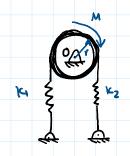
20-R-WE-DK-8 Interediate

Principle of Work and Energy

Inspiration: Example 19.2



Students are working on a self-righting balance system consisting of a disk and two springs with spring constants $K_2 = 10$ N/m and $K_2 = 5$ N/m. If the disk with mass m = 15 Kg and radius r = 0.4 m is subjected to a constant couple moment M = 5 N/m, determine the angle through which the disk must rotate to achieve an angular velocity of mega = 1 rad/s. Both springs are initially unstretched.

$$T_1 = 0$$
 $V_1 = 0$ Unstructuled and not mains

 $T_2 = \frac{1}{2} I_0 w^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} (15)(0.4)^2 \right) (1^2) = 0.6$
 $V_2 = \frac{1}{2} k_1 s^2 + \frac{1}{2} k_2 s^2$ $S = I(0) = 0.40$
 $= \frac{1}{2} (10)(0.40)^2 + \frac{1}{2} (5)(0.40)^2$

$$T_1 + V_1 + \sum_{v \in A_1 \rightarrow 2} = T_2 + V_2$$
 $U_M = MO$

$$0+0+U_{M}=T_{2}+V_{2}$$
 $U_{M}-V_{2}=T_{2}$

$$50 - 0.80^2 - 0.40^2 = 0.6$$
 $-1.20^2 + 50 - 0.6 = 0$

0=0.12367, 4.04zaa6003