

# Numerical Project

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## Bisection:

1. Start
2. Define function  $f(x)$
3. Input
  - a. Lower and Upper guesses  $x_0$  and  $x_1$
  - b. tolerable error  $e$
4. If  $f(x_0)*f(x_1) > 0$   
    print "Incorrect initial guesses"  
    goto 3  
End If
5. Do  
     $x_2 = (x_0+x_1)/2$   
  
    If  $f(x_0)*f(x_2) < 0$   
         $x_1 = x_2$   
    Else  
         $x_0 = x_2$   
    End If  
  
    while  $\text{abs}(f(x_2)) > e$
6. Print root as  $x_2$
7. Stop

```
def Bisection(user_input, a, b, Iterations, Epsilon, singlemod):
    x = var('x')
    e = var('e')
    expr = sympify(user_input)
    expr = expr.subs(e, math.e)
    try:
        t = symbols('x')
        expr = sympify(expr)
        if singlemod == 1:
            lam_x = lambdify(t, expr, modules=['numpy'])
            x_vals = linspace(-10, 10, 10000)
            y_vals = lam_x(x_vals)
            axis = mpl.gca()
            axis.set_ylim([min(y_vals), max(y_vals)])
            mpl.plot(x_vals, y_vals)

        expr = sympify(expr)
        fa = expr.subs(x, a)
        fb = expr.subs(x, b)
        Allist = []
        err = "INF"
        oldmid = 0
        start_time = time.time()
        count = 0
        FinalP = 0
        if fa * fb > 0:
            return "No zero in that interval"
        for i in range(Iterations):
            if not isinstance(err, str) and err < Epsilon:
                break
            count = count + 1
            mid = a + (b - a) / 2
            if i > 0:
                err = abs(mid - oldmid)
            fa = expr.subs(x, a)
            fb = expr.subs(x, b)
            fmid = expr.subs(x, mid)
            FinalP = fmid
            templist = [a, b, fa, fb, mid, fmid, err]
            Allist.append(templist)
```

## False Position :

```
1. Start

2. Define function f(x)

3. Input
    a. Lower and Upper guesses a and b
    b. tolerable error e

4. If  $f(a)*f(b) > 0$ 
    print "Incorrect initial guesses"
    goto 3
End If

5. Do
     $c = b - (f(b)*(b-a))/(f(b)-f(a))$ 

    If  $f(a)*f(c) < 0$ 
         $b = c$ 
    Else
         $a = c$ 
    End If

    while ( $fabs(f(c)) > e$ )    // fabs -> returns absolute value

6. Print root as c

7. Stop
```

```
def FalseReguli(user_input, xl, xu, Iterations, Epsilon, singlemod):
```

```
    x = var('x')
    e = var('e')
    expr = sympify(user_input)
    expr = expr.subs(e, math.e)

    try:
        t = symbols('t')
        expr = sympify(expr)
        if singlemod == 1:
            lam_x = lambdify(t, expr, modules=['numpy'])
            x_vals = linspace(-10, 10, 10000)
            y_vals = lam_x(x_vals)
            axis = mpl.gca()
            axis.set_ylim([min(y_vals), max(y_vals)])
            mpl.plot(x_vals, y_vals)
```

```
    expr = sympify(expr)
```

```
    fxl = expr.subs(x, xl)
```

```
    fxu = expr.subs(x, xu)
```

```
    Allist = []
```

```
    err = "INF"
```

```
    oldmid = 0
```

```
    start_time = time.time()
```

```
    count = 0
```

```
    Fp = 0
```

```
    if fxl * fxu > 0:
```

```
        return ("No zero in that interval")
```

```
    for i in range(Iterations):
```

```
        if not isinstance(err, str) and err < Epsilon:
```

```
            break
```

```
    xr = xl - (xu - xl) * fxl / (fxu - fxl) * 1.0
```

```
    if i > 0:
```

```
        err = abs(xr - oldmid)
```

```
    fxl = expr.subs(x, xl)
```

```
    fxu = expr.subs(x, xu)
```

```
    fxr = expr.subs(x, xr)
```

```
    templist = [xl, xu, fxl, fxu, xr, fxr, err]
```

```
    Allist.append(templist)
```

```
    oldmid = xr
```

```
    fxl = expr.subs(x, xl)
```

```
    fxu = expr.subs(x, xu)
```

```
    Allist = []
```

```
    err = "INF"
```

```
    oldmid = 0
```

```
    start_time = time.time()
```

```
    count = 0
```

```
    Fp = 0
```

```
    if fxl * fxu > 0:
```

```
        return ("No zero in that interval")
```

```
    for i in range(Iterations):
```

```
        if not isinstance(err, str) and err < Epsilon:
```

```
            break
```

```
    xr = xl - (xu - xl) * fxl / (fxu - fxl) * 1.0
```

```
    if i > 0:
```

```
        err = abs(xr - oldmid)
```

```
    fxl = expr.subs(x, xl)
```

```
    fxu = expr.subs(x, xu)
```

```
    fxr = expr.subs(x, xr)
```

```
    templist = [xl, xu, fxl, fxu, xr, fxr, err]
```

```
    Allist.append(templist)
```

```
    oldmid = xr
```

```
    Fp = xr
```

```
    count = count + 1
```

```
    if fxl * fxr > 0:
```

```
        xl = xr
```

```
    else:
```

```
        xu = xr
```

```
    if singlemod == 1:
```

```
        mpl.scatter(xr, fxr)
```

```
        mpl.pause(0.5)
```

```
    executiontime = time.time() - start_time
```

```
    show(Allist, executiontime, count, Fp)
```

