## **Parsing and Transforming Address Data Using Alteryx**

#### Overview

This Alteryx project focuses on parsing unformatted address data to extract and separate **City**, **State**, and **ZIP code** fields. By leveraging tools such as **RegEx Parse**, **Find & Replace**, and **Text to Columns**, we successfully transform the data into a structured format. The process addresses challenges arising from the nonstandard nature of the dataset, which includes missing delimiters and inconsistent address formats.

## **Skill Prerequisites**

To complete this project, the following foundational skills are recommended:

- 1. **Data Manipulation**: Basic knowledge of data transformation and parsing techniques.
- Regular Expressions: Familiarity with creating and using RegEx patterns for data parsing.
- 3. **Alteryx Designer**: Proficiency in using Alteryx tools and workflows for data manipulation.
- 4. **Office Tools**: Basic experience with software like Microsoft Excel for handling datasets.

## **System Requirements**

To execute this workflow effectively, ensure the following system prerequisites are met:

- 1. A computer capable of running Alteryx Designer.
- 2. Understanding of common file formats, including CSV, Excel, and text files.
- 3. Reliable internet access for Alteryx Designer and downloading resources.
- 4. Adequate system memory to process large datasets efficiently.

## **Dataset Description**

The dataset consists of customer address details in an unformatted structure, with city names that can be one or two words, missing commas, and no clear delimiters between

city, state, and ZIP code. Additionally, a separate dataset of road type suffixes is provided to be used as delimiters during data transformation. The project goal is to parse and structure this data into separate columns for **City**, **State**, and **ZIP Code**.

## Tasks and Step-by-Step Process

## **Task 1: Importing Address Data**

- Open Alteryx Designer and drag an Input Data tool onto the canvas.
- Import the address dataset into the workflow by configuring the tool to read the file.

## Task 2: Modifying String Size Using the Select Tool

- Add a Select tool to the canvas.
- Connect the output of the Input Data tool to the Select tool.
- Adjust the string size for the address data field to handle long entries.

## **Task 3: Selecting Required Fields**

Use the Select tool to retain only the fields necessary for the project.

# **Task 4: Adding Delimiters Using Additional Data**

- Import the road type suffix dataset using another Input Data tool.
- Add a Find & Replace tool to the canvas and connect both datasets.
- Configure the **Find & Replace** tool to insert the delimiter after road type names in the address data.

## Task 5: Splitting Address Data Using Text to Columns Tool

- Add a Text to Columns tool to the workflow.
- Split the address data into two columns using the inserted delimiter.

## Task 6: Parsing City and State Fields Using RegEx Parse Tool

- Drag and drop a RegEx Parse tool onto the canvas.
- Apply a regular expression to extract the **City** and **State** from the first column.
- Example RegEx pattern:

**SCSS** 

 $([A-Za-z]+),\s([A-Z]{2})$ 

## Task 7: Parsing ZIP Field Using RegEx Parse Tool

- Add another RegEx Parse tool to the workflow.
- Extract the **ZIP Code** from the second column using a RegEx pattern.
- Example RegEx pattern:

SCSS

(\d{5})

## Task 8: Removing Unnecessary Fields Using Select Tool

- Add another Select tool to clean up the output.
- Retain only the parsed fields: City, State, and ZIP Code.

## Task 9: Viewing Results Using Browse Tool

- Drag and drop a Browse tool onto the canvas.
- Connect it to the final output of the workflow.

# Task 10: Running the Workflow and Saving Results

- Click the Run button to execute the workflow.
- View the structured output in the Browse tool and save the workflow for future use.

#### **Objectives**

## This project aimed to:

- Parse unformatted customer address data into structured columns for City, State, and ZIP Code.
- 2. Overcome challenges posed by the nonstandard data format using tools like **Find & Replace** and **RegEx Parse**.
- 3. Transform the dataset into a clean and organized table for better usability.
- 4. Enhance proficiency in Alteryx tools for data parsing and transformation.

# **Project Summary**

Through this project, we successfully parsed unformatted address data into a structured table, separating **City**, **State**, and **ZIP Code** fields. The workflow effectively handled inconsistencies in the data using advanced techniques like regular expressions and delimiter-based splitting. This process highlights the versatility of Alteryx tools in solving complex data challenges and improving data usability.