

# **Finite Element Global Unknown Numbering for Fully-Coupled “Beyond-Nodal” Discretizations**

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# Motivation: This is where I started

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Finite elements are fun!

- I don't want to do Poisson anymore
- Would like to do multi-domain multi-physics
- Evaluate performance of stable discretizations vs. stabilized
- Use compatible discretizations

My barrier to entry is unknown numbering!

- Want parallel unknown numbering
- Want mixed discretizations (numbering nodes and edges)
- Want high-order\* and compatible
- Want multi-physics (fluids interacting with solids)
- Still want to support stabilized discretizations

Our solution: Panzer a Trilinos package

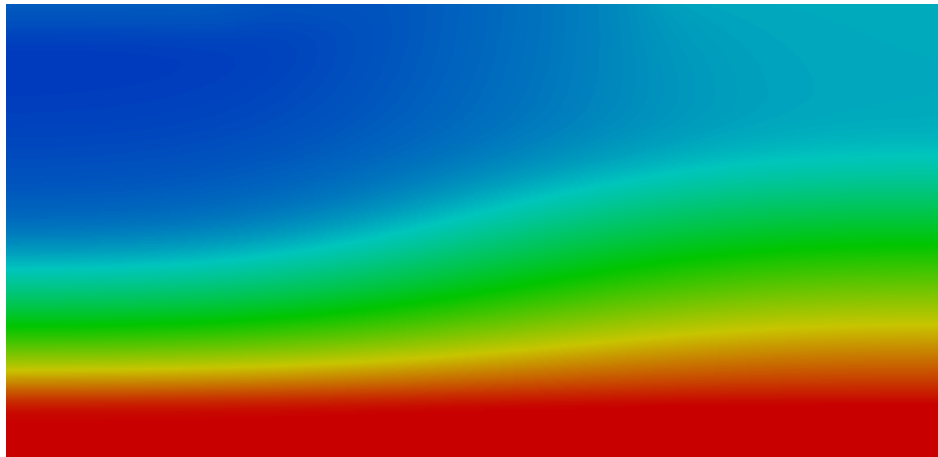
- Technology demonstrated/matured in Drekar
- DOFManager is one component of Panzer that I will discuss today

\*Don't yet have high-order (only 2<sup>nd</sup> order), will complete soon

# Fully-Coupled Nodal Finite Element Simulation Technology

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All Simulations use equal-order  
nodal discretizations!

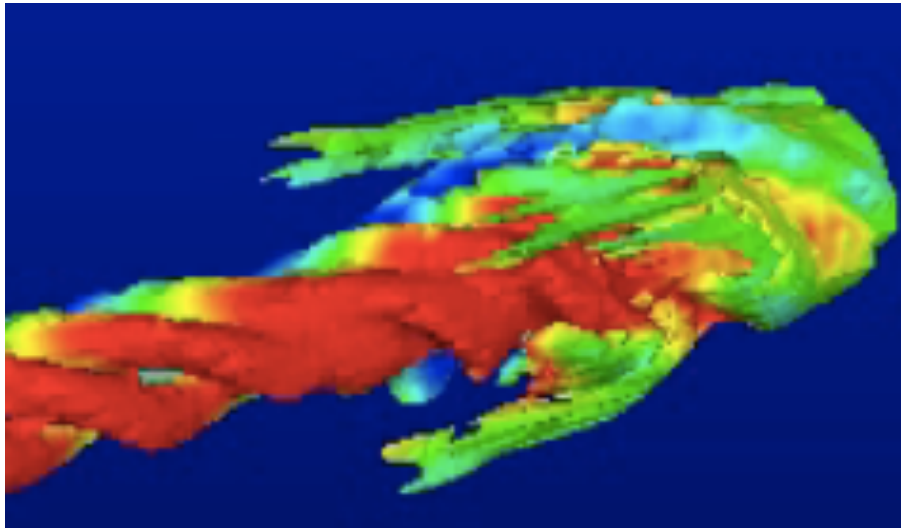


BJT: Drift Diffusion (Potential)  
Hydromagnetic Kelvin-Helmholtz: MHD

# Fully-Coupled Nodal Finite Element Simulation Technology

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All Simulations use equal-order  
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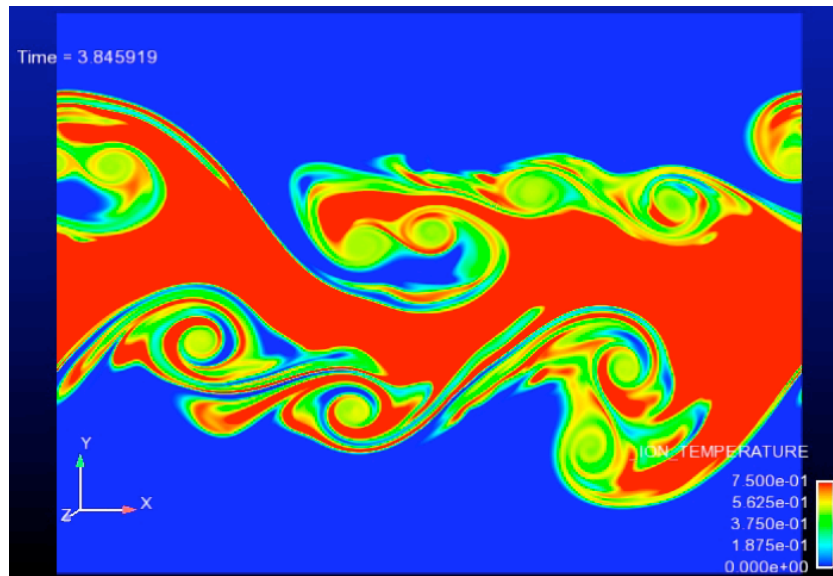


Swirling Jet: LES

# Fully-Coupled Nodal Finite Element Simulation Technology

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All Simulations use equal-order nodal discretizations!

