

Inheritance

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• The keyword used for inheritance is extends

```
public class Dog extends Animal{
```



Inheritance

• Super Class: The class whose features are inherited is known as super class(or a base class or a parent class)

• Sub Class: The class that inherits the other class is known as sub class(derived class, or child class). The subclass can add its own fields and methods in addition to the superclass fields and methods.



ANIMAL

Name Body Size Weight Eat Move

DOG

Name

Body

Size

Weight

Eat

Move

Legs

FISH

Name

Body

Size

Weight

Eat

Move

Gills

Swim

BIRD

Name

Body

Size

Weight

Eat

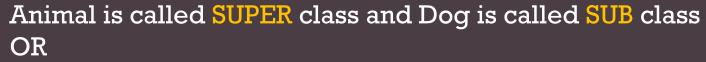
Move

Sing

Fly



Animal



Animal is called **PARENT** class and Dog is called **CHILD** class

Dog

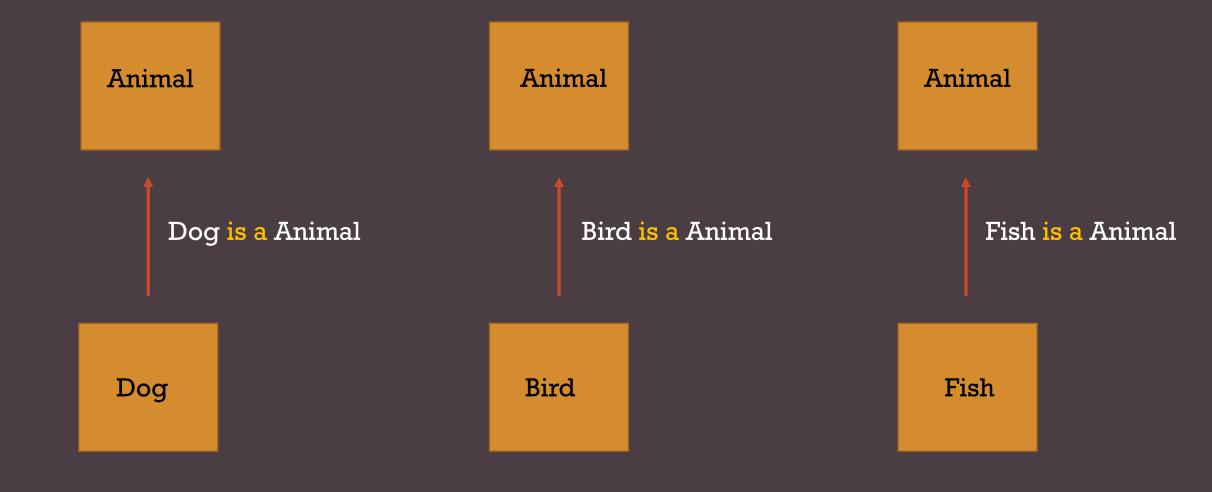


Inheritance and the "IS-A" Relationship

• In OOP, inheritance is used to create an "is-a" relationship among classes.

• Inheritance is an OOP concept in Java which allows one class to inherit the features (fields and methods) of an another class.







• Single Inheritance: Subclasses inherit the features of one superclass.



```
public class A{

}

public class B extends A{
}
```



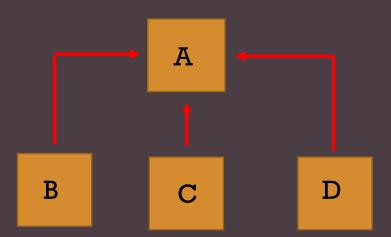
• Multi Level Inheritance: Subclass will be inheriting a SuperClass and as well as the subclass also act as the SuperClass to the other class.



```
public class A{
}
public class B extends A{
}
public class C extends B{
}
```



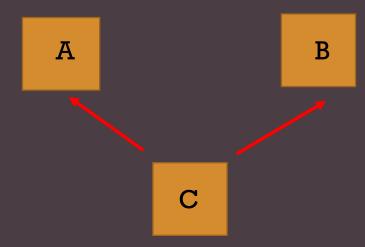
• Hierarchical Inheritance: Once class serves as superclass for more than one sub class.



```
public class A{
public class B extends A{
public class C extends A{
public class D extends A{
```



• Multiple Inheritance: Java DOES NOT support multiple inheritance with classes. One class can not have more than one superclass and inherit features from all parent class.





Task

Book

title type author price

EBook

size
pages
readbook()

AudioBook

length
narrator
listen()