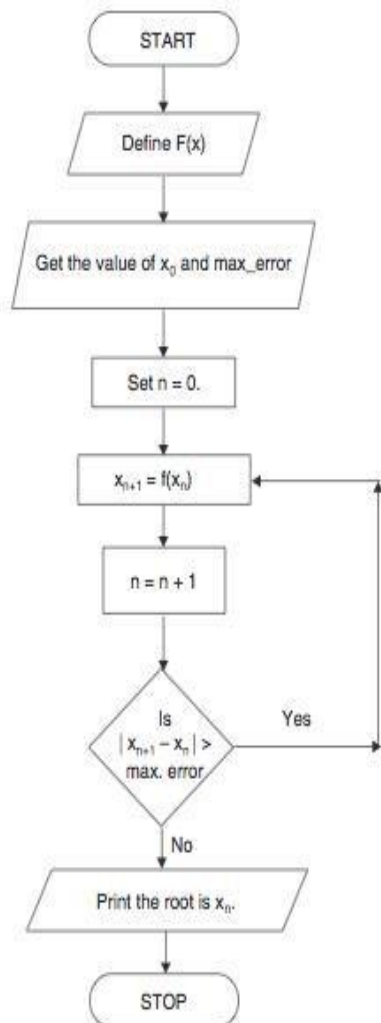
```
    mpl.show()
```

```
    return ""
```

```
except:
```

```
    return "Wrong function"
```

## Fixed Point Flow chart:



```
def FixedPoint(user_input, xr, iterations, epsilon):
    x = var('x')
    e = var('e')
    expr = sympify(user_input)
    expr = expr.subs(e, math.e)
    try:
        t = symbols('x')
        expr = sympify(expr)
        gxdiff = diff(expr, x)
        if gxdiff.subs(x, xr) >= 1:
            return "No Convergence"

        xr = expr.subs(x, xr)
        xrold = 0
        Alllist = []
        err = "INF"
        start_time = time.time()
        FP = 0
        count = 0

        for i in range(iterations):
            if not isinstance(err, str) and err < epsilon:
                break
            count = count + 1
            xr = expr.subs(x, xr)
            if i > 0:
                err = abs(xr - xrold)
                xrold = xr
            FP = xr
            templist = [xr, err]
            Alllist.append(templist)

        execution = time.time() - start_time
        show(Alllist, execution, count, FP)
        return ""
    except:
        return "Wrong function"
```

