glissandi and piano pedal brackets all stretch horizontally on the page to encompass multiple notes and all implement as Abjad spanners. That is, these spanner all have an obvious graphic reality with definite start-, stop- and midpoints.

Abjad also implements a number of spanners of a different type, such as tempo and instrument spanners, which mark a group of notes, rests, chords or measues as carrying a certain tempo or being played by a certain instrument.

The spanner class described here abstracts the functionality that all such spanners, both graphic and nongraphics, share. This shared functionality includes methods to add, remove, inspect and test components governed by the spanner, as well as basic formatting properties. The other spanner classes, such as beam and glissando, all inherit from this class and receive the functionality implemented here.

append (component)

Add component to right of spanner.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[:2])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(c'8, d'8)

abjad> spanner.append(voice[2])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)
```

Return none.

append_left (component)

Add component to left of spanner.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[2:])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(e'8, f'8)

abjad> spanner.append_left(voice[1])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(d'8, e'8, f'8)
```

Return none.

clear()

Remove all components from spanner:

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[:])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> spanner.clear()
abjad> spanner
Spanner()
```

Return none.

components

Return read-only tuple of components in spanner.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[:2])
abjad> spanner.components
(Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"))
```

Changed in version 1.1: Now returns an (immutable) tuple instead of a (mutable) list.

duration_in_seconds

Sum of duration of all leaves in spanner, in seconds.

extend(components)

Add iterable *components* to right of spanner:

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[:2])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(c'8, d'8)

abjad> spanner.extend(voice[2:])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
```

Return none.

extend_left (components)

Add iterable *components* to left of spanner:

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[2:])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(e'8, f'8)

abjad> spanner.extend_left(voice[:2])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
```

Return none.

fracture (i, direction='both')

Fracture spanner at direction of component at index i.

Valid values for direction are 'left', 'right' and 'both'.

Return original, left and right spanners.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[:])
abjad> beam
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)

abjad> beam.fracture(1, direction = 'left')
(BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8), BeamSpanner(c'8), BeamSpanner(d'8, e'8, f'8))

abjad> print voice.format
\new Voice {
    c'8 []
    d'8 [
    e'8
    f'8]
}
```

Return tuple.

fuse (spanner)

Fuse contiguous spanners.

Return new spanner.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> left_beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[:2])
abjad> right_beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice[2:])
abjad> print voice.format
\new Voice {
   c'8 [
   d'8 ]
   e'8 [
    f'8 ]
abjad> left_beam.fuse(right_beam)
[(BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8), BeamSpanner(e'8, f'8), BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8))]
abjad> print voice.format
\new Voice {
   c'8 [
   d'8
   e′8
   f'8 ]
```

Todo

Return (immutable) tuple instead of (mutable) list.

index (component)

Return nonnegative integer index of component in spanner.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[2:])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(e'8, f'8)
```

```
abjad> spanner.index(voice[-2])
0
```

Return nonnegative integer.

leaves

Return read-only tuple of leaves in spanner.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[:2])
abjad> spanner.leaves
(Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"))
```

Changed in version 1.1: Now returns an (immutable) tuple instead of a (mutable) list.

Note: When dealing with large, complex scores accessing this attribute can take some time. Best to make a local copy with leaves = spanner.leaves first. Or use spanner-specific iteration tools.

offset

New in version 1.1. Return read-only reference to spanner offset interface.

Spanner offset interface implements start and stop attributes.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[2:])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(e'8, f'8)

abjad> spanner._offset.start
Offset(1, 4)

abjad> spanner._offset.stop
Offset(1, 2)
```

Return duration.

override

LilyPond grob override component plug-in.

pop()

Remove and return rightmost component in spanner.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[:])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> spanner.pop()
Note("f'8")
abjad> spanner
Spanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)
```

Return component.

pop_left()

Remove and return leftmost component in spanner.

```
abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.Spanner(voice[:])
abjad> spanner
Spanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)

abjad> spanner.pop_left()
Note("c'8")

abjad> spanner
Spanner(d'8, e'8, f'8)
```

Return component.

preprolated_duration

Sum of preprolated duration of all components in spanner.

prolated_duration

Sum of prolated duration of all components in spanner.

set

LilyPond context setting component plug-in.

written_duration

Sum of written duration of all components in spanner.

spannertools.StaffLinesSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.StaffLinesSpanner(components=None, arg=5)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
    Abjad staff lines spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.StaffLinesSpanner(staff[:2], 1)
    StaffLinesSpanner(c'8, d'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        \stopStaff
        \override Staff.StaffSymbol #'line-count = #1
        \startStaff
        c'8
        d'8
        \stopStaff
        \revert Staff.StaffSymbol #'line-count
        \startStaff
        e′8
        f'8
    }
```

Staff lines spanner handles changing either the line-count or the line-positions property of the StaffSymbol grob, as well as automatically stopping and restarting the staff so that the change may take place.

Return staff lines spanner.

lines

Get staff lines spanner line count:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.StaffLinesSpanner(staff[:2], 1)
abjad> spanner.lines
1

Set staff lines spanner line count:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.StaffLinesSpanner(staff[:2], 1)
abjad> spanner.lines = 2
abjad> spanner.lines
2

Set integer.
```

spannertools.TextScriptSpanner

class abjad.tools.spannertools.TextScriptSpanner(components=None)

Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner New in version 2.0. Abjad text script spanner:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spanner = spannertools.TextScriptSpanner(staff[:])
abjad> spanner.override.text_script.color = 'red'
abjad> markuptools.Markup(r'\italic { espressivo }', 'up')(staff[1])
Markup('\\italic { espressivo }', 'up')

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   \override TextScript #'color = #red
   c'8
   d'8 ^ \markup { \italic { espressivo } }
   e'8
   f'8
   \revert TextScript #'color
}
```

Override LilyPond TextScript grob.

Return text script spanner.

spannertools.TextSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.spannertools.TextSpanner(components=None)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner New in version 2.0. Abjad text spanner:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> text_spanner = spannertools.TextSpanner(staff[:])

abjad> markup = markuptools.Markup('(markup #:bold #:italic "foo")', style_string = 'scheme')
abjad> text_spanner.override.text_spanner.bound_details__left__text = markup
abjad> markup = markuptools.Markup("(markup #:draw-line '(0 . -1))", style_string = 'scheme')
abjad> text_spanner.override.text_spanner.bound_details__right__text = markup
abjad> text_spanner.override.text_spanner.dash_fraction = 1
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text = #(markup #:bold #:italic "foo")
         \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text = #(markup #:draw-line '(0 . -1))
         \override TextSpanner #'dash-fraction = #1
         c'8 \startTextSpan
         d'8
         e'8
         f'8 \stopTextSpan
         \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text
         \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text
         \revert TextSpanner #'dash-fraction
     }
    Override LilyPond TextSpanner grob.
    Return text spanner.
spannertools.TrillSpanner
class abjad.tools.spannertools.TrillSpanner(components=None)
    Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner
    Abjad trill spanner:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff[:])
    TrillSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        c'8 \startTrillSpan
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8 \stopTrillSpan
    Override LilyPond TrillSpanner grob.
    Return trill spanner.
    pitch
         Optional read / write pitch for pitched trills.
            abjad > t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
            abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(t[:2])
            abjad> trill.pitch = pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch('cs', 4)
            abjad> f(t)
            \new Staff {
                 \pitchedTrill c'8 \startTrillSpan cs'
                d'8 \stopTrillSpan
                e'8
                 f'8
```

Set pitch.

written_pitch

spannertools.destroy_all_spanners_attached_to_component

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.destroy_all_spanners_attached_to_component(component, klass=None)
```

New in version 1.1. Destroy all spanners attached to *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 [ (\startTrillSpan
   d'8
   e'8
    f'8 ] ) \stopTrillSpan
}
abjad> spannertools.destroy_all_spanners_attached_to_component(staff[0])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 \startTrillSpan
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 \stopTrillSpan
}
```

Return none.

spannertools.find index of spanner component at score offset

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.find_index_of_spanner_component_at_score_offset (spanner, score_offset)
```

Return index of component in 'spanner' that begins at exactly 'score_offset':

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 ]
}

abjad> spannertools.find_index_of_spanner_component_at_score_offset(beam, Duration(3, 8))
```

Raise spanner population error when no component in *spanner* begins at exactly *score_offset*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed spannertools.find_index_at_score_offset() to spannertools.find_index_of_spanner_component_at_score_offset().

spannertools.find spanner component starting at exactly score offset

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.find_spanner_component_starting_at_exactly_score_offset (spanner,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            score_offset)
           Find spanner component starting at exactly score_offset:
           abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
           abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
           abjad> f(staff)
           \new Staff {
                    c'8 [
                    d'8
                    e'8
                     f'8 ]
           }
           abjad> spannertools.find_spanner_component_starting_at_exactly_score_offset(beam, Duration(3, 8)
           Note("f'8")
           When no spanner component starts at exactly score offset return none.
           Return
                                                       component
                                                                                   or
                                                                                               none.
                                                                                                                                Changed
                                                                                                                                                                                          2.0:
                               spanner
           named
                                                       spannertools.find_component_at_score_offset()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  to
           spannertools.find_spanner_component_starting_at_exactly_score_offset().
spannertools.fracture all spanners attached to component
abjad.tools.spannertools.fracture_all_spanners_attached_to_component(component,
                                                                                                                                                                                            direc-
                                                                                                                                                                                            tion='both',
                                                                                                                                                                                            klass=None)
           New in version 1.1. Fracture all spanners attached to component according to direction:
           abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
           abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
           abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
           abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)
           abjad> f(staff)
           \new Staff {
                    c'8 [ ( \startTrillSpan
                    d'8
                    e'8
                     f'8 ] ) \stopTrillSpan
           }
           abjad> spannertools.fracture_all_spanners_attached_to_component(staff[1], 'right')
           [(BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8), BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8), BeamSpanner(e'8, f'8)), (SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8), BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8), BeamSpan
           abjad> f(staff)
           \new Staff {
                    c'8 [ ( \startTrillSpan
                    d'8 1 )
                    e'8 [ (
                     f'8 ] ) \stopTrillSpan
           }
```

Set *direction* to left, right or both.

spannertools.fracture_spanners_that_cross_components

abjad.tools.spannertools.fracture_spanners_that_cross_components (components)
Fracture to the left of the leftmost component. Fracture to the right of the rightmost component. Do not fracture spanners of any components at higher levels of score. Do not fracture spanners of any components at lower levels of score. Return components.

Components must be thread-contiguous. Some spanners may copy during fracture. This helper is public-safe.

Example:

```
t = Staff(Container(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 3)
pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
spannertools.CrescendoSpanner(t)
spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[:])
spannertools.TrillSpanner(t.leaves)
\new Staff {
    {
        c'8 [ \< \startTrillSpan</pre>
        d'8
    {
        e'8
        f'8
    {
        g'8
        a'8 ] \! \stopTrillSpan
spannertools.fracture\_spanners\_that\_cross\_components(t[1:2])
\new Staff {
    {
        c'8 [ \< \startTrillSpan
        d'8 ]
    }
    {
        e'8 [
        f'8 1
        q'8 [
        a'8 ] \! \stopTrillSpan
    }
}
Changed
               version
                        2.0:
                                  renamed
                                            spannertools.fracture_crossing()
```

spannertools.get_beam_spanner_attached_to_component

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_beam_spanner_attached_to_component (component)

New in version 2.0. Get the only beam spanner attached to component:

abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
```

spannertools.fracture_spanners_that_cross_components().

```
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 ]
}
abjad> spannertools.get_beam_spanner_attached_to_component(staff[0])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> _ is beam
True
```

Return beam spanner.

Raise missing spanner error when no beam spanner attached to *component*.

Raise extra spanner error when more than one beam spanner attached to component. Changed in version 2.0: renamed beamtools.get_beam_spanner() to spannertools.get_beam_spanner_attached_to_component().Changed in version 2.0: renamed beamtools.get_beam_spanner_attached_to_component() to spannertools.get_beam_spanner_attached_to_component().

spannertools.get_nth_leaf_in_spanner

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_nth_leaf_in_spanner(spanner, idx)

Get nth leaf in spanner, no matter how complicated the nesting situation. Changed in version 2.0: renamed spannertools.get_nth_leaf() to spannertools.get_nth_leaf_in_spanner().
```

spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_child_of_component

abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_child_of_component (component, klass=None

New in version 2.0. Get all spanners attached to any improper children of *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> first_slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves[:2])
abjad> second_slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves[2:])
abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [ (\startTrillSpan d'8)
    e'8 (
    f'8]) \stopTrillSpan
}

abjad> len(spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_child_of_component(staff)) == 4
```

Get all spanners of *klass* attached to any proper children of *component*:

```
abjad> spanner_klass = spannertools.SlurSpanner
    abjad> spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_child_of_component(staff, spanner_klass)
    set([SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8), SlurSpanner(e'8, f'8)])
    Get all spanners of any klass attached to any proper children of component:
    abjad> spanner_klasses = (spannertools.SlurSpanner, spannertools.BeamSpanner)
    abjad> spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_child_of_component(staff, spanner_klasse
    set([BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8), SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8), SlurSpanner(e'8, f'8)])
    Return unordered set of zero or more spanners.
                                                        Changed in version 2.0:
    spannertools.get_all_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_children_of_component()
    to spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_child_of_component().
spannertools.get spanners attached to any improper parent of component
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component (component
                                                                                              klass=Non
    New in version 1.1. Get all spanners attached to improper parentage of component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [ (\startTrillSpan
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8 ] ) \stopTrillSpan
     }
    abjad> spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component(staff[0]) # doctes
    set([BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8), SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8), TrillSpanner({c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8})
                                                        Changed in version 2.0:
    Return unordered set of zero or more spanners.
    spannertools.get_all_spanners_attached_to_improper_parentage_of_component()
    to spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component().
spannertools.get spanners attached to any proper child of component
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_child_of_component (component,
                                                                                           klass=None)
    New in version 2.0. Get all spanners attached to any proper children of component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> first_slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves[:2])
    abjad> second_slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves[2:])
    abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
```

57.1. Abjad API 543

c'8 [(\startTrillSpan

d'8) e'8 (

```
f'8 ] ) \stopTrillSpan
    }
    abjad> len(spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_child_of_component(staff)) == 3
    Get all spanners of klass attached to any proper children of component:
    abjad> spanner_klass = spannertools.SlurSpanner
    abjad> spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_child_of_component(staff, spanner_klass)
    set([SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8), SlurSpanner(e'8, f'8)])
    Get all spanners of any klass attached to any proper children of component:
    abjad> spanner_klasses = (spannertools.SlurSpanner, spannertools.BeamSpanner)
    abjad> spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_child_of_component(staff, spanner_klasse
    set([BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8), SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8), SlurSpanner(e'8, f'8)])
    Return unordered set of zero or more spanners.
                                                        Changed in version 2.0:
    spannertools.get_all_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_children_of_component()
    to spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_child_of_component().
spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_parent_of_component
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_parent_of_component(component,
                                                                                            klass=None)
    New in version 2.0. Get all spanners attached to any proper parent of component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [ (\startTrillSpan
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8 ] ) \stopTrillSpan
     }
    abjad> spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_parent_of_component(staff[0])
    set([TrillSpanner({c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8})])
    Return unordered set of zero or more spanners.
                                                        Changed in version 2.0:
    spannertools.get_all_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_parent_of_component()
    to spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_parent_of_component().
spannertools.get spanners attached to component
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_component(component,
                                                                    klass=None)
    New in version 2.0. Get all spanners attached to component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> first_slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves[:2])
```

```
abjad> second_slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves[2:])
    abjad> crescendo = spannertools.CrescendoSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        c'8 [ \< (
        d'8)
        e'8 (
         f'8 ] \! )
    abjad> spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_component(staff.leaves[0]) # doctest: +SKIP
    set([BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8), SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8), CrescendoSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
    Get spanners of klass attached to component:
    abjad> klass = spannertools.BeamSpanner
    abjad> spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_component(staff.leaves[0], klass) # doctest: +SKIP
    set([BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)])
    Get spanners of any klass attached to component:
    abjad> klasses = (spannertools.BeamSpanner, spannertools.SlurSpanner)
    abjad> spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_component(staff.leaves[0], klasses) # doctest: +SKI
    set([BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8), SlurSpanner(c'8, d'8)])
                                                            Changed in version 2.0:
    Return
            unordered set of zero or more spanners.
                                                                                         re-
                   spannertools.get all spanners attached to component()
                                                                                          to
     spannertools.get_spanners_attached_to_component().
spannertools.get spanners contained by components
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_contained_by_components(components)
    Return unordered set of spanners contained within any component in list of thread-contiguous components.
         Getter for t.spanners.contained across thread-contiguous components.
    Changed
                in
                     version
                               2.0:
                                          renamed
                                                     spannertools.get contained()
                                                                                          to
     spannertools.get_spanners_contained_by_components().
spannertools.get spanners covered by components
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_covered_by_components(components)
    Return unordered set of spanners completely contained within the time bounds of thread-contiguous com-
         ponents.
         Compare 'covered' spanners with 'contained' spanners. Compare 'covered' spanners with 'dominant'
         spanners.
    Changed
                in
                      version
                                2.0:
                                           renamed
                                                       spannertools.get_covered()
                                                                                          to
     spannertools.get_spanners_covered_by_components().
spannertools.get spanners on components or component children
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_on_components_or_component_children(components)
             unordered
    Return
                                 all
                                      spanners
                                                attaching
                                                                     component
                       set
                             of
                                                          to
                                                               any
                                                                                     compo-
```

nents or attaching to any of the children of any of the components in components. Changed in version 2.0: renamed spannertools.get_attached() to spannertools.get_spanners_on_components_or_component_children().

spannertools.get_spanners_that_cross_components

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_that_cross_components(components)
```

Assert thread-contiguous components. Collect spanners that attach to any component in 'components'. Return unordered set of crossing spanners. A spanner P crosses a list of thread-contiguous components C when P and C share at least one component and when it is the case that NOT ALL of the components in P are also in C. In other words, there is some intersection – but not total intersection – between the components of P and C.

Compare 'crossing' spanners with 'covered' spanners. Compare 'crossing' spanners with 'dominant' spanners. Compare 'crossing' spanners with 'contained' spanners. Compare 'crossing' spanners with 'attached' spanners. Changed in version 2.0: renamed spannertools.get_crossing() to spannertools.get_spanners_that_cross_components().

spannertools.get_spanners_that_dominate_component_pair

```
\verb|abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_that_dominate_component_pair| (\textit{left},
```

right)

Return Python list of (spanner, index) pairs. 'left' must be either an Abjad component or None. 'right' must be either an Abjad component or None.

If both 'left' and 'right' are components, then 'left' and 'right' must be thread-contiguous.

This is a special version of spannertools.get_spanners_that_dominate_components(). This version is useful for finding spanners that dominant a zero-length 'crack' between components, as in t[2:2]. Changed in version 2.0: renamed spannertools.get_dominant_between() to spannertools.get_spanners_that_dominate_component_pair().

spannertools.get spanners that dominate components

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_that_dominate_components(components)
```

Return Python list of (spanner, index) pairs. Each (spanner, index) pair gives a spanner which dominates all components in 'components' together with the start-index at which spanner first encounters 'components'.

Use this helper to 'lift' any and all spanners temporarily from 'components', perform some action to the underlying score tree, and then reattach all spanners to new score components.

This operation always leaves all expressions in tact. Changed in version 2.0: renamed spannertools.get_dominant() to spannertools.get_spanners_that_dominate_components().

spannertools.get spanners that dominate container components from to

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.get_spanners_that_dominate_container_components_from_to(container, start, stop)
```

Return Python list of (spanner, index) pairs. Each spanner dominates the components specified by slice with start index 'start' and stop index 'stop'. Generalization of dominant spanner-finding functions for slices. This exists for slices like t[2:2] that are empty lists.

```
Changed in version 2.0: renamed spannertools.get_dominant_slice() to spannertools.get_spanners_that_dominate_container_components_from_to().
```

spannertools.get_the_only_spanner_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component

 $\verb|abjad.tools.spannertools.get_the_only_spanner_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component| \\$

New in version 1.1. Get the only spanner attached to any improper parent *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [ (\startTrillSpan d'8 e'8 f'8]) \stopTrillSpanner
}

abjad> print spannertools.get_the_only_spanner_attached_to_component(staff)
TrillSpanner({c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8})
```

Raise missing spanner error when no spanner attached to *component*.

Raise extra spanner error when more than one spanner attached to component.

Return a single spanner.

Note: function will usually be called with *klass* specifier set.

spannertools.get_the_only_spanner_attached_to_component

abjad.tools.spannertools.get_the_only_spanner_attached_to_component(component, klass=None)

New in version 1.1. Get the only spanner attached to *component*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 [ ( \startTrillSpan
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8 ] ) \stopTrillSpan
}
abjad> print spannertools.get_the_only_spanner_attached_to_component(staff)
TrillSpanner({c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8})
```

Raise missing spanner error when no spanner attached to component.

Raise extra spanner error when more than one spanner attached to component.

Return a single spanner.

Note: function will usually be called with *klass* specifier set.

spannertools.is component with beam spanner attached

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.is_component_with_beam_spanner_attached(expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is component with beam spanner attached:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> spannertools.is_component_with_beam_spanner_attached(staff[0])
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> note = Note("c'8")
    abjad> spannertools.is_component_with_beam_spanner_attached(note)
    False
    Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed beamtools.is_component_with_beam_spanner_attached()
    to spannertools.is_component_with_beam_spanner_attached().
spannertools.is component with spanner attached
abjad.tools.spannertools.is_component_with_spanner_attached(expr, klass=None)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is a component with spanner attached:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'8 [
   d'8
    e'8
    f'8 ]
abjad> spannertools.is_component_with_spanner_attached(staff[0])
True
```

Otherwise false:

```
abjad> spannertools.is_component_with_spanner_attached(staff)
False
```

When klass is not none then true when expr is a component with a spanner of klass attached.

Return true or false.

spannertools.iterate components backward in spanner

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.iterate_components_backward_in_spanner(spanner,
                                                                           klass=<class
                                                                           'ab-
                                                                           jad.tools.componenttools._Component.
```

New in version 2.0. Yield components in *spanner* one at a time from left to right.

```
abjad> p = spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[2:])
    abjad> notes = spannertools.iterate_components_backward_in_spanner(p, klass = Note)
    abjad> for note in notes:
         note
    Note("f'8")
    Note("e'8")
    Changed in version 2.0:
                             renamed spannertools.iterate_components_backward() to
    spannertools.iterate_components_backward_in_spanner().
spannertools.iterate_components_forward_in_spanner
abjad.tools.spannertools.iterate_components_forward_in_spanner(spanner,
                                                                        klass=<class
                                                                        'ab-
                                                                       jad.tools.componenttools._Component._(
    New in version 2.0. Yield components in spanner one at a time from left to right.
    abjad > t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> p = spannertools.BeamSpanner(t[2:])
    abjad> notes = spannertools.iterate_components_forward_in_spanner(p, klass = Note)
    abjad> for note in notes:
    ... note
    Note("e'8")
    Note("f'8")
    Changed in version 2.0:
                              renamed spannertools.iterate_components_forward() to
    spannertools.iterate_components_forward_in_spanner().
spannertools.make_covered_spanner_schema
abjad.tools.spannertools.make_covered_spanner_schema(components)
    New in version 2.0. Make schema of spanners covered by components:
    abjad> voice = Voice(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 4)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice.leaves[:4])
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(voice[-2:])
    abjad> f(voice)
    \new Voice {
        {
            \time 2/8
            c'8 [
            d'8
         }
         {
            \time 2/8
            e′8
            f'8 ]
            \time 2/8
            q'8 (
            a'8
```

abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")

```
}
{
    \time 2/8
    b'8
    c''8)
}
abjad> spannertools.make_covered_spanner_schema([voice]) # doctest: +SKIP
{BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8): [2, 3, 5, 6], SlurSpanner(|2/8(2)|, |2/8(2)|): [7, 10]}
```

Return dictionary.

spannertools.make_dynamic_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.make_dynamic_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right ($dynamic_text$, $com-po-
```

New in version 2.0. Span *components* with text spanner. Position spanner below staff and configure with *dynamic_text*, solid line and upward-pointing nib at right.

```
abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.make_dynamic_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right('mp', t[:])
TextSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text = \markup { \dynamic { mp } }
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text = #(markup #:draw-line '(0 . 1))
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right-broken #'text = ##f
    \override TextSpanner #'dash-fraction = #1
    \override TextSpanner #'direction = #down
    c'8 \startTextSpan
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8 \stopTextSpan
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right-broken #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'dash-fraction
    \revert TextSpanner #'direction
}
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed $spanners.dynamic_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right()$ to $spannertools.make_dynamic_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right()$.

spannertools.make_solid_text_spanner_above_with_nib_at_right

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.make_solid_text_spanner_above_with_nib_at_right (left_text, com-
po-
nents=None)
```

New in version 2.0. Span *components* with text spanner. Position spanner above staff and configure with *left_text*, solid line and downward-pointing nib at right.

```
abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.make_solid_text_spanner_above_with_nib_at_right('foo', t[:])
TextSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text = \markup { foo }
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text = #(markup #:draw-line '(0 . -1))
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right-broken #'text = ##f
    \override TextSpanner #'dash-fraction = #1
    \override TextSpanner #'direction = #up
    c'8 \startTextSpan
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8 \stopTextSpan
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right-broken #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'dash-fraction
    \revert TextSpanner #'direction
}
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed spanners.solid_text_spanner_above_with_nib_at_right() to spannertools.make_solid_text_spanner_above_with_nib_at_right().

spannertools.make_solid_text_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.make_solid_text_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right(left_text, com-
po-
nents=None)
```

New in version 2.0. Span *components* with text spanner. Position spanner below staff and configure with *left_text*, solid line and upward-pointing nib at right.

```
abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> spannertools.make_solid_text_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right('foo', t[:])
TextSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8)
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text = \markup { foo }
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text = #(markup #:draw-line '(0 . 1))
    \override TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right-broken #'text = ##f
    \override TextSpanner #'dash-fraction = #1
    \override TextSpanner #'direction = #down
    c'8 \startTextSpan
    d'8
    e′8
    f'8 \stopTextSpan
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'left #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'bound-details #'right-broken #'text
    \revert TextSpanner #'dash-fraction
    \revert TextSpanner #'direction
```

 $\label{lem:changed in version 2.0: renamed spanners.solid_text_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right() \\ to spannertools.make_solid_text_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right().$

spannertools.make spanner schema

```
abjad.tools.spannertools.make_spanner_schema(components)
    New in version 2.0. Make schema of spanners contained by components:
    abjad> voice = Voice(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 4)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(voi
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(voice.leaves[:4])
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(voice[-2:])
    abjad> f(voice)
     \new Voice {
        {
            \time 2/8
            c'8 [
            d'8
            \times 2/8
            e'8
            f'8 1
            \times 2/8
            a'8 (
            a'8
            \times 2/8
            b'8
            c''8 )
         }
     }
    abjad> spannertools.make_spanner_schema(voice.leaves[2:4])
     {BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8, f'8): [0, 1]}
    Return dictionary.
spannertools.move spanners from component to children of component
abjad.tools.spannertools.move_spanners_from_component_to_children_of_component(donor)
    Give spanners attaching directly to donor to recipients.
                                                                Usual use is to give at-
    tached spanners from parent to children, which is a composer-safe operation.
                            renamed
                                      spannertools.give_attached_to_children()
    spannertools.move_spanners_from_component_to_children_of_component().
spannertools.report_as_string_format_contributions_of_all_spanners_attached_to_component
abjad.tools.spannertools.report_as_string_format_contributions_of_all_spanners_attached_to
    New in version 1.1. Report as string format contributions of all spanners attached to component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
```

```
abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [ ( \startTrillSpan
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8 ] ) \stopTrillSpan
     }
    abjad> spannertools.report_as_string_format_contributions_of_all_spanners_attached_to_component(
    'BeamSpanner\n\t_right\n\t\t[\nSlurSpanner\n\t_right\n\t\t(\n'
    Return string.
spannertools.report_as_string_format_contributions_of_all_spanners_attached_to_improper_parentage_of_comp
abjad.tools.spannertools.report_as_string_format_contributions_of_all_spanners_attached_to
    New in version 1.1. Report as string format contributions of all spanners attached to improper parentage of
    component:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> beam = spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> slur = spannertools.SlurSpanner(staff.leaves)
    abjad> trill = spannertools.TrillSpanner(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 [ ( \startTrillSpan
        d'8
        e'8
         f'8 ] ) \stopTrillSpan
    abjad> spannertools.report_as_string_format_contributions_of_all_spanners_attached_to_component(
     'BeamSpanner\n\t_right\n\t\t[\nSlurSpanner\n\t_right\n\t\t(\n'
    Return string.
spannertools.withdraw components from spanners covered by components
abjad.tools.spannertools.withdraw_components_from_spanners_covered_by_components(components)
    Find every spanner covered by 'components'. Withdraw all components in 'components' from covered
         spanners. Return 'components'. The operation always leaves all score trees in tact.
                  version
                           2.0:
                                   renamed
                                            spannertools.withdraw_from_covered()
    spannertools.withdraw_components_from_spanners_covered_by_components().
stafftools
stafftools.RhythmicStaff
class abjad.tools.stafftools.RhythmicStaff(music=[], **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.stafftools.Staff.Staff.Staff
```

57.1. Abjad API 553

Abjad model of a rhythmic staff.

stafftools.Staff

```
class abjad.tools.stafftools.Staff (music=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools._Context._Context
Abjad model of a staff:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
}
Return staff object.
```

stafftools.get_first_staff_in_improper_parentage_of_component

abjad.tools.stafftools.get_first_staff_in_improper_parentage_of_component (component) New in version 2.0. Get first staff in improper parentage of component:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}

abjad> stafftools.get_first_staff_in_improper_parentage_of_component(staff[1])
Staff{4}
```

Return staff or none.

stafftools.get_first_staff_in_proper_parentage_of_component

abjad.tools.stafftools.get_first_staff_in_proper_parentage_of_component (component) New in version 2.0. Get first staff in proper parentage of component:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
    f'8
}

abjad> stafftools.get_first_staff_in_proper_parentage_of_component(staff[1])
Staff{4}
```

Return staff or none.

stafftools.iterate staves backward in expr

```
abjad.tools.stafftools.iterate_staves_backward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
     New in version 2.0. Iterate staves backward in expr:
     abjad> score = Score(4 * Staff([ ]))
     abjad> f(score)
     \new Score <<
         \new Staff {
         \new Staff {
         \new Staff {
         \new Staff {
         }
     >>
     abjad> for staff in stafftools.iterate_staves_backward_in_expr(score):
            staff
     . . .
     . . .
     Staff{}
    Staff{}
    Staff{}
     Staff{}
     Return generator.
stafftools.iterate_staves_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.stafftools.iterate_staves_forward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None)
     New in version 2.0. Iterate staves forward in expr:
     abjad> score = Score(4 * Staff([ ]))
     abjad> f(score)
     \new Score <<
         \new Staff {
         \new Staff {
         \new Staff {
         \new Staff {
         }
     >>
     abjad> for staff in stafftools.iterate_staves_forward_in_expr(score):
             staff
     Staff{}
     Staff{}
     Staff{}
     Staff{}
     Return generator.
```

```
stafftools.make_invisible_staff
```

```
abjad.tools.stafftools.make_invisible_staff(music)
```

Staff constructor that hides meter, bar line and staff lines. Changed in version 2.0: Invisible staff class changed to invisible staff function.

stafftools.make_rhythmic_sketch_staff

```
abjad.tools.stafftools.make_rhythmic_sketch_staff(music)
```

Make rhythmic staff with transparent meter and transparent bar lines.

tietools

tietools.TieSpanner

```
class abjad.tools.tietools.TieSpanner (music=None)
```

Bases: abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner.Spanner

Abjad tie spanner:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    c'8 ~
    c'8 ~
```

Return tie spanner.

tietools.add or remove tie chain notes to achieve scaled written duration

tiplier)

Scale tie chain by multiplier. Wraps tie_chain_duration_change. Returns tie chain.

```
Changed in version 2.0: renamed tietools.duration_scale() to tietools.add_or_remove_tie_chain_notes_to_achieve_scaled_written_duration().
```

tietools.add_or_remove_tie_chain_notes_to_achieve_written_duration

```
abjad.tools.tietools.add_or_remove_tie_chain_notes_to_achieve_written_duration(tie_chain, new_written_dur
```

Change the written duration of tie chain, adding and subtracting notes as necessary.

```
Return newly modified tie chain. Changed in version 2.0: renamed tietools.duration_change() to tietools.add_or_remove_tie_chain_notes_to_achieve_written_duration().
```

tietools.apply tie spanner to leaf pair

```
abjad.tools.tietools.apply_tie_spanner_to_leaf_pair(left, right)
    Apply tie spanner to left leaf and right leaf:
    abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
    abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
    TieSpanner(c'8, c'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         c'8 ~
         c'8
         c′8
         c'8
    abjad> tietools.apply_tie_spanner_to_leaf_pair(staff[1], staff[2])
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         c'8 ~
         c'8 ~
         c'8
         c'8
     }
    Handle existing tie spanners intelligently.
    Return none.
                      Changed in version 2.0:
                                                  renamed tietools.span_leaf_pair() to
    tietools.apply_tie_spanner_to_leaf_pair().
tietools.are_components_in_same_tie_spanner
abjad.tools.tietools.are_components_in_same_tie_spanner(components)
    True if all components in list share same tie spanner, otherwise False.
                     version
                              2.0:
                                         renamed
                                                   tietools.are_in_same_spanner()
    Changed
                                                                                           to
    tietools.are_components_in_same_tie_spanner().
tietools.get_leaves_in_tie_chain
abjad.tools.tietools.get_leaves_in_tie_chain(tie_chain)
    Return Python list of leaves in tie chain.
tietools.get_preprolated_tie_chain_duration
abjad.tools.tietools.get_preprolated_tie_chain_duration(tie_chain)
    Get sum of preprolated duration of all leaves in tie_chain.
    Todo
    write tietools.get_preprolated_tie_chain_duration() tests.
    Changed
                            2.0:
                                              tietools.get_duration_preprolated()
              in
                   version
                                     renamed
                                                                                           to
```

57.1. Abjad API 557

tietools.get_preprolated_tie_chain_duration().

tietools.get prolated tie chain duration

abjad.tools.tietools.get_prolated_tie_chain_duration(tie_chain)

Return sum of prolated duration of all leaves in chain.

Todo

Write tietools.get_prolated_tie_chain_duration() tests.

tietools.get_tie_chain

```
abjad.tools.tietools.get_tie_chain(component)
```

New in version 2.0. Get tie chain from *component*.

tietools.get_tie_chain_duration_in_seconds

```
abjad.tools.tietools.get_tie_chain_duration_in_seconds(tie_chain)
```

Return sum of seconds duration of all leaves in chain.

Todo

Write tietools.get_tie_chain_duration_in_seconds() tests.

Changed in version 2.0: renamed tietools.get_duration_seconds() to tietools.get_tie_chain_duration_in_seconds().

tietools.get_tie_chains_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.tietools.get_tie_chains_in_expr(components)
```

This function returns all tie chains in components. A tie chain may not encompass all the leaves spanned by its corresponding Tie spanner, but only those found in the given list. i.e. the function returns the intersection between all the leave spanned by all tie spanners touching the components given and the leaves found in the given components list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed tietools.get_tie_chains() to tietools.get_tie_chains_in_expr().

tietools.get_written_tie_chain_duration

```
abjad.tools.tietools.get_written_tie_chain_duration(tie_chain)
```

Return sum of written duration of all leaves in chain.

tietools.group_leaves_in_tie_chain_by_immediate_parents

```
abjad.tools.tietools.group_leaves_in_tie_chain_by_immediate_parents(tie_chain) Group leaves in tie_chain by immediate parent:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
    abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff.leaves)
    TieSpanner(c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        {
             \time 2/8
             c'8 ~
             c'8 ~
             \times 2/8
            c'8 ~
            c′8
         }
    }
    abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff.leaves[0])
    abjad> tietools.group_leaves_in_tie_chain_by_immediate_parents(tie_chain)
    [[Note("c'8"), Note("c'8")], [Note("c'8"), Note("c'8")]]
    Return list of leaf group lists. Changed in version 2.0: renamed tietools.group_by_parent() to
    tietools.group_leaves_in_tie_chain_by_immediate_parents().
tietools.is_component_with_tie_spanner_attached
abjad.tools.tietools.is_component_with_tie_spanner_attached(expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is component with tie spanner attached:
    abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
    abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:])
    TieSpanner(c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 ~
        c'8 ~
        c'8 ~
    abjad> tietools.is_component_with_tie_spanner_attached(staff)
    False
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
    abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:])
    TieSpanner(c'8, c'8, c'8, c'8)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 ~
        c'8 ~
        c'8 ~
        c'8
    abjad> tietools.is_component_with_tie_spanner_attached(staff[1])
    True
```

57.1. Abjad API 559

Return boolean.

tietools.is tie chain

```
abjad.tools.tietools.is_tie_chain (expr) True when expr is a tie chain, otherwise False.
```

tietools.is_tie_chain_with_all_leaves_in_same_parent

```
abjad.tools.tietools.is_tie_chain_with_all_leaves_in_same_parent(expr)
```

True when expr is a tie chain with all leaves in same parent.

That is, True when tie chain crosses no container boundaries, otherwise False.

Example:

```
abjad > t = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(t.leaves[1:3])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8)
\new Staff {
        \time 2/8
        c'8
        c'8 ~
        \time 2/8
       c′8
       c'8
}
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(t.leaves[0])
abjad> assert tietools.is_tie_chain_with_all_leaves_in_same_parent(tie_chain)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(t.leaves[1])
abjad> assert not tietools.is_tie_chain_with_all_leaves_in_same_parent(tie_chain)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(t.leaves[2])
abjad> assert not tietools.is_tie_chain_with_all_leaves_in_same_parent(tie_chain)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(t.leaves[3])
abjad> assert tietools.is_tie_chain_with_all_leaves_in_same_parent(tie_chain)
Changed
                         2.0:
          in
               version
                                    renamed
                                              tietools.is_in_same_parent()
                                                                                 to
tietools.is tie chain with all leaves in same parent().
```

tietools.iterate_tie_chains_backward_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.tietools.iterate_tie_chains_backward_in_expr(expr)
```

Yield right-to-left tie chains in *expr*:

```
abjad> notes = notetools.make_notes([0], [(5, 16), (1, 8), (1, 8), (5, 16)])
abjad> staff = Staff(notes)
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 16), staff[1:3])
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(stabjad> print staff.format

\new Staff {
    c'4 ~
    \times 2/3 {
        c'16
        d'8
    }
    e'8
```

f'4 ~

```
f'16
    }
    abjad> for x in tietools.iterate_tie_chains_backward_in_expr(staff):
     . . .
     (Note("f'4"), Note("f'16"))
     (Note("e'8"),)
     (Note("d'8"),)
     (Note("c'4"), Note("c'16"))
    Note that one-note tie chains yield the same as other tie chains.
    Note also that nested structures are no problem.
                                                         Changed in version 2.0:
    iterate.tie_chains_backward_in() to tietools.iterate_tie_chains_backward_in_expr().Changed
                               renamed
                                          iterate.tie_chains_backward_in_expr()
    tietools.iterate_tie_chains_backward_in_expr().
tietools.iterate tie chains forward in expr
abjad.tools.tietools.iterate_tie_chains_forward_in_expr(expr)
    Yield left-to-right tie chains in expr:
    abjad> notes = notetools.make_notes([0], [(5, 16), (1, 8), (1, 8), (5, 16)])
    abjad> staff = Staff(notes)
    abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 16), staff[1:3])
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(sta
    abjad> print staff.format
    \new Staff {
        c'4 ~
         \times 2/3 {
            c'16
             d'8
         }
         e'8
         f'4 ~
        f'16
     }
    abjad> for x in tietools.iterate_tie_chains_forward_in_expr(staff):
     . . .
            Х
     (Note("c'4"), Note("c'16"))
     (Note("d'8"),)
     (Note("e'8"),)
     (Note("f'4"), Note("f'16"))
    Note that one-note tie chains yield the same as other tie chains.
    Note also that nested structures are no problem.
                                                        Changed in version 2.0:
    iterate.tie_chains_forward_in() to tietools.iterate_tie_chains_forward_in_expr().Changed
```

57.1. Abjad API 561

iterate.tie_chains_forward_in_expr()

renamed

tietools.iterate_tie_chains_forward_in_expr().

version

```
tietools.iterate topmost tie chains and components forward in expr
abjad.tools.tietools.iterate_topmost_tie_chains_and_components_forward_in_expr(expr)
    Yield the left-to-right, top-level contents of expr with chain-wrapped leaves.
    abjad> t = Staff(notetools.make_notes(0, [(5, 32)] * 4))
    abjad> t.insert(4, tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
    abjad> f(t)
    \new Staff {
        c'8 ~
        c′32
        d'8 ~
        d'32
         \times 2/3 {
            e'8
            f'8
            g'8
        a'8 ~
        a'32
        b'8 ~
        b'32
    abjad> for x in tietools.iterate_topmost_tie_chains_and_components_forward_in_expr(t):
     . . .
            Х
     . . .
     (Note("c'8"), Note("c'32"))
     (Note("d'8"), Note("d'32"))
    FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [e'8, f'8, g'8])
     (Note("a'8"), Note("a'32"))
     (Note("b'8"), Note("b'32"))
                                                                          2.0:
    Crossing
              ties
                    raise TieChainError.
                                                   Changed
                                                            in
                                                                version
                                                                                   renamed
    iterate.chained_contents() to tietools.iterate_topmost_tie_chains_and_components_forward
    in version 2.0: renamed iterate.topmost_tie_chains_and_components_forward_in_expr()
    to tietools.iterate_topmost_tie_chains_and_components_forward_in_expr().
tietools.label tie chains in expr with prolated tie chain duration
```

```
abjad.tools.tietools.label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_prolated_tie_chain_duration(expr,
```

markup_direction

Label tie chains in *expr* with prolated tie chain duration:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
abjad> tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), staff[:3])
FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, c'8, c'8])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff.leaves[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8)
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff.leaves[2:])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8)
abjad> tietools.label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_prolated_tie_chain_duration(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \times 2/3 {
       c'8 _ \markup { \small 1/6 } ~
```

```
c'8
    c'8 _ \markup { \small 5/24 } ~
}
c'8
}
```

Return none.

tietools.label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_tie_chain_durations

```
abjad.tools.tietools.label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_tie_chain_durations(expr,
```

markup_direction='down')

Label tie chains in expr with both written tie chain duration and prolated tie chain duration:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
abjad> tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), staff[:3])
FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, c'8, c'8])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff.leaves[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8)
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff.leaves[2:])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8)
abjad> tietools.label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_tie_chain_durations(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \times 2/3 {
       c'8 = \mathbb{1}/4 \pmod{1/6} 
       c'8
       c'8 _ \markup { \column { \small 1/4 \small 5/24 } } ~
   }
   c'8
```

Return none.

tietools.label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_written_tie_chain_duration

abjad.tools.tietools.label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_written_tie_chain_duration(expr,

markup_direction:

Label tie chains in *expr* with written tie chain duration.:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4))
abjad> tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), staff[:3])
FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, c'8, c'8])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff.leaves[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8)
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff.leaves[2:])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'8)
abjad> tietools.label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_written_tie_chain_duration(staff)
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8 = \max\{ (small 1/4) \}
        c'8
        c'8 _ \markup { \small 1/4 } ~
    c'8
}
```

Return none.

```
tietools.remove_all_leaves_in_tie_chain_except_first
```

```
abjad.tools.tietools.remove_all_leaves_in_tie_chain_except_first(tie_chain)

Detach all leaves of tie chain after the first. Unspan and return length-

1 tie chain. Changed in version 2.0: renamed tietools.truncate() to
tietools.remove_all_leaves_in_tie_chain_except_first().
```

tietools.remove tie spanners from components in expr

```
abjad.tools.tietools.remove_tie_spanners_from_components_in_expr(expr)
Remove tie spanners components in expr:
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'4 \sim c'16 d'4 \sim d'16")
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'4 ~
    c'16
    d'4 ~
    d'16
}
abjad> tietools.remove_tie_spanners_from_components_in_expr(staff[:])
[Note("c'4"), Note("c'16"), Note("d'4"), Note("d'16")]
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   c'4
    c'16
    d'4
    d'16
}
```

Return expr. Changed in version 2.0: renamed componenttools.untie_shallow() to tietools.remove_tie_spanners_from_components_in_expr().

tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots

```
abjad.tools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots(tie_chain, pro-
por-
```

New in version 2.0. Divide *tie_chain* into fixed-duration tuplet according to arbitrary integer *proportions*.

Interpret proportions as a ratio. That is, reduce integers in proportions relative to each other.

Return non-trivial tuplet as augmentation.

```
Where proportions [i] == 1 for i < len (proportions), do not allow tupletted notes to carry dots.
```

```
abjad> staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
```

tions)

```
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots(tie_chain, [1])
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'8])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \frac{3}{2}
       c'8 [
   c'16 ]
}
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots(tie_chain, [1, 2])
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'16, c'8])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
   {
        c'16 [
        c'8
    }
   c'16 ]
}
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots(tie_chain, [1, 2,
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'32, c'16, c'16])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \fraction \times 6/5 {
       c'32 [
       c'16
        c'16
    c'16 ]
}
Changed in version 2.0: renamed divide.tie_chain_into_arbitrary_augmentation_undotted()
```

tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots

```
abjad.tools.tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots(tie_c pro-
```

portions

New in version 2.0. Divide *tie_chain* into fixed-duration tuplet according to arbitrary integer *proportions*.

to tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots().

Interpret proportions as a ratio. That is, reduce integers in proportions relative to each other.

Return non-trivial tuplet as augmentation.

```
Where proportions[i] == 1 for i < len (proportions), allow tupletted notes to carry dots.
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots(tie_chain, [1]
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'8.])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        c'8. [
    }
    c'16 ]
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots(tie_chain, [1,
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'16, c'8])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        c'16 [
        c'8
    c'16 ]
}
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots(tie_chain, [1,
FixedDurationTuplet (3/16, [c'64., c'32., c'32.])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \fraction \times 8/5 {
        c'64. [
        c'32.
        c'32.
    }
    c'16 ]
}
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed divide.tie_chain_into_arbitrary_augmentation_dotted() to tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots().

tietools.tie chain to diminished tuplet with proportions and avoid dots

```
abjad.tools.tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots(tie_chain pro-
por-
tions)
```

New in version 2.0. Divide tie_chain into fixed-duration tuplet according to arbitrary integer proportions.

Interpret proportions as a ratio. That is, reduce integers in proportions relative to each other.

Return non-trivial tuplet as diminution.

Where proportions [i] == 1 for i < len (proportions), do not allow tupletted notes to carry dots.

```
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots(tie_chain, [1])
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'4])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    fraction \times 3/4 {
        c'4 [
    }
    c'16 ]
}
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots(tie_chain, [1, 2])
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'16, c'8])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        c'16 [
        c′8
    c'16 ]
}
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots(tie_chain, [1, 2,
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'16, c'8, c'8])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \fraction \times 3/5 {
        c'16 [
        c'8
```

```
c'8
}
c'16 ]
}
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed divide.tie_chain_into_arbitrary_diminution_undotted() to tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots().

tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots

```
abjad.tools.tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots (tie_proportions_and_encourage_dots)
```

New in version 2.0. Divide *tie_chain* into fixed-duration tuplet according to arbitrary integer *proportions*.

Interpret *proportions* as a ratio. That is, reduce integers in *proportions* relative to each other.

Return non-trivial tuplet as diminution.

```
Where proportions[i] == 1 for i < len (proportions), allow tupletted notes to carry dots.
```

```
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner(c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots(tie_chain, [1
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'8.])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        c'8. [
    }
    c'16 1
}
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner (c'8, c'16)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots(tie_chain, [1
FixedDurationTuplet(3/16, [c'16, c'8])
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    {
        c'16 [
        c′8
    }
    c'16 ]
}
abjad > staff = Staff([Note(0, (1, 8)), Note(0, (1, 16)), Note(0, (1, 16))])
abjad> tietools.TieSpanner(staff[:2])
TieSpanner (c'8, c'16)
```

por tior

```
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff[:])
    BeamSpanner(c'8, c'16, c'16)
    abjad> tie_chain = tietools.get_tie_chain(staff[0])
    abjad> tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots(tie_chain, [1
    FixedDurationTuplet (3/16, [c'32., c'16., c'16.])
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \times 4/5 {
             c'32. [
             c'16.
             c'16.
         }
         c'16 ]
     }
    Changed in version 2.0: renamed divide.tie_chain_into_arbitrary_diminution_dotted()
    to tietools.tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots().
tuplettools
tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet
class abjad.tools.tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(duration, music=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet.Tuplet
    Abjad tuplet of fixed duration and variable multiplier:
    abjad> tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Fraction(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
    FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
    Return fixed-duration tuplet.
    multiplied_duration
    multiplier
    target_duration
    trim(start, stop='unused')
         Trim fixed-duration tuplet elements from start to stop:
         abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Fraction(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
         abjad> tuplet
         FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
         abjad> tuplet.trim(2)
         abjad> tuplet
         FixedDurationTuplet(1/6, [c'8, d'8])
         Preserve fixed-duration tuplet multiplier.
         Adjust fixed-duration tuplet duration.
         Return none.
tuplettools.Tuplet
class abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet (multiplier, music=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.containertools.Container.Container.Container
```

Abjad model of a tuplet:

```
abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> f(tuplet)
\times 2/3 {
    c'8
    d'8
    e'8
}
```

Return tuplet object.

force_fraction

Read / write boolean to force n:m fraction.

is_augmentation

True when multiplier is greater than 1. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> t = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8") abjad> t.is_augmentation  
False
```

Return boolean.

is_binary

True when multiplier numerator is power of two, otherwise False.

is diminution

True when multiplier is less than 1. Otherwise false:

Return boolean.

is_invisible

Read / write boolean to render tuplet invisible.

is_nonbinary

is trivial

True when tuplet multiplier is one, otherwise False.

```
multiplied_duration
```

```
multiplier
```

preferred_denominator

New in version 2.0. Integer denominator in terms of which tuplet fraction should format.

preprolated_duration

Duration prior to prolation:

```
abjad> t = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> t.preprolated_duration
Duration(1, 4)
```

Return duration.

ratio

Tuplet multiplier formatted with colon as ratio.

tuplettools.beam_bottommost_tuplets_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.tuplettools.beam_bottommost_tuplets_in_expr(expr)
    Beam bottommost tuplets in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff(3 * Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), "c'8 d'8 e'8"))
    f(staff)
     \new Staff {
        \times 2/3 {
            c′8
             d'8
             e'8
         \times 2/3 {
             c'8
             d'8
             e'8
         \times 2/3 {
             c′8
             d'8
             e'8
     }
    abjad> tuplettools.beam_bottommost_tuplets_in_expr(staff)
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \times 2/3 {
             c'8 [
             d'8
             e'8 ]
         \times 2/3 {
             c'8 [
             d'8
             e'8 ]
         \times 2/3 {
             c'8 [
             d'8
             e'8 ]
     }
    Return none.
```

tuplettools.change augmented tuplets in expr to diminished

abjad> tuplet

```
abjad.tools.tuplettools.change_augmented_tuplets_in_expr_to_diminished(tuplet)

New in version 2.0. Multiply the written duration of the leaves in tuplet by the least power of 2 necessary to diminshed tuplet.

abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 4), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
```

```
FixedDurationTuplet(1/2, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
abjad> tuplettools.change_augmented_tuplets_in_expr_to_diminished(tuplet)
FixedDurationTuplet(1/2, [c'4, d'4, e'4])
```

Todo

make work with nested tuplets.

Changed in version 2.0: renamed tuplettools.augmentation_to_diminution() to tuplettools.change_augmented_tuplets_in_expr_to_diminished().

tuplettools.change_diminished_tuplets_in_expr_to_augmented

```
abjad.tools.tuplettools.change_diminished_tuplets_in_expr_to_augmented(tuplet)
```

New in version 2.0. Divide the written duration of the leaves in *tuplet* by the least power of 2 necessary to augment *tuplet*.