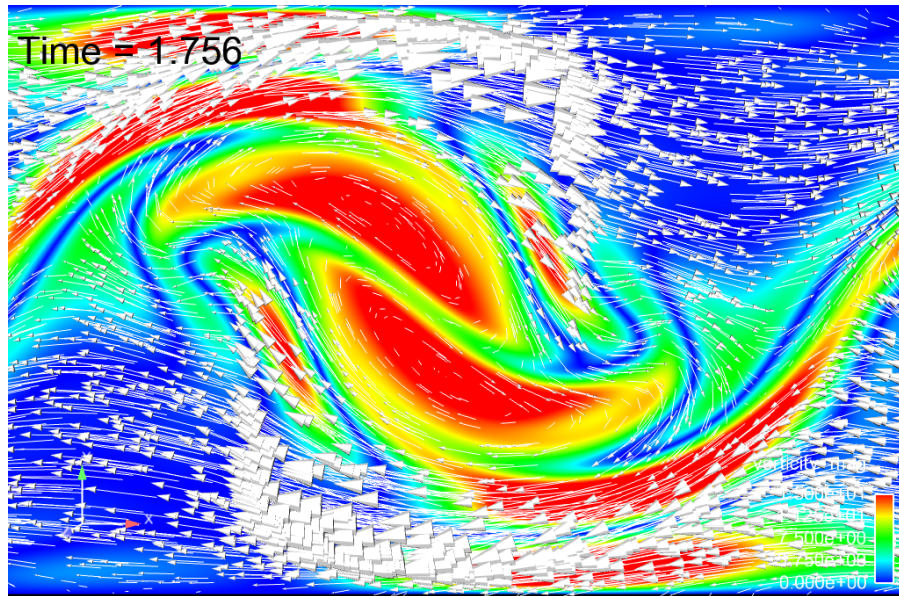


Kelvin-Helmholtz Instability: Navier-Stokes

# Fully-Coupled Nodal Finite Element Simulation Technology

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All Simulations use equal-order nodal discretizations!



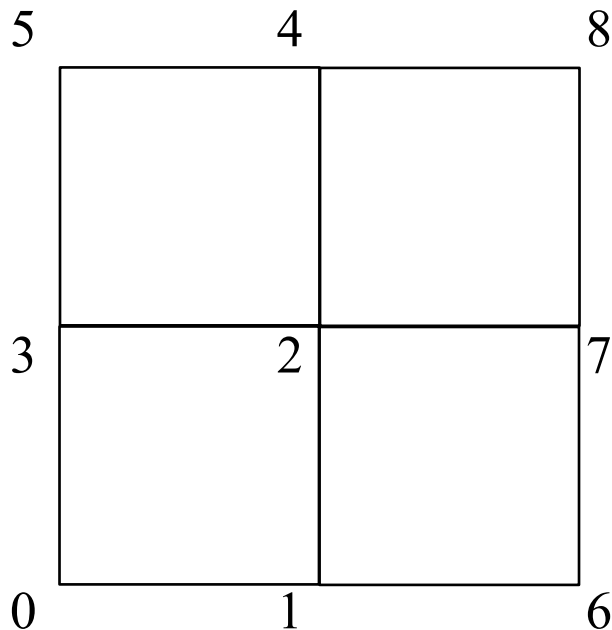
Hydromagnetic Kelvin-Helmholtz: MHD



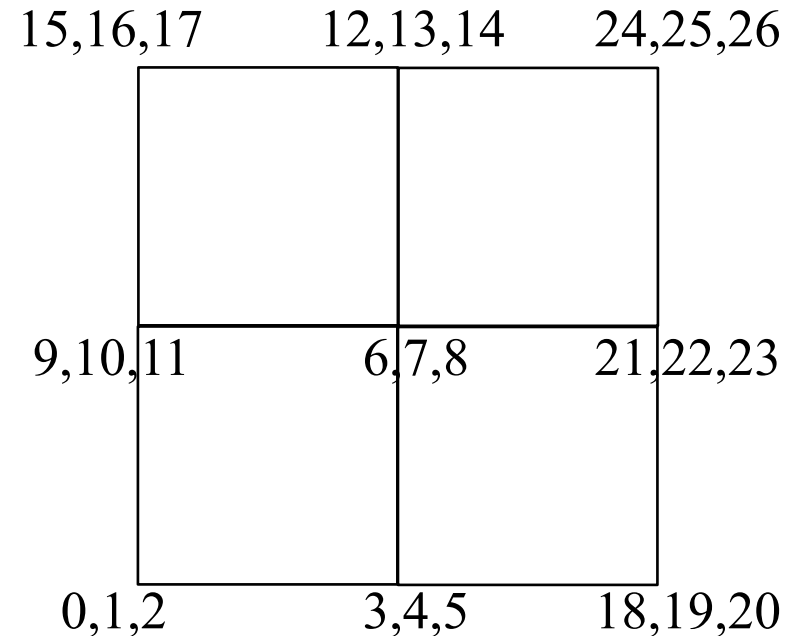
# Fully-Coupled Nodal Finite Element Simulation Technology