# Newton Raphson:

1. Start
2. Read  $x$ ,  $e$ ,  $n$ ,  $d$ 
  - \* $x$  is the initial guess
  - $e$  is the absolute error i.e the desired degree of accuracy
  - $n$  is for operating loop
  - $d$  is for checking slope\*
3. Do for  $i = 1$  to  $n$  in step of 2
4.  $f = f(x)$
5.  $f_1 = f'(x)$
6. If (  $[f_1] < d$  ), then display too small slope and goto 11.
  - \* $[ ]$  is used as modulus sign\*
7.  $x_1 = x - f/f_1$
8. If (  $[(x_1 - x)/x_1] < e$  ), the display the root as  $x_1$  and goto 11.
  - \* $[ ]$  is used as modulus sign\*
9.  $x = x_1$  and end loop
10. Display method does not converge due to oscillation.
11. Stop

```
def NewtonRaphson(user_input, xi, iterations, epsilon, singlemod):
    x = var('x')
    e = var('e')
    expr = sympify(user_input)
    fxdiff = diff(expr, x)
    expr = expr.subs(e, math.e)
    fxdiff = fxdiff.subs(e, math.e)
    try:
        t = symbols('x')
        expr = sympify(expr)
        if singlemod == 1:
            lam_x = lambdify(t, expr, modules=['numpy'])
            x_vals = linspace(-10, 10, 10000)
            y_vals = lam_x(x_vals)
            axis = mpl.gca()
            axis.set_ylim([min(y_vals), max(y_vals)])
            mpl.plot(x_vals, y_vals)

        expr = sympify(expr)
        fxi = expr.subs(x, xi)
        fxdiff = fxdiff.subs(x, xi)
        Alllist = []
        err = "INF"
        start_time = time.time()
        count = 0
        FP = 0
        for i in range(iterations):
            if not isinstance(err, str) and err < epsilon:
                break
            count = count + 1
            if fxdiff == 0:
                return "Change X1 value"
            xnext = xi - (fxi / fxdiff)
            if i > 0:
                err = abs(xnext - xi)
            xi = xnext
            FP = xnext
            fxi = expr.subs(x, xi)
            fxdiff = fxdiff.subs(x, xi)
            templist = [xi, xnext, fxi, fxdiff, err]
            Alllist.append(templist)
            if singlemod == 1:
                mpl.scatter(xi, fxi)
                mpl.pause(0.5)

        executionTime = time.time() - start_time
        show(Alllist, executionTime, count, FP)
        mpl.show()
        return ""
    except:
        return "Wrong function"
```

## Secant Method:

1. Start

2. Get values of  $x_0$ ,  $x_1$  and  $e$

\*Here  $x_0$  and  $x_1$  are the two initial guesses

$e$  is the stopping criteria, absolute error or the desired degree of accuracy\*

3. Compute  $f(x_0)$  and  $f(x_1)$

4. Compute  $x_2 = [x_0 * f(x_1) - x_1 * f(x_0)] / [f(x_1) - f(x_0)]$

5. Test for accuracy of  $x_2$

If  $[(x_2 - x_1)/x_2] > e$ , \*Here  $[\ ]$  is used as modulus sign\*

then assign  $x_0 = x_1$  and  $x_1 = x_2$

goto step 4

Else,

goto step 6

6. Display the required root as  $x_2$ .

7. Stop

```
def Secant(user_input, xold, xi, Iterations, epsilon, singlemod):
    x = var('x')
    e = var('e')
    expr = sympify(user_input)
    expr = expr.subs(e, math.e)
    try:
        t = symbols('x')
        expr = sympify(expr)
        if singlemod == 1:
            lam_x = lambdify(t, expr, modules=['numpy'])
            x_vals = linspace(-10, 10, 10000)
            y_vals = lam_x(x_vals)
            axis = mpl.gca()
            axis.set_ylim([min(y_vals), max(y_vals)])
            mpl.plot(x_vals, y_vals)

        expr = sympify(expr)

        fxi = expr.subs(x, xi)
        fxold = expr.subs(x, xold)
        Alllist = []
        err = "INF"
        start_time = time.time()
        count = 0
        FP = 0
        for i in range(Iterations):
            if not isinstance(err, str) and err < epsilon:
                break
            count = count + 1
            xnext = xi - fxi * (xold - xi) / (fxold - fxi)
            FP = xnext
            if i > 0:
                err = abs(xnext - xi)

            templist = [xold, xi, xnext, fxi, fxold, err]
            Alllist.append(templist)
            xold = xi
            xi = xnext
            fxi = expr.subs(x, xi)
            fxold = expr.subs(x, xold)
            if singlemod == 1:
                mpl.scatter(xi, fxi)
                mpl.pause(0.5)

        executionTime = time.time() - start_time
        show(Alllist, executionTime, count, FP)
        mpl.show()
        return ""
    except:
        return "Wrong function"
```

We used list of lists data structure in our project to save the value of each variable in all iterations and then show them to the user in a table.