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> tuplet
FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
abjad> tuplettools.change_diminished_tuplets_in_expr_to_augmented(tuplet)
FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'16, d'16, e'16])
```

Todo

make work with nested tuplets.

Changed in version 2.0: renamed tuplettools.diminution_to_augmentation() to tuplettools.change_diminished_tuplets_in_expr_to_augmented().

tuplettools.fix contents of tuplets in expr

```
abjad.tools.tuplettools.fix_contents_of_tuplets_in_expr(tuplet)
```

Scale *tuplet* contents by power of two if tuplet multiplier less than 1/2 or greater than 2. Return tuplet.

```
abjad> tuplet = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'4 d'4 e'4")
abjad> tuplet
FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'4, d'4, e'4])
abjad> tuplettools.fix_contents_of_tuplets_in_expr(tuplet)
FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed tuplettools.contents_fix() to tuplettools.fix_contents_of_tuplets_in_expr().

tuplettools.fuse_tuplets

```
abjad.tools.tuplettools.fuse_tuplets(tuplets)
```

Fuse parent-contiguous *tuplets*:

```
abjad> t1 = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t1[:])
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, e'8)
abjad> t2 = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 16), "c'16 d'16 e'16")
```

```
abjad> spannertools.SlurSpanner(t2[:])
     SlurSpanner(c'16, d'16, e'16)
     abjad> staff = Staff([t1, t2])
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \times 2/3 {
             c'8 [
             d'8
             e'8 ]
         \times 2/3 {
             c'16 (
             d'16
             e'16 )
         }
     }
     abjad> tuplettools.fuse_tuplets(staff[:])
     FixedDurationTuplet(3/8, [c'8, d'8, e'8, c'16, d'16, e'16])
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \times 2/3 {
             c'8 [
             d′8
             e'8 ]
             c'16 (
             d'16
             e'16 )
         }
     }
     Return new tuplet.
     Fuse zero or more parent-contiguous tuplets.
     Allow in-score tuplets.
     Allow outside-of-score tuplets.
     All tuplets must carry the same multiplier.
     All tuplets must be of the same type. Changed in version 2.0: renamed fuse.tuplets_by_reference()
     to tuplettools.fuse_tuplets().
tuplettools.get first tuplet in improper parentage of component
abjad.tools.tuplettools.get_first_tuplet_in_improper_parentage_of_component(component)
     New in version 2.0. Get first tuplet in improper parentage of component:
     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
     abjad> Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), staff[:3])
     Tuplet (2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \times 2/3 {
             c′8
```

57.1. Abjad API 573

d'8

```
e'8
}
f'8
}
abjad> tuplettools.get_first_tuplet_in_improper_parentage_of_component(staff.leaves[1])
Tuplet(2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
```

Return tuplet or none.

tuplettools.get_first_tuplet_in_proper_parentage_of_component

abjad.tools.tuplettools.get_first_tuplet_in_proper_parentage_of_component (component) New in version 2.0. Get first tuplet in proper parentage of component:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), staff[:3])
Tuplet(2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8])

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
    }
    f'8
}

abjad> tuplettools.get_first_tuplet_in_proper_parentage_of_component(staff.leaves[1])
Tuplet(2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
```

Return tuplet or none.

tuplettools.is_proper_tuplet_multiplier

```
abjad.tools.tuplettools.is_proper_tuplet_multiplier (multiplier)
True when 1/2 < multiplier < 2.</pre>
```

```
abjad> for n in range(17):
       rational = Fraction(n, 8)
        multiplier = tuplettools.is_proper_tuplet_multiplier(rational)
. . .
       print '%s %s' % (rational, multiplier)
. . .
. . .
0
          False
1/8
       False
1/4
       False
3/8
       False
1/2
       False
5/8
       True
3/4
        True
7/8
        True
1
         True
9/8
        True
5/4
        True
11/8
        True
```

```
3/2
        True
13/8
        True
7/4
        True
15/8
        True
          False
```

This function models the idea that 4:3, 4:5, 4:6, 4:7 are valid tuplet multipliers while 4:2 and 4:8 aren't. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.is_tuplet_multiplier() to tuplettools.is_proper_tuplet_multiplier().

tuplettools.iterate_tuplets_backward_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.tuplettools.iterate_tuplets_backward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                  start=0,
                                                                    stop=None)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate tuplets backward in expr:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 q'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
    abjad> Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), staff[:3])
    Tuplet(2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
    abjad> Tuplet (Fraction (2, 3), staff[-3:])
    Tuplet (2/3, [a'8, b'8, c''8])
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         \times 2/3 {
             c′8
             d'8
             e'8
         }
         f'8
         g′8
         \times 2/3 {
             a'8
             b'8
             c''8
         }
     }
    abjad> for tuplet in tuplettools.iterate_tuplets_backward_in_expr(staff):
            tuplet
     . . .
    Tuplet (2/3, [a'8, b'8, c''8])
    Tuplet (2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
    Return generator.
tuplettools.iterate tuplets forward in expr
```

abjad.tools.tuplettools.iterate_tuplets_forward_in_expr(expr, start=0, stop=None) New in version 2.0. Iterate tuplets forward in *expr*:

```
abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8 q'8 a'8 b'8 c''8")
abjad> Tuplet(Fraction(2, 3), staff[:3])
Tuplet (2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
abjad> Tuplet (Fraction (2, 3), staff[-3:])
Tuplet (2/3, [a'8, b'8, c''8])
```

```
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \times 2/3 {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
    }
    f'8
    g′8
    \times 2/3 {
        a′8
        b'8
        c''8
    }
}
abjad> for tuplet in tuplettools.iterate_tuplets_forward_in_expr(staff):
        tuplet
. . .
. . .
Tuplet (2/3, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
Tuplet (2/3, [a'8, b'8, c''8])
```

Return generator.

tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots

 $\verb|abjad.tools.tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots||$

New in version 2.0. Make augmented tuplet from duration and proportions and avoid dots.

Return tupletted leaves strictly without dots when all *proportions* equal 1:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots(
... Fraction(3, 16), [1, 1, -1, -1])
{@ 5:6 c'32, c'32, c'32, r32, r32 @}
```

Allow tupletted leaves to return with dots when some *proportions* do not equal 1:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots(... Fraction(3, 16), [1, -2, -2, 3, 3]) {@ 11:12 c'64, r32, r32, c'32., c'32. @}
```

Interpret nonassignable *proportions* according to *direction*:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots(
... Fraction(3, 16), [5, -1, 5], direction = 'little-endian')
{@ 11:12 c'64, c'16, r64, c'64, c'16 @}
```

Reduce *proportions* relative to each other.

Interpret negative proportions as rests.

```
Return fixed-duration tuplet. Changed in version 2.0: renamed divide.duration_into_arbitrary_augmentation_undotted() to tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots().
```

tuplettools.make augmented tuplet from duration and proportions and encourage dots

abjad.tools.tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_

New in version 2.0. Make augmented tuplet from *duration* and *proportions* and encourage dots:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_dots()
... Fraction(3, 16), [1, 1, -1, -1])
{@ 5:8 c'64., c'64., c'64., r64., r64. @}
```

Interpret nonassignable *proportions* according to *direction*:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_dots()
... Fraction(3, 16), [5, -1, 5], direction = 'little-endian')
{@ 11:16 c'32..., r128., c'32... @}
```

Reduce proportions relative to each other.

Interpret negative proportions as rests.

```
Return fixed-duration tuplet. Changed in version 2.0: renamed divide.duration_into_arbitrary_augmentation_dotted() to tuplettools.make_augmented_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_dots().
```

tuplettools.make diminished tuplet from duration and proportions and avoid dots

abjad.tools.tuplettools.make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dotated

New in version 2.0. Make diminished tuplet from *duration* and nonzero integer *proportions*.

Return tupletted leaves strictly without dots when all *proportions* equal 1:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots(
... Fraction(3, 16), [1, 1, 1, -1, -1])
{@ 5:3 c'16, c'16, c'16, r16 @}
```

Allow tupletted leaves to return with dots when some *proportions* do not equal 1:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots(
... Fraction(3, 16), [1, -2, -2, 3, 3])
{@ 11:6 c'32, r16, r16, c'16., c'16. @}
```

Interpret nonassignable *proportions* according to *direction*:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots(
... Fraction(3, 16), [5, -1, 5], direction = 'little-endian')
{@ 11:6 c'32, c'8, r32, c'32, c'8 @}
```

Reduce proportions relative to each other.

Interpret negative *proportions* as rets.

```
Return fixed-duration tuplet. Changed in version 2.0: renamed divide.duration_into_arbitrary_diminution_undotted() to tuplettools.make diminished tuplet from duration and proportions and avoid dots().
```

tuplettools.make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_dots

abjad.tools.tuplettools.make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage

New in version 2.0. Make diminished tuplet from *duration* and *proportions* and encourage dots:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_dots ... Fraction(3, 16), [1, 1, -1, -1]) {@ 5:4 c'32., c'32., c'32., r32., r32. @}
```

Interpret nonassignable *proportions* according to *direction*:

```
abjad> print tuplettools.make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_dots
... Fraction(3, 16), [5, -1, 5], direction = 'little-endian')
{@ 11:8 c'16..., r64., c'16... @}
```

Reduce *proportions* relative to each other.

Interpret negative proportions as rests.

tuplettools.make_tuplet_from_proportions_and pair

```
abjad.tools.tuplettools.make_tuplet_from_proportions_and_pair(l, (n, d), together=False)
```

Divide (n, d) according to l.

Where no prolation is necessary, return container.

```
abjad> tuplettools.make_tuplet_from_proportions_and_pair([1], (7, 16)) {c'4..}
```

Where prolation is necessary, return fixed-duration tuplet.

```
abjad> tuplettools.make_tuplet_from_proportions_and_pair([1, 2], (7, 16))
FixedDurationTuplet(7/16, [c'8, c'4])

abjad> tuplettools.make_tuplet_from_proportions_and_pair([1, 2, 4], (7, 16))
FixedDurationTuplet(7/16, [c'16, c'8, c'4])

abjad> tuplettools.make_tuplet_from_proportions_and_pair([1, 2, 4, 1], (7, 16))
FixedDurationTuplet(7/16, [c'16, c'8, c'4, c'16])

abjad> tuplettools.make_tuplet_from_proportions_and_pair([1, 2, 4, 1, 2], (7, 16))
FixedDurationTuplet(7/16, [c'16, c'8, c'4, c'16, c'8])
```

```
abjad> tuplettools.make_tuplet_from_proportions_and_pair([1, 2, 4, 1, 2, 4], (7, 16)) FixedDurationTuplet(7/16, [c'16, c'8, c'4, c'16, c'8, c'4])
```

Note: function accepts a pair rather than a rational.

Note: function interprets d as tuplet denominator.

Changed in version 2.0: renamed divide.pair() to tuplettools.make_tuplet_from_proportions_and_pair

tuplettools.move prolation of tuplet to contents of tuplet and remove tuplet

abjad.tools.tuplettools.move_prolation_of_tuplet_to_contents_of_tuplet_and_remove_tuplet (tu Scale tuplet contents and then bequeath in-score position of tuplet to contents.

Return orphaned tuplet emptied of all contents.

```
abjad> t = Staff(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(3, 8), "c'8 d'8") \star 2)
abjad> spannertools.BeamSpanner(t.leaves)
BeamSpanner(c'8, d'8, c'8, d'8)
abjad> print t.format
\new Staff {
    \fraction \times 3/2 {
        c'8 [
        d'8
    \fraction \times 3/2 {
        c'8
        d'8 1
    }
abjad> tuplettools.move_prolation_of_tuplet_to_contents_of_tuplet_and_remove_tuplet(t[0])
FixedDurationTuplet(3/8, [ ])
abjad> print t.format
\new Staff {
    c'8. [
    d'8.
    \fraction \times 3/2 {
        c'8
        d'8 1
    }
}
```

tuplettools.remove_trivial_tuplets_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.tuplettools.remove_trivial_tuplets_in_expr(expr)
Remove trivial tuplets in expr:

abjad> t = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(1, 4), "c'8 d'8 e'8")
abjad> u = tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(1, 4), "c'8 d'8")
abjad> s = Staff([t, u])
```

```
abjad> len(s)
    2
    abjad> s[0]
    FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
    abjad> s[1]
    FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, d'8])
    abjad> tuplettools.remove_trivial_tuplets_in_expr(s)
    abjad> len(s)
    abjad> s[0]
    FixedDurationTuplet(1/4, [c'8, d'8, e'8])
    abjad> s[1]
    Note("c'8")
    abjad> s[2]
    Note("d'8")
    abjad> f(s)
    \new Staff {
         \times 2/3 {
             c'8
             d'8
             e′8
         }
         c′8
         d'8
     }
    Replace trivial tuplets with plain leaves.
    Return none.
                      Changed in version 2.0:
                                               renamed tuplettools.slip trivial() to
    tuplettools.remove_trivial_tuplets_in_expr().
tuplettools.scale contents of tuplets in expr by multiplier
abjad.tools.tuplettools.scale_contents_of_tuplets_in_expr_by_multiplier(tuplet,
                                                                                      mul-
                                                                                     ti-
                                                                                     plier)
    Scale fixed-duration tuplet by multiplier. Preserve tuplet multiplier. Return tuplet.
tuplettools.set denominator of tuplets in expr to at least
abjad.tools.tuplettools.set_denominator_of_tuplets_in_expr_to_at_least(expr,
    New in version 2.0. Set denominator of tuplets in expr to at least n:
    abjad> tuplet = Tuplet(Fraction(3, 5), "c'4 d'8 e'8 f'4 q'2")
    abjad> f(tuplet)
    \fraction \times 3/5 {
         c'4
         d'8
         e′8
         f'4
```

```
g′2
    }
    abjad> tuplettools.set_denominator_of_tuplets_in_expr_to_at_least(tuplet, 8)
    abjad> f(tuplet)
    \fraction \times 6/10 {
         d'8
         e′8
         f'4
         g'2
     }
    Return none.
voicetools
voicetools.Voice
class abjad.tools.voicetools.Voice (music=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: abjad.tools.contexttools._Context._Context._Context
    Abjad model of a voice:
    abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> f(voice)
    \new Voice {
        c′8
         d'8
         e′8
         f'8
    Return voice object.
voicetools.get_first_voice_in_improper_parentage_of_component
abjad.tools.voicetools.get_first_voice_in_improper_parentage_of_component(component)
    New in version 2.0. Get first voice in improper parentage of component:
    abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> staff = Staff([voice])
    abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         \new Voice {
             c'8
             d'8
             e'8
             f'8
         }
     }
    abjad> voicetools.get_first_voice_in_improper_parentage_of_component(staff.leaves[0])
    Voice{4}
```

57.1. Abjad API 581

Return voice or none.

voicetools.get first voice in proper parentage of component

```
abjad.tools.voicetools.get_first_voice_in_proper_parentage_of_component(component)
New in version 2.0. Get first voice in proper parentage of component:

abjad> voice = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> staff = Staff([voice])

abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff {
    \new Voice {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    }
}

abjad> voicetools.get_first_voice_in_proper_parentage_of_component(staff.leaves[0])
Voice{4}
```

Return voice or none.

voicetools.iterate_semantic_voices_backward_in_expr

```
\verb|abjad.tools.voicetools.iterate_semantic_voices_backward_in_expr| (\textit{expr})
```

New in version 2.0. Iterate semantic voices backward in *expr*:

```
abjad> measures = measuretools.make_measures_with_full_measure_spacer_skips([(3, 8), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (6, 16), (6, 16), (6, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16),
abjad> time_signature_voice = Voice(measures)
abjad> time_signature_voice.name = 'TimeSignatureVoice'
abjad> time_signature_voice.is_nonsemantic = True
abjad> music_voice = Voice("c'4. d'4 e'16 f'4 g'16")
abjad> music_voice.name = 'MusicVoice'
abjad> staff = Staff([time_signature_voice, music_voice])
abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
abjad> f(staff)
\new Staff <<
                 \context Voice = "TimeSignatureVoice" {
                                  {
                                                   \times 3/8
                                                   s1 * 3/8
                                   }
                                   {
                                                   \time 5/16
                                                   s1 * 5/16
                                   }
                                                   \time 5/16
                                                   s1 * 5/16
                 \context Voice = "MusicVoice" {
                                 c'4.
                                 d'4
                                 e'16
                                 f'4
```

```
}
             abjad> for voice in voicetools.iterate_semantic_voices_backward_in_expr(staff):
              ... voice
             Voice-"MusicVoice"{5}
             Return generator.
voicetools.iterate_semantic_voices_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.voicetools.iterate semantic voices forward in expr(expr)
             New in version 2.0. Iterate semantic voices forward in expr:
             abjad> measures = measuretools.make_measures_with_full_measure_spacer_skips([(3, 8), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (5, 16), (6, 16), (6, 16), (6, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16), (7, 16),
             abjad> meter_voice = Voice(measures)
             abjad> meter_voice.name = 'TimeSignatuerVoice'
             abjad> meter_voice.is_nonsemantic = True
             abjad> music_voice = Voice("c'4. d'4 e'16 f'4 g'16")
             abjad> music_voice.name = 'MusicVoice'
             abjad> staff = Staff([meter_voice, music_voice])
             abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
             abjad> f(staff)
             \new Staff <<
                          \context Voice = "TimeSignatuerVoice" {
                                                  \times 3/8
                                                  s1 * 3/8
                                      }
                                      {
                                                  \time 5/16
                                                  s1 * 5/16
                                                  \time 5/16
                                                  s1 * 5/16
                          \context Voice = "MusicVoice" {
                                     c'4.
                                     d'4
                                     e'16
                                     f'4
                                     q'16
                          }
             abjad> for voice in voicetools.iterate_semantic_voices_forward_in_expr(staff):
              ... voice
             Voice-"MusicVoice"{5}
             Return generator.
```

g'16

voicetools.iterate voices backward in expr

```
abjad.tools.voicetools.iterate_voices_backward_in_expr(expr)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate voices backward in expr:
    abjad> voice_1 = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> voice_2 = Voice("c'4 b4")
    abjad> staff = Staff([voice_1, voice_2])
    abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff <<
         \new Voice {
            c′8
             d'8
             e′8
             f'8
         \new Voice {
             c'4
             b4
    >>
    abjad> for voice in voicetools.iterate_voices_backward_in_expr(staff):
    Voice{2}
    Voice{4}
    Return generator.
voicetools.iterate_voices_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.voicetools.iterate_voices_forward_in_expr(expr)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate voices forward in expr:
    abjad> voice_1 = Voice("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> voice_2 = Voice("c'4 b4")
    abjad> staff = Staff([voice_1, voice_2])
    abjad> staff.is_parallel = True
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff <<
         \new Voice {
             c'8
             d'8
             e'8
             f'8
         \new Voice {
            c'4
             b4
         }
    abjad> for voice in voicetools.iterate_voices_forward_in_expr(staff):
     ... voice
```

```
Voice{4}
    Voice{2}
    Return generator.
57.1.2 Additional Abjad composition packages (load manually)
cfgtools
cfgtools.get_abjad_revision_string
abjad.tools.cfgtools.get_abjad_revision_string()
    New in version 2.0. Get Abjad revision string:
    abjad> cfgtools.get_abjad_revision_string() # doctest: +SKIP
    '4392'
    Return string.
cfgtools.get_abjad_version_string
abjad.tools.cfgtools.get_abjad_version_string()
    New in version 2.0. Get Abjad version string:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import cfgtools
    abjad> cfgtools.get_abjad_version_string()
    12.21
    Return string.
cfgtools.get_lilypond_version_string
abjad.tools.cfgtools.get_lilypond_version_string()
    New in version 2.0. Get LilyPond version string:
    abjad> cfgtools.get_lilypond_version_string() # doctest: +SKIP
    12.13.611
    Return string.
cfgtools.get_python_version_string
abjad.tools.cfgtools.get_python_version_string()
    New in version 2.0. Get Python version string:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import cfgtools
    abjad> cfgtools.get_python_version_string() # doctest: +SKIP
```

12.6.11

Return string.

cfgtools.list abjad environment variables

```
\verb|abjad.tools.cfgtools.list_abjad_environment_variables|()|
```

New in version 1.1. List Abjad environment variables.

Return tuple of zero or more environment variable / setting pairs.

Abjad environment variables are defined in abjad/cfg/cfg.py. Changed in version 2.0: renamed cfgtools.list_settings() to cfgtools.list_abjad_environment_variables().

cfgtools.list abjad templates

```
abjad.tools.cfgtools.list_abjad_templates()
   New in version 2.0. List Abjad templates:
   abjad> from abjad.tools import cfgtools

abjad> cfgtools.list_abjad_templates()
   ('coventry.ly', 'lagos.ly', 'oedo.ly', 'paris.ly', 'tangiers.ly', 'thebes.ly', 'tirnaveni.ly')
```

Return tuple of zero or more strings.

Abjad templates are housed in abjad/templates.

cfgtools.set_default_accidental_spelling

```
\verb|abjad.tools.cfgtools.set_default_accidental_spelling| (spelling='mixed') \\
```

New in version 1.1. Set default accidental spelling to sharps:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import cfgtools
abjad> cfgtools.set_default_accidental_spelling('sharps')
abjad> [Note(13, (1, 4)), Note(15, (1, 4))]
[Note("cs''4"), Note("ds''4")]
```

Set default accidental spelling to flats:

```
abjad> cfgtools.set_default_accidental_spelling('flats')
abjad> [Note(13, (1, 4)), Note(15, (1, 4))]
[Note("df''4"), Note("ef''4")]
```

Set default accidental spelling to mixed:

```
abjad> cfgtools.set_default_accidental_spelling()
abjad> [Note(13, (1, 4)), Note(15, (1, 4))]
[Note("cs''4"), Note("ef''4")]
```

Mixed is system default.

Mixed test case must appear last here for doc tests to check correctly.

```
Return none. Changed in version 2.0: renamed pitchtools.change_default_accidental_spelling() to cfgtools.set_default_accidental_spelling().
```

durtools

durtools.Duration

```
class abjad.tools.durtools.Duration
```

Bases: fractions.Fraction New in version 2.0. Abjad model of musical duration:

```
abjad> Duration(15, 16)
Duration(15, 16)
```

Durations inherit from built-in Fraction.

durtools.Offset

```
class abjad.tools.durtools.Offset
```

Bases: abjad.tools.durtools.Duration.Duration.Duration New in version 2.0. Abjad model of offset value of musical time:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> durtools.Offset(121, 16)
Offset(121, 16)
```

Offset inherits from duration (which inherits from built-in Fraction).

durtools.assignable_rational_to_dot_count

```
abjad.tools.durtools.assignable_rational_to_dot_count(rational)
```

New in version 2.0. Change assignable *rational* to dot count:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> for n in range(1, 9):
. . .
        try:
                     rational = Fraction(n, 16)
. . .
                     dot_count = durtools.assignable_rational_to_dot_count(rational)
                     print '%s\t%s' % (rational, dot_count)
        except AssignabilityError:
. . .
                     pass
. . .
. . .
1/16
        0
1/8
        0
3/16
        1
        Ω
1/4
3/8
        1
7/16
1/2
```

Raise assignability error when rational not assignable.

Return nonnegative integer.

durtools.assignable_rational_to_lilypond_duration_string

```
abjad.tools.durtools.assignable_rational_to_lilypond_duration_string(rational) New in version 2.0. Change assignable rational to LilyPond duration string:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> durtools.assignable_rational_to_lilypond_duration_string(Fraction(3, 16))
'8.'
```

Raise assignability error when rational not assignable.

Return string.

durtools.duration_pair_to_prolation_string

```
abjad.tools.durtools.duration_pair_to_prolation_string(pair)

New in version 2.0. Change positive integer duration pair to colon-separated prolation string:

abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools

abjad> durtools.duration_pair_to_prolation_string((2, 3))
```

Return string.

13:21

durtools.duration_token_to_big_endian_list_of_assignable_duration_pairs

abjad.tools.durtools.duration_token_to_big_endian_list_of_assignable_duration_pairs (duration_New in version 1.1. Change duration_token to big-endian tuple of assignable duration pairs:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools

abjad> duration_tokens = [(n, 16) for n in range(10, 20)]

abjad> for duration_token in duration_tokens:
... print duration_token, durtools.duration_token_to_big_endian_list_of_assignable_duration_
...

(10, 16) ((8, 16), (2, 16))

(11, 16) ((8, 16), (3, 16))

(12, 16) ((12, 16),)

(13, 16) ((12, 16),)

(14, 16) ((14, 16),)

(15, 16) ((15, 16),)

(16, 16) ((16, 16), (1, 16))

(18, 16) ((16, 16), (2, 16))

(19, 16) ((16, 16), (3, 16))
```

Return tuple of integer pairs. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.token_decompose() to durtools.duration_token_to_big_endian_list_of_assignable_duration_pairs().

durtools.duration_token_to_duration_pair

```
abjad.tools.duration_token_to_duration_pair(duration_token)
New in version 1.1. Change duration_token to duration pair:
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> durtools.duration_token_to_duration_pair(Fraction(2, 4))
(1, 2)
```

```
New in version 2.0: Change LilyPond duration string to duration pair:
```

```
abjad> durtools.duration_token_to_duration_pair('8.')
(3, 16)
```

Return pair. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.token_unpack() to durtools.duration_token_to_duration_pair().

durtools.duration_token_to_rational

```
abjad.tools.durtools.duration_token_to_rational(duration_token)
```

New in version 2.0. Change *duration_token* to rational:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> durtools.duration_token_to_rational((4, 16))
Fraction(1, 4)
abjad> durtools.duration_token_to_rational('4.')
Fraction(3, 8)
```

Return fraction.

durtools.duration_tokens_to_duration_pairs

```
abjad.tools.duration_tokens_to_duration_pairs(duration_tokens)
```

New in version 2.0. Change *duration_tokens* to duration pairs:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools

abjad> durtools.duration_tokens_to_duration_pairs([Fraction(2, 4), 3, '8.', (5, 16)])
[(1, 2), (3, 1), (3, 16), (5, 16)]
```

Return new object of duration_tokens type.

durtools.duration tokens to duration pairs with least common denominator

abjad.tools.durtools.duration_tokens_to_duration_pairs_with_least_common_denominator(duration_New in version 2.0. Change duration_tokens to duration pairs with least common denominator:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools

abjad> durtools.duration_tokens_to_duration_pairs_with_least_common_denominator([Fraction(2, 4), [(8, 16), (48, 16), (3, 16), (5, 16)]
```

Return new object of *duration_tokens* type.

durtools.duration tokens to least common denominator

```
abjad.tools.durtools.duration_tokens_to_least_common_denominator(duration_tokens) New in version 2.0. Change duration_tokens to least common denominator:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
```

```
abjad> durtools.duration_tokens_to_least_common_denominator([Fraction(2, 4), 3, '8.', (5, 16)])
    Return positive integer.
durtools.duration_tokens_to_rationals
abjad.tools.durtools.duration_tokens_to_rationals(duration_tokens)
    New in version 2.0. Change duration_tokens to rationals:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> durtools.duration_tokens_to_rationals([Fraction(2, 4), 3, '8.', (5, 16)])
    [Fraction(1, 2), Fraction(3, 1), Fraction(3, 16), Fraction(5, 16)]
    Return new object of duration_tokens type.
durtools.group_duration_tokens_by_implied_prolation
abjad.tools.durtools.group_duration_tokens_by_implied_prolation(durations)
    New in version 1.1. Group durations by implied prolation:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> durtools.group_duration_tokens_by_implied_prolation([(1, 4), (1, 8), (1, 3), (1, 6), (1,
    [[(1, 4), (1, 8)], [(1, 3), (1, 6)], [(1, 4)]]
                      integer pair
                                                                  version
                                                                           2.0:
             list
                  of
                                      lists.
                                                   Changed
                                                             in
    durtools.agglomerate_by_prolation() to durtools.group_duration_tokens_by_implied_prolati
durtools.is assignable rational
abjad.tools.durtools.is_assignable_rational(expr)
    New in version 1.1. True when expr is assignable rational. Otherwise false:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> for numerator in range(0, 16 + 1):
    . . .
            duration = Fraction(numerator, 16)
             print '%s\t%s' % (duration, durtools.is_assignable_rational(duration))
     . . .
    0
           False
    1/16
          True
    1/8
          True
    3/16 True
    1/4 True
    5/16 False
    3/8 True
```

7/16 True 1/2

5/8

True 9/16 False

False 11/16 False 3/4 True 13/16 False

```
7/8 True
15/16 True
1 True
```

Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.is_assignable() to durtools.is_assignable_rational().

durtools.is binary rational

```
abjad.tools.durtools.is_binary_rational(rational)
```

New in version 1.1. True when *rational* is of the form 1/2 * *n. Otherwise false:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> for n in range(1, 17): # doctest: +SKIP
        rational = Fraction(1, n)
. . .
        print '%s\t%s' % (rational, durtools.is_binary_rational(rational))
. . .
1
          True
1/2
        True
1/3
        False
1/4
        True
1/5
        False
1/6
        False
1/7
        False
1/8
        True
1/9
        False
1/10
        False
1/11
        False
1/12
        False
1/13
        False
1/14
        False
1/15
        False
1/16
        True
```

Return boolean.

durtools.is_duration_pair

```
abjad.tools.durtools.is_duration_pair(arg)

New in version 1.1 True when arg has the form of a pair of integers that in
```

New in version 1.1. True when *arg* has the form of a pair of integers that initialize a positive rational:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> durtools.is_duration_pair((5, 16))
True
```

Otherwise false:

```
abjad> durtools.is_duration_pair((-5, 16))
False
```

Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.is_pair() to durtools.is_duration_pair().

durtools.is duration token

```
abjad.tools.durtools.is_duration_token(expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr has the form of an Abjad duration pair:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> durtools.is_duration_token('8.')
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> durtools.is_duration_token('foo')
    False
    Return boolean.
durtools.is lilypond duration name
abjad.tools.durtools.is_lilypond_duration_name(expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is a LilyPond duartion name:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> durtools.is_lilypond_duration_name('\\breve')
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> durtools.is_lilypond_duration_name('foo')
    False
    The regex ^ (\\breve|\\longa|\\maxima) $ underlies this predicate.
    Return boolean.
durtools.is_lilypond_duration_string
abjad.tools.durtools.is_lilypond_duration_string(expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is a LilyPond duration string:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> durtools.is_lilypond_duration_string('4.. * 1/2')
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> durtools.is_lilypond_duration_string('foo')
    The regex (1|2|4|8|16|32|64|128|breve|\longa|\maxima)\s*(\.*)\s*(\*\s*(\d+(/\d+)?))?$
```

underlies this predicate.

Return boolean.

durtools.lilypond_duration_string_to_rational

```
abjad.tools.durtools.lilypond_duration_string_to_rational(duration_string)

New in version 2.0. Change LilyPond duration_string to rational:

abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools

abjad> durtools.lilypond_duration_string_to_rational('8.')

Fraction(3, 16)
```

Return fraction.

durtools.lilypond_duration_string_to_rational_list

```
abjad.tools.durtools.lilypond_duration_string_to_rational_list(duration_string)
New in version 2.0. Change LilyPond duration_string to rational list:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> durtools.lilypond_duration_string_to_rational_list('8.. 32 8.. 32')
[Fraction(7, 32), Fraction(1, 32), Fraction(7, 32), Fraction(1, 32)]
```

Return list of fractions.

durtools.multiply_duration_pair

(16, 40)

```
abjad.tools.durtools.multiply_duration_pair (pair, multiplier)
   New in version 1.1. Multiply duration pair by rational multiplier:
   abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
   abjad> durtools.multiply_duration_pair((4, 8), Fraction(4, 5))
```

Naive multiplication with no simplification of anything intended for certain types of meter multiplication.

Return integer pair. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.pair_multiply_naive() to durtools.multiply_duration_pair().

durtools.multiply duration pair and reduce factors

```
abjad.tools.durtools.multiply_duration_pair_and_reduce_factors(pair, plier) multi-
```

New in version 1.1. Multiply *pair* by rational *multiplier* and reduce factors:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> durtools.multiply_duration_pair_and_reduce_factors((4, 8), Fraction(2, 3))
(4, 12)
```

Intended for certain types of meter multiplication.

Return integer pair. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.pair_multiply_reduce_factors() to durtools.multiply_duration_pair_and_reduce_factors().

durtools.multiply duration pair and try to preserve numerator

```
abjad.tools.durtools.multiply_duration_pair_and_try_to_preserve_numerator(pair,
                                                                                         mul-
                                                                                         ti-
                                                                                         plier)
    New in version 1.1. Multiply duration pair by rational multiplier and try to preserve numerator:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> durtools.multiply_duration_pair_and_try_to_preserve_numerator((9, 16), Fraction(2, 3))
     (9, 24)
    Intended for certain types of meter multiplication.
    Return integer pair. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.pair_multiply_constant_numerator()
    to durtools.multiply_duration_pair_and_try_to_preserve_numerator().
durtools.numeric seconds to clock string
abjad.tools.durtools.numeric_seconds_to_clock_string(seconds)
    New in version 2.0. Change numeric seconds to clock string:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> durtools.numeric_seconds_to_clock_string(117)
    '1\'57"'
    Return string.
durtools.numeric seconds to escaped clock string
abjad.tools.durtools.numeric_seconds_to_escaped_clock_string(seconds)
    New in version 2.0. Change numeric seconds to escaped clock string:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
```

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> clock_string = durtools.numeric_seconds_to_escaped_clock_string(117)
abjad> markuptools.Markup('"%s"' % clock_string, 'up')(note)
Markup('"1\'57\\""', 'up')
abjad> f(note)
c'4 ^ \markup { "1'57\"" }
```

Escape seconds indicator for output as LilyPond markup.

Return string.

durtools.positive_integer_to_implied_prolation_multipler

```
abjad.tools.durtools.positive_integer_to_implied_prolation_multipler(n)
    New in version 1.1. Change positive integer n to implied porlation multiplier:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
```

```
abjad> for denominator in range(1, 17): # doctest: +SKIP
        multiplier = durtools.positive_integer_to_implied_prolation_multipler(denominator)
        print '%s\t%s' % (denominator, multiplier)
. . .
. . .
1
          1
2
          1
3
          2/3
4
          1
5
          4/5
6
          2/3
7
          4/7
8
          1
          8/9
9
          4/5
10
          8/11
11
          2/3
12
13
          8/13
14
          4/7
15
          8/15
16
Return
        positive
                  fraction
                            less
                                              equal
                                                                     Changed
                                                                                     ver-
                                         or
                                                     to
                                                         1.
         2.0:
sion
                        renamed
                                     durtools.denominator_to_multiplier()
                                                                                      to
durtools.positive_integer_to_implied_prolation_multipler().
```

durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator

abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denomination_

Change *duration* to duration pair with multiple of specified *integer_denominator*:

(5, 10)

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
(1, 2)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
(2, 4)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
(4, 8)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
(8, 16)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
(12, 24)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
```

```
abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
     abjad> durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator(Fractional_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator)
     (20, 40)
     Return integer pair. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.in_terms_of_binary_multiple()
     to durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_multiple_of_specified_integer_denominator().
durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_specified_integer_denominator
abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_specified_integer_denominator(duration,
                                                                                                      ger_denomii
     New in version 1.1. Change duration to duration pair with specified integer_denominator:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
     abjad> for n in range(1, 17):
             rational = Fraction(n, 16)
             pair = durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_specified_integer_denominator(rational, 1
     . . .
             print '%s\t%s' % (rational, pair)
     . . .
             (1, 16)
     1/16
              (2, 16)
     1/8
             (3, 16)
     3/16
             (4, 16)
     1/4
     5/16
             (5, 16)
     3/8
             (6, 16)
     7/16
             (7, 16)
     1/2
             (8, 16)
     9/16
             (9, 16)
             (10, 16)
     5/8
     11/16 (11, 16)
     3/4
             (12, 16)
             (13, 16)
     13/16
             (14, 16)
     7/8
              (15, 16)
     15/16
     1
                (16, 16)
     Return integer pair.
                             Changed in version 2.0:
                                                         renamed durtools.in_terms_of() to
     durtools.rational_to_duration_pair_with_specified_integer_denominator().
durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_assignable_rational
abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_assignable_rational(rational)
     New in version 1.1. Change rational to equal or greater assignable rational:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
     abjad> for n in range(1, 17): # doctest: +SKIP
             prolated = Fraction(n, 16)
             written = durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_assignable_rational(prolated)
     . . .
             print '%s/16\t%s' % (n, written)
     . . .
     1/16
             1/16
```

```
2/16
        1/8
3/16
        3/16
        1/4
4/16
        3/8
5/16
6/16
        3/8
7/16
        7/16
8/16
        1/2
9/16
        3/4
       3/4
10/16
        3/4
11/16
        3/4
12/16
13/16
       7/8
14/16
       7/8
15/16
       15/16
16/16
        1
```

Return fraction.

Function returns dotted and double dotted durations where possible. Changed in version 2.0: Fixed to produce monotonically increasing output in response to monotonically increasing input. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.prolated_to_written_not_less_than() to durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_assignable_rational().

durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_binary_rational

abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_binary_rational(rational) New in version 1.1. Change rational to equal to greater binary rational:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> for n in range(1, 17): # doctest: +SKIP
       rational = Fraction(n, 16)
        written_duration = durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_binary_rational(rational)
        print '%s/16\t%s' % (n, written_duration)
. . .
. . .
1/16
       1/16
2/16
       1/8
       1/4
3/16
4/16
       1/4
5/16
       1/2
6/16
       1/2
7/16
       1/2
       1/2
8/16
9/16
       1
10/16
      1
11/16
       1
12/16
13/16
14/16
15/16
        1
16/16
abjad> durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_binary_rational(Fraction(1, 80))
Fraction (1, 64)
abjad> durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_binary_rational(Fraction(17, 16))
Fraction (2, 1)
```

Use to find written duration of tupletted leaves.

Return fraction. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.naive_prolated_to_written_not_less_than() to durtools.rational_to_equal_or_greater_binary_rational().

durtools.rational_to_equal_or_lesser_assignable_rational

abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_equal_or_lesser_assignable_rational(rational) New in version 1.1. Change rational to equal or lesser assignable rational:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> for n in range(1, 17): # doctest: +SKIP
       rational = Fraction(n, 16)
. . .
       written = durtools.rational_to_equal_or_lesser_assignable_rational(rational)
. . .
       print '%s/16\t%s' % (n, written)
. . .
1/16
       1/16
2/16
       1/8
3/16
       3/16
4/16
       1/4
5/16
       1/4
6/16
       3/8
       7/16
7/16
8/16
       1/2
9/16
       1/2
10/16
      1/2
11/16
      1/2
12/16
      3/4
13/16
      3/4
14/16
      7/8
15/16
      15/16
16/16
       1
```

Return fraction.

Function returns dotted and double dotted durations where possible. Changed in version 2.0: Fixed to produce monotonically increasing output in response to monotonically increasing input. Changed in version 2.0: renamed durtools.prolated_to_written_not_greater_than() to durtools.rational_to_equal_or_lesser_assignable_rational().

durtools.rational_to_equal_or_lesser_binary_rational

abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_equal_or_lesser_binary_rational(rational)

New in version 1.1. Change *rational* to equal or lesser binary rational:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> for n in range(1, 17): # doctest: +SKIP
       rational = Fraction(n, 16)
. . .
        written_duration = durtools.rational_to_equal_or_lesser_binary_rational(rational)
. . .
        print '%s/16\t%s' % (n, written_duration)
. . .
. . .
       1/16
1/16
       1/8
2/16
3/16
       1/8
4/16
        1/4
```

```
5/16
             1/4
    6/16
             1/4
    7/16
             1/4
    8/16
             1/2
    9/16
             1/2
    10/16
             1/2
    11/16
            1/2
    12/16
            1/2
    13/16
            1/2
    14/16
            1/2
    15/16
           1/2
    16/16
           1
    abjad> durtools.rational_to_equal_or_lesser_binary_rational(Fraction(1, 80))
    Fraction(1, 128)
    Return fraction.
    Function intended to find written duration of notes inside tuplet.
                                                                          Changed in version
                        durtools.naive_prolated_to_written_not_greater_than()
    durtools.rational_to_equal_or_lesser_binary_rational().
durtools.rational to flag count
abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_flag_count(rational)
    New in version 2.0. Change rational to number of flags required to notate:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> durtools.rational_to_flag_count(Fraction(1, 32))
    Return nonnegative integer.
durtools.rational_to_fraction_string
abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_fraction_string(rational)
    New in version 1.1. Change rational to fraction string:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> durtools.rational_to_fraction_string(Fraction(2, 4))
    '1/2'
    Return string.
durtools.rational_to_prolation_string
abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_prolation_string(rational)
    New in version 2.0. Change rational to prolation string:
```

57.1. Abjad API 599

abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools

```
abjad> generator = durtools.yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order_uniquely()
abjad> for n in range(16): # doctest: +SKIP
       rational = generator.next()
        prolation_string = durtools.rational_to_prolation_string(rational)
        print '%s\\t%s' % (rational, prolation_string)
. . .
. . .
1
          1:1
2
         1:2
        2:1
1/2
1/3
       3:1
3
        1:3
4
         1:4
3/2
       2:3
2/3
       3:2
1/4
       4:1
1/5
        5:1
5
         1:5
6
          1:6
5/2
        2:5
4/3
        3:4
3/4
        4:3
2/5
        5:2
```

Return string.

durtools.rational_to_proper_fraction

```
abjad.tools.durtools.rational_to_proper_fraction(rational)
   New in version 2.0. Change rational to proper fraction:
   abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
   abjad> durtools.rational_to_proper_fraction(Fraction(116, 8))
   (14, Fraction(1, 2))
   Return pair.
```

durtools.rewrite_rational_under_new_tempo

New in version 2.0. Given *prolated_duration_1* governed by *tempo_mark_1*, return *prolated_duration_2* governed by *tempo_mark_2* such that *prolated_duration_1* and *prolated_duration_2* consume exactly the same amount of time in seconds.

Consider the two tempo indications below.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
abjad> tempo_mark_1 = contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 4), 60)
abjad> tempo_mark_2 = contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 4), 90)
```

The first tempo indication specifies quarter = 60 MM. The second tempo indication specifies quarter = 90 MM.

The second tempo is 1 1/2 times as fast as the first.

```
abjad> tempo_mark_2 / tempo_mark_1
     Duration(3, 2)
     An triplet eighth note at tempo 1 equals a regular eighth note at tempo 2.
     abjad> durtools.rewrite_rational_under_new_tempo(Duration(1, 12), tempo_mark_1, tempo_mark_2)
     Duration(1, 8)
     Conversely, a regular eighth not at tempo 1 equals a dotted sixteenth at tempo 2.
     abjad> durtools.rewrite_rational_under_new_tempo(Duration(1, 8), tempo_mark_1, tempo_mark_2)
     Duration(3, 16)
     Return fraction.
durtools.yield all assignable rationals in cantor diagonalized order
abjad.tools.durtools.yield_all_assignable_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
     New in version 2.0. Yield all assignable rationals in Cantor diagonalized order:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
     abjad> generator = durtools.yield_all_assignable_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
     abjad> for n in range(16):
            generator.next()
     Fraction (1, 1)
     Fraction (2, 1)
     Fraction (1, 2)
     Fraction (3, 1)
    Fraction (4, 1)
    Fraction(3, 2)
     Fraction (1, 4)
    Fraction(6, 1)
     Fraction(3, 4)
     Fraction (7, 1)
    Fraction(8, 1)
     Fraction(7, 2)
     Fraction(1, 8)
     Fraction (7, 4)
     Fraction (3, 8)
     Fraction(12, 1)
     Return fraction generator.
durtools.yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order
abjad.tools.durtools.yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
     New in version 2.0. Yield all positive integer pairs in Cantor diagonalized order:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
     abjad> generator = durtools.yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
     abjad> for n in range(16):
             generator.next()
     . . .
     . . .
     (1, 1)
```

```
(2, 1)

(1, 2)

(1, 3)

(2, 2)

(3, 1)

(4, 1)

(3, 2)

(2, 3)

(1, 4)

(1, 5)

(2, 4)

(3, 3)

(4, 2)

(5, 1)

(6, 1)
```

Return pair generator.

durtools.yield all positive rationals in cantor diagonalized order

```
abjad.tools.durtools.yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
    New in version 2.0. Yield all positive rationals in Cantor diagonalized order:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
    abjad> generator = durtools.yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
    abjad> for n in range(16):
            generator.next()
    Fraction(1, 1)
    Fraction (2, 1)
    Fraction (1, 2)
    Fraction(1, 3)
    Fraction(1, 1)
    Fraction(3, 1)
    Fraction(4, 1)
    Fraction(3, 2)
    Fraction (2, 3)
    Fraction (1, 4)
    Fraction(1, 5)
    Fraction(1, 2)
    Fraction(1, 1)
    Fraction(2, 1)
    Fraction (5, 1)
    Fraction(6, 1)
```

Return fraction generator.

durtools.yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order_uniquely

```
abjad.tools.durtools.yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order_uniquely()

New in version 2.0. Yield all positive rationals in Cantor diagonalized order uniquely:

abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools
```

```
abjad> generator = durtools.yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order_uniquely()
abjad> for n in range(16):
        generator.next()
. . .
Fraction(1, 1)
Fraction (2, 1)
Fraction(1, 2)
Fraction(1, 3)
Fraction(3, 1)
Fraction(4, 1)
Fraction(3, 2)
Fraction(2, 3)
Fraction (1, 4)
Fraction(1, 5)
Fraction(5, 1)
Fraction(6, 1)
Fraction(5, 2)
Fraction(4, 3)
Fraction(3, 4)
Fraction(2, 5)
```

Return fraction generator.

durtools.yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_order

```
abjad.tools.durtools.yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_o
```

New in version 2.0. Yield all prolation rewrite pairs of *prolated_duration* in Cantor diagonalized order.

Ensure written duration never less than minimum_written_duration.

The different ways to notate a prolated duration of 1/8:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import durtools

abjad> pairs = durtools.yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_ord
abjad> for pair in pairs: pair
...

(Fraction(1, 1), Fraction(1, 8))
(Fraction(2, 3), Fraction(3, 16))
(Fraction(4, 3), Fraction(3, 32))
(Fraction(4, 7), Fraction(7, 32))
(Fraction(8, 7), Fraction(7, 64))
(Fraction(8, 15), Fraction(15, 64))
(Fraction(16, 15), Fraction(15, 128))
(Fraction(16, 31), Fraction(31, 128))

The different ways to notate a prolated duration of 1/12.
```

abjad> for pair in pairs: pair
...
(Fraction(2, 3), Fraction(1, 8))

abjad> pairs = durtools.yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_ord

```
(Fraction(2, 3), Fraction(1, 8))
(Fraction(4, 3), Fraction(1, 16))
(Fraction(8, 9), Fraction(3, 32))
```

```
(Fraction(16, 9), Fraction(3, 64))
     (Fraction(16, 21), Fraction(7, 64))
     (Fraction(32, 21), Fraction(7, 128))
     (Fraction(32, 45), Fraction(15, 128))
     The different ways to notate a prolated duration of 5/48.
     abjad> pairs = durtools.yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_ord
     abjad> for pair in pairs: pair
     (Fraction(5, 6), Fraction(1, 8))
     (Fraction(5, 3), Fraction(1, 16))
     (Fraction (5, 9), Fraction (3, 16))
     (Fraction (10, 9), Fraction (3, 32))
     (Fraction(20, 21), Fraction(7, 64))
     (Fraction (40, 21), Fraction (7, 128))
     (Fraction(8, 9), Fraction(15, 128))
     Return generator of paired fractions.
intervaltreetools
intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval
class abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval(*args)
     Bases: dict, abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
     A low / high pair, carrying some metadata.
     centroid
         Center point of low and high bounds.
     get_overlap_with_interval(interval)
         Return amount of overlap with interval.
     high
         High bound.
     is_contained_by_interval(interval)
         True if interval is contained by interval.
     is_container_of_interval(interval)
         True if interval contains interval.
     is_overlapped_by_interval(interval)
         True if interval is overlapped by interval.
     is_tangent_to_interval (interval)
         True if interval is tangent to interval.
         Low bound.
     magnitude
         High bound minus low bound.
     scale_by_rational(rational)
     scale_to_rational(rational)
```

shift_by_rational(rational)

```
shift_to_rational(rational)
signature
    Tuple of low bound and high bound.
split_at_rational(rational)
```

intervaltreetools.IntervalTree

```
class abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree (intervals=||)
    Bases: abjad.tools.intervaltreetools._RedBlackTree._RedBlackTree._RedBlackTree
```

An augmented red-black tree for storing and searching for intervals of time (rather than pitch).

This allows for the arbitrary placement of blocks of material along a time-line. While this functionality could be achieved with Python's built-in collections, this class reduces the complexity of the search process, such as locating overlapping intervals.

IntervalTrees can be instantiated without contents, or from a mixed collection of other IntervalTrees and / or BoundedIntervals. The input will be parsed recursively

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> bi = BoundedInterval(0, 10)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([bi])
```

bounds

The lowest and highest values of the tree returned as a BoundedInterval.

```
find_intervals_intersecting_or_tangent_to_interval(*args)
find_intervals_intersecting_or_tangent_to_offset (offset)
find_intervals_starting_after_offset (offset)
find_intervals_starting_and_stopping_within_interval(*args)
find_intervals_starting_at_offset (offset)
find intervals starting before offset (offset)
find_intervals_starting_or_stopping_at_offset (offset)
find_intervals_starting_within_interval(*args)
find_intervals_stopping_after_offset (offset)
find_intervals_stopping_at_offset (offset)
find_intervals_stopping_before_offset (offset)
find_intervals_stopping_within_interval(*args)
high
    The maximum high value of all intervals in the tree. Alias of high max.
high max
```

The maximum high value of all intervals in the tree.

high min

The minimum high value of all intervals in the tree.

low

The minimum low value of all intervals in the tree. Alias of low_min.

low max

The maximum low value of all intervals in the tree.

low min

The minimum low value of all intervals in the tree.

magnitude

Absolute difference of the high and low values of the tree.

intervaltreetools.all are intervals or trees or empty

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.all_are_intervals_or_trees_or_empty(input)
```

Recursively test if all elements of input are BoundedIntervals or IntervalTrees. An empty result also return as True

intervaltreetools.all_intervals_are_contiguous

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.all intervals are contiquous (intervals)
```

True when all intervals in *intervals* are contiguous and non-overlapping.

intervaltreetools.all_intervals_are_nonoverlapping

```
\verb|abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.all_intervals_are_nonoverlapping| (intervals)|
     True when all intervals in intervals in tree are non-overlapping.
```

intervaltreetools.calculate_density_of_attacks_in_interval

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_density_of_attacks_in_interval(intervals,
```

terval)

val)

Return a Fraction of number of attacks in *interval* over the magnitude of *interval*.

intervaltreetools.calculate_density_of_releases_in_interval

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_density_of_releases_in_interval(intervals,
                                                                               in-
                                                                               ter-
```

Return a Fraction of the number of releases in interval divided by the magnitude of interval.

intervaltreetools.calculate depth centroid of intervals

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_centroid_of_intervals(intervals)
     Return a weighted mean, such that the centroids of each interval in the depth tree of intervals are the values, and
     the depth of each interval in the depth tree of intervals are the weights.
```

intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_centroid_of_intervals_in_interval

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_centroid_of_intervals_in_interval (intervals, in-
in-
ter-
val)
```

Return the weighted mean of the depth tree of *intervals* in *interval*, such that the centroids of each interval of the depth tree are the values, and the weights are the depths at each interval of the depth tree.

intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_density_of_intervals

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_density_of_intervals (intervals)

Return a Fraction, of the magnitude of each interval in the depth tree of intervals, multiplied by the depth at that interval, divided by the overall magnitude of intervals.
```

The depth density of a single interval is 1

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = BoundedInterval(0, 1) abjad> b = BoundedInterval(0, 1) abjad> c = BoundedInterval(Fraction(1, 2), 1) abjad> intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_density_of_intervals(a) Duration(1, 1) abjad> intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_density_of_intervals([a, b]) Duration(2, 1) abjad> intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_density_of_intervals([a, c]) Duration(3, 2) abjad> intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_density_of_intervals([a, b, c]) Duration(5, 2)
```

Return fraction.

intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_density_of_intervals_in_interval

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_depth_density_of_intervals_in_interval (intervals, intervals, interval
```

Return a Fraction, of the magnitude of each interval in the depth tree of *intervals* within *interval*, multiplied by the depth at that interval, divided by the overall magnitude of *intervals*.

intervaltreetools.calculate_mean_attack_of_intervals

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_mean_attack_of_intervals (intervals)

Return Fraction of the average attack offset of intervals
```

intervaltreetools.calculate mean release of intervals

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_mean_release_of_intervals (intervals)

Return a Fraction of the average release offset of intervals.
```

intervaltreetools.calculate_min_mean_and_max_depth_of_intervals

abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_min_mean_and_max_depth_of_intervals (intervals)
Return a 3-tuple of the minimum, mean and maximum depth of intervals. If intervals is empty, return None.
"Mean" in this case is a weighted mean, where the magnitudes of the intervals in depth tree of intervals are the weights

intervaltreetools.calculate_min_mean_and_max_magnitude_of_intervals

abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_min_mean_and_max_magnitude_of_intervals (intervals)

Return a 3-tuple of the minimum, mean and maximum magnitude of all intervals in intervals. If intervals is empty, return None.

intervaltreetools.calculate_sustain_centroid_of_intervals

abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.calculate_sustain_centroid_of_intervals (intervals)

Return a weighted mean, such that the centroid of each interval in intervals are the values, and the weights are their magnitudes.

intervaltreetools.clip_interval_magnitudes_to_range

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.clip_interval_magnitudes_to_range (intervals, min=None, max=None)
```

intervaltreetools.compute depth of intervals

abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_depth_of_intervals (intervals)

Compute a tree whose intervals represent the depth (level of overlap) in each boundary pair of intervals:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import *
abjad> a = BoundedInterval(0, 3)
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 15)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
abjad> compute_depth_of_intervals(tree)
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(Offset(0, 1), Offset(3, 1), {'depth': 1}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(3, 1), Offset(6, 1), {'depth': 0}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(6, 1), Offset(9, 1), {'depth': 1}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(9, 1), Offset(12, 1), {'depth': 2}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(12, 1), Offset(15, 1), {'depth': 1})]
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.compute_depth_of_intervals_in_interval

```
\verb|abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_depth_of_intervals_in_interval| (intervals, intervals)| intervals_in_interval| (intervals, intervals)| intervals_in_intervals| (intervals, intervals)| intervals_in_intervals| (intervals, intervals)| (intervals, intervals, intervals)| (intervals, intervals, int
```

val)

Compute a tree whose intervals represent the depth (level of overlap) in each boundary pair of *intervals*, cropped within *interval*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import *
    abjad> a = BoundedInterval(0, 3)
    abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
    abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 15)
    abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
    abjad > d = BoundedInterval(-1, 16)
    abjad> compute_depth_of_intervals_in_interval(tree, d)
    IntervalTree([
         BoundedInterval(Offset(-1, 1), Offset(0, 1), {'depth': 0}),
         {\tt BoundedInterval(Offset(0, 1), Offset(3, 1), \{'depth': 1\}),}\\
         BoundedInterval(Offset(3, 1), Offset(6, 1), {'depth': 0}),
         BoundedInterval(Offset(6, 1), Offset(9, 1), {'depth': 1}),
         BoundedInterval(Offset(9, 1), Offset(12, 1), {'depth': 2}),
         BoundedInterval(Offset(12, 1), Offset(15, 1), {'depth': 1}),
         BoundedInterval(Offset(15, 1), Offset(16, 1), {'depth': 0})
    ])
    Return interval tree.
intervaltreetools.compute logical and of intervals
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_logical_and_of_intervals(intervals)
    Compute the logical AND of a collection of intervals.
intervaltreetools.compute_logical_and_of_intervals_in_interval
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_logical_and_of_intervals_in_interval (intervals,
                                                                                         in-
                                                                                         ter-
                                                                                         val)
    Compute the logical AND of a collection of intervals, cropped within interval.
intervaltreetools.compute logical not of intervals
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_logical_not_of_intervals(intervals)
    Compute the logical NOT of some collection of intervals.
intervaltreetools.compute logical not of intervals in interval
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_logical_not_of_intervals_in_interval(intervals,
                                                                                         in-
                                                                                         ter-
                                                                                         val)
```

Compute the logical OR of a collection of intervals.

abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_logical_or_of_intervals(intervals)

Compute the logical NOT of some collection of intervals, cropped within *interval*.

intervaltreetools.compute_logical_or_of_intervals

intervaltreetools.compute_logical_or_of_intervals_in_interval

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_logical_or_of_intervals_in_interval (intervals, in-
in-
ter-
val)
```

Compute the logical OR of a collection of intervals, cropped within *interval*.

intervaltreetools.compute_logical_xor_of_intervals

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_logical_xor_of_intervals(intervals)

Compute the logical XOR of a collections of intervals.
```

intervaltreetools.compute_logical_xor_of_intervals_in_interval

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.compute_logical_xor_of_intervals_in_interval (intervals, intervals, intervals)
```

Compute the logical XOR of a collections of intervals, cropped within interval.

intervaltreetools.concatenate trees

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.concatenate_trees (trees, padding=0) Merge all trees in trees, offsetting each subsequent tree to start after the previous.
```

intervaltreetools.explode_intervals_compactly

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.explode_intervals_compactly (intervals)

Explode the intervals in intervals into n non-overlapping trees, where n is the maximum depth of intervals.
```

Returns an array of IntervalTree instances.

