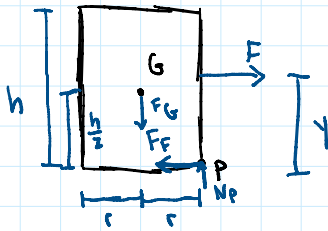
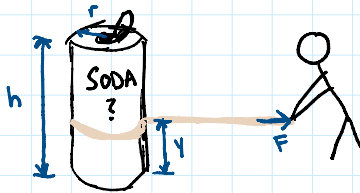


## 20-R-KIN-DK-27 Beginner

Inspiration: Hibbeler pg. 485

## General Plane Motion



Movers are trying to set up an art gallery. They attempt to drag a human-size statue of a soda can with mass  $m = 120 \text{ kg}$  by tying a rope around it. Determine the force required for the statue to tip and the force for the statue to slip if the coefficient of static friction and kinetic friction is found to be  $\mu_s = 0.4$  and  $\mu_k = 0.3$ , respectively. The can has a height of  $h = 1.8 \text{ m}$  and the rope is tied  $1 \text{ m}$  off the ground. Assume the statue to be a solid cylinder with radius  $r = 0.3 \text{ m}$  and constant density. If the movers can apply the force required for the statue to slip, where is the minimum height they should tie the rope to safely drag the statue?

P is the point of tipping when it does tip

$$\text{No tip} \Rightarrow \vec{\alpha} = \vec{0}$$

a)

$$\sum F_x = F - F_f = F - \mu_s N_p = m a_{Gx}$$

$$\sum F_y = N_p - mg = m a_{Gy} = 0$$

$$\sum M_P = mgr - Fy = 120(9.81)(0.3) - F(1) = I_P \alpha$$

Tipping:

$$\sum F_y: N_p = mg = (120)(9.81) = 1177.2$$

$$\sum M_P: mgr - Fy = 0 \Rightarrow 120(9.81)(0.3) = F(1)$$

$$F = 353.16 \text{ N} \quad \text{The maximum force for } \vec{\alpha} = 0 \text{ (Right before it tips)}$$

Slipping:

$$\sum F_x: F - \mu_s N_p = 0 \quad F = 0.4 N_p = 0.4(1177.2) = 470.88 \text{ N}$$

The maximum force for  $a_{Gx} = 0$  (Right before it slips)

b)

$$\sum F_x = F - F_f = F - \mu_s N_p = m a_{Gx}$$

$$\sum F_y = N_p - mg = m a_{Gy} = 0$$

$$\sum M_P = mgr - Fy = I_P \alpha$$

$$N_p = mg = 120(9.81) = 1177.2$$

$$\sum M_P: 120(9.81)(0.3) - (470.88)y = 0$$

$$y = 0.75 \text{ m}$$