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Mesh Node IDs



Nodal DOFs: U, V, P



Global Unknown Numbering takes Mesh IDs to Unknown IDs

- Necessary to specify ordering of linear system
- More challenging in Parallel



# Parallel Nodal FEM

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## Pros of Parallel Nodal FEM

- ✓ Successful for stabilized single physics
  - Fluids Dynamics, Mechanics, Semiconductors, MHD, etc...
- ✓ Only have to handle single-physics
- ✓ Simple to program, no complex unknown numbering
  - Numbering easily derived from parallel mesh DB

## Cons of Parallel Nodal FEM

- ✗ Code is limited to stabilized discretizations
  - Mixed Navier-Stokes (Q2-Q1) requires inf-sup condition
- ✗ Multi-physics are not possible (or only through a hack)
  - Solid in one element block interacting with a fluid in another
- ✗ Compatible discretizations not possible
  - Edge/Face basis functions can make Maxwell easier

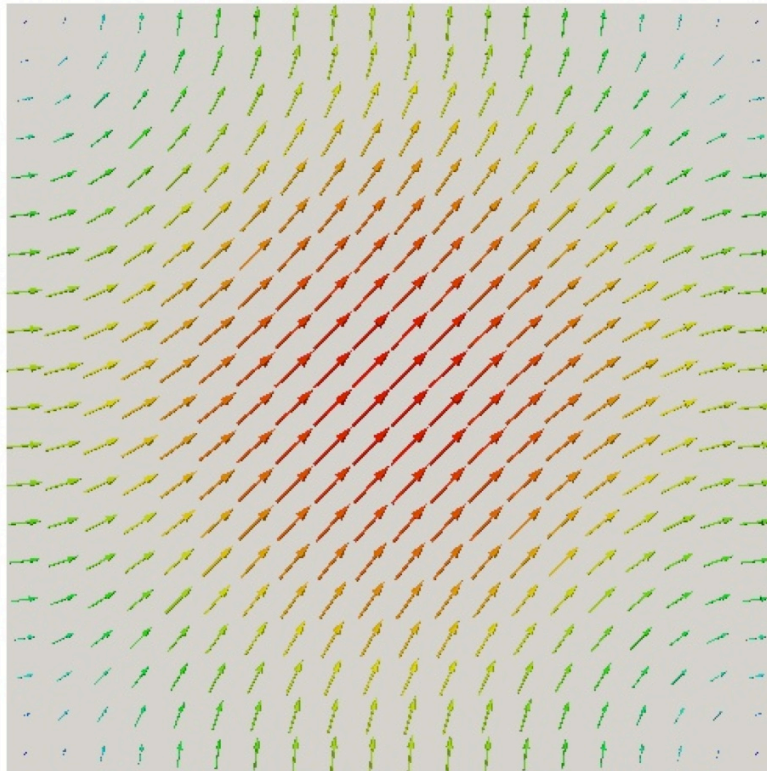




# Fully-Coupled Beyond-Nodal Discretizations

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Simulations enabled by “Beyond-Nodal” Discretizations



Edge/Face basis functions

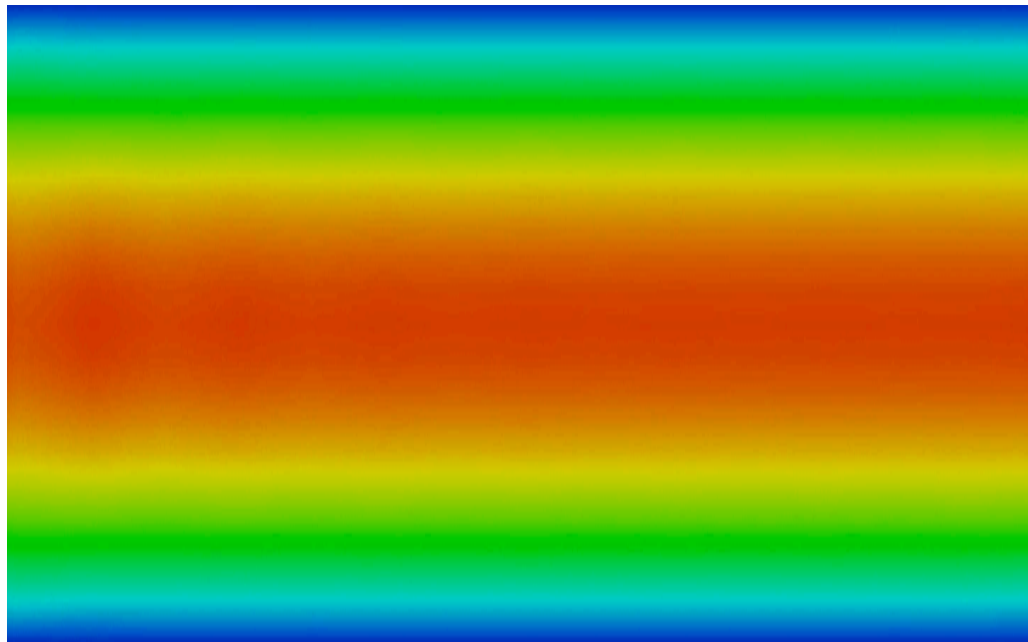
- numbering edges/faces
- orientations



# Fully-Coupled Beyond-Nodal Discretizations

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Simulations enabled by “Beyond-Nodal” Discretizations