The algorithm will attempt to insert the exploded intervals into the lowest-indexed resultant tree with free space.

intervaltreetools.explode_intervals_into_n_trees_heuristically

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.explode_intervals_into_n_trees_heuristically (intervals, n)

Explode intervals into n trees, avoiding overlap when possible, and distributing intervals so as to equalize density
```

intervaltreetools.explode intervals uncompactly

across the trees.

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.explode_intervals_uncompactly(intervals)
```

Explode the intervals in *intervals* into n non-overlapping trees, where n is the maximum depth of *intervals*.

Returns an array of IntervalTree instances.

The algorithm will attempt to insert the exploded intervals cyclically, making its insertion attempt at the next resultant tree in the array, rather than always beginning its search from index 0.

intervaltreetools.fuse_overlapping_intervals

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.fuse_tangent_or_overlapping_intervals

```
\verb|abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.fuse\_tangent\_or\_overlapping\_intervals| (intervals)|
```

Fuse all tangent or overlapping intervals and return an IntervalTree of the result

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = BoundedInterval(0, 10)
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(5, 15)
abjad> c = BoundedInterval(15, 25)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
abjad> intervaltreetools.fuse_tangent_or_overlapping_intervals(tree)
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(Offset(0, 1), Offset(25, 1), {})
])
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.get all unique bounds in intervals

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.get_all_unique_bounds_in_intervals (intervals)

Return all unique starting and ending boundaries in intervals.
```

intervaltreetools.group overlapping intervals and yield groups

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.group_overlapping_intervals_and_yield_groups (intervals) Group overlapping intervals in intervals and return tuples.
```

intervaltreetools.group tangent or overlapping intervals and yield groups

abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.group_tangent_or_overlapping_intervals_and_yield_groups (intervals Group tangent or overlapping intervals in intervals and return tuples.

intervaltreetools.make_monophonic_percussion_score_from_nonoverlapping_intervals

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.make_monophonic_percussion_score_from_nonoverlapping_intervaltreetools.
```

Create a monophonic percussion score from nonoverlapping interval collection intervals.

intervaltreetools.make polyphonic percussion score from nonoverlapping trees

```
\verb|abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.make_polyphonic_percussion_score_from_nonoverlapping\_trees|| | |trees|| | | |trees|| |
```

Make a polyphonic percussion score from a collections of non-overlapping trees.

intervaltreetools.mask_intervals_with_intervals

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.mask_intervals_with_intervals (masked_intervals, mask intervals)
```

Clip or remove all intervals in *masked_intervals* outside of the bounds defined in *mask_intervals*, while maintaining *masked_intervals* payload contents

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = BoundedInterval(0, 10, {'a': 1})
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(5, 15, {'b': 2})
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b])
abjad> mask = BoundedInterval(4, 11)
abjad> intervaltreetools.mask_intervals_with_intervals(tree, mask)
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(0ffset(4, 1), 0ffset(10, 1), {'a': 1}),
    BoundedInterval(0ffset(5, 1), 0ffset(11, 1), {'b': 2})
])
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.resolve overlaps between nonoverlapping trees

abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.resolve_overlaps_between_nonoverlapping_trees (trees)

Create a nonoverlapping IntervalTree from trees. Intervals in higher-indexed trees in trees only appear in part or whole where they do not overlap intervals from lower-indexed trees

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = IntervalTree(BoundedInterval(0, 4, {'a': 1}))
abjad> b = IntervalTree(BoundedInterval(1, 5, {'b': 2}))
abjad> c = IntervalTree(BoundedInterval(2, 6, {'c': 3}))
abjad> d = IntervalTree(BoundedInterval(1, 3, {'d': 4}))
abjad> intervalTree(BoundedInterval(1, 3, {'d': 4}))
abjad> intervaltreetools.resolve_overlaps_between_nonoverlapping_trees([a, b, c, d])
IntervalTree([
BoundedInterval(Offset(0, 1), Offset(4, 1), {'a': 1}),
BoundedInterval(Offset(4, 1), Offset(5, 1), {'b': 2}),
```

01

nal)

```
BoundedInterval(Offset(5, 1), Offset(6, 1), \{'c': 3\})
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.resolve overlaps between nonoverlapping trees excluding remainders less than rational

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.resolve_overlaps_between_nonoverlapping_trees_excluding_remains_
```

Create a nonoverlapping IntervalTree from *trees*. Intervals in higher-indexed trees in *trees* only appear in part or whole where they do not overlap intervals from lower-indexed trees, and then only where their magnitudes are equal to or greater than *rational*

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = IntervalTree(BoundedInterval(0, 1, {'a': 1}))
abjad> b = IntervalTree(BoundedInterval(Fraction(1, 32), Fraction(33, 32), {'b': 2}))
abjad> c = IntervalTree(BoundedInterval(Fraction(1, 16), Fraction(17, 16), {'c': 3}))
abjad> intervaltreetools.resolve_overlaps_between_nonoverlapping_trees_excluding_remainders_less
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(Offset(0, 1), Offset(1, 1), {'a': 1}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(1, 1), Offset(17, 16), {'c': 3})
])
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.round_interval_bounds_to_nearest_multiple_of_rational

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.round_interval_bounds_to_nearest_multiple_of_rational(intervals, ra-
tio-
```

intervaltreetools.scale aggregate magnitude by rational

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.scale_aggregate_magnitude_by_rational (intervals, ratio-
```

nal)
Scale the aggregate magnitude of all intervals in *intervals* by *rational*, maintaining the original low offset

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = BoundedInterval(-1, 3)
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 16)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
abjad> intervaltreetools.scale_aggregate_magnitude_by_rational(tree, Fraction(1, 3))
IntervalTree([
BoundedInterval(Offset(-1, 1), Offset(1, 3), {}),
```

```
BoundedInterval(Offset(4, 3), Offset(10, 3), {}),
BoundedInterval(Offset(7, 3), Offset(14, 3), {})
])
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.scale_aggregate_magnitude_to_rational

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.scale_aggregate_magnitude_to_rational(intervals, ratio-nal)
```

Scale the aggregate magnitude of all intervals in *intervals* to *rational*, maintaining the original low offset

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = BoundedInterval(-1, 3)
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 16)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
abjad> intervaltreetools.scale_aggregate_magnitude_to_rational(tree, Fraction(16, 7))
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(Offset(-1, 1), Offset(-55, 119), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(41, 119), Offset(89, 119), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(41, 119), Offset(9, 7), {})
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.scale interval magnitudes by rational

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.scale_interval_magnitudes_by_rational(intervals, ratio-nal)
```

Scale the magnitude of each interval in intervals by rational, maintaining their low offsets

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = BoundedInterval(-1, 3)
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 16)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
abjad> intervaltreetools.scale_interval_magnitudes_by_rational(tree, Fraction(6, 5))
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(Offset(-1, 1), Offset(19, 5), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(6, 1), Offset(66, 5), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(9, 1), Offset(87, 5), {}))
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.scale interval magnitudes to rational

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.scale_interval_magnitudes_to_rational(intervals,
                                                                                ratio-
                                                                                nal)
    Scale the magnitude of each interval in intervals to rational, maintaining their low offsets
    abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
    abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
    abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree
    abjad > a = BoundedInterval(-1, 3)
    abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
    abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 16)
    abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
    abjad> intervaltreetools.scale_interval_magnitudes_to_rational(tree, Fraction(1, 7))
    IntervalTree([
         BoundedInterval (Offset (-1, 1), Offset (-6, 7), \{\}),
         BoundedInterval(Offset(6, 1), Offset(43, 7), {}),
         BoundedInterval(Offset(9, 1), Offset(64, 7), {})
    ])
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.scale_interval_offsets_by_rational

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.scale_interval_offsets_by_rational(intervals, rational)
```

Scale the offset of each interval in intervals by rational, maintaining the lowest offset in intervals

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = BoundedInterval(-1, 3)
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 16)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
abjad> intervaltreetools.scale_interval_offsets_by_rational(tree, Fraction(4, 5))
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(Offset(-1, 1), Offset(3, 1), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(23, 5), Offset(53, 5), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(7, 1), Offset(14, 1), {}))
])
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.shift aggregate offset by rational

```
abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.shift_aggregate_offset_by_rational(intervals, rational)
```

Shift the aggregate offset of intervals by rational

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree
```

```
abjad> a = BoundedInterval(-1, 3)
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 16)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
abjad> intervaltreetools.shift_aggregate_offset_by_rational(tree, Fraction(1, 3))
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(Offset(-2, 3), Offset(10, 3), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(19, 3), Offset(37, 3), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(28, 3), Offset(49, 3), {}))
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.shift aggregate offset to rational

abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.shift_aggregate_offset_to_rational(intervals, rational)

Shift the aggregate offset of intervals to rational

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = BoundedInterval(-1, 3)
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 16)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
abjad> intervaltreetools.shift_aggregate_offset_to_rational(tree, Fraction(10, 7))
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(Offset(10, 7), Offset(38, 7), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(59, 7), Offset(101, 7), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(80, 7), Offset(129, 7), {})
```

Return interval tree.

intervaltreetools.split_intervals_at_rationals

abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.split_intervals_at_rationals (intervals, rationals)
Split intervals at each rational in rationals

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import intervaltreetools
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import BoundedInterval
abjad> from abjad.tools.intervaltreetools import IntervalTree

abjad> a = BoundedInterval(-1, 3)
abjad> b = BoundedInterval(6, 12)
abjad> c = BoundedInterval(9, 16)
abjad> tree = IntervalTree([a, b, c])
abjad> intervaltreetools.split_intervals_at_rationals(tree, [1, Fraction(19, 2)])
IntervalTree([
    BoundedInterval(Offset(-1, 1), Offset(1, 1), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(6, 1), Offset(19, 2), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(9, 1), Offset(19, 2), {}),
    BoundedInterval(Offset(19, 2), Offset(12, 1), {}),
```

```
BoundedInterval(Offset(19, 2), Offset(16, 1), {})
     ])
     Return interval tree.
iotools
iotools.clear_terminal
abjad.tools.iotools.clear_terminal()
     New in version 2.0. Run clear if OS is POSIX-compliant (UNIX / Linux / MacOS).
     Run cls if OS is not POSIX-compliant (Windows):
     abjad> iotools.clear_terminal()
     Return none.
iotools.f
abjad.tools.iotools.f(expr)
     Format expr and print to standard out:
     abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
     abjad> f(staff)
     \new Staff {
         c'8
         d'8
          e'8
          f'8
     Return none.
iotools.format_input_lines_as_doc_string
abjad.tools.iotools.format_input_lines_as_doc_string(input_lines, tab_width=3)
     New in version 2.0. Format input_lines as doc string.
     Format expressions intelligently.
     Treat blank lines intelligently.
     Capture hash-suffixed line output.
     Use when writing docstrings.
     Example skipped because docstring goes crazy on example input.
iotools.format_input_lines_as_regression_test
abjad.tools.iotools.format_input_lines_as_regression_test(input_lines,
                                                                           tab\ width=3)
     New in version 2.0. Format input_lines as regression test:
```

```
abjad> input_lines = '''
... staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
... spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
... f(staff)
... tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), staff[:3])
... f(staff)
... '''
abjad> iotools.format_input_lines_as_regression_test(input_lines) # doctest: +SKIP
   staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
   spannertools.BeamSpanner(staff.leaves)
   r'''
   \new Staff {
       c'8 [
       d'8
       e'8
       f'8 ]
   , , ,
   tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), staff[:3])
   r'''
   \new Staff {
       \times 2/3 {
           c'8 [
           d'8
           e'8
       f'8 ]
   }
   assert componenttools.is_well_formed_component(staff)
   Format expressions intelligently.
Treat blank lines intelligently.
Remove line-final hash characters.
Used when writing tests.
```

iotools.get_last_output_file_name

```
abjad.tools.iotools.get_last_output_file_name()
     Get last output file name like 6222.1y.
     Return string.
```

iotools.get_next_output_file_name

```
abjad.tools.iotools.get_next_output_file_name()
    Get next output file name like 6223.ly.
```

Return string.

iotools.log

```
abjad.tools.iotools.log()
     Open the LilyPond log file in operating system-specific text editor:
     abjad> iotools.log() ### doctest: +SKIP
     GNU LilyPond 2.12.2
     Processing '0440.ly'
     Parsing...
     Interpreting music...
     Preprocessing graphical objects...
     Finding the ideal number of pages...
     Fitting music on 1 page...
     Drawing systems...
     Layout output to '0440.ps'...
     Converting to './0440.pdf'...
     Exit text editor in the usual way.
     Return none.
iotools.ly
abjad.tools.iotools.ly(target=-1)
     Open the last LilyPond output file in text editor:
     abjad> iotools.ly() # doctest: +SKIP
     % Abjad revision 2162
     % 2009-05-31 14:29
     \version "2.12.2"
     \include "english.ly"
     \include "/Path/to/abjad/trunk/abjad/cfg/abjad.scm"
     {
         c'4
     }
     Open the next-to-last LilyPond output file in text editor:
     abjad> iotools.ly(-2) # doctest: +SKIP
     Exit text editor in the usual way.
     Return none.
iotools.parse_lilypond_input_string
abjad.tools.iotools.parse_lilypond_input_string(note_entry_string)
     New in version 2.0. Parse LilyPond note_entry_string:
```

```
abjad> note_entry_string = "g'2 a'2 g'4. fs'8 e'4 d'4"
abjad> iotools.parse_lilypond_input_string(note_entry_string)
{g'2, a'2, g'4., fs'8, e'4, d'4}
```

Return container of note, rest and chord instances.

Handle simple beaming, slurs and articulations.

Do not parse tuplets, measures or other complex LilyPond input.

iotools.pdf

```
abjad.tools.iotools.pdf (target=-1)

Open the last PDF generated by Abjad with iotools.pdf().
```

Open the next-to-last PDF generated by Abjad with iotools.pdf(-2).

Return none.

Abjad writes PDFs to the ~/.abjad/output directory by default.

You may change this by setting the abjad_output variable in the config.py file.

iotools.play

```
abjad.tools.iotools.play(expr)
    Play expr:

abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> iotools.play(note) # doctest: +SKIP
```

This input renders and then opens a one-note MIDI file.

Abjad outputs MIDI files of the format filename.mid under Windows.

Abjad outputs MIDI files of the format filename.midi under other operating systems.

iotools.profile_expr

```
abjad.tools.iotools.profile expr(expr, sort by='cum', num lines=12, strip dirs=True)
    Profile expr:
    abjad> iotools.profile_expr('Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(8))') # doctest: +SKIP
    Tue Apr 5 20:32:40 2011
                            _tmp_abj_profile
            2852 function calls (2829 primitive calls) in 0.006 CPU seconds
      Ordered by: cumulative time
      List reduced from 118 to 12 due to restriction <12>
      ncalls tottime percall cumtime percall filename: lineno (function)
           1
               0.000
                      0.000
                               0.006
                                       0.006 <string>:1(<module>)
           1
               0.000
                       0.000
                               0.003
                                       0.003 make_repeated_notes.py:5(make_repeated_notes)
               0.001
                               0.003
           1
                       0.001
                                       0.003 make_notes.py:12(make_notes)
                                       0.003 Staff.py:21(__init__)
               0.000
                       0.000
                               0.003
           1
               0.000
                     0.000
                             1
                     0.000
               0.000
                               1
               0.000
           1
                       0.000
                               0.003
                                       0.003 Container.py:271(_initialize_music)
```

```
2
     0.000
               0.000
                        0.002
                                 0.001 all_are_thread_contiguous_components.py:9(all_are_
52
     0.001
               0.000
                        0.002
                                 0.000 component_to_thread_signature.py:5(component_to_th
               0.000
1
     0.000
                        0.002
                                 0.002 _construct_unprolated_notes.py:4(_construct_unprol
8
      0.000
               0.000
                        0.002
                                 0.000 _construct_tied_note.py:5(_construct_tied_note)
      0.000
               0.000
                        0.002
                                 0.000 _construct_tied_leaf.py:5(_construct_tied_leaf)
```

Function wraps the built-in Python cProfile module.

Set *expr* to any string of Abjad input.

Set sort_by to 'cum', 'time' or 'calls'.

Set *num_lines* to any positive integer.

Set *strip_dirs* to True to strip directory names from output lines.

Note: This function fails on some Linux distros. Some Linux distributions do not include the Python pstats module.

Note: This function creates the file _tmp_abj_profile in the directory from which it is run.

Note: For information on reading the output of the different Python profilers, see the Python docs.

Changed in version 2.0: renamed check.profile() to iotools.profile_expr().

iotools.redo

```
abjad.tools.iotools.redo (target=-1, lily_time=10)
Rerender the last .ly file created in Abjad and then show the resulting PDF:
abjad> iotools.redo() # doctest: +SKIP

Rerender the next-to-last .ly file created in Abjad and then show the resulting PDF:
abjad> iotools.redo(-2) # doctest: +SKIP
```

Return none.

iotools.remove_abjad_pyc_files

```
abjad.tools.iotools.remove_abjad_pyc_files()
   Remove .pyc files from Abjad source tree:
   abjad> iotools.remove_abjad_pyc_files() # doctest: +SKIP
   Return none.
```

iotools.save_last_ly_as

```
abjad.tools.iotools.save_last_ly_as (file_name)
New in version 2.0. Save last ly file as file_name:
```

```
abjad> iotools.save_last_ly_as('/project/output/example-1.ly') # doctest: +SKIP
```

Return none.

iotools.save_last_pdf_as

```
abjad.tools.iotools.save_last_pdf_as (file_name)
New in version 2.0. Save last PDF as file_name:

abjad> iotools.save_last_pdf_as('/project/output/example-1.pdf') # doctest: +SKIP

Return none.
```

iotools.show

```
abjad.tools.iotools.show (expr, template=None, return_timing=False, suppress_pdf=False) Show expr:
```

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> show(note) # doctest: +SKIP
```

Show *expr* with *template*:

```
abjad> note = Note("c'4")
abjad> show(note, template = 'tangiers') # doctest: +SKIP
```

Show *expr* and return both Abjad and LilyPond processing time in seconds:

```
abjad> staff = Staff(Note("c'4") * 200)
abjad> show(note, return_timing = True) # doctest: +SKIP
(0, 3)
```

Return none or timing tuple.

Abjad writes LilyPond input files to the \sim /.abjad/output directory by default.

You may change this by setting the abjad_output variable in the config.py file.

iotools.underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_lowercamelcase

```
abjad.tools.iotools.underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_lowercamelcase(string)
```

New in version 2.0. Change underscore-delimited lowercase string to lowercamelcase:

```
abjad> string = 'bass_figure_alignment_positioning'
abjad> iotools.underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_lowercamelcase(string)
'bassFigureAlignmentPositioning'
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed stringtools.underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_lowercamelcase() to iotools.underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_lowercamelcase().

iotools.underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_uppercamelcase

```
abjad.tools.iotools.underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_uppercamelcase(string)
New in version 2.0. Change underscore-delimited lowercase string to uppercamelcase:
```

```
abjad> string = 'bass_figure_alignment_positioning'
    abjad> iotools.underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_uppercamelcase(string)
     'BassFigureAlignmentPositioning'
    Changed in version 2.0: renamed stringtools.underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_uppercamelcase()
    to iotools.underscore delimited lowercase to uppercamelcase().
iotools.write_expr_to_ly
abjad.tools.iotools.write expr to ly (expr, file name, template=None, print status=True)
    Write expr to file_name:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> iotools.write_expr_to_ly(note, '/home/user/foo.ly') # doctest: +SKIP
    Write expr to file_name with template:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> iotools.write_expr_to_ly(note, '/home/user/foo.ly', 'paris') # doctest: +SKIP
    Returnone. Changed in version 2.0: renamed io.write_ly() to io.write_expr_to_ly().
iotools.write expr to ly and to pdf and show
abjad.tools.iotools.write_expr_to_ly_and_to_pdf_and_show(expr,
                                                                           name,
                                                                                    tem-
                                                                    plate=None,
                                                                    write=True)
    Write expr to named . Ly and to PDF and then open the resulting PDF:
    abjad> iotools.write_expr_to_ly_and_to_pdf_and_show(Note("c'8"), 'file_name_stem') # doctest: +8
    Write expr to temporary . 1y and to PDF and then open the resulting PDF:
    abjad> iotools.write_expr_to_ly_and_to_pdf_and_show(Note("c'8"), 'file_name_stem', write = False
    Return none.
    The purpose of this function is to save named .ly and PDF output. Changed in version 2.0: renamed
     io.write_and_show() to io.write_expr_to_ly_and_to_pdf_and_show().
iotools.write_expr_to_pdf
abjad.tools.iotools.write_expr_to_pdf(expr, file_name, template=None, print_status=True)
    Write expr to pdf file_name:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> iotools.write_expr_to_pdf(note, 'one_note.pdf') # doctest: +SKIP
    Write expr to pdf file_name with template:
    abjad> note = Note("c'4")
    abjad> iotools.write_expr_to_pdf(note, 'one_note.pdf', 'paris') # doctest: +SKIP
    Return none.
layouttools
```

layouttools.SpacingIndication

```
class abjad.tools.layouttools.SpacingIndication (tempo_indication,
                                                                                propor-
                                                     tional_notation_duration)
                abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator._StrictComparator,
    abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
    Spacing indication token.
    LilyPond Score.proportional NotationDuration will equal proportional notation duration
    when tempo equals tempo_indication.
    abjad> from abjad.tools import layouttools
    abjad> tempo = contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 8), 44)
    abjad> spacing_indication = layouttools.SpacingIndication(tempo, Duration(1, 68))
    abjad> spacing_indication
    SpacingIndication(TempoMark(8, 44), 1/68)
    Spacing indications are immutable.
    normalized_spacing_duration
         Read-only proportional notation duration at 60 MM.
    proportional_notation_duration
         LilyPond proportional notation duration context setting.
    tempo_indication
         Abjad tempo indication object.
layouttools.make_spacing_vector
abjad.tools.layouttools.make_spacing_vector(basic_distance, minimum_distance, padding,
                                                   stretchability)
    New in version 2.0. Make spacing vector:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import layouttools
    abjad> layouttools.make_spacing_vector(0, 0, 12, 0)
    SchemeVector((basic_distance . 0), (minimum_distance . 0), (padding . 12), (stretchability . 0))
    Use to set paper block spacing attributes:
    abjad> staff = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> lily_file = lilyfiletools.make_basic_lily_file(staff)
    abjad> lily_file.paper_block.system_system_spacing = layouttools.make_spacing_vector(0, 0, 12, 0
    abjad> f(lily_file) # doctest: +SKIP
    % Abjad revision 4229
    % 2011-04-07 15:19
    \version "2.13.44"
    \include "english.ly"
    \include "/abjad/trunk/abjad/cfg/abjad.scm"
     \paper {
         system-system-spacing = #'((basic_distance . 0) (minimum_distance . 0) (padding . 12) (stret
```

Return scheme vector.

layouttools.set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_ge

```
abjad.tools.layouttools.set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_ge(expr,
                                                                                       line_duration,
                                                                                       klass=<class
                                                                                       ʻab-
                                                                                       jad.tools.measuretools.Measi
                                                                                       ad-
                                                                                       just_eol=False,
                                                                                       add_empty_bars=False)
     Iterate klass instances in expr and accumulate prolated duration. Add line break after every total less than or
     equal to line duration:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import layouttools
     abjad> t = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) \star 4)
     abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
     abjad> f(t)
     \new Staff {
         {
              \time 2/8
             c′8
             d'8
         }
             \time 2/8
             e'8
             f'8
             \times 2/8
             g'8
             a'8
             \time 2/8
             b'8
             c''8
         }
     abjad> layouttools.set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_ge(t, Duration(4, 8))
     abjad> f(t)
     \new Staff {
         {
              \time 2/8
```

```
c'8
        d'8
    }
    {
        \times 2/8
        e'8
        f'8
        \break
        \time 2/8
        g′8
        a'8
        \time 2/8
        b'8
        c''8
        \break
    }
}
```

Set adjust_eol to True to include a magic Scheme incantation to move end-of-line LilyPond TimeSignature and BarLine grobs to the right. Changed in version 2.0: renamed layout.line_break_every_prolated() to layout.set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_ge().

layouttools.set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_in_seconds_ge

```
\verb|abjad.tools.layouttools.set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_in_seconds_ge| (expr, in the context of the context of
```

klass=<clas
'abjad.tools.me
adjust eol=Fa

add_empty_

line_duratio

Iterate *klass* instances in *expr* and accumulate duration in seconds. Add line break after every total less than or equal to *line_duration*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import layouttools

abjad> t = Staff(Measure((2, 8), notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 4)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(t)
abjad> tempo_mark = contexttools.TempoMark(Duration(1, 8), 44, target_context = Staff)(t)
abjad> f(t)
\new Staff {
   \tempo 8=44
   {
   \time 2/8
      c'8
      d'8
   }
   {
   \time 2/8
      e'8
      f'8
   }
}
```

```
{
             \time 2/8
             g′8
             a'8
         {
             \time 2/8
             b'8
             c''8
         }
     }
    abjad> layouttools.set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_in_seconds_ge(t, Duration(6))
    abjad> f(t)
     \new Staff {
         \tempo 8=44
             \time 2/8
             c′8
             d'8
         }
             \time 2/8
             e'8
             f'8
             \break
             \time 2/8
             g′8
             a'8
             \time 2/8
             b'8
             c''8
     }
          adjust_eol = True
                                       include
                                                    magic
                                                             Scheme
                                                                      incantation
                                                                                       move
                                  to
                                                a
    end-of-line LilyPond
                                                       grobs to the right.
                          TimeSignature
                                        and
                                               BarLine
                                                                                     Changed
           version
                      2.0:
                                  renamed
                                               layout.line_break_every_seconds()
     layout.set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_in_seconds_ge().
mathtools
mathtools.arithmetic_mean
abjad.tools.mathtools.arithmetic_mean(sequence)
    New in version 1.1. Arithmetic means of sequence as an exact integer:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
    abjad> mathtools.arithmetic_mean([1, 2, 2, 20, 30])
    As a rational:
```

```
abjad> mathtools.arithmetic_mean([1, 2, 20])
    Fraction(23, 3)
    As a float:
    abjad> mathtools.arithmetic_mean([2, 2, 20.0])
    8.0
    Return number.
                       Changed in version 2.0:
                                                renamed seqtools.arithmetic_mean() to
    mathtools.arithmetic_mean().
mathtools.binomial coefficient
abjad.tools.mathtools.binomial_coefficient (n, k)
    New in version 2.0. Binomial coefficient of n choose k:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
    abjad> for k in range(8):
            print k, '\t', mathtools.binomial_coefficient(8, k)
    . . .
     . . .
    0 1
    1 8
    2 28
    3 56
    4 70
    5
       56
    6 28
    Return positive integer.
mathtools.cumulative_products
abjad.tools.mathtools.cumulative_products(sequence)
    Cumulative products of sequence:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
    abjad> mathtools.cumulative_products([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
    [1, 2, 6, 24, 120, 720, 5040, 40320]
    abjad> mathtools.cumulative_products([1, -2, 3, -4, 5, -6, 7, -8])
    [1, -2, -6, 24, 120, -720, -5040, 40320]
    Raise type error when sequence is neither list nor tuple.
    Raise value error on empty sequence.
                   Changed in version 2.0:
                                           renamed seqtools.cumulative_products() to
    Return list.
    mathtools.cumulative_products().
mathtools.cumulative_signed_weights
abjad.tools.mathtools.cumulative_signed_weights(sequence)
```

Cumulative signed weights of *sequence*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools abjad> 1 = [1, -2, -3, 4, -5, -6, 7, -8, -9, 10] abjad> mathtools.cumulative_signed_weights(1) [1, -3, -6, 10, -15, -21, 28, -36, -45, 55]
```

Raise type error when *sequence* is not a list.

For cumulative (unsigned) weights use mathtools.cumulative_sums([abs(x) for x in 1]).

Return list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.cumulative_weights_signed() to mathtools.cumulative_signed_weights().

mathtools.cumulative_sums

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.cumulative_sums(sequence)
```

Cumulative sums of *sequence*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
abjad> mathtools.cumulative_sums([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
[1, 3, 6, 10, 15, 21, 28, 36]
```

Raise type error when *sequence* is neither list nor tuple.

Raise value error on empty sequence.

Return list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.cumulative_sums() to mathtools.cumulative_sums().

mathtools.cumulative sums zero

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.cumulative_sums_zero(sequence)
```

Cumulative sums of *sequence* starting from 0:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
abjad> mathtools.cumulative_sums_zero([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8])
[0, 1, 3, 6, 10, 15, 21, 28, 36]
```

Return [0] on empty *sequence*:

```
abjad> mathtools.cumulative_sums_zero([ ])
[0]
```

Return list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed mathtools.cumulative_sums_zero() to mathtools.cumulative_sums_zero().

mathtools.cumulative_sums_zero_pairwise

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.cumulative_sums_zero_pairwise(sequence)
List pairwise cumulative sums of sequence from 0:
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.cumulative_sums_zero_pairwise([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])
[(0, 1), (1, 3), (3, 6), (6, 10), (10, 15), (15, 21)]
```

Return list of pairs. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.pairwise_cumulative_sums_zero() to mathtools.cumulative_sums_zero_pairwise().

mathtools.difference_series

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.difference_series(sequence)
   Difference series of sequence:
   abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
   abjad> mathtools.difference_series([1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 5, 6])
   [0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1]

Return list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.difference_series() to mathtools.difference_series().
```

mathtools.divide_number_by_ratio

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.divide_number_by_ratio(number, ratio)
   Divide integer by ratio:
   abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.divide_number_by_ratio(1, [1, 1, 3])
   [Fraction(1, 5), Fraction(1, 5), Fraction(3, 5)]

Divide fraction by ratio:
   abjad> mathtools.divide_number_by_ratio(Fraction(1), [1, 1, 3])
   [Fraction(1, 5), Fraction(1, 5), Fraction(3, 5)]

Divide float by ratio:
   abjad> mathtools.divide_number_by_ratio(1.0, [1, 1, 3]) # doctest: +SKIP [0.20000000000000001, 0.200000000000001, 0.600000000000000000]]
```

Raise type error on nonnumeric number.

Raise type error on noninteger in ratio.

Return list of fractions or list of floats. Changed in version 2.0: renamed mathtools.divide_number_by_ratio() to mathtools.divide_number_by_ratio().

mathtools.divisors

```
11 [1, 11]

12 [1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12]

13 [1, 13]

14 [1, 2, 7, 14]

15 [1, 3, 5, 15]

16 [1, 2, 4, 8, 16]

17 [1, 17]

18 [1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18]

19 [1, 19]
```

Allow nonpositive *n*:

```
abjad> mathtools.divisors(-27)
[1, 3, 9, 27]
```

Raise type error on noninteger n.

Raise not implemented error on 0.

Return list of positive integers.

mathtools.factors

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.factors(n)
    Integer factors of positive integer n in increasing order:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
    abjad> mathtools.factors(84)
    [1, 2, 2, 3, 7]
    abjad> for n in range(10, 20):
     ... print n, mathtools.factors(n)
     . . .
    10 [1, 2, 5]
    11 [1, 11]
    12 [1, 2, 2, 3]
    13 [1, 13]
    14 [1, 2, 7]
    15 [1, 3, 5]
    16 [1, 2, 2, 2, 2]
    17 [1, 17]
    18 [1, 2, 3, 3]
    19 [1, 19]
```

Raise type error on noninteger n.

Raise value error on nonpositive n.

Return list of one or more positive integers.

mathtools.get_shared_numeric_sign

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.get_shared_numeric_sign(sequence)
Return 1 when all sequence elements are positive:

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
```

```
abjad> mathtools.get_shared_numeric_sign([1, 2, 3])
     Return -1 when all sequence elements are negative:
     abjad> mathtools.get_shared_numeric_sign([-1, -2, -3])
     Return 0 on empty sequence:
     abjad> mathtools.get_shared_numeric_sign([ ])
     Otherwise return none:
     abjad> mathtools.get_shared_numeric_sign([1, 2, -3]) is None
     Return 1, -1, 0 or none.
                                     Changed in version 2.0:
                                                                renamed seqtools.sign() to
     mathtools.get_shared_numeric_sign().
mathtools.greatest_common_divisor
abjad.tools.mathtools.greatest_common_divisor(*integers)
     New in version 2.0. Greatest common divisor of integers:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> mathtools.greatest_common_divisor(84, -94, -144)
     Allow nonpositive integers.
     Raise type error on noninteger integers.
     Raise not implemented error when 0 in integers.
     Return positive integer.
mathtools.greatest_multiple_less_equal
abjad.tools.mathtools.greatest_multiple_less_equal(m, n)
     Greatest integer multiple of m less than or equal to n:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> mathtools.greatest_multiple_less_equal(10, 47)
     40
     abjad> for m in range(1, 10):
             print m, mathtools.greatest_multiple_less_equal(m, 47)
     . . .
     1 47
     2 46
     3 45
     4 44
     5 45
     6 42
     7 42
```

```
8 40
     9 45
     abjad> for n in range(10, 100, 10):
             print mathtools.greatest_multiple_less_equal(7, n), n
     7 10
    14 20
    28 30
     35 40
     49 50
    56 60
    70 70
     77 80
     84 90
     Raise type error on nonnumeric m.
     Raise type error on nonnumeric n.
     Return nonnegative integer.
mathtools.greatest_power_of_two_less_equal
abjad.tools.mathtools.greatest_power_of_two_less_equal (n, i=0)
     Greatest integer power of two less than or equal to positive n:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> for n in range(10, 20):
     ... print '\t%s\t%s' % (n, mathtools.greatest_power_of_two_less_equal(n))
     . . .
        10 8
        11 8
         12 8
         13 8
        14 8
        15 8
        16 16
         17 16
         18 16
         19 16
     Greatest-but-i integer power of 2 less than or equal to positive n:
     abjad> for n in range(10, 20):
             print '\t%s\t%s' % (n, mathtools.greatest_power_of_two_less_equal(n, i = 1))
     . . .
         10 4
         11 4
         12 4
         13 4
         14 4
         15 4
         16 8
         17 8
         18 8
```

57.1. Abjad API 633

19 8

```
Raise type error on nonnumeric n.
```

Raise value error on nonpositive n.

Return positive integer.

mathtools.integer_equivalent_number_to_integer

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.integer_equivalent_number_to_integer (number)

New in version 2.0. Integer-equivalent number to integer:

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.integer_equivalent_number_to_integer (17.0)

17
```

Return noninteger-equivalent number unchanged:

```
abjad> mathtools.integer_equivalent_number_to_integer(17.5)
17.5
```

Raise type error on nonnumber input.

Return number.

mathtools.integer_to_base_k_tuple

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.integer_to_base_k_tuple(n, k)
   New in version 2.0. Nonnegative integer n to base-k tuple:
   abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
   abjad> mathtools.integer_to_base_k_tuple(1066, 10)
   (1, 0, 6, 6)
```

Return tuple of one or more positive integers.

mathtools.integer_to_binary_string

```
8 1000
9 1001
10 1010
11 1011
12 1100
13 1101
14 1110
15 1111
16 10000
```

Return string. Changed in version 2.0: renamed mathtools.binary_string() to mathtools.integer_to_binary_string().

mathtools.interpolate cosine

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.interpolate_cosine(y1, y2, mu)
Cosine interpolate y1 and y2 with mu normalized [0, 1]:

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.interpolate_cosine(0, 1, 0.5)
0.499999999999999

Return float. Changed in version 2.0: renamed interpolate.cosine() to mathtools.interpolate_cosine().
```

mathtools.interpolate divide

abjad.tools.mathtools.interpolate_divide(total, start_frac, stop_frac, exp='cosine')

Divide total into segments of sizes computed from interpolating between start_frac and stop_frac:

Set exp='cosine' for cosine interpolation.

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

Set *exp* to a numeric value for exponential interpolation with *exp* as the exponent.

Scale resulting segments so that their sum equals exactly *total*.

Return a list of floats. Changed in version 2.0: renamed interpolate.divide() to mathtools.interpolate_divide().

mathtools.interpolate divide multiple

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.interpolate_divide_multiple (totals, key_values, exp='cosine')

New in version 2.0. Interpolate key_values such that the sum of the resulting interpolated values equals the given
```

```
totals:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.interpolate_divide_multiple([100, 50], [20, 10, 20]) # doctest: +SKIP
[19.4487, 18.5201, 16.2270, 13.7156, 11.7488, 10.4879,
9.8515, 9.5130, 10.4213, 13.0736, 16.9918]
```

The operation is the same as mathtools.interpolate_divide(). But this function takes multiple *totals* and *key_values* at once.

```
Precondition: len(totals) == len(key_values) - 1.
```

Set *totals* equal to a list or tuple of the total sum of interpolated values.

Set *key_values* equal a list or tuple of key values to interpolate.

Set *exp* to *consine* for consine interpolation.

Set *exp* to a number for exponential interpolation.

Returns a list of floats. Changed in version 2.0: renamed interpolate.divide_multiple() to mathtools.interpolate_divide_multiple().

mathtools.interpolate_exponential

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.interpolate_exponential(y1, y2, mu, exp=1)
Exponential interpolate y1 and y2 with mu normalized [0, 1]:

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.interpolate_exponential(0, 1, 0.5, 4)
0.0625
```

Set *exp* equal to the exponent of interpolation.

Return float. Changed in version 2.0: renamed interpolate.exponential() to mathtools.interpolate_exponential().

mathtools.interpolate linear

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.interpolate_linear(y1, y2, mu)
Linear interpolate y1 and y2 with mu normalized [0, 1]:

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.interpolate_linear(0, 1, 0.5)
0.5

Return float. Changed in version 2.0: renamed interpolate.linear() to mathtools.interpolate_linear().
```

mathtools.is_assignable_integer

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.is_assignable_integer(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is equivalent to an integer and can be written without recourse to ties:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
abjad> for n in range(0, 16 + 1):
      print '%s\t%s' % (n, mathtools.is_assignable_integer(n))
0 False
1 True
2 True
3 True
4 True
5 False
6 True
7 True
8 True
9 False
10 False
11 False
12 True
13 False
14 True
15 True
16 True
```

Otherwise false.

Return boolean. Changed in version 2.0: renamed mathtools.is_assignable() to mathtools.is_assignable_integer().

mathtools.is_dotted_integer

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.is_dotted_integer(expr)
```

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is equivalent to a positive integer and can be written with zero or more dots:

```
abjad> for expr in range(16):
       print '%s
                    %s' % (expr, mathtools.is_dotted_integer(expr))
. . .
0
         False
         False
1
2
         False
3
         True
4
         False
5
         False
6
         True
7
         True
8
         False
9
         False
10
         False
11
         False
12
         True
13
         False
14
         True
15
         True
```

Otherwise false.

Return boolean.

```
Integer n qualifies as dotted when abs (n) is of the form 2**j*(2**k-1) with integers 0 \le j, 2 \le k.
```

mathtools.is_integer_equivalent_number

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.is_integer_equivalent_number(expr)
New in version 2.0. True expr is a number and expr is equivalent to an integer:
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
abjad> mathtools.is_integer_equivalent_number(12.0)
True
Otherwise false:
abjad> mathtools.is_integer_equivalent_number(Duration(1, 2))
```

Return boolean.

False

mathtools.is_negative_integer

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.is_negative_integer(expr)
New in version 2.0. True when expr equals a negative integer:

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
```

```
abjad> mathtools.is_negative_integer(-1)
True
```

Otherwise false:

```
abjad> mathtools.is_negative_integer(0)
False
abjad> mathtools.is_negative_integer(99)
False
```

Return boolean.

mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer(expr)
New in version 2.0. True when expr equals a nonnegative integer:

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer(99)
True

abjad> mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer(0)
True

Otherwise false:
```

abjad> mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer(-1)

False

Return boolean.

```
mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer_equivalent_number
abjad.tools.mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer_equivalent_number(expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is a nonnegative integer-equivalent number. Otherwise false:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
    abjad> mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer_equivalent_number(Duration(4, 2))
    True
    Return boolean.
mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer_power_of_two
abjad.tools.mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer_power_of_two(expr)
    True when expr is a nonnegative integer power of 2:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
    abjad> for n in range(10):
             print n, mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer_power_of_two(n)
     . . .
    0 True
    1 True
    2 True
    3 False
    4 True
    5 False
    6 False
    7 False
    8 True
    9 False
    Otherwise false.
                      Changed in version 2.0:
    Return boolean.
                                              renamed mathtools.is_power_of_two() to
    mathtools.is_nonnegative_integer_power_of_two().
mathtools.is_positive_integer
```

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.is_positive_integer(expr)
New in version 2.0. True when expr equals a positive integer:
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
abjad> mathtools.is_positive_integer(99)
True
Otherwise false:
abjad> mathtools.is_positive_integer(0)
False
```

```
abjad> mathtools.is_positive_integer(-1)
False
```

Return boolean.

mathtools.is_positive_integer_equivalent_number

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.is_positive_integer_equivalent_number(expr)

New in version 2.0. True when expr is a positive integer-equivalent number. Otherwise false:

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.is_positive_integer_equivalent_number(Duration(4, 2))

True
```

Return boolean.

mathtools.least_common_multiple

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.least_common_multiple(*integers)
    Least common multiple of positive integers:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
    abjad> mathtools.least_common_multiple(2, 4, 5, 10, 20)
    20
```

Return positive integer.

mathtools.least_multiple_greater_equal

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.least_multiple_greater_equal (m, n)
Return the least integer multiple of m greater than or equal to n.
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
abjad> mathtools.least_multiple_greater_equal(10, 47)
abjad> for m in range(1, 10):
        print m, mathtools.least_multiple_greater_equal(m, 47)
. . .
1 47
2 48
3 48
4 48
5 50
6 48
7 49
8 48
9 54
abjad> for n in range(10, 100, 10):
        print mathtools.least_multiple_greater_equal(7, n), n
. . .
. . .
14 10
```

```
21 20
35 30
42 40
56 50
63 60
70 70
84 80
91 90
```

Return integer.

mathtools.least_power_of_two_greater_equal

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.least_power_of_two_greater_equal (n, i=0)
Return least integer power of two greater than or equal to positive n:
```

```
abjad> for n in range(10, 20):
... print '\t%s\t%s' % (n, mathtools.least_power_of_two_greater_equal(n))
...

10 16
11 16
12 16
13 16
14 16
15 16
16 16
17 32
18 32
19 32
```

When i = 1, return the first integer power of 2 greater than the least integer power of 2 greater than or equal to n.

```
abjad> for n in range(10, 20):
...     print '\t%s\t%s' % (n, mathtools.least_power_of_two_greater_equal(n, i = 1))
...
     10 32
     11 32
     12 32
     13 32
     14 32
     15 32
     16 32
     17 64
     18 64
     19 64
```

When i=2, return the second integer power of 2 greater than the least integer power of 2 greater than or equal to n, and, in general, return the i th integer power of 2 greater than the least integer power of 2 greater than or equal to n.

Raise type error on nonnumeric n.

Raise value error on nonpositive n.

Return integer.

mathtools.next integer partition

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.next_integer_partition (integer_partition)

New in version 2.0. Next integer partition following integer_partition in descending lex order:
```

abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools

abjad> mathtools.next_integer_partition((8, 3))
(8, 2, 1)

abjad> mathtools.next_integer_partition((8, 2, 1))
(8, 1, 1, 1)

abjad> mathtools.next_integer_partition((8, 1, 1, 1))

Input *integer_partition* must be sequence of positive integers.

Return integer partition as tuple of positive integers.

mathtools.partition_integer_by_ratio

(7, 4)

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.partition_integer_by_ratio(n, ratio)
```

Partition positive integer-equivalent *n* by *ratio*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_by_ratio(10, [1, 2])
[3, 7]
```

Partition positive integer-equivalent *n* by *ratio* with negative parts:

```
abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_by_ratio(10, [1, -2])
[3, -7]
```

Partition negative integer-equivalent *n* by *ratio*:

```
abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_by_ratio(-10, [1, 2])
[-3, -7]
```

Partition negative integer-equivalent *n* by *ratio* with negative parts:

```
abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_by_ratio(-10, [1, -2])
[-3, 7]
```

Return result with weight equal to absolute value of n.

Raise type error on noninteger n.

