Explore: An Attraction Search Tool for Transit Trip Planning

ABSTRACT

Publishing information about transit stops, routes, schedules, and status in a variety of formats is essential to improving accessibility and satisfaction of a system's riders.

A key staple of transit info systems is the trip planner, which is useful if both origin and destination are known. However, sometimes accessibility of a location via transit is more important than the actual destination.

We developed an Attractions Search Tool that uses an underlying trip planner to search online databases of local restaurants, shopping, parks and other amenities based on transit accessibility from the user's origin.

The ability to perform such a search by attraction type rather than specific destination can be a powerful aid to a traveler with a need or desire to use public transportation.

Explore allows riders to choose their destinations based on transit accessibility, which can encourage transit use.

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BACKGROUND

•Trip planner is a staple of transit traveler information

•Use origin address, destination address & desired time frame to give possible trips

2002	2005-2006	Today
30 web-based trip planners		Almost every major US city
in US	Google Transit	has an online trip planner

TRANSIT AGENCY TRIP PLANNERS

TODAY

Most pre-trip info comes from internet

Of 50 transit agencies
 with the highest unlinked
 passenger trips in US,
 trip planners NOW on

all but one website as
•Own version
•Link to larger agency

Link to GoogleCurrent info still

•Some types of searches

are not possible

considered poor to

Table 1 – Trip Planner capabilities for the 50 largest transit agencies in the US.

Transit Agency MTA New York City Transit Chicago Transit Authority Link to Google Los Angeles Co. MTA MA Yes Massachusetts Bay TA Southeastern Pennsylvania TA Yes* New Jersey Transit Corp. NJ Yes San Francisco CA Yes San Francisco Municipal Rail GA Yes Metro. Atlanta Rapid TA 10 King County Metro WA Yes I1 Miami-Dade Transit FL Link to Google NY MTA NYC 12 MTA Bus Company 13 San Francisco Bay Area RTD CA Yes 14 Maryland Transit Admin. MD Link to Google 15 MTA Long Island Rail Road NY MTA NYC 16 MTA of Harris County TX Yes 17 Tri-County MTD OR Yes 18 Denver RTD 19 Port Authority Trans-Hudson NJ Transit 20 San Diego MTS CA Yes MTA NYC 21 MTA Metro-North Railroad 22 Metro Transit 23 METRA Link to Google 24 Dallas Area Rapid Transit 26 Orange County TA 27 Port Authority of Allegheny Co. PA Yes CA 511 SF Bay 28 Alameda-Contra Costa TD NV Link to Google 29 RTC of Southern Nevada 30 The Greater Cleveland RTA 31 Bi-State Development Agency Yes* 32 Valley Metro 33 Milwaukee County Transit Link to Google 34 Santa Clara Valley TA 35 Broward County Office Trans Pompano Beach FL Link to Google 36 VIA Metropolitan Transit Salt Lake City UT Yes 37 Utah Transit Authority Link to RTA 38 Pace - Suburban Bus Division 39 City of Detroit DOT MI Link to Google Yes 40 Capital MTA 41 MTA Long Island Bus MTA NYC 42 Sacramento RTD 43 Westchester County Bee-Line 44 DOT and Public Works 45 City of Los Angeles DOT CA On LA Metro 46 Ride-On Montgomery Co. Transit Rockville MD On WMATA CA Link LA Metro Yes** 47 Long Beach Transit 48 Southwest Ohio RTA OH Yes

FL Yes

NY Yes

* = Added since research initially conducted in April 2009 ** = Added since first version of TRB paper written in July 2009

49 Central Florida RTA

50 Niagara Frontier TA

RECENT ENHANCEMENTS TO TRIP PLANNERS

Added input capabilities

•Maximum walk distance, maximum number of transfers

ADA accessibility needs

•Preferred mode of travel

•Input by intersection, stop or station, or landmark.

Click on a map to add an address (SEPTA)

Develop a history of addresses or categories searched (UTA)

Added output capabilities

Print, e-mail, download to a PDA

Return trip button

Text-message based trip planner (Dabnab)

Mobile trip planners (MTA NYC, BART)

•Maps, station info, carbon saved, fare info, station advisories (BART)

Mapping capabilities

Origin and destination address location (Cherry, Hickman, et al, Melbourne)
Multi-agency and multi-modal integration

•Feed from all agencies involved in the trip planner (Goroo - RTA Chicago)

Broker between agencies(Wisconsin)Google transit, walk and car directions

Train, bus, drive and drive to bus with bike and parking availability to come (Goroo)
Cycling and walking (A-Train in Atlanta, London)

•Coach, air and ferry services (Athens).

