

Numerical Final Project

Team Members:

Fares Mohamed Elsayed	6537
Aly Ahmed Aboelnasr	6511
Maged Magdy Zearban	6395

GUI is created with Tkinter using python to calculate Gaussian Elimination, Jordan, Seidel and LU decomposition.

Firstly we choose method of calculation (one of the 4 functions) then enter number of equations, or we can just take the input as a text file to be read by just choosing Read File and enter the file name for example (Jordan.txt)

Final Results & error calculations are displayed in the GUI screen.

Steps of each iteration along with the final result are printed in the output file.

Four functions are implemented and their codes are shown in the screenshots below.

In the Video we tried to cover all the cases by showing one test for each method either by entering the equations manually or just read a text file containing the equation with the method type.

GUI Implementation :

The image displays two screenshots of a GUI application titled 'tk'. The top screenshot shows the initial state of the application. It features a 'Method' label followed by a dropdown menu currently showing 'Choose Method'. Below this is a label '# Equations' followed by an empty text input field. Further down is a label 'File Name' followed by another empty text input field. To the right of the 'File Name' input field is a 'Select' button. The bottom screenshot shows the same application but with the 'Choose Method' dropdown menu open. The menu lists five options: 'Gaussian-elimination', 'Gaussian-jordan', 'Gauss-Seidel', 'LU-decomposition', and 'Read File'. The 'File Name' input field and the 'Select' button are still visible in the background.

Method : Choose Method

Equations :

File Name :

Select

Method : Choose Method

Equations :

File Name :

Select

- Gaussian-elimination
- Gaussian-jordan
- Gauss-Seidel
- LU-decomposition
- Read File

Gaussian Seidel:

tk

Method :

Equations :

File Name :

Gauss-Seidel

Equation 1

Equation 2

Equation 3

Initial Condition

MAX Iterations:

Epsilon:

Gauss-Seidel

a = 0.49999966612397595

Error a = -3.6188735421660567e-06

b = 7.9999999030281375

Error b = 1.7557984008931271e-06

c = -5.999999913830423

Error c = 0.0

Gaussian Jordan:

tk

Method : Gaussian-jordan

Equations : 3

File Name :

Gaussian-jordan

Equation 1

Equation 2

Equation 3

Initial Condition

MAX iterations:

Epsilon:

