

Programming

* Lecture 5 *

* if Statement:- « Simple Case »

- Write a program to cout the Sentence « number = 100 » only if the user entered the number 100.

- Program:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int x;
    cin >> x;
    if (x == 100)
        cout << "number = 100" << endl;
}
```

* if - else Statement:-

- Write a program to cout the Sentence « number = 100 » only if the user entered the number 100, and cout the Sentence « number != 100 » if any other number is entered.

- Program:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int x;
    cin >> x;
    if (x == 100)
        cout << "number = 100" << endl;
    else
        cout << "number != 100" << endl;
}
```


- Write a program to print «pass» only if the entered mark is greater than or equal 50, and print «Fail» if the entered mark doesn't satisfy the Condition.

- program:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    float mark;
    cin >> mark;
    if (mark >= 50)
        cout << "pass" << endl;
    else
        cout << "Fail" << endl;
}
```

- Write a program to print out whether the entered mark is Excellent, Very good, Good, pass or Fail.

- program:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    float mark;
    cout << "Enter your mark" << endl;
    cin >> mark;
    if (x >= 85)
        cout << "Excellent" << endl;
    if (x < 85 && x >= 75)
        cout << "Very good" << endl;
    if (x < 75 && x >= 65)
        cout << "Good" << endl;
    if (x < 65 && x >= 50)
        cout << "pass" << endl;
    else
        cout << "Fail" << endl;
}
```


* if-else if statement:-

- Write the previous program using "if-else if statement."

- program:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{ float mark;
  cout << "Enter your mark" << endl;
  cin >> mark;
  if (x >= 85)
    cout << "Excellent" << endl;
  else if (x >= 75)
    cout << "Very Good" << endl;
  else if (x >= 65)
    cout << "Good" << endl;
  else if (x >= 50)
    cout << "Pass" << endl;
  else
    cout << "Fail" << endl; }
```

- Write a program to Read 2 numbers and Choose the Carried out operation (+, -, *, /)

- program:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{ int a, b;
  char op;
  cout << "Enter two numbers" << endl;
  cin >> a >> b;
  cout << "Select the operation (+, -, *, /)" << endl;
  cin >> op;
  if (op == "+")
```



```

cout << "Sum =" << a + b "\n";
else if (op == "-")
cout << "difference =" << a - b "\n";
else if (op == "*")
cout << "product =" << a * b "\n";
else if (op == "/")
cout << "div =" << a / b "\n";
else
cout << "Select an available operation." << endl; }

```

* Switch Case *

- Write the previous program using Switch Case.
program:

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main ()
{ int x, y;
  char op;
  cout << "Enter two numbers" << endl;
  cin >> x >> y;
  cout << "Select the operation (+, -, *, /)" << endl;
  cin >> op;
  switch (op)
  { case '+':
    cout << "Sum =" << x + y;
    break;
    case '-':
    cout << "difference =" << x - y;
    break;
    case '*':
    cout << "product =" << x * y;
    break;

```

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Case '/' :

cout << "div =" << x/y ;

break ;

default ;

cout << "Select an available operation." << endl ; }

}
