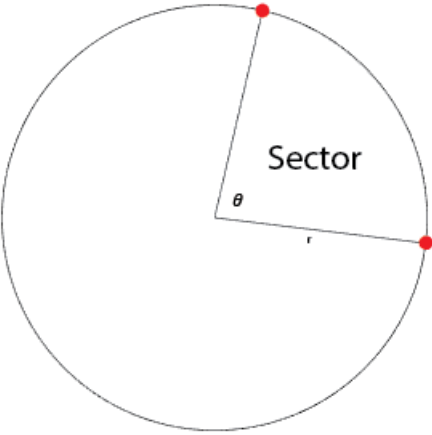
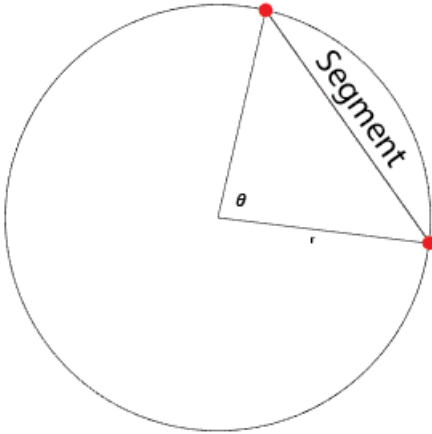
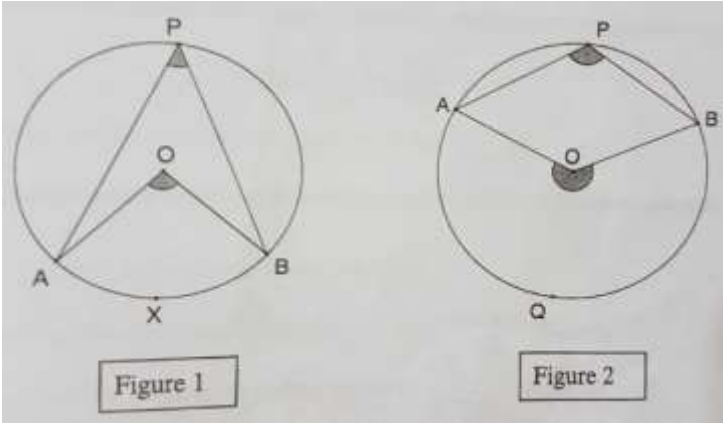
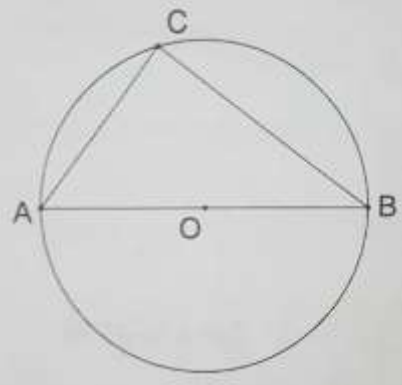
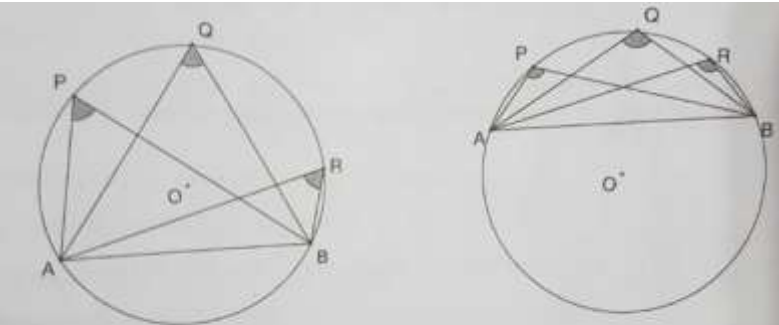
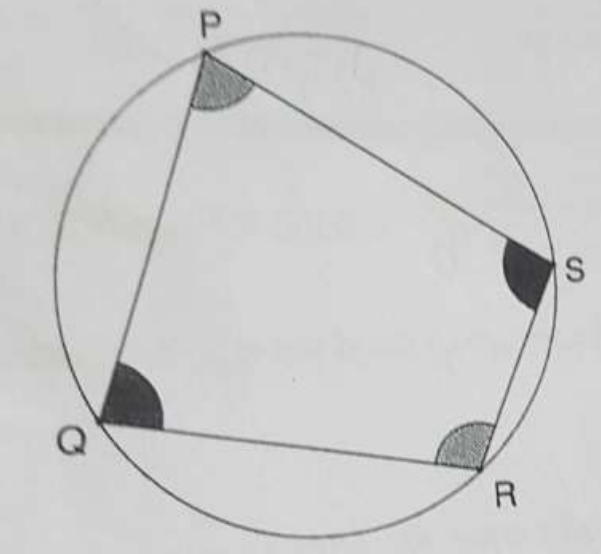


