



Force: $\vec{F} = q \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $q = 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}$

Simplification: $l_1 = l_2 =: l$
 $m_1 = m_2 =: m$

(can rescale units of time, length, mass such that $l = 1 \text{ LU}$, $m = 1 \text{ MU}$, $g = 1 \frac{\text{LU}}{(\text{TU})^2}$)

Lagrange method:

Kinetic energy: $T = \frac{m_1}{2} (l_1^2 \dot{\varphi}^2) + \frac{m_2}{2} (l_1^2 \dot{\varphi}^2 + l_2^2 \dot{\vartheta}^2 + 2l_1 l_2 \dot{\varphi} \dot{\vartheta} \cos(\varphi - \vartheta))$
 $= l_1 \dot{\varphi}^2 + l_2 (\dot{\varphi}^2 + \dot{\vartheta}^2 + 2\dot{\varphi} \dot{\vartheta} \cos(\varphi - \vartheta))$

Potential energy: $V = -m_1 g l_1 \cos \varphi - m_2 g (l_1 \cos \varphi + l_2 \cos \vartheta)$
 $= -2 \cos \varphi - \cos \vartheta$

Momenta: $p_\varphi = \frac{\partial(T-V)}{\partial \dot{\varphi}} = 2\dot{\varphi} + \dot{\vartheta} \cos(\varphi - \vartheta)$

$p_\vartheta = \frac{\partial(T-V)}{\partial \dot{\vartheta}} = \dot{\vartheta} + \dot{\varphi} \cos(\varphi - \vartheta)$

$\begin{pmatrix} p_\varphi \\ p_\vartheta \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 2 & \cos(\varphi - \vartheta) \\ \cos(\varphi - \vartheta) & 1 \end{pmatrix}}_{=: M} \begin{pmatrix} \dot{\varphi} \\ \dot{\vartheta} \end{pmatrix}$, The Inverse matrix: $\frac{1}{\det} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -c \\ -c & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
 $\det = 2 - c^2$, $c = \cos(\varphi - \vartheta)$

EOM: $\begin{pmatrix} \dot{\varphi} \\ \dot{\vartheta} \end{pmatrix} = M^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} p_\varphi \\ p_\vartheta \end{pmatrix}$, $\dot{p}_\varphi, \dot{p}_\vartheta$ from Euler Lagrange eq.:

$\dot{p}_\varphi = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\varphi}} \right) = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \varphi} = \frac{\partial(T-V)}{\partial \varphi} = -\dot{\varphi} \dot{\vartheta} \sin(\varphi - \vartheta) - 2 \sin \varphi$
 $\dot{p}_\vartheta = \frac{\partial(T-V)}{\partial \vartheta} = \dot{\varphi} \dot{\vartheta} \sin(\varphi - \vartheta) - \sin \vartheta$

$\dot{\varphi}, \dot{\vartheta}$ are the expressions below.

$\dot{\varphi} = (2 - \cos^2(\varphi - \vartheta))^{-1} \cdot (p_\varphi - \cos(\varphi - \vartheta) p_\vartheta)$

$\dot{\vartheta} = (2 - \cos^2(\varphi - \vartheta))^{-1} \cdot (2 p_\vartheta - \cos(\varphi - \vartheta) p_\varphi)$