Mixed Inf-Sup stable Navier-Stokes

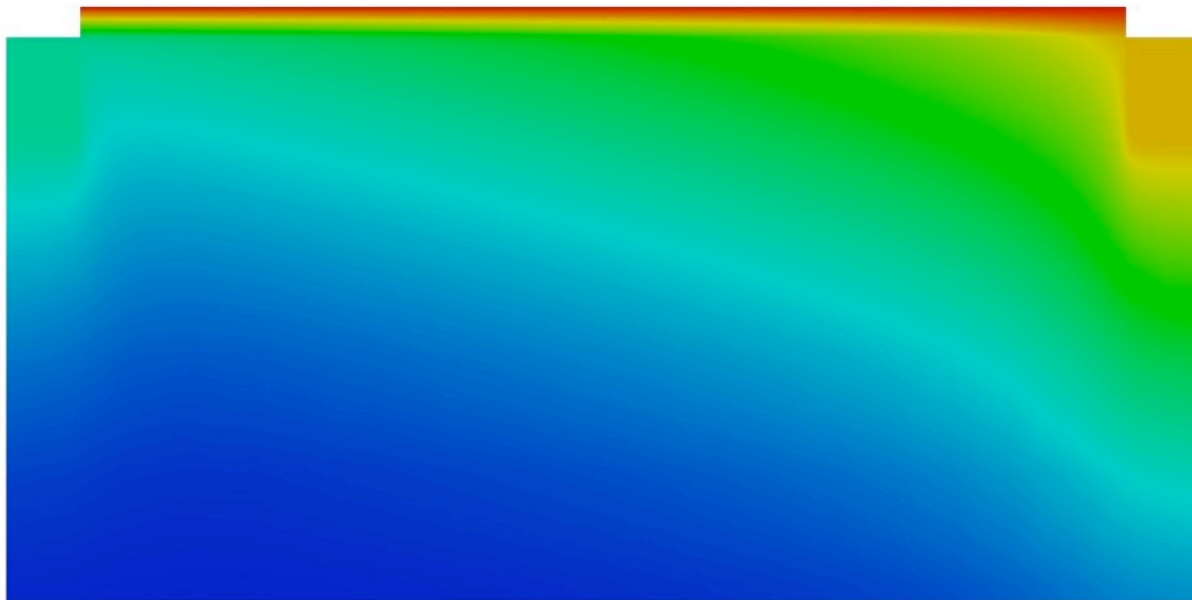
- Taylor-hood pairs
- No stabilization (parameters) needed



# Fully-Coupled Beyond-Nodal Discretizations

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Simulations enabled by “Beyond-Nodal” Discretizations

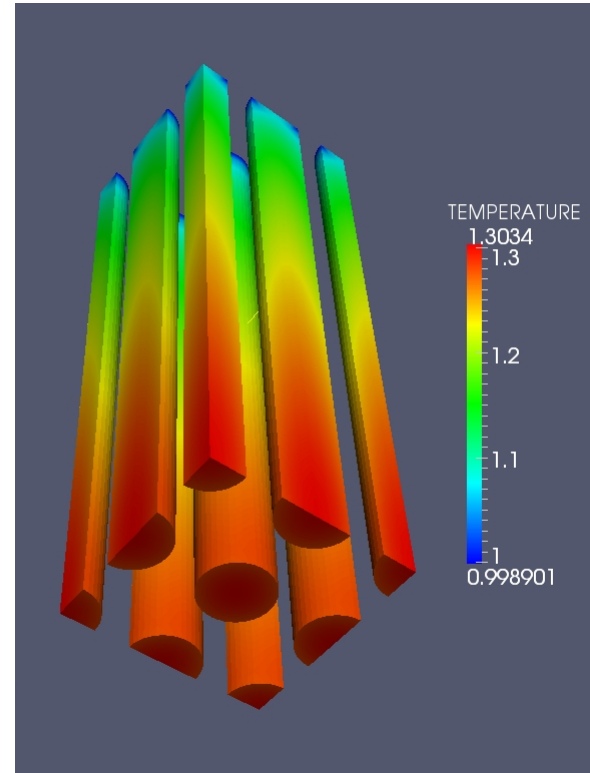
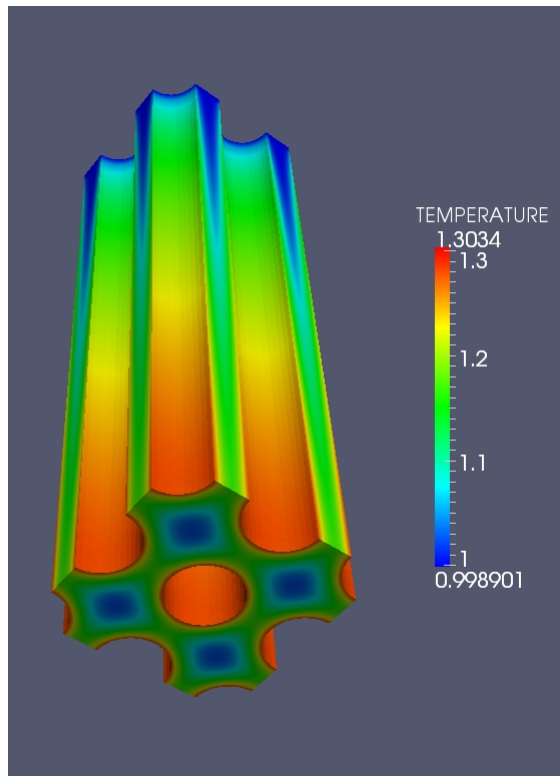


