1. C program of a recursive function to find the sum of n natural numbers. For example: the number 5 will give an output of 15 since 5+4+3+2+1=15.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int n);
void main()
{
    int num,add;
    printf("Enter a positive integer:\n");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    add=sum(num);
    printf("sum=%d",add);
}
int sum(int n) {
    if(n==0)
        return 0;
    else
        return n+sum(n-1); /*self call to function sum() */
}
```

2. Code that computes the factorial of a number using recursive function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int factorial(int x)
{
    if (n==1)
        return 1;
else
    return n*factorial(n-1);
}

void main()
{
    int N,i,result;
    printf("Enter N: \n");
    scanf("%d",&N);
    result = factorial(N);
    printf("%d! = %d",N,result);
}
```

3. Code that computes the n-th Fibonacci number using recursive function.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int fibonacci(int i) {
    if(i == 0) {
        return 0;
    }
    if(i == 1) {
        return 1;
    }
    return fibonacci(i-1) + fibonacci(i-2);
}

void main() {
    int n;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("%d\n", fibonacci(n));
}
```

4. C program to print all natural numbers from 1 to n using recursion.

```
#include <stdio.h>
// Recursively prints all natural number between the given range.
void printNaturalNumber(int lowerLimit, int upperLimit)
{
    if(lowerLimit > upperLimit)
        return;

    printf("%d, ", lowerLimit);

    //Recursively calls the function to print next number
    printNaturalNumber(lowerLimit+1, upperLimit);
}

void main()
{
    int limit;

    printf("Print all natural numbers from 1 to : ");
    scanf("%d", &limit);

    printf("All natural numbers from 1 to %d are: ", limit);
    printNaturalNumber(1, limit);
}
```

## **Exercise:**

1. Write a C code to find the sum of the following series using RECURSIVE FUNCTIONS:

$$1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + ... + N^2$$

- 2. Write a C program using recursive function to find the inverse product of  $1^{st}$  n natural numbers. E.g. for n= 5, the function should return (1/5) \* (1/4) \* (1/3) \* (1/2) \* (1/1) = 1/120 = 0.00833
- 3. Compute the value of a<sup>b</sup> using recursion, where a and b are integers.
- 4. Write a C program to print all natural numbers from n to 1 (i.e., from upper to lower) using recursion.

## **Assignment:**

1. Compute the sum of the following geometric progression without recursion:

```
1 + r + r^2 + ... + r^n (read the values of r and n from user)
```

- 2. Compute the sum of the above geometric progression using recursion.
- 3. Write a C code to find the sum of the following series using recursion:

```
1/1! + 2/2! + 3/3! + .....1/N!
```

4. Write a C program to compute sum of digits of a given number using recursion.

## Sample input/output:

Enter an integer: **5431**Sum of digits = 13

5. Write a C program to print the digits of a given number in words using recursion.

## Sample input/output:

Enter an integer: 5431

Number in words: Five Four Three One