Return list of integers.

mathtools.partition integer into canonic parts

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.partition_integer_into_canonic_parts(n, direction='big-endian')
```

Partition integer *n* into big-endian or small-endian parts.

Return all parts positive on positive *n*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
abjad> for n in range(1, 11):
        print n, mathtools.partition_integer_into_canonic_parts(n)
. . .
1 (1,)
2 (2,)
3 (3,)
4 (4,)
5 (4, 1)
6 (6,)
7 (7,)
8 (8,)
9 (8, 1)
10 (8, 2)
Return all parts negative on negative n:
abjad> for n in reversed(range(-20, -10)):
        print n, mathtools.partition_integer_into_canonic_parts(n)
. . .
-11 (-8, -3)
-12 (-12,)
-13 (-12, -1)
-14 (-14,)
-15 (-15,)
-16 (-16,)
-17 (-16, -1)
-18 (-16, -2)
-19 (-16, -3)
-20 (-16, -4)
Return little-endian tuple When direction = 'little-endian':
abjad> for n in range(11, 21):
        print n, mathtools.partition_integer_into_canonic_parts(n, direction = 'little-endian')
. . .
. . .
11 (3, 8)
12 (12,)
13 (1, 12)
14 (14,)
15 (15,)
16 (16,)
17 (1, 16)
18 (2, 16)
19 (3, 16)
20 (4, 16)
Return big-endian tuple t = (t_0, \ldots, t_j) such that
   \bulletsum(t) == n
   •t_i can be written without recourse to ties, and
   \bullett_(i + 1) < t_i for every t_i in t.
Raise type error on noninteger n.
```

57.1. Abjad API 643

Return tuple of one or more integers.

mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves

```
abjad.tools.mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves(n,
                                                                               bigger='left',
                                                               even='allowed')
     Write positive integer n as the pair t = (left, right) such that n == left + right.
     When n is odd the greater part of t corresponds to the value of bigger:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves(7, bigger = 'left')
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves(7, bigger = 'right')
     (3, 4)
     Likewise when n is even and even = 'disallowed':
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves(8, bigger = 'left', even = 'disallowed')
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves(8, bigger = 'right', even = 'disallowed')
     (3, 5)
     But when n is even and even = 'allowed' then left == right and bigger is ignored:
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves(8)
     (4, 4)
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves(8, bigger = 'left')
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves(8, bigger = 'right')
     (4, 4)
     When n is 0 return (0, 0):
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_halves(0)
     (0, 0)
     When n is 0 and even = 'disallowed' raise partition error.
     Raise type error on noninteger n.
     Raise value error on negative n.
     Return pair of positive integers.
mathtools.partition integer into thirds
abjad.tools.mathtools.partition_integer_into_thirds(n,
                                                                          smallest='middle',
                                                               biggest='middle')
     Partition positive integer n into left, middle, right parts.
     When n % 3 == 0, left == middle == right:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_thirds(9)
     (3, 3, 3)
     When n % 3 == 1, set biggest part to biggest:
```

```
abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_thirds(10, biggest = 'left')
     (4, 3, 3)
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_thirds(10, biggest = 'middle')
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_thirds(10, biggest = 'right')
     (3, 3, 4)
     When n % 3 == 2, set smallest part to smallest:
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_thirds(11, smallest = 'left')
     (3, 4, 4)
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_thirds(11, smallest = 'middle')
     (4, 3, 4)
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_thirds(11, smallest = 'right')
     (4, 4, 3)
     Raise type error on noninteger n.
     Raise value error on nonpositive n.
     Return triple of positive integers.
mathtools.partition integer into units
abjad.tools.mathtools.partition_integer_into_units(n)
     Partition positive integer into units:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_units(6)
     [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
     Partition negative integer into units:
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_units(-5)
     [-1, -1, -1, -1, -1]
     Partition 0 into units:
     abjad> mathtools.partition_integer_into_units(0)
     []
     Return list of zero or more parts with absolute value equal to 1.
mathtools.remove powers of two
abjad.tools.mathtools.remove_powers_of_two(n)
     Remove powers of 2 from the factors of positive integer n:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> for n in range(10, 100, 10):
            print '\t%s\t%s' % (n, mathtools.remove_powers_of_two(n))
     . . .
        10 5
         20 5
         30 15
         40 5
```

50 25

```
60 15
         70 35
         80 5
         90 45
     Raise type error on noninteger n.
     Raise value error on nonpositive n.
     Return positive integer.
mathtools.sign
abjad.tools.mathtools.sign(n)
     Return -1 on negative n:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> mathtools.sign(-96.2)
     Return 0 when n is 0:
     abjad> mathtools.sign(0)
     Return 1 on positive n:
     abjad> mathtools.sign(Duration(9, 8))
     1
     Return -1, 0 or 1.
mathtools.weight
abjad.tools.mathtools.weight (sequence, start=0)
     Sum of the absolute value of the elements in sequence:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> mathtools.weight([-1, -2, 3, 4, 5])
     15
     Absolute value of start:
     abjad> mathtools.weight([ ])
     Return nonnegative integer.
                                   Changed in version 2.0:
                                                               renamed seqtools.weight() to
     mathtools.weight().
mathtools.yield_all_compositions_of_integer
abjad.tools.mathtools.yield_all_compositions_of_integer(n)
     New in version 2.0. Yield all compositions of positive integer n in descending lex order:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> for integer_composition in mathtools.yield_all_compositions_of_integer(5):
             integer_composition
     . . .
     (5,)
     (4, 1)
     (3, 2)
     (3, 1, 1)
     (2, 3)
     (2, 2, 1)
     (2, 1, 2)
     (2, 1, 1, 1)
     (1, 4)
     (1, 3, 1)
     (1, 2, 2)
     (1, 2, 1, 1)
     (1, 1, 3)
     (1, 1, 2, 1)
     (1, 1, 1, 2)
     (1, 1, 1, 1, 1)
     Integer compositions are ordered integer partitions.
     Return
                                              tuples of length
                                                                             1.
                                                                                        Changed
             generator
                       of
                            positive
                                      integer
                                                                   at
                                                                       least
                                    renamed
            version
                       2.0:
                                                 mathtools.integer_compositions()
     mathtools.yield_all_compositions_of_integer().
mathtools.yield_all_partitions_of_integer
abjad.tools.mathtools.yield_all_partitions_of_integer(n)
     New in version 2.0. Yield all partitions of positive integer n in descending lex order:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import mathtools
     abjad> for partition in mathtools.yield_all_partitions_of_integer(7):
             partition
     . . .
     . . .
     (7,)
     (6, 1)
     (5, 2)
     (5, 1, 1)
     (4, 3)
     (4, 2, 1)
     (4, 1, 1, 1)
     (3, 3, 1)
     (3, 2, 2)
     (3, 2, 1, 1)
     (3, 1, 1, 1, 1)
     (2, 2, 2, 1)
     (2, 2, 1, 1, 1)
     (2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1)
     (1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1)
```

57.1. Abjad API 647

tuples of

length

at

mathtools.integer_partitions()

least

1.

Changed

of

2.0:

positive

mathtools.yield_all_partitions_of_integer().

integer

renamed

generator

version

metertools

```
metertools.duration_and_possible_denominators_to_meter
```

```
abjad.tools.metertools.duration_and_possible_denominators_to_meter(duration, de-
nomina-
tors=None,
fac-
tor=None)
```

Make new meter equal to duration:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import metertools
abjad> metertools.duration_and_possible_denominators_to_meter(Duration(3, 2))
TimeSignatureMark(3, 2)
```

Make new meter equal to *duration* with denominator equal to the first possible element in *denominators*:

```
abjad> metertools.duration_and_possible_denominators_to_meter(Duration(3, 2), denominators = [5,
TimeSignatureMark(9, 6)
```

Make new meter equal to *duration* with denominator divisible by *factor*:

```
abjad> metertools.duration_and_possible_denominators_to_meter(Duration(3, 2), factor = 5)
TimeSignatureMark(15, 10)
```

Return new meter. Changed in version 2.0: renamed metertools.make_best() to metertools.duration_and_possible_denominators_to_meter().

metertools.get_nonbinary_factor_from_meter_denominator

```
abjad.tools.metertools.get_nonbinary_factor_from_meter_denominator(meter)

Get nonbinary factor from nonbinary meter denominator:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import metertools
abjad> metertools.get_nonbinary_factor_from_meter_denominator(contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3,
3
abjad> metertools.get_nonbinary_factor_from_meter_denominator(contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3,
13
```

abjad> metertools.get_nonbinary_factor_from_meter_denominator(contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3,

Get 1 from binary *meter* denominator:

Return nonnegative integer.

metertools.is meter with equivalent binary representation

```
abjad.tools.metertools.is_meter_with_equivalent_binary_representation(expr)
    True when expr is a meter with binary-valued duration:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import metertools
    abjad> metertools.is_meter_with_equivalent_binary_representation(contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> metertools.is_meter_with_equivalent_binary_representation(contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(
    False
    abjad> metertools.is_meter_with_equivalent_binary_representation('text')
    False
    Return boolean.
metertools.meter to binary meter
abjad.tools.metertools.meter_to_binary_meter(nonbinary_meter,
                                                                                   con-
                                                    tents\_multiplier=Fraction(1, 1)
    Change nonbinary meter to binary meter:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import metertools
    abjad> metertools.meter_to_binary_meter(contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(3, 12))
    TimeSignatureMark(2, 8)
    Preserve binary meter:
    abjad> metertools.meter_to_binary_meter(contexttools.TimeSignatureMark(2, 8))
    TimeSignatureMark(2, 8)
    Return newly constructed meter. Changed in version 2.0: renamed metertools.make_binary() to
    metertools.meter_to_binary_meter().
pitcharraytools
pitcharraytools.PitchArray
class abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray(*args)
    Bases: abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator._StrictComparator New in
    version 2.0. Two-dimensional array of pitches.
    append_column (column)
    append_row (row)
    apply_pitches_by_row (pitch_lists)
    cell_tokens_by_row
    cell_widths_by_row
    cells
    columns
```

copy_subarray (upper_left_pair, lower_right_pair)

```
depth
    dimensions
    has_spanning_cell_over_index(index)
    has_voice_crossing
    is_rectangular
    pad_to_depth (depth)
    pad_to_width(width)
    pitches
    pitches_by_row
    pop_column (column_index)
    pop_row (row_index=-1)
    remove_row (row)
    rows
    size
    voice_crossing_count
    weight
    width
pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell
class abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell (cell_token=None)
    Bases: abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator._StrictComparator
    One cell in a pitch array.
    abjad> from abjad.tools import pitcharraytools
    abjad> array = pitcharraytools.PitchArray([[1, 2, 1], [2, 1, 1]])
    abjad> print array
    [ ] [ ] [ ]
    abjad> cell = array[0][1]
    abjad> cell
    PitchArrayCell(x2)
    abjad> cell.column_indices
    (1, 2)
    abjad> cell.indices
    (0, (1, 2))
    abjad> cell.is_first_in_row
    False
    abjad> cell.is_last_in_row
    False
```

```
abjad> cell.next
PitchArrayCell(x1)
abjad> cell.parent_array
PitchArray(PitchArrayRow(x1, x2, x1), PitchArrayRow(x2, x1, x1))
abjad> cell.parent_column
PitchArrayColumn(x2, x2)
abjad> cell.parent_row
PitchArrayRow(x1, x2, x1)
abjad> cell.pitches
abjad> cell.prev
PitchArrayCell(x1)
abjad> cell.row_index
abjad> cell.token
abjad> cell.width
Return pitch array cell.
column_indices
    Read-only tuple of one or more nonnegative integer indices.
indices
is_first_in_row
is_last_in_row
matches_cell (arg)
next
parent_array
parent_column
parent_row
pitches
prev
row_index
token
weight
width
```

pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn

```
class abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn (cells)
    Bases: abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator._StrictComparator New in
    version 2.0. Column in a pitch array:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import pitcharraytools
    abjad> array = pitcharraytools.PitchArray([
    \dots [1, (2, 1), (-1.5, 2)],
          [(7, 2), (6, 1), 1]])
    abjad> print array
    [ ] [d'] [bqf
           ] [fs'] [ ]
    [q'
    abjad> array.columns[0]
    PitchArrayColumn(x1, g' x2)
    abjad> print array.columns[0]
    [ ]
    [g′
            ]
    Return pitch array column.
    append (cell)
    cell_tokens
    cell_widths
    cells
    column_index
    depth
    dimensions
    extend(cells)
    has_voice_crossing
    is_defective
    parent_array
    pitches
    remove_pitches()
    start_cells
    start_pitches
    stop_cells
    stop_pitches
    weight
    width
```

pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow

```
class abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow(cells)
    Bases: abjad.core._StrictComparator._StrictComparator._StrictComparator New in
    version 2.0. One row in pitch array.
    abjad> from abjad.tools import pitcharraytools
    abjad> array = pitcharraytools.PitchArray([[1, 2, 1], [2, 1, 1]])
    abjad> array[0].cells[0].pitches.append(0)
    abjad> array[0].cells[1].pitches.append(2)
    abjad> array[1].cells[2].pitches.append(4)
    abjad> print array
     [c'] [d'] []
               ] [ ] [e']
    abjad> array[0]
    PitchArrayRow(c', d' x2, x1)
    abjad> array[0].cell_widths
     (1, 2, 1)
    abjad> array[0].dimensions
     (1, 4)
    abjad> array[0].pitches
     ({\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt c'")\,,\ {\tt NamedChromaticPitch}\,("\tt d'")\,)
    Return pitch array row.
    append (cell_token)
    apply_pitches (pitch_tokens)
    cell tokens
    cell widths
    cells
    copy_subrow (start=None, stop=None)
    depth
    dimensions
    empty_pitches()
    extend(cell_tokens)
    has\_spanning\_cell\_over\_index(i)
    index(cell)
    is defective
    is_in_range
    merge (cells)
    pad_to_width(width)
    parent_array
    pitch_range
```

```
pitches
    pop (cell_index)
    {\tt remove}\;(cell)
    row_index
    weight
    width
    withdraw()
pitcharraytools.concatenate_pitch_arrays
abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.concatenate_pitch_arrays(pitch_arrays)
    New in version 2.0. Concatenate pitch_arrays:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import pitcharraytools
    abjad> array_1 = pitcharraytools.PitchArray([[1, 2, 1], [2, 1, 1]])
    abjad> print array_1
    ] [ ] [ ]
    abjad> array_2 = pitcharraytools.PitchArray([[3, 4], [4, 3]])
    abjad> print array_2
    [ ] [
               ] [
                     ]
    [
    abjad> array_3 = pitcharraytools.PitchArray([[1, 1], [1, 1]])
    abjad> print array_3
    [ ] [ ]
    [ ] [ ]
    abjad> merged_array = pitcharraytools.concatenate_pitch_arrays([array_1, array_2, array_3])
    abjad> print merged_array
    ] [ ] [ ]
                                    ] [ ] [ ]
         ] [ ] [ ] [
                             ] [
    Return pitch array.
pitcharraytools.list nonspanning subarrays of pitch array
abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.list_nonspanning_subarrays_of_pitch_array(pitch_array)
    New in version 2.0. List nonspanning subarrays of pitch_array:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import pitcharraytools
    abjad> array = pitcharraytools.PitchArray([
          [2, 2, 3, 1],
    . . .
           [1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1],
           [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]])
    abjad> print array
    ] [ ] [ ]
                             ] [ ]
```

```
abjad> subarrays = pitcharraytools.list_nonspanning_subarrays_of_pitch_array(array)
abjad> len(subarrays)
abjad> print subarrays[0]
] [
abjad> print subarrays[1]
[
         ]
[ ] [
      ]
[ ] [ ] [ ]
abjad> print subarrays[2]
[ ]
[ ]
[ ]
```

pitcharraytools.make_empty_pitch_array_from_list_of_pitch_lists

Return list.

abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.make_empty_pitch_array_from_list_of_pitch_lists (leaf_iterables)

New in version 2.0. Make empty pitch array from leaf_iterables:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import pitcharraytools
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad> score.append(Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8"))
abjad> score.append(Staff("c'4 d'4"))
abjad> score.append(Staff(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8") * 2))
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    \new Staff {
        c'4
        d'4
    \new Staff {
        \times 2/3 {
            c′8
            d'8
            e'8
        \times 2/3 {
            c′8
            d'8
            e′8
    }
```

Return pitch array.

pitcharraytools.make_populated_pitch_array_from_list_of_pitch_lists

abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.make_populated_pitch_array_from_list_of_pitch_lists (leaf_iterables)

New in version 2.0. Make populated pitch array from leaf_iterables:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import pitcharraytools
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad> score.append(Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8"))
abjad> score.append(Staff("c'4 d'4"))
abjad> score.append(Staff(tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(2, 8), "c'8 d'8 e'8") * 2))
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8
        e'8
        f'8
    \new Staff {
        c'4
        d'4
    \new Staff {
        \times 2/3 {
            c′8
            d'8
            e'8
        \times 2/3 {
            c'8
            d'8
            e'8
    }
abjad> array = pitcharraytools.make_populated_pitch_array_from_list_of_pitch_lists(score)
abjad> print array
                  ] [e'
[c'
       ] [d'
                            ] [f'
                                       1
                      ] [d'
[c'
                                               ]
[c'] [d'
            ] [e'] [c'] [d'
                                 ] [e']
```

Return pitch array.

seqtools

seqtools.CyclicList

```
class abjad.tools.seqtools.CyclicList
    Bases: list New in version 2.0. Abjad model of cyclic list:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> cyclic_list = seqtools.CyclicList('abcd')
    abjad> cyclic_list
     ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']
    abjad> for x in range(8):
            print x, cyclic_list[x]
     . . .
    0 a
    1 b
    2 c
    3 d
    4 a
    5 b
     6 c
    7 d
```

Cyclic lists overload the item-getting method of built-in lists.

Cyclic lists return a value for any integer index.

Cyclic lists otherwise behave exactly like built-in lists.

seqtools.CyclicMatrix

Initialize from columns:

```
class abjad.tools.seqtools.CyclicMatrix(*args, **kwargs)
Bases: abjad.tools.seqtools.Matrix.Matrix.Matrix New in version 2.0. Abjad model of cyclic
matrix.

Initialize from rows:
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> cyclic_matrix = seqtools.CyclicMatrix([[0, 1, 2, 3], [10, 11, 12, 13], [20, 21, 22, 23]])
abjad> cyclic_matrix
CyclicMatrix(3x4)
abjad> cyclic_matrix[2]
(20, 21, 22, 23)
abjad> cyclic_matrix[2][2]
22
abjad> cyclic_matrix[99]
(0, 1, 2, 3)
abjad> cyclic_matrix[99][99]
```

```
abjad> cyclic_matrix = seqtools.CyclicMatrix(columns = [[0, 10, 20], [1, 11, 21], [2, 12, 22], [
abjad> cyclic_matrix
CyclicMatrix(3x4)

abjad> cyclic_matrix[2]
(20, 21, 22, 23)

abjad> cyclic_matrix[2][2]
22

abjad> cyclic_matrix[99]
(0, 1, 2, 3)

abjad> cyclic_matrix[99][99]
3
```

CyclicMatrix implements only item retrieval in this revision.

Concatenation and division remain to be implemented.

Standard transforms of linear algebra remain to be implemented.

columns

Read-only columns:

```
abjad> cyclic_matrix = seqtools.CyclicMatrix([[0, 1, 2, 3], [10, 11, 12, 13], [20, 21, 22, 2])
abjad> cyclic_matrix.columns
((0, 10, 20), (1, 11, 21), (2, 12, 22), (3, 13, 23))
```

Return cyclic tuple.

rows

Read-only rows:

```
abjad> cyclic_matrix = seqtools.CyclicMatrix([[0, 1, 2, 3], [10, 11, 12, 13], [20, 21, 22, 2])
abjad> cyclic_matrix.rows
((0, 1, 2, 3), (10, 11, 12, 13), (20, 21, 22, 23))
```

Return cyclic tuple.

seqtools.CyclicTuple

```
class abjad.tools.seqtools.CyclicTuple
```

Bases: tuple New in version 2.0. Abjad model of cyclic tuple:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> cyclic_tuple = seqtools.CyclicTuple('abcd')
abjad> cyclic_tuple
('a', 'b', 'c', 'd')
abjad> for x in range(8):
... print x, cyclic_tuple[x]
...
0 a
```

```
1 b
2 c
3 d
4 a
5 b
```

7 d

Cyclic tuples overload the item-getting method of built-in tuples.

Cyclic tuples return a value for any integer index.

Cyclic tuples otherwise behave exactly like built-in tuples.

seqtools.Matrix

20

```
class abjad.tools.seqtools.Matrix(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: object New in version 2.0. Abjad model of matrix.
    Initialize from rows:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> matrix = seqtools.Matrix([[0, 1, 2, 3], [10, 11, 12, 13], [20, 21, 22, 23]])
    abjad> matrix
    Matrix(3x4)
    abjad> matrix[:]
     ((0, 1, 2, 3), (10, 11, 12, 13), (20, 21, 22, 23))
    abjad> matrix[2]
     (20, 21, 22, 23)
    abjad> matrix[2][0]
    20
    Initialize from columns:
    abjad> matrix = seqtools.Matrix(columns = [[0, 10, 20], [1, 11, 21], [2, 12, 22], [3, 13, 23]])
    abjad> matrix
    Matrix(3x4)
    abjad> matrix[:]
     ((0, 1, 2, 3), (10, 11, 12, 13), (20, 21, 22, 23))
    abjad> matrix[2]
     (20, 21, 22, 23)
    abjad> matrix[2][0]
```

Matrix implements only item retrieval in this revision.

Concatenation and division remain to be implemented.

Standard transforms of linear algebra remain to be implemented.

columns

```
Read-only columns:
```

```
abjad> matrix = seqtools.Matrix([[0, 1, 2, 3], [10, 11, 12, 13], [20, 21, 22, 23]])
abjad> matrix.columns
((0, 10, 20), (1, 11, 21), (2, 12, 22), (3, 13, 23))
```

Return tuple.

rows

Read-only rows:

```
abjad> matrix = seqtools.Matrix([[0, 1, 2, 3], [10, 11, 12, 13], [20, 21, 22, 23]])
abjad> matrix.rows
((0, 1, 2, 3), (10, 11, 12, 13), (20, 21, 22, 23))
```

Return tuple.

seqtools.all are assignable integers

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_assignable_integers(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a sequence and all elements in *expr* are notehead-assignable integers:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.all_are_assignable_integers([1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 12, 14, 15, 16])
True
```

True when *expr* is an empty sequence:

```
abjad> seqtools.all_are_assignable_integers([ ])
True
```

False otherwise:

```
abjad> seqtools.all_are_assignable_integers('foo')
False
```

Return boolean.

seqtools.all_are_equal

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_equal(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a sequence and all elements in *expr* are equal:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> seqtools.all_are_equal([99, 99, 99, 99, 99])
True
```

True when *expr* is an empty sequence:

```
abjad> seqtools.all_are_equal([ ])
True
```

False otherwise:

```
abjad> seqtools.all_are_equal(17)
False
```

Return boolean.

seqtools.all_are_integer_equivalent_numbers

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_integer_equivalent_numbers(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a sequence and all elements in *expr* are integer-equivalent numbers:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> seqtools.all_are_integer_equivalent_numbers([1, 2, 3.0, Fraction(4, 1)])
True
```

Otherwise false:

```
abjad> seqtools.all_are_integer_equivalent_numbers([1, 2, 3.5, 4])
False
```

Return boolean.

seqtools.all_are_nonnegative_integer_equivalent_numbers

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_nonnegative_integer_equivalent_numbers(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True *expr* is a sequence and when all elements in *expr* are nonnegative integer-equivalent numbers. Otherwise false:

Return boolean.

seqtools.all_are_nonnegative_integer_powers_of_two

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_nonnegative_integer_powers_of_two(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a sequence and all elements in *expr* are nonnegative integer powers of two:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.all_are_nonnegative_integer_powers_of_two([0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 4, 32, 32])

True
```

True when *expr* is an empty sequence:

```
abjad> seqtools.all_are_nonnegative_integer_powers_of_two([ ])
True
```

False otherwise:

```
abjad> seqtools.all_are_nonnegative_integer_powers_of_two(17)
False
```

Return boolean.

seqtools.all are nonnegative integers

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_nonnegative_integers(expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is a sequence and all elements in expr are nonnegative integers:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_nonnegative_integers([0, 1, 2, 99])
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> segtools.all_are_nonnegative_integers([0, 1, 2, -99])
    False
    Return boolean.
seqtools.all_are_numbers
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_numbers(expr)
    New in version 1.1. True when expr is a sequence and all elements in expr are numbers:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_numbers([1, 2, 3.0, Fraction(13, 8)])
    True
    True when expr is an empty sequence:
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_numbers([ ])
    True
    False otherwise:
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_numbers(17)
    False
    Return boolean.
                          Changed in version 2.0:
                                                       renamed seqtools.is_numeric() to
    seqtools.all_are_numbers().
seqtools.all_are_positive_integer_equivalent_numbers
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_positive_integer_equivalent_numbers(expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is a sequence and all elements in expr are positive integer-equivalent
    numbers. Otherwise false:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_positive_integer_equivalent_numbers([Fraction(4, 2), 2.0, 2])
    True
    Return boolean.
seqtools.all_are_positive_integers
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_positive_integers(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a sequence and all elements in *expr* are positive integers:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_positive_integers([1, 2, 3, 99])
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_positive_integers(17)
    False
    Return boolean.
seqtools.all_are_unequal
abjad.tools.seqtools.all_are_unequal(expr)
    New in version 1.1. True when expr is a sequence all elements in expr are unequal:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_unequal([1, 2, 3, 4, 9])
    True when expr is an empty sequence:
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_unequal([ ])
    True
    False otherwise:
    abjad> seqtools.all_are_unequal(17)
    False
    Return
           boolean.
                          Changed
                                  in
                                       version 2.0:
                                                       renamed
                                                                segtools.is unique()
    seqtools.all_are_unequal().
seqtools.count length two runs in sequence
abjad.tools.seqtools.count_length_two_runs_in_sequence(sequence)
    New in version 1.1. Count length-2 runs in sequence:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.count_length_two_runs_in_sequence([0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
    Return nonnegative integer. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.count_repetitions() to
    seqtools.count_length_two_runs_in_sequence().
seqtools.divide_sequence_elements_by_greatest_common_divisor
abjad.tools.seqtools.divide_sequence_elements_by_greatest_common_divisor(sequence)
    New in version 2.0. Divide sequence elements by greatest common divisor:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
```

```
abjad> seqtools.divide_sequence_elements_by_greatest_common_divisor([2, 2, -8, -16]) [1, 1, -4, -8]
```

Allow negative sequence elements.

Raise type error on noninteger sequence elements.

Raise not implemented error when 0 in sequence.

Return new sequence object.

seqtools.flatten_sequence

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.flatten_sequence(sequence, klasses=None, depth=-1)
```

New in version 1.1. Flatten *sequence*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.flatten_sequence([1, [2, 3, [4]], 5, [6, 7, [8]]])
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

Flatten sequence to depth 1:

```
abjad> seqtools.flatten_sequence([1, [2, 3, [4]], 5, [6, 7, [8]]], depth = 1) [1, 2, 3, [4], 5, 6, 7, [8]]
```

Flatten sequence to depth 2:

```
abjad> seqtools.flatten_sequence([1, [2, 3, [4]], 5, [6, 7, [8]]], depth = 2) [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

Leave sequence unchanged.

Return newly constructed *sequence* object. Changed in version 2.0: renamed listtools.flatten() to seqtools.flatten_sequence().

seqtools.flatten sequence at indices

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.flatten_sequence_at_indices(sequence, indices, klasses=None, depth=-1)
```

New in version 2.0. Flatten sequence at indices:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.flatten_sequence_at_indices([0, 1, [2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7]], [3])
[0, 1, [2, 3, 4], 5, 6, 7]
```

Flatten *sequence* at negative *indices*:

```
abjad> seqtools.flatten_sequence_at_indices([0, 1, [2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7]], [-1]) [0, 1, [2, 3, 4], 5, 6, 7]
```

Leave sequence unchanged.

Return newly constructed sequence object.

```
seqtools.get indices of sequence elements equal to true
abjad.tools.seqtools.get_indices_of_sequence_elements_equal_to_true(sequence)
    New in version 1.1. Get indices of sequence elements equal to true:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.get_indices_of_sequence_elements_equal_to_true([0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1,
     (3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12)
    Return
              newly
                       constructed
                                                                          nonnegative
                                     tuple
                                             of
                                                   zero
                                                           or
                                                                 more
                                                                                        inte-
    gers.
                Changed
                          in
                               version
                                        2.0:
                                                 renamed
                                                          listtools.true indices()
                                                                                          to
    seqtools.get_indices_of_sequence_elements_equal_to_true().
```

seqtools.get_sequence_degree_of_rotational_symmetry

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.get_sequence_degree_of_rotational_symmetry (sequence)
New in version 2.0. Change sequence to degree of rotational symmetry:

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
```

```
abjad> seqtools.get_sequence_degree_of_rotational_symmetry([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])
1
abjad> seqtools.get_sequence_degree_of_rotational_symmetry([1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3])
2
abjad> seqtools.get_sequence_degree_of_rotational_symmetry([1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2])
3
abjad> seqtools.get_sequence_degree_of_rotational_symmetry([1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1])
6
```

Return positive integer.

seqtools.get_sequence_element_at_cyclic_index

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.get_sequence_element_at_cyclic_index(sequence, index)
```

New in version 2.0. Get *sequence* element at nonnegative cyclic *index*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> for index in range(10):
...     print '%s\t%s' % (index, seqtools.get_sequence_element_at_cyclic_index('string', index))
...
0     s
1     t
2     r
3     i
4     n
5     g
6     s
7     t
8     r
```

Get sequence element at negative cyclic index:

```
abjad> for index in range(1, 11):
       print '%s\t%s' % (-index, seqtools.get_sequence_element_at_cyclic_index('string', -index
-1
      g
-2
      n
-3
      í
-4
      r
      +
-6
-7
-8
-9
      i
-10
```

Return reference to sequence element.

seqtools.get_sequence_elements_at_indices

Return newly constructed tuple of references to *sequence* elements.

seqtools.get_sequence_elements_frequency_distribution

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.get_sequence_elements_frequency_distribution(sequence)

New in version 2.0. Get sequence elements frequency distribution:

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.get_sequence_elements_frequency_distribution([1, 3, 3, 3, 2, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 1, 2, 1, 4), (2, 3), (3, 5)]
```

Return list of element / count pairs.

seqtools.get sequence period of rotation

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.get_sequence_period_of_rotation(sequence, n)
New in version 2.0. Change sequence to period of rotation:
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> seqtools.get_sequence_period_of_rotation([1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3], 1)
3
abjad> seqtools.get_sequence_period_of_rotation([1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3], 2)
3
abjad> seqtools.get_sequence_period_of_rotation([1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3], 3)
1
```

Return positive integer.

```
seqtools.increase_sequence_elements_at_indices_by_addenda
```

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.increase_sequence_elements_at_indices_by_addenda (sequence,
                                                                                 ad-
                                                                                 denda.
                                                                                 in-
                                                                                 dices)
    New in version 1.1. Increase sequence by addenda at indices:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 5, 1, 2, 5, 5, 6]
    abjad> seqtools.increase_sequence_elements_at_indices_by_addenda(sequence, [0.5, 0.5], [0, 4, 8]
    [1.5, 1.5, 2, 3, 5.5, 5.5, 1, 2, 5.5, 5.5, 6]
                   Changed in version 2.0:
                                           renamed seqtools.increase_at_indices() to
    seqtools.increase_sequence_elements_at_indices_by_addenda().
segtools.increase sequence elements cyclically by addenda
abjad.tools.seqtools.increase_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_addenda (sequence,
                                                                                 ad-
                                                                                 denda,
                                                                                 shield=True,
                                                                                 trim=True)
    New in version 1.1.. Increase sequence cyclically by addenda:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.increase_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_addenda(range(10), [10, -10], shield =
    [10, -9, 12, -7, 14, -5, 16, -3, 18, -1]
    Increase sequence cyclically by addenda and map nonpositive values to 1:
    abjad> seqtools.increase_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_addenda(range(10), [10, -10], shield =
     [10, 1, 12, 1, 14, 1, 16, 1, 18, 1]
                    Changed in version 2.0:
                                               renamed seqtools.increase_cyclic() to
    seqtools.increase_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_addenda().
seqtools.interlace sequences
abjad.tools.seqtools.interlace_sequences(*sequences)
    New in version 1.1. Interlace sequences:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad > k = range(100, 103)
    abjad > 1 = range(200, 201)
    abjad> m = range(300, 303)
    abjad > n = range(400, 408)
```

57.1. Abjad API 667

[100, 200, 300, 400, 101, 301, 401, 102, 302, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407]

abjad> seqtools.interlace_sequences(k, 1, m, n)

seqtools.is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence

```
\verb|abjad.tools.seqtools.is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence| (expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is a sequence and the elements in expr decrease monotonically:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> expr = [9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]
    abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    True
    abjad> expr = [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 1, 0]
    abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    abjad> expr = [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
    abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    False when expr is a sequence and the elements in expr do not decrease monotonically:
    abjad> expr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
    abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    False
    abjad > expr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
    abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    False
```

True when *expr* is a sequence and *expr* is empty:

```
abjad> expr = [ ]
abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence(expr)
True
```

False when *expr* is not a sequence:

```
abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence(17)
False
```

Return boolean.

seqtools.is monotonically increasing sequence

```
\verb|abjad.tools.seqtools.is_monotonically_increasing_sequence| (expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a sequence and the elements in *expr* increase monotonically:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> expr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_increasing_sequence(expr)
True
abjad> expr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_increasing_sequence(expr)
True
```

```
abjad> expr = [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
     abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_increasing_sequence(expr)
    True
     False when expr is a sequence and the elements in expr do not increase monotonically:
     abjad> expr = [9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]
     abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_increasing_sequence(expr)
     False
     abjad> expr = [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 1, 0]
     abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_increasing_sequence(expr)
     False
     True when expr is a sequence and expr is empty:
     abjad> expr = [ ]
     abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_increasing_sequence(expr)
     True
     False when expr is not a sequence:
     abjad> seqtools.is_monotonically_increasing_sequence(17)
     False
     Return boolean.
seqtools.is_permutation
abjad.tools.seqtools.is_permutation(expr, length=None)
     New in version 2.0. True when expr is a permutation:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
     abjad> seqtools.is_permutation([4, 5, 0, 3, 2, 1])
     True
     Otherwise false:
     abjad> seqtools.is_permutation([1, 1, 5, 3, 2, 1])
     False
     True when expr is a permutation of first length nonnegative integers:
     abjad> seqtools.is_permutation([4, 5, 0, 3, 2, 1], length = 6)
     True
     Otherwise false:
     abjad> seqtools.is_permutation([4, 0, 3, 2, 1], length = 6)
     False
     Return boolean.
segtools.is repetition free sequence
```

57.1. Abjad API 669

abjad.tools.seqtools.is_repetition_free_sequence(expr)

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a sequence and *expr* is repetition free:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
     abjad> seqtools.is_repetition_free_sequence([0, 1, 2, 6, 7, 8])
     True
     False when expr is a sequence and expr is not repetition free:
     abjad> seqtools.is_repetition_free_sequence([0, 1, 2, 2, 7, 8])
     False
     True when expr is an empty sequence:
     abjad> seqtools.is_repetition_free_sequence([ ])
     True
     False expr is not a sequence:
     abjad> seqtools.is_repetition_free_sequence(17)
     False
     Return boolean.
seqtools.is restricted growth function
abjad.tools.seqtools.is_restricted_growth_function(expr)
     New in version 2.0. True when expr is a sequence and expr meets the criteria for a restricted growth function:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
     abjad> seqtools.is_restricted_growth_function([1, 1, 1, 1])
     True
     abjad> seqtools.is_restricted_growth_function([1, 1, 1, 2])
     True
     abjad> seqtools.is_restricted_growth_function([1, 1, 2, 1])
     abjad> seqtools.is_restricted_growth_function([1, 1, 2, 2])
     True
     Otherwise false:
     abjad> seqtools.is_restricted_growth_function([1, 1, 1, 3])
     False
     abjad> seqtools.is_restricted_growth_function(17)
     False
     A restricted growth function is a sequence 1 such that 1[0] == 1 and such that 1[i] <= max(1[:i])
     + 1 \text{ for } 1 \le i \le \text{len (1)}.
     Return boolean.
```

seqtools.is strictly decreasing sequence

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.is_strictly_decreasing_sequence(expr)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *expr* is a sequence and the elements in *expr* decrease strictly:

```
abjad> expr = [9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    True
    False when expr is a sequence and the elements in expr do not decrease strictly:
    abjad> expr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    False
    abjad> expr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    False
    abjad> expr = [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    False
    abjad> expr = [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 1, 0]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_decreasing_sequence(expr)
    False
    True when expr is an empty sequence:
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_decreasing_sequence([ ])
    True
    False expr is not a sequence:
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_decreasing_sequence(17)
    False
    Return boolean.
segtools.is strictly increasing sequence
abjad.tools.seqtools.is_strictly_increasing_sequence(expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when expr is a sequence and the elements in expr increase strictly:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> expr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_increasing_sequence(expr)
    True
    False when expr is a sequence and the elements in expr do not increase strictly:
    abjad> expr = [9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_increasing_sequence(expr)
    False
    abjad > expr = [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 1, 0]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_increasing_sequence(expr)
    False
    abjad> expr = [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_increasing_sequence(expr)
    False
```

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

```
abjad> expr = [0, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_increasing_sequence(expr)
    False
    True when expr is an empty sequence:
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_increasing_sequence([ ])
    True
    False when expr is not a sequence:
    abjad> seqtools.is_strictly_increasing_sequence(17)
    False
    Return boolean.
seqtools.iterate sequence cyclically
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_cyclically (sequence,
                                                                       step=1.
                                                                                  start=0.
                                                           length='inf')
    New in version 1.1. Iterate sequence cyclically according to step, start and length:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_cyclically(sequence, length = 20))
     [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_cyclically(sequence, 2, length = 20))
    [1, 3, 5, 7, 2, 4, 6, 1, 3, 5, 7, 2, 4, 6, 1, 3, 5, 7, 2, 4]
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_cyclically(sequence, 2, 3, length = 20))
     [4, 6, 1, 3, 5, 7, 2, 4, 6, 1, 3, 5, 7, 2, 4, 6, 1, 3, 5, 7]
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_cyclically(sequence, -2, 5, length = 20))
     [6, 4, 2, 7, 5, 3, 1, 6, 4, 2, 7, 5, 3, 1, 6, 4, 2, 7, 5, 3]
    Changed in version 2.0: allows generator input.
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_cyclically(xrange(1, 8), -2, 5, length = 20))
     [6, 4, 2, 7, 5, 3, 1, 6, 4, 2, 7, 5, 3, 1, 6, 4, 2, 7, 5, 3]
    Set step to jump size and direction across sequence.
    Set start to the index of sequence where the function begins iterating.
    Set length to number of elements to return. Set to 'inf' to return infinitely.
                            Changed in version 2.0:
                                                           renamed
                                                                     seqtools.phasor()
            generator.
    seqtools.iterate_sequence_cyclically().
seqtools.iterate sequence cyclically from start to stop
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_cyclically_from_start_to_stop (sequence,
                                                                                 start,
                                                                                 stop)
```

New in version 1.1. Iterate *sequence* cyclically from *start* to *stop*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_cyclically_from_start_to_stop(range(20), 18, 10))
     [18, 19, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
    Return generator of references to sequence elements.
                                                           Changed in version 2.0:
                                                                                     renamed
     seqtools.get cyclic() to seqtools.iterate sequence cyclically from start to stop().
segtools.iterate sequence forward and backward nonoverlapping
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_forward_and_backward_nonoverlapping(sequence)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate sequence first forward and then backward, with first and last elements repeated:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_forward_and_backward_nonoverlapping([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))
     [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
    Return generator.
seqtools.iterate sequence forward and backward overlapping
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_forward_and_backward_overlapping(sequence)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate sequence first forward and then backward, with first and last elements appearing
    only once:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_forward_and_backward_overlapping([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))
    [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 2]
    Return generator.
seqtools.iterate_sequence_nwise_cyclic
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_nwise_cyclic(sequence, n)
    New in version 2.0. Iterate elements in sequence cyclically n at a time:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> g = seqtools.iterate_sequence_nwise_cyclic(range(6), 3)
    abjad> for n in range(10):
     ... print g.next()
     (0, 1, 2)
     (1, 2, 3)
     (2, 3, 4)
     (3, 4, 5)
     (4, 5, 0)
     (5, 0, 1)
     (0, 1, 2)
     (1, 2, 3)
     (2, 3, 4)
```

Return generator.

(3, 4, 5)

seqtools.iterate sequence nwise strict

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_nwise_strict(sequence, n)
New in version 2.0. Iterate elements in sequence n at a time:
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_nwise_strict(range(10), 4))
[(0, 1, 2, 3), (1, 2, 3, 4), (2, 3, 4, 5), (3, 4, 5, 6), (4, 5, 6, 7), (5, 6, 7, 8), (6, 7, 8, 5)]
Return generator.
```

seqtools.iterate_sequence_nwise_wrapped

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_nwise_wrapped(sequence, n)
New in version 2.0. Iterate elements in sequence n at a time wrapped to beginning:

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_nwise_wrapped(range(6), 3))
[(0, 1, 2), (1, 2, 3), (2, 3, 4), (3, 4, 5), (4, 5, 0), (5, 0, 1)]
```

seqtools.iterate_sequence_pairwise_cyclic

Return generator.

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_pairwise_cyclic(sequence)
    New in version 1.1. Iterate sequence pairwise cyclic:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> generator = seqtools.iterate_sequence_pairwise_cyclic(range(6))
    abjad> generator.next()
     (0, 1)
    abjad> generator.next()
     (1, 2)
    abjad> generator.next()
     (2, 3)
    abjad> generator.next()
     (3, 4)
    abjad> generator.next()
     (4, 5)
    abjad> generator.next()
     (5, 0)
    abjad> generator.next()
     (0, 1)
    abjad> generator.next()
     (1, 2)
```

Return pair generator.

seqtools.iterate sequence pairwise strict

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_pairwise_strict(sequence)

New in version 1.1. Iterate sequence pairwise strict:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_pairwise_strict(range(6)))
    [(0, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), (4, 5)]
    Return pair generator.
seqtools.iterate_sequence_pairwise_wrapped
abjad.tools.seqtools.iterate_sequence_pairwise_wrapped(sequence)
    New in version 1.1. Iterate sequence pairwise wrapped:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> list(seqtools.iterate_sequence_pairwise_wrapped(range(6)))
    [(0, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), (4, 5), (5, 0)]
    Return pair generator.
seqtools.join_subsequences_by_sign_of_subsequence_elements
abjad.tools.seqtools.join_subsequences_by_sign_of_subsequence_elements(sequence)
    New in version 1.1. Join subsequences in sequence by sign:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [[1, 2], [3, 4], [-5, -6, -7], [-8, -9, -10], [11, 12]]
    abjad> seqtools.join_subsequences_by_sign_of_subsequence_elements(sequence)
    [[1, 2, 3, 4], [-5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10], [11, 12]]
    abjad> sequence = [[1, 2], [], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7]]
    abjad> seqtools.join_subsequences_by_sign_of_subsequence_elements(sequence)
    [[1, 2], [], [3, 4, 5, 6, 7]]
             newly
                                                Changed
                                                           in
                                                                version
                                                                          2.0:
                                                                                    renamed
                      constructed
                                  list.
    seqtools.join sublists by sign() to seqtools.join subsequences by sign of subsequence el
seqtools.map sequence elements to canonic tuples
abjad.tools.seqtools.map_sequence_elements_to_canonic_tuples (sequence,
                                                                      direction='big-
                                                                       endian')
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements into canonic big-endian parts:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.map_sequence_elements_to_canonic_tuples(range(10))
    [(0,), (1,), (2,), (3,), (4,), (4, 1), (6,), (7,), (8,), (8, 1)]
    Partition sequence elements into canonic little-endian parts:
    abjad> seqtools.map_sequence_elements_to_canonic_tuples(range(10), direction = 'little-endian')
     [(0,), (1,), (2,), (3,), (4,), (1, 4), (6,), (7,), (8,), (1, 8)]
```

Raise type error when *sequence* is not a list.

Raise value error on noninteger elements in sequence.

Return list of tuples. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.partition_elements_into_canonic_parts() to seqtools.map_sequence_elements_to_canonic_tuples().

seqtools.map_sequence_elements_to_numbered_sublists

```
\verb|abjad.tools.seqtools.map_sequence_elements_to_numbered_sublists| (\textit{sequence})
```

New in version 1.1. Map *sequence* elements to numbered sublists:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.map_sequence_elements_to_numbered_sublists([1, 2, -3, -4, 5])

[[1], [2, 3], [-4, -5, -6], [-7, -8, -9, -10], [11, 12, 13, 14, 15]]

abjad> seqtools.map_sequence_elements_to_numbered_sublists([1, 0, -3, -4, 5])

[[1], [], [-2, -3, -4], [-5, -6, -7, -8], [9, 10, 11, 12, 13]]
```

Note that numbering starts at 1.

Return newly constructed list of lists. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.lengths_to_counts() to seqtools.map_sequence_elements_to_numbered_sublists().

segtools.negate absolute value of sequence elements at indices

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.negate_absolute_value_of_sequence_elements_at_indices (sequence, in-
```

dices)

New in version 1.1. Negate the absolute value of *sequence* elements at *indices*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> sequence = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10]

abjad> seqtools.negate_sequence_elements_at_indices(sequence, [0, 1, 2])
[-1, -2, -3, 4, 5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10]
```

seqtools.negate_absolute_value_of_sequence_elements_cyclically

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.negate_absolute_value_of_sequence_elements_cyclically (sequence,
```

indices, pe-

period)

New in version 2.0. Negate the absolute value of *sequence* elements at *indices* cyclically according to *period*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools abjad> sequence = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10]
```

```
abjad> seqtools.negate_absolute_value_of_sequence_elements_cyclically(sequence, [0, 1, 2], 5) [-1, -2, -3, 4, 5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10]
```

Return newly constructed list.

seqtools.negate sequence elements at indices

```
\verb|abjad.tools.seqtools.negate_sequence_elements_at_indices| (|sequence|, indices|)
```

New in version 1.1. Negate sequence elements at indices:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> sequence = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10]

abjad> seqtools.negate_sequence_elements_at_indices(sequence, [0, 1, 2])
[-1, -2, -3, 4, 5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10]
```

Return newly constructed list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.negate_elements_at_indices() to seqtools.negate_sequence_elements_at_indices().

seqtools.negate sequence elements cyclically

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.negate_sequence_elements_cyclically(sequence, indices, pe-
```

New in version 2.0. Negate *sequence* elements at *indices* cyclically according to *period*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> sequence = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10]

abjad> seqtools.negate_sequence_elements_cyclically(sequence, [0, 1, 2], 5)
[-1, -2, -3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, -9, -10]
```

Return newly constructed list.

seqtools.overwrite sequence elements at indices

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.overwrite_sequence_elements_at_indices (sequence, pairs)
```

New in version 1.1. Overwrite *sequence* elements at indices according to *pairs*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.overwrite_sequence_elements_at_indices(range(10), [(0, 3), (5, 3)])
[0, 0, 0, 3, 4, 5, 5, 5, 8, 9]
```

Set pairs to a list of (anchor_index, length) pairs.

Return new list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed <code>seqtools.overwrite_slices_at()</code> to <code>seqtools.overwrite_sequence_elements_at_indices()</code>.

seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_lengths

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_lengths (sequence, lengths)
New in version 2.0. Partition sequence by ratio of lengths:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_lengths(tuple(range(10)), [1, 1, 2])
[(0, 1, 2), (3, 4), (5, 6, 7, 8, 9)]
```

Use rounding magic to avoid fractional part lengths.

Return list of sequence objects.

seqtools.partition sequence by ratio of weights

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_weights (sequence, weights)

New in version 2.0. Partition sequence by ratio of weights:
```

```
abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_weights([1] * 10, [1, 1, 1])
[[1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1]]

abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_weights([1] * 10, [1, 1, 1, 1])
[[1, 1, 1], [1, 1], [1, 1, 1], [1, 1]]

abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_weights([1] * 10, [2, 2, 3])
[[1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1]]

abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_weights([1] * 10, [3, 2, 2])
[[1, 1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1], [1, 1, 1]]

abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_weights([1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2], [1, [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2], [2, 2, 2]]]

abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_weights([1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2], [1, [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1], [2, 2, 2], [2, 2, 2]]
```

Weights of parts of returned list equal weights_ratio proportions with some rounding magic.

Return list of lists.

seqtools.partition_sequence_by_restricted_growth_function

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_by_restricted_growth_function(sequence,
```

re-

 $stricted_growth_function)$

New in version 2.0. Partition sequence by restricted_growth_function:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> 1 = range(10)
abjad> rgf = [1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 3, 3, 2, 4]
abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_by_restricted_growth_function(1, rgf)
[[0, 1, 4], [2, 3, 5, 8], [6, 7], [9]]
```

Raise value error when sequence length does not equal restricted_growth_function length.

Return list of lists.

seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements

```
New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements by sign:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [0, 0, -1, -1, 2, 3, -5, 1, 2, 5, -5, -6]
    abjad> list(seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements(sequence))
    [[0, 0], [-1, -1], [2, 3], [-5], [1, 2, 5], [-5, -6]]
    abjad> list(seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements(sequence, sign = [-1]))
    [0, 0, [-1, -1], 2, 3, [-5], 1, 2, 5, [-5, -6]]
    abjad> list(seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements(sequence, sign = [0]))
    [[0, 0], -1, -1, 2, 3, -5, 1, 2, 5, -5, -6]
    abjad> list(seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements(sequence, sign = [1]))
     [0, 0, -1, -1, [2, 3], -5, [1, 2, 5], -5, -6]
    abjad> list(seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements(sequence, sign = [-1, 0]))
    [[0, 0], [-1, -1], 2, 3, [-5], 1, 2, 5, [-5, -6]]
    abjad> list(seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements(sequence, sign = [-1, 1]))
    [0, 0, [-1, -1], [2, 3], [-5], [1, 2, 5], [-5, -6]]
    abjad> list(seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements(sequence, sign = [0, 1]))
    [[0, 0], -1, -1, [2, 3], -5, [1, 2, 5], -5, -6]
    abjad> list(seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements(sequence, sign = [-1, 0, 1]))
    [[0, 0], [-1, -1], [2, 3], [-5], [1, 2, 5], [-5, -6]]
    When -1 in sign, group negative elements.
    When 0 in sign, group 0 elements.
    When 1 in sign, group positive elements.
    Return list of tuples of sequence element references.
                                                         Changed in version 2.0:
    listtools.group_by_sign() to seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements().
seqtools.partition sequence by value of elements
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_by_value_of_elements(sequence)
    New in version 1.1. Group sequence elements by equality:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_by_value_of_elements([0, 0, -1, -1, 2, 3, -5, 1, 1, 5, -5])
    [(0, 0), (-1, -1), (2,), (3,), (-5,), (1, 1), (5,), (-5,)]
    Return list of tuples of sequence element references.
                                                         Changed in version 2.0:
    seqtools.group_by_equality() to seqtools.partition_sequence_by_value_of_elements().
```

abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements(sequence, sign=[-1,

seqtools.partition sequence cyclically by counts with overhang

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_with_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                      counts)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence cyclically by counts with overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_with_overhang(range(16), [4, 6])
    [[0, 1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9], [10, 11, 12, 13], [14, 15]]
    Return
             list
                  of
                       sequence
                                  objects.
                                                  Changed
                                                            in
                                                                 version
                                                                          2.0:
                                                                                   renamed
    listtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_with_overhang()
    seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_with_overhang().
segtools.partition sequence cyclically by counts without overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_without_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                          counts)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence cyclically by counts without overhang:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_without_overhang(range(16), [4, 6])
[[0, 1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9], [10, 11, 12, 13]]
```

list renamed of sequence objects Changed in version listtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_without_overhang() seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_without_overhang().

seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang

abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang(sequence weights

New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements cyclically by weights at least with overhang:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]
abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang(sequence, [10, 4]
[[3, 3, 3, 3], [4], [4, 4, 4], [5], [5]]
```

Changed in version 2.0: Return list sequence element reference lists. renamed seqtools.group_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang() to seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang().

seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_least_without_overhang

New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements cyclically by weights at least without overhang:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
```

wei

```
abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_least_without_overhang(sequence, [10]
    [[3, 3, 3, 3], [4], [4, 4, 4], [5]]
    Return list sequence element reference lists.
                                                      Changed in version 2.0:
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_weights_at_least_without_overhang()
    to seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_least_without_overhang().
seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang(sequence
                                                                                               weights)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements cyclically by weights at most with overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang(sequence, [10, 5]
    [[3, 3, 3], [3], [4, 4], [4], [4, 5], [5]]
    Return list sequence element reference lists.
                                                      Changed in version 2.0:
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang()
    to seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang().
seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang(sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang)
                                                                                                   weig
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements cyclically by weights at most without overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang(sequence, [10,
    [[3, 3, 3], [3], [4, 4], [4]]
    Return list sequence element reference lists.
                                                      Changed in version 2.0:
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang()
    to seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang().
seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang(sequence
                                                                                               weights)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements cyclically by weights exactly with overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang(sequence, [12])
    [[3, 3, 3, 3], [4, 4, 4], [4, 5]]
                                                       Changed in version 2.0:
    Return list of sequence element reference lists.
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang()
    to seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang().
```

segtools.partition sequence cyclically by weights exactly without overhang

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang(sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements cyclically by weights exactly without overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang(sequence, [12]
     [[3, 3, 3, 3], [4, 4, 4]]
    Return list of sequence element reference lists.
                                                         Changed in version 2.0:
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang()
    to seqtools.partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang().
seqtools.partition sequence extended to counts with overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_extended_to_counts_with_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                      counts)
    New in version 2.0. Partition sequence extended to counts with overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_extended_to_counts_with_overhang([1, 2, 3, 4], [6, 6, 6])
     [[1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2], [3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4], [1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2], [3, 4]]
    Return new object of sequence type.
seqtools.partition sequence extended to counts without overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_extended_to_counts_without_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                          counts)
    New in version 2.0. Partition sequence extended to counts without overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_extended_to_counts_without_overhang([1, 2, 3, 4], [6, 6, 6])
     [[1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2], [3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 4], [1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2]]
    Return new object of sequence type.
seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_counts_with_overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_counts_with_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                 counts)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence once by counts with overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_counts_with_overhang(range(16), [4, 6])
    [[0, 1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9], [10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15]]
                                                                            2.0:
                   of
                        sequence
                                   objects.
                                                   Changed
                                                                                     renamed
```

listtools.partition sequence once by counts with overhang()

seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_counts_with_overhang().

to

seqtools.partition sequence once by counts without overhang

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_counts_without_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                  counts)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence once by counts without overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_counts_without_overhang(range(16), [4, 6])
    [[0, 1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]]
    Return
             list
                  of
                       sequence
                                  objects.
                                                 Changed
                                                           in
                                                                version
                                                                         2.0:
                                                                                  renamed
    listtools.partition_sequence_once_by_counts_without_overhang()
    seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_counts_without_overhang().
seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                          weights)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements once by weights at least with overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang(sequence, [10, 4])
    [[3, 3, 3, 3], [4], [4, 4, 4, 5, 5]]
    Return list sequence element reference lists.
                                                      Changed in version 2.0:
                                                                                  renamed
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_once_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang()
    to seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_least_with_overhang().
seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_least_without_overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_least_without_overhang(sequence,
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements once by weights at least without overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_least_without_overhang(sequence, [10, 4])
    [[3, 3, 3, 3], [4]]
    Return list sequence element reference lists.
                                                      Changed in version 2.0:
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_once_by_weights_at_least_without_overhang()
    to segtools.partition sequence once by weights at least without overhang().
seqtools.partition sequence once by weights at most with overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                         weights)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements once by weights at most with overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
```

```
abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang(sequence, [10, 4])
    [[3, 3, 3], [3], [4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]]
    Return list sequence element reference lists.
                                                     Changed in version 2.0:
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_once_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang() to
    seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang().
seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                           weights)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements once by weights at most without overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang(sequence, [10, 4])
    [[3, 3, 3], [3]]
    Return list sequence element reference lists.
                                                     Changed in version 2.0:
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_once_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang()
    to seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_most_without_overhang().
seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                       weights)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements once by weights exactly with overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]
    abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang(sequence, [3, 9])
    [[3], [3, 3, 3], [4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]]
    Return list sequence element reference lists.
                                                     Changed in version 2.0:
    seqtools.group_sequence_elements_once_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang() to
    seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang().
seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang
abjad.tools.seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang(sequence,
                                                                                           weights)
    New in version 1.1. Partition sequence elements once by weights exactly without overhang:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
```

abjad> seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang(sequence, [3, 9])

seqtools.group_sequence_elements_once_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang()
to seqtools.partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang().