### Analysis :

Function used ( $e^x + 2 \cdot \cos(x) - 6$ ) with epsilon ( $10^{-5}$ )

### Bisection Method :

Bisection							
Iteration	A	B	F(A)	F(B)	C	F(C)	Error
1	1.0	2.0	-2.20111355980468	0.556762425836365	1.5	-1.37683652632653	INF
2	1.5	2.0	-1.37683652632653	0.556762425836365	1.75	-0.601889435293254	0.25
3	1.75	2.0	-0.601889435293254	0.556762425836365	1.875	-0.0782478920490367	0.125
4	1.875	2.0	-0.0782478920490367	0.556762425836365	1.9375	0.224295386584569	0.0625
5	1.875	1.9375	-0.0782478920490367	0.224295386584569	1.90625	0.0694169595391362	0.03125
6	1.875	1.90625	-0.0782478920490367	0.0694169595391362	1.890625	-0.00530077349327107	0.015625
7	1.890625	1.90625	-0.00530077349327107	0.0694169595391362	1.8984375	0.0318347315810716	0.0078125
8	1.890625	1.8984375	-0.00530077349327107	0.0318347315810716	1.89453125	0.0132113938864377	0.00390625
9	1.890625	1.89453125	-0.00530077349327107	0.0132113938864377	1.892578125	0.00394144573090860	0.001953125
10	1.890625	1.892578125	-0.00530077349327107	0.00394144573090860	1.8916015625	-0.000683126024420888	0.0009765625
11	1.8916015625	1.892578125	-0.000683126024420888	0.00394144573090860	1.89208984375	0.00162829382099994	0.00048828125
12	1.8916015625	1.89208984375	-0.000683126024420888	0.00162829382099994	1.891845703125	0.000472367452296618	0.000244140625
13	1.8916015625	1.891845703125	-0.000683126024420888	0.000472367452296618	1.8917236328125	-0.000105433389802956	0.0001220703125
14	1.8917236328125	1.891845703125	-0.000105433389802956	0.000472367452296618	1.89178466796875	0.000183453504341791	6.103515625e-05
15	1.8917236328125	1.89178466796875	-0.000105433389802956	0.000183453504341791	1.891754150390625	3.90066756641438e-5	3.0517578125e-05
16	1.8917236328125	1.891754150390625	-0.000105433389802956	3.90066756641438e-5	1.8917388916015625	-3.32142024556115e-5	1.52587890625e-05
17	1.8917388916015625	1.891754150390625	-3.32142024556115e-5	3.90066756641438e-5	1.8917465209960938	2.89602525583846e-6	7.62939453125e-06