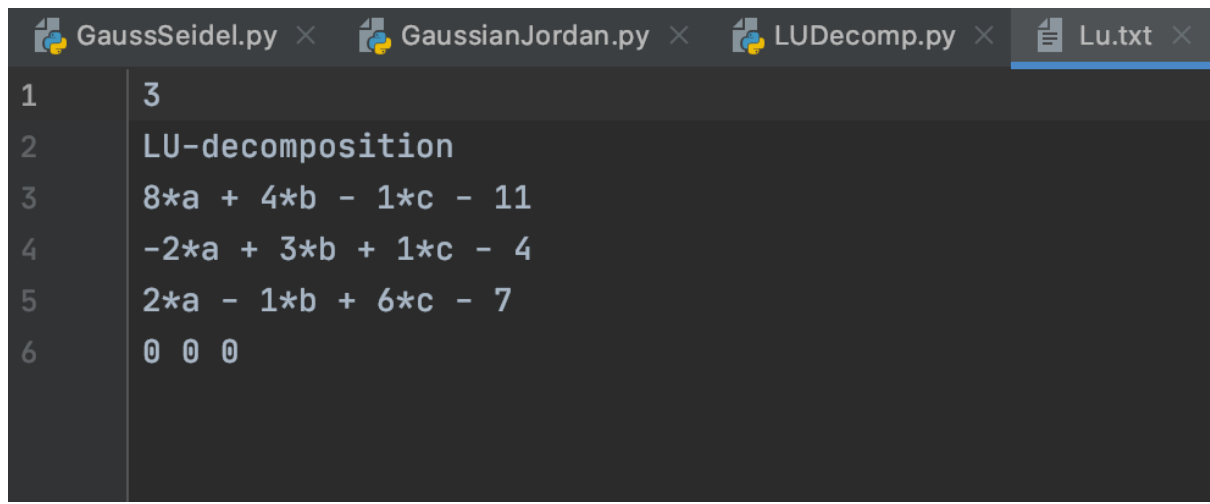
Gauss-Jordan

a = -1.5365853658536583

b = 2.292682926829269

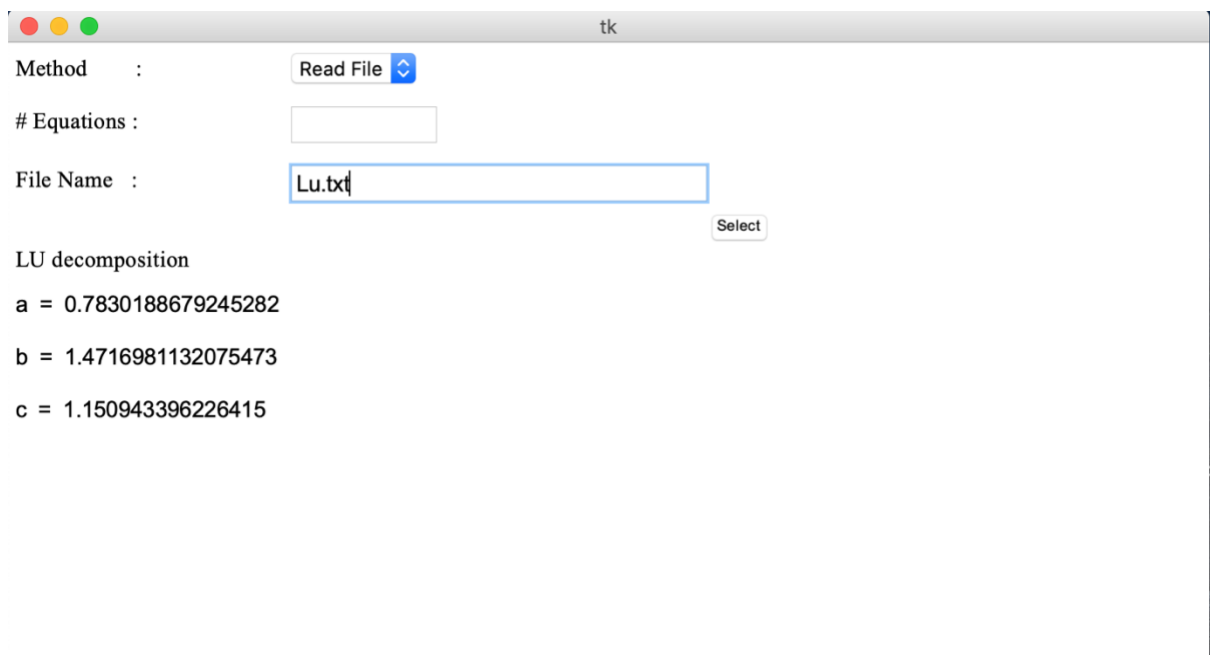
c = 6.024390243902439

Reading LU equations from File and showing Output:



The screenshot shows a code editor with four tabs: GaussSeidel.py, GaussianJordan.py, LUDecomp.py, and Lu.txt. The Lu.txt tab is active, displaying the following content:

```
1      3
2      LU-decomposition
3      8*a + 4*b - 1*c - 11
4      -2*a + 3*b + 1*c - 4
5      2*a - 1*b + 6*c - 7
6      0 0 0
```



The screenshot shows a Tkinter window titled 'tk' with the following fields and buttons:

- Method :
- # Equations :
- File Name :

Below the input fields, the output of the LU decomposition is displayed:

```
LU decomposition
a = 0.7830188679245282
b = 1.4716981132075473
c = 1.150943396226415
```

