

# Logic Gates

## \* Definition:

- Logic Gates are electronics circuit that operate one or more inputs to produce one output. The output is simple boolean operation of its ~~an~~ inputs & any Boolean Function can represent by logic gates.

## \* Logic Gates:

1) And

2) OR

3) Not

4) Nand

5) Nor

6) Xor

7) XNOR

1) Gate shape

2) Truth Table

3) Expression

4) Expression Diagram

5) Timing Diagram

## \* AND



## [2] Truth Table:

عدد الاشارات = 2<sup>n</sup>  
Inputs

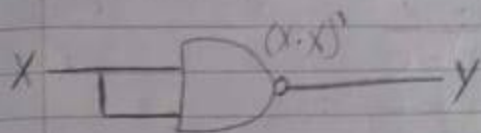
$$2^2 = 4$$

X	Y	X · Y
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

## \* NOT Gate Truth Table.

X	$Y = X'$
0	1
1	0

## \* NOT Representation using NAND.

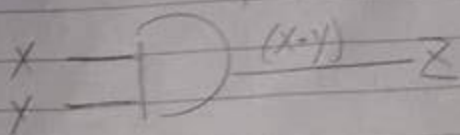


X	X	$Y = (X.X)'$	=	X	$Y = X'$
0	0	1		0	1
1	1	0		1	0

## [2] AND

### 1) AND Truth Table.

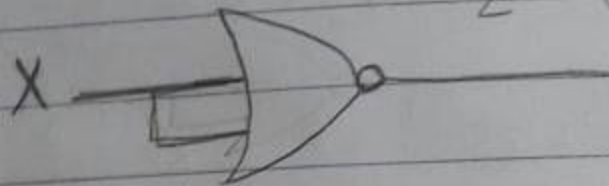
X	Y	$Z = (X.Y)$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1



# \* NOR

## [1] NOT

$$Z = (X + X)'$$



NOT using  
NOR

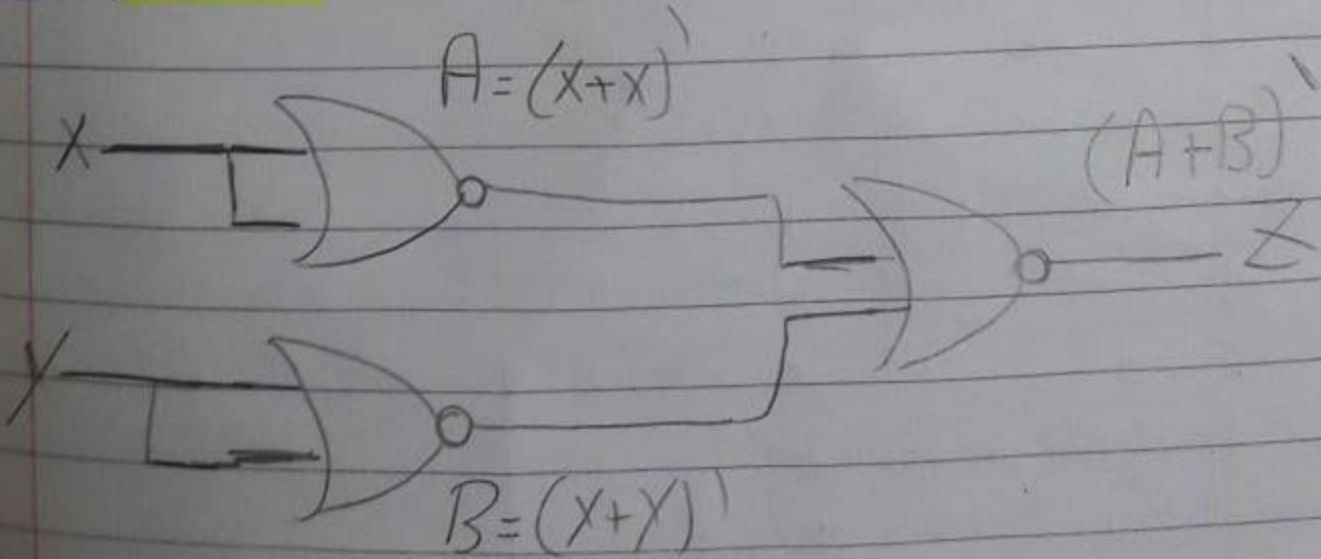
X	$Z = (X + X)'$
0	$(0 + 0)' = 1$
1	$(1 + 1)' = 0$

