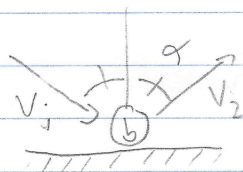
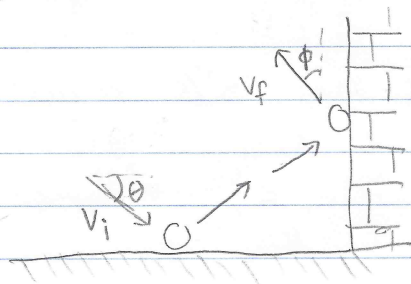


20-P-MOM-DY-~~10~~ 6

A tennis ball bounces off the floor and then the wall. The ball has a coefficient of restitution $e = 0.6$ with the floor and wall. The initial velocity of the ball is 2 m/s 30° below the horizontal axis. Determine the final velocity and angle.



$$\alpha = 90 - \theta = 60^\circ$$

$$e = \frac{(v_2)_y - (v_g)_2}{(v_g)_1 - (v_i)_1}$$

$$v_g = \text{velocity of ground} = 0$$

$$e = \frac{(v_2)_y}{-(v_i)_y}$$

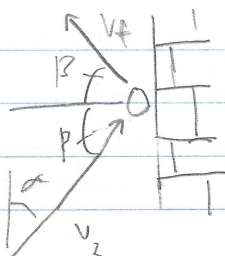
$$v_2 = -e (v_i)_y$$

collision in y-direction.

$$[v_2]_y = -(0.6)(2) \sin 30^\circ = 0.6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$[v_2]_x \text{ is conserved} = 2 \cos 30^\circ = 1.732 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2 = 1.833 \text{ m/s}$$



$$\beta = 90 - \alpha = 30^\circ$$

$$e = \frac{v_f - (v_w)_2}{(v_w)_1 - v_2}$$

$$v_w = \text{wall} = 0$$

$$e = \frac{v_f}{-v_2}$$

$$v_f = -e v_2$$

collision in x-direction

$$[v_f]_x = -0.6 (v_2) \cos \beta = 0.952 \text{ m/s}$$

$$[v_f]_y \text{ is conserved} = v_2 \sin \beta = 0.9165 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_f = 1.32 \text{ m/s}$$