Changed in version 2.0:

[[3], [3, 3, 3]]

abjad> sequence = [3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5]

Return list sequence element reference lists.

seqtools.permute sequence

Return newly constructed

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.permute_sequence(sequence, permutation)
    New in version 2.0. Permute sequence by permutation:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.permute_sequence([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15], [5, 4, 0, 1, 2, 3])
     [15, 14, 10, 11, 12, 13]
    Return newly constructed sequence object.
seqtools.remove_sequence_elements_at_indices
abjad.tools.seqtools.remove_sequence_elements_at_indices(sequence, indices)
    New in version 2.0. Remove sequence elements at indices:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.remove_sequence_elements_at_indices(range(20), [1, 16, 17, 18])
    [0, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 19]
    Ignore negative indices.
    Return list.
seqtools.remove_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically
abjad.tools.seqtools.remove_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically (sequence,
                                                                                 indices,
                                                                                 period,
                                                                                 off-
                                                                                 set=0)
    New in version 2.0. Remove sequence elements at indices mod period plus offset:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.remove_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically(range(20), [0, 1], 5, 3)
     [0, 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17]
    Ignore negative indices.
    Return list.
seqtools.remove subsequence of weight at index
abjad.tools.seqtools.remove_subsequence_of_weight_at_index(sequence, weight, in-
                                                                      dex
    New in version 1.1. Remove subsequence of weight at index:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.remove_subsequence_of_weight_at_index((1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 5, 1, 2, 5, 5, 6), 13, 4)
     (1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 5, 6)
```

57.1. Abjad API 685

object.

sequence

Changed

listtools.remove_weighted_subrun_at() to seqtools.remove_subsequence_of_weight_at_index(

in version

2.0:

renamed

seqtools.repeat runs in sequence to count

abjad.tools.seqtools.repeat_runs_in_sequence_to_count (sequence, indicators)

New in version 1.1. Repeat subruns in *sequence* according to *indicators*. The *indicators* input parameter must be a list of zero or more (start, length, count) triples. For every (start, length, count) indicator in *indicators*, the function copies sequence[start:start+length] and inserts count new copies of sequence[start:start+length] immediately after sequence[start:start+length] in *sequence*.

Note: The function reads the value of count in every (start, length, count) triple not as the total number of occurrences of sequence[start:start+length] to appear in *sequence* after execution, but rather as the number of new occurrences of sequence[start:start+length] to appear in *sequence* after execution.

Note: The function wraps newly created subruns in tuples. That is, this function returns output with one more level of nesting than given in input.

```
To insert 10 count of sequence[:2] at sequence[2:2]:

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.repeat_runs_in_sequence_to_count(range(20), [(0, 2, 10)])
[0, 1, (0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1),
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19]

To insert 5 count of sequence[10:12] at sequence[12:12] and then insert 5 count of sequence[:2] at sequence[2:2]:

abjad> sequence = range(20)

abjad> seqtools.repeat_runs_in_sequence_to_count(sequence, [(0, 2, 5), (10, 2, 5)])
[0, 1, (0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1), 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, (10, 11, 10, 11, 10, 11, 10, 11)]
```

Note: This function wraps around the end of sequence whenever len (sequence) < start + length.

```
To insert 2 count of [18, 19, 0, 1] at sequence [2:2]:

abjad> seqtools.repeat_runs_in_sequence_to_count (sequence, [(18, 4, 2)])
[0, 1, (18, 19, 0, 1, 18, 19, 0, 1), 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18,

To insert 2 count of [18, 19, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4] at sequence [4:4]:

abjad> seqtools.repeat_runs_in_sequence_to_count (sequence, [(18, 8, 2)])
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, (18, 19, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 18, 19, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5), 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,
```

Todo

Implement an optional *wrap* keyword to specify whether this function should wrap around the ened of *sequence* whenever len(sequence) < start + length or not.

Todo

Reimplement this function to return a generator.

```
Generalizations of this function would include
                                                    functions
                                                              to
                                                                  repeat
                                                                         subruns in
    quence
                               certain
                                                  implemented here,
                                                                      but to a certain
                not only
                           a
                                      count.
                                               as
             weight
                    or
                        sum.
                                    That
                                          is,
                                                segtools.repeat subruns to length(),
    seqtools.repeat_subruns_to_weight()
                                             and seqtools.repeat_subruns_to_sum().
                           2.0:
                                             segtools.repeat subruns to count()
            in
                 version
                                   renamed
    seqtools.repeat_runs_in_sequence_to_count().
seqtools.repeat sequence elements at indices
abjad.tools.seqtools.repeat_sequence_elements_at_indices (sequence, indices, total)
    New in version 2.0. Repeat sequence elements at indices to total length:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> segtools.repeat_sequence_elements_at_indices(range(10), [6, 7, 8], 3)
    [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, [6, 6, 6], [7, 7, 7], [8, 8, 8], 9]
    Return list.
seqtools.repeat sequence elements at indices cyclically
abjad.tools.seqtools.repeat_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically (sequence,
                                                                            cy-
                                                                             cle token,
```

New in version 2.0. Repeat *sequence* elements at indices specified by *cycle_token* to *total* length:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically(range(10), (5, [1, 2]), 3)
[0, [1, 1, 1], [2, 2, 2], 3, 4, 5, [6, 6, 6], [7, 7, 7], 8, 9]
```

The *cycle_token* may be a sieve:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import sievetools
abjad> sieve = sievetools.cycle_tokens_to_sieve((5, [1, 2]))
abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically(range(10), sieve, 3)
[0, [1, 1, 1], [2, 2, 2], 3, 4, 5, [6, 6, 6], [7, 7, 7], 8, 9]
```

Return list.

seqtools.repeat sequence elements n times each

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.repeat_sequence_elements_n_times_each (sequence, n)
New in version 1.1. Repeat sequence elements n times each:
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_elements_n_times_each((1, -1, 2, -3, 5, -5, 6), 2)
    (1, 1, -1, -1, 2, 2, -3, -3, 5, 5, -5, -5, 6, 6)

Return newly constructed sequence object with copied sequence elements. Changed in version 2.0: renamed listtools.repeat_elements_to_count() to seqtools.repeat_sequence_elements_n_times_each().
```

```
seqtools.repeat_sequence_n_times
```

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.repeat_sequence_n_times (sequence, n)
    New in version 2.0. Repeat sequence n times:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_n_times((1, 2, 3, 4, 5), 3)
     (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
    Repeat sequence 0 times:
    abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_n_times((1, 2, 3, 4, 5), 0)
    Return newly constructed sequence object of copied sequence elements.
seqtools.repeat sequence to length
abjad.tools.seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_length (sequence, length, start=0)
    New in version 1.1. Repeat sequence to nonnegative integer length:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_length(range(5), 11)
    [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 0]
    Repeat sequence to nonnegative integer length from start:
    abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_length(range(5), 11, start = 2)
     [2, 3, 4, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 1, 2]
    Return newly constructed sequence object.
                                                       Changed in version 2.0:
                                                                                      renamed
    listtools.repeat_list_to_length() to seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_length().
seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_weight_at_least
abjad.tools.seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_weight_at_least (sequence, weight)
    New in version 1.1. Repeat sequence to weight at least:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_weight_at_least((5, -5, -5), 23)
     (5, -5, -5, 5, -5)
    Return newly constructed sequence object.
seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_weight_at_most
abjad.tools.seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_weight_at_most (sequence, weight)
    New in version 1.1. Repeat sequence to weight at most:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_weight_at_most((5, -5, -5), 23)
     (5, -5, -5, 5)
```

Return newly constructed sequence object.

seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_weight_exactly

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_weight_exactly (sequence, weight)
            New in version 1.1. Repeat sequence to weight exactly:
            abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
            abjad> seqtools.repeat_sequence_to_weight_exactly((5, -5, -5), 23)
             (5, -5, -5, 5, -3)
            Return newly constructed sequence object.
segtools.replace sequence elements cyclically with new material
abjad.tools.seqtools.replace_sequence_elements_cyclically_with_new_material (sequence,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    dices.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    new_material)
            New in version 1.1. Replace sequence elements cyclically at indices with new_material:
            abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
            abjad> seqtools.replace_sequence_elements_cyclically_with_new_material(range(20), ([0], 2), (['F
            ['A', 1, 'B', 3, 4, 5, 'A', 7, 'B', 9, 10, 11, 'A', 13, 'B', 15, 16, 17, 'A', 19]
            abjad> seqtools.replace_sequence_elements_cyclically_with_new_material(range(20), ([0], 2), (['*
            ['*', 1, '*', 3, '*', 5, '*', 7, '*', 9, '*', 11, '*', 13, '*', 15, '*', 17, '*', 19]
            abjad> seqtools.replace_sequence_elements_cyclically_with_new_material(range(20), ([0], 2), (['Parameter of the content of the
            ['A', 1, 'B', 3, 'C', 5, 'D', 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19]
            abjad> seqtools.replace_sequence_elements_cyclically_with_new_material(range(20), ([0, 1, 8, 13]
```

Raise type error when sequence not a list.

Return newly constructed list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.replace_elements_cyclic() to seqtools.replace_sequence_elements_cyclically_with_

seqtools.retain_sequence_elements_at_indices

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.retain_sequence_elements_at_indices (sequence, indices)

New in version 2.0. Retain sequence elements at indices:

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.retain_sequence_elements_at_indices(range(20), [1, 16, 17, 18])
[1, 16, 17, 18]
```

['A', 'B', 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 'C', 9, 10, 11, 12, 'D', 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19]

Return list.

Ignore negative indices.

```
seqtools.retain_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically
```

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.retain_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically (sequence, indices, period, off-set=0)

New in version 2.0. Retain sequence elements at indices mod period plus offset:

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.retain_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically (range(20), [0, 1], 5, 3) [3, 4, 8, 9, 13, 14, 18, 19]

Ignore negative values in indices.

Return list.
```

seqtools.reverse_sequence

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.reverse_sequence(sequence)
New in version 2.0. Reverse sequence:
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> seqtools.reverse_sequence((1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
(5, 4, 3, 2, 1)
```

Return new sequence object.

seqtools.reverse_sequence_elements

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.reverse_sequence_elements(sequence)
   New in version 2.0. Reverse sequence elements:
   abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.reverse_sequence_elements([1, (2, 3, 4), 5, (6, 7)])
   [1, (4, 3, 2), 5, (7, 6)]
```

Return new sequence object.

seqtools.rotate_sequence

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.rotate_sequence (sequence, n)
New in version 1.1. Rotate sequence to the right:
   abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.rotate_sequence (range (10), 4)
   [6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

Rotate sequence to the left:
   abjad> seqtools.rotate_sequence (range (10), -3)
   [3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, 1, 2]
```

Rotate *sequence* neither to the right nor the left:

```
abjad> seqtools.rotate_sequence(range(10), 0) [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
```

Return newly created *sequence* object. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.rotate() to seqtools.rotate_sequence().

seqtools.splice_new_elements_between_sequence_elements

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.splice_new_elements_between_sequence_elements (sequence, new_elements, over-  \frac{over-hang}{o} = (0, \frac{1}{2})
```

New in version 1.1. Splice copies of *new_elements* between each of the elements of *sequence*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> sequence = [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
abjad> new_elements = ['A', 'B']
abjad> seqtools.splice_new_elements_between_sequence_elements(sequence, new_elements)
[0, 'A', 'B', 1, 'A', 'B', 2, 'A', 'B', 3, 'A', 'B', 4]
```

Splice copies of *new_elements* between each of the elements of *sequence* and after the last element of *sequence*:

```
abjad> seqtools.splice_new_elements_between_sequence_elements(sequence, new_elements, overhang = [0, 'A', 'B', 1, 'A', 'B', 2, 'A', 'B', 3, 'A', 'B', 4, 'A', 'B']
```

Splice copies of *new_elements* before the first element of *sequence* and between each of the other elements of *sequence*:

```
abjad> seqtools.splice_new_elements_between_sequence_elements(sequence, new_elements, overhang = ['A', 'B', 0, 'A', 'B', 1, 'A', 'B', 2, 'A', 'B', 3, 'A', 'B', 4]
```

Splice copies of *new_elements* before the first element of *sequence*, after the last element of *sequence* and between each of the other elements of *sequence*:

```
abjad> seqtools.splice_new_elements_between_sequence_elements(sequence, new_elements, overhang = ['A', 'B', 0, 'A', 'B', 1, 'A', 'B', 2, 'A', 'B', 3, 'A', 'B', 4, 'A', 'B']
```

Return newly constructed list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.insert_slice_cyclic() to seqtools.splice_new_elements_between_sequence_elements().

segtools.split sequence cyclically by weights with overhang

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.split_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_with_overhang(sequence, weights)
```

New in version 2.0. Split *sequence* cyclically by *weights* with overhang:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.split_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_with_overhang((10, -10, 10, -10), [3, 15, 3 [(3,), (7, -8), (-2, 1), (3,), (6, -9), (-1,)]
```

Return list of *sequence* objects.

seqtools.split_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_without_overhang

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.split_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_without_overhang(sequence, weights)
```

New in version 2.0. Split sequence cyclically by weights without overhang:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.split_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_without_overhang((10, -10, 10, -10), [3, 15]
[(3,), (7, -8), (-2, 1), (3,), (6, -9)]
```

Return list of sequence objects.

seqtools.split_sequence_extended_to_weights_with_overhang

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.split_sequence_extended_to_weights_with_overhang(sequence, weights)
```

New in version 2.0. Split *sequence* extended to *weights* with overhang:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.split_sequence_extended_to_weights_with_overhang([1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [7, 7, 7])
[[1, 2, 3, 1], [3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 3], [4, 5]]
```

Return new object of sequence type.

seqtools.split_sequence_extended_to_weights_without_overhang

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.split_sequence_extended_to_weights_without_overhang(sequence, weights)
```

New in version 2.0. Split *sequence* extended to *weights* without overhang:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.split_sequence_extended_to_weights_without_overhang([1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [7, 7, 7])
[[1, 2, 3, 1], [3, 4], [1, 1, 2, 3]]
```

Return new object of sequence type.

seqtools.split sequence once by weights with overhang

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.split_sequence_once_by_weights_with_overhang(sequence, weights)
```

New in version 2.0. Split *sequence* once by *weights* with overhang:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.split_sequence_once_by_weights_with_overhang((10, -10, 10, -10), [3, 15, 3])
[(3,), (7, -8), (-2, 1), (9, -10)]
```

Return list of *sequence* objects.

seqtools.split sequence once by weights without overhang

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.split_sequence_once_by_weights_without_overhang (sequence, weights)

New in version 2.0. Split sequence once by weights without overhang:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.split_sequence_once_by_weights_without_overhang((10, -10, 10, -10), [3, 15, 3])
[(3,), (7, -8), (-2, 1)]
```

Return list of sequence objects.

seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign(sequence, sign=[-1, 0, 1])
```

New in version 1.1. Sum consecutive *sequence* elements by *sign*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> sequence = [0, 0, -1, -1, 2, 3, -5, 1, 2, 5, -5, -6]
abjad> seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign(sequence)
[0, -2, 5, -5, 8, -11]
abjad> seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign(sequence, sign = [-1])
[0, 0, -2, 2, 3, -5, 1, 2, 5, -11]
abjad> seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign(sequence, sign = [0])
[0, -1, -1, 2, 3, -5, 1, 2, 5, -5, -6]
abjad> seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign(sequence, sign = [1])
[0, 0, -1, -1, 5, -5, 8, -5, -6]
abjad> seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign(sequence, sign = [-1, 0])
[0, -2, 2, 3, -5, 1, 2, 5, -11]
abjad> seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign(sequence, sign = [-1, 1])
[0, 0, -2, 5, -5, 8, -11]
abjad> seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign(sequence, sign = [0, 1])
[0, -1, -1, 5, -5, 8, -5, -6]
abjad> seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign(sequence, sign = [-1, 0, 1])
[0, -2, 5, -5, 8, -11]
```

When -1 in *sign*, sum consecutive negative elements.

When 0 in sign, sum consecutive 0 elements.

When 1 in *sign*, sum consecutive positive elements.

Return list. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.sum_by_sign() to seqtools.sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign().

seqtools.sum sequence elements at indices

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.sum_sequence_elements_at_indices (sequence,
                                                                              pairs,
                                                                 riod=None, overhang=True)
     New in version 1.1. Sum sequence elements at indices according to pairs:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
     abjad> seqtools.sum_sequence_elements_at_indices(range(10), [(0, 3)])
     [3, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
     Sum sequence elements cyclically at indices according to pairs and period:
     abjad> seqtools.sum_sequence_elements_at_indices(range(10), [(0, 3)], period = 4)
     [3, 3, 15, 7, 17]
     Sum sequence elements cyclically at indices according to pairs and period and do not return incomplete final
     abjad> seqtools.sum_sequence_elements_at_indices(range(10), [(0, 3)], period = 4, overhang = Fal
     [3, 3, 15, 7]
     Replace sequence [i:i+count] with sum (sequence [i:i+count]) for each (i, count) in pairs.
     Indices in pairs must be less than period when period is not none.
                         Changed in version 2.0:
                                                     renamed seqtools.sum_slices_at() to
     Return new list.
     seqtools.sum_sequence_elements_at_indices().
seqtools.truncate_runs_in_sequence
abjad.tools.seqtools.truncate_runs_in_sequence(sequence)
     New in version 1.1. Truncate subruns of like elements in sequence to length 1:
     abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
     abjad> seqtools.truncate_runs_in_sequence([1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 9, 4, 4, 4])
     [1, 2, 3, 9, 4]
     Return empty list when sequence is empty:
     abjad> seqtools.truncate_runs_in_sequence([ ])
     []
     Raise type error when sequence is not a list.
     Return new list.
                        Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.truncate_subruns() to
     seqtools.truncate_runs_in_sequence().
segtools.truncate sequence to sum
abjad.tools.seqtools.truncate_sequence_to_sum(sequence, sum)
     New in version 1.1. Truncate sequence to sum:
```

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

```
abjad> for n in range(10):
            print n, seqtools.truncate_sequence_to_sum([-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6, -7, 8, -9, 10], n)
    0 []
    1 [-1, 2]
    2 [-1, 2, -3, 4]
    3 [-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6]
    4 [-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6, -7, 8]
    5 [-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6, -7, 8, -9, 10]
    6 [-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6, -7, 8, -9, 10]
    7 [-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6, -7, 8, -9, 10]
    8 [-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6, -7, 8, -9, 10]
    9 [-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6, -7, 8, -9, 10]
    Return empty list when sum is 0:
    abjad> seqtools.truncate_sequence_to_sum([1, 2, 3, 4, 5], 0)
    Raise type error when sequence is not a list.
    Raise value error on negative sum.
    Return new list.
                        Changed in version 2.0:
                                                 renamed seqtools.truncate_to_sum() to
    seqtools.truncate_sequence_to_sum().
seqtools.truncate sequence to weight
abjad.tools.seqtools.truncate_sequence_to_weight (sequence, weight)
    New in version 1.1. Truncate sequence to weight:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> 1 = [-1, 2, -3, 4, -5, 6, -7, 8, -9, 10]
    abjad> for x in range(10):
            print x, seqtools.truncate_sequence_to_weight(l, x)
     . . .
    0 []
    1 [-1]
    2 [-1, 1]
    3 [-1, 2]
    4 [-1, 2, -1]
    5 [-1, 2, -2]
    6 [-1, 2, -3]
    7 [-1, 2, -3, 1]
    8 [-1, 2, -3, 2]
    9 [-1, 2, -3, 3]
    Return empty list when weight is 0:
    abjad> seqtools.truncate_sequence_to_weight([1, 2, 3, 4, 5], 0)
     []
    Raise type error when sequence is not a list.
    Raise value error on negative weight.
                      Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.truncate_to_weight() to
    seqtools.truncate_sequence_to_weight().
```

seqtools.yield all combinations of sequence elements

```
\label{local_sequence} \verb|abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_combinations_of_sequence_elements| (sequence, \\ min\_length=None, \\ max\_length=None) \\
```

New in version 2.0. Yield all combinations of *sequence* in binary string order:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_combinations_of_sequence_elements([1, 2, 3, 4]))
[[], [1], [2], [1, 2], [3], [1, 3], [2, 3], [1, 2, 3], [4], [1, 4],
[2, 4], [1, 2, 4], [3, 4], [1, 3, 4], [2, 3, 4], [1, 2, 3, 4]]
```

Yield all combinations of *sequence* greater than or equal to *min_length* in binary string order:

```
abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_combinations_of_sequence_elements([1, 2, 3, 4], min_length = 3)) [[1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 4], [1, 3, 4], [2, 3, 4], [1, 2, 3, 4]]
```

Yield all combinations of *sequence* less than or equal to *max_length* in binary string order:

```
abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_combinations_of_sequence_elements([1, 2, 3, 4], max_length = 2)) [[], [1], [2], [1, 2], [3], [1, 3], [2, 3], [4], [1, 4], [2, 4], [3, 4]]
```

Yield all combiantions of *sequence* greater than or equal to *min_length* and less than or equal to *max_length* in lex order:

```
abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_combinations_of_sequence_elements([1, 2, 3, 4], min_length = 2, m [[1, 2], [1, 3], [2, 3], [1, 4], [2, 4], [3, 4]]
```

Return generator of newly created *sequence* objects. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.sublists() to seqtools.yield_all_combinations_of_sequence_elements().

seqtools.yield_all_k_ary_sequences_of_length

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_k_ary_sequences_of_length(k, length)
```

New in version 2.0. Generate all *k*-ary sequences of *length*:

Return generator of tuples.

seqtools.yield_all_pairs_between_sequences

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_pairs_between_sequences (l, m)
New in version 2.0. Yield all pairs between sequences l and m:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> for pair in seqtools.yield_all_pairs_between_sequences([1, 2, 3], [4, 5]):
... pair
...
(1, 4)
(1, 5)
(2, 4)
(2, 5)
(3, 4)
(3, 5)
```

Return pair generator.

seqtools.yield_all_partitions_of_sequence

Return generator of newly created lists.

seqtools.yield_all_permutations_of_sequence

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_permutations_of_sequence (sequence)
New in version 1.1. Yield all permutations of sequence in lex order:
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_permutations_of_sequence((1, 2, 3)))
[(1, 2, 3), (1, 3, 2), (2, 1, 3), (2, 3, 1), (3, 1, 2), (3, 2, 1)]

Return generator of sequence objects. Changed in version 2.0: renamed listtools.permutations() to seqtools.yield_all_permutations_of_sequence().
```

seqtools.yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit (sequence, permutation)
```

New in version 2.0. Yield all permutations of *sequence* in orbit of *permutation* in lex order:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit((1, 2, 3, 4), [1, 2, 3, 0]))

[(1, 2, 3, 4), (2, 3, 4, 1), (3, 4, 1, 2), (4, 1, 2, 3)]

Return generator of sequence objects.
```

seqtools.yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length (length)
New in version 2.0. Generate all restricted growth functions of length in lex order:

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
```

```
abjad> for rgf in seqtools.yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length(4):
. . .
(1, 1, 1, 1)
(1, 1, 1, 2)
(1, 1, 2, 1)
(1, 1, 2, 2)
(1, 1, 2, 3)
(1, 2, 1, 1)
(1, 2, 1, 2)
(1, 2, 1, 3)
(1, 2, 2, 1)
(1, 2, 2, 2)
(1, 2, 2, 3)
(1, 2, 3, 1)
(1, 2, 3, 2)
(1, 2, 3, 3)
(1, 2, 3, 4)
```

Return generator of tuples.

seqtools.yield_all_rotations_of_sequence

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_rotations_of_sequence (sequence, n=1)
New in version 2.0. Yield all n-rotations of sequence up to identity:
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_rotations_of_sequence([1, 2, 3, 4], -1))
[[1, 2, 3, 4], [2, 3, 4, 1], [3, 4, 1, 2], [4, 1, 2, 3]]
```

Return generator of sequence objects.

seqtools.yield_all_set_partitions_of_sequence

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_set_partitions_of_sequence (sequence)
New in version 2.0. Yield all set partitions of sequence in restricted growth function order:

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
```

```
abjad> for set_partition in seqtools.yield_all_set_partitions_of_sequence([21, 22, 23, 24]):
        set_partition
. . .
[[21, 22, 23, 24]]
[[21, 22, 23], [24]]
[[21, 22, 24], [23]]
[[21, 22], [23, 24]]
[[21, 22], [23], [24]]
[[21, 23, 24], [22]]
[[21, 23], [22, 24]]
[[21, 23], [22], [24]]
[[21, 24], [22, 23]]
[[21], [22, 23, 24]]
[[21], [22, 23], [24]]
[[21, 24], [22], [23]]
[[21], [22, 24], [23]]
[[21], [22], [23, 24]]
[[21], [22], [23], [24]]
```

Return generator of list of lists.

seqtools.yield all subsequences of sequence

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_subsequences_of_sequence(sequence, min_length=0, max_length=None)
```

New in version 2.0. Yield all subsequences of *sequence* in lex order:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_subsequences_of_sequence([0, 1, 2]))
[[], [0], [0, 1], [0, 1, 2], [1], [1, 2], [2]]
```

Yield all subsequences of *sequence* greater than or equal to *min_length* in lex order:

```
abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_subsequences_of_sequence([0, 1, 2, 3, 4], min_length = 3)) [[0, 1, 2], [0, 1, 2, 3], [0, 1, 2, 3, 4], [1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 3, 4], [2, 3, 4]]
```

Yield all subsequences of *sequence* less than or equal to *max_length* in lex order:

```
abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_subsequences_of_sequence([0, 1, 2, 3, 4], max_length = 3))
[[], [0], [0, 1], [0, 1, 2], [1], [1, 2], [1, 2, 3], [2], [2, 3], [2, 3, 4], [3], [3, 4], [4]]
```

Yield all subsequences of *sequence* greater than or equal to *min_length* and less than or equal to *max_length* in lex order:

```
abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_subsequences_of_sequence([0, 1, 2, 3, 4], min_length = 3, max_ler [[0, 1, 2], [1, 2, 3], [2, 3, 4]]
```

Return generator of newly created *sequence* slices.

seqtools.yield all unordered pairs of sequence

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_all_unordered_pairs_of_sequence (sequence)
New in version 2.0. Yield all unordered pairs of sequence:

abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
```

```
abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_unordered_pairs_of_sequence([1, 2, 3, 4]))
     [(1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 4)]
    Yield all unordered pairs of length-1 sequence:
    abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_unordered_pairs_of_sequence([1]))
    Yield all unordered pairs of empty sequence:
    abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_unordered_pairs_of_sequence([ ]))
     []
    Yield all unordered pairs of sequence with duplicate elements:
    abjad> list(seqtools.yield_all_unordered_pairs_of_sequence([1, 1, 1]))
     [(1, 1), (1, 1), (1, 1)]
    Pairs are tuples instead of sets to accommodate duplicate sequence elements.
    Return generator.
seqtools.yield outer product of sequences
abjad.tools.seqtools.yield_outer_product_of_sequences(sequences)
    New in version 1.1. Yield outer product of sequences:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> list(seqtools.yield_outer_product_of_sequences([[1, 2, 3], ['a', 'b']]))
    [[1, 'a'], [1, 'b'], [2, 'a'], [2, 'b'], [3, 'a'], [3, 'b']]
    abjad> list(seqtools.yield_outer_product_of_sequences([[1, 2, 3], ['a', 'b'], ['X', 'Y']]))
    [[1, 'a', 'X'], [1, 'a', 'Y'], [1, 'b', 'X'], [1, 'b', 'Y'],
     [2, 'a', 'X'], [2, 'a', 'Y'], [2, 'b', 'X'], [2, 'b', 'Y'],
     [3, 'a', 'X'], [3, 'a', 'Y'], [3, 'b', 'X'], [3, 'b', 'Y']]
    abjad> list(seqtools.yield_outer_product_of_sequences([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5], [6, 7, 8]]))
     [[1, 4, 6], [1, 4, 7], [1, 4, 8], [1, 5, 6], [1, 5, 7], [1, 5, 8],
     [2, 4, 6], [2, 4, 7], [2, 4, 8], [2, 5, 6], [2, 5, 7], [2, 5, 8],
     [3, 4, 6], [3, 4, 7], [3, 4, 8], [3, 5, 6], [3, 5, 7], [3, 5, 8]]
    Return generator.
                        Changed in version 2.0:
                                                   renamed seqtools.outer_product() to
    seqtools.yield_outer_product_of_sequences().
segtools.zip sequences cyclically
abjad.tools.seqtools.zip_sequences_cyclically(*sequences)
    New in version 1.1. Zip sequences cyclically:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools
    abjad> seqtools.zip_sequences_cyclically([1, 2, 3], ['a', 'b'])
     [(1, 'a'), (2, 'b'), (3, 'a')]
    New in version 1.1: Arbitrary number of input sequences now allowed.
```

```
abjad> seqtools.zip_sequences_cyclically([10, 11, 12], [20, 21], [30, 31, 32, 33]) [(10, 20, 30), (11, 21, 31), (12, 20, 32), (10, 21, 33)]
```

Cycle over the elements of the sequences of shorter length.

Return list of length equal to sequence of greatest length in *sequences*. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.zip_cyclic() to seqtools.zip_sequences_cyclically().

seqtools.zip_sequences_without_truncation

```
abjad.tools.seqtools.zip_sequences_without_truncation(*sequences)
New in version 1.1. Zip sequences nontruncating:
abjad> from abjad.tools import seqtools

abjad> seqtools.zip_sequences_without_truncation([1, 2, 3, 4], [11, 12, 13], [21, 22, 23])
[(1, 11, 21), (2, 12, 22), (3, 13, 23), (4,)]
```

Lengths of the tuples returned may differ but will always be greater than or equal to 1.

Return list of tuples. Changed in version 2.0: renamed seqtools.zip_nontruncating() to seqtools.zip_sequences_without_truncation().

sievetools

sievetools.ResidueClass

```
class abjad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClass(*args)
    Bases: abjad.tools.sievetools._BaseResidueClass._BaseResidueClass._BaseResidueClass,
    abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
```

Residue class (or congruence class). Residue classes form the basis of Xenakis sieves. They can be used to construct any complex periodic integer (or boolean) sequence as a combination of simple periodic sequences.

Example from the opening of Xenakis's *Psappha* for solo percussion:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.sievetools import ResidueClass as RC
abjad > s1 = (RC(8, 0) | RC(8, 1) | RC(8, 7)) & (RC(5, 1) | RC(5, 3))
abjad> s2 = (RC(8, 0) | RC(8, 1) | RC(8, 2)) & RC(5, 0)
abjad > s3 = RC(8, 3)
abjad > s4 = RC(8, 4)
abjad> s5 = (RC(8, 5) | RC(8, 6)) & (RC(5, 2) | RC(5, 3) | RC(5, 4))
abjad > s6 = (RC(8, 1) \& RC(5, 2))
abjad > s7 = (RC(8, 6) \& RC(5, 1))
abjad > y = s1 | s2 | s3 | s4 | s5 | s6 | s7
abjad> y
{{ResidueClass(8, 0) | ResidueClass(8, 1) | ResidueClass(8, 7)} & {ResidueClass(5, 1) | ResidueClass(5, 1) | ResidueClass(8, 7)}
abjad> y.get_congruent_bases(40)
    [0, 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 25, 27,
    28, 29, 31, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 401
abjad> y.get_boolean_train(40)
    [1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0,
    1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
```

Return residue class.

get boolean train(*min max)

Returns a boolean train with 0s mapped to the integers that are not congruent bases of the residue class and 1s mapped to those that are. The method takes one or two integer arguments. If only one is given, it is taken as the max range and the min is assumed to be 0.

Example:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.sievetools import ResidueClass as RC
abjad> r = RC(3, 0)
abjad> r.get_boolean_train(6)
[1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0]
abjad> r.get_congruent_bases(-6, 6)
[-6, -3, 0, 3, 6]
```

Return list.

get_congruent_bases(*min_max)

Returns all the congruent bases of this residue class within the given range. The method takes one or two integer arguments. If only one it given, it is taken as the max range and the min is assumed to be 0.

Example:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.sievetools import ResidueClass as RC
abjad> r = RC(3, 0)
abjad> r.get_congruent_bases(6)
[0, 3, 6]
abjad> r.get_congruent_bases(-6, 6)
[-6, -3, 0, 3, 6]
```

Return list.

modulo

Period of residue class.

residue

Residue of residue class.

sievetools.ResidueClassExpression

```
class abjad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClassExpression(rcs, operator='or')
    Bases: abjad.tools.sievetools._BaseResidueClass._BaseResidueClass._BaseResidueClass,
    abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
```

get_boolean_train(*min_max)

Returns a boolean train with 0s mapped to the integers that are not congruent bases of the RC expression and 1s mapped to those that are. The method takes one or two integer arguments. If only one is given, it is taken as the max range and min is assumed to be 0.

Example:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.sievetools import ResidueClass as RC
abjad> e = RC(3, 0) | RC(2, 0)
abjad> e.get_boolean_train(6)
[1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0]
abjad> e.get_congruent_bases(-6, 6)
[-6, -4, -3, -2, 0, 2, 3, 4, 6]
```

Return list.

```
get_congruent_bases (*min_max)
```

Returns all the congruent bases of this RC expression within the given range. The method takes one or two integer arguments. If only one it given, it is taken as the max range and min is assumed to be 0.

Example:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.sievetools import ResidueClass as RC
abjad> e = RC(3, 0) | RC(2, 0)
abjad> e.get_congruent_bases(6)
[0, 2, 3, 4, 6]
abjad> e.get_congruent_bases(-6, 6)
[-6, -4, -3, -2, 0, 2, 3, 4, 6]
```

Return list.

```
is_congruent_base (integer)
```

operator

Operator of residue class expression.

period

rcs

Residue classes of expression.

```
{\tt representative\_boolean\_train}
```

representative_congruent_bases

sievetools.cycle_tokens_to_sieve

```
abjad.tools.sievetools.cycle_tokens_to_sieve(*cycle_tokens)
```

New in version 2.0. Make Xenakis sieve from arbitrarily many *cycle_tokens*.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import sievetools

abjad> cycle_token_1 = (6, [0, 4, 5])

abjad> cycle_token_2 = (10, [0, 1, 2], 6)

abjad> sievetools.cycle_tokens_to_sieve(cycle_token_1, cycle_token_2)

{ResidueClass(6, 0) | ResidueClass(6, 4) | ResidueClass(6, 5) | ResidueClass(10, 6) | ResidueClass(10, 6) | ResidueClass(10, 6) |
```

Cycle token comprises mandatory modulo, mandatory residues and optional offset.

tempotools

tempotools.integer_tempo_to_multiplier_tempo_pairs

```
abjad.tools.tempotools.integer_tempo_to_multiplier_tempo_pairs (integer_tempo, maxi-
mum_numerator=None, maxi-
mum_denominator=None)
```

New in version 2.0. Return all multiplier, tempo pairs possible from *integer_tempo*.

Tempi must be no less than integer_tempo / 2 and not greater than 2 * integer_tempo:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import tempotools
    abjad> pairs = tempotools.integer_tempo_to_multiplier_tempo_pairs(58, 8, 8)
    abjad> for pair in pairs:
            pair
     . . .
     . . .
     (Fraction(1, 2), Fraction(29, 1))
     (Fraction(1, 1), Fraction(58, 1))
     (Fraction(3, 2), Fraction(87, 1))
     (Fraction(2, 1), Fraction(116, 1))
    Return list.
tempotools.integer_tempo_to_multiplier_tempo_pairs_report
abjad.tools.tempotools.integer_tempo_to_multiplier_tempo_pairs_report(integer_tempo,
                                                                                  maxi-
                                                                                  mum_numerator=None,
                                                                                  maxi-
                                                                                  mum_denominator=None)
    New in version 2.0. Print all multiplier, tempo pairs possible from integer_tempo.
    Allow no tempi less than integer_tempo / 2 nor greater than 2 * integer_tempo:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import tempotools
    abjad> tempotools.integer_tempo_to_multiplier_tempo_pairs_report (58, 8, 8)
    2:1
    1:1
             58
    2:3
             87
    1:2
             116
    With more lenient numerator and denominator.
    abjad> tempotools.integer_tempo_to_multiplier_tempo_pairs_report (58, 30, 30)
    2:1
             29
    29:15
             30
             32
    29:16
    29:17
             34
    29:18
             36
    29:19
            38
    29:20
            40
    29:21
             42
    29:22
            44
    29:23
            46
    29:24
             48
    29:25
             50
    29:26
             52
    29:27
             54
    29:28
             56
             58
    1:1
    29:30
           60
    2:3
            87
    1:2
             116
```

threadtools

Return none.

threadtools.component_to_thread_signature

```
abjad.tools.threadtools.component_to_thread_signature (component)

Return _ContainmentSignature giving the root and first voice, staff and score in parentage of component.
```

threadtools.iterate_thread_backward_from_component

```
abjad.tools.threadtools.iterate_thread_backward_from_component (component, klass=None)
```

New in version 2.0. Yield right-to-left components in the thread of *component* starting from *component*.

When klass = None return all components in the thread of *component*.

When klass is set to some other Abjad class, yield only klass instances in the thread of component:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import threadtools
abjad> container = Container(Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> container.is_parallel = True
abjad> container[0].name = 'voice 1'
abjad> container[1].name = 'voice 2'
abjad> staff = Staff(container * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
abjad> print staff.format
\new Staff {
    <<
        \context Voice = "voice 1" {
            c'8
            d'8
        \context Voice = "voice 2" {
            e'8
            f'8
        }
    >>
        \context Voice = "voice 1" {
            g′8
            a'8
        \context Voice = "voice 2" {
            b'8
            c''8
    >>
}
```

Starting from the last leaf in score.

```
abjad> for x in threadtools.iterate_thread_backward_from_component(staff.leaves[-1], Note):
... x
Note("c''8")
Note("b'8")
Note("f'8")
Note("e'8")
```

Yield all components in thread:

```
Note("c''8")
    Voice-"voice 2"{2}
    Note("b'8")
    Voice-"voice 2"{2}
    Note("f'8")
    Note("e'8")
    Note that this function is a special type of depth-first search.
    Compare
                       with
                                      threadtools.iterate_thread_backward_in_expr().
    Changed
                    version
                              2.0:
                                        renamed
                                                  iterate.thread backward from()
               in
                                                                                         to
    threadtools.iterate_thread_backward_from_component().Changed
                                                                                         in
                                      iterate.thread backward from component()
                                                                                         to
    threadtools.iterate_thread_backward_from_component().
threadtools.iterate thread backward in expr
abjad.tools.threadtools.iterate_thread_backward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                  klass,
                                                                 thread signature)
    New in version 2.0. Yield right-to-left instances of klass in expr with thread_signature:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import threadtools
    abjad> container = Container(Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
    abjad> container.is_parallel = True
    abjad> container[0].name = 'voice 1'
    abjad> container[1].name = 'vocie 2'
    abjad> staff = Staff(container * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(sta
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
         <<
             \context Voice = "voice 1" {
                 c'8
                 d'8
             \context Voice = "vocie 2" {
                 e'8
                 f'8
         >>
             \context Voice = "voice 1" {
                 q'8
                 a'8
             \context Voice = "vocie 2" {
                 b'8
                 c''8
             }
         >>
     }
    abjad> signature = threadtools.component_to_thread_signature(staff[0])
    abjad> for x in threadtools.iterate_thread_backward_in_expr(staff, Note, signature): # doctest:
```

abjad> for x in threadtools.iterate_thread_backward_from_component(staff.leaves[-1]):

```
... x
Note("c''8")
Note("b'8")
Note("f'8")
Note("e'8")
```

The important thing to note is that the function yields only those leaves that sit in the same thread.

threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_from_component

```
abjad.tools.threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_from_component(component, klass=None)
```

New in version 1.1. Yield left-to-right components in the thread of *component* starting from *component*.

When klass = None return all components in the thread of *component*.

When *klass* is set to some other Abjad class, yield only *klass* instances in the thread of *component*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import threadtools
abjad> container = Container(Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
abjad> container.is_parallel = True
abjad> container[0].name = 'voice 1'
abjad> container[1].name = 'voice 2'
abjad> staff = Staff(container * 2)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
abjad> print staff.format
\new Staff {
    <<
        \context Voice = "voice 1" {
            c'8
            d'8
        \context Voice = "voice 2" {
            e′8
            f'8
    >>
        \context Voice = "voice 1" {
            g′8
            a'8
        \context Voice = "voice 2" {
            b'8
            c''8
    >>
}
```

Starting from the first leaf in score.

```
Note("c'8")
    Note("d'8")
    Note("g'8")
    Note("a'8")
    Starting from the second leaf in score.
    abjad> for x in threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_from_component(staff.leaves[1], Note):
     . . .
    Note("d'8")
    Note("g'8")
    Note("a'8")
    Yield all components in thread.
    abjad> for x in threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_from_component(staff.leaves[0]):
    Note("c'8")
    Voice-"voice 1"{2}
    Note ("d'8")
    Voice-"voice 1"{2}
    Note("g'8")
    Note("a'8")
    Note that this function is a special type of depth-first search.
    Compare
                        with
                                        threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr().
    Changed
                     version
                               2.0:
                                         renamed
                                                    iterate.thread_forward_from()
               in
    threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_from_component().Changed
                                                                                           in
                                       iterate.thread_forward_from_component()
                            renamed
                                                                                           to
    threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_from_component().
threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr
abjad.tools.threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr(expr,
                                                                                   klass,
                                                                 thread_signature)
    New in version 1.1. Yield left-to-right instances of klass in expr with thread_signature:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import threadtools
    abjad> container = Container(Voice(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2)) * 2)
    abjad> container.is_parallel = True
    abjad> container[0].name = 'voice 1'
    abjad> container[1].name = 'voice 2'
    abjad> staff = Staff(container * 2)
    abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(state)
    abjad> print staff.format
     \new Staff {
         <<
             \context Voice = "voice 1" {
                 c'8
                 d'8
```

\context Voice = "voice 2" {

e'8 f'8

```
}
    <<
        \context Voice = "voice 1" {
            g'8
            a'8
        \context Voice = "voice 2" {
            b'8
            c''8
    >>
}
abjad> signature = threadtools.component_to_thread_signature(staff.leaves[0])
abjad> for x in threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr(staff, Note, signature):
. . .
. . .
Note("c'8")
Note("d'8")
Note("g'8")
Note("a'8")
```

The important thing to note is that the function yields only those leaves that sit in the same thread.

```
Compare
                        componenttools.iterate_components_forward_in_expr().
Changed
           in
                 version
                            2.0:
                                        renamed
                                                   iterate.thread_forward_in()
to
             threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr().Changed
                                                                               in
version
           2.0:
                         renamed
                                      iterate.thread_forward_in_expr()
                                                                               to
threadtools.iterate_thread_forward_in_expr().
```

tonalitytools

tonalitytools.ChordClass

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSet.

Note that notions like G 7 represent an entire *class of* chords because there are many different spacings and registrations of a G 7 chord.

bass
cardinality
extent
figured_bass
inversion
markup
quality_indicator
quality_pair
root
root_string

```
transpose (mdi)
```

tonalitytools.ChordQualityIndicator

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordQualityIndicator
    Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInt
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment.New in version 2.0. Chord quality indicator.

cardinality

extent

extent_name

inversion

position

quality_string

rotation

tonalitytools.DoublingIndicator

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.DoublingIndicator(doublings)
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Indicator of chord doubling.

Value object that can not be changed after instantiation.

doublings

tonalitytools.ExtentIndicator

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ExtentIndicator(arg)
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Indicator of chord extent, such as triad, seventh chord, ninth chord, etc.

Value object that can not be changed after instantiation.

name

number

tonalitytools.InversionIndicator

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.InversionIndicator(arg=0)
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Indicator of the inversion of tertian chords: 5, 63, 64 and also 7, 65, 43, 42, etc. Also root position, first, second, third inversions, etc.

Value object that can not be changed once initialized.

```
extent_to_figured_bass_string(extent)
```

name

number

title

tonalitytools.Mode

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Mode(arg)
    Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Diatonic mode.
    Can be extended for nondiatonic mode.
    Modes with different ascending and descending forms not yet implemented.
    melodic_diatonic_interval_segment
    mode_name_string
```

tonalitytools.OmissionIndicator

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.OmissionIndicator
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Indicator of missing chord tones.

Value object that can not be chnaged after instantiation.

tonalitytools.QualityIndicator

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.QualityIndicator(quality_string)
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Indicator of chord quality, such as major, minor, dominant, diminished, etc.

Value object that can not be changed after instantiation.

```
is_uppercase
quality_string
```

tonalitytools.Scale

tonic

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale
```

Bases: abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment.

diatonic_interval_class_segment
dominant
key_signature
leading_tone
mediant
named_chromatic_pitch_class_to_scale_degree(*args)
scale_degree_to_named_chromatic_pitch_class(*args)
subdominant
submediant
superdominant

tonalitytools.ScaleDegree

```
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ScaleDegree (*args)
     Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Abjad model of
     diatonic scale degrees 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and also chromatic alterations including flat-2, flat-3, flat-6, etc.
          Read-only accidental applied to scale degree.
     apply_accidental (accidental)
          Apply accidental to self and emit new instance.
     name
          Read-only name of scale degree.
     number
          Read-only number of diatonic scale degree from 1 to 7, inclusive.
     roman_numeral_string
     symbolic_string
     title_string
tonalitytools.SuspensionIndicator
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.SuspensionIndicator(*args)
     Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Indicator of 9-8,
     7-6, 4-3, 2-1 and other types of suspension typical of, for example, the Bach chorales.
     Value object that can not be changed after instantiation.
     chord_name_string
     figured_bass_pair
     figured_bass_string
     is_empty
     start
     stop
     title_string
tonalitytools.TonalFunction
class abjad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction(*args)
     Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable New in version 2.0. Abjad model of
     functions in tonal harmony: I, I6, I64, V, V7, V43, V42, bII, bII6, etc., also i, i6, i64, v, v7, etc.
     Value object that can not be cannged after instantiation.
     bass_scale_degree
     extent
     figured_bass_string
     inversion
```

markup

713

```
quality
root_scale_degree
scale_degree
suspension
symbolic_string
```

tonalitytools.analyze_chord

```
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.analyze_chord(expr)
   New in version 2.0. Analyze expr and return chord class.
abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
abjad> chord = Chord([7, 10, 12, 16], (1, 4))
abjad> tonalitytools.analyze_chord(chord)
   CDominantSeventhInSecondInversion

Return none when no tonal chord is understood.
abjad> chord = Chord(['c', 'cs', 'd'], (1, 4))
abjad> tonalitytools.analyze_chord(chord) is None
True
```

Raise tonal harmony error when chord can not analyze.

abjad.tools.tonalitytools.analyze_incomplete_chord(expr)

tonalitytools.analyze_incomplete_chord

```
New in version 2.0. Analyze expr and return chord class based on incomplete pitches.

abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools

abjad> tonalitytools.analyze_incomplete_chord(Chord([7, 11], (1, 4)))

GMajorTriadInRootPosition

abjad> tonalitytools.analyze_incomplete_chord(Chord(['fs', 'g', 'b'], (1, 4)))

GMajorSeventhInSecondInversion
```

Return chord class.

Return tonal function.

57.1. Abjad API

tonalitytools.analyze_incomplete_tonal_function

```
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.analyze_incomplete_tonal_function(expr, key_signature)

New in version 2.0. Analyze tonal function of expr according to key_signature:

abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools

abjad> chord = Chord("<c' e'>4")

abjad> key_signature = contexttools.KeySignatureMark('g', 'major')

abjad> tonalitytools.analyze_incomplete_tonal_function(chord, key_signature)

IVMajorTriadInRootPosition
```

tonalitytools.analyze tonal function

```
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.analyze_tonal_function(expr, key_signature)
    New in version 2.0. Analyze expr and return tonal function according to key_signature.
    abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
    abjad> chord = Chord(['ef', 'g', 'bf'], (1, 4))
    abjad> key_signature = contexttools.KeySignatureMark('c', 'major')
    abjad> tonalitytools.analyze_tonal_function(chord, key_signature)
    FlatIIIMajorTriadInRootPosition
    Return none when no tonal function is understood.
    abjad> chord = Chord(['c', 'cs', 'd'], (1, 4))
    abjad> key_signature = contexttools.KeySignatureMark('c', 'major')
    abjad> tonalitytools.analyze_tonal_function(chord, key_signature) is None
    True
    Return tonal function or none.
tonalitytools.are scalar notes
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.are_scalar_notes(*expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when notes in expr are scalar.
    abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
    abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> tonalitytools.are_scalar_notes(t[:])
    True
    Otherwise false.
    abjad> tonalitytools.are_scalar_notes(Note("c'4"), Note("c'4"))
    False
                                2.0:
    Changed
                in
                      version
                                            renamed
                                                       tonalitytools.are_scalar()
                                                                                          to
    tonalitytools.are_scalar_notes().
tonalitytools.are stepwise ascending notes
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.are_stepwise_ascending_notes(*expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when notes in expr are stepwise ascneding.
    abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
    abjad > t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> tonalitytools.are_stepwise_ascending_notes(t[:])
    True
    Otherwise false.
    abjad> tonalitytools.are_stepwise_ascending_notes(Note("c'4"), Note("c'4"))
    False
    Changed in version 2.0:
                                  renamed tonalitytools.are_stepwise_ascending()
    tonalitytools.are_stepwise_ascending_notes().
```

tonalitytools.are stepwise descending notes

tonalitytools.chord class extent to cardinality

..versionadded:: 2.0

```
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.are_stepwise_descending_notes(*expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when notes in expr are stepwise descending:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
    abjad > notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
    abjad> t = Staff(list(reversed(notes)))
    abjad> tonalitytools.are_stepwise_descending_notes(t[:])
    True
    Otherwise false:
    abjad> tonalitytools.are_stepwise_descending_notes(Note("c'4"), Note("c'4"))
    Changed in version 2.0:
                                 renamed tonalitytools.are stepwise descending()
    tonalitytools.are_stepwise_descending_notes().
tonalitytools.are stepwise notes
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.are_stepwise_notes(*expr)
    New in version 2.0. True when notes in expr are stepwise.
    abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
    abjad > t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
    abjad> tonalitytools.are_stepwise_notes(t[:])
    True
    Otherwise false.
    abjad> tonalitytools.are_stepwise_notes(Note("c'4"), Note("c'4"))
    False
    Changed
                in
                     version
                                2.0:
                                           renamed
                                                     tonalitytools.are_stepwise()
                                                                                           to
    tonalitytools.are_stepwise_notes().
tonalitytools.chord class cardinality to extent
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.chord_class_cardinality_to_extent(cardinality)
    ..versionadded:: 2.0
    Change integer chord class cardinality to integer chord class extent:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
    abjad> tonalitytools.chord_class_cardinality_to_extent(4)
    The function above indicates that a tertian chord with 4 unique pitches qualifies as a seventh chord.
```

57.1. Abjad API 715

abjad.tools.tonalitytools.chord_class_extent_to_cardinality(extent)

Change integer chord class *extent* to integer chord class cardinality:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
abjad> tonalitytools.chord_class_extent_to_cardinality(7)
4
```

The call above shows that a seventh chord comprises 4 unique pitch-classes.

tonalitytools.chord_class_extent_to_extent_name

```
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.chord_class_extent_to_extent_name (extent)

New in version 2.0. Change integer chord class extent to extent name string.

abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools

abjad> tonalitytools.chord_class_extent_to_extent_name(7)

'seventh'
```

The call above shows that a tertian chord subtending 7 staff spaces qualifies as a seventh chord.

tonalitytools.diatonic interval class segment to chord quality string

```
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.diatonic_interval_class_segment_to_chord_quality_string(dic_seg)
   New in version 2.0. Change diatonic interval-class segment dic_seg to chord quality string:
   abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools

abjad> dic_seg = pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassSegment([
   ... pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('major', 3),
   ... pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass('minor', 3),])
   abjad> tonalitytools.diatonic_interval_class_segment_to_chord_quality_string(dic_seg)
   'major'
```

Todo

Implement diatonic_interval_class_set_to_chord_quality_string().

tonalitytools.is_neighbor_note

```
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.is_neighbor_note(note)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *note* is preceded by a stepwise interval in one direction and followed by a stepwise interval in the other direction. Otherwise false.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> for note in t:
...    print '%s\t%s' % (note, tonalitytools.is_neighbor_note(note))
...
c'8    False
d'8    False
e'8    False
f'8    False
```

Return boolean.

tonalitytools.is passing tone

```
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.is_passing_tone (note)
```

New in version 2.0. True when *note* is both preceded and followed by scalewise sibling notes. Otherwise false.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
abjad> t = Staff("c'8 d'8 e'8 f'8")
abjad> for note in t:
...    print '%s\t%s' % (note, tonalitytools.is_passing_tone(note))
...
c'8    False
d'8    True
e'8    True
f'8    False
```

Return boolean.

tonalitytools.is_unlikely_melodic_diatonic_interval_in_chorale

abjad.tools.tonalitytools.is_unlikely_melodic_diatonic_interval_in_chorale (*mdi*) New in version 2.0. True when *mdi* is unlikely melodic diatonic interval in JSB chorale.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
abjad> mdi = pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval('major', 7)
abjad> tonalitytools.is_unlikely_melodic_diatonic_interval_in_chorale(mdi)
True
```

Otherwise False.

