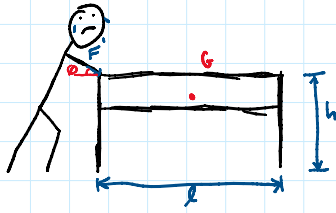


# 20-R-KIN-DK-42 Intermediate Translation (RBE)

Inspiration: 17-36 Hibbeler



Your friend has just moved into a new apartment and needs help moving some furniture in. You push on a desk at an angle  $\theta = 30^\circ$  as shown, and, by chance, apply exactly enough force to overcome static friction. Determine the initial acceleration of the desk at this state and the normal forces at A and B. The desk has a center of gravity at G, with a mass of **15 kg**. The coefficients of static and kinetic friction are given as  $\mu_s = 0.5$  and  $\mu_k = 0.3$  respectively. The desk has a length of **1.1 m** and a height of **1 m**. The center of gravity is located **0.2 m** below the top of the desk, and the desk has 4 legs in total.

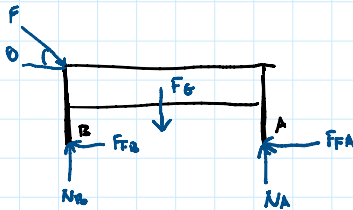
Static friction force:

$$\sum F_x = F \cos 30 - F_{fB} - F_{fA} = F \cos 30 - 0.5 N_B - 0.5 N_A = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = N_B + N_A - F \sin 30 - (15)(9.81) = 0$$

$$N_B + N_A = F \sin 30 + 147.15$$

$$F \cos 30 - 0.5 F \sin 30 - 73.575 = 0 \quad F = 119.435 \text{ N}$$



Sliding desk:

$$\sum F_x = m a_{gx}$$

$$\sum F_y = m a_{gy} = 0$$

$$119.435 \cos 30 - 0.3 N_B - 0.3 N_A = 15 a_{gx}$$

$$-119.435 \sin 30 + N_B + N_A - 15(9.81) = 0$$

$$N_B + N_A = 206.8675 \text{ N}$$

$$119.435 \cos 30 - 62.06025 = 15 a_{gx}$$

$$a_{gx} = 2.75823 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\sum M_B = -119.435 \cos 30 (1) - (15)(9.81)(0.55) + N_A(1.1) = -(15)(2.75823)(0.4)$$

$$N_A = 137.51589 \text{ N}$$

$$N_B = 69.35161$$

Each leg

$$N_B = 34.6758$$

$$N_A = 68.7579$$