BEYOND THE SINGLE TRIP ORIGIN / DESTINATION PLANNER

Personalized point to point schedules (MTA NYC, MUNI, KC Metro and Minneapolis)
"Service in area" searches (routes in the area of a landmark or address)

•Cannot provide information about potential destinations along the reachable routes •"Search Nearby" tool (Google) – attractions near address

May still involve several searches to find transit accessible destination

ONE BUS AWAY EXPLORE TOOL

Typical trip planners work if destination is known.
Sometimes accessibility of location via transit more important than actual destination

A transit-dependent elderly woman needs to find a new doctor's office for regular visits. Although the quality of the care is important, several doctors would be acceptable for her situation. The ability to search for a doctor that is easily accessible via transit can help make her routine trip to the doctor easier on her.

A new mom with a desire to limit her carbon output is looking for activities to entertain her toddler. She is willing to go to any number of local parks or community centers, but would enjoy traveling without her car. Using an accessible attractions search tool allows her to pick a location for their daytrip and travel car-free.

A group of college roommates wants to go out drinking and are concerned about getting home without needing to drive. Although some bars are more popular, many would be welcome choices. By having the ability to search a website for easily accessible bars, the group finds using transit preferable to driving intoxicated.

What is accessible from my local routes?

These searches would require typing in multiple destinations into a trip planner or consulting multiple paper schedules

CURRENT VERSION OF EXPLORE

Specifies starting point and category of destination
Optional start time and date, max trip length, maxi transfers, maxi walk distance

Search for: parks (ex. "restaurants", "parks", "grocery stores")

Start Address: 5702 35th Ave NE (ex. "3rd and pike" or use the map)

Hide Options

Transfers: 0 Walk at most: 1/2 mile W

Program executes by:

- 1. Computing total area reachable by transit given starting point and constraints
- 2. Local search within the reachable transit area for specified destination types

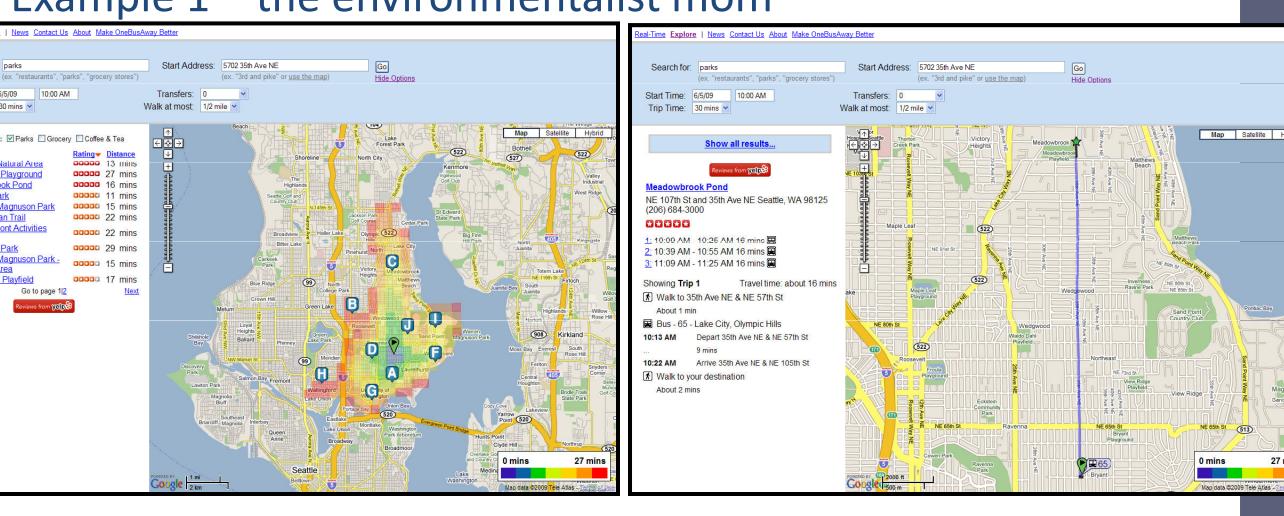
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Example 1 – the environmentalist mom



1. FINDING THE AREA REACHABLE BY TRANSIT

Search for set of all transit stops reachable using constraints

•Fundamentally different from typical trip planner

Explore has no fixed destination

Efficient paths to ALL potential stops and destinations

•Dijkstra's graph search algorithm on a memory-resident street/sidewalk and transit network

•Simulate all potential trips taken by rider from starting location

•Advance each trip in parallel through time

•Note if trip was the first trip to reach the stop

If so, continue modeling the tripIf not, prune the trip

•Stop searching when the longest trips reach user-specified time window

Optimization, full set of potential transit transfer points pre-computed offline
Compute reachable stops for 20 minute window in 200 ms

