

# Abjad, A Python API for Formalized Score Control

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## ABSTRACT

Place your abstract at the top left column on the first page. Please write about 150-200 words that specifically highlight the purpose of your work, its context, and provide a brief synopsis of your results. Avoid equations in this part.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

## 2. BACKGROUND & HISTORY

## 3. NOTATIONAL ISOMORPHISM

Abjad models objects on the page according to common practice notation.

We assume notational primitives are the elements of composition.

### 3.1 Explicit notational modeling

Abjad models notation explicitly. All notational primitives expressed by Abjad must conform to the principles of common practice notation. When compositional inputs cannot be expressed in terms of these principles, we provide affordances for massaging them into valid notational states.

### 3.2 Explicit rationals and pitches

Abjad expresses durations in terms of rational values - fractions and integers - rather than floating point numbers.

Likewise all pitches are expressed in terms of triples of diatonic note names, accidentals and octave numbers, rather than MIDI numbers or frequencies.

While we provide alternative representations of pitch and rhythm, as well as affordances for moving between them, the format actually stored in and used by score components for rendering notation is always the most notationally-explicit.

### 3.3 Assignable durations (and therefore ties)

All Note, Chord and Rest objects in Abjad must be instantiated with a duration corresponding to the written glyphs on the page - a *written* duration.

Written durations must be *assignable*, a category we invented to model durational initialization.

Durational assignability describes whether a duration can be represented as a power-of-two flag count combined with zero or more dots.

1/4, 3/16 and 7/16 are assignable durations while 5/32, 9/8 and 1/12 are not.

Non-assignable durations cannot be represented in common practice notation by a single glyph.

They require two or more glyphs with assignable durations tied together, for the score component to be tupletted, or both.

Abjad will not automatically render a single note with a duration of 5/16 as two or more notes tied together. We consider such behavior to be too implicit. There are too many potentially compositionally valid ways to render a duration such as 5/16 into a series of tied assignable durations: 1/4 + 1/16, 3/16 + 2/16, 2/16 + 3/16, 1/16 + 1/4, 1/8 + 1/8 + 1/16 etc.

Instead we provide affordances for generating tied notes from non-assignable durations.

One such affordance is our `scoretools.make_notes()` function.

```
>>> notes = scoretools.make_notes(["c'"], [(5, 16)])
>>> staff = Staff(notes)
>>> print(format(staff))
\new Staff {
  c'4 ~
  c'16
}
```

### 3.4 Explicit tupletting (augmentation and diminution)

### 3.5 Notational aggregation

The act of composition then revolves around the iterative aggregation of these primitives into arbitrarily complex score objects.

- `append()`, `extend()`, `insert()`
- `attach()`

### 3.6 Notational visualization

Abjad makes visualizing notational artifacts simple.

Any notational element or aggregate can be displayed at any time as a PDF via calls to its top-level `show()` function.

#### **4. RELATIONSHIP MODELING**

#### **5. SCORE ADDRESSABILITY**

#### **6. EXTENSIBILITY**

#### **7. EMBEDDABILITY**

Abjad is an importable Python library. It can be used in whole or in part as a component of any Python-compatible system. Abjad has few Python package dependencies and is not bound to any specific user application or graphic user interface. These qualities make Abjad an ideal project ideal for embedding in other software systems.

For example, Abjad supports IPython Notebook <sup>1</sup>, a web-based interactive computational environment combining code execution, text, mathematics, plots and rich media into a single document. Notational output from Abjad can be transparently captured and embedded directly into an IPython Notebook which has loaded Abjad's IPython Notebook extension.

#### **8. OPEN SOURCE**

#### **Acknowledgments**

You may acknowledge people, projects, funding agencies, etc. which can be included after the second-level heading "Acknowledgments" (with no numbering).

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<sup>1</sup> <http://ipython.org/notebook.html>