MOSFET Device (Drift-Diffusion Equations)

- Only potential eq solved in “Insulator” domain

# Fully-Coupled Beyond-Nodal Discretizations

Simulations enabled by “Beyond-Nodal” Discretizations



Fully-coupled conjugate heat transfer

- Fluid unknowns and solid unknowns



# Panzer: a Trilinos Package

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Panzer is Trilinos package for Finite Element Assembly

- Experimental capability
- Applications built on Panzer: Drekar (CFD, MHD), Charon2 (Drift-Diffusion)
- Expression graph based assembly (built on Phalanx)
- Automatic differentiation and embedded UQ (Sacado and Stokhos)
- Basis functions from Intrepid
- Default mesh DB from STK (or you can use your own)
- **Standalone DOF manager supports “Beyond-Nodal” discretizations**
  - Images from previous slide generated with Drekar and Charon2



# Panzer DOFManager

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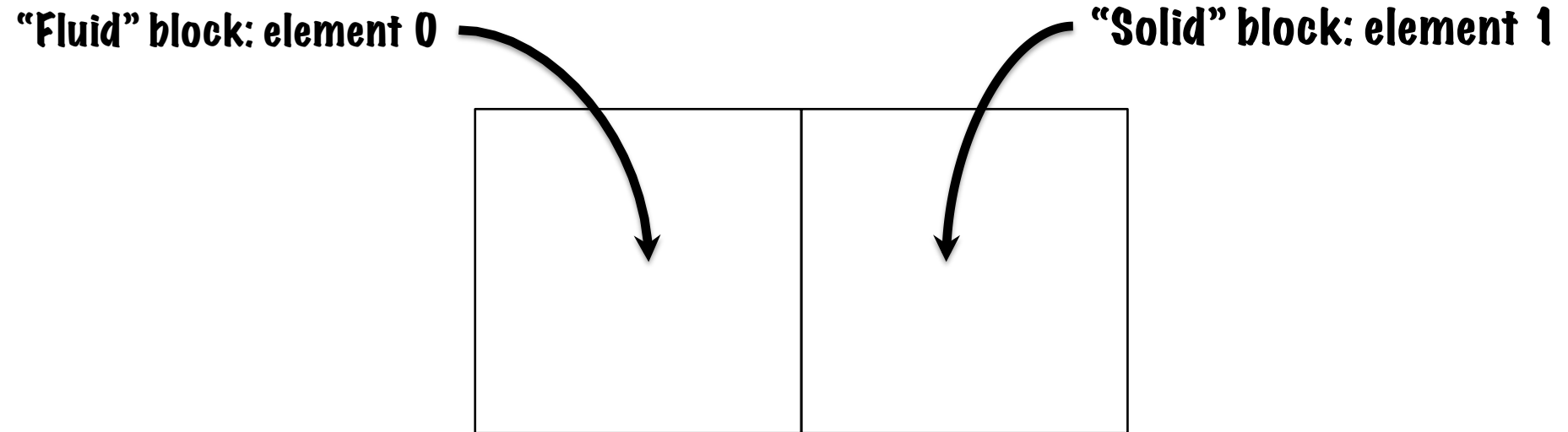
Talk focuses on using Panzer **DOFManager** standalone

- DOFManager is a C++ class for unknown numbering
- Enables parallel “Beyond-Nodal” discretizations
- Optional use of STK mesh DB
- Several examples of assembly provided
- Flexibly implemented on Tpetra: see me or B. Seefeldt for algorithm details



# Two Element Example

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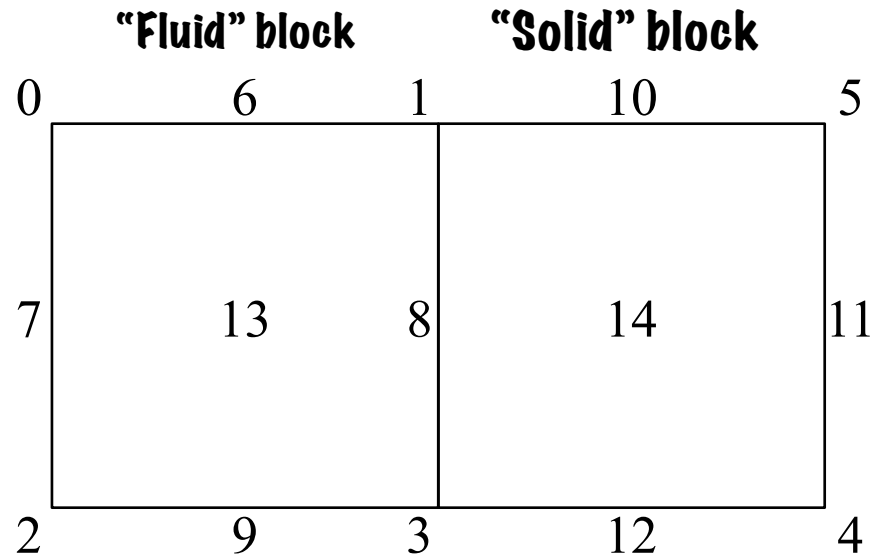
- Two element blocks (each with one element)
  1. Fluid block has fields:  $U$ ,  $V$ ,  $Pres$ ,  $Temp$
  2. Solid block has fields:  $Temp$
- Stable Q2-Q1 pair for fluid unknowns  $U$ ,  $V$ ,  $Pres$
- $Temp$  is continuous Q1 across interface
  - Normal flux continuity is enforced by finite element method