2. FINDING AMENITIES WITHIN REACHABLE AREA

Discretize reachable area into half-mile grid

•Grid cell included if it contains a reachable stop

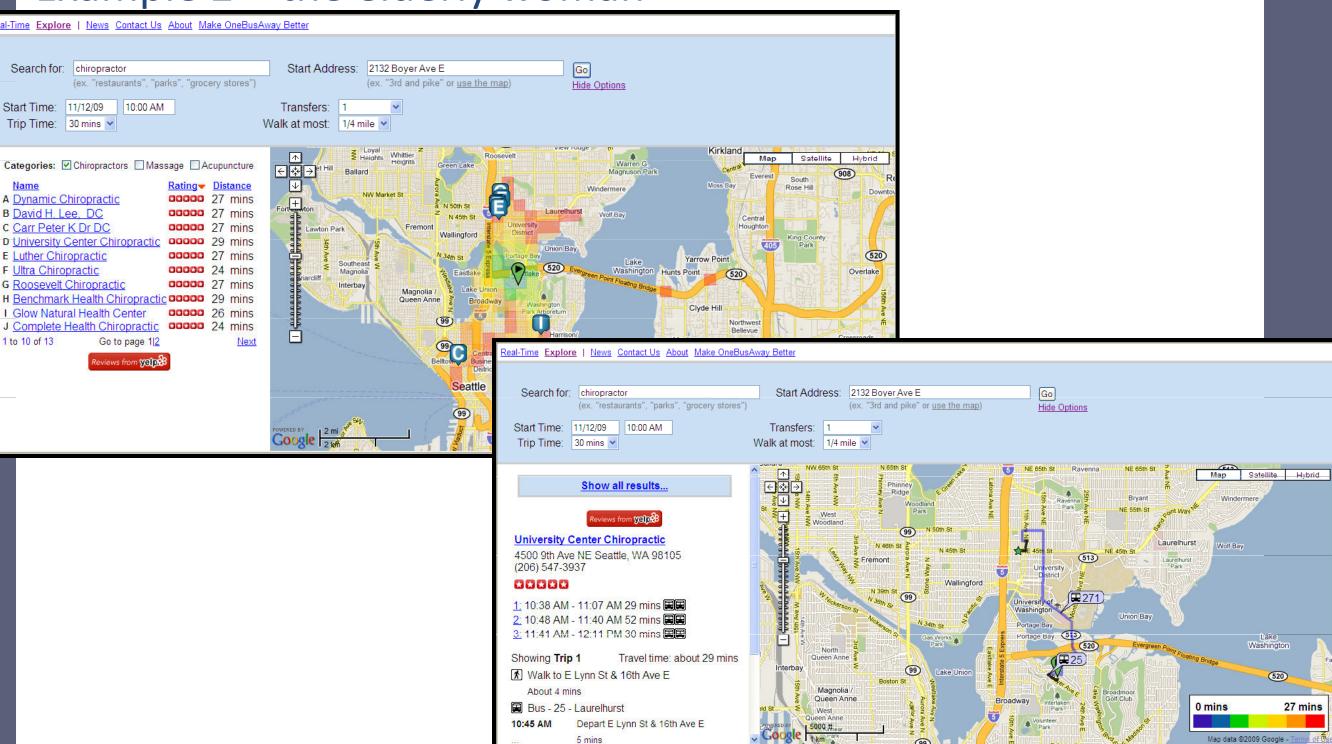
Search for local businesses and amenities specified

Beta uses Yelp (http://yelp.com) online databasePossible to use Google Local or Yahoo Local

•Check results against street/sidewalk network to ensure path exists and within travel time •Avoid search results separated by non-walkable barrier (highway, water)

Beta version at http://onebusaway.org/explore/onebusaway/ using King County Metro data.

Example 2 – the elderly woman



NEXT STEPS FOR EXPLORE

•Enhancements

•Details about bus frequency and return trip frequency and exceptions

Details for new bus riders - side of the street to board, fare information
Support for Yahoo and Google Search

•Features including print button, store a search

•Ability to connect a second trip to the first (dinner and a movie)

•Link to the real-time information one OneBusAway

Additional OneBusAway tools coming

IMPLICATIONS AND FUTURE RESEARCH

One of many possible online search tools to make transit more easily accessible
 Goal of One Bus Away project to implement tools to make transit easier to use
 One Bus Away is an open-source transit traveler information system

Transit agencies and developers can access the code and use it themselves
Only possible with aid of transit agencies that make their data available for free