

BINARIES CONVERSION

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INTRODUCTION

- Significant

(Most Significant) ----- (Least Significant)

1100

- Important conversion:

- HEX (Base 16)

- Base: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,A,B,C,D,E,F,
- A=10, B=11, C=12, D=13, E=14, F=15

- OCT (Base 8)

- Base: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7

- DEC (Base 10)

- Base: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9

- BIN (Base 2)

- Base: 0,1

CONVERT DEC TO ANY BASE N

Convert Base 10 to Base 2 by Division Example:

2 20	(Setting Up)
10 0	(20 / 2 = 10 remainder 0)
5 0	(10 / 2 = 5 remainder 0)
2 1	(5 / 2 = 2 remainder 1)
1 0	(2 / 2 = 1 remainder 0)
1	(1 < 2, stop)

BIN = 10100 (Concat Remainders from bottom up)

Convert Base 10 to Base 3 by Division Example:

3 20	(Setting Up)
6 2	(20 / 3 = 6 remainder 2)
2 0	(6 / 3 = 2 remainder 0)
2	(2 < 3, stop)

Base 3 = 202 (Concat Remainders from bottom up)

Convert Base 10 to OCT by Division Example:

8 20	(Setting Up)
2 4	(20 / 8 = 2 remainder 4)
2	(2 < 8, stop)

OCT = 024 (Concat Remainders from bottom up)

NOTE: THE 0 in front represent the number as an OCT base 8

Convert Base 10 to HEX by Division Example:

16 20	(Setting Up)
1 4	(20 / 16 = 1 remainder 4)
1	(1 < 16, stop)

HEX = 0x14 (Concat Remainders from bottom up)

NOTE: the 0x in front represent the number as a HEX base 16

CONVERT BASE N TO ANY DEC

Convert Base 2 to DEC by Division Example:

Given BIN = 10100

Starting from LEAST significant bit:

(Most)					(Least)
1	0	1	0	0	
$1 \times 2^4 + 0 \times 2^3 + 1 \times 2^2 + 0 \times 2^1 + 0 \times 2^0$					
$16 + 0 + 4 + 0 + 0$					

$$0 - 0 \times 2^0 = 0 \times 1 = 0$$

$$0 - 0 \times 2^1 = 0 \times 2 = 0$$

$$1 - 1 \times 2^2 = 1 \times 4 = 4$$

$$0 - 0 \times 2^3 = 1 \times 8 = 0$$

$$1 - 1 \times 2^4 = 1 \times 16 = 16$$

$$\text{DEC} = 16 + 0 + 4 + 0 + 0 = 20$$

Convert Base 3 to DEC by Division Example:

Given Base 3 = 202

(Most)			(Least)
2	0	2	
$2 \times 3^2 +$	$0 \times 3^1 +$	2×3^0	
$18 +$	$0 +$	2	

$$\text{DEC} = 18 + 0 + 2 = 20$$

Convert OCT to DEC by Division Example:

Given OCT = 024

(Most)	(Least)
2	4
$2 \times 8^1 +$	4×8^0

$$16 + 4$$

$$\text{DEC} = 16 + 4 = 20$$

Convert HEX to DEC by Division Example:

Given HEX = 0x14

(Most) (Least)

$$1 \quad 4$$

$$1 \times 16^1 + 4 \times 16^0$$

$$16 + 4$$

$$\text{DEC} = 16 + 4 = 20$$

PROS AND TIPS

Convert HEX to BIN:

Given HEX = 0x1AE4F872

Each character represents 4 bit, so it should be straight forward

1	A	E	4	F	8	7	2
0001	1010	1110	0100	1111	1000	0111	0010

4 bit partition: 0001_1010_1110_0100_1111_1000_0111_0010

In Memory: 00011010111001001111100001110010

Convert HEX to OCT:

3 bit partition: 00_011_010_111_001_001_111_100_001_110_010

0	3	2	7	1	1	7	4	1	6	2
00	011	010	111	001	001	111	100	001	110	010

OCT = 03271174162

Convert OCT to BIN:

Given HEX = 01257346

Each character represents 3 bit, so it should be straight forward

1	2	5	7	3	4	6
001	010	101	111	011	100	110

3 bit partition: 001_010_101_111_011_100_110

In Memory: 001010101111011100110

Convert OCT to HEX:

4 bit partition: 0_0101_0101_1110_1110_0110

0	5	5	E	E	6
0	0101	0101	1110	1110	0110

HEX: 0x055EE6