# Two Element Example

Possible geometry numbering

- Nodes
- Edges
- Cells

Numbering = Mesh topology

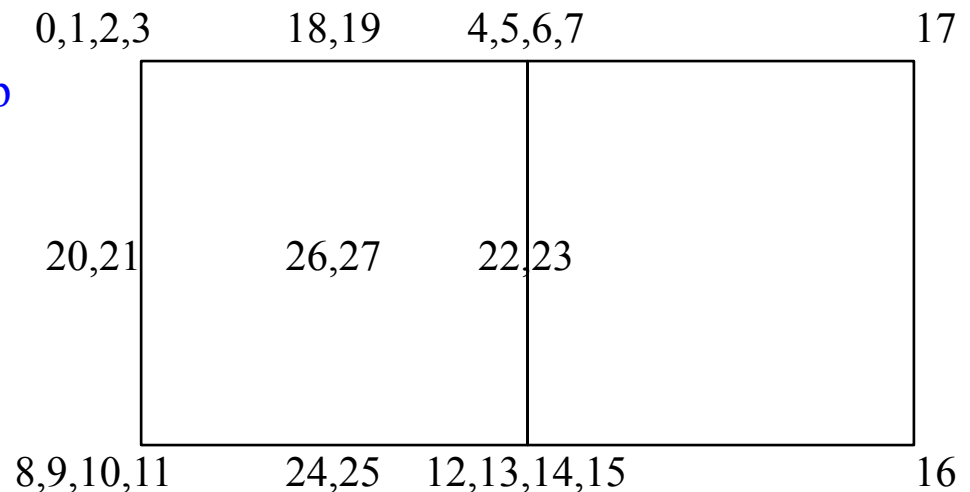


"Fluid" block

- Node numbering: U, V, Pres, Temp
- Edge numbering: U, V
- Cell numbering: U, V

"Solid" block

- Node numbering: Temp
- Edge numbering: n/a
- Cell numbering: na/a







# Two Element Example: build DOFManager

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```
panzer::DOFManager<int,int> dofManager = ...; // Build DOF manager from mesh topology

// Build Intrepid basis objects for Q2 (velocity) and Q1 (pressure and temperature)
RCP<Intrepid::Basis<double,FieldContainer> > q1_basis = rcp(new Intrepid::Basis_HGRAD_QUAD_C1_FEM);
RCP<Intrepid::Basis<double,FieldContainer> > q2_basis = rcp(new Intrepid::Basis_HGRAD_QUAD_C2_FEM);

// Build field patterns, these define the continuity requirements of the basis
RCP<const panzer::IntrepidFieldPattern> q1_pattern = rcp(new panzer::IntrepidFieldPattern(q1_basis));
RCP<const panzer::IntrepidFieldPattern> q2_pattern = rcp(new panzer::IntrepidFieldPattern(q2_basis));

// register fluid block fields
dofManager.addField("Fluid", "U", q2_pattern); // Velocity fields use Q2 basis
dofManager.addField("Fluid", "V", q2_pattern);
dofManager.addField("Fluid", "Pres", q1_pattern); // Pressure and Temperature use Q1 basis
dofManager.addField("Fluid", "Temp", q1_pattern);

// register solid block fields
dofManager.addField("Solid", "Temp", q1_pattern);

// Build global unknowns from specified fields (and patterns)
dofManager.buildGlobalUnknowns();
```

- Parallelism is handled automatically
- Global IDs can be looked up by local element ID
- Orientations can be computed as well

# Two Element Example: solution gather

Solution Gather: Get element field coefficients from Epetra\_Vector  
Residual/Jacobian Scatter: fill RHS vector and Jacobian matrix

panzer::DOFManager has two functions supporting gather/scatter

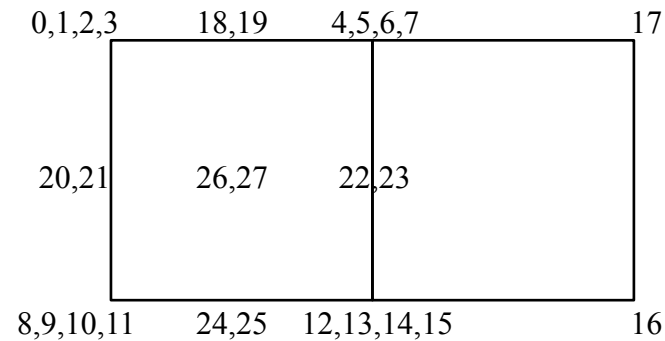
- `dofManager.getElementGIDs`: Global GIDs for an element
- `dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets`: Index into GID array for field on an element block

For “Solid” element 1