execution time : 0.01695418357849121

Number of iterations = 17

Midpoint = 1.8917465209960938



# False Position Method :

## False Position

Iterations	$X_l$	$X_u$	$F(X_l)$	$F(X_u)$	$X_r$	$F(X_r)$	Error
1	1.0	2.0	-2.20111355980468	0.556762425836365	1.79811912184044	-0.412460501448479	INF
2	1.79811912184044	2.0	-0.412460501448479	0.556762425836365	1.95924411103353	0.336458191269945	0.161124989193083
3	1.79811912184044	1.95924411103353	-0.412460501448479	0.336458191269945	1.86668713851400	-0.116346992985858	0.0925569725195270
4	1.86668713851400	1.95924411103353	-0.116346992985858	0.336458191269945	1.91766209169535	0.125126494104946	0.0509749531813468
5	1.86668713851400	1.91766209169535	-0.116346992985858	0.125126494104946	1.87978500648561	-0.0560946800527781	0.0378770852097334
6	1.87978500648561	1.91766209169535	-0.0560946800527781	0.125126494104946	1.89803498092510	0.0299105394816658	0.0182499744394895
7	1.87978500648561	1.89803498092510	-0.0560946800527781	0.0299105394816658	1.88543405098559	-0.0297301245762123	0.0126009299395153
8	1.88543405098559	1.89803498092510	-0.0297301245762123	0.0299105394816658	1.89365268163557	0.00903808561231711	0.00821863064998629
9	1.88543405098559	1.89365268163557	-0.0297301245762123	0.00903808561231711	1.88953093550104	-0.0104658114397982	0.00412174613453464
10	1.88953093550104	1.89365268163557	-0.0104658114397982	0.00903808561231711	1.89269177334873	0.00448008463626692	0.00316083784769350
11	1.88953093550104	1.89269177334873	-0.0104658114397982	0.00448008463626692	1.89122704437699	-0.00245484223014891	0.00146472897174199
12	1.89122704437699	1.89269177334873	-0.00245484223014891	0.00448008463626692	1.89225271571517	0.0023996803370219	0.00102567133818154
13	1.89122704437699	1.89225271571517	-0.00245484223014891	0.0023996803370219	1.89159011400465	-0.000737299999048147	0.000662601710524013
14	1.89159011400465	1.89225271571517	-0.000737299999048147	0.0023996803370219	1.89192517942856	0.000848614343352261	0.000335065423915371
15	1.89159011400465	1.89192517942856	-0.000737299999048147	0.000848614343352261	1.89166886608803	-0.000364627998934330	0.00025631340532888
16	1.89166886608803	1.89192517942856	-0.000364627998934330	0.000848614343352261	1.89178802752108	0.000199355463832762	0.000119161433047354
17	1.89166886608803	1.89178802752108	-0.000364627998934330	0.000199355463832762	1.89170467887940	-0.000195139179280490	8.33486416800255e-5
18	1.89170467887940	1.89178802752108	-0.000195139179280490	0.000199355463832762	1.89175856565168	5.99047195383173e-5	5.38867722832403e-5
19	1.89170467887940	1.89175856565168	-0.000195139179280490	5.99047195383173e-5	1.89173133429970	-6.89827960003164e-5	2.72313519853462e-5
20	1.89173133429970	1.89175856565168	-6.89827960003164e-5	5.99047195383173e-5	1.89175216955081	2.96311316758668e-5	2.08352511146259e-5
21	1.89173133429970	1.89175216955081	-6.89827960003164e-5	2.96311316758668e-5	1.89174248568136	-1.62033325220579e-5	9.68386945254807e-6

execution time: 0.050863027572631836

Number of iterations = 21

Midpoint = 1.89174248568136

## Newton-Raphson Method :

Newton Raphson					
Iterations	$X_i$	$X_{i+1}$	$F(X_i)$	$F'(X_i)$	Error
1	3.12598166776260	3.12598166776260	14.7824924168711	22.7510280154194	INF
2	2.47623114190274	2.47623114190274	4.32295686966465	10.6616570448834	0.649750525859858
3	2.07076350666876	2.07076350666876	0.972082611643249	6.17567949114574	0.405467635233989
4	1.91335854207547	1.91335854207547	0.104004390345589	4.89201324848837	0.157404964593281
5	1.89209850350593	1.89209850350593	0.00166930289704537	4.73562405022735	0.0212600385695454
6	1.89174600447321	1.89174600447321	4.51288547975714e-7	4.73306371745302	0.000352499032723053
7	1.89174590912512	1.89174590912512	3.25295346215171e-14	4.73306302504749	9.53480820964359e-8

execution time : 0.012969493865966797

Number of iterations = 7

Midpoint = 1.89174590912512

### Secant Method :

The screenshot shows a Tkinter application window titled "tk". The main title bar contains standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close). The window's content area has a light gray background with the word "Secant" centered at the top.

A table displays the results of five iterations of the Secant method:

Iterations	Xold	$X_i$	$X_{i+1}$	$F(X_i)$	$F(Xold)$	Error
1	1.0	2.0	1.79811912184044	0.556762425836365	-2.20111355980468	INF
2	2.0	1.79811912184044	1.88403113020762	-0.412460501448479	0.556762425836365	0.0859120083671714
3	1.79811912184044	1.88403113020762	1.89232152579108	-0.0362990812989470	-0.412460501448479	0.00829039558346012
4	1.88403113020762	1.89232152579108	1.89174249328873	0.00272563328377695	-0.0362990812989470	0.000579032502340482
5	1.89232152579108	1.89174249328873	1.89174590761708	-1.61673265142159e-5	0.00272563328377695	3.41432834050082e-6

Below the table, the execution time is displayed as "execution time : 0.008005142211914062". At the bottom, two lines provide summary information: "Number of iterations = 5" and "Midpoint = 1.89174590761708".