=

NOT

X	$Z = X'$
0	1
1	0

## [2] AND



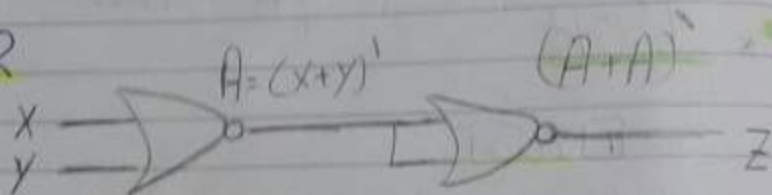
# AND using Nor

'2'

AND

X	Y	$A = (x+x)'$	$B = (y+y)'$	$Z = (A+B)'$		X	Y	$Z = x \cdot y$
0	0	$(0+0)' = 1$	$(0+0)' = 1$	$(1+1)' = 0$	=	0	0	0
0	1	$(0+0)' = 1$	$(1+1)' = 0$	$(1+0)' = 0$		0	1	0
1	0	$(1+1)' = 0$	$(0+0)' = 1$	$(0+1)' = 0$		1	0	0
1	1	$(1+1)' = 0$	$(1+1)' = 0$	$(0+0)' = 1$		1	1	1

## 3] OR



## OR using Nor.

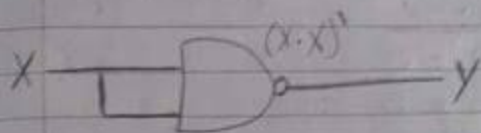
OR

X	Y	$A = (x+y)'$	$Z = (A+A)'$		X	Y	$Z = x+y$
0	0	$(0+0)' = 1$	$(1+1)' = 0$	=	0	0	0
0	1	$(0+1)' = 0$	$(0+0)' = 1$		0	1	1
1	0	$(1+0)' = 0$	$(0+0)' = 1$		1	0	1
1	1	$(1+1)' = 0$	$(0+0)' = 1$		1	1	1

## \* NOT Gate Truth Table.

X	$Y = X'$
0	1
1	0

## \* NOT Representation using NAND.

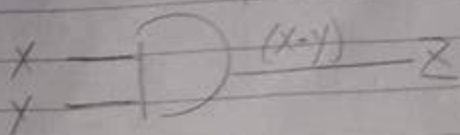


X	X	$Y = (X.X)'$	=	X	$Y = X'$
0	0	1		0	1
1	1	0		1	0

## [2] AND

### 1) AND Truth Table.

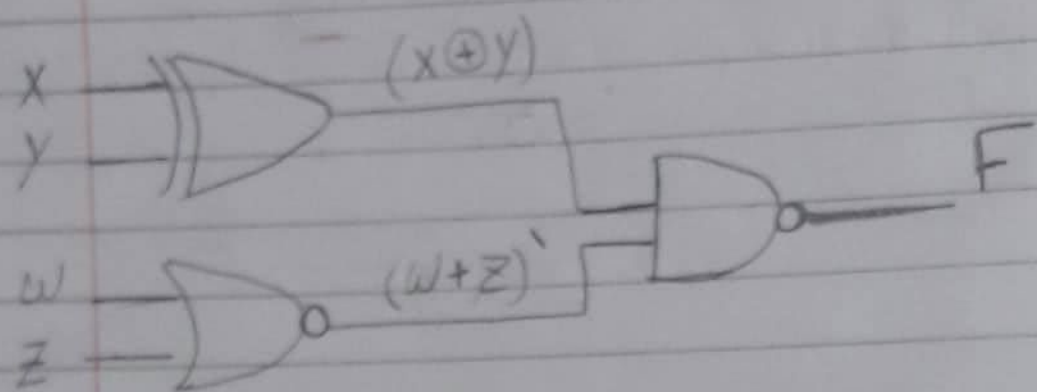
X	Y	$Z = (X.Y)$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1





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12] Find The Expression & Truth Table For The Circuit in The Fig



1) Expression:

$$F = ((X \oplus Y) \cdot (W + Z)')$$

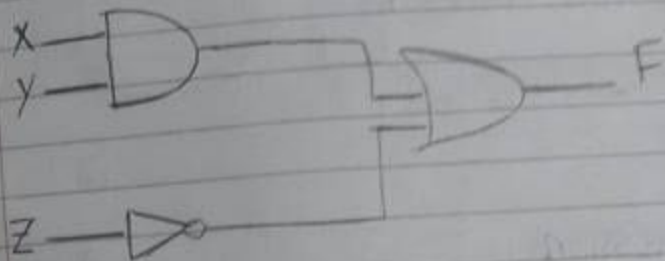
2) Truth Table:

