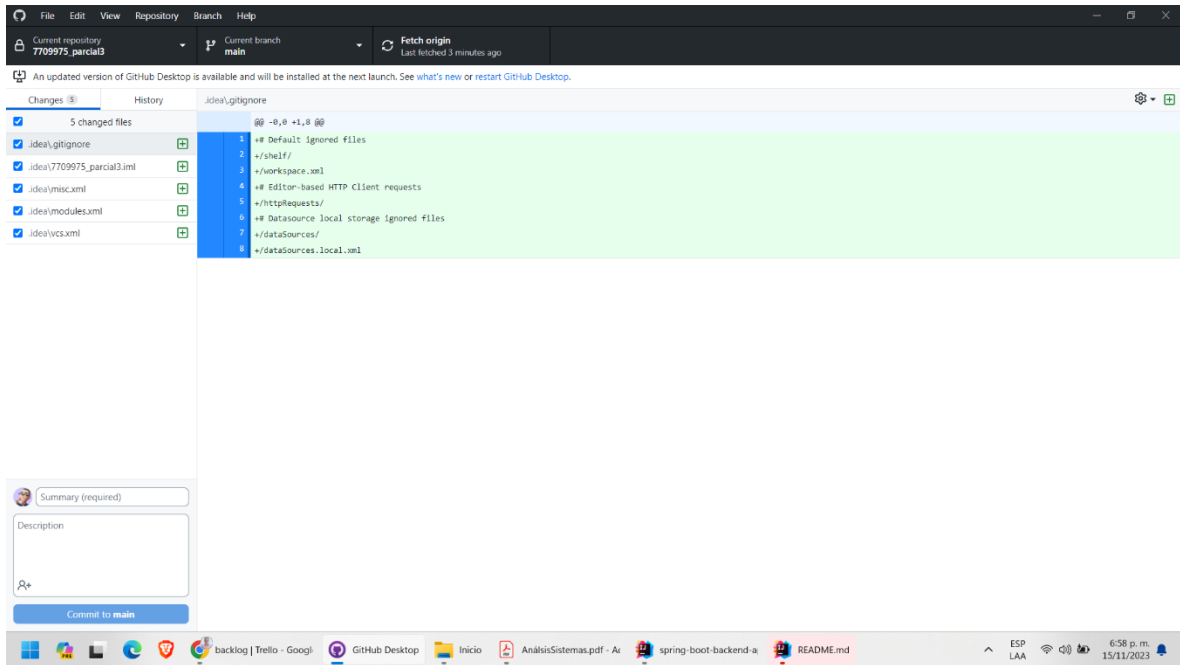
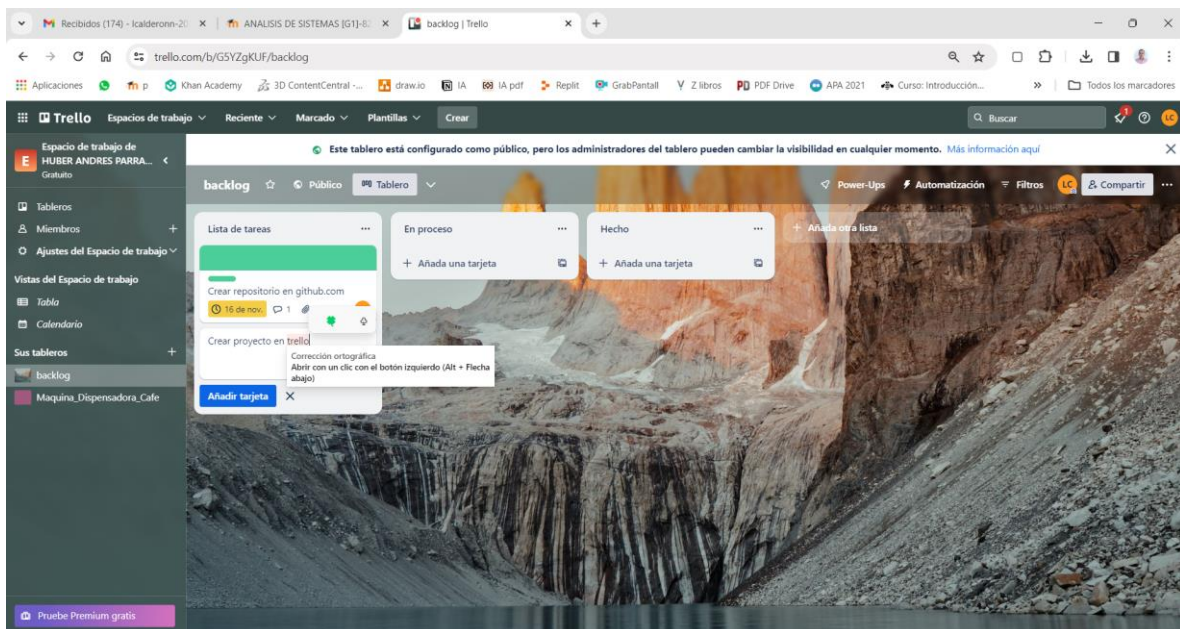