# **Secant is the best in this guess.**

## **Disadvantages of Bisection-Method :**

1-Slow convergence

2-If  $f(x)$  touches the x-axis (ex:  $x^2$ ), It's unable to find the upper and lower guesses.

## **Disadvantages of False Position :**

1-It may take large time span.

2-It is used to calculate a single unknown in the equation.

## **Disadvantages of Fixed-Point :**

If  $g'(x) \geq 1$  the method will converge.

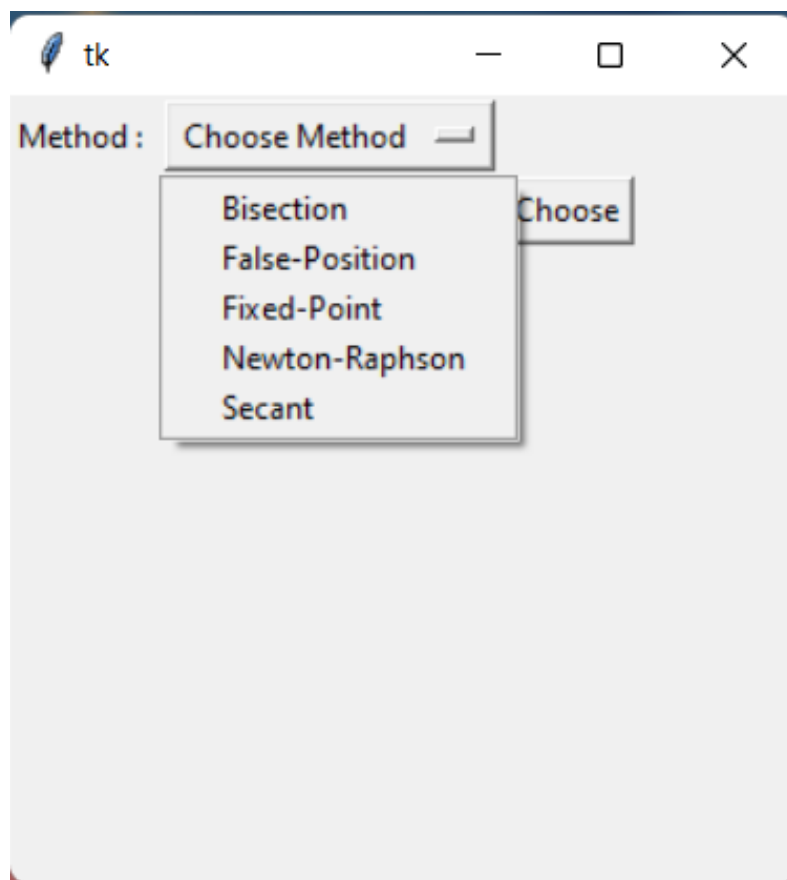
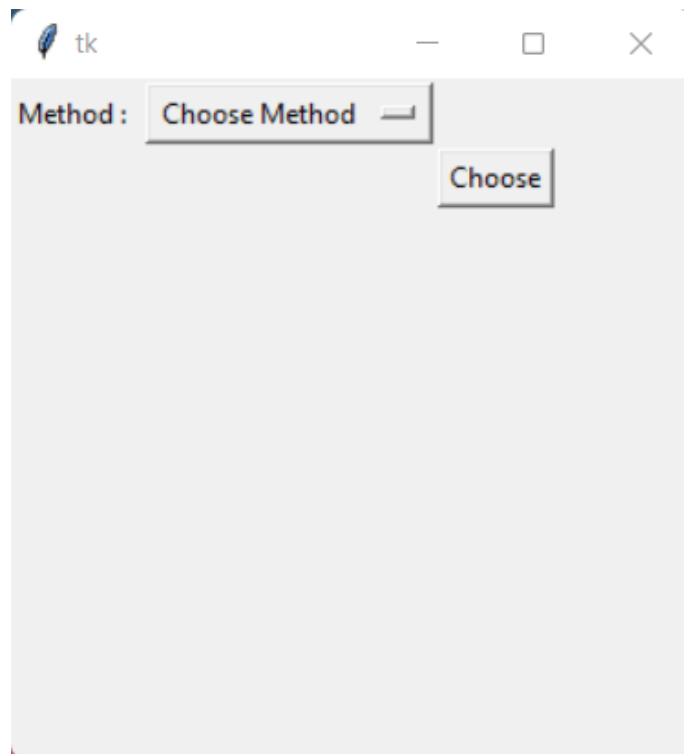
## **Disadvantages of Newton-Raphson :**

- 1-Division by zero problem can occur.
- 2-Convergence is not guaranteed.
- 3-In case of multiple roots the method converges slowly.

