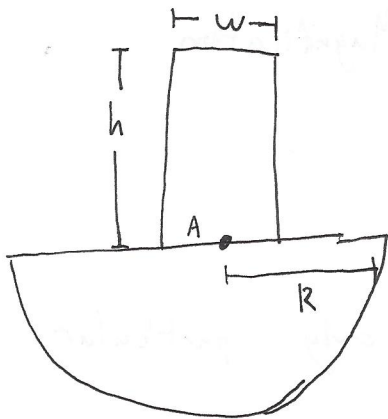


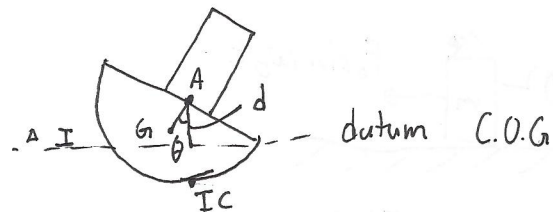
20-R-VIB-12 Intermediate

A symmetrical buoy is moved onto land for maintenance.

The ~~mass of the buoy is 200 kg and the centre of mass~~ is ~~0.5 m off the ground~~. The tower on top of the buoy can be thought of as a rectangle with a height ^{0.4} and width 0.2. Given that the radius of the bottom is 1m, find the natural period of the system. The buoy has a uniform ~~system~~ density of 1000 kg/m^3 .



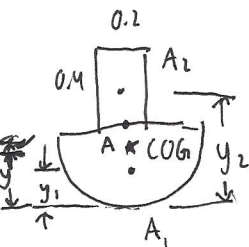
Solution:



$$d = d(1 - \cos \theta)$$

$$E = T + V = \frac{1}{2} I_{IC} \dot{\theta}^2 + mgd(1 - \cos \theta)$$

$$\dot{E} = I_{IC} \dot{\theta} \ddot{\theta} + mgd \cos \theta \dot{\theta} = \dot{\theta} (I_{IC} \ddot{\theta} + mgd \cos \theta)$$



$$A_1 = \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_2 = 0.08 \text{ m}^2$$

Small θ assumption

$$y_1 = \frac{4R}{3\pi} = \frac{4}{3\pi} \text{ m}$$

$$y_2 = 1.2 \text{ m}$$

$$m_1 = 200\pi \text{ kg} \quad m_2 = 80 \text{ kg}$$

$$0 = I_{IC} \ddot{\theta} + mgd \theta$$

$$d = 0.4 \text{ m} \quad \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{mgd}{I_{IC}}}$$

$$Ay = A_1 y_1 + A_2 y_2 \quad y = 0.462 \text{ m}$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{I_{IC}}{mgd}} \quad d = R - y$$

$$I_A = I_{\text{semi}} + I_{\text{rect}} = \frac{1}{2} m_1 R^2 + m_2 \left(\frac{1}{12} (h^2 + w^2) + 0.2^2 \right)$$

$$= 318.64 \text{ R-y}$$

$$I_A = I_{\text{CG}} + m(y_1)^2 \quad I_{\text{CG}} = 247.879 = 113.67$$

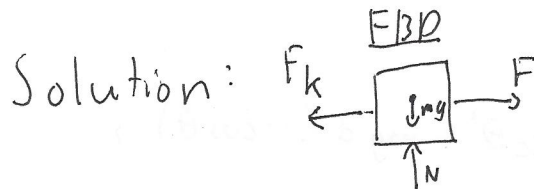
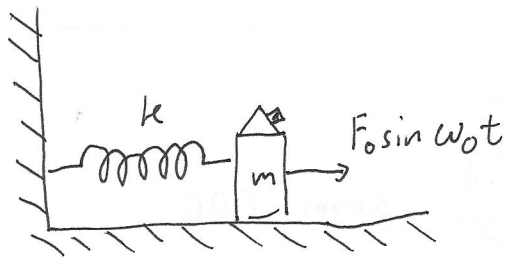
$$I_{IC} = I_{\text{CG}} + m(y)^2 = 264.856$$

$$T = 1.6725$$

20-R-VIB-DY-13

A $\hat{2\text{kg}}$ box of orange juice contains the instructions "Shake well!" An engineering student decides to get smart and connect the juice box with a spring, which has a spring constant $k = 25 \text{ N/m}$, and applies a periodic force. The periodic force is described as $5 \sin 5t$. What is the maximum amplitude of the periodic motion at steady state?

↳ & ~~multiplication~~ factor
Magnification



@ steady state only particular solution matter.

