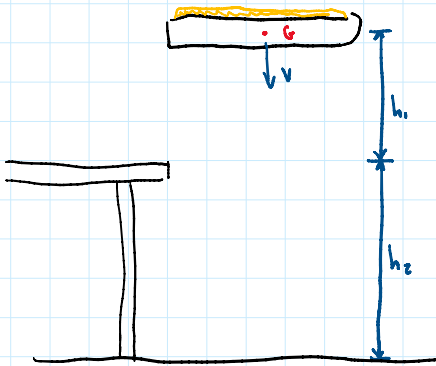


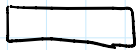
## Intermediate Eccentric Impact

Inspiration: None

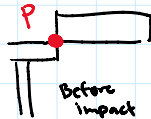


Drawing not to scale

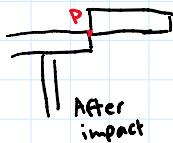
State 1



State 2



State 3



A mechanical engineering student woke up late and prepares his breakfast in a hurry. Right as he finishes buttering up his toast, he drops it. As the 50 g toast falls, it hits the counter right along the edge of the toast. If the toast starts at a height  $h_1 = 20 \text{ cm}$  from the top of the counter and falls an additional  $h_2 = 75 \text{ cm}$ , how far will the toast rotate? If it starts butter-side up, will it land butter-side down? Assume the toast can be treated as a  $12 \text{ cm} \times 12 \text{ cm}$  thin plate and the counter is frictionless. Take the toast to start from rest. The coefficient of restitution is  $e = 0.8$ .

$$T_1 + V_1 = T_2 + V_2 \quad \text{Set counter as datum}$$

$$0 + mgh_1 = \frac{1}{2}mv_2^2 + 0$$

$$(0.05)(9.81)(0.2) = \frac{1}{2}(0.05)v_2^2$$

$$v_2 = 1.9809 \text{ m/s}$$

$$e = \frac{v_{\text{toast}_3} - v_{\text{counter}_3}}{v_{\text{counter}_2} - v_{\text{toast}_2}}$$

$$0.8 = \frac{v_{\text{toast}_3}}{-(-1.9809)}$$

$$v_{\text{toast}_3} = 1.584727$$

$$(H_P)_2 = (H_P)_3 \quad \text{Angular momentum is conserved about P only}$$

$$I_G \vec{\omega}_2 + \vec{r}_{G/P} \times m \vec{v}_{G2} = I_G \vec{\omega}_3 + \vec{r}_{G/P} \times m \vec{v}_{G3}$$

$$0 + (0.06 \hat{i}) \times (0.05)(-1.9809 \hat{j}) = \frac{1}{12}(0.05)(0.12)^2 \omega_3 \hat{k} + (0.06 \hat{i}) \times (0.05)v_{G3} \hat{j}$$

$$-0.0059427 \hat{k} = 0.00006 \omega_3 \hat{k} + 0.003(1.584727) \hat{k}$$

$$\omega_3 = -176.26135 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$d = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$0.75 = 1.584727t + 0.5(9.81)t^2$$

$$t = -0.565, 0.262$$

$$\theta = \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$\theta = (176.26135)(0.262) + 0$$

$$= 46.7097137 \text{ rad}$$

Toast rotates 7.434 revolutions

$$0.434 \text{ revs} \Rightarrow 2.727 \text{ rad} \Rightarrow 156.264$$



The toast will land butter-side down :)