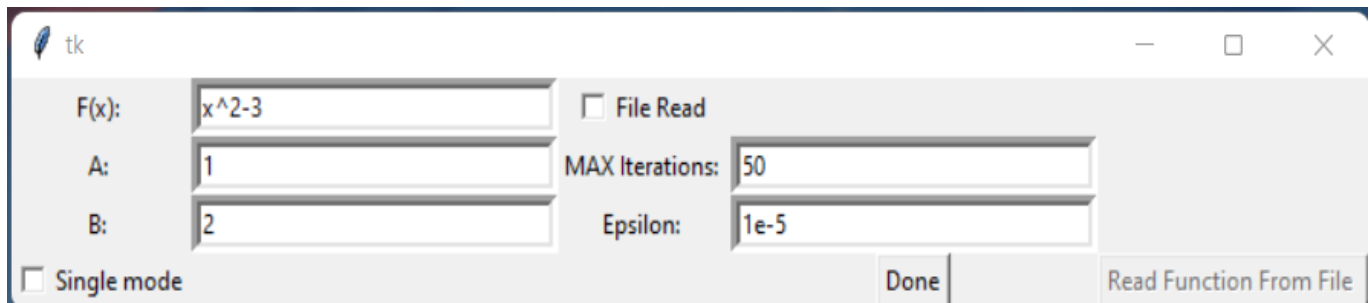
## **Disadvantages of Secant :**

- 1-It may not converge.
- 2-There is no guaranteed error bound for the computed iterates.

Graphical User Interface to choose your method for finding the root.