```
abjad> mdi = pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval('major', 2)
abjad> tonalitytools.is_unlikely_melodic_diatonic_interval_in_chorale(mdi)
False
```

Return boolean.

cs''8

tonalitytools.make_all_notes_in_ascending_and_descending_diatonic_scale

abjad.tools.tonalitytools.make_all_notes_in_ascending_and_descending_diatonic_scale (key_signature:

New in version 2.0. Construct one up-down period of scale according to key_signature:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools

abjad> score = tonalitytools.make_all_notes_in_ascending_and_descending_diatonic_scale(contextto abjad> f(score)
\new Score \with {
    tempoWholesPerMinute = #(ly:make-moment 30 1)
} <<
    \new Staff {
    \key e \major
    e'8
    fs'8
    gs'8
    a'8
    b'8</pre>
```

```
ds''8
             e''8
             ds''8
             cs''8
             b'8
             a'8
             gs'8
             fs'8
             e′4
    >>
    Changed
                in
                      version
                                 2.0:
                                             renamed
                                                        construct.scale_period()
    tonalitytools.make_all_notes_in_ascending_and_descending_diatonic_scale().Changed
    in version 2.0: renamed leaftools.make_all_notes_in_ascending_and_descending_diatonic_scale()
    to tonality tools.make_all_notes_in_ascending_and_descending_diatonic_scale().
tonalitytools.make_first_n_notes_in_ascending_diatonic_scale
abjad.tools.tonalitytools.make_first_n_notes_in_ascending_diatonic_scale (count,
                                                                                    ten_duration=Duration(1
                                                                                    8),
                                                                                    key_signature=None)
    Construct count notes with written_duration according to key_signature:
    abjad> from abjad.tools import tonalitytools
    abjad> tonalitytools.make_first_n_notes_in_ascending_diatonic_scale(4)
    [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
    Allow nonassignable written_duration:
    abjad> staff = Staff(tonalitytools.make_first_n_notes_in_ascending_diatonic_scale(2, (5, 16)))
    abjad> f(staff)
    \new Staff {
        c'4 ~
        c′16
        d'4 ~
         d'16
     }
    New in version 2.0:
                          Optional key_signature keyword parameter. Changed in version 2.0:
                                                                                        re-
                leaftools.make_first_n_notes_in_ascending_diatonic_scale()
                                                                                         to
    tonalitytools.make_first_n_notes_in_ascending_diatonic_scale().
verticalitytools
verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
class abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment (prolated_offset, governors, compo-
    Bases: abjad.core. Immutable. Immutable. Immutable
    Everything happening at a single moment in musical time:
```

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
abjad> score = Score([scoretools.PianoStaff([Staff("c'4 e'4 d'4 f'4"), Staff('g2 f2')])])
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[0][1])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{2})
f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new PianoStaff <<</pre>
        \new Staff {
            c'4
            e′4
            d'4
            f'4
        \new Staff {
            \clef "bass"
            g2
            f2
    >>
>>
abjad> for vertical_moment in verticalitytools.iterate_vertical_moments_forward_in_expr(score):
        vertical_moment
VerticalMoment(0, <<2>>)
VerticalMoment(1/4, <<2>>)
VerticalMoment(1/2, <<2>>)
VerticalMoment(3/4, <<2>>)
```

Create vertical moments with the getters and iterators implemented in the verticalitytools module.

Vertical moments are immutable.

attack count

Positive integer number of pitch carriers starting at vertical moment.

components

Read-only tuple of zero or more components happening at vertical moment.

```
It is always the case that self.components = self.overlap_components + self.start_components.
```

governors

Read-only tuple of one or more containers in which vertical moment is evaluated.

leaves

Read-only tuple of zero or more leaves at vertical moment.

measures

Read-only tuplet of zero or more measures at vertical moment.

next_vertical_moment

Read-only reference to next vertical moment forward in time.

notes

Read-only tuple of zero or more notes at vertical moment.

overlap_components

Read-only tuple of components in vertical moment starting before vertical moment, ordered by score index.

overlap leaves

Read-only tuple of leaves in vertical moment starting before vertical moment, ordered by score index.

overlap_measures

Read-only tuple of measures in vertical moment starting before vertical moment, ordered by score index.

overlap_notes

Read-only tuple of notes in vertical moment starting before vertical moment, ordered by score index.

prev vertical moment

Read-only reference to prev vertical moment backward in time.

prolated_offset

Read-only rational-valued score offset at which vertical moment is evaluated.

start_components

Read-only tuple of components in vertical moment starting with at vertical moment, ordered by score index.

start_leaves

Read-only tuple of leaves in vertical moment starting with vertical moment, ordered by score index.

start notes

Read-only tuple of notes in vertical moment starting with vertical moment, ordered by score index.

verticalitytools.get_vertical_moment_at_prolated_offset_in_expr

```
abjad.tools.verticalitytools.get_vertical_moment_at_prolated_offset_in_expr(governor, pro-lated_offset)
```

New in version 2.0. Get vertical moment at *prolated_offset* in *governor*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad> score.append(Staff([tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(4, 8), notetools.make_repeat
abjad> piano_staff = scoretools.PianoStaff([ ])
abjad> piano_staff.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2, Duration(1, 4))))
abjad> piano_staff.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4)))
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(piano_staff[1])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{4})
abjad> score.append(piano_staff)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(lis
abiad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        \fraction \times 4/3 {
            d''8
            c''8
            b'8
        }
    \new PianoStaff <<</pre>
        \new Staff {
            a'4
            a'4
```

\new Staff {

\clef "bass"

```
f'8
    e'8
    d'8
    c'8
    }
    >>
    abjad> vertical_moment = verticalitytools.get_vertical_moment_at_prolated_offset_in_expr(piano_sabjad> vertical_moment.leaves
(Note("a'4"), Note("e'8"))
```

Todo

optimize without full-component traversal.

Changed in version 2.0: renamed iterate.get_vertical_moment_at_prolated_offset_in() to verticalitytools.get_vertical_moment_at_prolated_offset_in_expr().

verticalitytools.get_vertical_moment_starting_with_component

```
abjad.tools.verticalitytools.get_vertical_moment_starting_with_component(expr, gov-er-nor=None)
```

New in version 2.0. When *governor* is none, get vertical moment at expr._offset.start in score root of *expr*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad> score.append(Staff([tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(4, 8), notetools.make_repeat
abjad> piano_staff = scoretools.PianoStaff([ ])
abjad> piano_staff.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2, Duration(1, 4))))
abjad> piano_staff.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4)))
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(piano_staff[1])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{4})
abjad> score.append(piano_staff)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(lis
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        fraction \times 4/3 {
            d''8
            c''8
            b'8
    \new PianoStaff <<</pre>
        \new Staff {
            a′4
            g'4
        \new Staff {
            \clef "bass"
            f′8
            e'8
```

When *governor* is not none, get vertical moment at expr._offset.start in *governor*.

abjad> verticalitytools.get_vertical_moment_starting_with_component(piano_staff[1][1], piano_staveticalMoment(1/8, <<2>>)

Todo

optimize without full-component traversal.

```
Changed in version 2.0: renamed iterate.get_vertical_moment_starting_with() to verticalitytools.get_vertical_moment_starting_with_component().Changed in version 2.0: renamed iterate.get_vertical_moment_starting_with_component() to verticalitytools.get_vertical_moment_starting_with_component().
```

verticalitytools.iterate vertical moments backward in expr

abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools

```
abjad.tools.verticalitytools.iterate_vertical_moments_backward_in_expr(governor)

New in version 2.0. Yield vertical moments forward in governor:
```

```
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad> score.append(Staff([tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(4, 8), notetools.make_repeat
abjad> piano_staff = scoretools.PianoStaff([ ])
abjad> piano_staff.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2, Duration(1, 4))))
abjad> piano_staff.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4)))
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(piano_staff[1])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{4})
abjad> score.append(piano_staff)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(lis
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        fraction \times 4/3 {
            d''8
            c''8
            b'8
        }
    \new PianoStaff <<</pre>
        \new Staff {
            a'4
            g'4
        \new Staff {
            \clef "bass"
            f'8
```

e'8

```
d′8
                 c′8
            }
        >>
    abjad> for vertical_moment in verticalitytools.iterate_vertical_moments_backward_in_expr(score):
            vertical_moment.leaves
    (Note("b'8"), Note("g'4"), Note("c'8"))
    (Note("b'8"), Note("g'4"), Note("d'8"))
    (Note("c''8"), Note("g'4"), Note("d'8"))
    (Note("c''8"), Note("a'4"), Note("e'8"))
    (Note("d''8"), Note("a'4"), Note("e'8"))
    (Note("d''8"), Note("a'4"), Note("f'8"))
    abjad> for vertical_moment in verticalitytools.iterate_vertical_moments_backward_in_expr(piano_s
            vertical_moment.leaves
    . . .
    (Note("g'4"), Note("c'8"))
    (Note("g'4"), Note("d'8"))
    (Note("a'4"), Note("e'8"))
    (Note("a'4"), Note("f'8"))
    Todo
    optimize without multiple full-component traversal.
    Changed in version 2.0:
                                renamed iterate.vertical_moments_backward_in()
                                                                                       to
    verticalitytools.iterate_vertical_moments_backward_in_expr().Changed
        version
                2.0:
                                  iterate.vertical moments backward in expr()
                         renamed
                                                                                       to
    verticalitytools.iterate_vertical_moments_backward_in_expr().
verticalitytools.iterate vertical moments forward in expr
```

}

}

abjad.tools.verticalitytools.iterate_vertical_moments_forward_in_expr(governor) New in version 2.0. Yield vertical moments forward in *governor*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
abjad> score = Score([ ])
abjad> score.append(Staff([tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet(Duration(4, 8), notetools.make_repeat
abjad> piano_staff = scoretools.PianoStaff([ ])
abjad> piano_staff.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(2, Duration(1, 4))))
abjad> piano_staff.append(Staff(notetools.make_repeated_notes(4)))
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(piano_staff[1])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{4})
abjad> score.append(piano_staff)
abjad> pitchtools.set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_in_expr(lis
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
       \frac{4}{3}
            d''8
            c''8
           b'8
```

```
\new PianoStaff <<
        \new Staff {
            a'4
            g'4
        \new Staff {
            \clef "bass"
            f'8
            e′8
            d'8
            c'8
    >>
>>
abjad> for vertical_moment in verticalitytools.iterate_vertical_moments_forward_in_expr(score):
        vertical_moment.leaves
. . .
(Note("d''8"), Note("a'4"), Note("f'8"))
(Note("d''8"), Note("a'4"), Note("e'8"))
(Note("c''8"), Note("a'4"), Note("e'8"))
(Note("c''8"), Note("g'4"), Note("d'8"))
(Note("b'8"), Note("g'4"), Note("d'8"))
(Note("b'8"), Note("g'4"), Note("c'8"))
abjad> for vertical_moment in verticalitytools.iterate_vertical_moments_forward_in_expr(piano_st
        vertical_moment.leaves
(Note("a'4"), Note("f'8"))
(Note("a'4"), Note("e'8"))
(Note("g'4"), Note("d'8"))
(Note("g'4"), Note("c'8"))
```

Todo

optimize without multiple full-component traversal.

verticalitytools.label vertical moments in expr with chromatic interval classes

abjad.tools.verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_chromatic_interval_classe

New in version 2.0. Label harmonic chromatic interval-classes of every vertical moment in expr:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools

abjad> score = Score(Staff([]) * 3)
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
abjad> score[0].extend(notes)
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('alto')(score[1])
ClefMark('alto')(Staff{})
abjad> score[1].extend([Note(-5, (1, 4)), Note(-7, (1, 4))])
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[2])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{})
```

```
abjad> score[2].append(Note(-24, (1, 2)))
abjad> verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_chromatic_interval_classes(score)
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 2 7 } } }
        e′8
        f'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 5 5 } } }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "alto"
        a4
        f4 _ \markup { \small { \column { 4 5 } } }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "bass"
        c,2 _ \markup { \small { \column { 12 7 } } }
    }
>>
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed label.vertical_moment_chromatic_interval_classes() to verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_chromatic_interval_classes().

verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_chromatic_intervals

abjad.tools.verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_chromatic_intervals(expr, markup)

New in version 2.0. Label harmonic chromatic intervals of every vertical moment in *expr*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
abjad> score = Score(Staff([ ]) * 3)
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
abjad> score[0].extend(notes)
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('alto')(score[1])
ClefMark('alto')(Staff{})
abjad> score[1].extend([Note(-5, (1, 4)), Note(-7, (1, 4))])
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[2])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{})
abjad> score[2].append(Note(-24, (1, 2)))
abjad> verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_chromatic_intervals(score)
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
       c'8
        d'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 26 19 } } }
        f'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 29 17 } } }
    }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "alto"
        f4 _ \markup { \small { \column { 28 17 } } }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "bass"
```

```
c,2 _ \markup { \small { \column { 24 19 } } }
}
>>
Changed in version 2.0: renamed label.vertical_moment_chromatic_intervals() to verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_chromatic_intervals().
```

verticalitytools.label vertical moments in expr with counterpoint intervals

abjad.tools.verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_counterpoint_intervals(exp

New in version 2.0. Label counterpoint interval of every vertical moment in *expr*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
abjad> score = Score(Staff([ ]) * 3)
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
abjad> score[0].extend(notes)
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('alto')(score[1])
ClefMark('alto')(Staff{})
abjad> score[1].extend([Note(-5, (1, 4)), Note(-7, (1, 4))])
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[2])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{})
abjad> score[2].append(Note(-24, (1, 2)))
abjad> verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_counterpoint_intervals(score)
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
       c'8
        d'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 2 5 } } }
        f'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 4 4 } } }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "alto"
        a4
        f4 _ \markup { \small { \column { 3 4 } } }
    \new Staff {
       \clef "bass"
        c,2 _ \markup { \small { \column { 8 5 } } }
>>
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed label.vertical_moment_counterpoint_intervals() to verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_counterpoint_intervals().

verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_diatonic_intervals

```
abjad.tools.verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_diatonic_intervals(expr, markup_e
```

New in version 2.0. Label diatonic intervals of every vertical moment in *expr*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
```

```
abjad> score = Score(Staff([ ]) * 3)
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
abjad> score[0].extend(notes)
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('alto')(score[1])
ClefMark('alto')(Staff{})
abjad> score[1].extend([Note(-5, (1, 4)), Note(-7, (1, 4))])
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[2])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{})
abjad> score[2].append(Note(-24, (1, 2)))
abjad> verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_diatonic_intervals(score)
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 16 12 } } }
        e'8
        f'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 18 11 } } }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "alto"
        a 4
        f4 _ \markup { \small { \column { 17 11 } } }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "bass"
        c,2 _ \markup { \small { \column { 15 12 } } }
    }
```

verticalitytools.label vertical moments in expr with interval class vectors

Changed in version 2.0:

abjad.tools.verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_interval_class_vectors(exp

verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_diatonic_intervals().

renamed label.vertical_moment_diatonic_intervals() to

New in version 2.0. Label interval-class vector of every vertical moment in *expr*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
abjad> score = Score(Staff([]) * 3)
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
abjad> score[0].extend(notes)
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('alto')(score[1])
ClefMark('alto')(Staff{})
abjad> score[1].extend([Note(-5, (1, 4)), Note(-7, (1, 4))])
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[2])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{})
abjad> score[2].append(Note(-24, (1, 2)))
abjad> verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_interval_class_vectors(score)
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        d'8 _ \markup { \tiny { 0010020 } }
        e'8
        f'8 _ \markup { \tiny { 1000020 } }
```

```
}
\new Staff {
    \clef "alto"
    g4
    f4 _ \markup { \tiny { 0100110 } }
}
\new Staff {
    \clef "bass"
    c,2 _ \markup { \tiny { 1000020 } }
}
>>
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed label.vertical_moment_interval_class_vectors() to verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_interval_class_vectors().

verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes

abjad.tools.verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_numbered_chromatic_pitch_o

New in version 2.0. Label pitch-classes of every vertical moment in *expr*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
abjad> score = Score(Staff([ ]) * 3)
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
abjad> score[0].extend(notes)
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('alto')(score[1])
ClefMark('alto')(Staff{})
abjad> score[1].extend([Note(-5, (1, 4)), Note(-7, (1, 4))])
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[2])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{})
abjad> score[2].append(Note(-24, (1, 2)))
abjad> verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes(sco
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
       c'8
        d'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 7 2 0 } } }
        e'8
        f'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 5 0 } } }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "alto"
        a4
        f4 _ \markup { \small { \column { 5 4 0 } } }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "bass"
        c,2 _ \markup { \small { \column { 7 0 } } }
    }
>>
```

Changed in version 2.0: renamed label.vertical_moment_pitch_classes() to verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes()

verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_pitch_numbers

abjad.tools.verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_pitch_numbers(expr,

markup_direction

New in version 2.0. Label pitch numbers of every vertical moment in *expr*:

```
abjad> from abjad.tools import verticalitytools
abjad> score = Score(Staff([ ]) * 3)
abjad> notes = [Note("c'8"), Note("d'8"), Note("e'8"), Note("f'8")]
abjad> score[0].extend(notes)
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('alto')(score[1])
ClefMark('alto')(Staff{})
abjad> score[1].extend([Note(-5, (1, 4)), Note(-7, (1, 4))])
abjad> contexttools.ClefMark('bass')(score[2])
ClefMark('bass')(Staff{})
abjad> score[2].append(Note(-24, (1, 2)))
abjad> verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_pitch_numbers(score)
abjad> f(score)
\new Score <<
    \new Staff {
        c'8
        d'8 _ \markup { \small { \column { 2 -5 -24 } } }
        e'8
        f'8 _ \text{markup } \{ \text{small } \{ \text{column } \{ 5 -7 -24 \} \} \}
    \new Staff {
        \clef "alto"
        g4
        f4 _ \markup { \small { \column { 4 -7 -24 } } }
    \new Staff {
        \clef "bass"
        c,2 _ \markup { \small { \column { 0 -5 -24 } } }
    }
```

verticalitytools.label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_pitch_numbers().

renamed

57.1.3 Unstable Abjad composition packages (load manually)

quantizationtools

quantizationtools.QEvent

```
class abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QEvent
    Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
```

A utility class for quantization comprising an offset time in milliseconds, and some pitch information: a Number representing a single pitch, None representing silence, or an Iterable comprised of Numbers representing a chord.

label.vertical_moment_pitch_numbers()

QEvents are immutable.

offset

The offset in milliseconds of the event.

in version 2.0:

value

The pitch information of the event.

quantizationtools.QGrid

```
class abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGrid
    Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable
```

Abjad model of a QGrid, a nesting division structure which assists certain quantization algorithms.

QGrids are defined by a list, which must be prime in length, whose members are either Numbers or tuples of Numbers (useful for representing timepoint or pitch information), a QEvent or tuple of QEvent objects, or None (representing silence), or other lists which must recursively obey the same rules.

QGrids also have a next attribute, representing the downbeat of not "this" QGrid, but the next QGrid in a list of grids. This is useful as timepoints must often be quantized not to any internal division of a the "current" beat, but to the next beat.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGrid abjad> q = QGrid([0, 0, [0, 0]], 0)
```

The values in the grid can be access via subscript, as though the grid were a flat list.

```
abjad> q[0] = 1
abjad> q[2] = 3
abjad> q[4] = 5
abjad> q
QGrid([1, 0, [3, 0]], 5)
```

QGrids are quasi-immutable.

definition

The nested list which defines the *QGrid's* structure.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGrid
abjad> q = QGrid([0, 0, [0, 0]], 0)
abjad> q.definition
[0, 0, [0, 0]]
```

Read-only.

find_divisible_indices (points)

Given a list of numbers $0 \le n \le 1$, return a list of indices in self which countain those points, as though they were segments.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGrid
abjad> q = QGrid([0, [0, 0]], 0)
abjad> q.offsets
(Offset(0, 1), Offset(1, 2), Offset(3, 4), Offset(1, 1))
abjad> points = [0.1, 0.9]
abjad> q.find_divisible_indices(points)
[0, 2]
```

Returns a list.

find_parentage_of_index (index)

Return a tuple of the lengths of each container containing *index*, from the topmost to the bottommost.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGrid abjad> q = QGrid([0, [0, [0, 0], 0], 0, 0, 0], 0)
```

```
abjad> q.find_parentage_of_index(0)
(5,)
abjad> q.find_parentage_of_index(1)
(5, 3)
abjad> q.find_parentage_of_index(2)
(5, 3, 2)
abjad> q.find_parentage_of_index(7)
(5,)
```

Returns a tuple.

format_for_beatspan (beatspan=Fraction(1, 4))

Return an Abjad container, whose structure mirrors the division structure of the *QGrid*. The values of the items in the *QGrid* have no effect on the output.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGrid
abjad> q = QGrid([0, [0, 0], 0], 0)
abjad> q.format_for_beatspan()
Tuplet(2/3, [c'8, c'16, c'16, c'8])
```

Returns a Tuplet or Container, depending on structure.

next

The contents of the final offset in the *QGrid*.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGrid abjad> q = QGrid([0, 0, [0, 0]], 0) abjad> q[-1] = 9 abjad> q QGrid([0, 0, [0, 0]], 9) abjad> q.next
```

Read-only.

offsets

An ordered tuple of those Offset objects generated by the division structure of a QGrid.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGrid
abjad> q = QGrid([0, [0, 0], 0], 0)
abjad> q.offsets
(Offset(0, 1), Offset(1, 3), Offset(1, 2), Offset(2, 3), Offset(1, 1))
```

Read-only.

subdivide_indices (pairs)

Given a list of 2-tuples, where for each tuple t, t[0] is a valid index into self, and t[1] is a prime integer greater than 1, return a new QGrid with those indices subdivided.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGrid abjad> q = QGrid([0, 0], 0) abjad> q.subdivide_indices([(0, 2), (1, 3)]) QGrid([[0, 0], [0, 0, 0]], 0)
```

Returns a new *QGrid*.

quantizationtools.QGridQuantizer

```
 \begin{array}{c} \textbf{class} \text{ abjad.tools.quantizationtools.} \textbf{QGridQuantizer} (search\_tree=None, \\ span=Fraction(1, \\ tempo=TempoMark(4, 60), threshold=None) \\ \textbf{Bases: abjad.tools.quantizationtools.\_Quantizer.\_Quantizer.\_Quantizer} \end{array}
```

An Abjad implementation of Paul Nauert's Q-grid quantization algorithm.

Input is converted into timepoints, which are grouped according to which beat - or *beatspan* - they fall in, given a target tempo. Each beatspan is then divided into grids called Q-grids, which are based upon a nesting division structure (similar to nested tuplets). The Q-grids generated for each beatspan are then tested against the timepoints falling within that beatspan, and the grid with least deviation is chosen to represent the rhythmic skeleton for that beat.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGridQuantizer abjad> q = QGridQuantizer()
```

QGridQuantizer is immutable, but cheap to instantiate. Various attributes can be defined on instantiation. Please consult the documentation for each attribute respectively, for proper usage.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGridSearchTree
abjad> target_tempo = contexttools.TempoMark((1, 8), 73)
abjad> beatspan = Fraction(1, 4)
abjad> search_tree = QGridSearchTree({2: {2: None, 3: None}, 5: None})
abjad> threshold = 250
abjad> q = QGridQuantizer(tempo = target_tempo, beatspan = beatspan, search_tree = search_tree,
```

QGridQuantizer can quantize lists of leaves. If the source leaves have no effective tempo, one must be provided with the *tempo* keyword.

```
abjad> q = QGridQuantizer()
abjad> source = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4. r'8 <c' e' g'>2. <d' g' b'>4")
abjad> source_tempo = contexttools.TempoMark((1, 4), 54)
abjad> result = q(source[:], tempo = source_tempo)

abjad> q = QGridQuantizer()
abjad> source = Staff("c'4 d'4 e'4. r'8 <c' e' g'>2. <d' g' b'>4")
abjad> t = contexttools.TempoMark((1, 8), 34, target_context = Staff)(source)
abjad> t = contexttools.TempoMark((1, 4), 135, target_context = Staff)(source[3])
abjad> result = q(source[:])
```

QGridQuantizer can quantize lists of millisecond durations. Negative values can be used to indicate silences.

```
abjad> q = QGridQuantizer()
abjad> milliseconds = [100, 120, -133, 500, -1003, 125]
abjad> result = q(milliseconds)
```

QGridQuantizer can also quantize lists of rationals, if a tempo is provided. As with quantizing millisecond durations, negative values can be used to indicate silences.

```
abjad> q = QGridQuantizer()
abjad> rationals = [1, Fraction(1, 2), Fraction(-1, 4), 3, Fraction(-1, 3), 2]
abjad> tempo = contexttools.TempoMark((1, 4), 45)
abjad> result = q(rationals, tempo = tempo)
```

Lastly, QGridQuantizer can quantize lists of pairs, where the first value in each pair is a millisecond duration, and the second value is an int or float - indicating a single pitch -, None - indicating silence, or a list of ints or

floats - indicating a chord. This is probably most useful for assisting in the importation of audio analyses from other tools.

```
abjad> q = QGridQuantizer()
abjad> pairs = [(130, 0), (250, 2), (500, None), (1303, [0, 1, 4])]
abjad> result = q(pairs)
```

Todo

Write a documentation chapter on quantization.

Todo

Implement multiprocessing-based QGrid comparison

beatspan

The basic division of the beat for quantization.

Read-only, defaults to *Duration*(1, 4).

beatspan_ms

The duration of *beatspan* in milliseconds, as determined by *tempo*.

Read-only, defaults to *Duration*(1000).

search tree

Reference to a QGridSearchTree object, which defines the permissible divisions for each QGrid comprising a quantization attempt.

Read-only, defaults to QGridSearchTree().

Please consult the documentation for QGrid and QGridSearchTree for more information.

tempo

Reference to a TempoMark, defining the target tempo for all quantization results.

Read-only, defaults to TempoMark((1, 4), 60).

tempo_lookup

Reference to a QGridTempoLookup object, a utility class for mapping rational divisions of a beat into milliseconds.

Read-only.

threshold

Millisecond duration, which if specified at instantiation will be used to call the quantizer's QGridSearchTree's prune() method, in order to generate a pruned search tree for the quantizer, instead of either the user-provided or default search trees.

Read-only, defaults to None. See the documentation for QGridSearchTree for more information on pruning.

quantizationtools.QGridSearchTree

```
class abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridSearchTree
```

```
Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable, abjad.core._ImmutableDictionary._Immut
```

A utility class for defining the permissible divisions of a collection of QGrid objects.

The search tree is defined by a nested dictionary structure, whose keys must be prime integers, and whose values must be None (indicating no further possible divisions) or another dictionary following the same rules.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGridSearchTree
```

For example, In the following tree, the beat may be divided into 2 or into 5. If divided into 2, it may be divided again into 2 or into 3.

```
abjad> search_tree = QGridSearchTree({2: {2: None, 3: None}, 5: None})
```

Return a new *QGridSearchTree*.

find_subtree_divisibility(parentage)

Given a parentage signature, defining some subtree of a *QGridSearchTree*, return a tuple of permitted divisions of that subtree.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGridSearchTree
abjad> qst = QGridSearchTree({2: {2: None, 3: {7: None, 11: None}}, 5: None})
abjad> qst.find_subtree_divisibility((2,))
(2, 3)
abjad> qst.find_subtree_divisibility((2, 2))
()
abjad> qst.find_subtree_divisibility((2, 3))
(7, 11)
abjad> qst.find_subtree_divisibility((2, 3, 7))
()
```

Returns a tuple.

offsets

An ordered tuple of all Offset objects which those QGrid objects governed by a specific *QGrid-SearchTree* can contain.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGridSearchTree
abjad> qst = QGridSearchTree({2: {3: None}})
abjad> qst.offsets
(Offset(0, 1), Offset(1, 6), Offset(1, 3), Offset(1, 2), Offset(2, 3), Offset(5, 6), Offset
```

Returns a tuple.

prune (beatspan, tempo, threshold)

Prune those subtrees of a *QGridSearchTree* whose divisions in milliseconds, given *beatspan* and *tempo*, would be less than *threshold*.

This allows a composer to specify the maximum speed any quantization operation will permit.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import QGridSearchTree
abjad> qst = QGridSearchTree({2: {2: {2: {2: None}}}})
abjad> beatspan = Fraction(1, 4)
abjad> tempo = contexttools.TempoMark((1, 4), 60)
abjad> qst.prune(beatspan, tempo, 100)
{2: {2: {2: None}}}
abjad> qst.prune(beatspan, tempo, 200)
{2: {2: None}}
abjad> qst.prune(beatspan, tempo, 400)
{2: None}
```

Returns a new QGridSearchTree.

quantizationtools.QGridTempoLookup

```
class abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridTempoLookup (offsets, beatspan, tempo)
```

Bases: abjad.core._Immutable._Immutable._Immutable,abjad.core._ImmutableDictionary._Immut

A utility class for matching fractional offsets within a beat to their tempo-scaled (real-time) millisecond values.

QGridTempoLookup objects are immutable.

beatspan

The duration which the Offset objects comprising the keys of the QGridTempoLookup are offsets into.

tempo

The TempoMark used to generate the lookup.

quantizationtools.is_valid_beatspan

```
abjad.tools.quantizationtools.is_valid_beatspan(beatspan)
```

True if beatspan is a valid beatspan.

- 1.A beatspan must be an int or Fraction.
- 2.It must be a binary rational.
- 3.If it is greater than zero, it must be a power of two.
- 4. If it is less than zero, it must be Fraction, whose numerator is 1 and whose denominator is a power of two.

quantizationtools.millisecond_pitch_pairs_to_q_events

```
abjad.tools.quantizationtools.millisecond_pitch_pairs_to_q_events(pairs)
```

Convert a list of pairs of millisecond durations and pitches to a list of QEvent instances.

Pitch values must be one of the following:

- 1.A single chromatic pitch number, indicating a note,
- 2. None, indicating a silence, or
- 3.An iterable of chromatic pitch numbers, indicating a chord.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import millisecond_pitch_pairs_to_q_events
abjad> durations = [1001, 503, 230, 1340]
abjad> pitches = [None, 0, (1, 2, 3), 4.5]
abjad> pairs = zip(durations, pitches)
abjad> millisecond_pitch_pairs_to_q_events(pairs)
[QEvent(Offset(0, 1), None), QEvent(Offset(1001, 1), 0), QEvent(Offset(1504, 1), (1, 2, 3)), QEvent(Devent(1504, 1), (1, 2, 3)), QEvent(1504, 1)
```

Return a list of QEvent instances.

quantizationtools.milliseconds_to_q_events

```
abjad.tools.quantizationtools.milliseconds_to_q_events(milliseconds)
```

Convert a list of millisecond durations to a list of ${\tt QEvent}$ objects.

Negative duration values can be used to indicate silence. Any resulting pitched <code>QEvent</code> objects will default to using middle-C.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import milliseconds_to_q_events
abjad> durations = [100, -250, 500]
abjad> milliseconds_to_q_events(durations)
[QEvent(Offset(0, 1), 0), QEvent(Offset(100, 1), None), QEvent(Offset(350, 1), 0), QEvent(Offset
```

Return a list of QEvent objects.

quantizationtools.tempo_scaled_leaves_to_q_events

```
abjad.tools.quantizationtools.tempo_scaled_leaves_to_q_events(leaves,
```

tempo=None)

Convert *leaves* to a list of <code>QEvent</code> objects. If the leaves have no effective tempo, *tempo* must be a <code>TempoMark</code>.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import tempo_scaled_leaves_to_q_events abjad> source = Staff("c'4 r'4. e'8 <g' b' d'' fs''>2")
abjad> source_tempo = contexttools.TempoMark((1, 4), 55)
abjad> tempo_scaled_leaves_to_q_events(source[:], tempo = source_tempo)
[QEvent(Offset(0, 1), 0), QEvent(Offset(12000, 11), None), QEvent(Offset(30000, 11), 4), QEvent(
```

Return a list of QEvent objects.

quantizationtools.tempo scaled rational to milliseconds

```
abjad.tools.quantizationtools.tempo_scaled_rational_to_milliseconds(rational, tempo)
```

Return the millisecond value of *rational* at *tempo*.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import tempo_scaled_rational_to_milliseconds
abjad> tempo = contexttools.TempoMark((1, 4), 60)
abjad> tempo_scaled_rational_to_milliseconds(Fraction(1, 4), tempo)
Duration(1000, 1)
```

Return a Duration.

quantizationtools.tempo scaled rationals to q events

```
abjad.tools.quantizationtools.tempo_scaled_rationals_to_q_events(durations, tempo)
```

Convert a list of rational durations to a list of QEvent objects.

Negative duration values can be used to indicate silence. Any resulting pitched <code>QEvent</code> objects will default to using middle-C.

