

# 20-P-KM-AF-019

## Curvilinear Motion: Intermediate

Q: Traffic circles are very common and are often expressed by equations. If a circle follows the eqn  $4x^2 + y^2 = 4$  and the max velocity is  $C$  m/s. What are minimum and maximum acceleration felt by the car.

A:  $4x^2 + y^2 = 4$

$$y = \sqrt{4 - 4x^2}$$

$$dy/dx = \frac{-4x}{\sqrt{4 - 4x^2}}$$

$$d^2y/dx^2 = \frac{-16}{(4 - 4x^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$x = \sqrt{1 - y^2/4}$$

$$dx/dy = \frac{-y}{4\sqrt{1 - y^2/4}}$$

$$d^2x/dy^2 = \frac{-1/4}{(1 - y^2/4)^{3/2}}$$

$$\rho = \frac{\left[1 + \left(\frac{-4x}{\sqrt{4 - 4x^2}}\right)^2\right]^{3/2}}{\frac{-16}{(4 - 4x^2)^{3/2}}}$$

$$\rho = \frac{\left[1 + \left(\frac{-y}{4\sqrt{1 - y^2/4}}\right)^2\right]^{3/2}}{\frac{-1}{4(1 - y^2/4)^{3/2}}}$$

@ (0, 2)

$$\rho = \frac{\left[1 + \left(\frac{0}{\sqrt{4}}\right)^2\right]^{3/2}}{\frac{-16}{4^{3/2}}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

@ (1, 0)

$$\rho = \frac{\left[1 + \left[\frac{0}{4\sqrt{1}}\right]^2\right]^{3/2}}{\frac{-1}{4(1)^{3/2}}} = 4$$

$$a = \frac{v^2}{\rho} = \frac{C^2}{\rho} = \frac{C^2}{1/2} = 2C^2$$

↑  
max

$$a = \frac{v^2}{\rho} = \frac{C^2}{4}$$

↑  
min