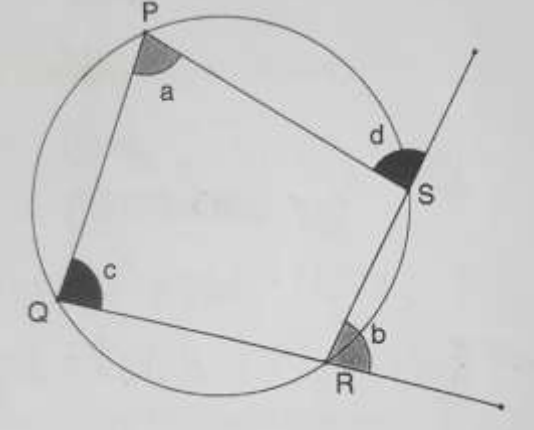
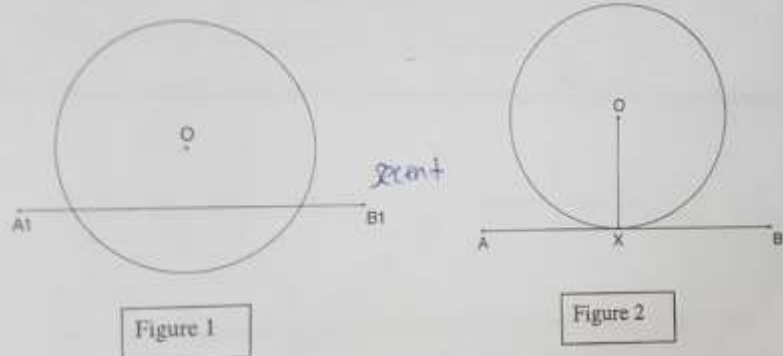
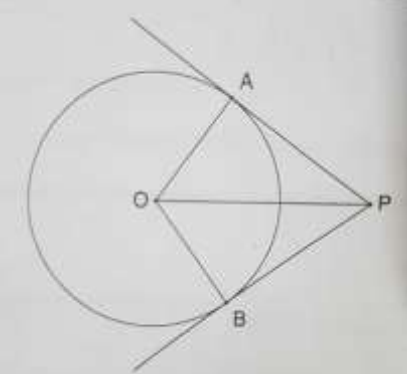
Circle

1	$\pi \text{ rad} \approx 180^\circ$ $2\pi \text{ rad} \approx 360^\circ$ $1 \text{ rad} \approx 57.3^\circ$	
2	$\text{Arc Length} = \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ} * 2\pi r$ $\text{Area of Sector} = \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ} * \pi r^2$ <p>Radian:</p> $\text{Arc Length} = \theta r$ $\text{Area of Sector} = \frac{1}{2} \theta r^2$	
3	$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Segment} \\ &= \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ} * \pi r^2 - \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \theta \end{aligned}$ <p>Radian:</p> $\begin{aligned} \text{Area of Segment} \\ &= \frac{\theta^\circ}{360^\circ} * \pi r^2 - \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \theta \end{aligned}$	

8 Geometrical Properties of circles

1	<p>Angle at the center of the circle is 2x the angle at the circumference subtended by the same arc:</p> <p>Angle at center = 2x angle at segment</p> $\Delta AOB = 2 \Delta APB$	 <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">Figure 1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">Figure 2</div> </div>
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2	<p>Every angle subtended by the diameter of a semicircle is a 90 degree:</p> <p>Right Angle of Semi-circle</p> $\angle ACB = 90^\circ$	
3	<p>Angle in the same segment of a circle have the same angle:</p> <p>Angle in the same segment</p> $\angle APB = \angle AQB = \angle ARB$	 <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> Figure 1 Figure 2 </div>
4	<p>In a cyclic quadrilateral, the opposite angle add up to 180 degree:</p> <p>Opposite angle of cycle quad.</p> $\angle Q + \angle S = 180^\circ$ $\angle P + \angle R = 180^\circ$	

5	<p>If one side of a cyclic quadrilateral is produced, the exterior angle formed is the same to the interior opposite angle:</p> <p>Ext. angle of cycle quad.</p> $\Delta a = \Delta b$ $\Delta c = \Delta d$	
6	<p>A tangent to a circle is perpendicular to the radius</p> <p>Tangent perpendicular to radius</p> $\Delta AXO = \Delta BXO = 90^\circ$	
7	<p>Tangent from external point</p> <p>Congruent Triangle</p> $\Delta OAP = \Delta OBP = 90^\circ$ $\Delta APO = \Delta BPO = 30^\circ$ $\Delta AOP = \Delta BOP = 60^\circ$	
8	<p>An angle between a tangent and a chord through the point of contact is the same to the angle in the alternate segment</p> <p>Alternate Segment Theorem</p> $\Delta YPX = \Delta YXN$ $\Delta RQX = \Delta RXN$	