GUI Python Code:

```
root = tk.Tk()
root.geometry("800x600")

def draw(NumberOfEquations, FileEntry):
    if chosen.get() == "Read File":
        rf.readFromFile(FileEntry.get(), root)
        return
    Equations = []
    NoEQ = int(NumberOfEquations.get())
    function = chosen.get()
    Label(root, text=chosen.get(), font=("Times New Roman", 15)).grid(row=3, column=0, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)

    for i in range(NoEQ):
        text = "Equation " + str(i + 1)
        Eq = Label(root, text=text)
        Eq.grid(row=4 + i, column=0, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)
        Equations.append(Entry(root, bd=5, width=30))
        Equations[i].grid(row=4 + i, column=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)

    Initial = Label(root, text="Initial Condition ").grid(row=5 + NoEQ, column=0, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)
    Initial = Entry(root, bd=5, width=30)
    Initial.grid(row=5 + NoEQ, column=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)
    Equations.append(Initial.get())

    MIE = Label(root, text="MAX Iterations: ").grid(row=7 + NoEQ, column=0, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)
    MIE = Entry(root, bd=5, width=30)
    MIE.grid(row=7 + NoEQ, column=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)
    MIE.insert(0, "50")

    EE = Label(root, text="Epsilon: ").grid(row=7 + NoEQ, column=2, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)
    EE = Entry(root, bd=5, width=30)
    EE.grid(row=7 + NoEQ, column=3, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)
    EE.insert(0, 0.00001)
    Go = Button(root, text="Choose", command=lambda: run(NoEQ, function, Equations, MIE, EE))
    EE.insert(0, 0.00001)
    Go.insert(0, 0.00001)
    Go.grid(row=8 + NoEQ, column=2, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=3)

def run(NoEQ, function, Equations, MIE, EE):
    Matrix = np.tile(0.0, (NoEQ, NoEQ + 1))
    my_dict = dict()
    index = 0
    lines = ""
    for i in range(NoEQ):
        lines += Equations[i].get()

    for c in lines:
        if (not (c.isdigit() or c == '+' or c == '-' or c == '.' or c == '*' or c == '/' or c == '\n') and (
            not c in my_dict)):
            my_dict[c] = index
            index += 1

    lines = lines.replace(" ", "")
    tokens = lines.split('\n')
    for i in range(NoEQ):
        tokens[i] = tokens[i].replace("-", "+-")
        each = tokens[i].split('+')
        for j in range(len(each)):
            if len(each[j]) == 0:
                continue
            if isfloat(each[j]):
                Matrix[i][NoEQ] = float(each[j])
            elif len(each[j]) == 1:
                Matrix[i][my_dict[each[j][0]]] = 1
            elif len(each[j]) == 2:
                Matrix[i][my_dict[each[j][1]]] = -1
            else:
```

```

        else:
            Matrix[i][my_dict[each[j]][-1]] = float(each[j][0:len(each[j]) - 2])
    for i in range(NoEQ):
        Matrix[i][NoEQ] *= -1

    if function == "Gaussian-elimination":
        Gaussian(NoEQ, Matrix, my_dict, root)
    elif function == "Gaussian-jordan":
        GaussianJordan(NoEQ, Matrix, my_dict, root)
    elif function == "Gauss-Seidel":
        GaussSeidel(NoEQ, Matrix, my_dict, MIE.get(), EE.get(), root)
    elif function == "LU-decomposition":
        LUDecomp(NoEQ, Matrix, my_dict, root)

options = [
    "Gaussian-elimination",
    "Gaussian-jordan",
    "Gauss-Seidel",
    "LU-decomposition",
    "Read File",
]

chosen = StringVar()

chosen.set("Choose Method")

methodLabel = Label(root, text="Method      :", font=("Times New Roman", 15)).grid(row=0, column=0,
                                                                                   sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)

drop = OptionMenu(root, chosen, *options)
drop.grid(row=0, column=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)
EquationsLabel = Label(root, text="# Equations :", font=("Times New Roman", 15)).grid(row=1, column=0,
                                                                                   sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)

EquationsEntry = Entry(root, bd=2, width=10, font=("Arial", 15))

chosen = StringVar()

chosen.set("Choose Method")

methodLabel = Label(root, text="Method      :", font=("Times New Roman", 15)).grid(row=0, column=0,
                                                                                   sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)

drop = OptionMenu(root, chosen, *options)
drop.grid(row=0, column=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)
EquationsLabel = Label(root, text="# Equations :", font=("Times New Roman", 15)).grid(row=1, column=0,
                                                                                   sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)

EquationsEntry = Entry(root, bd=2, width=10, font=("Arial", 15))
EquationsEntry.grid(row=1, column=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)
FileLabel = Label(root, text="File Name   :", font=("Times New Roman", 15)).grid(row=2, column=0, sticky=tk.N + tk.W,
                                                                                   pady=5)

FileEntry = Entry(root, bd=2, width=30, font=("Arial", 15))
FileEntry.grid(row=2, column=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)

button = Button(root, text="Select", font=("Arial", 10), command=lambda: draw(EquationsEntry, FileEntry))
button.grid(row=3, column=3, sticky=tk.N + tk.W)

root.mainloop()

```


Gaussian Elimination:

[illegible]

Gaussian Jordan:

```
def GaussianJordan(nofequations, matrix, my_dict, root):
    x = [0] * (nofequations)
    for k in range(0, nofequations, 1):
        for i in range(0, nofequations, 1):
            ratio = 1
            if k != i:
                ratio = matrix[i][k] / matrix[k][k] * 1.0
                for j in range(0, nofequations + 1, 1):
                    matrix[i][j] = matrix[i][j] - ratio * matrix[k][j]
                # print(matrix[i][j])
    # print(matrix)
    x[nofequations - 1] = matrix[nofequations - 1][nofequations] / (matrix[nofequations - 1][nofequations - 1]) * 1.0

    for k in range(nofequations - 2, -1, -1):
        sum = 0

        for j in range(k + 1, nofequations, 1):
            sum += matrix[k][j] * x[j]

        x[k] = 1.0 / matrix[k][k] * (matrix[k][nofequations] - sum)
    sample = open('output.txt', 'w')
    print("Gaussian-Jordan", file=sample)
    fun = tk.Label(root, text="Gauss-Jordan", font=("Times New Roman", 15))
    fun.grid(row=nofequations + 9, columnspan=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W)
    for i in range(nofequations):
        print("{0} = {1}".format(list(my_dict.keys())[list(my_dict.values()).index(i)], x[i]), file=sample)

    ET = list(my_dict.keys())[list(my_dict.values()).index(i)] + " = " + str(x[i])
    ETI = tk.Label(root, text=ET, font=("Arial", 15)).grid(row=nofequations + 10 + i, columnspan=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)
```

