

Mammoth Q's

① $m = 300t^2 + 30000 \text{ N-m}$ $t = 2s$

$r_B = 2m$ $r_A = 0.5m$

$m = Fr_B$
~~at~~

~~$F_y = 150t^2 + 15000 \text{ N-m} - mg$~~
 ~~$m = 150t^2 + 15000 \text{ N-m}$~~
 ~~$a = \frac{150}{5440}t^2 + \frac{15000}{5440}$~~

~~$\int_0^{t_2} a = \frac{150}{16320}t^3 + \frac{15000}{5440}t \Big|_0^2 = 5.588 \frac{m}{s} = v_f$~~

$F_y = 150t^2 + 15000 - mg$

$(5440)a = 150t^2 - 38366.4$

$a = \frac{150t^2}{5440} - 7.0526$

$\int_{t_1}^{t_2} a = \frac{150}{16320}t^3 - 7.0526t \Big|_0^2$

~~$\Delta v = -13.36 \frac{m}{s} = v_f$~~

★ $r_B = 0.5m$ ★

$F_y = 600t^2 + 60000 - mg$

$a = \frac{600t^2}{5440} + \frac{60000 - mg}{5440}$

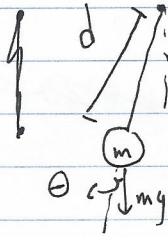
$\int_{t_1}^{t_2} a = \frac{600}{16320}t^3 + \frac{60000 - mg}{5440}t \Big|_0^2$

$\Delta v = 2.733 \frac{m}{s} = v_f$

Assuming that the mammoth swings about A?

② $I = mk^2$ $I_A = mk^2 + m(d^2)$ $d = 2m$

* $k = 3.2m$



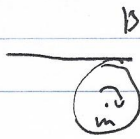
$$\Sigma M_A: -dmg \sin \theta = (mk^2 + md^2) \ddot{\theta}$$

assume small θ so $\sin \theta = \theta$

$$dmg \theta + (mk^2 + md^2) \ddot{\theta} = 0$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{mgd}{(mk^2 + md^2)}} = \sqrt{\frac{gd}{(k^2 + d^2)}} = 1.378 \text{ rad/s}$$

③ Does the mammoth not fall down?



$m = 40000 \text{ Nm}$

$F_r = m \quad F = 20000 \text{ N}$



$F_y: 20000 - mg = ma \quad a = -6.1325 \text{ m/s}^2$

~~$r_b = 0.5m$~~

* $r_b = 0.5m$ *

$m = 40000 \text{ Nm}$

$F_r = m \quad F = \text{~~20000~~ } 80000 \text{ N}$

$F_y: F - mg = ma \quad a = 4.896 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$d = v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \quad t = \sqrt{\frac{2d}{a}} = 1.278$$

$v_f = v_i + at \quad v_f = 6.258 \text{ m/s}$

$$⑤ \quad M_p = -2000 \text{ Nm}$$

$$M = Fr$$

$$\text{impulse} = F \Delta t = m \Delta V$$

$$\frac{2000}{r_B} \quad \frac{M}{r} \rightarrow$$

$$\left(\frac{M}{r_B} - \frac{2000}{r_B} \right) = \frac{m \Delta V}{\Delta t}$$

$$V_A = 5 \sin \theta$$

~~$$20 - 2000 - 2000 = 445$$~~