```
dofManager.getElementGIDs=[15, 16, 17, 7]
```

Temp Temp Temp Temp

```
dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets(“Temp”)= [0,1,2,3]
```



# Two Element Example: solution gather

For “Fluid” element 0

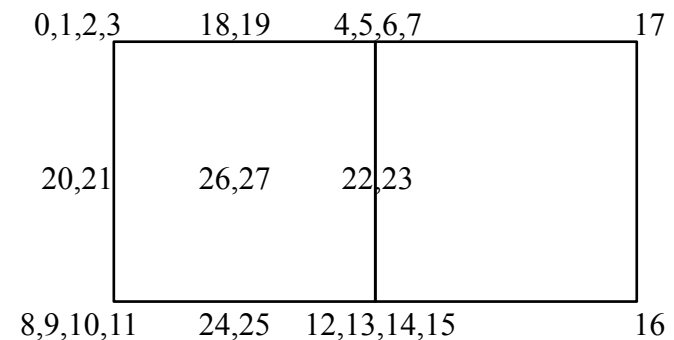
dofManager.getElementGIDs=[8,9,10,11, 12,13,14,15, 4,5,6,7, 0,1,2,3, **nodes**  
                                   U  V  Pres Temp          U  V  Pres Temp          U  V  Pres Temp  
                                   24,25, 22,23, 18,19, 20,21 **edges**  
                                   U  V  U  V  U  V  U  V  
                                   26,27] **cell**  
                                   U  V

dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets(“U”)= [0,4,8,12,16,18,20,22,24]

dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets(“V”)= [1,5,9,13,17,19,21,23,25]

dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets(“Pres”)= [2,6,10,14]

dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets(“Temp”)= [3,7,11,15]





# Two Element Example: solution gather

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Code template for solution gather operation using DOFManager

- Code examples written for clarity of DOFManager usage
- Warning: These are not at all optimized!
- Scatter operations follow much the same pattern

```
// Extract the basis function coefficients for a field from an Epetra_Vector
//
// gids: Global element IDs constructed by a call to dofManager.getElementGIDs
// field: Index into GID array, from a call to dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets
// x: Epetra_Vector to gather from
std::vector<double> fillField(std::vector<int> gids, std::vector<int> field, const Epetra_Vector & x)
{
    std::vector<double> coeffs;
    coeffs.resize(field.size()); // allocate memory for the coefficients

    for(std::size_t i=0; field.size(); i++) {
        // get local id for looking up coefficient
        int lid = x.Map().LID(gids[field[i]]);

        coeffs[i] = x[lid]
    }

    return coeffs;
}
```



# Two Element Example: solution gather

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```
void gatherFluidElementUnknowns(int elementId, const Epetra_Vector & x)
{
    std::vector<int> fl_u_ind = dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets("Fluid", dofManager.getFieldNum("U"));
    std::vector<int> fl_v_ind = dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets("Fluid", dofManager.getFieldNum("V"));
    std::vector<int> fl_p_ind = dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets("Fluid", dofManager.getFieldNum("Pres"));
    std::vector<int> fl_t_ind = dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets("Fluid", dofManager.getFieldNum("Temp"));

    std::vector<int> gids;
    dofManager.getElementGIDs(elementId, gids);

    // get basis coefficients appropriate for use by intrepid (ordered correctly)
    std::vector<double> u_coeffs = fillField(gids, fl_u_ind, x);
    std::vector<double> v_coeffs = fillField(gids, fl_v_ind, x);
    std::vector<double> p_coeffs = fillField(gids, fl_p_ind, x);
    std::vector<double> t_coeffs = fillField(gids, fl_t_ind, x);
}

void gatherSolidElementUnknowns(int elementId, const Epetra_Vector & x)
{
    std::vector<int> sd_t_ind = dofManager.getGIDFieldOffsets("Solid", dofManager.getFieldNum("Temp"));

    std::vector<int> gids;
    dofManager.getElementGIDs(elementId, gids);

    // get basis coefficients appropriate for use by intrepid (ordered correctly)
    std::vector<double> t_coeffs = fillField(gids, sd_t_ind, x);
}
```



# Constructing Epetra\_Map objects

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How do you construct Epetra (Tpetra) objects?

- DOFManager provides global ID arrays for ghosted and unique IDs
- DOFManager::getOwnedIndices – Unique IDs
- DOFManager::getOwnedAndSharedIndices – Ghosted IDs

```
std::vector<int> unique, ghosted; // build index set for maps
dofManager.getOwnedIndices(unique);
dofManager.getOwnedAndSharedIndices(ghosted);

Epetra_Map uniqueMap(-1,unique.size(),&unique[0],Comm); // map for solving
Epetra_Map ghostedMap(-1,ghosted.size(),&ghosted[0],Comm); // map for assembly
```

```
Epetra_Import importer(ghostedMap,uniqueMap);
Epetra_Export exporter(ghostedMap,uniqueMap);
Epetra_Vector uniqueVec(uniqueMap), ghostedVec(ghostedMap);
// ... do lots of stuff
ghostedVec.Import(uniqueVec,importer,Insert); // Prepare ghosted vector for assembly
// ... do lots of stuff
uniqueVec.Export(ghostedVec,exporter,Add); // Sum into global vector for solving
```



# Associating Mesh Topology

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DOFManager needs only mesh topology

- No coordinates needed
- Abstract ConnManager interface defines topology
- Default ConnManager wrapping STK in Panzer
- Use favorite mesh DB with DOFManager by inheriting from ConnManager

```
// Pure Virtual base class that interacts with DOFManager
// This class provides the DOFManager the mesh topology
class panzer::ConnManager {
    void buildConnectivity(const panzer::FieldPattern &fp);
    const GlobalOrdinal * getConnectivity(LocalOrdinal localElmtId);
    LocalOrdinal getConnectivitySize(LocalOrdinal localElmtId);
    std::string getBlockId(LocalOrdinal localElmtId);
    std::size_t numElementBlocks();
    void getElementBlocks(std::vector<std::string> &elementBlockIds);
    const std::vector<LocalOrdinal> & getElementBlock(const std::string &blockID);
};
```



# Building DOFManager using STK mesh

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```
// Use panzer's build in STK wrapper
//   panzer will generate square and hex meshes
//   and read from exodus
RCP<panzer_stk::STK_Interface> mesh = ...