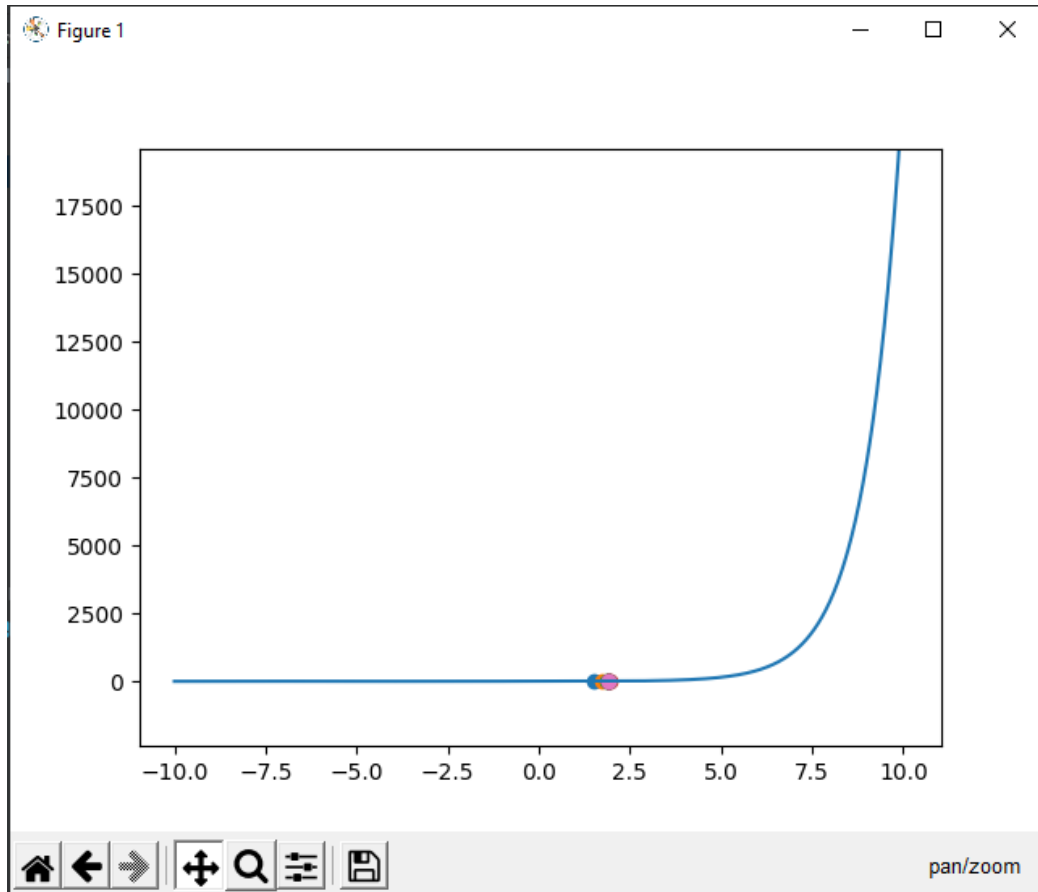


The user can type the function or read it from the file (input.txt) and the guess (a, b), the max iterations (default set to 50), the epsilon (default set to  $10^{-5}$ ) and choose single mode if the user wants a simulation showing the iterations on the draw function for one method of choice.



A screenshot of a Tkinter window titled 'tk'. It contains several input fields and checkboxes. The 'F(x):' field contains 'x^2-3'. The 'A:' field contains '1'. The 'B:' field contains '2'. The 'MAX Iterations:' field contains '50'. The 'Epsilon:' field contains '1e-5'. There is a checkbox labeled 'File Read' which is unchecked. At the bottom left, there is a checkbox labeled 'Single mode' which is unchecked. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Done' and 'Read Function From File'.

**Bonus: Single step mode simulation showing the iterations on the draw function for one method of choice.**



**Shows the iterations step by step ( $x_l$ ,  $x_u$ ,  $x_r$ ,  $f(x_l)$ ,  $f(x_u)$ ,  $f(x_r)$ ,  $\text{err}$ ) and execution time.**

Bisection							
Iteration	A	B	F(A)	F(B)	C	F(C)	Error
1	1.0	2.0	-2.20111355980468	0.556762425836365	1.5	-1.37683652632653	INF
2	1.5	2.0	-1.37683652632653	0.556762425836365	1.75	-0.601889435293254	0.25
3	1.75	2.0	-0.601889435293254	0.556762425836365	1.875	-0.0782478920490367	0.125
4	1.875	2.0	-0.0782478920490367	0.556762425836365	1.9375	0.224295386584569	0.0625
5	1.875	1.9375	-0.0782478920490367	0.224295386584569	1.90625	0.069416955931362	0.03125
6	1.875	1.90625	-0.0782478920490367	0.069416955931362	1.890625	-0.00530077349327107	0.015625
7	1.890625	1.90625	-0.00530077349327107	0.069416955931362	1.8984375	0.0318347315810716	0.0078125
8	1.890625	1.8984375	-0.00530077349327107	0.0318347315810716	1.89453125	0.0132113938864377	0.00390625
9	1.890625	1.89453125	-0.00530077349327107	0.0132113938864377	1.892578125	0.00394144573090860	0.001953125
10	1.890625	1.892578125	-0.00530077349327107	0.00394144573090860	1.8916015625	-0.000683126024420888	0.0009765625
11	1.8916015625	1.892578125	-0.000683126024420888	0.00394144573090860	1.89208984375	0.00162829382099994	0.00048828125
12	1.8916015625	1.89208984375	-0.000683126024420888	0.00162829382099994	1.891845703125	0.000472367452296618	0.000244140625
13	1.8916015625	1.891845703125	-0.000683126024420888	0.000472367452296618	1.8917236328125	-0.000105433389802956	0.0001220703125
14	1.8917236328125	1.891845703125	-0.000105433389802956	0.000472367452296618	1.89178466796875	0.000183453504341791	6.103515625e-05
15	1.8917236328125	1.89178466796875	-0.000105433389802956	0.000183453504341791	1.891754150390625	3.90066756641438e-5	3.0517578125e-05
16	1.8917236328125	1.891754150390625	-0.000105433389802956	3.90066756641438e-5	1.8917388916015625	-3.32142024556115e-5	1.52587890625e-05
17	1.8917388916015625	1.891754150390625	-3.32142024556115e-5	3.90066756641438e-5	1.8917465209960938	2.89602525593846e-6	7.62939453125e-06

execution time : 0.01695418357849121

Number of iterations = 17

Midpoint = 1.8917465209960938