```
abjad> from abjad.tools.quantizationtools import tempo_scaled_rationals_to_q_events
abjad> durations = [Duration(-1, 2), Duration(1, 4), Duration(1, 6)]
abjad> tempo = contexttools.TempoMark((1, 4), 55)
abjad> tempo_scaled_rationals_to_q_events(durations, tempo)
[QEvent(Offset(0, 1), None), QEvent(Offset(24000, 11), 0), QEvent(Offset(36000, 11), 0), QEvent
```

Return a list of QEvent objects.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- [Adan2006] Víctor Adán. Music <-> Geometry <-> Meta-Music. Draft February 12, 2006.
- [AgonHaddadAssayag2002] Carlos Agon, Karim Haddad & Gerard Assayag. Répresentation et rendu de structures rhythmiques. Journées d'Informatique Musicale, 9th ed., Marseille, 29 31 May 2002.
- [Alegant1993] Brian Alegant. The seventy-seven partitions of the aggregate: Analytical and theoretical implications. Doctoral Dissertation. The University of Rochester, Eastman School of Muisc. 1993.
- [Ariza2005] Christopher Ariza. An Open Design for Computer-Aided Algorithmic Music Composition: athenaCL. Dissertation.com, Boca Raton. 2005.
- [BacaAdan2007] Trevor Bača & Víctor Adán. Cuepatlahto and Lascaux: two approaches to the formalized control of musical score. Draft June 7, 2007.
- [BressonAgonAssayag2008] Jean Bresson, Carlos Agon, Gérard Assayag. The OM Composer's Book 2. Éditions Delatour, Paris. 2008
- [Carter2002] Eliot Carter. Harmony Book. Nicholas Hopkins and John F. Link, eds. Carl Fischer, New York. 2002.
- [Haddad] Karim Haddad. Le Temps comme Territoire: pour une géographie temporelle.
- [Kampela1998] Arthur Kampela. Uma Faca Só Lâmina. Doctoral Dissertation. Columbia University, NY, NY, 1998.
- [Malt2008] Mikhaïl Malt. Some Considerations on Brian Ferneyhough's Musical Language Through His Use of CAC Part I: Time and Rhythmic Structures. In [BressonAgonAssayag2008].
- [Morris1987] Robert Morris. Composition with Pitch-Classes. Yale University Press, New Haven. 1987.
- [Nauert1997] Paul Nauert. Timespan Formation in Nonmetric, Posttonal Music. Doctoral Dissertation. Columbia University, NY, NY. 1997.
- [NienhuysNieuwenhuizen2003] Han-Wen Nienhuys & Jan Nieuwenhuizen. Lilypond: A system for automated music engraving. Proceedings of the XIV Colloquium on Musical Informatics. Firenze, Italy. May 8 10, 2003.
- [Ross1987] Ted Ross. Teach Yourself The Art of Music Engraving and Processing. Hansen House, Miami Beach. 1987.
- [Selfridge-Field1997] Eleanor Selfridge-Field, ed. Beyond MIDI: The Handbook of Musical Codes. The MIT Press. Cambridge, Massachusetts. 1997.
- [Valle] Andrea Valle. GeoGraphy: Notazione musicale e composizione algorithmica. Centro Interdipartimentale di Ricerca sulla Multimedialità e l'Audiovisivo. Università degli Studi di Torino.
- [WulfsonBarrettWinter] Harris Wulfson, G. Douglas Barrett & Michael Winter. Automatic Notation Generators.

738 Bibliography

INDEX

A	all_are_integer_equivalent_numbers() (in module ab-
AbjadRevisionToken (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools),	jad.tools.seqtools), 661
370	all_are_intervals_or_trees_or_empty() (in module ab-
accidental (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ScaleDegree attribute), 712	jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 606 all_are_nonnegative_integer_equivalent_numbers() (in
Accidental (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 437	module abjad.tools.seqtools), 661
Accordion (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 321	all_are_nonnegative_integer_powers_of_two() (in mod-
add_artificial_harmonic_to_note() (in module ab-	ule abjad.tools.seqtools), 661
jad.tools.notetools), 427	all_are_nonnegative_integers() (in module ab-
add_double_bar_to_end_of_score() (in module ab-	jad.tools.seqtools), 662
jad.tools.scoretools), 508	all_are_numbers() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 662
add_markup_to_end_of_score() (in module ab-	all_are_orphan_components() (in module ab-
iad tools scoretools) 508	jad.tools.componenttools), 212
add_or_remove_tie_chain_notes_to_achieve_scaled_writte	rall are positive_integer_equivalent_numbers() (in mod-
(in module abjad.tools.tietools), 556	uie abjad.toois.seqtoois), 662
add_or_remove_tie_chain_notes_to_achieve_written_durate	ight are positive integers () (in module ab-
(in module abjad.tools.tietools), 556	jad.tools.seqtools), 662
all_are_assignable_integers() (in module ab-	all_are_thread_contiguous_components() (in module ab-
ind tools seatools) 660	jad.tools.componenttools), 212
all_are_chromatic_pitch_class_name_octave_number_pair	sall_are_unequal() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 663
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 464	all_intervals_are_contiguous() (in module ab-
all_are_components() (in module ab-	jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 606
jad.tools.componenttools), 209	all_intervals_are_nonoverlapping() (in module ab-
all_are_components_in_same_parent() (in module ab-	jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 606
jad.tools.componenttools), 209	alpha () (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Numbered Chromatic Pitch Class Segment
all_are_components_in_same_score() (in module ab-	method), 458
jad.tools.componenttools), 210	alphabetic_string (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental at-
all_are_components_in_same_thread() (in module ab-	tribute), 437
jad.tools.componenttools), 210	AltoFlute (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 322
all_are_components_scalable_by_multiplier() (in module	analyze_chord() (in module abjad.tools.tonalitytools),
abjad.tools.componenttools), 210	713
all_are_contiguous_components() (in module ab-	analyze_incomplete_chord() (in module ab-
jad.tools.componenttools), 211	jad.tools.tonalitytools), 713
all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_parent() (in	analyze_incomplete_tonal_function() (in module ab-
module abjad.tools.componenttools), 211	jad.tools.tonalitytools), 713
all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_score() (in	analyze_tonal_function() (in module ab-
module abjad.tools.componenttools), 211	jad.tools.tonalitytools), 714
all_are_contiguous_components_in_same_thread() (in	Annotation (class in abjad.tools.marktools), 374
module abjad.tools.componenttools), 212	AnonymousMeasure (class in abjad.tools.measuretools),
all_are_equal() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 660	393
	append() (abjad.tools.chordtools.Chord method), 201

jad.tools.tietools), 557

- append() (abjad.tools.containertools.Container method), append() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn method), 652 714 (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow append() method), 653 append() (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method), 532 append column() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray are_stepwise_notes() method), 649 append_left() (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method), (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray append_row() method), 649 args append_spacer_skip_to_underfull_measure() (in module tribute), 389 abjad.tools.measuretools), 396 append_spacer_skips_to_underfull_measures_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 397 apply_accidental() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClass method), 450 apply_accidental() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch method), 456 attach_mark() apply accidental() jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassttach_mark() (abjad.tools.marktools.Mark method), 378 method), 457 apply_accidental() (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ScaleDegree method), 712 В apply_accidental_to_named_chromatic_pitch() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 464 apply_articulations_to_notes_and_chords_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.marktools), 379 apply_beam_spanner_to_measure() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 397 apply_beam_spanners_to_measures_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 398 apply_complex_beam_spanner_to_measure() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 399 apply_complex_beam_spanners_to_measures_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 399 apply_durated_complex_beam_spanner_to_measures() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 400 $apply_full_measure_tuplets_to_contents_of_measures_in_expatspan_ms \ (abjad.tools.quantization tools.QGridQuantizer) apply_full_measure_tuplets_to_contents_of_measures_in_expatspan_ms \ (abjad.tools.quantization tools.QGridQuantizer) apply_full_measures_in_expatspan_ms \ (abjad.tools.quantizer) apply_full_measures_in_expatspan_ms \ (abjad.tools.qua$ (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 401 apply_octavation_spanner_to_pitched_components() (in binomial_coefficient() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 464 apply_pitches() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow BookBlock (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools), 370 method), 653 apply_pitches_by_row() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray method), bounds (abjad.tools.intervalTree apply tie spanner to leaf pair() (in module abtribute), 605
- are_components_in_same_tie_spanner() (in module abjad.tools.tietools), 557 are scalar notes() (in module abjad.tools.tonalitytools), are stepwise ascending notes() (in module jad.tools.tonalitytools), 714 are stepwise descending notes() module abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 715 (in module abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 715 arg (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeBoolean attribute), (abjad.tools.markuptools.MarkupCommand arithmetic_mean() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 627 arpeggiate_chord() (in module abjad.tools.chordtools), Articulation (class in abjad.tools.marktools), 375 assignable_rational_to_dot_count() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 587 assignable_rational_to_lilypond_duration_string() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 587 (abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark method), 298 attack count (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment attribute), 719 bass (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass attribute), 709 bass_scale_degree (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction attribute), 712 BassClarinet (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 322 BassFlute (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 323 Bassoon (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 323 beam_bottommost_tuplets_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 571 BeamSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 516 beatspan (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridQuantizer attribute), 733 beatspan (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridTempoLookup attribute), 735 attribute), 733 BookpartBlock (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools), 370 BoundedInterval (class in abjad.tools.intervaltreetools),

BracketSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 516

C	cell_tokens (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow
calculate_density_of_attacks_in_interval() (in module ab-	attribute), 653
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 606	cell_tokens_by_row (ab-
calculate_density_of_releases_in_interval() (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 606	jad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute), 649
calculate_depth_centroid_of_intervals() (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 606	cell_widths (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn attribute), 652
calculate_depth_centroid_of_intervals_in_interval() (in	cell_widths (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653
module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 607	cell_widths_by_row (ab-
calculate_depth_density_of_intervals() (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 607	jad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute),
calculate_depth_density_of_intervals_in_interval() (in	649
module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 607	Cello (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 324
calculate_harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_from_pitch_ (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 465	049
calculate_harmonic_chromatic_interval_from_pitch_carrie (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 465	r <u>cellspitabjad toels</u> pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn attribute), 652
calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_nar (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 465	neallehromatied tools pitcharraytools Pitcharray Row attribute), 653
calculate_harmonic_counterpoint_interval_from_named_c (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 465	hrentroid_pit(abjad_tools_intervaltragetools_RoundedInterval attribute), 604
calculate_harmonic_diatonic_interval_class_from_named_ (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 465	changa: augmented tuplets in expreto diminished() (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 571
calculate_harmonic_diatonic_interval_from_named_chron	
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 466 calculate_mean_attack_of_intervals() (in module ab-	change_diminished_tuplets_in_expr_to_augmented() (in
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 607	module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 572
calculate_mean_release_of_intervals() (in module ab- iad tools intervaltreetools) 607	change_written_leaf_duration_and_preserve_preprolated_leaf_duration() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 338
calculate_melodic_chromatic_interval_class_from_pitch_c	aChord (classin ahiad tools.chordtools), 201
(in module abjad tools pitchtools), 466	chord_class_cardinality_to_extent() (in inodule ab-
calculate_melodic_chromatic_interval_from_pitch_carrier_ (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 466	chord_crass_extent_to_cardinanty() (iii module ab-
calculate_melodic_counterpoint_interval_class_from_nam (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 466	chord_class_extent_to_extent_name() (in module ab-
calculate_melodic_counterpoint_interval_from_named_ch: (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 466	romatic_pitind_tools topalitytools tic_pitch() chord_name_string (ab-
calculate_melodic_diatonic_interval_class_from_named_c (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 467	hromatic_pitchtools_tanalitytools_Suspension_Indicator attribute), 712
calculate_melodic_diatonic_interval_from_named_chroma (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 467	ttehprehlass (classe nabiad tools tonality tools), 709 Chord Quality Indicator (class in abjad tools tonality tools),
calculate_min_mean_and_max_depth_of_intervals() (in	710
module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 608	chromatic_interval_number (ab-
calculate_min_mean_and_max_magnitude_of_intervals()	jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval attribute), 443
(in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 608	chromatic_pitch_class_name (ab-
calculate_sustain_centroid_of_intervals() (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 608	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch
cardinality (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass at-	attribute), 447
tribute), 709	chromatic_pitch_class_name (ab-
cardinality (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordQualityIndicato attribute), 710	r jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch attribute), 454
cell_tokens (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn	
attribute), 652	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 467

chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to	amæ@nromatic_pitch_number (ab-	
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 467	jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch	
$chromatic_pitch_class_name_to_diatonic_diatonic_di$	ame_alphabetattribocidental_abbreviation_pair()	
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 467	chromatic_pitch_number_and_accidental_semitones_to_octa	ive_number()
chromatic_pitch_class_number (ab-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch	chromatic_pitch_number_diatonic_pitch_class_name_to_alp	habetic_accide
attribute), 448	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 471	
chromatic_pitch_class_number (ab-		()
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 471	
attribute), 454	chromatic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_name() (in	
$chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class$		
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 468	chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name_alp	habetic_accide
$chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class$		
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 468	chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number()	
$chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class$		
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 469	chromatic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_number()	
$chromatic_pitch_class_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_r$		
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 469	chromatic_pitch_number_to_octave_number() (in mod-	
chromatic_pitch_class_numbers (ab-	3 I	
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCl	•	
attribute), 461	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegmen	Ĺ
chromatic_pitch_name (ab-		
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch	chromatic_pitch_numbers (ab-	
attribute), 448	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSet	
chromatic_pitch_name (ab-		
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch	chromatic_pitch_numbers (ab-	
attribute), 454	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchVector	
$chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name()$		
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 469	Clarinet (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 324	
chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_numbe		
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 469	clear() (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method), 532	
chromatic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_number() (in		
module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 470	clef_and_staff_position_number_to_named_chromatic_pitch	.()
chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name()	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 473	
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 470	clef_name_string (abjad.tools.contexttools.ClefMark at-	
chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number()		
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 470	ClefMark (class in abjad.tools.contexttools), 296	
	n clip_interval_magnitudes_to_range() (in module ab-	
module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 470	jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 608	
chromatic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_number() (in	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 470	color_chord_note_heads_by_pitch_class_color_map()	
chromatic_pitch_name_to_octave_number() (in module	•	
abjad.tools.pitchtools), 470	color_contents_of_container() (in module ab-	
chromatic_pitch_names_string_to_named_chromatic_pitc		
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 471	color_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 338	
chromatic_pitch_number (ab-		
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch	339	
attribute), 448	color_measure() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools),	
chromatic_pitch_number (ab-		
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch	color_name (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeColor at-	
attribute), 454	tribute), 502	
chromatic_pitch_number (ab-	*	
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch attribute), 456	jad.tools.measuretools), 402	

color note head by numbered chromatic pitch class coloromatte logical not of intervals() (in module ab-(in module abjad.tools.notetools), 428 jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 609 colors (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClass@mourtelalpogical not of intervals in interval() (in modattribute), 457 ule abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 609 column index (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumnompute logical or of intervals() attribute), 652 jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 609 column_indices (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell compute_logical_or_of_intervals_in_interval() (in modattribute), 651 ule abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 610 columns (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray compute logical xor of intervals() (in module tribute), 649 jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 610 columns (abjad.tools.seqtools.CyclicMatrix attribute), compute_logical_xor_of_intervals_in_interval() (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 610 columns (abjad.tools.segtools.Matrix attribute), 659 concatenate pitch arrays() (in module abcombine_markup_commands() module jad.tools.pitcharraytools), 654 (in abmodule jad.tools.markuptools), 390 concatenate_trees() (in abcommand (abjad.tools.markuptools.MarkupCommand atjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 610 tribute), 389 Container (class in abjad.tools.containertools), 263 command name string contents duration (abjad.tools.containertools.Container (abjad.tools.marktools.LilyPondCommandMark attribute), 264 attribute), 377 contents string (abjad.tools.marktools.Comment Comment (class in abjad.tools.marktools), 376 tribute), 377 comment measures in container with measure numbers(ContextMark (class in abjad.tools.contexttools), 297 (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 403 contexts (abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LayoutBlock attribute), ComplexBeamSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 517 Contrabass (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 325 component to parentage signature() (in module ab-ContrabassFlute (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), jad.tools.componenttools), 213 325 component_to_pitch_and_rhythm_skeleton() (in module Contrabassoon (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 326 copy_and_partition_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf_counts() abjad.tools.componenttools), 213 component_to_score_depth() module (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 216 (in abcopy_components_and_covered_spanners() (in module jad.tools.componenttools), 214 component_to_score_index() (in module ababjad.tools.componenttools), 217 jad.tools.componenttools), 214 copy_components_and_fracture_crossing_spanners() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 218 component_to_score_root() (in module abcopy components and immediate parent of first component() jad.tools.componenttools), 215 component to thread signature() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 219 (in module abjad.tools.threadtools), 705 copy components and remove all spanners() (in modcomponent_to_tuplet_depth() module abule abjad.tools.componenttools), 221 jad.tools.componenttools), 215 copy_governed_component_subtree_by_leaf_range() (in components (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner attribute), module abjad.tools.componenttools), 222 copy governed component subtree from prolated offset to() components (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 223 attribute), 719 copy subarray() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray composite_dynamic_name_to_steady_state_dynamic_name() method), 649 copy_subrow() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow (abjad.tools.contexttools.DynamicMark static method), 299 method), 653 compute_depth_of_intervals() copy_written_duration_and_multiplier_from leaf to leaf() module (in abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 608 (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 340 compute_depth_of_intervals_in_interval() (in module abcount_length_two_runs_in_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 608 jad.tools.seqtools), 663 compute_logical_and_of_intervals() (in CrescendoSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), module jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 609 compute logical and of intervals in interval() (in modcumulative products() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools),

Index 743

628

ule abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 609

cumulative_signed_weights() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 628	detach_comments_attached_to_component() (in module abjad.tools.marktools), 381
cumulative_sums() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 629	detach_grace_containers_attached_to_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.gracetools), 319
cumulative_sums_zero() (in module ab-	detach_instrument_mark_attached_to_component() (in
jad.tools.mathtools), 629	module abjad.tools.contexttools), 307
cumulative_sums_zero_pairwise() (in module ab-	detach_lilypond_command_marks_attached_to_component()
jad.tools.mathtools), 629	(in module abjad.tools.marktools), 382
cut_component_at_prolated_duration() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 224	detach_mark() (abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark method), 298
cycle_tokens_to_sieve() (in module ab-	detach_mark() (abjad.tools.marktools.Mark method), 378
jad.tools.sievetools), 703 CyclicList (class in abjad.tools.seqtools), 657	detach_marks_attached_to_component() (in module abjad.tools.marktools), 382
CyclicMatrix (class in abjad.tools.seqtools), 657	detach_stem_tremolos_attached_to_component() (in
CyclicTuple (class in abjad.tools.seqtools), 658	module abjad.tools.marktools), 383
J I V J I //	detach_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component()
D	(in module abjad.tools.contexttools), 307
DateTimeToken (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools), 370	deviation_in_cents (ab-
DecrescendoSpanner (class in abjad.tools.mymetools), 520	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch attribute), 448
default_paper_size (abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyFile at-	diatonic_interval_class_segment (ab-
tribute), 372	jad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale attribute), 711
definition (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGrid attribute),	diatonic_interval_class_segment_to_chord_quality_string()
730	(in module abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 716
	diatonic_interval_number_and_chromatic_interval_number_to_melodic_di
delete_contents_of_container() (in module ab-	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 473
jad.tools.containertools), 268	
delete_contents_of_container_starting_at_or_after_prolated	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch
(in module abjad.tools.containertools), 268	
delete_contents_of_container_starting_before_or_at_prolate	distanta nitah alam noma
(in module abjad.tools.containertools), 269	diatonic_pitch_class_name (ab-
delete_contents_of_container_starting_strictly_after_prolate (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 269	attribute), 454
delete_contents_of_container_starting_strictly_before_prol	adiatopicsenisch_class_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number()
(in module abjad.tools.containertools), 270	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 473
denominator (abjad.tools.contexttools.TimeSignatureMark attribute), 305	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 474
denominator (abjad.tools.measuretools.DynamicMeasure attribute), 394	diatonic_pitch_class_number (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch
depth (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute),	attribute), 448
650	diatonic_pitch_class_number (ab-
depth (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn attribute), 652	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch attribute), 454
depth (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow at-	diatonic_pitch_class_number (ab-
tribute), 653	jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch
destroy_all_spanners_attached_to_component() (in mod-	attribute), 456
ule abjad.tools.spannertools), 539	diatonic_pitch_class_number_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number()
detach() (abjad.tools.gracetools.Grace method), 318	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 474
· · · · ·	diatonic_pitch_class_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name()
detach_all_context_marks_attached_to_component() (in module abjad.tools.contexttools), 306	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 474
detach_annotations_attached_to_component() (in module	diatonic_pitch_name (ab-
abjad.tools.marktools), 380	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch
detach_articulations_attached_to_component() (in mod-	attribute), 448
ule abjad.tools.marktools), 380	diatonic_pitch_name (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch

attribute), 454	$direction_string\ (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval$
diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_name()	attribute), 446
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 474	direction_symbol (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalClass
diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_class_number()	attribute), 447
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 474	direction_word (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalClass
diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_name() (in	attribute), 447
module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 474	divide_chord_by_chromatic_pitch_number() (in module
diatonic_pitch_name_to_chromatic_pitch_number() (in	abjad.tools.chordtools), 205
module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 475	divide_chord_by_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module
diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in	abjad.tools.chordtools), 206
module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 475	divide_leaf_meiotically() (in module ab-
diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 475	jad.tools.leaftools), 340 divide_leaves_in_expr_meiotically() (in module ab-
diatonic_pitch_name_to_diatonic_pitch_number() (in	jad.tools.leaftools), 341
module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 475	divide_number_by_ratio() (in module ab-
diatonic_pitch_number (ab-	jad.tools.mathtools), 630
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch	divide_sequence_elements_by_greatest_common_divisor()
attribute), 449	(in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 663
diatonic_pitch_number (ab-	divisors() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 630
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch	dominant (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale attribute), 711
attribute), 454	DoublingIndicator (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 710
diatonic_pitch_number (ab-	doublings (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.DoublingIndicator at-
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch	tribute), 710
attribute), 457	duplicate_pitch_classes (ab-
diatonic_pitch_number (ab-	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSet
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch	attribute), 453
attribute), 461	DuratedComplexBeamSpanner (class in ab-
diatonic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_number()	jad.tools.spannertools), 521
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 475	duration (abjad.tools.contexttools.TempoMark attribute),
diatonic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_name()	303
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 476	duration (abjad.tools.contexttools.TimeSignatureMark at-
$diatonic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_class_number()$	tribute), 305
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 476	duration (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeMoment
diatonic_pitch_number_to_diatonic_pitch_name() (in	attribute), 503
module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 476	Duration (class in abjad.tools.durtools), 587
difference_series() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools),	duration_and_possible_denominators_to_meter() (in
630	module abjad.tools.metertools), 648
dimensions (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray at-	
tribute), 650	jad.tools.containertools.Container attribute),
dimensions (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn	
attribute), 652 dimensions (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow	duration_in_seconds (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner attribute), 533
attribute), 653	duration_pair_to_prolation_string() (in module ab-
direction_number (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromati	
attribute), 443	duration_token_to_big_endian_list_of_assignable_duration_pairs()
direction_number (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicCounterpo	
attribute), 445	duration_token_to_duration_pair() (in module ab-
direction_number (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicI	
attribute), 446	duration_token_to_rational() (in module ab-
direction_number (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicI	
attribute), 447	duration_tokens_to_duration_pairs() (in module ab-
direction_string (abjad.tools.marktools.Articulation at-	jad.tools.durtools), 589
tribute), 376	duration_tokens_to_duration_pairs_with_least_common_denominator()
	(in module abjad.tools.durtools), 589

duration_tokens_to_least_common_denominator() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 589	extend_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 225
duration_tokens_to_rationals() (in module ab-	extend_in_parent_of_component_and_grow_spanners()
jad.tools.durtools), 590	(in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 226 Spatemed_left() (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method),
attribute), 521	533
dynamic_name_string (ab-	extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_do_not_grow_spanners()
jad.tools.contexttools.DynamicMark attribute),	(in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 226
299	extend_left_in_parent_of_component_and_grow_spanners()
dynamic_name_to_dynamic_ordinal() (ab-	(in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 227
jad.tools.contexttools.DynamicMark static	extend_measures_in_expr_and_apply_full_measure_tuplets_to_measure_co
method), 299	(in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 404
dynamic_ordinal_to_dynamic_name() (ab-	extent (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass attribute),
jad.tools.contexttools.DynamicMark static	709
method), 299	extent (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordQualityIndicator
DynamicMark (class in abjad.tools.contexttools), 298	attribute), 710
DynamicMeasure (class in abjad.tools.measuretools), 393	extent (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction attribute),
DynamicTextSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools),	712
522	extent_name (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordQualityIndicator attribute), 710
E	extent_to_figured_bass_string() (ab-
effective_context (abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark	jad.tools.tonalitytools.InversionIndicator
attribute), 298	method), 710
EFlatClarinet (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 326	ExtentIndicator (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 710
eject_contents_of_container() (in module ab-	
jad.tools.containertools), 271	F
empty_pitches() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRo	Wf() (in module abjad tools jotools), 617
method), 653	factors() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 631
EnglishHorn (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 327	figured_bass (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass
explode_intervals_compactly() (in module ab-	attribute), 709
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 610	figured_bass_pair (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.SuspensionIndicator
explode_intervals_into_n_trees_heuristically() (in mod-	attribute), 712
ule abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 610	figured_bass_string (ab-
explode_intervals_uncompactly() (in module ab-	jad.tools.tonalitytools.SuspensionIndicator
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 610	attribute), 712
expr_has_duplicate_named_chromatic_pitch() (in mod-	figured_bass_string (ab-
ule abjad.tools.pitchtools), 476	jad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction attribute),
expr_has_duplicate_numbered_chromatic_pitch_class()	712
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 476	file_initial_system_comments (ab-
expr_has_leaf_with_dotted_written_duration() (in mod-	jad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyFile attribute),
ule abjad.tools.leaftools), 341	372
expr_to_melodic_chromatic_interval_segment() (in mod-	file_initial_system_includes (ab-
ule abjad.tools.pitchtools), 477	jad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyFile attribute),
extend() (abjad.tools.chordtools.Chord method), 202	372
extend() (abjad.tools.containertools.Container method),	file_initial_user_comments (ab-
264	jad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyFile attribute),
extend() (abjad.tools.measuretools.DynamicMeasure	372
method), 394	file_initial_user_includes (ab-
extend() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn	jad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyFile attribute),
method), 652	372
extend() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow	fill_measures_in_expr_with_big_endian_notes() (in mod-
method), 653	ule abjad.tools.measuretools), 405
extend() (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method), 533	fill_measures_in_expr_with_full_measure_spacer_skips()
	(in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 405

fill measures in expr with little endian notes() method), 734 fingered pitch (abjad.tools.notetools.Note attribute), 425 module abjad.tools.measuretools), 405 fill measures in expr with meter denominator notes() fingered pitches (abjad.tools.chordtools.Chord attribute), (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 406 fill measures in expr with repeated notes() (in module fix contents of tuplets in expr() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 406 jad.tools.tuplettools), 572 find divisible indices() (ab-FixedDurationTuplet (class in abjad.tools.tuplettools), jad.tools.quantizationtools.QGrid method), 730 flatten sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 664 flatten_sequence_at_indices() find_index_of_spanner_component_at_score_offset() (in (in module abmodule abjad.tools.spannertools), 539 jad.tools.seqtools), 664 Flute (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 327 find_intervals_intersecting_or_tangent_to_interval() (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree force fraction (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), method), 605 find_intervals_intersecting_or_tangent_to_offset() format (abjad.tools.contexttools.ClefMark attribute), 297 format (abjad.tools.contexttools.DynamicMark attribute), (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree method), 605 find intervals starting after offset() (abjad.tools.contexttools.InstrumentMark (abformat jad.tools.intervalTree tribute), 300 method), 605 (abjad.tools.contexttools.KeySignatureMark atformat find_intervals_starting_and_stopping_within_interval() tribute), 301 (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree format (abjad.tools.contexttools.StaffChangeMark method), 605 attribute), 302 find intervals starting at offset() (abformat (abjad.tools.contexttools.TempoMark attribute), jad.tools.intervalTree 304 method), 605 format (abjad.tools.contexttools.TimeSignatureMark atfind_intervals_starting_before_offset() (abtribute), 305 jad.tools.intervalTree format (abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.AbjadRevisionToken atmethod), 605 tribute), 370 find_intervals_starting_or_stopping_at_offset() (abformat (abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.DateTimeToken atjad.tools.intervalTree tribute), 370 method), 605 format (abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyFile attribute), 372 find_intervals_starting_within_interval() (abformat (abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyPondLanguageToken jad.tools.intervalTree attribute), 373 method), 605 (abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyPondVersionToken format (abfind intervals stopping after offset() attribute), 373 jad.tools.intervalTree format (abjad.tools.marktools.Articulation attribute), 376 method), 605 format (abjad.tools.marktools.Comment attribute), 377 find_intervals_stopping_at_offset() format (abjad.tools.marktools.LilyPondCommandMark (abjad.tools.intervalTree attribute), 378 method), 605 format (abjad.tools.marktools.StemTremolo attribute), find intervals stopping before offset() (abjad.tools.intervalTree format (abjad.tools.markuptools.Markup attribute), 389 method), 605 format (abjad.tools.markuptools.MarkupCommand atfind_intervals_stopping_within_interval() (abtribute), 390 format (abjad.tools.notetools.NoteHead attribute), 427 jad.tools.intervalTree method), 605 format (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 find_parentage_of_index() format (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch at-(abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGrid tribute), 449 method), (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch atformat find_spanner_component_starting_at_exactly_score_offset() tribute), 455 (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 540 (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeAssociativeList format attribute), 501 find subtree divisibility() (ab-

Index 747

jad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridSearchTree

format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeBoolean attribute), 502	fuse_tangent_or_overlapping_intervals() (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 611
format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeColor attribute), 502	fuse_tied_leaves_in_components_once_by_prolated_durations_without_ (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 343
format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeFunction attribute), 503	fuse_tuplets() (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 572
format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeMoment attribute), 503	G get() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassColorMap
format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeNumber attribute), 504	
format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemePair attribute), 504	jad.tools.cfgtools), 585 get_abjad_version_string() (in module ab-
format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeString attribute), 504	jad.tools.cfgtools), 585 get_all_unique_bounds_in_intervals() (in module ab-
format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeVariable attribute), 505	jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 611
format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeVector attribute), 505	get_annotation_attached_to_component() (in module abjad.tools.marktools), 383
format (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeVectorConstant attribute), 505	uojuantoois/marktoois/, 501
format_for_beatspan() (ab-	get_arithmetic_mean_of_chord() (in module abjad.tools.chordtools), 206
jad.tools.quantizationtools.QGrid method),	get_articulations_attached_to_component() (in module
731	abjad.tools.marktools), 384
format_input_lines_as_doc_string() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 617	
format_input_lines_as_regression_test() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 617	get_boolean_train() (abjad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClass method), 701
fracture() (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method), 533	
fracture_all_spanners_attached_to_component() (in mod- ule abjad.tools.spannertools), 540	jad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClassExpression method), 702
fracture_spanners_that_cross_components() (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 541	get_comments_attached_to_component() (in module abjad.tools.marktools), 385
FrenchHorn (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 327	get_component_start_offset() (in module ab-
fuse() (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method), 534	jad.tools.componenttools), 227
fuse_contiguous_measures_in_container_cyclically_by_c	counts(component_start_offset_in_seconds() (in module ab-
(in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 406	jad.tools.componenttools), 228
fuse_leaves_big_endian() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 342	get_component_stop_onset() (in module ab
fuse leaves in container once by counts into hig end	jad.tools.componenttools), 228 iangenoteshiponent_stop_offset_in_seconds() (in module ab-
(in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 342	jad.tools.componenttools), 228
fuse_leaves_in_container_once_by_counts_into_big_end	iangerests(inposite_offset_difference_series_from_leaves_in_expr()
(in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 342	(in module abjad tools leaftools), 344
fuse_leaves_in_container_once_by_counts_into_little_en	diaget_neter_offset_series_from_leaves_in_expr() (in
(in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 342	module abiad tools leaftools). 344
fuse_leaves_in_container_once_by_counts_into_little_en	diagetrestagruent_bases() (ab-
(in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 342	jad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClass method),
fuse_leaves_in_tie_chain_by_immediate_parent_big_end	
(in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 343 fuse_like_named_contiguous_containers_in_expr() (in	get_congruent_bases() (ab-
module abjad.tools.containertools), 271	Jud. tools. sievetools. Residue Class Expression
fuse_measures() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 408	method), 703 get_context_marks_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component()
fuse_overlapping_intervals() (in module ab-	(in module abjad.tools.contexttools), 308
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 611	get_context_marks_attached_to_component() (in module abiad_tools.contexttools), 309

get down markup attached to component() (in module get_first_staff_in_proper_parentage_of_component() (in abjad.tools.markuptools), 390 module abjad.tools.stafftools), 554 get_dynamic_marks_attached_to_component() (in modget_first_tuplet_in_improper_parentage_of_component() ule abjad.tools.contexttools), 309 (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 573 get_effective_clef() (in module abjad.tools.contexttools), get_first_tuplet_in_proper_parentage_of_component() (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 574 get_effective_context_mark() (in module abget first voice in improper parentage of component() jad.tools.contexttools), 310 (in module abjad.tools.voicetools), 581 get_effective_dynamic() (in module abget_first_voice_in_proper_parentage_of_component() (in jad.tools.contexttools), 310 module abjad.tools.voicetools), 582 get_effective_instrument() (in module abget_grace_containers_attached_to_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.contexttools), 311 jad.tools.gracetools), 320 get_effective_key_signature() module get_improper_parentage_of_component() (in module ab-(in abjad.tools.contexttools), 311 jad.tools.componenttools), 231 get_effective_staff() (in module abjad.tools.contexttools), get_indices_of_sequence_elements_equal_to_true() 312 module abjad.tools.seqtools), 665 get_effective_tempo() module get_instrument_mark_attached_to_component() (in mod-(in abjad.tools.contexttools), 312 ule abjad.tools.contexttools), 313 get_effective_time_signature() (in module get_last_output_file_name() (in module ababjad.tools.contexttools), 313 jad.tools.iotools), 618 get_element_starting_at_exactly_prolated_offset() (in get_leaf_at_index_in_measure_number_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 272 module abjad.tools.leaftools), 345 get_first_component_in_expr_with_name() (in module get_leaves_in_tie_chain() (in module abiad.tools.tietools), 557 abjad.tools.componenttools), 229 get_first_component_with_name_in_improper_parentage_ofetolikedwent@tiplier_of_components() (in module ab-(in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 229 jad.tools.componenttools), 231 get_first_component_with_name_in_proper_parentage_of_compditypot(d)_command_marks_attached_to_component() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 230 (in module abjad.tools.marktools), 385 get_first_container_in_improper_parentage_of_component(get_lilypond_version_string() (in module ab-(in module abjad.tools.containertools), 272 jad.tools.cfgtools), 585 get_first_container_in_proper_parentage_of_component() get_marks_attached_to_component() (in module ab-(in module abjad.tools.containertools), 272 jad.tools.marktools), 386 get_first_element_starting_at_or_after_prolated_offset() get_markup_attached_to_component() (in module ab-(in module abjad.tools.containertools), 273 jad.tools.markuptools), 391 get first element starting before or at prolated offset() get named chromatic pitch from pitch carrier() (in (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 273 module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 477 get first element starting strictly after prolated offset() get next measure from component() (in module ab-(in module abjad.tools.containertools), 273 jad.tools.measuretools), 409 get_first_element_starting_strictly_before_prolated_offset()get_next_output_file_name() (in module ab-(in module abjad.tools.containertools), 274 jad.tools.iotools), 618 get first instance of klass in improper parentage of congretoment(binary factor from meter denominator() (in (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 230 module abjad.tools.metertools), 648 get first instance of klass in proper parentage of component() ncontext marks attached to component() (in (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 231 module abjad.tools.marktools), 386 get_first_measure_in_improper_parentage_of_component()get_note_head_from_chord_by_pitch() (in module ab-(in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 409 jad.tools.chordtools), 206 get_first_measure_in_proper_parentage_of_component() get_nth_component_in_expr() module (in ab-(in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 409 jad.tools.componenttools), 232 get_first_score_in_improper_parentage_of_component() get_nth_leaf_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), (in module abjad.tools.scoretools), 509 get_first_score_in_proper_parentage_of_component() (in get_nth_leaf_in_spanner() (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 542 module abjad.tools.scoretools), 509 get_first_staff_in_improper_parentage_of_component() get_nth_leaf_in_thread_from_leaf() (in module (in module abjad.tools.stafftools), 554

Index 749

jad.tools.leaftools), 346

get_nth_measure_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 410	get_spanners_that_dominate_component_pair() (in mod- ule abjad.tools.spannertools), 546
	get_spanners_that_dominate_components() (in module
jad.tools.componenttools), 233	abjad.tools.spannertools), 546
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	get_spanners_that_dominate_container_components_from_to()
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 477	(in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 546
get_one_indexed_measure_number_in_expr() (in module	
abjad.tools.measuretools), 411	abjad.tools.marktools), 387
get_overlap_with_interval() (ab-	get_the_only_spanner_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_component()
jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval	(in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 547
method), 604	get_the_only_spanner_attached_to_component() (in
get_parent_and_start_stop_indices_of_components() (in	module abjad.tools.spannertools), 547
module abjad.tools.componenttools), 233	get_tie_chain() (in module abjad.tools.tietools), 558
get_preprolated_tie_chain_duration() (in module ab-	get_tie_chain_duration_in_seconds() (in module ab-
jad.tools.tietools), 557	jad.tools.tietools), 558
get_prev_measure_from_component() (in module ab-	get_tie_chains_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.tietools),
jad.tools.measuretools), 412	558
get_prolated_tie_chain_duration() (in module ab-	get_time_signature_mark_attached_to_component() (in
jad.tools.tietools), 558	module abjad.tools.contexttools), 314
get_proper_parentage_of_component() (in module ab-	get_up_markup_attached_to_component() (in module ab-
jad.tools.componenttools), 234	jad.tools.markuptools), 391
get_python_version_string() (in module ab-	get_value_of_annotation_attached_to_component() (in
jad.tools.cfgtools), 585	module abjad.tools.marktools), 387
get_sequence_degree_of_rotational_symmetry() (in mod-	get_vertical_moment_at_prolated_offset_in_expr() (in
ule abjad.tools.seqtools), 665	module abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 720
get_sequence_element_at_cyclic_index() (in module ab-	get_vertical_moment_starting_with_component() (in
jad.tools.seqtools), 665	module abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 721
get_sequence_elements_at_indices() (in module ab-	get_written_tie_chain_duration() (in module ab-
jad.tools.seqtools), 666	jad.tools.tietools), 558
get_sequence_elements_frequency_distribution() (in	GlissandoSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 523
module abjad.tools.seqtools), 666	global_staff_size (abjad.tools.lilyfiletools.LilyFile at-
get_sequence_period_of_rotation() (in module ab-	tribute), 372
jad.tools.seqtools), 666	Glockenspiel (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 328
get_shared_numeric_sign() (in module ab-	governors (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
jad.tools.mathtools), 631	attribute), 719
get_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_child_of_compo	
(in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 542	GrandStaff (class in abjad.tools.scoretools), 506
get_spanners_attached_to_any_improper_parent_of_comp	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 543	jad.tools.mathtools), 632
get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_child_of_compone	
(in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 543	jad.tools.mathtools), 632
get_spanners_attached_to_any_proper_parent_of_compon	•
(in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 544	jad.tools.mathtools), 633
get_spanners_attached_to_component() (in module ab-	group_duration_tokens_by_implied_prolation() (in mod-
jad.tools.spannertools), 544	ule abjad.tools.durtools), 590
get_spanners_contained_by_components() (in module	group_leaves_in_tie_chain_by_immediate_parents() (in
abjad.tools.spannertools), 545	module abjad.tools.tietools), 558
get_spanners_covered_by_components() (in module ab-	group_overlapping_intervals_and_yield_groups() (in
jad.tools.spannertools), 545	module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 611
get_spanners_on_components_or_component_children()	group_tangent_or_overlapping_intervals_and_yield_groups()
(in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 545	(in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 611
get_spanners_that_cross_components() (in module ab-	Guitar (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 328
jad.tools.spannertools), 546	

HairpinSpanner (class in abjad.tools.psamnertools), 523 jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval attribute), 443 attribute), 443 attribute), 443 jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval attribute), 445 jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval attribute), 446 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class jad.tools.pirchtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_segment attribute), 448 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.NamedChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pirchtools.MelodicChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pirchtools, MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment jad.tools.pirchtools, MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment jad.tools.pirchtools, MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment jad.tools.pirchtools, 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pirchtools, 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pirchtools, 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pirchtools, 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pirchtools, 449 harmonic_chromatic_inte
harmonic_chromatic_interval
jad.tools pichtools. MelodicChromaticInterval attribute). 443 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval attribute). 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class harmonic_chromatic_interval_class jad.tools.pichtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval attribute). 448 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class harmonic_chromatic_interval_class harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_segment attribute). 448 harmonic_chromatic_interval_numbers jad.tools.pichtools.NamedChromaticIntervalSed_harmonic_diatonic_interval_segment attribute). 445 jad.tools.pichtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute). 445 jad.tools.pichtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute). 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSed_harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pichtools.yidal jad.tools.pichtools.yi
attribute), 443 harmonic_chromatic_interval (ab- harmonic_chromatic_interval (ab- harmonic_chromatic_interval (ab- harmonic_chromatic_interval (ab- harmonic_chromatic_interval (ab- harmonic_chromatic_interval (abs (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. HarmonicChromaticInterval attribute), 443 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. HarmonicChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 443 harmonic_chromatic_interval_numbers (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. HarmonicChromaticIntervalSeparmonic_diatonic_interval_segment attribute), 443 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 443 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. MarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. MarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. MarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. MarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools. MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment ja
harmonic_chromatic_interval (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MalodicDiatonicInterval attribute), 446 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval attribute), 443 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_numbers (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegnent attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegnent attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegnent attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegnent attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, 440 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, 440 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, 440 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, 440
attribute), 446 harmonic _chromatic_interval_class (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval attribute), 438 harmonic _chromatic_interval_class_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonic_chromaticIntervalSegmetharmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegmetharmonic_chromaticIntervalSegment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonicChromaticIntervalSegment (ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonicChromaticIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonicChromaticIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonicCounterpointInterval (class in ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonicCounterpointInterval (class in ab- jad.tools.piichtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmetharmonicCounterpointInterval (class in ab- jad.tools.piichtools.Me
attribute), 446 amonic chromatic interval_class (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticInterval jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticInterval jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticInterval jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticInterval jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 452 tharmonic_chromatic_interval_numbers (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 439 tharmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 441 jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtoo
harmonic_chromatic_interval_class (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval attribute), 438 harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.Pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 443 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.Pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment) attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, 440 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 440 harmonic_c
jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticInterval harmonic diatonic interval_numbers (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 443 harmonic_chromatic_interval_numbers (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSegMermonic_diatonic_interval_segment attribute), 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegMermonic_diatonic_interval_segment attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegMermonic_diatonic_interval_segment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment) jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 430 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 440 harmonic_ounterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools, 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitch
attribute), 438 ammonic_chromatic_interval_class_segment (ab- attribute), 452 attribute), 452 attribute), 447 attribute), 448 attribute), 448 attribute), 449
harmonic_chromatic_interval_class_segment
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegmerhlarmonic_diatonic_interval_segment
attribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_numbers (ab- attribute), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 454 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 446 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (ab- attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (ab- attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (ab- attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (ab- attribute), 441 harmonic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 440 harmonic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 440 harmonic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 441 harmonic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 440 harmonic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 440 harmonic_inter
jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSedarmonic_diatonic_interval_segment attribute), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment) harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment) harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (ab- jad.tools.pitchtool
attribute), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticIntervalSet harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_counterpoint_interval set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_counterpoint_interval set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_counterpoint_interval set jad.tools.pitchtools, 440 harmonic_c
attribute), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, MelodicChromaticIntervalSet attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, MelodicChromaticIntervalSet attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval attribute), 447 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 441 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 442 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 443 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 444 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 445 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 446
jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (abattribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abattribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_set (abattribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_set (abattribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_set (abattribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_
attribute), 441 jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 446 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 446 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 449 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 440 harm
attribute), 441 jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (abattribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 446 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abattribute), 447 Harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abattribute), 449 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abattribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abattribute), 446 harmonic_counter
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSeghitmonic_diatonic_intervals
attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set attribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_intervals attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_intervals (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, HarmonicChromaticInterval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 441 harmonic_ounterpoint_interval attribute), 445 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 441 harmonic_ounterpoint_interval attribute), 441 harmonic_ounterpoint_interval attribute), 441 harmonic_ounterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 441 harmonic_ounterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 harmonic_ounterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 harmonic_ounterpoint_i
attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment jad.tools.pitchtools), 438 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSet attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSet attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSet attribute), 449 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 441 harmonic_intervalSet attribute), 441 harmonic_intervalSet attribute), 445 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute, 441 harmonic_intervalSet attribute, 441 harmonic_intervalSet attribute, 445 harmonic_intervalSet attribute, 445 harmonic_intervalSet attribute, 445 harmonic_intervalSet attribute,
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegmHarmonicChromaticInterval (class in abuttribute), 447 harmonic_ehromatic_interval_segment (abuttribute), 452 harmonic_ehromatic_interval_set (abuttribute), 445 harmonic_ehromatic_interval_set (abuttribute), 441 harmonic_ehromatic_interval_set (abuttribute), 441 harmonic_ehromatic_interval_set (abuttribute), 441 harmonic_hromatic_interval_set (abuttribute), 441 harmonic_hromatic_interval_set (abuttribute), 445 harmonic_ehromatic_interval_set (abuttribute), 445 harmonic_ehromatic_interval_set (abuttribute), 445 harmonic_ehromatic_interval_set (abuttribute), 447 harmonic_ehromatic_interval (abuttribute), 439 harmonic_ehromatic_interval (abuttribute), 439 harmonic_ehromatic_interval (abuttribute), 439 harmonic_ehromatic_interval (abuttribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abuttribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abuttribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abuttribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in abuttribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abuttribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in abuttribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abuttribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in abuttribute), 446 harm
attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment attribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set attribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools), 438 jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 jad.tools.pitchtools, 438 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set jad.tools.pitchtools, 439 harmonic_chromatic_intervals jad.tools.pitchtools, 440 attribute), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval jad.tools.pitchtools, 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools), 4
attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_segment
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set
attribute), 452 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set
harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab-
jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 441 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSet attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 HarmonicCounterpointInterval (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 HarmonicCounterpointInterval (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 HarmonicCounterpointInterval (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicInterval (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441
harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab-
harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab-
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSet attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_chromatic_intervals (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_chromatic_intervals (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_chromatic_intervals (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_chromatic_intervals (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441
attribute), 445 harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_intervals
harmonic_chromatic_interval_set (ab-
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_intervals jad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_chromatic_intervals jad.tools.pitchtools), 439 HarmonicDiatonicInterval (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 440 attribute), 439 harmonic_counterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441
attribute), 447 harmonic_chromatic_intervals jad.tools.pitchtools), 439 harmonic_chromatic_intervals jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 attribute), 439 harmonic_counterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 441
harmonic_chromatic_intervals jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSet attribute), 439 harmonic_counterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 harmonic counterpoint_interval_class jad.tools.pitchtools), 441
jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 attribute), 439 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 441
attribute), 439 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClass (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, HarmonicDiatonicInterval attribute), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools, 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441
harmonic_counterpoint_interval (ab-
jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval attribute), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval attribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class (ab- harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClassSet (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441
jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 harmonic_counterpoint_interval jad.tools.pitchtools), 440 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441 attribute), 446 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet (class in abharmonic_counterpoint_interval_class (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class (abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441
harmonic_counterpoint_interval (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval attribute), 446 harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class (ab- harmonic_counterpoint_interval_class (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval attribute), 446 harmonic counterpoint interval class (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441 HarmonicDiatonicIntervalSet (class in ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441
attribute), 446 Harmonic Diatonic Interval Set (class in abharmonic counterpoint interval class (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441
harmonic counterpoint interval class (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 441
ind tools pitable of Harmonia Counterpoint Interval Class in abiad tools instrumenttools), 329
attribute) 439 has_none_of() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicChromaticIntervalClassVec
1 1) 400
narmonic_diatonic_interval
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval attribute), 446 has_spanning_cell_over_index() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray method),

has_spanning_cell_over_index() (ab- jad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow	integer_tempo_to_multiplier_tempo_pairs() (in module abjad.tools.tempotools), 703
method), 653 has_voice_crossing (ab-	integer_tempo_to_multiplier_tempo_pairs_report() (in module abjad.tools.tempotools), 704
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
jad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute),	integer_to_base_k_tuple() (in module ab-
650	jad.tools.mathtools), 634 integer_to_binary_string() (in module ab-
has_voice_crossing (ab-	
jad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn	jad.tools.mathtools), 634 interlace_sequences() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools),
attribute), 652 HeaderBlock (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools), 371	667
HiddenStaffSpanner (class in abjad.tools.nymetools),	
526	interpolate_cosine() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 635
tribute), 604	interpolate_divide() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 635
high (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree attribute), 605	interpolate_divide_multiple() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 635
high_max (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree attribute), 605	interpolate_exponential() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636
high_min (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree attribute), 605	interpolate_linear() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636
	IntervalTree (class in abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 605
	inventory_aggregate_subsets() (in module ab-
include_rests (abjad.tools.spannertools.HairpinSpanner	jad.tools.pitchtools), 479
attribute), 524	inventory_inversion_equivalent_diatonic_interval_classes()
increase_sequence_elements_at_indices_by_addenda()	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480
(in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 667	inversion (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass attribute),
increase_sequence_elements_cyclically_by_addenda()	709
(in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 667	inversion (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordQualityIndicator
index() (abjad.tools.containertools.Container method),	attribute), 710
265	inversion (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction at-
index() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow	tribute), 712
method), 653	inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class (ab-
index() (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method), 534	jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval
indices (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell	attribute), 446
attribute), 651	inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_numbers
inflection_point_count (ab-	(abjad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClas
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegme	ent attribute), 442 inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_segment
	(abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment
insert() (abjad.tools.containertools.Container method), 265	attribute), 452
$insert_and_transpose_nested_subruns_in_chromatic_pitch_$	enversion being lent chromatic interval class segment
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 478	(abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment
insert_component_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spanners	
(in module abjad.tools.containertools), 274	inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_set (ab-
insert_component_and_fracture_crossing_spanners() (in	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment
module abjad.tools.containertools), 275	attribute), 452
instantiate_pitch_and_interval_test_collection() (in mod-	inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_set (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet
ule abjad.tools.pitchtools), 478	
instrument_name (abjad.tools.contexttools.InstrumentMark	inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_vector
attribute), 300 InstrumentMark (class in abjad.tools.contexttools), 300	(abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment
integer_equivalent_number_to_integer() (in module ab-	attribute), 452
jad.tools.mathtools), 634	inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_class_vector
junitooisiinuuttoois), oo i	(abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet

attribute), 459	s_braced (abjad.tools.markuptools.MarkupCommand at-
inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes (ab-	tribute), 390
jad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromatici attribute), 442	IsntehvolfdatissSpitch_class_name() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480
	is_chromatic_pitch_class_name_octave_number_pair()
jad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentChromatic	
	s_chromatic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab-
inversion_equivalent_diatonic_interval_class_segment	jad.tools.pitchtools), 481
(abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClasi	
attribute), 451	jad.tools.pitchtools), 481
inversion_equivalent_diatonic_interval_class_vector (ab-	
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSe attribute), 451	
	is_component_with_beam_spanner_attached() (in mod- ule abjad.tools.spannertools), 548
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClass (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441	
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSegment	is_component_with_context_mark_attached() (in module abjad.tools.contexttools), 314
•	is_component_with_lilypond_command_mark_attached()
(class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 441 inversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassSet (class in	(in module abjad.tools.marktools), 387
·	is_component_with_spanner_attached() (in module ab-
InversionEquivalentChromaticIntervalClassVector (class	jad.tools.spannertools), 548
	is_component_with_tie_spanner_attached() (in module
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClass (class in ab-	abjad.tools.tietools), 559
•	is_component_with_time_signature_mark_attached() (in
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassSegment (class	module abjad.tools.contexttools), 315
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	is_congruent_base() (ab-
InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassVector (class in	jad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClassExpression
abjad.tools.pitchtools), 443	method), 703
InversionIndicator (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 710 i	is_contained_by_interval() (ab-
inversionIndicator (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 710 iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	
$invert () \ (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Harmonic Diatonic Interval Classical C$	jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalCla method), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClai method), 457	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 ss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalCla method), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla method), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 sss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval sssSegmentnethod), 604
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalCla method), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla method), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla method), 458	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 ss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalCla method), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClaimethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClaimethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClaimethod).	iss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 iss_container_of_interval() (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalCla method), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla method), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla method), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla method), 460	iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssScontainer_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenmethod), 604 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute),	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 ss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmentnethod), 604 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 ss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmentnethod), 604 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 ss_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab-
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module ab-	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 ss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 ss_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 ss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 ss_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 ss_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab-
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools)	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 is_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 is_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 ss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 ss_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 ss_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 ss_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab-
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools),	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 ss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 ss_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 ss_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 ss_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 ss_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590	iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval iss_Segmentnethod), 604 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn issSet attribute), 652 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 iss_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 iss_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590 is_augmentation (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute),	ss jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 ss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 ss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 is_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 is_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590 is_augmentation (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570	iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval iss_Segmenthethod), 604 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn iss_Set attribute), 652 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 iss_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 iss_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- iss_diatonic_qualit
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590 is_augmentation (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570 is_bar_line_crossing_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.abjad.tools.abjad.tools.tuplettools.abjad.to	iss_ jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval issSegmenthethod), 604 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn issSet attribute), 652 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 is_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 is_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590 is_augmentation (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570 is_bar_line_crossing_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 347	iss_ jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval issSegmenthethod), 604 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn issSet attribute), 652 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 is_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 is_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diminution (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute),
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590 is_augmentation (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570 is_bar_line_crossing_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 347 is_beamable_component() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 347 is_beamable_component() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools)	iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn issSet attribute), 652 is_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 is_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 is_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diminution (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590 is_augmentation (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570 is_bar_line_crossing_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 347 is_beamable_component() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 234	iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval iss_Segmenthethod), 604 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn issSet attribute), 652 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 is_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 iss_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 is_diminution (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570 is_dotted_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools),
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590 is_augmentation (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570 is_bar_line_crossing_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 347 is_beamable_component() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 234 is_binary (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute),	iss_container_of_interval() (ab- iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 is_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 iss_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590 is_augmentation (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570 is_bar_line_crossing_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 347 is_beamable_component() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 234 is_binary (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute), 395	iss_ jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval method), 604 iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval issSegmenthethod), 604 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn issSet attribute), 652 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 iss_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 iss_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 570 iss_dotted_integer() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 591
invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervalClamethod), 440 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 457 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 458 invert() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClamethod), 460 is_adjusted (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437 is_alphabetic_accidental_abbreviation() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 480 is_assignable_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 636 is_assignable_rational() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 590 is_augmentation (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570 is_bar_line_crossing_leaf() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 347 is_beamable_component() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 234 is_binary (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute), 395	iss_container_of_interval() (ab- iss_container_of_interval() (ab- jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval ssSegmenthethod), 604 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn ssSet attribute), 652 iss_defective (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653 is_diatonic_pitch_class_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 481 iss_diatonic_pitch_class_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_name() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_pitch_number() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482 iss_diatonic_quality_abbreviation() (in module ab- jad.tools.pitchtools), 482

jad.tools.contexttools.DynamicMark static	is_nonnegative_integer_power_of_two() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 639
method), 299 is_empty (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.SuspensionIndicator	is_octave_tick_string() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 483
attribute), 712	is_orphan_component() (in module ab-
is_equivalent_under_transposition() (ab-	jad.tools.componenttools), 234
= 1	eignocetrfull (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute),
is_first_in_row (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell	is_overlapped_by_interval() (ab-
attribute), 651	jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval
is_full (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute), 395	method), 604
is_hairpin_shape_string() (ab-	is_parallel (abjad.tools.containertools.Container at-
jad.tools.spannertools.HairpinSpanner static	tribute), 265
method), 525	is_passing_tone() (in module abjad.tools.tonalitytools),
is_harmonic_diatonic_interval_abbreviation() (in module	717
abjad.tools.pitchtools), 483	is_permutation() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 669
is_in_range (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow	is_pitch_carrier() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 483
attribute), 653	is_pitch_class_unique (ab-
is_integer_equivalent_number() (in module ab-	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSet
jad.tools.mathtools), 638	attribute), 453
· ·	is_positive_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools),
is_last_in_row (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell	639
attribute), 651	is_positive_integer_equivalent_number() (in module ab-
is_lilypond_duration_name() (in module ab-	jad.tools.mathtools), 640
jad.tools.durtools), 592	is_proper_tuplet_multiplier() (in module ab-
is_lilypond_duration_string() (in module ab-	jad.tools.tuplettools), 574
jad.tools.durtools), 592	is_rectangular (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray at-
is_lilypond_rest_string() (in module ab-	tribute), 650
jad.tools.resttools), 498	is_repetition_free_sequence() (in module ab-
is_melodic_diatonic_interval_abbreviation() (in module	jad.tools.seqtools), 669
abjad.tools.pitchtools), 483	is_restricted_growth_function() (in module ab-
is_meter_with_equivalent_binary_representation() (in	jad.tools.seqtools), 670
module abjad.tools.metertools), 649	is_strictly_decreasing_sequence() (in module ab-
is_monotonically_decreasing_sequence() (in module ab-	jad.tools.seqtools), 670
jad.tools.seqtools), 668	is_strictly_increasing_sequence() (in module ab-
is_monotonically_increasing_sequence() (in module ab-	jad.tools.seqtools), 671
jad.tools.seqtools), 668	is_tangent_to_interval() (ab-
is_named_chromatic_pitch_token() (in module ab-	jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval
jad.tools.pitchtools), 483	method), 604
	is_tertian (abjad.tools.pitchtools.InversionEquivalentDiatonicIntervalClassS
638	attribute), 443
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	is_tie_chain() (in module abjad.tools.tietools), 560
716	is_tie_chain_with_all_leaves_in_same_parent() (in mod-
is_nonbinary (abjad.tools.contexttools.TimeSignatureMark	ule abjad.tools.tietools), 560
attribute), 305	is_transposed_subset() (ab-
is_nonbinary (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute), 396	jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet method), 460
is_nonbinary (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute),	- I - I - V
570	jad. tools. Pitch tools. Numbered Chromatic Pitch Class Set
is_nonnegative_integer() (in module ab-	method), 460
jad.tools.mathtools), 638	is_trivial (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570
is_nonnegative_integer_equivalent_number() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 639	is_underfull (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute), 396

is_unlikely_melodic_diatonic_interval_in_chorale() (in module abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 717	iterate_notes_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.notetools), 429
is_uppercase (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.QualityIndicator attribute), 711	· ·
is_valid_beatspan() (in module abjad.tools.quantizationtools), 735	iterate_rests_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.resttools), 498
is_well_formed_component() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 234	iterate_rests_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.resttools), 499
iterate_chords_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.chordtools), 207	iterate_scores_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.scoretools), 509
iterate_chords_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.chordtools), 207	iterate_scores_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.scoretools), 510
iterate_components_and_grace_containers_forward_in_exp	pi(erate_semantic_voices_backward_in_expr() (in module
(in module abjad.tools.gracetools), 320 iterate_components_backward_in_expr() (in module ab- jad.tools.componenttools), 235	abjad.tools.voicetools), 582 iterate_semantic_voices_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.voicetools), 583
iterate_components_backward_in_spanner() (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 548	iterate_sequence_cyclically() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 672
iterate_components_depth_first() (in module ab- jad.tools.componenttools), 236	iterate_sequence_cyclically_from_start_to_stop() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 672
iterate_components_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 236	iterate_sequence_forward_and_backward_nonoverlapping() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 673
iterate_components_forward_in_spanner() (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 549	iterate_sequence_forward_and_backward_overlapping() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 673
iterate_containers_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 275	iterate_sequence_nwise_cyclic() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 673
iterate_containers_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 276	iterate_sequence_nwise_strict() (in module ab- jad.tools.seqtools), 674
iterate_contexts_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.contexttools), 315	iterate_sequence_nwise_wrapped() (in module ab- jad.tools.seqtools), 674
iterate_contexts_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.contexttools), 316	iterate_sequence_pairwise_cyclic() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 674
iterate_leaf_pairs_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 348	iterate_sequence_pairwise_strict() (in module ab- jad.tools.seqtools), 674
iterate_leaves_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 349	iterate_sequence_pairwise_wrapped() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 675
iterate_leaves_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 350	iterate_skips_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.skiptools), 513
iterate_measures_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 412	iterate_skips_forward_in_expr() (in module ab- jad.tools.skiptools), 514
iterate_measures_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 413	iterate_staves_backward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.stafftools), 555
iterate_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_forward_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 484	iterate_staves_forward_in_expr() (in module ab- jad.tools.stafftools), 555
iterate_namesakes_backward_from_component() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 237	iterate_thread_backward_from_component() (in module abjad.tools.threadtools), 705
iterate_namesakes_forward_from_component() (in mod- ule abjad.tools.componenttools), 238	iterate_thread_backward_in_expr() (in module ab- jad.tools.threadtools), 706
$iterate_notes_and_chords_backward_in_expr() \ (in \ mod-$	iterate_thread_forward_from_component() (in module
ule abjad.tools.leaftools), 351 iterate_notes_and_chords_forward_in_expr() (in module	abjad.tools.threadtools), 707 iterate_thread_forward_in_expr() (in module ab-
abjad.tools.leaftools), 351 iterate_notes_and_chords_in_expr_outside_traditional_inst	
(in module abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 335	jad.tools.tietools), 560

```
label leaves in expr with melodic counterpoint interval classes()
iterate tie chains forward in expr() (in module ab-
         jad.tools.tietools), 561
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 354
iterate timeline backward from component() (in mod-
                                                          label leaves in expr with melodic counterpoint intervals()
          ule abjad.tools.componenttools), 239
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 355
iterate timeline backward in expr() (in module ab-
                                                          label leaves in expr with melodic diatonic interval classes()
         jad.tools.componenttools), 240
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 355
iterate timeline forward from component() (in module
                                                          label leaves in expr with melodic diatonic intervals()
          abjad.tools.componenttools), 241
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 356
iterate timeline forward in expr()
                                     (in
                                          module
                                                     ab-
                                                          label leaves in expr with pitch class numbers()
                                                                                                                (in
         jad.tools.componenttools), 241
                                                                    module abjad.tools.leaftools), 356
iterate_topmost_tie_chains_and_components_forward_in_ekatr@leaves_in_expr_with_pitch_numbers() (in module
          (in module abjad.tools.tietools), 562
                                                                    abjad.tools.leaftools), 357
iterate_tuplets_backward_in_expr()
                                                          label_leaves_in_expr_with_prolated_leaf_duration()
                                           module
                                                     ab-
                                                                    module abjad.tools.leaftools), 357
         jad.tools.tuplettools), 575
iterate_tuplets_forward_in_expr()
                                    (in
                                          module
                                                     ab-
                                                          label_leaves_in_expr_with_tuplet_depth() (in module ab-
         jad.tools.tuplettools), 575
                                                                    jad.tools.leaftools), 357
iterate_vertical_moments_backward_in_expr() (in mod-
                                                          label_leaves_in_expr_with_written_leaf_duration()
                                                                                                                (in
          ule abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 722
                                                                    module abjad.tools.leaftools), 358
iterate_vertical_moments_forward_in_expr() (in module
                                                          label_notes_in_expr_with_note_indices() (in module ab-
          abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 723
                                                                    jad.tools.notetools), 431
iterate_voices_backward_in_expr()
                                     (in
                                           module
                                                     ab-
                                                          label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_prolated_tie_chain_duration()
         jad.tools.voicetools), 584
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.tietools), 562
iterate_voices_forward_in_expr()
                                                          label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_tie_chain_durations() (in
                                    (in
                                          module
                                                     ab-
         jad.tools.voicetools), 584
                                                                    module abjad.tools.tietools), 563
                                                          label_tie_chains_in_expr_with_written_tie_chain_duration()
J
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.tietools), 563
                                                          label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_chromatic_interval_classes()
join_subsequences_by_sign_of_subsequence_elements()
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 724
          (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 675
                                                          label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_chromatic_intervals()
K
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 725
                                                          label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_counterpoint_intervals()
key_signature (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale attribute),
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 726
                                                          label_vertical_moments_in_expr_with_diatonic_intervals()
KeySignatureMark (class in abjad.tools.contexttools),
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 726
                                                          label vertical moments in expr with interval class vectors()
kind (abjad.tools.gracetools.Grace attribute), 319
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 727
      (abjad.tools.spannertools.PianoPedalSpanner at-
                                                          label vertical moments in expr with numbered chromatic pitch classes
          tribute), 531
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 728
                                                          label vertical moments in expr with pitch numbers()
ı
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.verticalitytools), 729
label_leaves_in_expr_with_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes() LayoutBlock (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools), 371
          (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 352
                                                          leading_tone (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale attribute),
label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_depth() (in module ab-
         jad.tools.leaftools), 352
                                                          leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_n_notes_of_equal_written_duration()
label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_durations() (in module
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 358
         abjad.tools.leaftools), 353
                                                          leaf_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions() (in mod-
label leaves in expr with leaf indices() (in module ab-
                                                                    ule abjad.tools.leaftools), 359
         jad.tools.leaftools), 353
                                                          leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_n_notes_of_equal_written_duration()
label_leaves_in_expr_with_leaf_numbers() (in module
                                                                    (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 359
          abjad.tools.leaftools), 353
leaf_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions() (in mod-label_leaves_in_expr_with_melodic_chromatic_interval_classes()
                                                                    ule abjad.tools.leaftools), 359
          (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 354
                                                          least_common_multiple()
                                                                                                  module
                                                                                                                ab-
label leaves in expr with melodic chromatic intervals()
                                                                    jad.tools.mathtools), 640
          (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 354
```