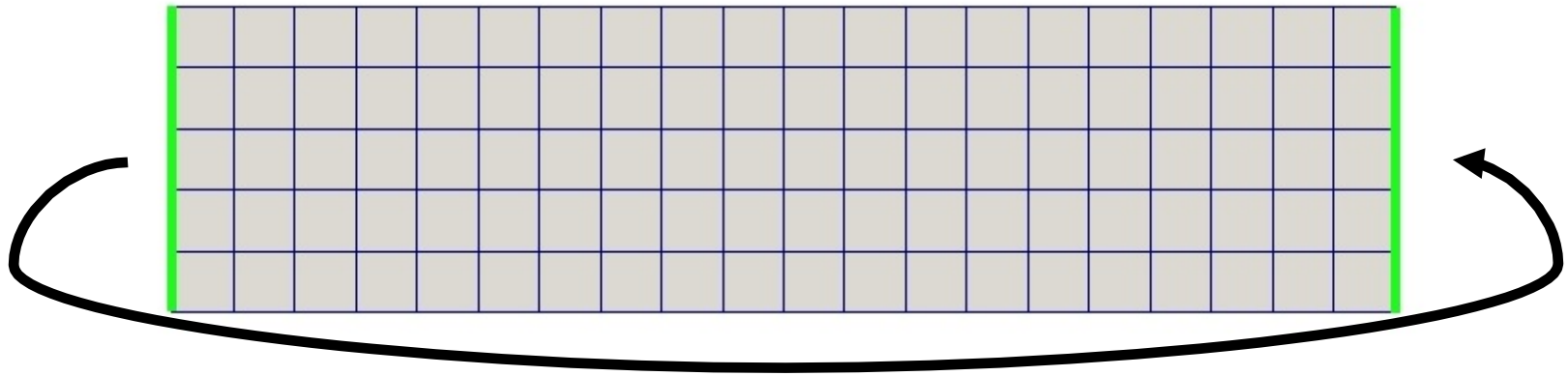
// Build a connection manager from the STK wrapper
RCP<panzer::ConnManager<int,int> > connManager
    = Teuchos::rcp(new panzer_stk::STKConnManager(mesh));

// Set the connection manager for the DOF manager
panzer::DOFManager<int,int> dofManager;
dofManager.setConnManager(connManager,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

- Panzer includes mesh I/O and simple meshing tools
- Provides a good path for using DOFManager
- Separation between “mesh→ConnManager→DOFManager” is powerful abstraction

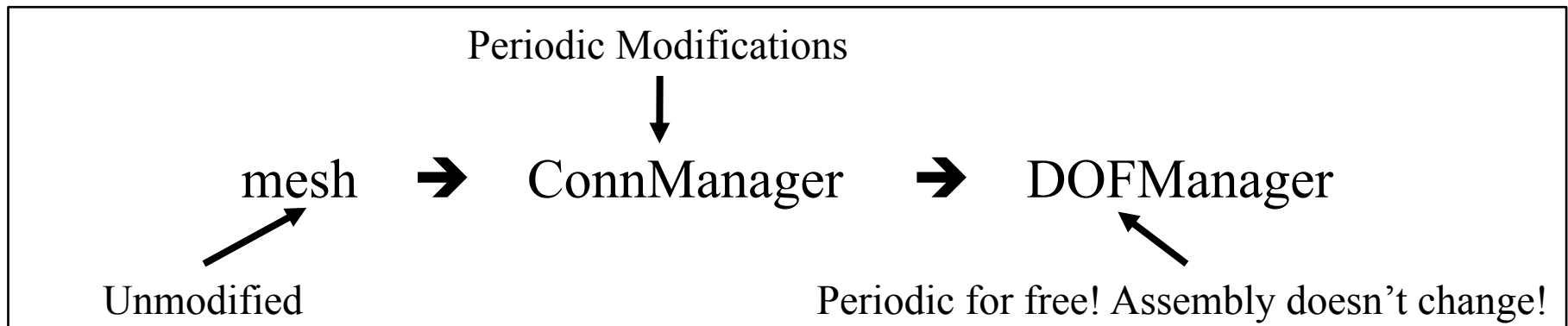


# Periodic boundary conditions



To make simulation periodic: Associate nodes, edges on left with the right

- Reassignment guarantees  $C^0$  continuity
- Flux normal continuity from FEM





# Conclusions

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- Introduced Panzer DOFManager for global unknown numbering
  - Handles mixed discretizations
  - Handles compatible discretizations
  - Handles multi-domain multi-physics
  - Handles equal-order discretizations
  - Plans to handle high-order elements
- Showed minimal interface
  - `DOFManager::getElementGIDs` – Mapping from element to Vector
  - `DOFManager::getGIDFieldOffsets` – Mapping from fields to Vector
  - `DOFManager::getOwnedIndices` – Unique IDs
  - `DOFManager::getOwnedAndSharedIndices` – Ghosted IDs
- Can use STK mesh or your own
- Templated on global and local IDs
- `panzer::DOFManager` is ready to use!