X	Y	W	Z	$(X \oplus Y)$	$(W + Z)'$	$F = ((X \oplus Y) \cdot (W + Z)')$
0	0	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	0	1	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	0	1
0	1	1	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	1	0	1

Examples:



1 Find The Expression & The Truth Table For The Circuits in the Fig



1 Expression:

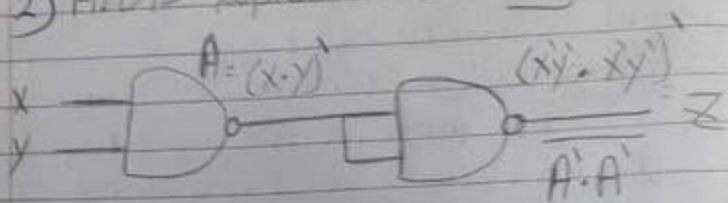
$$F = (X \cdot Y) + Z'$$

2 Truth Table:

\* عدد المتغيرات  
 عدد Inputs  
 $2^n$   
 $n = 3$   
 $= 2^3 = 8$   
 (0 → 7)

X	Y	Z	$X \cdot Y$	$Z'$	$F = (X \cdot Y) + Z'$
0	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	1

## 2) AND Representation using NAND.



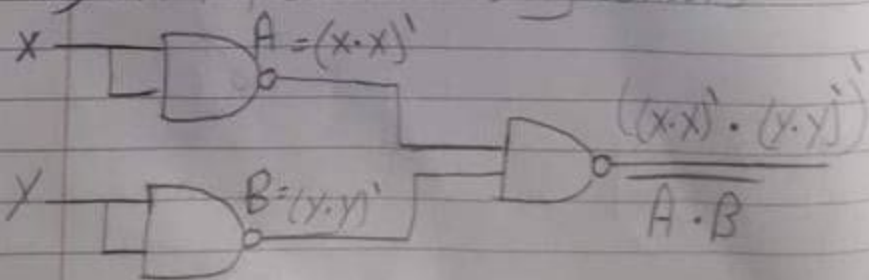
X	Y	$A = (x \cdot y)'$	$Z = A \cdot A'$		X	Y	$Z = x \cdot y$
0	0	$(0 \cdot 0)' = 1$	$(1 \cdot 1)' = 0$	=	0	0	0
0	1	$(0 \cdot 1)' = 1$	$(1 \cdot 1)' = 0$		0	1	0
1	0	$(1 \cdot 0)' = 1$	$(1 \cdot 1)' = 0$		1	0	0
1	1	$(1 \cdot 1)' = 0$	$(0 \cdot 0)' = 1$		1	1	1

## 3) OR

1) OR Truth Table:

X	Y	$Z = x + y$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

## 2) OR Representation using NAND





[3] Expression:

$$X \cdot Y \text{ OR } X \wedge Y \text{ OR } XY$$

[4]  $X \cdot Y = Z$        $X \wedge Y = Z$

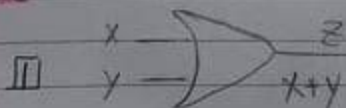


[5] Timing Diagram:

Time Timing Diagramulul  
Truth Table:

X	Y	$X \wedge Y$	X	Y	$X \wedge Y$
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1

\* OR



[2] Truth Table:

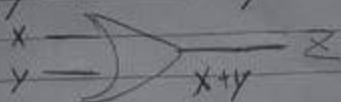
$$2^2 = 4$$

X	Y	$Z = X + Y$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

[3] Expression:

$$X + Y \text{ OR } X \vee Y$$

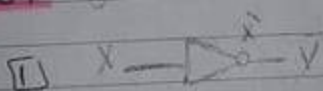
[4]  $X + Y = Z$        $X \vee Y = Z$



[5] Timing Diagram



\* NOT



[2] Truth Table:

$2^n = 2^1 = 2$

X	$Y = X'$
0	1
1	0

[3] Expression:

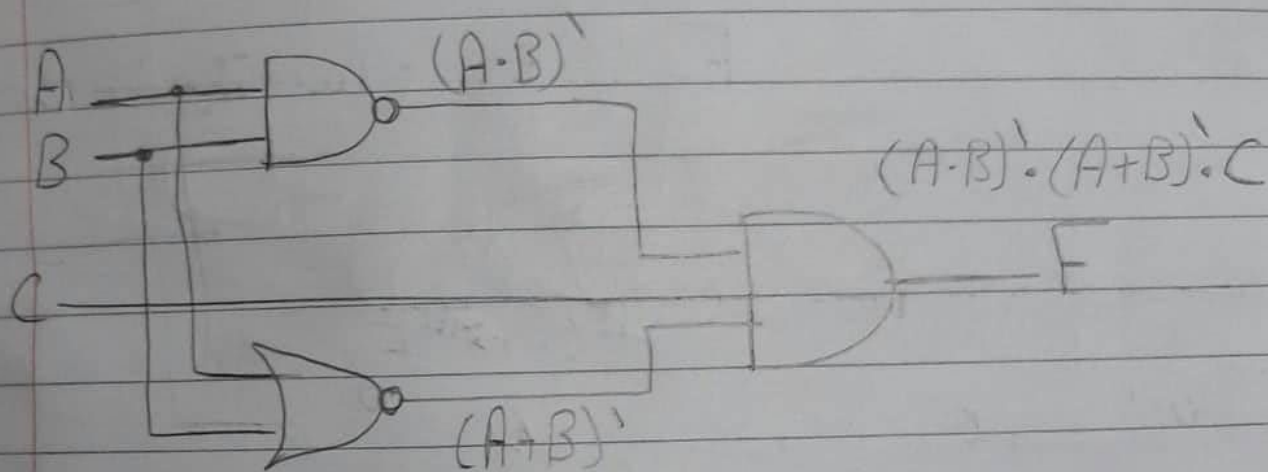
$$X' \text{ OR } \bar{X}$$

[4]  $Y = X'$        $Y = \bar{X}$



X	Y	W	Z	$(X \oplus Y)$	$(W+Z)'$	$F = ((X \oplus Y) \cdot (W+Z)')$
1	0	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	1	0	1

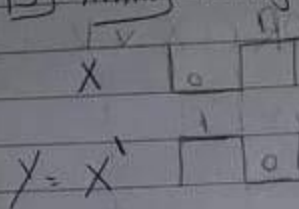
3] Find The Expression & The Truth Table For The Circuit in The Fig



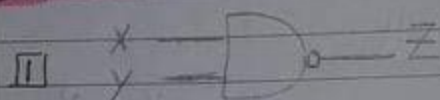
$$F = [(AB)'.(A+B)'.C]$$

A	B	C	$(AB)'$	$(A+B)'$	$F = [(AB)'(A+B)'C]$
0	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	0

### [5] Timing Diagram



### \* NAND



### [2] Truth Table

$2^2 = 4$

	X	Y	$Z = \overline{X \cdot Y}$
AND (و) 0 و 0	0	0	1
AND (و) 0 و 1	0	1	1
AND (و) 1 و 0	1	0	1
AND (و) 1 و 1	1	1	0

و (AND) Gate  
 Universal Gate  
 AND (و) OR (یا) NOT (نه) Gate

### [3] Expression

$$Z = (X \cdot Y)' \quad Z = (XY)' \quad Z = (X \wedge Y)'$$

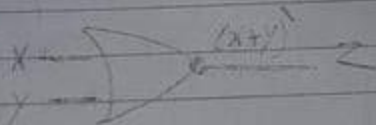


### [5] Timing Diagram:

	X	Y	$Z = (xy)'$
X =	0	0	1
	1	1	1
Y =	0	0	1
	1	0	1
	1	1	0
$Z = (xy)'$			0

### \* NOR

[1]



### [2] Truth Table:

ليس OR الى ليس \*  
 // Not joined  
 output.

X	Y	$Z = (X+Y)'$
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0

①

Universal Gate. غير NOR Gate \*

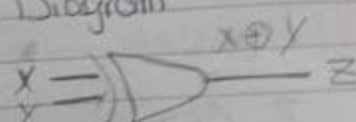
### [3] Expression:

$$Z = \overline{(X+Y)} \quad Z = (X+Y)'$$

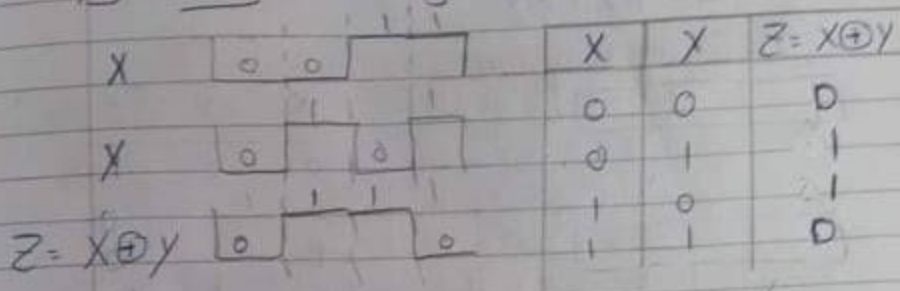
$$Z = (X \vee Y)'$$



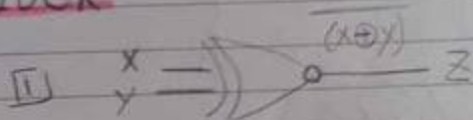
4] Expression → Diagram

$$Z = X \oplus Y$$


5] Timing Diagram:



\* X NOR



2] Truth Table:

ليس XOR (Not XOR) Result (output)

X	Y	$(X \oplus Y)'$
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

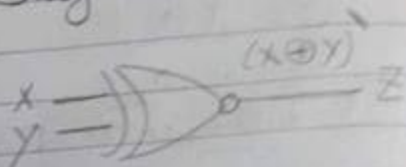
3] Expression:

$$Z = (X \oplus Y)' \text{ OR } \overline{(X \oplus Y)}$$

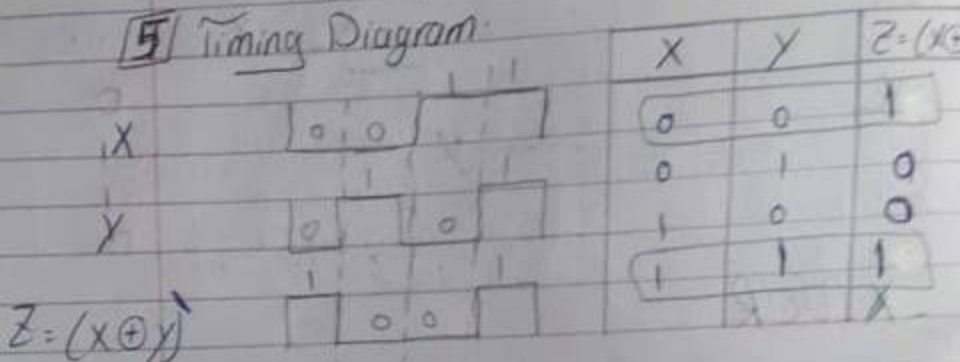
$$Z = XY + X'Y'$$

4] Expression  $\rightarrow$  Diagram

OR  $Z = (x \oplus y)'$   
 $Z = xy + x'y'$



5] Timing Diagram



### \* Universal Gates

1) NAND

2) NOR

یعنی اگر NAND / NOR فقط به کمک

Not & OR & AND

### \* NAND

1] Not

لرزی به قدر مثل ال  
 NAND Gate و Not Gates

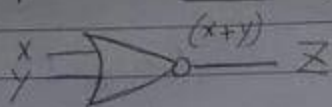
OR (using NAND)

X	Y	$A = (X \cdot X)'$	$B = (Y \cdot Y)'$	$Z = (A \cdot B)'$		X	Y	$Z = X \vee Y$
0	0	$(0 \cdot 0)' = 1$	$(0 \cdot 0)' = 1$	$(1 \cdot 1)' = 0$		0	0	0
0	1	$(0 \cdot 0)' = 1$	$(1 \cdot 1)' = 0$	$(1 \cdot 0)' = 1$	=	0	1	1
1	0	$(1 \cdot 1)' = 0$	$(0 \cdot 0)' = 1$	$(0 \cdot 1)' = 1$		1	0	1
1	1	$(1 \cdot 1)' = 0$	$(1 \cdot 1)' = 0$	$(0 \cdot 0)' = 1$		1	1	1

\* NOR

NOT

[4] Expression  $\rightarrow$  Diagram

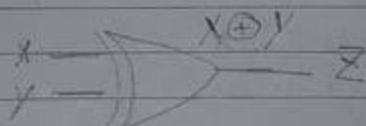


[5] Timing Diagram

	X	Y	$Z = (x+y)'$
X	0	0	1
Y	0	1	0
	1	0	0
	1	1	0
$Z = (x+y)'$	1	0	0

\* XOR

1. II



[2] Truth Table

$2^2 = 4$  حالات

X	Y	$Z = X \oplus Y$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

[3] Expression:

$$Z = x \oplus y \text{ OR } Z = xy' + x'y$$