Capturas de pantalla para trello

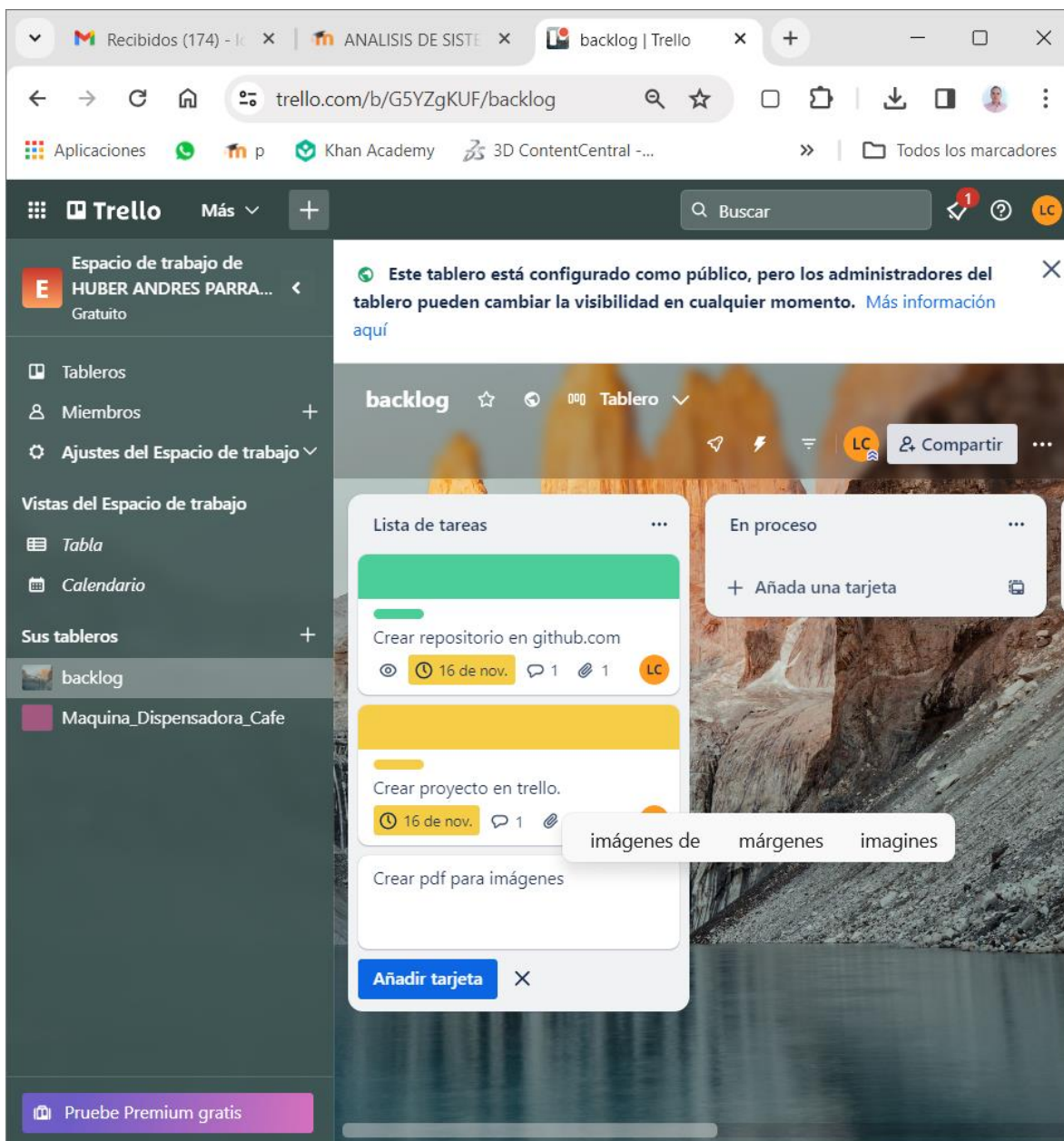
Creación repositorio en git



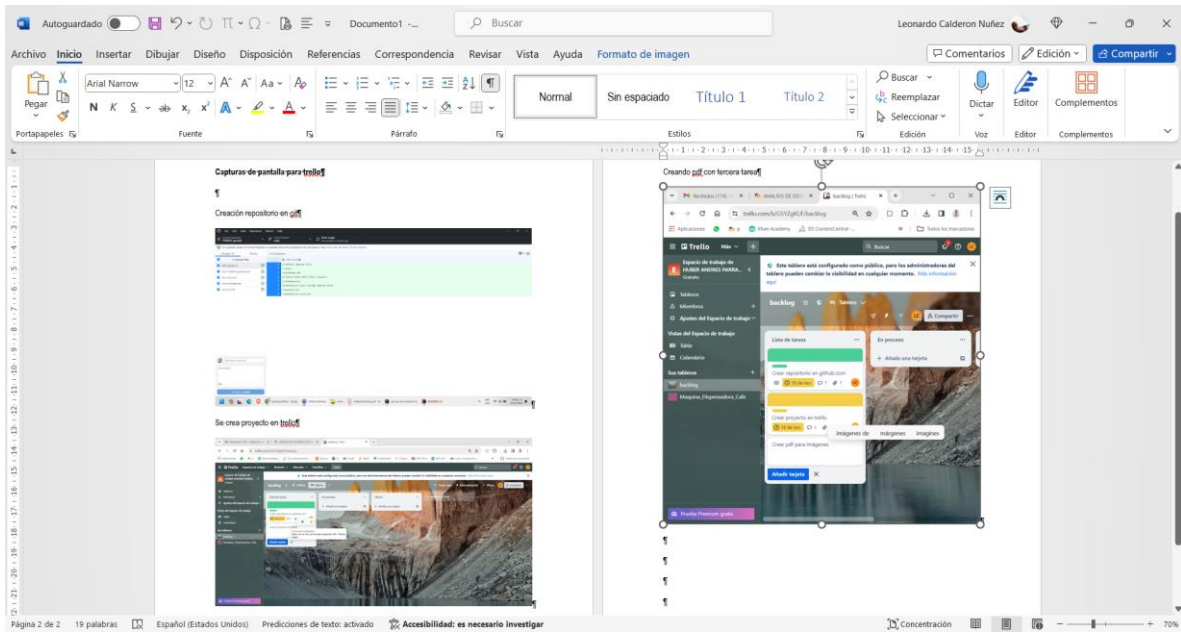
Se crea proyecto en trello



Creando pdf con tercera tarea



Como va la creación del pdf



Captura de un paisaje bonito

Identidades Fundamentales:									
$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$	$\sec^2 \alpha = 1 + \tan^2 \alpha$	$\csc^2 \alpha = 1 + \cot^2 \alpha$	$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha}$	$\cot^2 \alpha = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha}$	$\sec \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos \alpha}$	$\csc \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha}$	$\tan \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$	$\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$	
$\sin(-\alpha) = -\sin(\alpha)$	$\cos(-\alpha) = \cos(\alpha)$	$\tan(-\alpha) = -\tan(\alpha)$	$\cot(-\alpha) = -\cot(\alpha)$						
Fórmulas de suma y diferencia de ángulos:									
SUMA		DIFERENCIA		ÁNGULO DOBLE	ÁNGULO MITAD	ÁNGULO TRIPLE			
$\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta$	$\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta$	$\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta$	$\cos(\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta$	$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$	$\cos \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}}$	$\sin 3\alpha = 3 \sin \alpha - 4 \sin^3 \alpha$	$\cos 3\alpha = 4 \cos^3 \alpha - 3 \cos \alpha$	$\tan 3\alpha = \frac{3 \tan \alpha - \tan^3 \alpha}{1 - 3 \tan^2 \alpha}$	$\cot 3\alpha = \frac{\cot^3 \alpha - 3 \cot \alpha}{3 \cot^2 \alpha - 1}$
$\tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$	$\cot(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\cot \alpha \cot \beta - 1}{\cot \alpha + \cot \beta}$	$\tan(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$	$\cot(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\cot \alpha \cot \beta + 1}{\cot \beta - \cot \alpha}$	$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}$	$\tan \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}}$				