Gaussian Seidel (Also we check whether it converges or not):

```
def diagonallyDominant(A):
    diagonal = np.diag(np.abs(A)) # Find diagonal coefficients
    sum = np.sum(np.abs(A), axis=1) - diagonal # Find row sum without diagonal
    if np.all(diagonal > sum):
        return True
    else:
        print("NOT CONVERGING")
        return False
```

```
def GaussSeidel(numofEquations, Matrix, my_dict, iterations, epsilon, root):
    sample = open('output.txt', 'w')
    print("Gauss-Seidel", file=sample)
    A = Matrix[:, 0:numofEquations]
    if not diagonallyDominant(A):
        return "Not Diagonally Dominant"

    b = Matrix[:, numofEquations]
    x_old = np.zeros_like(b)
    for i in range(1, iterations):
        x_new = np.zeros_like(x_old)
        print("Iteration {0}: {1}".format(i, x_old), file=sample)
        for j in range(numofEquations):
            s1 = np.dot(A[j, :j], x_new[:j])
            s2 = np.dot(A[j, j + 1:], x_old[j + 1:])
            x_new[j] = (b[j] - s1 - s2) / A[j, j]
        if np.allclose(x_old, x_new, epsilon):
            break
        x_old = x_new

    print("Solution: {0}".format(x_old), file=sample)
    error = np.dot(A, x_old) - b
    print("Error: {0}".format(error), file=sample)
```

LU-Decomposition:

```
def LUDecomp(numofequations, matrix, my_dict, root):
    A = matrix[:, 0:numofequations]
    B = matrix[:, numofequations]
    L, U = LU(numofequations, A)
    Y = np.zeros(numofequations)
    X = np.zeros(numofequations)
    Y[0] = B[0] / L[0][0] * 1.0

    for k in range(1, numofequations):
        sum = 0
        for j in range(0, k):
            sum += L[k][j] * Y[j]
        Y[k] = 1.0 / L[k][k] * (B[k] - sum)

    X[numofequations - 1] = Y[numofequations - 1] / (U[numofequations - 1][numofequations - 1]) * 1.0

    for k in range(numofequations - 2, -1, -1):
        sum = 0
        for j in range(k + 1, numofequations, 1):
            sum += U[k][j] * X[j]
        X[k] = 1.0 / U[k][k] * (Y[k] - sum)

    sample = open('output.txt', 'w')
    print("LU decomposition", file=sample)
    fun = tk.Label(root, text="LU decomposition", font=("Times New Roman", 15))
    fun.grid(row=numofequations + 9, columnspan=1, sticky=tk.N + tk.W)
    for i in range(numofequations):
        print("{0} = {1}".format(list(my_dict.keys())[list(my_dict.values()).index(i)], X[i]), file=sample)
        ET = list(my_dict.keys())[list(my_dict.values()).index(i)] + " = " + str(X[i])
        ETI = tk.Label(root, text=ET, font=("Arial", 15)).grid(row=numofequations + 10 + i, columnspan=1,
                                                                sticky=tk.N + tk.W, pady=5)

    return X
```

```
def LU(numofequations, A):
    lower = np.identity(numofequations)
    for k in range(0, numofequations, 1):
        for i in range(k + 1, numofequations, 1):
            ratio = A[i][k] / A[k][k] * 1.0
            lower[i][k] = ratio
            for j in range(0, numofequations, 1):
                A[i][j] = A[i][j] - ratio * A[k][j]
    return lower, A
```

Text File (Reading equation from text file):

```
GaussSeidel.py × GaussianJordan.py × LUDecomp.py × Lu.txt ×
1      3
2      LU-decomposition
3      8*a + 4*b - 1*c - 11
4      -2*a + 3*b + 1*c - 4
5      2*a - 1*b + 6*c - 7
6      0 0 0
```

Output File :

```
GaussSeidel.py × GaussianJordan.py × LUDecomp.py ×
1      LU decomposition
2      a = 0.7830188679245282
3      b = 1.4716981132075473
4      c = 1.150943396226415
5
```