```
least_multiple_greater_equal()
                                                                                                                   list_prolated_durations_of_leaves_in_expr() (in module
                                                                                  module
                   jad.tools.mathtools), 640
                                                                                                                                        abjad.tools.leaftools), 360
least power of two greater equal() (in module
                                                                                                                    list time signatures of measures in expr() (in module
                                                                                                        ab-
                   jad.tools.mathtools), 641
                                                                                                                                       abjad.tools.measuretools), 414
                (abjad.tools.containertools.Container attribute),
                                                                                                                    list_unordered_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_in_expr()
                                                                                                                                       (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 489
leaves (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner attribute), 535
                                                                                                                    list written durations of leaves in expr() (in module
leaves (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment at-
                                                                                                                                        abjad.tools.leaftools), 360
                    tribute), 719
                                                                                                                    local_maxima (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment
LilyFile (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools), 371
                                                                                                                                       attribute), 452
lilypond_duration_string_to_rational() (in module ab-
                                                                                                                    local_minima (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment
                   jad.tools.durtools), 593
                                                                                                                                       attribute), 452
lilypond_duration_string_to_rational_list() (in module
                                                                                                                    log() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 619
                   abjad.tools.durtools), 593
                                                                                                                    lone (abjad.tools.spannertools.ComplexBeamSpanner at-
LilyPondCommandMark (class in abjad.tools.marktools),
                                                                                                                                       tribute), 518
                    377
                                                                                                                    low
                                                                                                                                           (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval
LilyPondLanguageToken
                                                               (class
                                                                                                         ab-
                                                                                                                                        attribute), 604
                                                                                       in
                   jad.tools.lilyfiletools), 373
                                                                                                                    low (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree attribute),
LilyPondVersionToken (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools),
                                                                                                                    low max (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree at-
              (abjad.tools.spannertools.StaffLinesSpanner
                                                                                                                                       tribute), 605
lines
                                                                                                          at-
                   tribute), 536
                                                                                                                    low min
                                                                                                                                                    (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree
list_abjad_environment_variables()
                                                                         (in module
                                                                                                                                       attribute), 606
                                                                                                         ab-
                                                                                                                    ly() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 619
                   jad.tools.cfgtools), 586
list abjad templates() (in module abjad.tools.cfgtools),
list_badly_formed_components_in_expr() (in module ab-
                                                                                                                    magnitude (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval
                   jad.tools.componenttools), 242
                                                                                                                                       attribute), 604
list_chromatic_pitch_numbers_in_expr() (in module ab-
                                                                                                                    magnitude (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.IntervalTree at-
                   jad.tools.pitchtools), 485
                                                                                                                                       tribute), 606
list_harmonic_chromatic_intervals_in_expr() (in module
                                                                                                                    make_accelerating_notes_with_lilypond_multipliers()
                   abjad.tools.pitchtools), 485
                                                                                                                                        (in module abjad.tools.notetools), 432
list_harmonic_diatonic_intervals_in_expr() (in module
                                                                                                                    make_all_notes_in_ascending_and_descending_diatonic_scale()
                   abjad.tools.pitchtools), 485
                                                                                                                                        (in module abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 717
list\_improper\_contents\_of\_component\_that\_cross\_prolated\_roffset augmented\_tuplet\_from\_duration\_and\_proportions\_and\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_component\_that\_cross\_prolated\_roffset augmented\_tuplet\_from\_duration\_and\_proportions\_and\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_component\_that\_cross\_prolated\_roffset augmented\_tuplet\_from\_duration\_and\_proportions\_and\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_component\_that\_cross\_prolated\_roffset augmented\_tuplet\_from\_duration\_and\_proportions\_and\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_component\_that\_cross\_prolated\_roffset augmented\_tuplet\_from\_duration\_and\_proportions\_and\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_cross\_prolated\_roffset augmented\_tuplet\_from\_duration\_and\_proportions\_and\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_cross\_prolated\_roffset augmented\_tuplet\_from\_duration\_and\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_cross\_prolated\_roffset augmented\_tuplet\_from\_duration\_and\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_cross\_prolated\_roffset augmented\_tuplet\_from\_duration\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_cross\_prolated\_from\_duration\_avoid\_avoid\_dots(total) and the contents_of\_cross\_prolated\_from\_duration\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avoid\_avo
                    (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 243
                                                                                                                                        (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 576
list_inversion_equivalent_chromatic_interval_classes_pairwisakbetweenernitehtusateiten_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_
                    (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 486
                                                                                                                                        (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 577
list_leftmost_components_with_prolated_duration_at_most(hake_basic_lily_file()
                                                                                                                                                                                                 module
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ab-
                    (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 244
                                                                                                                                       jad.tools.lilyfiletools), 374
list\_melodic\_chromatic\_interval\_numbers\_pairwise\_betweeparticbie\_arriver(d\_page\_number\_markup()) \ (in module the list\_melodic\_chromatic\_interval\_numbers\_pairwise\_betweeparticbie\_arriver(d\_page\_numbers\_markup()) \ (in module the list\_melodic\_chromatic\_interval\_numbers\_particbie\_arriver(d\_page\_numbers\_markup()) \ (in module the list\_melodic\_chromatic\_interval\_numbers\_markup()) \ (in module the list\_melodic\_interval\_numbers\_markup()) \ (i
                    (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 487
                                                                                                                                        abjad.tools.markuptools), 391
list_named_chromatic_pitch_carriers_in_expr_sorted_by_numbered_chromatic_bcislass()
                                                                                                                                                                                                        module
                   (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 487
                                                                                                                                       jad.tools.spannertools), 549
list_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr() (in module ab-
                                                                                                                    make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_avoid_dots
                   jad.tools.pitchtools), 488
                                                                                                                                        (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 577
list_nonspanning_subarrays_of_pitch_array() (in module
                                                                                                                    make_diminished_tuplet_from_duration_and_proportions_and_encourage_
                   abjad.tools.pitcharraytools), 654
                                                                                                                                        (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 578
list_numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes_in_expr()
                                                                                                          (in
                                                                                                                    make_dynamic_spanner_below_with_nib_at_right()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              (in
                    module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 488
                                                                                                                                       module abjad.tools.spannertools), 550
list\_octave\_transpositions\_of\_pitch\_carrier\_within\_pitch\_ranseO\_empty\_piano\_score()
                                                                                                                                                                                                    module
                                                                                                                                                                                    (in
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ab-
                   (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 488
                                                                                                                                       jad.tools.scoretools), 510
list_ordered_named_chromatic_pitch_pairs_from_expr_1_tonaxpre2npty_pitch_array_from_list_of_pitch_lists()
                    (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 488
                                                                                                                                       module abjad.tools.pitcharraytools), 655
```

make first n notes in ascending diatonic scale() module abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 718 make invisible staff() (in module abjad.tools.stafftools), 556 make leaves() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 360 make leaves from note value signal() (in module abiad.tools.leaftools), 361 make_measures_with_full_measure_spacer_skips() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 415 make_monophonic_percussion_score_from_nonoverlapping_intervals(b)jad.tools.tuplettools), 578 (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 612 make_multi_measure_rests() module (in abjad.tools.resttools), 499 make_n_middle_c_centered_pitches() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 489 make_notes() (in module abjad.tools.notetools), 432 make_notes_with_multiplied_durations() (in module abjad.tools.notetools), 433 make_percussion_note() module (in abjad.tools.notetools), 433 make_piano_score_from_leaves() (in module abjad.tools.scoretools), 510 make_piano_sketch_score_from_leaves() (in module abiad.tools.scoretools), 511 make pitch array score from pitch arrays() (in module abjad.tools.scoretools), 512 make_polyphonic_percussion_score_from_nonoverlapping_rnesk()intervals_with_intervals() (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 612 make_populated_pitch_array_from_list_of_pitch_lists() (in module abjad.tools.pitcharraytools), 656 make_quarter_notes_with_lilypond_multipliers() module abjad.tools.notetools), 433 make_repeated_notes() (in module abjad.tools.notetools), make repeated notes from time signature() (in module abjad.tools.notetools), 434 make repeated notes from time signatures() (in module abjad.tools.notetools), 435 make_repeated_notes_with_shorter_notes_at_end() module abjad.tools.notetools), 435 make repeated rests from time signature() (in module abjad.tools.resttools), 500 make repeated rests from time signatures() (in module abjad.tools.resttools), 500 make_repeated_skips_from_time_signature() (in module abjad.tools.skiptools), 514 make_repeated_skips_from_time_signatures() (in module abjad.tools.skiptools), 514 make_rests() (in module abjad.tools.resttools), 500 make_rhythmic_sketch_staff() module abjad.tools.stafftools), 556 make_skips_with_multiplied_durations() (in module ab-

jad.tools.skiptools), 515

- make solid text spanner above with nib at right() (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 550
- make solid text spanner below with nib at right() (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 551
- make spacing vector() (in module abjad.tools.layouttools), 624
- make spanner schema() (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 552
- make_tuplet_from_proportions_and_pair() (in module
- map_sequence_elements_to_canonic_tuples() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 675
- map sequence elements to numbered sublists() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 676
- Marimba (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 329
- mark (abjad.tools.spannertools.DynamicTextSpanner attribute), 522
- Mark (class in abjad.tools.marktools), 378
- markup (abjad.tools.markuptools.MarkupCommand attribute), 390
- markup (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass attribute),
- (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction markup attribute), 712
- Markup (class in abjad.tools.markuptools), 388
- MarkupCommand (class in abjad.tools.markuptools), 389
- (in module jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 612
- matches_cell() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell method), 651
- Matrix (class in abjad.tools.seqtools), 659
- Measure (class in abjad.tools.measuretools), 395
- measure_number (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute), 396
- MeasuredComplexBeamSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 526
- measures (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment attribute), 719
- mediant (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale attribute), 711
- melodic_chromatic_interval (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval attribute), 446
- melodic chromatic interval class jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval attribute), 444
- melodic_chromatic_interval_class_segment (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 445
- melodic_chromatic_interval_class_segment jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment attribute), 452
- melodic_chromatic_interval_class_vector jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment attribute), 445

melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers (ab jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval	- MelodicChromaticInterval (class in ab- Segment jad.tools.pitchtools), 443
attribute), 445	MelodicChromaticIntervalClass (class in ab-
melodic_chromatic_interval_numbers (ab	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Set MelodicChromaticIntervalClassSegment (class in ab-
attribute), 445	jad.tools.pitchtools), 444
	- MelodicChromaticIntervalClassVector (class in ab-
jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervals	
attribute), 441	MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment (class in ab-
melodic_chromatic_interval_segment (ab	e \
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSe	* *
attribute), 447	jad.tools.pitchtools), 445
	- MelodicCounterpointInterval (class in ab-
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSeg	
attribute), 452	MelodicCounterpointIntervalClass (class in ab-
melodic_chromatic_interval_set (ab	
	t MelodicDiatonicInterval (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools),
attribute), 447	446
	- MelodicDiatonicIntervalClass (class in ab-
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticInterval	
attribute), 445	MelodicDiatonicIntervalSegment (class in ab-
melodic_counterpoint_interval (ab	e ·
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval	MelodicDiatonicIntervalSet (class in ab-
attribute), 446	jad.tools.pitchtools), 447
melodic_counterpoint_interval_class (ab	•
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicCounterpointInterv	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
attribute), 446	meter_to_binary_meter() (in module ab-
melodic_diatonic_interval_ascending (ab	
jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval	meters (abjad.tools.spannertools.MetricGridSpanner at-
attribute), 440	tribute), 528
melodic_diatonic_interval_class (ab	
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval	527
attribute), 446	middle_c_position (abjad.tools.contexttools.ClefMark at-
melodic_diatonic_interval_class_segment (ab	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	men W lidiBlock (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools), 373
attribute), 452	millisecond_pitch_pairs_to_q_events() (in module ab-
melodic_diatonic_interval_descending (ab	
	milliseconds_to_q_events() (in module ab-
attribute), 440	jad.tools.quantizationtools), 735
melodic_diatonic_interval_numbers (ab	
jad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicIntervalSe	
attribute), 447	373
**	- mode (abjad.tools.contexttools.KeySignatureMark
jad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicIntervals	
attribute), 441	Mode (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 711
	- mode_name_string (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Mode at-
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSeg	
attribute), 452	modulo (abjad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClass attribute),
melodic_diatonic_interval_segment (ab	
jad.tools.tonalitytools.Mode attribute), 711	move_component_subtree_to_right_in_immediate_parent_of_component()
melodic_diatonic_intervals (ab	
	et move_measure_prolation_to_full_measure_tuplet() (in
attribute), 447	module abjad.tools.measuretools), 415
/,	

move_parentage_and_spanners_from_components_to_components_to_components_to_spanners_from_components_to_spanners_fr	praments(r)ing (abjad.tools.marktools.Articulation tribute), 376	at-
move_parentage_children_and_spanners_from_components (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 277	snamenspingc(altipider())ls.pitchtools.Accidental attribution	ıte),
move_prolation_of_full_measure_tuplet_to_meter_of_meas (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 416		lead
move_prolation_of_tuplet_to_contents_of_tuplet_and_remo (in module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 579		(ab-
move_spanners_from_component_to_children_of_component		
	named_chromatic_pitch_and_clef_to_staff_position_ (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 489	number()
MultipartBeamSpanner (class in ab-	named_chromatic_pitch_class	(ab-
jad.tools.spannertools), 529	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch	
multiplied_duration (ab-	attribute), 449	
jad.tools.tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet	named_chromatic_pitch_class	(ab-
attribute), 569	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch	
multiplied_duration (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet	attribute), 455	
		(ab-
multiplier (abjad.tools.contexttools.TimeSignatureMark attribute), 305	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchCattribute), 451	ClassSegment
multiplier (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute), 396	jad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale method), 711	(ab-
multiplier (abjad.tools.tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet		(ab-
attribute), 569	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchS	Segment
multiplier (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570	attribute), 452	
$multiply () \ (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Numbered Chromatic Pitchtools. Numbered Chromatic Pit$		(ab-
method), 457	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchC	ClassSegment
multiply() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch	_	
	1 _	(ab-
multiply() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch method), 460	attribute), 451	
multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr() (in module ab-		(ab-
jad.tools.measuretools), 416	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchS	Segment
multiply_contents_of_measures_in_expr_and_scale_meter_		
multiply_duration_pair() (in module ab-	named_chromatic_pitch_tokens_to_named_chromatic_in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 490	
		(ab-
multiply_duration_pair_and_reduce_factors() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 593	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSattribute), 452	
multiply_duration_pair_and_try_to_preserve_numerator()		(ab-
(in module abjad.tools.durtools), 594 music (abjad.tools.containertools.Container attribute),	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSattribute), 452	Segment
266	*	(ab-
N	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSattribute), 453	Set
name (abjad.tools.contexttools.KeySignatureMark		(ab-
attribute), 301 name (abjad.tools.marktools.Annotation attribute), 375	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchVattribute), 453	/ector
name (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ExtentIndicator attribute), 710	named_chromatic_pitches_to_harmonic_chromatic_i (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 490	nterval_class_number
name (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.InversionIndicator attribute), 710	named_chromatic_pitches_to_inversion_equivalent_c (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 490	hromatic_interval_cla
		(ab-

attribute), 449		note_head (abjad.tools.notetools.Note attribute), 426
named_diatonic_pitch	(ab-	note_heads (abjad.tools.chordtools.Chord attribute), 202
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch	h	NoteHead (class in abjad.tools.notetools), 427
attribute), 462	. 1	notes (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment at-
<u> •</u>	(ab-	tribute), 719
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch		notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_on_expected_clefs() (in
attribute), 449	. 1	module abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 335
	(ab-	notes_and_chords_in_expr_are_within_traditional_instrument_ranges()
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch		(in module abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 336
attribute), 455	(. 1 .	number (abjad.tools.schemetools.SchemeNumber at-
<u> •</u>	(ab-	
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch	11	number (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ExtentIndicator at-
attribute), 462	(ab	tribute), 710
<u> •</u>		· · ·
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch attribute), 462	nciass	
	o1a)	number (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ScaleDegree attribute), 712
NamedChromaticPitch (class in abjad.tools.pitchto	018),	,
NamedChromaticPitchClass (class in	ab-	number_is_between_prolated_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 246
jad.tools.pitchtools), 450	au-	number_is_between_start_and_stop_offsets_of_component_in_seconds()
NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment (class in	ab-	(in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 246
jad.tools.pitchtools), 451	au-	
NamedChromaticPitchClassSet (class in	ab-	numbered_chromatic_pitch (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch
jad.tools.pitchtools), 451	au-	attribute), 449
NamedChromaticPitchSegment (class in	ab-	
jad.tools.pitchtools), 452	au-	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch
NamedChromaticPitchSet (class in	ab-	attribute), 455
jad.tools.pitchtools), 453	ao	numbered_chromatic_pitch_class (ab-
NamedChromaticPitchVector (class in	ab-	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch
jad.tools.pitchtools), 453	uo	attribute), 449
NamedDiatonicPitch (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools),	453	
NamedDiatonicPitchClass (class in	ab-	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClass
jad.tools.pitchtools), 456	uo	attribute), 450
NaturalHarmonic (class in abjad.tools.notetools), 425	5	numbered_chromatic_pitch_class (ab-
negate_absolute_value_of_sequence_elements_at_ine		
(in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 676		attribute), 455
negate_absolute_value_of_sequence_elements_cyclic	cally()	
		jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment
negate_sequence_elements_at_indices() (in module		attribute), 451
jad.tools.seqtools), 677		numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_segment (ab-
negate_sequence_elements_cyclically() (in module	ab-	jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment
jad.tools.seqtools), 677		attribute), 452
next (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell	at-	numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set (ab-
tribute), 651		jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment
next (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGrid attribute),	731	attribute), 451
next_integer_partition() (in module	ab-	numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set (ab-
jad.tools.mathtools), 642		jad. tools. Pitch tools. Named Chromatic Pitch Class Set
	(ab-	attribute), 452
jad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment		numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set (ab-
attribute), 719		jad. tools. pitch tools. Named Chromatic Pitch Segment
	(ab-	attribute), 452
jad.tools.layouttools.SpacingIndication	at-	numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set (ab-
tribute), 624		jad. tools. pitch tools. Named Chromatic Pitch Set
Note (class in abjad.tools.notetools), 425		attribute), 453

numbered_chromatic_pitch_class_set (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClaattribute), 458	numeric_seconds_to_escaped_clock_string() (in module assSegmentabjad.tools.durtools), 594
numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes (ab-	0
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassS	Segment class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 330
attribute), 451	OctavationSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools),
numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes (ab-	529
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSet	octave_number (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch
attribute), 453	attribute), 450
numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes (ab-	octave number to octave tick string() (in module ab-
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla	issSet jad.tools.pitchtools), 491
attribute), 460	octave_tick_string_to_octave_number() (in module ab-
numbered_chromatic_pitch_classes (ab-	iad.tools.pitchtools), 491
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla	assiffsetor(abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QEvent attribute),
attribute), 461	729
numbered_diatonic_pitch (ab-	offset (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner attribute), 535
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch	Offset (class in abjad.tools.durtools), 587
attribute), 450	offsets (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGrid attribute),
numbered_diatonic_pitch (ab-	731
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch	offsets (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridSearchTree
attribute), 455	attribute), 734
numbered_diatonic_pitch_class (ab-	OmissionIndicator (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 711
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitch	operator (abjad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClassExpression
attribute), 450	attribute), 703
numbered_diatonic_pitch_class (ab-	order_by() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSet
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitch	method), 452
attribute), 455	ordered_chromatic_pitch_class_numbers_are_within_ordered_chromatic_p
numbered_diatonic_pitch_class (ab-	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 491
jad.tools.pitchtools.NamedDiatonicPitchClass	overlap_components (ab-
attribute), 456	jad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
numbered_diatonic_pitch_class (ab-	attribute), 719
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedDiatonicPitch	overlap_leaves (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
attribute), 462	attribute), 719
NumberedChromaticPitch (class in ab-	overlap_measures (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
jad.tools.pitchtools), 456	attribute), 720
NumberedChromaticPitchClass (class in ab-	overlap_notes (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
jad.tools.pitchtools), 457	attribute), 720
NumberedChromaticPitchClassColorMap (class in ab-	override (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner attribute), 535
jad.tools.pitchtools), 457	overwrite_sequence_elements_at_indices() (in module
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment (class in ab-	abjad.tools.seqtools), 677
jad.tools.pitchtools), 458	abjad.toois.seqtoois), or r
NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet (class in ab-	P
jad.tools.pitchtools), 459	
NumberedChromaticPitchClassVector (class in ab-	pad_measures_in_expr_with_rests() (in module ab-
jad.tools.pitchtools), 461	jad.tools.measuretools), 417
NumberedDiatonicPitch (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools),	pad_measures_in_expr_with_skips() (in module ab-
461	jad.tools.measuretools), 419
NumberedDiatonicPitchClass (class in ab-	pad_to_depth() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray
jad.tools.pitchtools), 462	method), 650
numerator (abjad.tools.contexttools.TimeSignatureMark	pad_to_width() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray
attribute), 306	method), 650
numeric_seconds_to_clock_string() (in module ab-	pad_to_width() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow
jad.tools.durtools), 594	method), 653
J	pairs (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassColorMap
	attribute) 458

```
PaperBlock (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools), 373
                                                                              partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_exactly_without_overh
parent_array (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell
                                                                                           (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 250
                                                                              partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_ge_with_overhang()
             attribute), 651
parent_array (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn
                                                                                           (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 250
                                                                              partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_overhang(
             attribute), 652
parent array (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow
                                                                                           (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 251
             attribute), 653
                                                                              partition components once by prolated durations le with overhang()
parent_column (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell
                                                                                           (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 251
             attribute), 651
                                                                              partition components once by prolated durations le without overhang()
                                                                                           (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 251
parent_row
                  (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell
             attribute), 651
                                                                              partition_integer_by_ratio()
                                                                                                                         (in
                                                                                                                                    module
                                                                                                                                                     ab-
parse_lilypond_input_string()
                                             (in
                                                                                           jad.tools.mathtools), 642
                                                      module
                                                                      ab-
            jad.tools.iotools), 619
                                                                              partition_integer_into_canonic_parts()
                                                                                                                                   (in module ab-
partial (abjad.tools.contexttools.TimeSignatureMark at-
                                                                                           jad.tools.mathtools), 642
             tribute), 306
                                                                              partition_integer_into_halves()
                                                                                                                            (in
                                                                                                                                      module
                                                                                                                                                     ab-
partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_exactly_wiathtooksrhaath(ools), 644
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 246
                                                                              partition_integer_into_thirds()
                                                                                                                                     module
                                                                                                                            (in
                                                                                                                                                     ab-
partition components cyclically by durations in seconds exactly withtootlowerthrop(s), 644
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 247
                                                                              partition_integer_into_units()
                                                                                                                                     module
                                                                                                                           (in
                                                                                                                                                     ab-
partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_with_indexbolig()athtools), 645
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 247
                                                                              partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_lengths() (in module ab-
partition_components_cyclically_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_withointd_dovorhamg() ools), 677
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 247
                                                                              partition_sequence_by_ratio_of_weights() (in module ab-
partition components cyclically by durations in seconds le with quartumis(seqtools), 678
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 247
                                                                              partition sequence by restricted growth function() (in
(in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 247
                                                                              partition_sequence_by_sign_of_elements() (in module
partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_exactly_with_hyadrloods@eqtools), 679
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 247
                                                                              partition_sequence_by_value_of_elements() (in module
partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_exactly_withabitadotocolsarce(t)ools), 679
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 248
                                                                              partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_with_overhang()
partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_with_ove(inhammo)()ule abjad.tools.seqtools), 680
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 248
                                                                              partition_sequence_cyclically_by_counts_without_overhang()
partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incomponents_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_ge_without_(incompon
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 249
                                                                              partition sequence cyclically by weights at least with overhang()
partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_le_with_ove(hange)dule abjad.tools.seqtools), 680
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 249
                                                                              partition sequence cyclically by weights at least without overhang()
partition_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_le_without_(inerhodg() abjad.tools.seqtools), 680
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 249
                                                                              partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_at_most_with_overhang()
partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_exactly_with_6werhadg() abjad.tools.seqtools), 681
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 249
                                                                              partition sequence cyclically by weights at most without overhang()
partition components once by durations in seconds exactly witho (with ownedwing (b)) ad. tools.seqtools), 681
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 249
                                                                              partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_with_overhang()
partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_with_overl(aing(t)) odule abjad.tools.seqtools), 681
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 249
                                                                              partition_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_exactly_without_overhang()
partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_ge_without_ov(cnhamog(i)le abjad.tools.seqtools), 682
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 250
                                                                              partition_sequence_extended_to_counts_with_overhang()
partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_le_with_overh(imp(t))odule abjad.tools.seqtools), 682
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 250
                                                                              partition_sequence_extended_to_counts_without_overhang()
partition_components_once_by_durations_in_seconds_le_without_ov@inhamcodule abjad.tools.seqtools), 682
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 250
                                                                              partition_sequence_once_by_counts_with_overhang()
partition_components_once_by_prolated_durations_exactly_with_ove(inhampe(dule abjad.tools.seqtools), 682
             (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 250
                                                                              partition_sequence_once_by_counts_without_overhang()
                                                                                           (in module abjad.tools.segtools), 683
```

partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_least_with_overh (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 683 partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_least_without_ov	pop() (abjad.tools.containertools.Container method), 266 ephpn(g() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow
(in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 683 partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_most_with_overh (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 683	method), 654 apren (1) (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method), 535 pop_column() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray
partition_sequence_once_by_weights_at_most_without_ov (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 684	rerhang() method), 650 pop_left() (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner method),
partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_with_overhal	ang() 535
(in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 684 partition_sequence_once_by_weights_exactly_without_ove	pop_row() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray erhang() method), 650
(in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 684 pdf() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 620	position (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordQualityIndicator attribute), 710
pentatonic_pitch_number_to_chromatic_pitch_number() (in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 492	positive_integer_to_implied_prolation_multipler() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 594
period (abjad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClassExpression attribute), 703	preferred_denominator (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet attribute), 570
permute_named_chromatic_pitch_carrier_list_by_twelve_t	
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 492	jad.tools.containertools.Container attribute),
permute_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 685 PhrasingSlurSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools),	267 preprolated_duration (ab-
530	jad.tools.measuretools.DynamicMeasure
Piano (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 330	attribute), 394
PianoPedalSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 530	preprolated_duration (abjad.tools.measuretools.Measure attribute), 396
PianoStaff (class in abjad.tools.scoretools), 506	preprolated_duration (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner
Piccolo (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 331 pitch (abjad.tools.spannertools.TrillSpanner attribute),	attribute), 536 preprolated_duration (abjad.tools.tuplettools.Tuplet at-
538	tribute), 570
pitch_array_row_to_measure() (in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 421	prev (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell attribute), 651
pitch_array_to_measures() (in module ab-	prev_vertical_moment (ab-
jad.tools.measuretools), 421 pitch_iterables (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromatic	jad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
attribute), 458	prime_form (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSet
pitch_range (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow	attribute), 460
attribute), 653	profile_expr() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 620
PitchArray (class in abjad.tools.pitcharraytools), 649 PitchArrayCell (class in abjad.tools.pitcharraytools), 650	prolated_duration (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner attribute), 536
PitchArrayColumn (class in abjad.tools.pitcharraytools), 652	prolated_offset (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment attribute), 720
PitchArrayRow (class in abjad.tools.pitcharraytools), 653	proportional_notation_duration (ab-
pitches (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute), 650	jad.tools.layouttools.SpacingIndication attribute), 624
pitches (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell attribute), 651	prune() (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridSearchTree method), 734
pitches (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn attribute), 652	Q
pitches (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow attribute), 653	QEvent (class in abjad.tools.quantizationtools), 729 QGrid (class in abjad.tools.quantizationtools), 730
pitches_by_row (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute), 650	QGridQuantizer (class in abjad.tools.quantizationtools),
PitchRange (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 462	QGridSearchTree (class in abjad.tools.quantizationtools),
play() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 620	733

QGridT	empoLookup jad.tools.qua	(class antizationtools), 735	in 5	ab-	remove_component_subtree_from_score_and_spanners() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 251
quality		s.tonalitytools.Tona		at-	remove_empty_containers_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 277
quality_	-	bjad.tools.tonalityto	ools.ChordC	Class	remove_initial_rests_from_sequence() (in module ab-
	attribute), 70				jad.tools.leaftools), 362
quality_		ools.tonalitytools.C	ChordClass	at-	remove_leaf_and_shrink_durated_parent_containers() (in
	tribute), 709				module abjad.tools.leaftools), 362
quality_	string (abjad.to attribute), 71	•	hordQuality	Indica	atemove_markup_attached_to_component() (in module abjad.tools.markuptools), 392
quality_	string (abjad. attribute), 71	-	QualityIndic	cator	remove_markup_from_leaves_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.markuptools), 392
Quality	Indicator (class	s in abjad.tools.tona	ditytools), 7	11	remove_outer_rests_from_sequence() (in module ab-
quarters	s_per_minute			(ab-	jad.tools.leaftools), 363
	jad.tools.cor 304	ntexttools.TempoMa	ark attrib	ute),	remove_pitches() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn method), 652
R					remove_powers_of_two() (in module ab-
					jad.tools.mathtools), 645
		ettools.Tuplet attribu			remove_row() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray
rational				d_inte	eger_denomination(), 650
		bjad.tools.durtools			remove_sequence_elements_at_indices() (in module ab-
rational		pair_with_specified		nomir	
		bjad.tools.durtools			remove_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically() (in
rational		greater_assignable_		(in	module abjad.tools.seqtools), 685
	•	d.tools.durtools), 59			remove_subsequence_of_weight_at_index() (in module
rational		greater_binary_ratio	onal() (in n	nod-	abjad.tools.seqtools), 685
1	•	ols.durtools), 597	10	·	remove_terminal_rests_from_sequence() (in module ab-
rational		lesser_assignable_r		(in	jad.tools.leaftools), 364
matiama1		d.tools.durtools), 59		dula	remove_tie_spanners_from_components_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.tietools), 564
rationai		lesser_binary_ration lurtools), 598	nai() (iii iiio	auie	remove_trivial_tuplets_in_expr() (in module ab-
rational	•	t() (in module abjad	toole durte	ole)	jad.tools.tuplettools), 579
Tationai	_to_nag_coun 599	i() (iii iiiodule abjad	i.toois.duito	018),	repeat_contents_of_container() (in module ab-
rational	_to_fraction_s	tring() (in	module	ab-	jad.tools.containertools), 278
rationai	_to_fraction_s jad.tools.dur		module	au-	repeat_last_n_elements_of_container() (in module ab-
rational	_to_prolation_		module	ab-	jad.tools.containertools), 279
rationar	_to_protation_ jad.tools.dur	•	module	ao	repeat_leaf_and_extend_spanners() (in module ab-
rational	_to_proper_fra		module	ab-	jad.tools.leaftools), 364
140101141	jad.tools.dur		1110 00 0110		repeat_leaves_in_expr_and_extend_spanners() (in mod-
rcs (al		tools.ResidueClass	Expression	at-	ule abjad.tools.leaftools), 365
	tribute), 703		Ι		repeat_runs_in_sequence_to_count() (in module ab-
redo() (d.tools.iotools), 62	1		jad.tools.seqtools), 686
				tic_pi	trepratmoeuengereglam(ents_at_indices() (in module ab-
		bjad.tools.pitchtool			jad.tools.seqtools), 687
remove		chordtools.Chord m		2	repeat_sequence_elements_at_indices_cyclically() (in
remove	() (abjad.tools	.containertools.Con	tainer meth	od),	module abjad.tools.seqtools), 687
	267				repeat_sequence_elements_n_times_each() (in module
remove	() (abjad.to	ols.pitcharraytools.	.PitchArrayl	Row	abjad.tools.seqtools), 687
	method), 65	4			repeat_sequence_n_times() (in module ab-
remove	_abjad_pyc_fil		nodule	ab-	jad.tools.seqtools), 688
	jad.tools.iot				repeat_sequence_to_length() (in module ab-
remove		_tie_chain_except_t	first() (in n	nod-	jad.tools.seqtools), 688
	ule abjad.too	ols.tietools), 564			repeat_sequence_to_weight_at_least() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 688

```
repeat sequence to weight at most() (in module ab-
                                                           residue (abjad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClass attribute),
         jad.tools.seqtools), 688
repeat_sequence_to_weight_exactly() (in module ab-
                                                           ResidueClass (class in abjad.tools.sievetools), 701
         jad.tools.seqtools), 689
                                                           ResidueClassExpression (class in abjad.tools.sievetools),
replace_components_with_children_of_components() (in
         module abjad.tools.componenttools), 253
                                                           resolve overlaps between nonoverlapping trees()
                                                                                                                  (in
replace contents of measures in expr() (in module ab-
                                                                     module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 612
         jad.tools.measuretools), 422
                                                           resolve_overlaps_between_nonoverlapping_trees_excluding_remainders_le
replace_contents_of_target_container_with_contents_of_source_container_widule abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 613
          (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 279
                                                           respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_flats()
replace_larger_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_(incstsic)dule abjad.tools.pitchtools), 493
          (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 281
                                                           respell_named_chromatic_pitches_in_expr_with_sharps()
replace_larger_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_little_endiar(intertof)ule abjad.tools.pitchtools), 493
         (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 281
                                                           Rest (class in abjad.tools.resttools), 498
replace_larger_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_brigaien_diaquerests(elements_at_indices() (in module ab-
          (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 282
                                                                     jad.tools.seqtools), 689
replace_larger_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_lietheriesedianemests@lements_at_indices_cyclically()
                                                                                                                  (in
         (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 283
                                                                     module abjad.tools.seqtools), 690
replace_leaves_in_expr_with_skips() (in module ab-
                                                          retrograde() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment
         jad.tools.skiptools), 515
                                                                     method), 451
replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_big_endian_rests()grade() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegment
         (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 283
                                                                     method), 459
replace_n_edge_elements_in_container_with_little_endian_neser@e_contents_of_container()
                                                                                                (in
                                                                                                      module
                                                                                                                  ab-
          (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 284
                                                                     jad.tools.containertools), 289
replace n edge elements in container with rests() (in reverse sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 690
         module abjad.tools.containertools), 284
                                                           reverse sequence elements()
                                                                                              (in
                                                                                                     module
replace_sequence_elements_cyclically_with_new_material()
                                                                     jad.tools.seqtools), 690
          (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 689
                                                           rewrite_rational_under_new_tempo() (in module
replace_smaller_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endianadexto().durtools), 600
          (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 285
                                                           RhythmicStaff (class in abjad.tools.stafftools), 553
replace_smaller_left_half_of_elements_in_container_with_hiothearendiane_rackts(t)ing
                                                                                                                 (ab-
          (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 286
                                                                     jad.tools.tonalitytools.ScaleDegree
                                                                                                           attribute),
replace_smaller_right_half_of_elements_in_container_with_big_endian2rests()
         (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 287
                                                           root (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass attribute), 709
replace_smaller_right_half_of_elements_in_container_withrobitlescenterialegrests(abjad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction
          (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 287
                                                                     attribute), 713
report()
             (abjad.tools.markuptools.MarkupCommand root string
                                                                          (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass
          method), 390
                                                                     tribute), 709
report_as_string_format_contributions_of_all_spanners_attachate()((abjadpondsnt())tchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment
          (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 552
                                                                     method), 451
report as string format contributions of all spanners attachtete (no abjust opers, pitter thanks. Nfinobared field the interport as string format contributions of all spanners attachtete (no abjust opers, pitter thanks).
          (in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 553
                                                                     method), 459
report component format contributions as string()
                                                           rotate sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 690
         module abjad.tools.componenttools), 253
                                                           rotation (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordQualityIndicator
report_container_modifications_as_string() (in module
                                                                      attribute), 710
                                                           round_interval_bounds_to_nearest_multiple_of_rational()
          abjad.tools.containertools), 288
report_meter_distribution_as_string() (in module ab-
                                                                      (in module abjad.tools.intervaltreetools), 613
         jad.tools.measuretools), 423
                                                           row_index (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell at-
representative_boolean_train
                                                     (ab-
                                                                     tribute), 651
         jad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClassExpression
                                                                         (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow
                                                           row_index
         attribute), 703
                                                                      attribute), 654
representative congruent bases
                                                     (ab-
                                                           rows (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute),
         jad.tools.sievetools.ResidueClassExpression
         attribute), 703
                                                           rows (abjad.tools.seqtools.CyclicMatrix attribute), 658
```

rows (abjad.tools.seqtools.Matrix attribute), 660	$search_tree (abjad.tools. quantization tools. QGridQuantizer$
0	attribute), 733
S	semitones (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute),
save_last_ly_as() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 621	437
save_last_pdf_as() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 622	semitones (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval
Scale (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 711	attribute), 440
scale_aggregate_magnitude_by_rational() (in module ab-	semitones (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicDiatonicInterval
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 613	attribute), 446
scale_aggregate_magnitude_to_rational() (in module ab-	set (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner attribute), 536
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 614	set_accidental_style_on_sequential_contexts_in_expr() (in module abjad.tools.contexttools), 317
scale_by_rational() (ab-	set_ascending_named_chromatic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components
jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 494
method), 604	set_ascending_named_diatonic_pitches_on_nontied_pitched_components_
scale_contents_of_container() (in module ab-	(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 494
jad.tools.containertools), 289	set_container_multiplier() (in module ab-
scale_contents_of_measures_in_expr() (in module ab-	jad.tools.containertools), 290
jad.tools.measuretools), 423	set_default_accidental_spelling() (in module ab-
scale_contents_of_tuplets_in_expr_by_multiplier() (in	jad.tools.cfgtools), 586
module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 580	set_denominator_of_tuplets_in_expr_to_at_least() (in
scale_degree (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction at-	module abjad.tools.tuplettools), 580
tribute), 713 scale_degree_to_named_chromatic_pitch_class() (ab-	set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_ge() (in
scale_degree_to_named_chromatic_pitch_class() (ab- jad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale method), 711	module abjad.tools.layouttools), 625
scale_interval_magnitudes_by_rational() (in module ab-	set_line_breaks_cyclically_by_line_duration_in_seconds_ge()
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 614	(in module abjad.tools.layouttools), 626
scale_interval_magnitudes_to_rational() (in module ab-	set_measure_denominator_and_adjust_numerator() (in
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 615	module abjad.tools.measuretools), 424
scale_interval_offsets_by_rational() (in module ab-	set_preprolated_leaf_duration() (in module ab-
jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 615	jad.tools.leaftools), 367
scale_measure_by_multiplier_and_adjust_meter() (in	set_vertical_positioning_pitch_on_rest() (in module ab-
module abiad tools measuretools), 423	jad.tools.resttools), 500
scale_measure_denominator_and_adjust_measure_contents	sphape_string (abjad.tools.spannertools.HairpinSpanner
(in module abjad.tools.measuretools), 423	attribute), 525
scale_preprolated_leaf_duration() (in module ab-	shift_aggregate_offset_by_rational() (in module ab-
jad.tools.leaftools), 365	jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 615
scale_to_rational() (ab-	shift_aggregate_offset_to_rational() (in module ab-
jad. tools. interval tree tools. Bounded Interval	jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 616
method), 604	shift_by_rational() (ab-
ScaleDegree (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 712	jad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval
SchemeAssociativeList (class in ab-	method), 604
jad.tools.schemetools), 501	shift_to_rational() (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval
SchemeBoolean (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 502	method), 604
SchemeColor (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 502	short_instrument_name (ab-
SchemeFunction (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 503	jad.tools.contexttools.InstrumentMark attribute), 300
SchemeMoment (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 503	show() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 622
SchemeNumber (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 503	show_leaves() (in module abjad.tools.lotools), 368
SchemePair (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 504	sign() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 646
SchemeString (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 504	signature (abjad.tools.intervaltreetools.BoundedInterval
Scheme Variable (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 505	attribute), 605
Scheme Vector (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 505	size (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute),
SchemeVectorConstant (class in abjad.tools.schemetools), 505	650
Score (class in abjad.tools.scoretools), 507	Skip (class in abjad.tools.skiptools), 513
ScoreBlock (class in abjad.tools.lilyfiletools), 374	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
. (

```
slope (abjad.tools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegnsobit sequence once by weights with overhang()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    (in
                       attribute), 445
                                                                                                                                                               module abjad.tools.seqtools), 692
SlurSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 531
                                                                                                                                        split sequence once by weights without overhang()
sounding_pitch (abjad.tools.notetools.Note attribute), 426
                                                                                                                                                               (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 693
                                               (abjad.tools.chordtools.Chord
sounding pitches
                                                                                                                                        splitting condition()
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (ab-
                      tribute), 203
                                                                                                                                                              jad.tools.spannertools.MetricGridSpanner
SpacingIndication (class in abjad.tools.layouttools), 624
                                                                                                                                                               method), 528
span (abjad.tools.spannertools.DuratedComplexBeamSpannertools.pitchtools.MelodicChromaticIntervalSegment
                       attribute), 522
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 445
span (abjad.tools.spannertools.MeasuredComplexBeamSpanneff
                                                                                                                                                           (abjad.tools.contexttools.StaffChangeMark
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     at-
                      attribute), 527
                                                                                                                                                               tribute), 303
Spanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 532
                                                                                                                                        Staff (class in abjad.tools.stafftools), 554
splice_new_elements_between_sequence_elements() (in
                                                                                                                                        staff_spaces (abjad.tools.pitchtools.HarmonicDiatonicInterval
                       module abjad.tools.seqtools), 691
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 440
split\_at\_rational() \ (abjad.tools.intervaltree tools. Bounded Intervalf\_spaces \ (abjad.tools.pitchtools. Melodic Diatonic Intervaltree tools. Diatonic Interv
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 446
                       method), 605
split_component_at_prolated_duration_and_do_not_fractur&taff@himmgesh/famke(stass in abjad.tools.contexttools), 302
                      (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 254
                                                                                                                                        StaffGroup (class in abjad.tools.scoretools), 507
split_component_at_prolated_duration_and_fracture_crossingaffianness(anner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools),
                       (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 255
split_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_and_dotanot_f(rate) and dotanot_f(rate) and dotanot_f(ra
                       (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 255
                                                                                                                                                               tribute), 529
split_components_cyclically_by_prolated_durations_and_fratature_cros(ab);aclspanhers(halitytools.SuspensionIndicator
                       (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 256
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 712
split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_do_note that control to the components once_by_prolated_durations_and_do_note that control to the components once_by_prolated_durations_and_do_note that control to the 
                       (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 257
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 652
split_components_once_by_prolated_durations_and_fracturstartossimpospantneats()ad.tools.marktools.Mark_attribute),
                       (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 258
split_container_at_index_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_spatarers@mponents (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
                       (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 291
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 720
split_container_at_index_and_fracture_crossing_spanners()start_dynamic_string
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (ab-
                       (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 292
                                                                                                                                                              jad.tools.spannertools.HairpinSpanner
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     at-
split_container_cyclically_by_counts_and_do_not_fracture_crossing_tsplanteers(25)
                      (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 293
                                                                                                                                        start_leaves (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
split container cyclically by counts and fracture crossing spanner attribute), 720
                                                                                                                                        start_notes (abjad.tools.verticalitytools.VerticalMoment
                      (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 294
split container once by counts and do not fracture crossing spanaturibute), 720
                       (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 295
                                                                                                                                        start_pitch (abjad.tools.pitchtools.PitchRange attribute),
split_container_once_by_counts_and_fracture_crossing_spanners() 463
                       (in module abjad.tools.containertools), 296
                                                                                                                                        start_pitch_is_included_in_range
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (ab-
split_intervals_at_rationals()
                                                                                              module
                                                                                                                           ab-
                                                                                                                                                              jad.tools.pitchtools.PitchRange
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    attribute),
                      jad.tools.intervaltreetools), 616
                                                                                                                                                               463
split leaf at prolated duration and rest right half() (in
                                                                                                                                        start pitches (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn
                      module abjad.tools.leaftools), 369
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 652
split_on_bar() (abjad.tools.spannertools.MetricGridSpannerStemTremolo (class in abjad.tools.marktools), 379
                       method), 528
                                                                                                                                                        (abjad.tools.spannertools.OctavationSpanner
                                                                                                                                        stop
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    at-
split_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_with_overhang()
                                                                                                                                                               tribute), 530
                      (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 691
                                                                                                                                                                   (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.SuspensionIndicator
                                                                                                                                        stop
split_sequence_cyclically_by_weights_without_overhang()
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 712
                       (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 692
                                                                                                                                        stop_cells (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn
split_sequence_extended_to_weights_with_overhang()
                                                                                                                                                               attribute), 652
                      (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 692
                                                                                                                                        stop_dynamic_string
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (ab-
split_sequence_extended_to_weights_without_overhang()
                                                                                                                                                              jad.tools.spannertools.HairpinSpanner
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    at-
                       (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 692
                                                                                                                                                               tribute), 525
```

stop_pitch (abjad.tools.pitchtools.PitchRange attribute), 463	tempo_lookup (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridQuantizer attribute), 733
stop_pitch_is_included_in_range (ab- jad.tools.pitchtools.PitchRange attribute),	tempo_scaled_leaves_to_q_events() (in module abjad.tools.quantizationtools), 736
463	tempo_scaled_rational_to_milliseconds() (in module ab-
stop_pitches (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColum	1 = = = = = ; ;
attribute), 652	tempo_scaled_rationals_to_q_events() (in module ab-
style (abjad.tools.spannertools.PianoPedalSpanner	jad.tools.quantizationtools), 736
attribute), 531	TempoMark (class in abjad.tools.contexttools), 303
subdivide_indices() (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGrid method), 731	TextScriptSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 537
subdominant (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale attribute), 711	TextSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 537 threshold (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridQuantizer
submediant (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale attribute), 711	attribute), 733
<pre>suggest_clef_for_named_chromatic_pitches() (in module</pre>	tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots()
abjad.tools.pitchtools), 495	(in module abjad.tools.tietools), 564
sum_consecutive_sequence_elements_by_sign() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 693	tie_chain_to_augmented_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots() (in module abjad.tools.tietools), 565
sum_duration_of_components_in_seconds() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 259	tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_avoid_dots() (in module abjad.tools.tietools), 567
sum_preprolated_duration_of_components() (in module	$tie_chain_to_diminished_tuplet_with_proportions_and_encourage_dots()$
abjad.tools.componenttools), 260	(in module abjad.tools.tietools), 568
sum_prolated_duration_of_components() (in module ab-	TieSpanner (class in abjad.tools.tietools), 556
jad.tools.componenttools), 260	TimeSignatureMark (class in abjad.tools.contexttools),
sum_sequence_elements_at_indices() (in module ab-	304
jad.tools.seqtools), 694 superdominant (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale attribute),	title (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.InversionIndicator attribute), 710
711	title_string (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ScaleDegree at-
suppress_meter (abjad.tools.measuretools.DynamicMeasur	
attribute), 394	title_string (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.SuspensionIndicator
suspension (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction at-	attribute), 712
tribute), 713	token (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell at-
SuspensionIndicator (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools),	tribute), 651
712	TonalFunction (class in abjad.tools.tonalitytools), 712
symbolic_string (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Accidental attribute), 437	tonic (abjad.tools.contexttools.KeySignatureMark attribute), 301
symbolic_string (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ScaleDegree	tonic (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.Scale attribute), 711
attribute), 712	transpose() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClass
symbolic_string (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.TonalFunction	method), 451
attribute), 713	transpose() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSegment
T	method), 451
	transpose() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchClassSet method), 452
tabulate_well_formedness_violations_in_expr() (in mod-	transpose() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSegment
ule abjad.tools.componenttools), 261	method), 452
target_context (abjad.tools.contexttools.ContextMark at-	transpose() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NamedChromaticPitchSet
tribute), 298	
target_duration (abjad.tools.tuplettools.FixedDurationTuple attribute), 569	transpose() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitch
tempo (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridQuantizer at-	method), 457
tribute), 733	transpose() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClass
tempo (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QGridTempoLookup	method), 457
attribute), 735	transpose() (abjad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchClassSegmen
tempo_indication (abjad.tools.layouttools.SpacingIndication	
attribute), 624	

$transpose() \ (abjad.tools.pitchtools.Numbered Chromatic Pitchtools. The property of the pro$	h V lassSet
method), 460	value (abjad.tools.marktools.Annotation attribute), 375
transpose() (abjad.tools.tonalitytools.ChordClass method), 709	value (abjad.tools.quantizationtools.QEvent attribute),
transpose_chromatic_pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_interva	Lyseman (class in abjad tools verticalitytools)
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 495	718
$transpose_chromatic_pitch_class_number_by_octaves_to_r$	nearestancian bors of chromatic spitch number () 333
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 496	Viola (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 334
transpose_chromatic_pitch_number_by_octave_transposition	Ovidia (class in abjad.tools instrumenttools), 334
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 496	Voice (class in abjad.tools.voicetools), 581
$transpose_named_chromatic_pitch_by_melodic_chromatic_$	voice (chass in abjactions, voicetoois), 561 voice (chass in abjactions, voicetoois), 561 voice (chass in abjactions, voicetoois), 561 (ab-
(in module abjad.tools.pitchtools), 497	jad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute),
transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_fingered_pitch	_to_sounding_pitch()
(in module abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 337	
transpose_notes_and_chords_in_expr_from_sounding_pitcl	h fingered pitch()
(in module abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 337	
transpose_pitch_carrier_by_melodic_interval() (in mod-	weight (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute),
ule abjad.tools.pitchtools), 497	650
transpose_pitch_expr_into_pitch_range() (in module ab-	weight (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell
jad.tools.pitchtools), 498	attribute), 651
tremolo_flags (abjad.tools.marktools.StemTremolo at-	weight (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn at-
tribute), 379	tribute), 652
TrillSpanner (class in abjad.tools.spannertools), 538	weight (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow at-
trim() (abjad.tools.tuplettools.FixedDurationTuplet	tribute), 654
method), 569	weight() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 646
Trombone (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 331	width (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArray attribute),
Trumpet (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 332	650
truncate_runs_in_sequence() (in module ab-	width (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayCell at-
jad.tools.seqtools), 694	tribute), 651
truncate_sequence_to_sum() (in module ab-	width (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayColumn at-
jad.tools.seqtools), 694	tribute), 652
truncate_sequence_to_weight() (in module ab-	width (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow at-
jad.tools.seqtools), 695	tribute), 654
Tuba (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 332	withdraw() (abjad.tools.pitcharraytools.PitchArrayRow
Tuplet (class in abjad.tools.tuplettools), 569	method), 654
tweak (abjad.tools.notetools.NoteHead attribute), 427	withdraw_components_from_spanners_covered_by_components()
twelve_tone_complete (ab-	(in module abjad.tools.spannertools), 553
iad tools nitchtools NumberedChromaticPitchCla	write_expr_to_ly() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 623
attribute), 458	write_expr_to_ly() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 623 ss_color_hap_to_ly_and_to_pdf_and_show() (in module
TwelveToneRow (class in abjad.tools.pitchtools), 463	abjad.tools.iotools), 623
twenty_four_tone_complete (ab-	write_expr_to_pdf() (in module abjad.tools.iotools), 623
jad.tools.pitchtools.NumberedChromaticPitchCla	written_duration (abjad.tools.spannertools.Spanner at-
attribute), 458	
attribute), 438	written_pitch (abjad.tools.notetools.Note attribute), 426
U	written_pitch (abjad.tools.notetools.NoteHead attribute),
	427
underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_lowercamelcase()	written_pitch (abjad.tools.spannertools.TrillSpanner at-
(in module abjad.tools.iotools), 622	tribute), 538
underscore_delimited_lowercase_to_uppercamelcase()	written_pitches (abjad.tools.chordtools.Chord attribute),
(in module abjad.tools.iotools), 622	203
units_per_minute (abjad.tools.contexttools.TempoMark	V
attribute), 304	X
UntunedPercussion (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools),	Xylophone (class in abjad.tools.instrumenttools), 335

yield_all_assignable_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 601 yield_all_combinations_of_sequence_elements() module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_compositions_of_integer() in module jad.tools.mathtools), 646 yield_all_k_ary_sequences_of_length() (in module jad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_partitions_of_integer() yield_all_partitions_of_integer() yield_all_partitions_of_integer() yield_all_partitions_of_integer() yield_all_partitions_of_integer() yield_all_partitions_of_integer() yield_all_partitions_of_sequence() yield_all_partitions_of_sequence() yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prositive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 603 yield_all_prestricted_growth_functions_of_length() module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698 yield_all_protations_of_sequence() yie
yield_all_combinations_of_sequence_elements() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_compositions_of_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 646 yield_all_parity, sequences_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_pairs_between_sequences() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_partitions_of_integer() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 603 yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698
module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_compositions_of_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 646 yield_all_kary_sequences_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_pairs_between_sequences() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_paritions_of_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 647 yield_all_paritions_of_integer() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 601 yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prositive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prositive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prositive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 603 yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698
jad.tools.mathtools), 646 yield_all_k_ary_sequences_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_pairs_between_sequences() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_partitions_of_integer() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 647 yield_all_partitions_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 601 yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 603 yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698
yield_all_k_ary_sequences_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 263 yield_all_pairs_between_sequences() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_pairs_between_sequences() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696 yield_all_partitions_of_integer() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_partitions_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
yield_all_pairs_between_sequences() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 696
jad.tools.seqtools), 696 zip_sequences_cyclically() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 647 zip_sequences_cyclically() (in module abjad.tools.mathtools), 647 zip_sequences_without_truncation() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 700 zip_sequences_without_truncation() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 601 yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order_uniquely() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 603 yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698
yield_all_partitions_of_integer() (in module ab jad.tools.seqtools), 700
yield_all_partitions_of_sequence() (in module ab- jad.tools.seqtools), 701
jad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
yield_all_permutations_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
yield_all_permutations_of_sequence_in_orbit() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
ule abjad.tools.seqtools), 697 yield_all_positive_integer_pairs_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
(in module abjad.tools.durtools), 601 yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
(in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_positive_rationals_in_cantor_diagonalized_order_uniquely() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 603 yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698
(in module abjad.tools.durtools), 602 yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_order() (in module abjad.tools.durtools), 603 yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698
yield_all_prolation_rewrite_pairs_of_rational_in_cantor_diagonalized_order()
(in module abjad.tools.durtools), 603 yield_all_restricted_growth_functions_of_length() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698
module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698
jad.tools.seqtools), 698
yield_all_set_partitions_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 698
yield_all_subchords_of_chord() (in module ab-
jad.tools.chordtools), 208
yield_all_subsequences_of_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.seqtools), 699
yield_all_unordered_pairs_of_sequence() (in module ab-
jad.tools.seqtools), 699
yield_components_grouped_by_preprolated_duration() (in module abjad.tools.componenttools), 261
yield_components_grouped_by_prolated_duration() (in
module abjad.tools.componenttools), 262
yield_groups_of_chords_in_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.chordtools), 208
yield_groups_of_mixed_klasses_in_sequence() (in mod-
ule abjad.tools.componenttools), 262
yield_groups_of_mixed_notes_and_chords_in_sequence() (in module abjad.tools.leaftools), 369
yield_groups_of_notes_in_sequence() (in module ab-
jad.tools.notetools), 436 yield_groups_of_rests_in_sequence() (in module ab-
jad.tools.resttools), 501