$\csc(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{1}{\sin(\alpha + \beta)}$	$\sec(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{1}{\cos(\alpha + \beta)}$	$\csc(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{1}{\sin(\alpha - \beta)}$	$\sec(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{1}{\cos(\alpha - \beta)}$	$\sec 2\alpha = \frac{1}{\cos 2\alpha}$	$\sec \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{1}{\cos \frac{\alpha}{2}}$	$\csc 3\alpha = \frac{1}{\sin 3\alpha}$	$\sec 3\alpha = \frac{1}{\cos 3\alpha}$		
$\cot(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\cot \alpha \cot \beta - 1}{\cot \alpha + \cot \beta}$		$\cot(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\cot \alpha \cot \beta + 1}{\cot \beta - \cot \alpha}$		$\cot 2\alpha = \frac{\cot^2 \alpha - 1}{2 \cot \alpha}$	$\cot \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{1 - \cos \alpha}}$				
Identidades de Cofunción y reducción:									
$\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = \cos x$	$\csc(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = \sec x$	$\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + x) = \cos x$	$\sin(x + \pi) = -\sin x$	Identidades de Reducción de Potencias:					
$\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = \sin x$	$\sec(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = \csc x$	$\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} + x) = -\sin x$	$\cos(x + \pi) = -\cos x$	$\sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2}$	$\cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2}$	$\tan^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{1 + \cos 2x}$			
$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = \cot x$	$\cot(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = \tan x$	$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} + x) = -\cot x$	$\tan(x + \pi) = \tan x$						
Fórmulas de transformación de sumas y diferencias en productos:									
Suma		Diferencia		Ley del seno, coseno y la tangente					
$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$	$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$	$\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$	$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$	Ley del Seno					
				$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$					
				Ley del Coseno					
				$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$					