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{2}}$$

$$x_p = \frac{F_0/k}{1 - (\omega_0/\omega_n)^2} \sin \omega_0 t$$

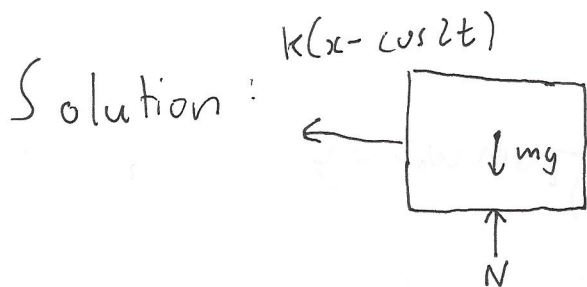
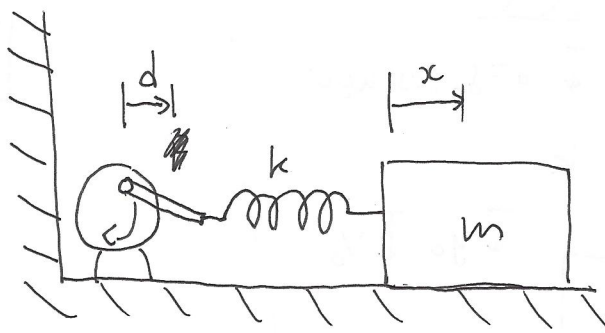
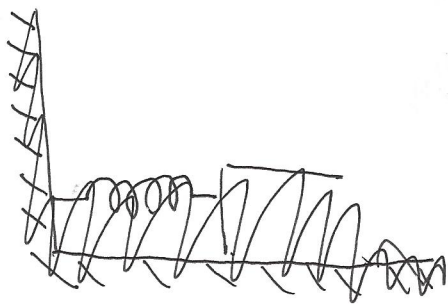
$$= -0.2 \text{ m}$$

$$MF = \frac{1}{1 - (\omega_0/\omega_n)^2} = -1$$

20-12-VIIB-DY-14

Beginner

~~Another~~ Shaking machine consists of a motor and a spring. The motor consists of a rotary engine which can be described by the equation $d = \cos 2t$. Given that the spring constant is 25 N/m and a load of 2 kg , what is the ~~natural frequency~~ ~~resonance~~ and amplitude of the steady state vibration? ~~maximum velocity~~



$$\sum F_x = m a_x$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{2}}$$

$$-k(x - \cos 2t) = m a_x$$

$$m \ddot{x} + kx = k \cos 2t$$

$$\ddot{x} + \frac{k}{m}x = \frac{k}{m} \cos 2t$$

$$\frac{k}{m} = \frac{F_0}{m}$$

$$k = F_0$$

~~Resonance frequency = ω_n~~

$$= \sqrt{\frac{25}{2}}$$

$$x(t) = \cos 2t$$

$$\dot{x}(t) = 2 \cos 2t$$

$$V_{\max} = 2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\cos @ \max = 1$$

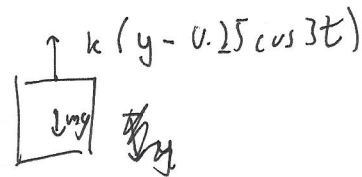
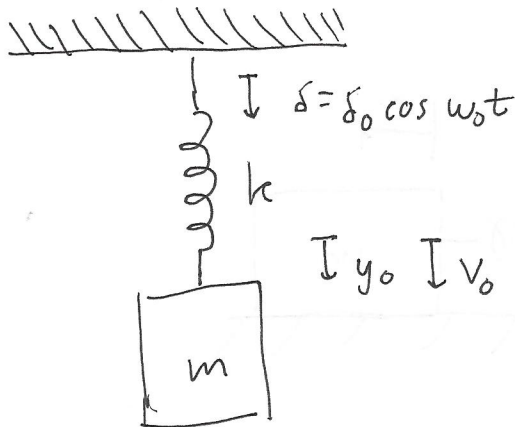
$$A_{\text{amp}} = \frac{k/k}{1 - (\omega_0/\omega_n)^2} = 1.47 \text{ m}$$

20-R-VIB-DY-15 Beginner

A 5kg load is hanging from the ceiling via a spring with a k value of 50 N/m. Given an initial velocity of 2 m/s and initial displacement of 0.1 m , determine the position equation of the load, if the support moves

$$\delta = 0.25 \cos 3t.$$

FBD



Solution: $A \sin \omega_n t + B \cos \omega_n t + \frac{\delta_0}{1 - (\frac{\omega_0}{\omega_n})^2} \sin \omega_0 t = y$

$$\dot{y} = v = A \omega_n \cos \omega_n t - B \omega_n \sin \omega_n t + \frac{\delta_0 \omega_0}{1 - (\frac{\omega_0}{\omega_n})^2} \cos \omega_0 t$$

when $t=0$ ~~to~~ $y_0 = 0.1$ $v_0 = 2 \text{ m/s}$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{10}$$

$$y_0 = 0 + B + 0 = 0.1 \quad B = 0.1$$

$$v_0 = A \omega_n - 0 + \frac{\delta \omega_0}{1 - (\frac{\omega_0}{\omega_n})^2} \quad A = \frac{v_0}{\omega_n} - \frac{\delta \omega_0}{\omega_n - \frac{\omega_0^2}{\omega_n}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{10}} - \frac{0.25 \cdot 3}{\sqrt{10} - \frac{9}{\sqrt{10}}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{10}} - 1.739$$

$$y = \frac{2}{\sqrt{10}} - 1.739 \sin \sqrt{10} t + 0.1 \cos \sqrt{10} t + 2.5 \sin 3t$$